SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

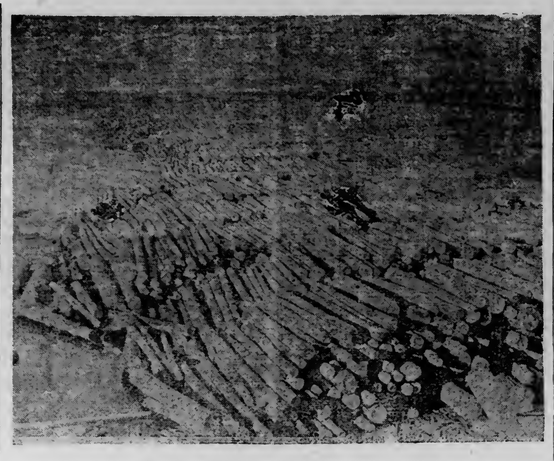
SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1902.

17

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Logs On St. Louis Bay

Forty Million Feet, Brought Here By Rail During Last Winter.



It is estimated that 40,000,000 feet of logs line the Duluth shore of St. Louis bay at Rice's Point. The picture reproduced herewith gives as good an idea of them as can be gained from one view. The logs extend along seaward in the background, but are shown so faintly that they do not appear at first glance in the photograph. The timber in the foreground belongs to Duncan, Brewer & Co., Mitchell & McClure and Richardson & Avery. Alger, Smith & Co.'s logs appear very dimly in the background to the right. This immense pile of logs represent the timber that has been brought here by rail the past winter, less what has been sawed during the winter.

As Viewed By Gath

Monster Works In Progress in New York—The New Steel-Towered Suspension Bridge—Peter Cooper's Greatness.

New York, April 12.—The trusts, in magnitude, respond to the magnitude of New York's enterprises. No other city has plunged like New York, since she became Greater New York, and Manhattan became a "borough" of itself.

I went yesterday down to the East river to look at the new steel-towered suspension bridge just above Grand street.

There swings a pair of hammocks with a frightful gap between them, all the way from tower to tower. They look like a pair of slatted grass curtains, or limber Venetian sashes, descending in a frightful angle curve from the stiff hollow steel towers to where they loop at the middle. It makes one almost sick to stand on the ground and look up the steel slope of the cables going over the top of the farther tower. The gap seems enormous; there being no bridge floor yet, you see only the net of the suspension, a scarf without a waist, and the inverted bow appears to be as uninhabited as a fisherman's net, hung upon its stanchions.

You see no man at first. Finally a thing like a riderless velocipede goes up the nearest tower; it seems to carry tassels or spools of wool. It maintains an even motion and almost seems to feel and think. Down from the tower it climbs till you see it nearly fade out in the farther distance, like Shelley's sky lark.

How impossible for the ghostly things of fable to maintain themselves against the mechanical ghosts now revealed to our reason, yet startling it. As I followed that disembodied wheel across the ocean river, till it went up the second tower, and, doing nothing to the sight, was probably performing some herculean spinning, drawing out a wire of steel, perhaps, to the length of three-quarters of a mile, one nerve in what is to be a giant wrist, I felt like something in eternity, like Orpheus in hell or Ixion at the wheel, vouchsafed a glance at the mysteries between earth and heaven.

These slight latticed towers do not look, to the eye, to be 100 feet high. Perhaps they are almost thrice that height. Think of the holdfast work they are to do with their small trestle shoulders, only four points, to suspend 10,000 people, 200 street cars, long funeral corteges, vast trucks, individual weights almost equal to themselves! How perfect, how calculated, how dynamical, how next to immortal stand those four towers.

Yes, those chunky arbors of bolted wire are to carry many generations of people and conveyances, through a tunnel in the sky. They destroy proportion. You cannot guess their height. They look this moment mongrel, the next, cathedral towers. They express rigidity as you never felt it. They only stand and never flinch.

The single wire that is the unit of that highway, to be here and holding up its load a century hence when all its thinkers and progenitors are mouldering, is now flinging its distaff across the gorge like a spinner of olden times, to produce raiment one year hence.

The masts of ships, the everlasting procession of commerce pass far below the ropewalk in the clouds. Birds fly beneath it. Thunder storms bowl their bolts along it. It speaks grimly for utility and the races yet to be born.

As you continue to look at the pair of lattice hammocks paralleling each other in dependent curves, you perceive motions in it like the last small fish in a great net that has been emptied. These are men. Next you see from that near tower his little height makes monstrous, a man running down the suspended cord, or stair, like a fly upon a clothes line. Every now and then he jumps up on something, like a sailor in the shrouds, and clews something. Perhaps he is tying the last wire that spinning jenny, the velocipede, has carried across the river. Another man approaches him, going up the awful slope, and does the same. The daily life of the spider seems to be repeated as he stretches his web. They almost make you pray for them by their peril.

There is no bridge floor between the towers, but behind each pair of piers from the shore are already built the angways like the upward sloping ascents to a barn. When the cables above have been made, a fringe will be dropped, piece by piece, from it, outward and outward, till they draw the bow of the bridge floor. At present you see that the workmen are mostly at the anchorages, far inland, whence the abuttments rise above the tall tenement house tops, spanning the streets. The automatic something and the few riggers do the intervening filamentary work. One fell the day before like a bat shot off a telegraph wire, turned over and over and disappeared in the river near 200 feet below. But death is not as impressive as life upon that mizzen top.

After I left the bridge I crossed the Bowery, where they were digging the subway for the $36,000,000 city railroad. In the bridge and the tunnel will be spent $60,000,000. Then the two tunnels to be forthwith begun for the Pennsylvania railroad and the Jersey trolleys will add $75,000,000 to the $60,000,000. So much does it cost to moor this island to the continent.

I looked at the method of taking the rock out of the earth. Two tall derricks swung between them a wire cable, on which traveled a crate, or locked dredge, holding two or three tons of rock. As the great casket ran along it was but a few feet from street cars it could have crushed like eggshells. Nobody minded it; precision and life trust each other all the time. At the engineer's end two-horse wagons drove under the wire. The catapult stopped automatically over the driver's head. One stone out of that box would have mashed the driver's carcass. He was as cool as a man in a barber's chair. Another fellow jabbed the great bucket with a pole. It then pointed down its nose and vomited rock into the wagon and the horses drove out.

The perils of life in the city are greater to the minute than in the country by the year. But life and experience are so gallant that they trust mechanics as the spheres trust equilibrium.

It used to be said: "Go and sell all that thou hast and give to the poor," but now there are said to be six and a half millions of people with money in the savings banks, to the total almost 3000 millions of dollars. In this state of New York one-third of all the inhabitants are depositors.

Every depositor wants somebody to design something which will take his money at interest. Hence, as I have said before, the manufacture of enterprises, schemes or trusts keeps pace with the available means.

Accumulated money money of sound character energizes the age. Upon Manhattan island today are probably more enterprises than in the whole of Ireland, and their conduct is yet mainly in the hands of Irishmen. Most of the great contractors are Irish: McDonald, Ryan, O'Brien, Crimmins. These know how to be patient, sinuous and steady.

The sum of $31,000,000 was spent on the last aqueduct alone. About half of it went to Italians and Irish in wages, but the profit was also proportioned to the mass and expedited something else.

A Philadelphian at his table recently asked me how I accounted for the wondrous material force of New Yorkers.

I replied, upon reflection, that it came from the reciprocal action of great obstacles upon great advantages; that by 1825 New York united the Western lakes to the North river by canal and graduated a large body of engineers. The success of the work was proportionate to its enterprise. The mercantile society learned to believe in the civil engineers.

The water-inclosed island, rock-bedded, multiplied coast, but also profits. Philadelphia stood on a plot of clay, had no obstacles nor yet distant intentions, was relatively in experienced in venturing money and slowly grasped the electrical power of stocks and bonds, while New York inherited the banking genius of Holland, which preceded all nations in fiscal institutions, and had inherited the public spirit by damning back to the ocean and inhabiting its abandoned floor, a work which required public opinion and united hands. New York, therefore, has the ownership of nearly all the railways in America, which are the feet and hands of the whole continent. It is also buying up the mechanical plant of the whole land. It has but lately discovered its youth, although settled almost 300 years ago.

Most cities grow by an accretion; New York by spirit and intellect. Every section now feeds New York. It wastes little time on mere economies and morals.

As I came up the Bowery to the Cooper Institute I crossed over to look at St. Gauden's statue of Peter Cooper, sitting under a columned entablature, queerly irrelevant to his rustic, almost over-strained reality—a trousered, whiskered "rube" of an old farmer with a wire watch guard and an old stick. He might have been modeled from some old cross road Neston, such as the city amplifies from the state of New York.

Yet, perhaps, Peter Cooper is the greatest New Yorker since De Witt Clinton.

He typifies the smith, the Tubal Cain, whom he has brought in to succeed Fulton and Stevens. His son and his son-in-law have been mayors of New York. His foundry at Trenton is beside the later Roebling's. He built about the first native locomotive. He built, also, the hall where Lincoln had a hearing in New York, with Bryant presiding. The Cooper institute is, next to the school of mines of Columbia college, the polytechnic ambition of his resembler, Horace Greeley. He was the Quentin Matsys, of New York city, the smith and schoolman of smiths of New York. His alumni from the plain classes, are his determined upholders of plain, unobtrusive fame.

GATH.

TO MAKE UP RIGHT

Correct Use of Cosmetics to Conceal Their Use—Effect Upon Delicate Skin.

The woman who uses cosmetics should recollect that here, as in every branch of art, the highest perfection is when art conceals art, says the Philadelphia North American.

The woman who intends to simulate charms that have faded must use the most exquisite refinement in her selection and application of cosmetics, or she becomes a vulgar travesty of beauty. The woman with palpably bleached hair and painted face pays the immediate penalty for her lack of taste and refinement. She receives the swiftest punishment awarded any offender, for she is instantly tabooed or accepted under most vigorous protests by persons of refinement.

Despite all statements to the contrary, I am in a position to know that cosmetics are very generally used by matrons of what we call fashionable society all over the civilized world at present.

In America the glare of the electric lights can only be defined with advantage by the fresh and fair face of youth. Woman past the spring time of physical beauty appears twenty years older than they really are under the fierce rays of the electric bulb.

A judicious touch of powder and the faintest tinge of color are in such cases most becoming, and as custom and morals have from the beginning been more or less synoymous, it may not be stretching a point to say cosmetics have popular aproval for balls, operas and night functions generally.

Very few high-bred women use rouge during daylight. A little powder, the eyebrows carlessly groomed with a tiny brush dipped very lightly in vaseline, the color of the lips brightened by bathing them in a little aromatic toilet water, or the very faintest touch of lip rouge when the pallor is so noticeable as to be disagreeable—these are about all the cosmetics that may properly be used for out-of-door or daylight functions.

For opera, ball or fashionable dinner the smart woman of today frequently uses several cosmetics. Curiously enough fashionable women no longer hide the use of cosmetics, as was the custom in our mothers' time.

The matron of today is apt to discuss her cosmetics with her neighbor as freely as did the belles of France 100 years back, or our English great-great-great-grandmothers in the teacup days of rouge, patches and powdered wigs.

There are various ways of applying cosmetics to the face, but the process I describe is at present most approved.

The face is first given a cold cream bath. The cream is applied with a bit of soft linen all over the face. It is rubbed well into the skin with the hand and then carefully wiped off with a soft cloth or bit of gauze. The face should not be shiny after this operation, but smooth and satiny in appearance.

Next the coloring for the cheeks must be very carefully applied. Either a liquid rouge, a grease rouge or a dry rouge may be used. After the rouge a fine powder is dusted over the face and carefully wiped away from the eyes, lips and nostrils. The lips are next touched up with great care. There are several cosmetics for this purpose; a grenadine stick is fashionable in France, and in this country a red or rose-colored ornament is generally used.

The eyes come next. They are made up as they were when the daughters of Egypt adorned themselves for con-

(Continued on Page 8.)

Fables By George Ade

The Modern Fable of the Search For the Right House and How Mrs. Jump Had Her Annual Attack.

(Copyright, 1902, by R. H. Russell.)

Once there was a Family called Jump that had sampled every Ward within the Corporation Limits.

The Jumps did a Caravan Specialty every time the Frost went out of the Ground.

When the Sarsaparilla Ads began to blossom, and the Peach Crop had been ruined by the late Cold Snap and the Kids were Batting up Flies in the lot back of the Universalist Church, and a Barrel-Organ down Street was tearing the Soul out of "Trovatore"—these were the cues for Mrs. Jump to get her Nose into the Air and begin to champ at the Bit.

Mother was a House-Hunter from away back. She claimed to be an invalid eleven months out of the Year and took Nerve Medicine that cost $2 a Bottle. Just the same, when April hove into view and

"A HOUSE HUNTER FROM AWAY BACK."

Dame Nature began to stretch herself, then Mother put on her Short Skirt and pair of Shoes intended for a man and did a tall Prance.

She was good for twelve hours a Day on any kind of Pavements. With her Reticule loaded full of "To Let" Clippings, she hot-footed from Street to Street. Every time she struck a fresh trail she broke into a Run.

Mother was looking for a House that had twice as many Closets as Rooms and a Southern Exposure on all four sides.

She had conned herself into the Belief that some day she would run down a Queen Anne Shack that would be O. K. in all Particulars.

In the Magazine that came every Month she had seen these Dream-Pictures of Palaces that can be put up for $1500, if you steal your Materials.

She had gazed at the Bunco Illustration

"THE SWELL STRUCTURE WITH BUSHY TREES DOTING THE LAWN."

of the swell Structure with bushy Trees dotting the Lawn and a little Girl rolling a Hoop along the Cement Side-Walk and she had set her Heart on that kind of a Home.

Mother loved to study the Plans and count the Bath Rooms and figure on Window Seats and what kind of Curtains to put in the Guest Chamber.

Every Spring she found the place she had been seeking and gave a Grand Signal for the whole Outfit to begin packing up. Those were the bright vernal Days when Mr. Jump got all that was coming to him. Mr. Jump was a Man, therefore any old kind of a Hut suited him. For eight years before starting on his continuous Tour with Mother, he had roomed over a Drug Store.

His Apartment had been one of those delectable Man-Joints where Women never butted in to hide things and give the whole place a Soapy Smell.

The Sweepings went under the bed so as not to litter up the Hallway.

Once a Year he had a House-Cleaning. That is to say, he employed a Colored Man to beat the Rugs, which had to be separated from the Floor by means of a Shovel.

Inasmuch as Women never came in to straighten up, he knew where to find everything. He knew it was somewhere in the Room and all he had to do was to excavate until he found it.

Then he hooked up with Laura so as to get a real Home and she gave him a new one every Year.

Mr. Jump soon discovered that although every Man is the Architect of his own Fortune, the Wife usually superintends the Construction.

When Mrs. Jump made her Spring Announcement that they would move to another House, he did a deal of Kicking, but he always went into the Wood Shed to do it. He sassed her inwardly, but not so that she could hear.

She was a Wonder at framing up Reasons for hurling the Lease back at the Landlord.

One Year she quit because the Owner Papered the Upstairs with a Jay Pattern that cost only 15 cents a Bolt. Another time the Family next door kept Chickens. Usually the Children across the Alley were not fit Associates for their own little Brood.

One time she quit on account of a Cockroach. She saw it scoot across the Pantry and that afternoon she headed for a Renting Agency.

Father suggested that instead of vacating in favor of the Cockroach, they offer a reward of $100 for its capture, dead or alive, and thereby save a little Money, but she refused to listen.

If the Plumbing wasn't out of Whack, the Furnace required too much Coal or else the Woman across the Street had been divorced too many times.

If they squatted in a low-down Neighborhood, Mrs. Jump was ashamed to give her Address to Friends in the Congregation.

If they got into a Nest of the New Rich, then Laura got the freeze-out worked on her, because Mr. Jump was on a Salary and she had to ride on the Trolleys. So she began looking for a street in which Intellect would successfully stack up against the good, old Collateral. And, of course, that meant a long Search.

Therefore, every May 1st, something Red and about the size of a caboose backed up to the Jumps'. Several husky Boys began throwing Things out of the Windows.

Father did a Vanishing Act. When it came to lifting one corner of a Piano or hanging Pictures he was a sad Bluff and he knew it.

"How about Paradise?" he asked one day. "I understand that inside of the Pearly Gates, each Family has Permanent Quarters. There are no Folding Beds to juggle down Back Stairways, no Picture Cords to Shorten, no Curtains Poles to saw off, no Book Cases to get jammed in Stairways. I am sure there will be no Piano Movers for I have heard their

"SOMETHING RED BACKED UP TO THE JUMPS."

Language. Do you think you can be happy in the Promised Land?"

"It will depend entirely on whether or not the Rugs fit," she replied.

"Let us hope for the Best," said Mr. Jump.

MORAL: The Queen of the May is usually a Woman.

Loading Logs On Cars

The new and the old methods of loading logs on cars are illustrated in the photographs reproduced herewith. The scenes are located along the Alger, Smith & Co.'s railroad, the Duluth & Northern Minnesota. In one picture a steam log loader is shown in operation. It daily takes 100,000 feet of logs from alongside the track and places them on the logging cars used by the company. This is equal to twenty-five cars. By the old method the use of a team of horses and block and tackle, which is illustrated in the other picture, not over 35,000 feet can be loaded a day. The steam loader is a very simple affair, and can easily be moved from place to place, as the banking of the logs may require.

BOY BORN A KING

How Alphonso XIII. of Spain Will Ascend His Throne Next Month---When the Coronation Will Be Planned.

Madrid, March 20.—While the universe is indulging in a thrill of excitement over the coronation of King Edward VII., who puts on the insigia of power in June, there is another coronation due off in Spain, and a king who holds a title no less old tan that of King Edward, and whose nation is none the less honored in history, is to put on the robes and don the crown which proclaim the king.

It has been stated that Alphonso XIII., king of Spain, will be crowned in May. This is not exact. His majesty comes of age in May, and by the laws of the country, ascends the throne and becomes king in power as well as in name, but he does not at this time put on the crown.

The crowning may not be for a long time yet, for the date has not been decided. It would seem as though, with sixteen years of preparation, the Spanish nation would have had time to get ready for the coronation ceremonies. But unis it not the custom of nations. It rests with the king and not the people. The latter have been waiting for the hour when their king would mount the throne, then and not until then would be the coronation be planned.

In the matter of crowning a monarch there are many little niceties; and one of these decrees that the day of the coronation shall be set by the king. His majesty is consulted and his wishes regarding his own crowning are made known. He, himself, has all to say about it. The time, the manner, the ceremony, which shall attend the crowning, are all decided by himself.

And this is only right, the people say; in every case there are precedents to be followed and precedents to be abolished. King Edward decoded to do away with many of the ancient customs. Among other things he declared that it was not necessary to have an herb strewer, or flower girl, or to scatter flowers in the royal path up Westminster.

If King Edward has one royal precedent to abolish, King Alphonso will have a hundred. Spain, old, ceremonious, dignified to a fault, punctilious to a degree, exact to a trifle, and full of form behond all belief, has numberless little offices which the king may or may not perpetuate upon his coronation.

The king's father, Alphonso XII., was very fond of form, and on the occasion of his coronation, decreed that all should be done with every possible degree of elegance. His crowning cost Spain more money than she may now have to spare, and the sums which he gave away on that great day exceed Alphonso's salary for a year.

BOY KING.

Yet there is no doubt that Alphonso will be crowned with a great deal of pomp. It is rumored in diplomatic circles that the event will take place in the autumn, between now and Christmas, and that the potentates of all the world will be present to see and lend dignity to the occasion.

And why not?

Alphonso is the only unmarried king in Europe. He is the youngest king in the old world. He rules a country whose deeds stand first in the history of nations. He is the monarch of castles and structures showing architectural triumphs older than any others that rear their heads to the skies. In his museums are the trophies of the greatest men that ever lived, including those of his loyal subject, Christopher Columbus, who loved and honored Spain's queen and who was loved and honored by her in return.

Though only 16—and his birthday is not until the 17th of May—Alphonso, measured by Western standards, is a man of 21.

Alphonso at the age of 13, fully realized the Spanish war and, when he had passed another year, he began to grieve about it and its losses; and now those who are nearest to him say that he keenly feels the position in which Spain placed herself and that he longs to restore her to her old power.

Under King Alphonso XIII's reign Spain will never retrograde if he can help it. He has certain important qualities for preserving his throne. He is prudent, cautious, slow to anger and very fond of taking counsel of his elders. He does not believe in war, but thinks the powers of a country can be best maintained by extension, by purchase, and by care in trade, rather than by force of arms. Of military tactics he is also a student, and has made an elaborate study of the sea and the navies of the world.

The king is disposed to build libraries, and recently inquired the cost of placing a public library in Madrid, to make the rather old one now there of more interest and usefulness to the people. His majesty is charitable, something which has not afflicted Spain's former kings, and loves to give away food when there is famine in the outlying districts of Spain.

It must be remembered that his majesty is partly Austrian, for his mother, Maria Christina, was from Austria, and

(Continued on Page 8.)

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Dr. T. H. Cleland and Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., to Exchange Pulpits In the Evening---Laymen To Speak at Endion Church.

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach in the morning. Subject, "God's Rule and the Reign of Law." At 7:30 Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., of Lester Park M. E. church, will preach The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Adagio" from Sonata in A.....Edward Hopkins
Quartet—"Sun of My Soul".....P. A. Schnecker
Alto solo, Miss Anna Thomkins; tenor solo, Paul Gilbert.
Sentence—"Hear Our Prayer".....E. W. Hanscom
Duet, Mrs. Mark Baldwin and Paul Gilbert.
Offertory—"Reverie"... Joseph Callearts
Postlude ..... Julius Andre

EVENING.

Organ—"Prelude" op 45....G. MacMaster
Quartet—"In the Light of God".....Henry B. Roney
Offertory .....Mendelssohn
Postlude—Selected .....

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; alto, Miss Anna Thomkins; tenor, Paul Gilbert; bass, Philip Gordon Brown; organist, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

• • •

Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church Sunday at 10:30 a. m. on "The Wastes of Life." At 7:30 p. m. Dr. T. H. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church will occupy the pulpit. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

• • •

At the Endion M. E. church Professor W. I. Thomas will fill the pulpit in the morning. In the evening Professor R. E. Denfeld will speak.

• • •

The usual services will be held at the First Baptist church, corner of Eleventh avenue east and Second street. Rev. B. Hudson will preach at both services. The musical programs follow:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—Adagio in A....Volkman
Anthem—"Jerusalem".....Henry Parker
Response—"The Lord's Prayer"
.....Thomas G. Shepard
Solo—Selected .....
Mr. Heath.
Offertory—Andante .....Sucho
Hymn anthem—"O Loving One Divine".....J. C. Mary
Organ postlude.....Flagler

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Evening Rest".Morker
Anthem—"The King of Love My Shepherd Is".....Henry Rowe Shelley
Solo—Selected .....
C. H. Giddings.
Offertory—Communion .....Batiste
Hymn anthem—"Savior Whom Night Involves the Skies".....H. R. Shelley
The choir is composed of Mrs. Homer Collins, soprano; Miss Ethel Cannon, contralto; W. A. Mann, tenor; C. H. Giddings, bass, and Miss Carlotta Simonds, organist.

• • •

At St. Paul's church tomorrow services will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer, litany and sermon by Dr. Ryan; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Rejoice, Ye Pure in Heart".....Anon
Venite .....Chanted
Te Deum in A.....Hadley
Solos, Miss Rene Smith, C. D. Shepard.
Benedictus .....Chanted
Litany hymn—"Jesus, My Savior".....Sullivan
Hymn—"Light's Abode".....Smart
Tenor solo—"Come Holy Spirit" ("Ave Verum").....Millard
Raymond Stephens.
Recessional—"Lead Us Heavenly Father".....German

EVENING.

Processional—"Rejoice, Ye Pure in Heart".....Anon
Psalter .....Chanted
Canticles .....Chanted
Hymn—"Savior, Breathe an Evening Blessing".....Vesper Hymn
Anthem—"The Lord is My Strength".....Custance
Solo C. D. Shepard.
Orison—"The Day is Past and Gone".....Heath"
Recessional—"Lead Us Heavenly Father".....German
A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

• • •

At the First Methodist Episcopal church Rev. Samuel P. Long, pastor, will preach tomorrow morning on "The Friends of Jesus" and in the evening on "Duluth Homes and Duluth Children." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—Andante A mfnor.....
Anthem. "Praise the Lord, O Jerusalem .....Hall
Chorus.
Offertory—Adagio in F.....Beethoven
Solo—"The Heavenly Song".....Gray
Mrs. D. G. Black.
Quartet .....Selected
Postlude—Allegro in D.....Haydn

EVENING.

Organ prelude in G.....Mendelssohn
Anthem—"The Day is Gently Sinking to a Close" .....
Response .....George B. Nevin
Quartet.
Offertory—Adagio in D.....Beethoven
Solo—"Fear Not Ye, O Israel".....Buck
Mrs. R. L. Knebel.
Quartet—"The King of Love My Shepherd Is" .....Shelley
Postlude—March in D.....Grielmant
William Brown, organist.
C. W. Weeks, director of music.

• • •

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "The Imperialism of Christianity," and in the evening on "Jesus, the Carpenter."

• • •

At the First Unitarian church, corner Eighth avenue east and First street, there will be the usual service at 10:45.

• • •

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be service at 10:45 a. m. Subject: "Doctrine of Atonement." The Christian Science reading room, No. 410 Burrows building. Open to the public daily except Sunday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

• • •

At the Presbyterian Endion Mission, Seventeenth avenue east and London road, there will be Sunday school at 3 p. m. Preaching service at 7:30 p. m.

• • •

The First Christian church will hold services in the morning at 10:40. Rev. J. K. Shellenberger, state evangelist, will preach both morning and evening. Sunday school at 12 m. Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Evening services at 7:30.

• • •

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1575 West Superior street, the morning service will be at 10:30. Rev. T. G. Sykes will speak. Evening services at 7:30 p. m. Conducted by Jim Burwick will address this meeting, telling the story of his conversion. Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

• • •

At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Third street and Lake avenue north, there will be service Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

• • •

Rev. D. W. Michael will conduct English Lutheran service for Trinity congregation at Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west, Sunday at 3 p. m.

• • •

In Grace M. E. church tomorrow morning, Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach on "The Long Way the Best" and in the evening on "The Battling of an Old Ball Between the Preacher and the Diamond King," a sermon for the rooters and some other folks. Prelude, "The Price of Meat."

• • •

Elder John Wilson will preach on Duluth Heights at 3 p. m.

• • •

At the Lake Avenue Bethel, Rev. Alex Patterson, of Chicago, will speak at 10 a. m. on "Aaron's Rod," and at 7:30 p. m. on "The Great Meeting Day." Mrs. Asher, Miss Frances McGilvert and the Bethel quartet will sing. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meets at 6:30 p. m. Mr. Patterson will conduct the bible study Monday evening. Subject: "Power for Service." The Bethel quartet will sing.

• • •

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, there will be Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Mr. H. H. Hanford. Mrs. Asher will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the B. Y. P. U. of the First Baptist church. On Tuesday evening the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church. Gospel meeting every night.

• • •

Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m.; junior meeting at 2:30 p. m.; Young People's Alliance meeting at 7:15 p. m., led by Otto Boer; sermon at 8 p. m.; songs by choir and male quartet. Rev. L. S. Stapf, pastor.

• • •

At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, Carl Hvaal will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Mr. Rud from Fergus Falls will occupy the pulpit. The choir will sing. Sunday school, Norwegian and English, at 9 a. m.

• • •

At Westminster Presbyterian church in West Duluth, Elder John Wilson will occupy the pulpit at both services.

• • •

At Hazelwood Park Presbyterian church, there will be Sunday school at 2 p. m., Rev. F. G. Sykes, of Cloquet, will preach at 3 p. m.

• • •

Services at Trinity Episcopal Mission, Twentieth avenue east and Superior street will be at 8 a. m., holy communion; 3 p. m., Sunday school services; 4:15, evening prayer, with sermon. Rev. L. I. Belden, pastor.

• • •

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street. There will be Sunday school at 10 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Rev. L. I. Belden, pastor.

• • •

At Bethany Swedish Lutheran church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, Rev. Dr. A. F. Elmquist, pastor, will conduct services tomorrow at 10 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning topic: "The Savior's Question to You: Lovest Thou Me?" Evening: "The Laborer and His Hire."

• • •

At the Second Baptist church, corner of Twentieth avenue west and First street, Rev. R. E. Pope, of Minneapolis, will preach; service begins 10:45 a. m. Bible school at 12 m. There will be no service in the evening.

• • •

Swedish services will be held in St. Peter's chapel, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Michigan street, at 8 o'clock p. m., by Rev. K. S. Tottermann.

• • •

At the First Swedish Baptist church, the Rev. A. A. Holmgren will preach both morning and evening. Professor Heath, of Philadelphia, the celebrated gospel singer, known as the second Sankey, will sing at both services. Sunday school at 12 m. At 3 o'clock the Young People's society will have its tenth anniversary of its existence. Prayer meeting an Thursday evening.

• • •

Presiding Elder A. Farrell will preach tomorrow morning at the First Swedish M. E. church and Rev. A. M. Alwin, of Chicago, in the evening. There will also be services at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, with a sermon by Rev. Alwin. Sunday school at 12. Monday and Tuesday evening, there will be services, with sermon by Rev. Alwin.

• • •

Rev. C. H. Hjorthoim will conduct services at the Zion Norwegian Lutheran church at Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street tomorrow morning and evening. The Sunday school is at 9 o'clock in the morning.

• • •

At the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, there will be service Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salvesson, pastor.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT

Brooklyn Eagle: An Illinois minister had to resign because he is so homely that the women won't go to his church. Which proves that Illinois has got past the age where it takes its gospel as a penance.

Baltimore American: A Western minister says that the serpent which tempted Eve was a man in disguise. Statistics of the population at that time place Adam under considerable suspicion if this assertion be correct.

Chicago Post. A New York preacher wishes to have a brass band in his church because he believes in the "Christianizing influence of good music." He has scripture for the cymbals, but how about the trombone and snare drum?

Brooklyn Eagle: Some good church folks are having cold shivers because Mormonism is growing. Let it grow. It is as good a religion as most, and the polygamy branch of it is not flourishing in these days. For reasons inherent in feminine human nature it never can flourish, and the Mormons are not trying to make it flourish.

Chicago Tribune: Mr. Mangasarian doesn't ask much. He only wants the churches to abolish baptism, communion services, public prayer, congregational singing, the Sunday school and the evening service. This permits them to retain the preacher, the pipe organ and the contribution box, and everybody, we hope, is properly grateful.

San Francisco Chronicle: The British governor of Bermuda is said to have prohibited the circulation of any more pamphlets of the Salvation Army among the Boer prisoners there by the American Tract society, on the ground that they keep alive the fighting spirit of the burghers. What next?

Springfield (Mass.) Republican: The shelving of the time limit by the Methodist brethren is having marked effect in this locality, and doubtless other sections in relation to the shifting about of the pastors. In olden times such a thing as a "call" to a minister by a church was practically unknown. Today, while theoretically no such thing as a "call" has legal status in the Methodist body, in effect churches are calling pastors, and pastors accepting or declining such "calls" as in other denominations. There is always the proviso that the presiding elder and the bishop shall agree of the district and the bishop are willing to please the two parties.

Pure Drugs Should Only Be Allowed In Your Home

Our Prescription Department is in charge of careful and experienced pharmacists.....

S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST,
Fourth Avenue West and Superior St.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

He works best who worries least.
A hard heart is apt to be brittle.
Faith is one thing, fear is the future.
Brightest hopes dawn on darkest days.
Endeavor counts for more than essays.
It does not make heaven a fact to call earth a fiction.
Straight running makes better speed than the swiftest circling.
No amount of printing ever made peaches grow on fence posts.
The more we look up the less we need to look out for ourselves.
When gruffness is thought moonlight the soul will be saved by culture.
The greatest a man's treasure the less he will complain of his taxes.
Pride and ignorance are the babes that help one another to get lost.
You cannot sop up the sins of the week with a solemn face on Sunday.

TRANSPORT ABLAZE.

Fire Discovered on Sherman at San Francisco.

San Francisco, April 12.—Shortly after 1 o'clock this morning, fire was discovered in the hold of the United States transport Sherman, lying at the government dock. An alarm was turned in, and the city fire department immediately responded. In a short time the flames were under control and the damage done was not serious. The fire originated in the sailors' store room among a lot of oakum and old clothes and is attributed to spontaneous combustion.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

Near Brooklyn Navy Yard Is Nearly Completed.

New York, April 12.—The new $100,000 building for the naval branch of the Young Men's Christian association, built with funds contributed by Miss Helen Gould, near the Brooklyn navy yard, is so nearly completed that it is expected the work of the branch can be transferred to it within two weeks. The formal dedication will take place on May 15. Secretary Long will make an address.

The building has five stories, a basement and a roof garden, and is in the architectural style of the French renaissance.

The Emperor's American Ship

Although Germany has been making special efforts to establish herself in the first rank as a naval constructor, yet when the emperor wanted a yacht combining the best modern ideas he placed the order in America. This is surely a recognition of American ability and superior workmanship. Our country also excells all others in medicine. Take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for instance. It has been over fifty years since it was first introduced, and its record of cures during that time has placed it in the first rank among medicines. It is recommended by many prominent physicians as an excellent spring tonic and blood purifier, also to cure heartburn, indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, la grippe and malaria. A trial will convince you of its value.

TRUST COMPANY WINS.

St. Paul, Minn., April 12.—Justice Lovely in the supreme court yesterday handed down a decision in favor of the Minneapolis Trust company as receiver for the Northwestern Guaranty Loan company, affirming the order of the lower court and allowing the accounts of the receiver. The case has been in litigation for seven years, and has been passed upon by the supreme court three times.

MRS. HARRISON RETURNS.

Vallejo, Cal., April 12.—Mrs. Harrison, widow of ex-President Harrison, who has been making an extended visit to her sister, the wife of Lieut. Commander Parker, U. S. N., has left for her home in Indianapolis.

TO CONGRATULATE POPE.

New York, April 12.—Several more clergymen will sail for Rome today, on the steamer Trave to congratulate the pope upon the opening of the twenty-fifth year of his occupancy of the papal chair. Among them are the Very Rev. P. M. Abbelen, the Rev. Hyacinth Gulski, and Most Rev. F. X. Katzer, of Milwaukee, and the Right Rev. C. P. Maes, of Covington.

Don't Forget Us...

When You Want—

Fine Job Printing, Card Engraving, Rubber or Steel Stamps, Seals, or anything to stamp or mark with.

Consolidated Stamp and Printing Co.
BARKER & ORR, Proprietors.
323 West First St., Gound Floor. Zenith Phone 755.

WORLD OF LABOR

Strike of the Electrical Workers' Union Is Still On.

Employers Ask Trades Assembly to Bring About Settlement.

Claim That Builders' Exchange Is Close to a Trust.

Coming labor meetings:

Building Laborers' union, tonight, 18 West Superior street.

Building Trades' council, Monday, 31 West Superior street.

Lake Seamen's union, meets Monday, 18 West Superior street.

Plasterers' union will meet Monday, 18 West Superior street.

Carpenters' union will meet Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Painters and Decorators meet Tuesday at 18 West Superior street.

Retail Clerks' union meets Tuesday, 31 West Superior street.

Cigarmakers' union will meet Wednesday, 18 West Superior street.

Electrical workers will meet Thursday at 18 West Superior street.

Steam engineers will meet on Thursday at 31 West Superior street.

Marine Engineers' association, Friday, at 31 West Superior street.

Leather Workers' union meets Friday at 18 West Superior street.

• • •

The carpenters and painters employed in finishing up the Carnegie library walked out yesterday afternoon because non-union electrician was employed in wiring the building. The men went out of their own accord, their sympathies being entirely with the striking wire men of the electrical workers' organization.

On Wednesday the wire workers employed by shops of local contracting electricians went out on a strike, asking for a minimum wage scale of $3 for an 8-hour working day, as against $2.50 for last season.

Yesterday all but two members of the union were back at work for the Northern Electric company, which gave the advance asked for, and agreed to employ none but strictly union men.

At the meeting of the Federated Trades' assembly last night, William Burgess, of the Burgess Electric company, and D. D. Crowley, of the Crowley Electric company, asked the assembly to use its good offices in bringing about a settlement of the trouble.

These two contracting electricians stated that the electrical workers had agreed to submit the matter to arbitration and then refused to arbitrate. The electrical workers claimed that on April 8 the contractors violated the arbitration agreement and hence it is void.

Mr. Burgess desired that a committee from the assembly should be appointed to investigate the differences, whereupon President Dworschak asked the delegates from the Electrical Workers' union if they had any business to bring before the meeting. The delegates reported nothing and the president ruled that the assembly had no jurisdiction whatever until the electrical workers' local union brought the matter before that body in an official capacity.

• • •

The Painters and Decorators' union held a big meeting in Kalamazoo block last night. Ten new members were received into the union. On next Tuesday evening this union will entertain the union painters of Superior at a social session, returning a compliment recently paid by the West Superior men.

• • •

In local union circles it is reported that the recently organized Builders' exchange is considerably of a trust and contractors not in the exchange are charged 15 per cent higher for material than those in it.

However, several contractors that are still outside the exchange say that they can buy material just as cheaply as the members.

• • •

On Friday the members of the Boilermakers' union and their helpers went out on a strike for a nine-hour day. The boilermakers have been working ten hours a day for 30 cents an hour and now wish shorter hours and the same pay.

• • •

The home of Mrs. Winberg, on Park Point, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday. Every piece of household furniture was lost. Mrs. Winberg is a widow and the mother of Gust Winberg, formerly of the local typographical union, but now of Minneapolis. Friends expect to purchase a new home for Mrs. Winberg in a short time.

• • •

President George Hyatt, of the Building Laborers' union, reports that this new organization is prospering and that the members are well satisfied with the courteous treatment they are receiving from the contractors.

This union will meet every Saturday night in Kalamazoo hall until further notice. At last week's meeting forty-one new applications were received.

• • •

The local assembly has donated $5 to the striking garment workers of Peoria, Ill., and the grievance committee will visit local clothing merchants urging them not to patronize the Ward & Co. concern of that city.

• • •

The bakers of Minneapolis have written the Duluth unions that the Reagan bread so widely advertised here is non-union.

• • •

State Labor Commissioner O'Donnell yesterday issued a report giving the result of the labor bureau's investigation into the status of women wage earners and child labor in the state of Minnesota.

According to this report, the increase in the number of wage earners in this state for the ten years between 1890 and 1900 is as follows: Men, 5.3 per cent; women, 73.4 per cent, and children 4.2 per cent.

Child labor in Minnesota at the present time is divided among the industries, as follows: Thirty per cent in printing establishments, 5 per cent in clothing establishments, 7 per cent in cigar factories, 6 per cent in sawmills and lumber product manufactories, 4.5 per cent in knitting works, 4.2 in brickyards, 2.7 in shoe factories and 2.7 in confectionery stores.

In 1901 there were in the state of Minnesota 3172 manufacturing establishments employing 61,520 men, 9064 women and 608 children.

In 475 non-manufacturing establishments for the same year there were 10,554 men, 3392 women and 225 children. The relation of wage earners in manufacturing establishments was therefore 1 woman to 7 men; 1 child to 116 adults, 1 child to 15 women. In non-manufacturing industries the proportion was 1 man to 3 women, 1 child to 55 adults and 1 child to 13 women.

Women wage-earners were distributed among the industries as follows: The greatest number—42 per cent—were employed in textile industries, such as clothing manufactories, dye works, bag manufactories, tent and awning factories, corset-making, knitting works and woolen mills. Sixteen per cent were employed in laundries, 11 per cent in printing establishments, 10 per cent in bakeries and confectionery, 8 per cent in cigar factories, 3 per cent in grass matting works. The remainder were apportioned among various industries, among which the report mentions particularly slaughter and packing houses, with the comment that "it is difficult to understand what attraction such an occupation can hold for the woman wage-eranre."

Of 3392 women engaged in non-manufacturing establishments, 51 per cent were employed in department stores, 22 in retail stores, 17 in mercantile establishments, 7 in telegraph and telephone work.

LABOR NOTES.

Chicago street railway men are being organized.

Brooklyn laborers demand $3 a day from May 1.

Toronto (Can.) painters may strike for their demands.

Waukegan, Ill., trades are to have an eight-hour day.

Buffalo building trades have a bright outlook this year.

Buffalo brewery workers have signed a two-year agreement.

Munice, Ind., with 22,000 population, has thirty-seven labor unions.

Scranton, Pa., street car men won their strike after six months boycott.

The Team Owners' union of Minneapolis struck for their demand of an eight-hour day, at $3.50 and 50 cents an hour for overtime work.

The cooks and waiters of Salt Lake City have secured one day's rest in seven through the aid of the arbitration committee of the state federation.

The compulsory industrial arbitration court of New South Wales, recently established in Sydney, is now open.

Boot and shoe workers report that the sale of non-union goods in Illinois has decreased 75 per cent in the last six months by reason of the label campaign.

The Clerks' National union reports 531 local unions, twelve of which were added during the past month. Unions were formed in California, Ohio, Nova Scotia and Illinois.

St. Louis union painters to the number of about 400 are still striking for an increase of wages from 37½ cents an hour to 45 cents. The strike has been on for about three weeks.

The New York Amalgamated Painters and Decorators, on and after Aug. 1, will demand $4 a day for plain painting and $4.50 for decorative work, including gilding, as minimum wages for an eight-hour day.

The supreme court of California declares unconstitutional an act passed by the state legislature of 1869 regulating the sanitary condition that it is arbitrary and special legislation.

A boycott on the Singer Sewing Machine company is a possibility as a result of the firm's refusal to treat with its employes who are on strike at the factory at South Bend, Ind. On the request of a committee of strikers.

The Lacemakers' union of Nottingham, England, has adopted a scheme of old-age pensions, under which 100 members, 65 years of age and upward, have been granted weekly allowances. The funds for the purpose are provided by a quarterly levy of one shilling per member.

The Standard Steel Car company purchased 30 acres of land at Butler, Pa., for its new plant. The works, it is expected will be in operation within six months. Fifty acres at least will be covered by buildings and the cost of the plant will be $1,500,000. It will give employment to 2500 men.

The Japanese government has decided to establish at the industrial experiment station a model factory, or technical school, for training workers in window glass manufacture. All of the window glass now used in Japan is imported. The importation of window glass in 1899 was valued at $635,500.

Henceforth there will be no mixing of black and white musicians in union orchestras, the Chicago Federation of Musicians having barred colored players from its ranks. Two organizations are to be maintained, the colored men agreeing to enforce the rules of the federation and maintain the scale of prices.

Galesburg, Ill., is threatened with the first strike in the building trades in years. A month ago the trades unions submitted to the contractors a demand for an eight-hour day and an increase in wages. The contractors have organized, and given out that the demand is unreasonable, because of the price of material, and they cannot grant it.

Pittsburg's Master Carpenters' association discussed the demand of the carpenters for a minimum wage of $3.50 for an eight-hour day. The association decided to abide by its compromise offer of $3.25. If the men do not accept this offer the master carpenters will pay $3.50, but they will sign no agreement to pay that rate for a year.

Barbers in Rhode Island have succeeded in putting a bill through the house compelling the barbers in the state to carry a license to work at that trade. There is a bill pending in the house for the fifty-eight-hour week in all shops in this state and another for a ten-hour day for street car men. Both have a favorable prospect of passage.

While Senator M. A. Hanna is doing such good work through the National Civic Federation in settling labor disputes throughout the country, it is not generally known that the ship carpenters and boilermakers in his own shipyards at Cleveland are on a strike and that officials of the company absolutely refuse to meet a committee or recognize the union.

A FRENCH BUILDING.

Chipcago, April 12.—At a meeting to be held next Monday the French population of Chicago will complete arrangements for the erection of a national monument in the form of a $100,000 building. The building will consist of a theater, lodges, club houses and gymnasium, and will be erected in the center of the French colony not far from the Notre Dame church.

If Going to Europe

Investigate the four superb services of the Dominion line.

Boston to Liverpool via Queenstown.
Montreal to Liverpool.
Portland to Liverpool.
Boston to Gibraltar and Naples.

For rates and sailings apply to local steamship agent, T. H. Larke, general Northwestern agent, 127 Guaranty building, Minneapolis.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

WATERWAYS

Of Northwest For Which River and Harbor Bill Provides.

Washington, April 12.—The senate committee on commerce has reported the river and harbor bill, recently passed by the house.

The appropriations in so far as Minnesota and Wisconsin are concerned stand as passed by the house.

These appropriations, as the bill now stands and as it will undoubtedly pass the senate, are as follows:

Two hundred thousand dollars are appropriated for improving the harbor at Duluth, Minn., and Superior, Wis., and $15 provided that no more than $10,000 shall be expended in rebuilding the piers at the Wisconsin entry of that harbor.

The committee struck out the provision to appropriate $143,000 for the construction of a dredging plant.

Forty thousand dollars have been allowed to improve the Warroad harbor and Warroad river; $2000 to improve the harbor at Grand Marais, and $2000 to improve the harbor at Agate Bay.

The secretary of war is directed to have made preliminary survey at the following places in Minnesota and Wisconsin:

Minnesota—Otter Tail lake and Otter Tail river; Red lake and Red lake river; Big Stone lake and Lake Traverse; bay at the mouth of Split Rock river; St. Louis river, from foot of rapids to New Duluth; inner harbor at Lake City; Grand Marais.

Wisconsin—Harbor at South Milwaukee; harbor at Port Washington; harbor at Stone Haven; the Menominee, Milwaukee and Kinnickinick rivers.

Two hundred and thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars is appropriated for improving the harbor at Milwaukee, including a harbor of refuge. Of this amount it is provided that moneys not to exceed $150,000 may be expended for the maintenance, rebuilding and repair of the breakwater belonging to the harbor of refuge.

Sheboygan, for improving harbor, $890,000 is allowed. Manitowoc receives $8000 for maintenance, and for improving its harbor $37,000; Two Harbors is allowed $20,000 for maintenance and improvements. Green Bay receives $105,600 for improving its harbor, with a view of obtaining a channel twenty feet deep from the mouth of Fox river to the city of Green Bay.

Other appropriations are: Improving Sturgeon bay and Lake Michigan ship canal, $178,000; Ashland, $40,000; Port Wing, $25,000; Racine, $20,000; Kenosha, $5000; Ahnapee, $10,000; Port Washington, $6000; Oconto, $3000.

ILLEGAL

Has Been the Confinement of Boy In Prison.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 12.—John Wesley Elkins, who confessed to the murder of his father and stepmother, when he was 11 years old, is to be released from the state prison at Amosa, after twelve years and three months of what is admitted to have been illegal incarceration. It is now well understood that the imprisonment was without warrant of law, as the courts have held repeatedly that a child under 14 years of age is presumably incapable of crime.

His application for a parole has been the subject of an exciting contest in the state senate and has attracted wide attention throughout the state. The parole is granted by the majority of one vote.

The crime was the result of continued alleged excessive punishment by his father, in which he was aided by the stepmother.

Elkins has secured an education beyond that of most young men of his age, and appears to have been animated by the hope of final release, which he endeavored to merit by a clean prison record and personal improvement.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

August Schubert, a prisoner in the county jail at Glenwood, Minn., committed suicide by hanging, using a towel attached to an iron beam in his cell. He was serving a ninety-day sentence for cruelty to his family. His home is in Grove Lake township.

Governor Odell has signed a bill appropriating $100,000 for a statute of the late President McKinley, in Buffalo.

San Francisco has been chosen as the landing place of the Pacific cable. This decision was made by George G. Ward, vice president of the Commercial Pacific Cable company, who has been in San Francisco the past week reviewing sites. It is expected to have the first link in the cable, from this city to Honolulu, completed before next Thanksgiving.

A Wisconsin syndicate has purchased 20,000 acres of red wood timber land in Southeast Oregon. The land was sold by Isaac Minor for nearly one million dollars. The land sold includes the harbor of Chceto.

In a clash between union and non-union moulders, Howard Fristoe, of Bourbon, Ind., shot August Reiman, union molder, through the left arm and in the right side. The wounds are not fatal. The strike has been on since January. A mob of 300 men threw bricks and clubs at Fristoe and threatened to lynch him. He was placed in jail.

Chales Frank, a resident of Birmingham, Ala., was shot and killed Friday afternoon by Charles Anderson, the divorced husband of Frank's newly made wife, whom he married Thursday in Cleveland. The tragedy was the result of jealousy on the part of Anderson. The murder occurred six miles east of Cleveland.

An unknown negro, who shot and killed Deputy Sheriff J. B. Thomas near Victoria, La., was captured by a mob of fifty men and shot to pieces. Deputy Thomas was killed while he was attempting to arrest the negro, who had shot and wounded another negro.

B. S. Keert, ex-president of the Montana Society of Civil Engineers and a prominent mining engineer, shot and probably fatally wounded Thomas Crystal, a bartender in a Main street saloon at Helena, Mont. Keert declared that Crystal had insulted him. In an antemortem statement to the county attorney Crystal declared that Keert shot him without provocation. Keert is in custody.

Homeseekers' Excursionsto California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

WHEN THE BISHOP FOOZLED.

Bishop Potter is an enthusiastic golf player. Some time ago he was on the links at Saranac, accompanied by a caddie who was himself a golfer of acknowledged skill, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The bishop made ready for a mighty drive and with one tremendous swing he topped the ball. Of course he was deprived of the consolation which in such cases serves to soothe the temper of the layman. All he said was:

"Sh-sh-sh-sh-sh!"

It was his way of relieving his feelings. Then he tried again. This time he scooped up some cubic feet of sod, and once more the sibilant but inoffensive and ineffective protest escaped his lips. For the third time the bishop teed his ball, for the third time his driver missed the mark, and for the third time he unburdened his oppressed soul as above. The caddie could stand it no longer.

"Hang it, man!" he exclaimed, "sh-sh-sh-sh-sh won't send that ball where you want it to go."

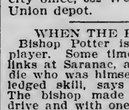
HOW FORAKER JOINED ARMY.

When the senate committee on military affairs recently considering sundry bills to correct the records of soldiers who had served in the civil war there was some sympathy expressed for pension applicants who had been disqualified through technicalities, says the Brooklyn Eagle. "I know how it is," said Senator Joseph B. Foraker, of Ohio. "I might be debarred myself if I applied for a pension. When I tried to enlist I was only 16 years old. They told me that 18 years was the limit. I wanted to get into the army, and, as I looked to be older than I was, I confided my troubles and my desires to an old sergeant who was attached to the recruiting office. 'Here,' he said, 'you take this chalk and mark "18" on the soles of your shoes. Then, when the recruiting officer asks how old you are, you can say you are over 18.' It was quite a stretch for my conscience, but I did it, just the same, and was duly enrolled as 18 years of age. Now, my record in the field is all right, but my official record is not, and therefore, I might have a lot of trouble if I tried to get a pension."

CIRCUIT RIDERS' WOES.

When I hear people talk of congressmen not being able to live on the money paid them yearly, I think of the lot of some of the circuit-riding Methodist preachers," said Representative Hay, of Virginia, to the Washington Post. "These good men are thrown about from pillar to post, going to just whatever charge the bishop assigns them. How some of them manage to live I cannot imagine. I have heard it on good authority that one of these poor fellows who spread the Gospel in the northern part of my state received for his year's work $285, two pairs of yarn socks, one pair of jeans pants, three pecks of potatoes, and with the potatoes the good old lady who sent them made the request that the parings be saved, as she wanted them to feed her cow."

Eighty years old—Catarrh Fifty Years.—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cures him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the testimony of the case confirmed. Write George Lewis, Shamokin, Pa. He says:—"I look upon my cure as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—3.



For Fine... **Wall Paper** *and...* **Decorating** *go to* **Wannebo & Aronson,** 209 E. Sup. St. Zenith Phone 41

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
253 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

WITH THE NEW BOOKS

"The Leopard's Spots" Deals With Negro Question From Southern Standpoint.

"The 13th District," a Political Novel—"The Political Freshman"—"The Strollers"—Contents of the April Magazines.

"The Leopard's Spots," by Thomas Dixon, Jr., deals with the negro question of the present day. It is handled from the viewpoint of a Southerner, and the author places the problem and the solution before his readers in the most forcible language possible. The romance is subordinated in every way to the problem. The first of the three books into which the novel is divided contains nothing of the love story. That comes in the opening pages of the second book. Considering this love story apart from the remainder of the book, it may be stated that it is well conceived and satisfactorily developed.

In the first book Mr. Dixon presents the question, which he afterwards reiterates time and again, is the white man's burden of America. He presents it thus: "Shall the future American be an Anglo-Saxon of a mulatto?" Upon this problem he flings the changes in every possible way. Later he elaborates upon it as follows: "The future American must be an American or a mulatto'. We are now deciding which it shall be. The future of the world depends on the future of this republic. This republic can have no future if racial lines are broken, and its proud citizenship sinks to the level of a mongrel breed of mulattoes. The South must fight this battle to a finish. Two thousand years look down upon the struggle, and 2000 years of the future bend low to catch the message of life or death!"

Then again this same idea is presented in the following words: "You cannot build in a democracy a nation inside of a nation of two antagonistic races. The future American must be an Anglo-Saxon or a mulatto." The idea of the taint of negro blood is also brought into the discussion of the subject. A mulatto asks for the hand of the daughter of one of Boston's proudest citizens, who prides himself upon his liberality toward the negroes, whom he said should be granted all equality with the whites. The answer of the Bostonian when tested is unquestionably a correct representation of what any white father would say to a negro who asked for his daughter in marriage. He says:

"I happen to know the important fact that a man or woman of negro ancestry, though a century removed, will suddenly breed back to a pure negro child, thick-lipped, kinky-headed, flat-nosed, black-skinned. One drop of your blood in my family would push it backward 2000 years in history. If you were to win her consent, a thing unthinkable, I would do what old Virginius did in the Roman Forum, kill her with my own hand rather than see her sink in your arms into the black waters of a negroid life. Now go!"

The author shows the intrusion of the ignorant, irresponsible negroes into politics and the evil effects of the power given them. The organization of the Ku-Klux Klan is described and the work of that famous secret society, during the early days of its history is defended as being the only method by which the respectable element of the South could prevent the complete ruin of the country by the Northern carpet-baggers, Southern white trash, and the negroes. The author condemns, however, the misuse of the power the organization wielded when it passed into the control of the younger and lawless element.

Published by Doubleday, Page & Co., New York; 465 pages, illustrated, $1.50.

"The 13th District" is a new novel by a new writer. There have been so few really adequate political novels written and published in the last few years that the public who so eagerly greeted "The Hon. Peter Sterling" will be thankful for this novel by Brand Whitlock. It is the chronicle of the life of a politician—a politician of that part of our country towards which the eyes of both the great parties anxiously turn, the Middle West. It tells of the struggles of the candidate for nomination, of his campaign and election. It follows him in his work among his constituents, in his successes and reverses, and shows in strong lights and shadows the effect of his work on himself. While there is no sensational expose of the making of a congressman, yet it tells of the ways and means by which a campaign is carried on among the voters and at the polls, and of how the candidates' managers operate. All this has been done carefully and discriminately, and the life has been truly drawn. It is a strong and convincing novel that holds the interest of the reader.

Published by the Berven-Merrill Co., Indianapolis; 490 pages, $1.50.

• • •

Among the books of the new century "The Political Freshman" comes to hand in a handsome binding and with attractive type. It is from the pen of Bushrod Washington James, who, notwithstanding his versatility, has never before essayed to publish a novel. Such the book is, for all it has been given a rather unromantic title; and one opens its pages with scarce any hope of becoming interested. But at the very outset the young collegian, Frank Freeman, who is the dominant character in the book, asserts a brave and fearless personality, and you are won to follow him step by step, admiring his noble impulses and his unassailable honesty of purpose. He has marked out for himself a definite pursuit, and no argument nor ridicule can turn him from it. "Reform" is his watchword, and how strongly he adheres to that idea his own arguments are best able to tell, when men of various classes come to him and endeavor by most vigorous diplomacy to divert him into channels best suited to advance their several interests.

The freshman's speeches appearing now and again through the book should be read by every one, for they will be found to contain much that is valuable information, though couched in language too graceful to be didactic, too brilliant to be wearisome. The parts of the work which are descriptive are written in the author's well known vein of keen and joyful appreciation of all that is beautiful and magnificent in nature and art. Taken all together, though the book has many pages, it will be found none too long, and no doubt it will take its place beside the most popular books of the year.

Published by the Bushrod Library, 1717 Green street, Philadelphia.

• • •

"The Strollers," a romance of the early American stage, by Frederic S. Isham, is published by the Bowen-Merrill company. This is a story of the struggles for the American drama in the days when to be a player was to be a pioneer. It tells of the romantic tour of a strolling company who found their audience and their stage in inns and town halls, and of their adventures as they traveled by coach through the countryside. The author has chosen a scene unique in fiction, and has told a story of such force and beauty that it will at once be recognized as a novel of importance. Although he has written a number of short stories and a few plays, this is his first novel. Mr. Isham, who lives in Detroit, is an expert newspaper man, and was for some time an editorial writer on the Free Press. During the last few years, however, he has devoted himself entirely to such literary work as the production of this book. Harrison Fisher, the illustrator, has given a very unusual amount of care and study to his eight pictures for "The Strollers." No book of fiction is more charmingly illustrated.

• • •

G. W. Dillingham company announces a new novel by Augusta Evans Wilson, "A Speckled Bird," the scenes of which take place soon after the civil war. Its title is taken from the scripture, "As a speckled bird, the birds round about are against her." It is sixteen years since the publication of Mrs. Wilson's last novel, during which time she has declined fabulous offers from various publishers. More than 1,000,000 copies of her works have been sold. "A Speckled Bird" is said to bear quite as many marks of the author's genius and fascinating style as does "St. Elmo," which, thirty-six years after issue, still holds its popularity.

• • •

It is said by those who have seen the advance sheets of "Miss Petticoats," the new novel by the unknown Dwight Tilton, which comes out in May, that an excellent summary of the ethical motive of the plot appears in the quotation from Jean Paul Richter, which serves in lieu of a preface. It reads as follows: "Humanity is never so beautiful as when praying for forgiveness, or else forgiving another. When thou forgivest, the man who has pierced thy heart stands to thee in the relation of the sea worm, that perforates the shell of the mussel, which straightway closes the wound with a pearl."

• • •

"Maids and Matrons of New France," by Mary Sifton Pepper, which was everywhere regarded as one of the best 100 books of 1901, is about to be brought out in Canada. Miss Pepper has made an important contribution to the history of the settlement of America, and as her book is the only one which portrays the hardships and adventures encountered by the brave French ladies who became the pioneer women settlers of Canada, it has been in great demand for public, school and private libraries.

• • •

The untimely death of Cecil Rhodes adds especial interest to the only authoritative biography of him which has ever appeared, the Life by his friend, Howard Hensman, recently published in beautiful form by the Harpers. The Life is replete with interest. No living man has had a career so wonderful, so spectacular as that of the "Colossus" of South Africa. Going there as a mere boy, he became in a marvelously short time a Croesus and an Empire builder, the whole world at times watching eagerly for the next move in the great game he was playing almost single-handed. Living in that remote region, he has easily overtopped England's most brilliant home statesmen. It can readily be seen how tempting such a figure would prove to the novelist. The best story ever written around Rhodes is "The Colossus," by Morley Roberts.

• • •

There are fifty items in the table of contents for the April number of The Smart Set, and an examination of these in detail shows that they cover almost the whole field of American drama. The novelette that leads the magazine—"The Ambition of the Baron," by Marvin Dana—is a story combining many and varied elements. It is primarily a romantic love-story, wherein a series of surprising events develops a happy issue. In it are adventure, clever dialogue, striking characterization and subtle satire. The story is one of absorbing interest, and it is written with notable literary elegance.

• • •

"Success" for April is a wellspring of inspiration, delight, and comfort to the magazine reader. It is also a splendid symposium of up-to-date information, and a lively mentor of the world's affairs. It opens with a new poem by Edwin Markham, the famous author of "The Man with the Hoe." The poem is entitled, "The Dream of Pilate's Wife," and is symbolic of the glory of Eastertide. Mr. Markham found his inspiration in those few verses of St. Matthew where Pilate's wife saw, in a dream, the young Christ rise to the heights of noble manhood, and saw Jerusalem go down before the wrath of spears." This is the first poem that Mr. Markham has written since his new volume, "Lincoln, and Other Poems," appeared, and, therefore, is a matter of considerable importance to the literary world. Justin McCarthy, the eminent author and politician, contributes an important article, entitled, "Humor in an Element of Life," in which he shows shows that some of the most noted men of the world have won appointement through a keen appreciation of fun.

• • •

The April number of 10 Story Book has been issued with an alluring April fool cover designed by Ike Morgan. The leading story is by Gen. Charles King, and is a thrilling tale of a train robbery, love and soldiers, under the title of "The Lass o' Jericho." Jeanette H. Walworth contributes a clever parlor comedy entitled "Making Mate." Ella W. Peattie contributes "The Vision of Hud Beach," and Julia Truitt Bishop, "Over at Lamby's."

• • •

The April Pilgrim is announced as a number especially devoted to the forthcoming biennial conference of the General Federation of Woman's clubs, to be held at Los Angeles, California. The articles specially bearing upon this, are: "Los Angeles, the Convention City," a lavishly illustrated article, by Edith M. Haverly; "The Federation of Woman's Clubs," by its present president, Mrs. Rebecca Douglas Lowe; "Twenty-five Years a Clubwoman," by Rev. Celia P. Wholley; "Notable American Clubwomen," by Bertha Damaris Knobe.

• • •

Harper's Magazine for April has seven delightful short stories, by Bret Harte, Thomas A. Janvier, Octave Thanet, Virginia Yeaman Remnitz, Cyrus Townsend Brady, Sydney H. Preston, and Albert E. Thomas. The opening article describes "Society in Washington," and was written by A. Maurice Low. Percy Fitzgerald follows with an article entitled "Dickens in His Books," in which he tells some unpublished facts about the novelist whose friends he was. Carl Snyder writes very entertainingly on "Fifty Years of Synthitic Chemistry," and Professor Shaler, of Harvard, on "The Relations of Animals and Plants." Harry de Windt, the famous traveler, tells of a wonderful "Land Journey from Paris to New York," and Henrietta Dana Skinner contributes a valuable paper throwing "New Light on Revolutionary Diplomacy."

• • •

The features of the April Century are a frontispiece engraving by Timothy Cole of the famous painting by Velasquez entitled "Head of a Young Man;" a group of papers of personal recollections of Appamattox by Gen. E. P. Alexander and Col. Charles Marshall, ex-Confederates, and Gens. John Gibbons and Wesley Merritt of the Union army; the beginning of a new serial story on marriage, entitled "Chimmie Fadden on L'Aiglon and Woman," "A Hard Road to Andy Coggins," by Chester Bailey Fernald; "My Golf," by Charles Bartell Loomis, and "Disciplining the R. & O.," by Willis Gibson, all illustrated; in the series on The Great West a chronicle of the overland trip to California by Noah Brooks entitled "The Plains Across," with pictures by Remington; in the Collector's Series an illustrated paper on bottles.

• • •

Scribner's Magazine for April begins a new novel by Richard Harding Davis—an event of the first importance to all lovers of good fiction. "Captain Macklin," which begins in this number, is the longest novel written by Mr. Davis and is the first since "Soldiers of Fortune." It is this most mature work, and narrates the adventures of a young West Pointer who was dismissed from the academy and went to Honduras to make a name for himself as a soldier with a body of revolutionists. It is romantic and adventurous in every page, and the development of the hero from his "curb" stage to a self-reliant soldier is depicted with even more skill than Mr. Davis has heretofore shown—which means that it is a triumph in narrative fiction. This installment and all others will be illustrated by Walter Appleton Clark. The story will run through six numbers. Among the stories in the number is an amusing tale of life in old Virginia by Thomas Nelson Page, entitled "The Sheriff's Bluff," with illustrations by Ransom.

• • •

Chief among the attractive features of the Easter Ladies' Home Journal is the opening installment of Helen Keller's own story of her life. The fact that this, and all the autobiography which is to follow, were actually written by the wonderful girl herself is only equalled by the remarkable literary merit of her production. There is a delightfully personal article about "The President's Daughter," accompanied by a hitherto unpublished picture of Miss Roosevelt and a pretty story of the singing of Easter carols in a New York belfry on Easter morning.

• • •

"Farming Out Convicts," an article giving a graphic account of the workings of the convict labor system in Georgia, forms the first feature of the April number of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly. This article is the result of an investigation made expressly for this magazine by R. F. Blackburn, and it cannot fail not only to arouse the interest of the reader, but to give him food for thought as well. Another side of prison life treated from an entirely different point of view is shown in the story, "The Mongrel Child," wherein one of Chicago's prison schools is used as the background for a striking tale of boy life.

• • •

The contents of the Popular Science Monthly for April are as follows: "Is This a Degenerate Age?" by Professor J. J. Stevenson; "The Formation and Motions of Clouds," by Professor Frank H. Bigelow; "Contributions to Biology From investigations on the Breeding Salmon," by Dr. Yandell Henderson; "What is Philosophy?" by Professor Frank Thilly; "A Study of Clams," by Professor Edwin Grant Dexter; "Our Foreign Commerce," by Frederic Emory; "The Soil as an Economic and Social Factor," by Frank K. Cameron; "The Draining of the Zuider Sea," by Professor J. H. Gore;" "The Evolution of Fishes," by President David Starr Jordan.

• • •

The Woman's Home Companion for April brings a breath of spring. From the illlustration on the cover to the last fashion article it is a seasonable magazine. "An Easter Bonnet," by Frederick M. Smith; "The Pisgan Church," by Harriet A. Nash, and a children's story of "Flower Fairies" are especially appropriate to the Eastertime. Clinton Scollard and Frank Dempster Sherman contribute notable poems of the season. Waldon Fawcett writes of "The Easter Flower Market," and Ernest Harold Baynes takes his readers on "A Little Journey to the Woods and Fields."

• • •

Lippincott's April Magazine publishes as its complete novel for which it is noted) a love story of the West Indies by John S. Durham, ex-minister to Hayti and Santo Domingo. The setting of "Diane, Priestess of Hayti," is therefore drawn from sight, while the plot shows a marvelous imagination. "Diane," a native beauty under the dominion of a priest, aspires to learn to "make the cures" and so become the people's idol. But she has given her heart to a young soldier who detests Voodooism, so her love pulls her one way and her ambition another. The story is one of fascinating intrigue, and the scenes of foreign society life in Hayti particularly interesting.

• • •

The April Forum opens with an article in which Sydney Brooks pertinently applies to our own problems in the Philippines the lessons to be learned from "The Example of the Malay States" under British rule. Among other papers on questions affecting foreign affairs are "The Anglo-Japanese Alliance," by A. Maurice Low, and "Prince Henry's Visit," by Professor Paul S. Reinsch. There figure also, in this month's contents, discussions of various subjects of domestic and public affairs now attracting the attention of congress; such as "The Amendment of the Interstate Commerce Act, and Railroad Pooling," by W. A. Robertson; "Promotion in the Army," by Maj. John H. Parker; "Shall the United States Lease Its Grazing Lands?" by John F. Lacey; and "Proposed Amendments to the Constitution," by Henry Litchfield West.

• • •

Oswald G. Villard opens the April Atlantic with "The New Army of the United States," an account of the reorganization of our army system, accompanied by a generous appreciation of what Secretary Root is doing and procuring done to bring our army into a state of modern efficiency. John W. Foster treats "Pan-American Diplomacy" apropos of the recent convention in Mexico. He discusses the rise and progress of the South American nations, our relations to them, their attitude towards us, and the prospects of the future.

• • •

Ainslee's Magazine for April contains an article of timely importance, "Divorce and the Family," by Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, one of the most influential Episcopal clergymen in New York. This is one of the most intimate and grave problems of American society is remarkably frank. "Along the Mississippi," by John Swain, is a very attractively written description of the ways of the river and the people that live on it and beside it from Elk Lake to the harbor of New Orleans. The illustrations from photographs have great variety and interest. "Indian Children at School," by Annie O'Hagan, is another well illustrated article that should have particular interest for women readers.

• • •

The World's Work for April, besides the editorial interpretation of events and the reports of striking instances of industrial and commercial progress in its departments, contains more than fifteen important articles widely varied in subject, all well written in the interesting, concise fashion that characterizes this magazine. The question, "Who is Nixon?" the man who has suddenly sprung into national importance, politically, in becoming leader of Tammany Hall, in New York, is answered by Franklin Matthews, one of the new searchings of the writers about Tammany in many campaigns. Apropos of the ship subsidy bill, Arthur Goodrich's finely illustrated article on the "Expansion of American Shipyards" describes recent developments in our shipbuilding.

• • •

The Review of Reviews for April is, as usual, full of interest material on various subjects. Beside "The Progress of the World," treating of the important topics of the month, there is an article on the Anglo-Japanese Alliance from the Japanese point of view, a rapid review of our great "Captains of Industry," a description of the new Lying-In Hospital in New York, and a character sketch of the late Col. Francis Wayland Parker. Other articles are "Educating the Deaf-Blind,"

• • •

"A New Factor in Lake Shipping," "Can Rural Social Forces be Federated?—A First Step," and a sketch of the late Charles Lewis Tiffany, the New York jeweler.

• • •

William I Cole, in the April number of the New England Magazine, traces the history of the "Early Churches of the North End, Boston." Of these places of worship, only one is now to be found in its original locality, that being Christ Church in Salem street, around which many historical associations are gathered. According to tradition, in its steeple were hung the signal lanterns of Paul Revere. It contains a number of treasures and curiosities, and is visited by many sightseers. The article is well illustrated.

• • •

While Easter has come and gone fashion still holds sway over the hearts of women, and the April issue of The American Queen will tell all of them what the new materials and the new trimmings are, and how to have them made up. Spring millinery also receives attention, and some of the most simple and artistic designs in everything that goes to make up woman's outfit are shown.

• • •

Country Life in America for April has caught the charm of the out-door world in spring. With large and superb illustrations, it has to do with everything from the birds and trees and wild flowers of April to horses and dogs, garden-making and the varied country pursuits of the month. A beautiful cover in colors is by Walter K. Stone, and, among the leading features, J. Horace McFarland contributes a suggestive article on the blooming of trees and shrubs; the editor, L. H. Bailey, has written the first installment of a "Country Home-Making" series, telling where best to seek the land for large and small places; and "The Art of Formal Gardening," by J. M. Good, treats of landscape-architecture on the famous Sprague estate at Brookline, Mass.

• • •

The first authoritative article on the remarkable experiences of Miss Ellen Stone, the American missionary, will be contained in the May number of ..... Woman's Home Companion, with rerctofore unpublished pictures. The author is the Rev. Dr. James L. Barton, corresponding secretary of the American board of foreign missions, which organization took foremost part in securing her release from the Bulgarian brigands. He tells in a graphic and thrilling manner of the events which led up to Miss Stone's captivity, the awful fate which threatened her, how the ransom for her release was raised, as well as the statement of the curious part the affair played in the diplomatic history of the world. ... is an article of more than ordinary interest.

• • •

"What Women Like in Men," "What Men Like in Women," and "Husbands and Wives," are the titles of a series of very interesting papers by Rafford Pyke, the third of which appears in the Cosmopolitan for April. The same number treats of Prince Henry's visit, with a series of beautifully printed photographs, under the title of "A Clever Emperor and a Confederation of Nations." F. Hopkins Smith, Israel Zangwill, Bret Harte and Maarten Maartens are among the other contributors to this number, which is unusually good in fiction.

• • •

The April National is the most lavishly illustrated magazine of the month. Its text also is of a good quality and of present interest. Joe Mitchell Chapple discusses "Affairs at Washington;" Edwin L. Sabin, Frank Tracy and Clarence Hawkes contribute excellent short stories; Ebridge R. Anderson writes about "The Gem of the Minneapolis Lakes;" Frank Putnam reviews the visit of "The Gentleman From Germany;" "Note and Comment" is a new department of crisp chat on a wide range of timely topics; timely books are reviewed with brevity and point.

• • •

Most attractively springlike are the literary features, illustrations, fashions and millinery in the Designer for May, the dainty color plates and cover adding largely to the effectiveness of this number. Of especial interest are "May Day," by John de Morgan, "The Art of Basketry," by Jane W. Guthrie, "Some Original Cottage Furnishings," by Mary Hillsyth, and "Selections for the Recitationist." The fiction comprises "White Versus Brown," a capital short story by L. G. Wilcoxson, "Joseph's Coat," a parlor comedy by Mary Dawson; "What Came of a Dare," by L. M. Montgomery, and the opening chapters of a continued love story.

• • •

In the variety, timeliness and interest of its contents, and in the ability and distinction of the writers who contributed them, the April number of the North American Review equals the very best issues of this great American magazine. Apropos of the attention lavished upon Prince Henry during his recent visit to the republic, Mark Twain asks "Does the Race of Man Love a Lord?" and he answers the question in the affirmative in an article abounding in naive humor. The Rt. Hon. James Bryce, M. P., author of "The American Commonwealth," communicates "Some Reflections on the State of Cuba," which resulted from a visit which he paid to the island a few months ago.

• • •

Besides a capital assortment of fiction, McClure's Magazine for April contains for articles of exceptional interest, one of which is of vehy present importance. This is "The Overworked President," by Lincoln Steffens. In form a straightforward narrative of a day passed at the White House, it is a telling arrangement of the system that subjects a great part of the president's working day to a ceaseless harrassment of trivial interruptions, and it should materially influence public opinion to support the reforms which are already contemplated in Washington, and as timely is Henry Herbert McClure's "Messages from Mid-Ocean," the story of Marconi's latest triumph. The writer of the article is a personal friend of the inventor, and tells in Marconi's own words many facts heretofore unpublished about the remarkable series of messages received on the Philadelphia on her now famous voyage.

• • •

The table of contents of April Outing contains names well known in the world of sport and athletics, and the pictures are such as will make the reader take up the magazine again and again to enjoy the pleasure of studying them. For those who shoot and fish there are some rare good things in this number of Outing; "The Witchery of Wa-Wa," by Edwin Sandys; "Fishing for Japanese Samlets in the Jewel River," by David Starr Jordan; "Dredge Instinct in Dogs," by Lynn Tem Sprague; "The Maneater of Seven Streams," by Capt. R. G. Burton, of the Indian army, and many other articles.

• • •

The April magazine number of the Great Round World is the first number of the periodical's second year under its present management. Since W. C. Gates, formerly business manager of the Review of Reviews and publisher of the Milwaukee Sentinel, purchased the paper its scope has been greatly enlarged, and many authorities on publishing now testify that it is the best weekly news journal on the market.

• • •

The story in the Argonaut for April 7 is by William J. Lampton, and is entitled "The Honorable Susan Muggins: An Extravaganza of the West." Mr. Lampton has become famous through his humorous contributions in the New York Sun. This story is written in his best style, and is most amusing.

• • •

One dose one cent, thirty-five doses 35 cents, home treatment, your own physician, with guarantee of cure, if you take Rocky Mountain Tea, Madison Medicine company, Madison, Wis. Ask your druggist.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

Low Rates West Via Great Northern Railway.

Round-trip homeseeker tickets on sale Tuesday, April 15, at one fare plus $2, to points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and California. Good for twenty-one days returning. One-way tickets every Tuesday to Minnesota and North Dakota points for $6. Low one-way rates every day to all points West. For full information call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel block.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Your Fortune Told Free

BY THE ZODIAC. Astrology reveals your life. We will send you a Horoscope Heralding of your life and a most Interesting Book on Astrology, if you send the date of your birth and stamp for return postage. Our readings have made people happy and full of hope and success. Address MAGAZINE OF MYSTERIES, 32 N. William St., N.Y. City.

HALF-A-MAN

is no man No one respects a weak-willed, nerve-shattered man.

No one can be a whole man who lacks the nerve-magnetism—which is so easily detected in the bright eye, the quick step, and manly bearing.

If, by reason of improper living, such as excessive use of opiates, strong drink, or other excesses, you have lost the essential powers of manhood, take

Palmo Tablets

They quickly make you feel and look younger, healthier and stronger.

We don't want to keep your money if they don't cure you.

60 cents, 12 boxes, $5.00. Sealed book free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

FIGPRUNE Cereal

54% Fruit 46% Grains

A Perfect Food Drink

The beverage made from Figprune Cereal is smooth, palatable and nutritious. Because of the large percentage of natural saccharine matter in figs and prunes, Figprune requires less sugar than any other cereal coffee. All Grocers Sell It

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

Don't use soap for your cleaning.

GOLD DUST

is more convenient, cheaper and better than Soap at any price. It softens hard water, lessens labor and injures nothing.

Made only by the N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

Important Factors in the Brewing of

BLATZ BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

Choicest Materials, Absolute Cleanliness, Maturing and Sterilizing Process, Skilled Brewmasters.

Every brew is uniformly successful. There are different brands—all are reliable.

BLATZ MALT VIVINE (Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee. Duluth Branch—Tel. 62.

Miss Rose Owens
No. 720 Seventeenth Street, Washington, D. C.

"If every suffering woman has the same experience with Wine of Cardui that I had, your medicine certainly will be most popular. About a year ago I began to have a worn out tired feeling with lassitude, pains in the back and head which kept increasing every month. I felt that I needed something, but to get the right medicine was the trouble. I finally decided on your Wine of Cardui and only needed to take three bottles when I was fully recovered."

WHEN Miss Rose Owens, who has a responsible position in the Government service at Washington, D. C., decided to try Wine of Cardui, she made a wise choice. Over a million women have been relieved of female weakness by this same Wine of Cardui. It is not a strong medicine but may be taken every day in the year by any woman with benefit. It does not force results, but corrects derangements of the menstrual organs. It strengthens the nervous system, gives tone to the bodily functions, acts directly on the genital organs, and is the finest tonic for women known to the science of medicine. For all the aches and drains attendant on the ailments peculiar to women, Wine of Cardui is the staunchest guardian of her health and happiness.

WINE OF CARDUI

Why don't you take Wine of Cardui and be a well woman?

March 29, 1900, Mrs. W. H. Jones, of Cameron, Mo., wrote the following to The Chattanooga Medicine Co.:

"I ask for advice for the treatment of my complaint. I hear a great many women in my condition were cured by Wine of Cardui, so I send for the medicine."

The medicine was sent her and August 13, 1900, she wrote again, the following:

"Perhaps you will remember Mrs. W. H. Jones, who wrote you six months ago asking for advice which you so kindly gave her. I never will be able to thank you enough for it: I suffered terribly at monthly periods for three years. I would some times go for seven months with no flow at all. Now I have my health back again and am expecting to be confined in January. I cannot praise your medicine enough."

Over 10,000 cured women besides Miss Owen and Mrs. Jones have written letters like these, telling of the cures Wine of Cardui has worked for them. One of the grateful women is Miss Alice Daulton, of Bon Air, Tenn., who writes:

"I am glad to say that since I have been taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I feel much better in every way. The medicine has done me a lot of good and I am getting along nicely, and shall continue its use as long as I can get it. Nothing I have taken during the past three years has done what your medicines have done for me. I recommend it to all ladies I meet, and especially to those in the same condition I was in. Mrs. Evans, of Bon Air, whom I induced to try your wonderful medicine, is improving fast. I still continue to recommend Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught."

If you are a suffering woman we would say to you that Wine of Cardui seldom fails to completely cure any case of female ills. We say emphatically, it never fails to benefit. Over 1,000,000 women have been cured by Wine of Cardui. Every day hundreds of sufferers are writing to our Ladies' Advisory Department. The letters are opened by persons competent to give advice. Mrs. Jones was cured by following the advice which was freely given her by the Ladies' Advisory Department. Miss Owens and Miss Daulton were cured without advice by just buying a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui from their druggists and taking this great medicine in the privacy of their homes. No doctor's examination, treatment or advice is necessary. You have read what these three cured women have written. Is this not enough to lead you to determine to be rid of suffering?

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE-MARKS.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1865.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 28, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of John W. Stewart, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Fanny S. Stewart, administratrix of the estate of John W. Stewart, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 25th day of March, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court St. Louis Co. Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, March-29-April-5-12-1902.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, or other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.

ALL ROBED IN WHITE

But With Some Variations Will Be This Year's Summer Girl.

Many Shades of White, and Color of Old Lace a Popular One For Very Light Cloth Gowns.

New York, April 10.—April showers are here, and the May flowers are springing through the sod. The showers and the flowers are the signal of spring, and as Mother Nature flaunts her gay hues the woman goes out into the world, upon summer shopping bent. That she must soon be a summer girl she knows.

The most apparent fact in her spring catalogue is the one which tells her that it is to be a white summer. Perhaps not all white, but so nearly so that you might as well say white.

Who cares if a gown be in moon-colored yellow, just off the cream and only a little deeper. As far as the summed woman is concerned she might just as well be in white. Her gown soils just as easily; it is just as fragile in other ways; just as trying to the complexion, just as delicate as though it were of sheer, immaculate stuff.

cloth, which is the color of old lace, is designed specially and only for the house. Far from it. This soft shade is made up into street gowns and is worn with pink decorations, or with bows of brown velvet, which are really better for the street. Take such a gown and tuck the blouse waist. Tuck the sleeves, and let cuffs of old lace finish the wrists, with puffs of lace above them. Let the yoke be a lace one, and let the collar be of the cloth, with lace over it. Then let the belt and bust have a very little coffee brown velvet, in the shape of a twist, and some tiny brown velvet roses, made up from velvet by the yard, not artificial roses, but "made" roses. An aroma of refinement will hang around this gown.

One of the most charming creations of the early summer is a gown of chocolate colored veiling, rather pale, more like a chocolate-au-lait.

The skirt is of sweep length, laid in tucks from the belt down nearly to the hem, and the waist is made in the same way; all tucks from throat to belt, with a little pouchy effect over the front of the belt.

There is lace upon this gown, as upon all the dresses of spring, whether they be for the street or the house, and the lace in this case is used as a hip yoke, with a point in the middle of the front and with tapering sides. There is a waist yoke, but it comes upward from the belt and looks something like a continuation of the hip yoke. The cuffs are baggy affairs of the chocolate cloth, with neat little wristbands of lace finishing them.

The idea that the boots, the gloves and the hat make the costume is one that grows upon you this season. The extreme neatness of the new shoes, with their polished leather sides, their brilliant tips and their soft tops, excite admiration and respect. They are heavy, these new spring shoes, and very sensible, though they do not go about branded with that accusation, it is really time to put on low shoes in nearly every part of the country. As soon as snow is past the low shoes are brought out and women who like to look neat around the feet welcome this economical escape from the easily roughened high boot top.

The Priscilla, or the Colonial, tie of spring has made its appearance. It is low and rather wide in the toe. It is high in the heel, but after the Cuban pattern, not the French heel style, nor the Louis Quinze.

The heel, while high, is square and supports the ankle. There is a big gun metal buckle upon the instep, and the shoe has a tongue. Behind the tongue there is a little strap and a button. The sole is heavy and it is to be doubted if fair woman, with her protective petticoats, will suffer in health from this style of low shoe.

It is time to be out and buying the summer gown. You can do so for a very little. The lovely printed muslins are very cheap, and there are figured chiffons, chiffonettes they are called, that make lovely trimmings. The French prints are excellent and the Art Nouveau muslins quite throw into the shade the mercerized goods which held the center of the stage as an attraction last year and the year before.

Why not get a simple little printed muslin and make it up in the way it should go? You will want a sheath skirt, as close as possible around the hips, and as full as an orchid around the feet. The orchid skirt is one of the new skirts. So is the morning-glory skirt, which is extremely full.

The flounce can be one that is pointed at the top. It can be cut in great points so that only ten of them are needed to encompass the skirt. The bottom hangs straight and even and is finished by a hem.

Around the top of the flounce there are narrow black velvet ribbons run, and these are threaded in and out of a band of insertion which finishes the top of the flounce. At the top of each point there comes a little black velvet bow.

The belt need be only a band insertion, with narrow black velvet run through it. Two-inch wide insertion makes a good belt.

This season so many pretty belts are made of insertion. The kind that will accommodate a ribbon is used and the velvet ribbon is run at top and bottom. Any color may be chosen, and the belt is so inexpensive that one can have half a dozen, one for each suit—run with ribbon to match.

A charming way to finish the wrists

DAINTY NEW MODEL.

Fine white lawn waist, closed in the back. Medallions set in squares and Valenciennes in sertion form the front. The short sleeves are finely tucked to the elbow, from whence they fall in a ruffle.

trimming get a whole piece of white satin ribbon, baby width. Take it and tie it into a rosette, or sew it into one if you be not expert enough to tie it. Let there be several long loops and no ends. Take this rosette, which must be as big and as firm as a white love apple, and fasten it at the upper edge of the flounce. If desired you can place such a rosette at intervals all the way around the skirt, or you can use three rosettes to trim the front of the skirt, one above the other, with six inches between.

The short-sleeved girl of summer is certainly here, and she will remain and multiply. The sleeve that is chopped off at the elbow is the sleeve that will be worn in August. There is nothing difficult about its making. It is cut off and finished with a ruffle of the dress material, that is all—and very simple it is.

There are fancy ways of making these short sleeves. They can be cut off above the elbow and completed with a wide, sharp cuff which turns back and stands out a Louis Quinze cuff. Or the sleeve can be cut off below the elbow and finished in the same way.

A lovely cuff places the elbow in a bag with a cuff below the elbow and the cuff is finished with hanging lace.

There is one sleeve that is most beautiful of all. It is the great Kimona sleeve, and it is made out of muslin, lawn, cloth or velvet. It is large, and constantly grows larger. From being tight at the shoulder, it gradually widens until it is perfectly immense around the hand, while it shows a beautifully gorgeous lining.

The outside of the sleeve is trimmed, not always with a band of velvet, but sometimes with straps of insertion, if it be a lightweight sleeve, the straps extending up the arm.

A sleeve is worn beneath this, and the more delicate the under sleeve is the prettier. It should be of a soft Louisine silk of beautiful hue, and so fine in its texture that it will crumple like a web, yet shake out again without a wrinkle.

They are selling these silks this year that look like brocaded velvet, but on being squeezed in the hand show the softness of a rose leaf and the toughness of wood fiber.

Such hosts of those linen turnover collars that they are becoming a weariness to the eyes, but here is an all-linen stock which is charming. It is of pink, in the prevailing style, the tower edge having a deep point in front. The upper edge is finished with a fold of the pink linen, and between that and the body of the collar a line of cream lace is set in, and the collar itself is simply embroidered with French knots.

There has been a great revolution in court gowns and trains this year. Long ago the correct thing was a handsome light colored silk or satin petticoat, with the bodice and train of velvet brocade or some heavy material of a darker color; if the wearer was elderly, or in mourning, the entire costume might be black. A light colored train was never worn but with a white or light colored petticoat. Last year trains of lace, chiffon or mousseline de sole had a certain popularity, but the latest thing in a fashionable court gown is a much embroidered black skirt and bodice, and a white or pale colored train. The idea, if well carried out, is at once distinguished and uncommon.

A very pretty woman at the last Dublin drawing room had a black satin gown much embroidered with steel, silver and mother of pearl sequins. The train of rich cream satin came from both shoulders and was trimmed with pale pink roses and old lace. The effect was exceedingly good. Another gown destined for London is of deep blue chiffon and silver embroidery, the train in this case being of oyster colored satin with embroideries of edelweiss.

Silk coats, dainty and frivolous, are among the new fashions the smart girl has adopted for spring and summer. They are to wear with her flowered silk muslins, her transparent vellings and her sheer batistes. And very lovely their silk embroidery, frills of lace and jeweled buttons. Some are loose fitting empire coats, with flowing sleeves a mass of lace. Others are smart little cutaway coats, open in front to show the bodice. They are designed much on the lines of the Eton with the postilion back. But all of them have the sleeve which ends just below the elbow. They are chic and Frenchy made of moire and they are equally charming of soft brocade. Only the palest colors are used for these coats, maize, delicate pink, baby blue, Nile-green, pinkish heliotrope and beige the favorite shades. White silk coats embroidered in faint colors are also the fashion.

Milliners are reproducing those stunning big bunches of violets in the large violet-covered boxes, just as the florist sends them out of his shop. The milliners' flowers are, of course, artificial, but beautiful, nevertheless, tied in clusters, with velvet to match the flowers, and stabbed with a long pearl-headed pin put in a violet-flowered silver box. The complete outfit costs only $6. The violet clusters are to be worn on the corsage. One could get the real violets for the same price, without a doubt, silver box, pearl pin, and all. The real violets cost $2.50 a hundred.

A little later on in the season, when the sun gets up every morning in good earnest, we shall take very kindly to the wear of exceedingly transparent blouses. In the thinnest Liberty silk and nainsook they are made, with transparent lace collars and not infrequently with elbow sleeves. This last feature is confined, of course, to those that will be worn indoors and in the country. A few of these airy, crisp waists, with white duck skirts, solves the problem of proper and inexpensive summer costumes for the woman of moderate means.

A deliciously pretty lawn or Swiss blouse, elaborately fretted with Valenciennes lace and puckered with baby tucks, can be had for $5; a smartly cut white pique skirt is purchaseable for the same price, and if a cheaper, more becoming and more daintily appropriate outfit for summer luncheon, club house tea, country wedding, or even an informal little dinner, can be had, the writer would like to hear of it. A shaped belt of stitched white peau de sole is quite the proper waist finish for such a toilet, with white silk gloves and a white hair cloth hat trimmed with flowers.

Paris says that all the spring and summer gowns will be made with sashes instead of belts, and, accordingly the prettiest ribbons are shown in sash width.

The dragon-fly is the fashionable insect. It is used for headdresses, is set in enameled and precious stones on purses and even embroidery on handkerchiefs and other triffles of dress.

Among the latest and prettiest ornaments for the coiffure is a wonderful dragon-fly circlet consisting of a swarm of flies in full flight, the wings made of transcicucent enamel and the bodies of green enamel.

The fashion of wearing natural flowers in the day time is making its way rapidly, and the custom is spreading. In America, however, few women would venture to appear with such enormous bunches of posies as dies the duchess of Marlborough, who is not infrequently seen with from fifteen to twenty gardenias arranged on he bodice. Mrs. Rupert Beckett, of London, also conspicuous in the Marlborough house set, thinks nothing of wearing four large arum lilies in a cluster. Lady Downshire confines herself to gardenias while in season, and Lady Algernon Gordon-Lennox is content with nothing else than a very good sized bunch of lilies-of-the-valley. These usually she wears tucked in her waist belt. One hardly ever sees the duchess of Portland without five or six, sometimes seven or eight, of the beautiful Malmaison carnations, which are her favorite and especial flower.

Mrs. Astor still retains her attachment for the violet which bears her name. It is large, of a pinky-lavender color, and has the faintest possible scent. Mrs. Pierpont Morgan wears, whenever she dons any flower, the quaint, pretty rose named in her honor. Happily, it is especially adapted for use on a bodice, and the bloom rather small and compact. Its coloring also is exquisite, a deep, brilliant pink blending to a creamy white.

It is not for all to boast the proud distinction of having flowers named in their honor, but the majority of women have individual taste enough to prefer some one blossom to another. Now is the opportunity to let this choice be known, for more individuality is given to the custom of wearing flowers when one does not constantly change from one gay bloomer to another.

In making such a choice the scent of the flower should come under consideration. Many women would turn giddy with inhaling the odor of lilies-of-the-valley or others redolent of such heavy perfumes. Even the scent of violets cannot be be endured by some women. Perhaps for this reason we so frequently see on bodices, bunches enormous in size, of the lovely but scentless white freezia.

A woman in this city is so afraid of microbes that she will not sit on a chair, unless it has been washed with Rocky Mountain Tea. Smart woman. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

BLUE FOULARD GOWN.

Blue and white foulard gown. The skirt and bodice elaborately trimmed with Irish lace and narrow ribbed velvet. From M. Williamson & Co.

Fortunately for her who is to be in the white swim, this color comes this year in becoming tones. Instead of the blue white which is becoming only to the fairest blondes, the clear type, it comes in a deep tone, almost cream, and in oyster gray, which is quite white, and in the grayish blues that are smoky in their depths.

You will be surprised to find how many shades of white there are, and if you are contemplating the matching of a white cloth dress you had better take along a bit of the goods, for no matter how fine an eye you have for color, you will surely make a mistake and come home with something that does not match at all.

The color of old lace is a popular one for the very light cloth gown. It is a yellowish white, very soft and immensely becoming. There are very few who cannot wear it. You will find that it makes up delightfully with ecru and tan laces and with Irish crocheted point in the unbleached thread.

Such lovely softness as there is in this tone, carried through a whole gown. To dress it up a little, to brighten it and bring out the color of your cheeks, you will want a chou of panne pink velvet, just upon the bust, with two hanging ends finished with velvet knots. Your belt and stock may be the same, or you can depart from this custom and wear a pink rose in your hair, one at your neck and one at your belt.

It must not be supposed that this

of your summer dress is with a ruffle of the printed musiin. Between ruffle and sleeve use a strip of insertion for a cuff and run the narrow ribbons through it.

A great many summer waists are cut very low in the neck, to set over a yoke of white lace. This pretty fashion permits the leaving off of the yoke for evening and dinner occasions. The only neck finish required for the waist is the little black velvet ribbon run through insertion.

The stock is a simple matter of needlework, with velvet run through. At one side of the bust there may be a big chou of black velvet ribbon. And for the hair you will need another chou of black velvet to match the one at the bust.

Society girls who dress a great deal and have a great many gowns are selecting the crisp materials, which are fashionable this year. These materials give an appearance of youth that can not be obtained from any other kind of stuff.

They are crisp and fresh, young and natural-looking, quite different from the clinging, aesthetic type, so-called, and for a change, very refreshing. Just how they will stand the wind and the weather, the sea breezes and the mountain fastnesses, it will be for summer to disclose. When first made they are charming.

Flounces are varied by trimmings of white satin ribbon. To make a flounce

DU BARRY EFFECT.

Tan three-quarter spring wrap with the Du Barry cape and cuff effect. Black velvet ribbon trimming and long ends.

SECRETARY GLEASON

Of The Woman's Catholic Order of Forresters, Chicago,

St. Francis Xavier Court No. 174, Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Some women are tireless in their home work, others in their work in the church or their favorite society or club; they laugh and sing and are happy.

But think of the poor one who is left at home, utterly unable to make any effort whatever, broken hearted and despondent.

The horror of female complaints is upon her; she is oppressed by that distressing bearing-down feeling, backache, her nerves are all gone, don't care to move and wants only to be left alone.

O, dear sister, don't you know by this time that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** will surely reach the cause of all this trouble and make you well and strong! It certainly will cure you as certainly as the sun shines. Read what Mrs. Gleason says:

MRS. M. GLEASON, Chicago, Ill.

"I want every woman to know that **Lydia E. Pinkam's Vegetable Compound** has been of untold value to a large number of women of our order. I know positively that it has cured many of the most distressing diseases of the pelvic organs, falling of the womb, ovarian troubles, and painful menstruation. There is no question in the world but that it is superior to any medicine for women. I have used it myself and know whereof I speak. — Yours truly, MRS. M. GLEASON, 554 West Taylor St., Chicago."

Two More Sufferers Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was sick with female weakness. I took all kinds of medicines, you might say, and was operated on by doctors, but they did me no good. After taking five bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** I found relief and am now enjoying good health. Since taking your medicine I have become the mother of a little boy. I will praise your medicine as long as I live."—MRS. SARAH E. REEDER, Amsden, Ohio. (Dec. 27, 1900.)

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered daily from backache and stomach ache. Menstruation was suppressed for six months, and then appeared again, but very painful and irregular. Instead of consulting a doctor I thought I would try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I now feel as well and strong as ever I did, and since taking it I have given birth to a little boy, and we do bless your medicine. I will advise all sick women to use it."—MRS. IDA PETTERSON, Box 93, Amasa, Mich. (March 1, 1901.)

Mountains of gold could not purchase such testimony as we are constantly publishing; only the unquestionable merit of Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine can accomplish so much. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. if you are ill. The efficiency of her advice is proven by thousands of letters from women who have been cured of female troubles by her guidance and medicine.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of **"Mother's Friend."** This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses **"Mother's Friend"** need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to **Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.**

MOTHER'S FRIEND

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

Al. H. Wilson, Golden Voiced Singer, at the Lyceum Monday.

Frank Daniels Refused to Play In a Company With Florence Burns, Who Was Accused of a Murder.

One of the prominent theatrical successes of the past season was the initial starring venture of the golden-voiced singer and German dialect comedian, Al. H. Wilson, in Sidney R. Ellis' romantic comedy drama, "The Watch on the Rhine," under the direction of Charles H. Yale and Sidney R. Ellis. Mr. Wilson continues the present season in "The Watch on the Rhine," supported by a large company, and complete scenic investiture, said to be very elaborate and exceptionally good. Al. H. Wilson is a rare combination of good actor and good singer, having a voice of much sweetness, depth and expression, combined with a handsome stage presence and clever refined comedy methods. His repertoire of songs include some destined to become very popular through their tuneful melody and pretty words. Among them are "Love is All in All," "My Little Fraulein," "The Tea Kettle Song," "In Tyrol," "When Parading" and "A Song of Home."

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Frank Daniels Deserves to Be Warmly Applauded.

New York, April 12.—There is fire in the eye of Frank Daniels; in fact, he is right-down, hopping mad. The trouble grew out of an authoritative statement made the other day that Florence Burns, who has gained considerable notoriety in connection with the death of Walter Brooks, had made up her mind to be a chorus lady in "Miss Simplicity." The statement even went so far as to declare, upon the word of Kirke La Shelle's representative, that Miss Burns would join the company in New Haven on Monday night. When Daniels read this he went on the warpath all the way from Mamaroneck to La Shelle's office. In the latter place they are somewhat accustomed to tempestuous visits from Mr. Daniels, but this one broke all records. He gave nobody a chance to get a word in, and wound up with the flat declaration that, if Miss Burns was allowed to appear on the stage at New Haven or any other town, the company would be minus a star.

• • •

Miss Anne Huntington, a Canton girl who has cast her fortunes with the stage, returned to town last week, after a successful trip with the "Barbara Frietchie" company. Miss Huntington is undecided as to her future plans, but will probably return to the road with the same organization.

• • •

Addison Bright paid a visit to New York last week as the representative of Mrs. Humphrey Ward, who purposes producing a dramatization of her last novel, "Eleanor," in London during the coronation. Mrs. Ward had made overtures originally to Liebler & Co. for the services of Miss Eleanor Robson for the principal part in her play, and she and Mr. Bright evolved what they considered an ideal scheme for the production. Mr. Bright proposed that Kyrle Bellew and Miss Robson should appear at the St. James theater in London in "A Gentleman of France," taking the entire cast and accessories from this country. It was then Mrs. Ward's intention to present "Eleanor" with Bellew and Miss Robson in the leading parts, at a series of five special matinee performances. This scheme, however, was knocked in the head by the fact that Bellew's contracts to appear in "The Lady of Lyons" with Mary Mannering will keep him engaged in this country until June 10, altogether too late to make an appearance on the other side. Miss Robson, I now understand, will not go abroad for possibly two years. Her engagements for next season are not settled beyond the fact that she will continue in her present role for some weeks early next season, and then will appear in one of the other Liebler productions, but not as a star. Her London debut, while determined upon, will be postponed for at least two seasons.

• • •

The success of Robert Edeson in "Soldiers of Fortune" has brought a new manager very much to the front. Henry B. Harris, who is in charge of the company, is a son of William Harris, of the theatrical firm of Rich and Harris, and was for years connected with that firm's enterprises in Boston. When Mary Irwin was put forward as a star Harris became her business manager, and he has since acted in a similar capacity for Charles Frohman, Mrs. Langtry, whose American representative he now is, and Miss Amelia Bingham. On his own account he has obtained the services of Miss Percy Haswell, who is now at the head of her own company in Baltimore, and he will present her next season in "A Royal Family." Besides his other enterprises, Harris has secured property and broken ground for the erection of a new theater in Forty-fifth street. Members of the "Soldiers of Fortune" and "The Last Appeal" companies were present when the first spadeful of ground was turned for the new theater, and Mr. Harris' health was drunk with great enthusiasm. "The Last Appeal," Leo Dietrichstein's latest comedy, will have its first production under Harris' management at Wallack's next week.

The Academy of Music is rapidly becoming the great revival resort of New York. Plays which have had a long and successful run in other sections of the town have been repeated at the Academy lately with marked success. This is especially true in regard to "Under Two Flags." Miss Bianchia Bates is playing to crowded houses, and the end of her run is not in sight. "The Christian" also enjoyed a successful run there this year. Now the word is passed along that "Florodora" is to be given at the Academy next season on a scale that could not be attempted at the Casino. Plans are also making for a revival of "Robinhood," and the prospective management announces that as many of the original cast as possible will be seen in the new production. This would include Jessie Bartlett Davis, Eugene Cowles, Camille D'Arville, W. H. McDonald, Henry Clay Barnabee and George Forthingham.

• • •

Mrs. Leslie Carter gave a special matinee on Thursday of last week in order to give professionals who are now under engagement an opportunity of seeing "Du Barry." The performance was not a professional one in any sense, for no complimentary tickets were distributed. This excited some comment among the theatrical folk, but on Wednesday afternoon no fewer than four actresses of considerable prominence were in line waiting to buy seats. It is doubtful if such a tribute has been paid to any other star in years.

Miss Lulu Glaser has a fad to which she is most devoted. This is the use of a rifle, and during the recent Sportsmen's show Miss Glaser made her appearance in Madison Square Garden one afternoon and exhibited her proficiency, to the great delight of the Indians and spectators. She spends her summers in the Catskills, and much of her time is given to filling a green bag.

• • •

Ever since Lillian Russell and Fay Templeton astonished Broadway by the elaborateness of the breakfast they arranged for their fellow players, Adele Ritchie has been envious. She broke loose the other day with the first of a series of pink teas and violet luncheons, with which she intends to entertain every member of "The Toreador" company. Unfortunately, Miss Ritchie's quarters in Sixty-fifth street are slightly cramped and the Toreadors have to be entertained at luncheon, so to speak. The first crowd have been singing her praises ever since, saying it was the best time they have had in many a day.

• • •

Martha Morton is still having trouble with "The Diplomat," and the mere mention of her play is now sufficient to create a freezing atmosphere. Not satisfied with the entirely rewritten third act, William Collier is hard at work revising the first two, and within a week Miss Morton will be wholly unable to recognize any of her own handiwork in the play.

• • •

Miss Julia Stewart has been hurried to the Pacific coast to play the part of Glory Quayle with E. J. Morgan in "The Christian." Miss Elsie Leslie's illness, while by no means as serious as was at first reported, will keep her out of the cast for at least three weeks.

• • •

Mrs. Isabelle Waldron, of the "Her Lord and Master" company, is in a serious condition, the result of nursing her daughter, Georgia Waldron, who met with an accident while playing in "Up York State." A surgical operation was necessary, and in attending her Mrs. Waldron contracted blood poisoning. The doctors have managed to check the spread of the disease, but Mrs. Waldron has been obliged to give up her place in the cast. Her misfortune, however, proved a boon to Louis Macintosh, who in private life is Mrs. Robert Rogers. With her husband she has been on the stage for nearly twenty years without separation, but the first break came when Mrs. Rogers was persuaded to play the part of the American millionaire in Herbert Kelcey's production. There was no part available for his wife, but she made her first sent for to take Mrs. Waldron's part, and husband and wife are now playing together again.

• • •

Curiously, Henry Dixey has returned to Broadway to score a triumph at the same theater where he made his first great hit in "Adonis." In "A Modern Magdalen," at the Bijou, Dixey has a part which suits him wonderfully well and which affords versatility such an opportunity as he did not have when he appeared at Daly's. He has scored quite as much of a triumph as did Miss Bingham herself. The audiences at that theater, by the way, have made little or no comment about Miss Bingham's rule which was intended to prevent late comers from taking their seats and disturbing the others. They have simply disregarded it.

• • •

One more member of the old "Climbers" cast has left the Bingham forces to better himself elsewhere. Barrett Sturgis, who created the role of Young Goadsby, has been engaged by Manager Smythe to create the leading juvenile role in "The Rose of Plymouth Town," in which Miss Minnie Dupree will star next season.

• • •

Mayor Low's niece, Catherine Corr, has turned from the stage, with a heart filled with indignation. Miss Corr's greatest possession was a host of relatives, and this was sufficient to attract a small amount of newspaper comment when it was first announced that she was to join "The Messenger Boy" company. Miss Corr did start in the front row of the chorus, but her journey to the rear was both heartrending and rapid. She will now devote herself to talents in other directions.

• • •

Mrs. Leslie Carter, it seems, has made up her mind to retire from the stage—not right away, of course, for five years more is the time she now allots to her stellar course. She has decided that by that time she will have all the money she needs, and she then means to take a rest for good. Undoubtedly Mrs. Carter is the hardest-worked actress on the stage today, and her determination is no surprise to those who know how weary of the strain she has undergone she really is.

• • •

Another report which may possibly lend a retirement, although it is not generally so regarded at the present moment, is that Marie Dressler and Nina Farrington have decided to purchase a modest tract of land somewhere over in Long Island and raise chickens. They tell about this seriously, and it may be so. At any rate, all Broadway would be interested in the product of that establishment.

• • •

It remained for some young ladies over in Jersey City to spring a minstrel joke which has not been heard on Broadway within the memory of living man. They blacked their faces and lured the dollars out of city chaps' pockets and Jersey City pockets, and then they gave the audience this: "Why was Goliath jarred when David used his sling?" "Because such a little thing never entered his mind before."

• • •

One of the greatest hits in "Sky Farm" at the Garrick is a variation of the novelty of the hair-lipped man introduced by James H. Bradbury in "Eben Holden." This time it is a country youth who throws fits, but it is identical that the audience is convulsed with laughter. Another hit is a poker game between a black drifter and the hired man, when a straight flush is beaten by a "baboo."

• • •

The sixth and last week of the Empire Theater company's latest success, "The Twin Sisters," began on Monday at the Empire theater. The Fulda company is now withdrawn at the house because interest in it has fallen off. The success has to be interrupted to permit of the execution of Charles Frohman's plans for the Empire theater for the balance of the season. Before he sailed for Europe he arranged that "The Twin Sisters" was to be played for four weeks, when it would be succeeded by "The Importance of Being Earnest." This plan contemplated the production of "The Importance of Being Earnest" two weeks ago. The demand for "The Twin Sisters" was so great, however, that there was some reluctance about withdrawing the comedy, and in response to popular demand it has been permitted to remain on the Empire stage three weeks beyond its original time, and it is now decided not to longer postpone the new play. It will be presented at the Empire theater on Monday evening, April 14. Meanwhile "The Twin Sisters" is drawing audiences who find artistic pleasure in the handsome production and the acting of Charles Richman and Margaret Anglin.

• • •

"It's an awful affair" was the comment of both Rich and Harris, who produced Anson Pond's drama, "Life," at the Garden on Monday night. So long as they take that view of it is it necessary to add that in this they have the public's heartfelt indorsement.

• • •

I understand that time has been secured at one of the Broadway theaters for "East Lynne," with Miss Elita Proctor Otis as the star. If the present lack of attractions continues it is highly probable that "Uncle Tom's Cabin" may be seen on this street before the summer sets in.

• • •

Manager Charles E. Evans, as was rumored some time ago, is to return to the field of metropolitan theatrical management, as he has secured the lease on the old Comique theater on Broadway, formerly occupied by Harriman, Lew Dockstader and Sam T. Jack at different times in its career. The theater is to be rechristened the Princess, and will be given over to musical comedies. It is now being redecorated and refurnished for the new lessee.

• • •

Julia Marlowe, when she closes her season late next month in "When Knighthood Was in Flower," will lay aside that piece with affectionate recollections of the two greatest seasons of financial prosperity she has ever known as a star. Next year Miss Marlowe will have two new plays by French dramatists, which are being adapted for her use. Both will likely be revised by Miss Marlowe herself before being produced in this country. Miss Marlowe has joined the ranks of stars who are done with book-made plays, as she holds that they have a tendency to stultify any original development of the American drama.

• • •

Samuel Marion, formerly connected with a number of the famous Hoyt farces, is announced as a new vaudeville recruit. He will soon bring out a new comedy bit, assisted by four girls in dances.

• • •

Clyde Fitch is again reported to be almost fully recovered from his indisposition and will sail in a week or two for Europe, where he will enjoy a long rest visiting the big continental resorts.

• • •

For this week in Boston Mrs. Fiske announced several performances of "A Doll's House," in which she has not been seen for several seasons.

• • •

Willie Collier is running along smoothly with his new comedy, "The Diplomat," where he will likely last out the slowly dying season. New York has been growing enthusiastic over Collier's acting, and one critic has had the audacity to compare him to Joe Jefferson. An odd paradox is noticed in this particular, for it is made a source of objection to Collier's new play that as its hero he does entirely too much drinking. The principal objection is that a hero is made of a dipsomaniac. How about Joe Jefferson in "Rip Van Winkle?"

• • •

Henrietta Crosman now announces that following her New York season, now drawing to an end, she will start out on a short spring tour and make some trial performances of the new play "Madeline," written for her by Mrs. W. K. Clifford. If it proves a success this play will be used by Miss Crosman next season.

• • •

Next season's theatricals will be notable for two modern dramas founded on "Francesca da Rimini." The first will be George Alexander's production of his present London success, "Paolo and Francesca," by Stephen Phillips, which is roundly praised for its poetic excellence. The other will be D'Annunzio's "Francesca da Rimini," which Eleanora Duse is using in Italy with great favor, despite its unfavorable reception upon its premier production in Rome. Both of these distinguished stars are to be foreign visitors next season, and their coming will heighten the interest in the great Dante story which was given prominence the present season by Otis Skinner's handsome revival of Boker's tragedy, founded on the same theme.

• • •

London did not go into raptures over "The New Idol," that was produced there not long ago. It is called a disease drama, and was taken from the French. "The New Idol" is science. In it the scientific hero finds a young girl who is a victim of consumption. In order to save her he innoculates the patient with the germs of cancer, and soon afterward finds out that she is dying of that dread disease, whereupon he innoculates himself with the same germ, and both die. The play's popularity proved about as healthy as its theme.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Lulu Glaser owns a lion.

Edwin Knowles is at the point of death.

Olga Nethersole is to revive "Sapho" in London.

Richard Carle is to stage and play the leading part in "The Storks."

A Dutch translation of "Miss Hobbs" was produced in Amsterdam March 26.

It is announced that Sousa, on his next European tour, will visit Russia.

A report is current that May Irwin is to become one of Weber and Field's stars.

Edmond Rostand is said to be writing a Joan of Arc play for Sarah Bernhardt.

"All on Account of Eliza is well advanced and that piece will soon replace "Are You a Mason?"

A big revival of "Robin Hood" will start the season of the Academy of Music next September.

A dramatic version of the well-known sensational story, "Dr. Nikola," is soon to be given at London.

A syndicate has been formed in London to establish the Jewish drama in that city on the lines that now exist in New York.

"Der Kuss," an opera, in two acts, by Friedrich Smetana, was produced at the Theater des Westens, Berlin, Germany, March 8.

William H. Crane and Stuart Robson will probably join forces for a single performance to be given this spring for the benefit of the Actors' Home fund.

Charles Frohman's new piece at the Duke of York's, which is called "The Princess' Nose," and is the work of Jones (Henry Arthur), is said to be pretty poor stuff.

It is announced that Pudd'nead Wilson will be produced at the Imperial theater, London, this spring, by an American company, including John C. Mason, Arnold Daly, Jane Oaker and Ada Dwyer.

The shabby old inebriate is such a fluff and bluff, such a fake and con, such a rotten old skate, that he interests not one bit, besides amusing you. —In New York Sun's review of "A Modern Magdalen."

The eminent actor, Joseph Haworth, has been secured for the star role in a manificent production of "Coriantan," a romantic spectacular drama with an delightful atmosphere, financed by a wealthy Utah syndicate.

Star casts like these heard at the Metropolitan Opera house in New York, are unknown in London, and one or two big singers are usually aided by singers of little or no reputation at all, who sing for little or nothing.

John McGee and Amy Thompson, members of The Telephone Girl company, were married at Kewanee, Ill., recently under singular circumstances. The couple stood on their heads during the marlage ceremony, in order to win a wager.

Veret Laplerre, late manager of the Folies Marginy and the Olympia Paris, has arrived in America for the purpose of investigating the vaudeville business in this country and also to engage such American acts as he deems would be an attraction in Paris and France.

Jacob Litt has engaged the leading people for C. T. Dazey's play, "The Suburban." They are Harry Woodruff, J. H. Gilmour, Samuel Edwards, Geoffrey Stein, Jessie Izett, Fanchon Campbell and Mattie Ferguson. The piece will be brought out at McVicker's theater in Chicago in May.

"Kitty-Grey," at the Apollo, reached her two hundredth performance there Feb. 27. The succeeding attraction, the postponed "Three Little Maids," is now being actively rehearsed and may be looked for about the middle of April.

Melba is just back in London after her triumphs at Monte Carlo, and is getting so stout that some of her earlier English friends would hardly recognize her as the somewhat slender girl who took London by storm at Covent Garden a dozen years or more ago, when she first sang Juliet and Ophelia in that historic house.

The twentieth anniversary of the production of Bartley Campbell's famous melodrama, "The White Slave," was celebrated by the present company that is touring in the play under Robert Campbell's management, at Seattle, Wash., April 3. "The White Slave" had its initial performance at the Fourteenth Street theater, New York, April 3, 1882.

At 58 Sarah Bernhardt looks 22. The Frenchwoman has preserved her mental and physical health by a strenuous and varied endeavor. When she is tired acting her attention is given to management; this becoming wearisome, she takes to painting, to sculpture, to the designing of a new apartment in her house, to dressmaking, to the invention of fresh advertisement, to quarrels with the critics, to field sports in the summer, says Hillary Bell in the New York Press.

Viola Allen will revive "The Hunchback" at the Grand Opera house, Chicago, in May, and at the close of her Chicago engagement will make a special spring tour in the famous play. The cast engaged by Liebler & Co. to support Miss Allen as Julia is: Master Walter, Eben Plympton; Cousin Modus, Jameson Lee Finney; Sir Thomas Clifford, W. H. Pascoe; Lord Tinsel, J. H. Benrimo; Fathom, C. Leslie Allen; Wilford, Walter Hitchcock; Master Heartwell, Harry Hanlon; Thomas, Arthur T. Hoyt; Markham, Frank Bixby; Gaylove, Mr. Angus; Simpson, Mr. Hopkins; Landlord, Mr. Mafflin, Walter, Harry Ford; Williams, J. P. Jordan; Helen, Adelaide; Dorothy, Maude Warrilow.

This economic method, in some sense, is the way of living adopted by Joseph Jefferson, and by its aid our actor has reached a green and prosperous old age. Mr. Jefferson's repertory for forty years has been so limited that had he confined his attention to "Rip," "Rob Acres," "Lend Me Five Shillings" and "The Cricket on the Hearth," our venerable comedian must long ago have been gathered to his fathers. But Mr. Jefferson is as wise as he is gifted. His dramatic season continues only long enough to use up his dramatic energy, after which he falls painting. Our chief comedian has rounded out nearly a century of life and he remains a model of health in mentality and body. Sir Henry Irving is an old man, but an active one. He has completed a tour of many thousand miles, endured all sore of weather, maintained the responsibility of managing one of the most complete theatric companies in the world, pleased audiences in all parts of the country, justified his reputation as the greatest of modern actors, and returned to New York as lively as a young buck. None of our professional beauties of the stage could go through the task undertaken this season by his grizzled veteran. But Sir Henry keeps himself young in thought at least by a multiplicity of labors. He changes his play two, three and four times a week; he dines with his admirers; he prepares and delivers numerous speeches; he interests himself in various charities and projects for the betterment of mankind; he is busy with a thousand matters outside the theater. Every faculty in him is kept active. He cultivates the risibles as well as indulges the lachrymals; and in the autumn of his years, after seeing more triumphs and misfortunes than have come to any other actor, he can earn more applause and money than come to any other actor.

Creamy essence of sweet flowers, healing balsams and milk of plants, describes dainty Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTH

for pleasure, comfort and rest via the Southern Railway.

The Southern Railway provides the very best for its patrons. The through service from Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati to the South is unequalled.

Pullman sleepers through from Chicago to St. Augustine, Fla., without change.

Pullman sleepers through from Louisville to St. Augustine, Fla., without change.

Pullman sleepers through from St. Louis to Charleston, S. C., without change.

Pullman sleepers through from Cincinnati to Charleston, S. C., without change.

Pullman sleepers through from Cincinnati to Jacksonville, Fla., without change, with connections at Jacksonville and the famous "Land of the Sky."

Cafe, dining cars and observation cars; elegant day coaches.

Chicago & Florida Special—

Leaving Chicago daily except Sunday.

The Famous Florida Limited—

Leaving Chicago daily, both for St. Augustine, Fla., with close connections at Jacksonville for east and west coast points in Florida.

Low rates to all winter resorts in the South. Stop-over at Charleston, S. C., account the South Carolina, Interstate and West Indian Exposition.

For rates and full particulars call on any ticket agent or write

J. S. McCULLOUGH,
N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago.
G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.,
St. Louis, Mo.

Burlington Route

All the comforts and conveniences of a good club or your home are found in

Library Buffet Smoking Cars.

in daily use on Burlington limited trains between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Supplied with card tables, easy chairs and the latest periodicals.

Ask your home agent for tickets via the Burlington route.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492 Old
'Phone 767-Zenith

210 W. Superior St

A WOMAN'S PRAYER.

It is notable that in the despondency caused by womanly diseases, there seems to many a suffering woman no way of escape from pain except at the price of life itself. It would be sad to record such a story of struggle and suffering except for the fact that in such dire distress many a woman has found a way back to health and happiness by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This great remedy for womanly ills has well been called "A god-send to weak and sick women." It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"Your medicine almost raised me from the dead," writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Egypt, Plymouth Co., Mass., Box 14. "My urine was like brick dust, and I had pain all over me and such a dragging feeling it seemed I could not do my house work. I had to sit down to wash the dishes, even. In the year 1897 I was so sick I did not care to live and prayed many times that God would take me. One day I found a little book. I read it and wrote to Dr. Pierce, and in a few days received an answer. I decided to try his medicine, and to-day I am a well woman. I have no backache, no headache, no pain at all. I used always to have headaches previously to the monthly period and such pain that I would roll on the floor in agony. I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and was completely cured."

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing just as good.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser—sent *free* on receipt of stamps to cover expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers; or 31 stamps for the cloth bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

Star Lecture Course
First M. E. Church, Duluth.

Opie Read, The Novelist.
Wallace Bruce Amsbary, The Wit and Poet.

An Evening of Story Telling.

Monday Eve., April 14.

Ticket and seat 50c, at Chamberlain & Taylor's and at the door.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.

TUESDAY, APRIL 14.

Messrs. Yale & Ellis Present the Golden Voiced Singer,

AL. H. WILSON,

In Sidney R. Ell's' Romantic Drama

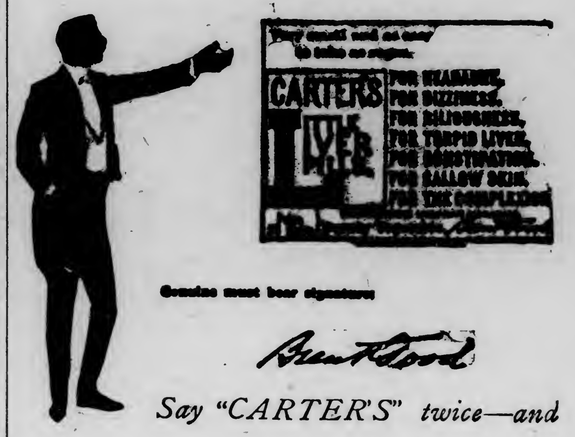
"The Watch on the Rhine."

A Splendid Play—Production—Company.

PRICES:—Dress Circle $1.00; Parquette 75c; Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

This is the only genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.

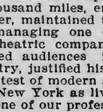


Genuine must bear signature

Brent Good

Say "CARTER'S" twice—and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young adding from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Ourez Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Nightly Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Complexion, Sores, Quickness of Discharge, Stops Pimples, Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Every function built up and speedily developed, a cure is at hand. 50 CENTS

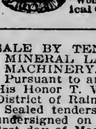
Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box. 6 for $2.50 by mail. Impart vigor and potency to every organ. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE

SAPOLIO.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best. Contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most ultimate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.



WILCOX TANSY PILLS

For 20 years the only safe and reliable Female Regulator for all troubles. Relieve in 3 days. At druggists, or by mail. Price, $2. Send for "Women's Safe Guard." Wilcox Medical Co., 339 N. 10th St., Phila., Pa.

SALE BY TENDER OF VALUABLE MINERAL LANDS AND MINING MACHINERY.—

Pursuant to an order made this day by His Honor T. W. Chapple, Judge of the District of Rainy River.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned on or before Thursday, the first day of May, A. D. 1902, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, for the purchase en bloc of the following mineral lands known as the Foley mines, situate near Mine Centre, in the District of Rainy River, in the province of Ontario, Canada, viz.: A. L. 74, A. L. 76, G. 97, G. 98, G. 99, G. 100, G. 101, G. 106, G. 110, P. 732, P. 736 and P. 737, containing in all seven hundred and eighty-two (782) acres more or less, the property of and assignee for the benefit of creditors of the Canadian Mines Development Company, (Limited), and the following interests of the said company in the following lands, viz.: A three-fourths interest in G. 96, a 13-16 interest in K. 426, a 13-16 interest in K. 418, a ¾ interest in G. 150, a 13-16 interest in K. 425, and K. 419, a 9-16 interest in G. 7, a ¾ interest in S. V. 133 and S. V. 134, containing in all five hundred and thirty-seven (537) acres, together with the buildings, mining machinery, twenty stamp mills, compressing plant, etc., and all on the said property.

TERMS OF SALE.

A deposit of 10 per cent upon notice of the acceptance of the tender and sufficient to make with the said deposit one-third of the purchase price within thirty days thereof; balance in two equal instalments, payable in two and four months respectively.

Property not to pass or possession to be given until the whole of the purchase money has been paid in full or secured to the satisfaction of the said assignee.

Time in the matter of payment is to be strictly the essence of the agreement for sale and on default all previous sums paid shall be forfeited to the vendor.

The purchasers may pay the full amount of the purchase money in cash if they so desire.

Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned or from the mine manager, Mr. O. B. Robinson, Mine Centre, Ontario.

The highest or any other tender shall not necessarily be accepted.

Dated the 11th day of March, A. D. 1902.

E. R. McHOLM,
Assignee for the benefit of Creditors of the Canadian Mines Development Company, (Limited),
103 Bay Street, Toronto, Canada.

Duluth Evening Herald, March 17-29-April 12-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 27th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Jabez Lathrop Peck, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Jabez Lathrop Peck, late of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate court of the county of Berkshire, state of Massachusetts, have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Thomas D. Peck has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Jabez Lathrop Peck lately died in said county of Berkshire, Mass., testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said will and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the probate office in said county, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 27th day of March, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court St. Louis Co. Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, March-29-April-5-12-1902.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of eight thousand six hundred and forty-nine and 11-100 ($8649.11) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Hattie W. Backus and Henry M. Backus, her husband, mortgagors, to F. A. Silcox, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of December, 1895, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of January, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 92 of mortgages, on Page 386, and said F. A. Silcox having since the execution and delivery of said mortgage, died, and letters of administration with the will annexed upon his estate, having been on the 31st day of July, 1897 duly issued to Horace P. Spear, and A. Hardy Silcox by the probate court for Charleston County, South Carolina, where said F. A. Silcox resided up to the time of his death, and

Whereas, by the terms of the last will and testament of said F. A. Silcox, full power of sale was vested in said administrators, and

Whereas, Horace P. Spear was on the 23rd day of July, 1898, duly appointed by the probate court for the Charleston County, South Carolina, general guardian of the persons and estates of

Sarah M. Silcox,
Ferdinand A. Silcox,
Carrie O. Silcox,
Martha S. Silcox, and
James H. Silcox minors, and

Whereas, by the decree of the probate court for Charleston County, South Carolina, thereafter duly made, said Horace P. Spear, and A. Hardy Silcox, administrators as forcsaid, were empowered and directed to turn over, assign, transfer and deliver unto the said Horace P. Spear, guardian as aforesaid, all and singular, certain property and assets of the estate of said F. A. Silcox, deceased, including the mortgage hereinbefore described, and

Whereas, said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, in pursuance of said order and decree, was duly assigned and transferred by said Horace P. Spear and A. Hardy Silcox as administrators aforesaid, to Horace P. Spear, guardian, as aforesaid, by written instrument of assignment dated the 3rd day of March, 1902, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, on the 10th day of March, 1902, at 11 o'clock a. m. in book 131 of mortgages on page 376, and

Whereas, a due exemplification of the record of the appointment of said administrators with the will annexed was on the 10th day of March, 1902, duly filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, Minnesota at 11 o'clock a. m. and was duly recorded in Book S of miscellaneous on page 133 in said office, and a due exemplification of the record of the appointment of said Horace P. Spear, as such guardian for said minors above named was on the 10th day of March, 1902, at 11 o'clock a. m. filed for record and was duly recorded in Book S of miscellaneous on page 135, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

Lots numbered one (1) to twenty-nine (29) both inclusive and lot thirty-four (34) all in block five (5); lots five (5) and six (6) in block nine (9), and lots one (1) and two (2) in block six (6) all in "Princeton Place" addition to Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county and state. Also lots thirty-four (34) to forty-six (46) both inclusive in block twenty (20) and lots twenty-eight (28) to thirty (30) both inclusive in block nineteen (19) all in "Clifton Heights." First division Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county and state, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, facing Second street, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday the 12th day of May, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $8649.11, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and $50.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 21st, 1902.

HORACE P. SPEAR, Guardian of the Persons and Estates of
SARAH M. SILCOX,
FERDINAND A. SILCOX,
CARRIE O. SILCOX,
MARTHA S. SILCOX, and
JAMES H. SILCOX, Minors.
Assignee of Mortgages.

J. H. WHITELY,
Attorney, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-22-29—Apr-5-12-19-26—1902.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Bedford received Sunday afternoon several fine driving horses from South Dakota.

The dance at Winton given by the Foresters was a grand success, many from this city took it in and reported a fine time. Wagner's orchestra furnished the music.

The Austrian band gave a dance Saturday evening at which a large crowd was present.

W. H. Cowling returned home Monday evening from Minot, N. D., where he has been employed with Capt. Frank Kent, formerly of this city. Mr. Cowling has accepted a position in the railroad yards here as switchman.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Kotchevar are the proud parents of a baby boy arriving at their home this week.

Mrs. Tiveling, of Minneapolis, was in the city this week on a visit with her sister, Mrs. Ben Horovitz.

Professor C. L. Newberry of the public schools here attended the range teachers' meeting at Virginia.

T. H. Magson has resigned his position at the Vail hotel as night clerk and has accepted a position in the yards here as switchman.

Frank Westberg, who has been employed as clerk in the dry goods store of L. Slotten for several months, left the latter part of last week for Minneapolis, where he has secured a similar position.

Ed Edwards has moved his household effects to the residence of Thomas Wakefield in the Chandler location.

F. R. Vail has sold to A. M. Kolstad, of this city, lot 8, block 2, for a consideration of $70, and Mary Kotchevar has sold to Frank Sasek lot 10, block 9, for $70.

Mr. Gus Nyman departed Thursday morning for a month's visit at the copper country with friends and relatives.

Leander Kent returned this week from his few weeks' visit in Duluth.

Superintendent Owens of the Duluth & Iron Range was in the city over Sunday accompanied by a party of friends.

Rev. Petram has closed the revival services which he has been conducting at the Presbyterian church the past two weeks, and left Monday morning for other fields.

Mrs. Graham, mother of Richard Coad, of the Pioneer office, who has been visiting with her son for several weeks, left Thursday morning for her home at Bessemer. Mich. On her journey homeward she was accompanied by Mrs. R. Coad, who will visit in Michigan cities for some time.

Mrs. W. R. Ogle and Mrs. J. A. Graves entertained at cards Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Ogle. Mrs. James White was awarded the first prize, Mrs. W. E. Pike the second and Mrs. A. J. Bende the third. After the cards a delicious lunch was served by the ladies.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Rogers returned from their few days' visit to Duluth Thursday evening.

Albert Kitto was in the city from Tower Monday, making a filing on a homestead before United States Commissioner Westcott.

Dr. C. G. Shipman left Monday morning for Chicago where he will visit for a few weeks with friends and relatives.

C. C. Opge, of Tower, was in the city Wednesday on a visit with friends.

William Scott has purchased the residence owned by Omer Hebert, a few lots east of the city hall.

H. B. Rogers spent a few days in Duluth this week, going down Wednesday morning.

A. J. Fenske has begun the erection of his residence on the lots east of the city hall. Contractor Pelto is doing the work.

Peter Sezek has begun the erection of a warehouse in the rear of his grocery store.

Con Sullivan spent a few days in Two Harbors this week going down Tuesday morning.

J. J. Reimer has returned from his winter's work with a surveying party in the woods north of Tower.

Herb Glassford was in the city from Two Harbors Tuesday.

H. B. Merrill was in the city from Tower a few days this week.

F. M. Warren and L. Sutton returned to Hibbing Wednesday morning, having been doing some civil engineering work in this vicinity.

Louis Wagner has sold his residence on Harvey street to Thomas E. Miller.

Capt. Frank Thomas was in the city Thursday from Hibbing on a visit with friends and relatives. Mr. Thomas is just recovering from his recent serious accident.

A fire alarm Wednesday about noon brought out the fire company, fire being discovered on the third drift level in No. 5 shaft. The fire was quenched immediately and not much damage was done.

William Flint, of Tower, and John Whiteside, of this city, are doing some prospecting this week in this vicinity.

Rev. Marsh spent several days in Duluth this week, visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Desjardeas and children left Wednesday morning for Shell Lake, Wis., where they will visit for several weeks.

B. Brooker, of Tower, was in the city a few days this week.

William Jackson and Treff Brunlette, of Tower, were in the city several days this week looking over the prospects for opening up a livery stable. The gentlemen did not decide whether they would put one in or not.

The high school pupils of this city have organized a baseball nine known as the Ely Miners, with Con Sullivan as manager and Walter Ehemuth as manger. The club is made up of the following: Walter Kitty, Fred Childers, Sam Polkinghorn, Otto Brownell, Howard Morrison, Oscar and Ivanla Anderson, Arthur Thomas and William Sheridan.

Mrs. L. M. Wagner, a shrill ushrdlu shrd Mrs. L. M. Wagner was in Duluth several days this week.

Miss Florence Carey spent a few days in Duluth this week visiting with friends.

Alderman Neff, of Duluth, was in the city several days this week on business.

Mrs. H. Hoover, of Duluth, is in the city this week visiting with friends. While here she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Wescott and family.

M. O. Aubrey was in the city from Two Harbors a few days this week on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Tewksberry, of Pennsylvania, arrived in the city Friday evening and are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. A. S. James.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, April 12.—(Special to the Herald.)—Edmund French, who has been a resident here these two years, is getting ready to move to St. Paul.

Mrs. Mat Amundson was agreeably surprised Sunday by her friends and neighbors, they presented her with a handsome set of dishes as a birthday present. The guests were Mrs. Charles Lundquist, Mrs. August Nelson, Mrs. G. Renstrom, Mrs. Edward Johnson and Mrs. Andrew Olson.

Walter Lundquist, of New Duluth, spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lundquist.

Donald Overton and Walter Harkins were the guests of Mrs. James White Thursday.

Miss Dean Cox, of Duluth, spent Sunday here, the guest of Mrs. M. S. Brink.

Mrs. D. J. Harkins was among the Duluth shoppers Saturday.

Mrs. H. J. Hogeboom, of Duluth, was calling among relatives here Tuesday.

Miss Grace Segl and Miss Florence Brink wheeled to New Duluth Monday evening.

Miss Jennie Lundquist, of West Duluth, spent Saturday and Sunday here with her parents.

Miss Nettie Amundson spent a few weeks in West Superior, the guest of Mrs. P. Palm.

Wm. Mahoney and Charles Bratz, of New Duluth, were in Smithville Sunday.

Miss Florence Brink spent Saturday in Duluth.

Edward Payne, of Monong, Wis., is spending a few days here with friends.

Miss Grace Sigel, a graduate of the Duluth Business college, has a position with Lawyer Whipple in Duluth.

Peter Palm, of West Superior, was the guest of Mat Amundson Sunday.

Mrs. M. S. Brink and Mrs. J. G. Brink spent Thursday in Duluth, the guests of Mrs. Hegeboom.

Miss Julia Moline, of West Duluth, spent Sunday here with her parents.

Henry Sullivan, of West Duluth, spent a few days here, the guest of Oscar Amundson.

Miss Anna Sigel spent Saturday in Duluth.

Mrs. F. Brand and children and Mrs. Jacobson and children, of New Duluth, spent Saturday here, the guests of Mrs. Edward Johnson.

A. G. Renstrom made a business trip to Duluth this week.

Carl Carlson, of New Duluth was among the Smithville callers Sunday.

John Sikkala spent Thursday in Duluth.

John Boyd, of Duluth, spent Friday and Saturday here with relatives.

Mrs. Charles Lundquist and daughter, Lillian, spent Saturday in Duluth.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—School started again Monday after the spring vacation.

H. J. Lunz, John Brown and Thomas Berry departed for Portland, Ore., today, where they go to prove up on their timber claims.

The thermometer registered 8 above zero Monday morning.

The average temperature for March was 27 degrees, the precipitation .39 inch.

The Alger-Smith people expect to finish shipping posts to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road about April 25. They have shipped several hundred car loads of the posts this winter, most of them going to Chicago.

J. E. Therrien has moved his office from the court house into the Erickson & Carnahan building, on Cedar street, which will be the place to pay water and light rents in the future.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mayor M. C. Woodard returned Tuesday from his business trip at Duluth.

George Kinney and James McLaren have purchased the naphtha launch of Matt Berquist and will run on Lake Vermilion this summer.

G. A. Whitman, president of the First State bank, was a Duluth visitor the latter part of the week.

Archie Phillip, of Duluth, was visiting his many friends here this week.

William Cowling, of the Tower Lumber company, was in Duluth the first of the week.

Miss Mamie Murphy visited relatives at Winton over Sunday.

W. Jackson and T. Brunlette returned Friday from their business trip to Ely.

Jay Hornbrook came up from Duluth Friday evening for a week's visit with relatives.

Ed Miller has resigned his position as clerk at the Pioneer hotel.

E. Merrill returned from Ely Tuesday, where he was switching in the yards for the Duluth & Iron Range a few days.

S. Chem came down from Elbow Falls and left Monday morning on a business trip to Duluth.

Eddie Barnidge returned Saturday from a short visit at Duluth.

Clifford Sherman returned Thursday from Duluth.

Albert Kitto was transacting business in Ely the first of the week.

Mrs. J. D. Murphy was in Duluth several days this week.

John Hanley left Tuesday morning for an extended visit at Ashland, Wis.

James Rody was down from Ely Thursday.

Allen Fuller left Tuesday for Two Harbors, where he has a situation in the machine shops.

James Korby, of Ely, was a business caller here Wednesday.

State Game Warden S. F. Fullerton, of St. Paul, was here yesterday.

George Rivers was in Ely Thursday, where he filed on a valuable homestead.

W. Wiseman and wife left Thursday for Biwabik to attend the funeral of Mrs. D. Cameron.

John Purdy has accepted a position at the Indian school at the Sucker Point reservation.

SPARTA.

Sparta, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—P. R. McElhatton, for the past three years agent for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, has resigned. Mr. McElhatton has a position with the Malta Iron company.

The Oddfellows will start a lodge in Eveleth in the near future.

The boys are enjoying the benefit of cheap building material. Parties claim a reduction of about one-half which is much appreciated.

The Telephone company have a force of men stocking poles and expect soon to be putting in much higher ones. The new poles are five ones and sixty feet in height.

Agent Pegelow, of Highland Scales, was in town Saturday. The Duluth & Iron Range now have about nine men employed weighing the ore at Highland.

The city fathers have started a force of men cleaning up and repairing the streets, and dairymen and others have been ordered to clean up their premises.

Maud Howard is ill with diphtheria.

The meeting of the village council Monday evening was devoid of interest. The business transacted was the allowing of a few bills. The regular committee was instructed to consult an engineer in reference to improving Cedar street between Seventh and Ninth avenues. The request of Mrs. M. A. Warner that outside milliners bringing their stocks here for sale be required to pay license, was tabled owing to lack of jurisdiction. A bill from Fairbank, Morse & Co. for $1,382.00 for final payment for the new pump and installing same, was referred back to the committee for accounting. Final report of Light and Water Collector Murfin was received, showing collections for the quarter ending April 1 as follows: Lights, $1,140.26; for water, $3,043.03, and the expenses of the water plant, $2,027.69, leaving a profit for the quarter of $1,055.71. The bonds of City Plumber Pastout, with E. H. Schriever and O. Otterblad as sureties, and of A. Dahlberg for hauling coal, with Charles Anderson and A. Engstrom as sureties, were approved. The saloon situation still remains the same, there being eight saloons running now, against twenty-two a short time ago.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Elg returned Wednesday from their visit with relatives at Brainerd and Fergus Falls, Minn.

About 250 men are now employed dumping ore at the docks, 150 days, and the night force, which was put on Wednesday, numbering 100 men. Dumping the fore part of the week was delayed considerably by the ore being frozen some by the cold Monday, causing it to stick to the cars. At one time there were 1,300 loads on hand, but it is now being dumped rapidly, and about a dozen boats have cleared with cargoes.

Charles Hayes, a lumber-jack, was brought to the hospital here from Drummond Tuesday, with a broken jaw, the result of a fight with another lumber-jack at the place.

W. W. Scott has returned from High land and resumed his duties at the dispatcher's office here.

G. A. Rock will depart on Monday for Bay City, Mich., to look over some of his property interests there.

The steamers coming up the lakes are leaving their tows here owing to the strike of the tug men at Duluth.

The Davidson & McRae interests have leased a building on First avenue and will have their new bank—the First National of Two Harbors—open by May 1.

Born to Mrs. E. T. Vanhook, at Rochester, Minn., on Tuesday, a boy. Mrs. Vanhook is well known here.

Miss Morrell visited with friends at Virginia over Sunday.

Miss Kate Spartz is having her store building on Poplar street moved near her house and an addition for living apartments built onto it.

Work on dock No. 4 has been progressing quite favorably this week, and it is now expected that the work will be finished about the middle of next month.

Mrs. W. H. Bell departed yesterday for Portland, Ore., where she will join Mr. Bell, and they will reside there in the future. They are old residents of this place.

William L. Lawrence has been appointed town treasurer in place of J. Carlson, who failed to qualify.

William Cowling, of Ely, visited friends here over Sunday.

Miss Ida Andrews has gone to Chicago to spend a few weeks with her brother, who resides there.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Pastoret and Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Fitch took in "In the Palace of the King" at the Lyceum, Duluth, Wednesday evening.

T. H. Forest has accepted a position as day operater at the dock office for the season.

F. B. Rossom, of Duluth, transacted business here on Tuesday.

The fog horn was at work for a few hours on Wednesday for the first time of the season.

George Wolfe, agent for the Duluth & Iron Range at St. Louis, was in town for a few hours on Wednesday.

Charles Hoagland has gone to Duluth to work a few weeks.

An ore train coming down the hill from Wabb accidentally run into a light engine standing on the main track early Tuesday morning damaging the pilots of both locomotives. Luckily the train was going slow and no one was injured and the loss small.

John Brownell has been called to his old home in New Brunswick by the serious illness of his mother there.

C. E. Case has returned from Clinton, Iowa, and gone to work for the Duluth & Iron Range at Robinson.

Scott & Graff are still shipping about 50 carloads of logs per day from their landing at York, to Duluth, and expect to continue a couple of weeks yet. They also expect to do some summer logging at Drummond this year and ship the logs to Duluth.

Mrs. M. Glasegord is building a new house at the rear of her residence on Pine street

ing a hustling business. Every day car loads of refrigerators are shipped to all parts of the United States. In the last month refrigerators have gone to New Orleans, Denver, Tacoma, St. Louis, Cincinnati and many other cities.

Mrs. Smith entertained a number of ladies at tea Wednesday afternoon. Those present were: Mesdames Knutson, Brand, Gustavson, Widell, Johnson, Chambers, of Fond du Lac, Jacobson; Millen, of Duluth, and Miss Wilner, of West Duluth. The ladies all reported a delightful time.

Miss Florence Brink and Grace Segl, of Smithville, called on friends here Monday evening.

Ben Olson, of West Duluth, has moved into Mrs. Fischer's house and is going into the poultry business.

John Halley visited his sisters in Duluth Sunday.

The new cedar yard is already being made. Mr. Hatch has a number of men at work putting in three spurs.

A shingle mill is to be built soon. The company has twenty-three gangs of men up the St. Louis river working to get out cedar logs. The company is one from West Superior that was compelled to move its yards because of the building of docks. It is thought that about sixty men will be employed during the summer. L. S. McKay is foreman of the yard.

John Wangen called in Duluth Wednesday.

Mr. Hennes is tearing down his house on the river bank. He intends to rebuild it on the lot back of the house he now occupies.

William Mensens, finisher for the Thompson Manufacturing company, is to return to his home in East St. Paul this week. Mr. Mensens has been here for the past six weeks.

A. W. Hobbs, depot agent at Short Line Park, is to return to St. Paul with his family.

Mr. Hatch visited in Duluth Sunday.

The Lady Maccabees were very agreeably surprised by the Knights of the Maccabees at their meeting Thursday evening. The knights brought the orchestra with them and dancing was the amusement of the evening. A delicious lunch was served.

George Sprague has been quite ill for the past week.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. W. Irwin and family, former residents of Cass Lake, passed through town Thursday, en route to Bemidji from a visit at West Superior.

William Dunlap, once a resident and business man of Cass Lake, came over from his new town of Scanlon Thursday for a brief visit with his old friends. Mr. Dunlap is enthusiastic over his home town. His many friends were pleased to see him.

H. M. Nygaard was over from Farris, on business Thursday.

William Beattie, former head sawyer at the Glenmont mill, left for Turtle River Thursday. Mr. Beattie has been offered a situation as sawyer in the mill of the Kelso Lumber company at Turtle River, and went up to that place to inspect the situation.

A. Leesard was a visitor at Bemidji on Wednesday.

Col. Roland Hartley returned to Minneapolis Thursday, after visiting here for a week.

The citizens of Cass Lake have been notified that, in case a telegram is received announcing the passage of the Morris bill through the house, a flag will be immediately run up on the flag pole surmounting the water tank, where all may see it, and know of the news promptly.

E. C. Chamberlain was a visitor at Farris last Saturday evening.

Chris Burns returned to town last Saturday from the woods, having completed operations at his logging camps at Buena Vista. Mr. Burns has also returned with the horses used during the winter. They cut about 2,500,000 feet and have them in Big Turtle lake.

Dr. T. F. Rodwell, physician in charge of the Cass Lake Indians, has been at Fergus Falls during the past week, attending the term of United States court, which is in session.

A. D. Sauve went to Grand Rapids Monday for a few days' visit with old friends.

Mrs. E. L. Warren and little son, Howard, returned on Monday from a visit with Mrs. Hume at Fosston.

C. C. Hastings was a visitor at Bemidji on Monday.

C. W. Hastings passed through Cass Lake Monday, en route from Bemidji to Grand Rapids.

W. E. Meisner is now the proud father of a son and heir.

Jacob Mohr left this week for his claim in the Big Fork country, where he will reside permanently for some time to come. A covetous individual has "squatted" on the land which Jake has cultured as the "apple of his eye," and there is a prospect of Jake having a contest on his hands. Mrs. Moore will join her husband in a few days.

F. L. Benham, who has acted as switchman in the railroad yards here during the past three months, left on Monday last for Duluth. He has been transferred to the iron range. Carroll Judkins succeeds Mr. Benham as switchman here.

A. A. Oliver, proprietor of the Walker Pioneer, and H. R. Sundberg, foreman of the Walker Pilot, spent Monday night in Cass Lake, conferring with J. O. Johnson, publisher of the Times.

A Leesard has sold his saloon in East Grand Forks, known as the California Wine house, and will hereafter attend strictly to his Cass Lake business interests.

Dr. R. F. Whetstone was at Farris Monday, where he examined several prospective candidates for the Woodmen lodge.

Miss Lambert, a teacher in the Indian school at Bena and a lady friends from the same place were visitors in Cass Lake last Sunday.

J. T. Gardner, Jr., was on the sick list for a couple of days the first of the week.

Mrs. H. F. Young was confined to her bed this week with a complication of ailments.

The village council held a meeting on Monday evening. A delegation from the fire department made a request of the council that the present fire ordinance be changed so that the department would be remunerated more liberally for services rendered. An agreement was reached on the subject, and the purchase of an additional hose cart was also recommended. This cart will be stationed on the south side of the track, and it is very probable that the water mains will be soon extended to that portion of the village, giving the residents ample fire protection. The proposition to extend the electric light service eastward on both sides of the railroad track was discussed, and it was agreed that two additional lights be placed on each side of the town, toward the Nells mill and also toward the Scanlon-Gipson mill. Several other minor matters were discussed and the meeting adjourned till Wednesday evening, when an ordinance authorizing the putting in of the additional lights was passed, and a batch of bills allowed.

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, April 12.—The Krist Larson case against the Clearwater Logging company on trial in the district court, ended in a disagreement of the jury. There are nine other cases by settlers against the company, the total damages asked being about $25,000. The plaintiffs are settlers in the western edge of the county in the low lands where the Clearwater spreads out after leaving the higher lands. The farms are low-lying and in many instances but knolls in the swamp. The Clearwater people made their first drive last season, and one settler alone claims he had 200 tons of hay destroyed, due to the damming of the river.

A spelling contest between the high schools of Fosston, Park Rapids, Grand Rapids and Bemidji will take place here on or about April 18, at the City Opera house.

Work will soon begin on the extension of the Iron Range Electric Telephone Co.'s line from Bemidji to Blackduck. No local exchange will be established at the latter place for the present.

Michael Laughlin and Nettie Winters were married a few days ago, and yesterday the groom was mourning the disappearance of his wife and $200 of other property.

Twelve families were quarantined in Bemidji township, south of here, Thursday by Dr. Blakslee. A social gathering was held at the home of E. L. Waldron, and the twelve families were exposed by a smallpox patient among the invited guests.

Mrs. Ida May, wife of John A. Mitchel, of Buena Vista, died in Bemidji, Thursday, April 3, at the age of 28 years. She leaves a husband and four children, the youngest 2 years. She had returned from Minneapolis the previous Friday. Her starting for home before she had rallied from a surgical operation there probably hastened her death.

Garfield Field has succeeded Elmer Bingham as manager of the local exchange of the Iron Range Electric Telephone Co. Mr. Bingham will leave for the West, where he has a contract for constructing a 50-mile toll line.

Harry Hiller returned Saturday from his visit to Fair Haven, Minn., and resumed work for the Brainerd Lumber company.

Miss Rose Wynne, of Solway, has been visiting Bemidji friends.

At the meeting of the village council Monday night, John Pogue was appointed street commissioner; J. F. Hennessy, scavenger, and Hubert Wilms, keeper of the village cemetery. The village printing was awarded to the Pioneer, provided it would accept it at the same price paid last year.

Rev. Thomas Broomfield, formerly of Armagh, Ireland, and recently of Fairfax, Minn., will preach in the Baptist church next Sunday, and is expected to settle here as pastor.

Sunday night's fire destroyed about $500 worth of property in Moose—a house belonging to Mrs. Baxter and goods of C. Searle. No insurance. Incendiarism is suspected as the house had no occupant.

Miss Nellie M. Van Tuyle, of Chicago, Ill., is the guest of her cousin, A. W. Smith, of this city.

Miss May McLennan returned from Minneapolis Sunday after spending the Easter holiday there.

Carl Oberg was down from Blackduck Monday. He has recently resigned as cashier of the bank there.

The two bridges J. J. Jinkinson has been building seven miles from Bemidji, one east and the other west, are nearly completed and are substantial structures.

The annual congregational meeting of the directors of the Presbyterian church was held Monday evening. The financial condition of the society was shown to be most healthy—all debts were paid and a balance of $150 was found in the treasury. A proposition to build a new and large church edifice was discussed.

P. C. Doty has sold his interests in the Park Rapids Cippee and will devote most of his time here settling up his mother's estate.

A 14-pound doughter was born to Louis Robideau and wife yesterday morning.

Mrs. M. Manding gave a very pleasant party to about thirty young folks at her home last Thursday evening.

The Woodmen will give a grand ball at the Red Men hall on Thursday, May 1.

Mrs. Robert Nelson returned from Brainerd Saturday.

Miss Cora Peterson left for the West Monday.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Martin Hughes left yesterday morning for Sheboygan, Wis., in response to a telegram announcing the death of his mother.

Dennis Haley and John Wanberg were awarded the contract Thursday evening by the council for sinking the village well forty-five feet and sinking another shaft 200 feet to connect by drifts with the present well.

Alex Ekstrom who came here two years ago from Ashland and has since been engaged in the saloon business here, died Tuesday morning. Deceased was about 40 years of age and leaves a large family of young children.

Tuesday night fire destroyed the "dry" at the Sellers mine. The fire department was promptly on hand, but trouble in securing connections for the hose, and pressure from the pumps, gave the fire a headway which was impossible to overcome. This property is beyond the limits of the village water and light plant. Wednesday. The new dynamo is expected daily.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—P. E. Dowling and family are spending a few days in Duluth this week.

F. C. Talboys spent several days in Duluth last week on business.

A large number of railroad men and Drake & Stratton men have recently arrived in the city for the shipping season which is now well under way.

Walter Wye is transacting business in Duluth this week.

Henry Talboys has arrived home after a week's visit in Duluth with friends.

Parties were in the city from the western part of the state looking over the field with a view of erecting a new hotel here, but what decision they arrived at is not known.

Harold St. Clair is home from the Duluth high school for a two week's visit with his parents.

Ed Hatch, of Crystal Falls, has arrived in the city and has accepted a position with the Minnesota Iron company laboratory.

A free lecture, scheduled to be given at the Methodist church last night, did not take place owing to the stormy night which kept many away. The subject of the lecture is "Art and Architecture." The lecture was to be given by a representative of Asbury Methodist hospital. He will return in June and then give the lecture to Eveleth citizens.

Neil McInnis left this morning for a week's business trip to the Twin Cities and other parts of the state, winding up at St. Cloud where he will join his wife who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. F. A. Hoyt, for several weeks past. The couple will return to this city in about ten days.

The last meeting of the old council was held Monday night and all business for the year was wound up. On Wednesday night the first meeting of the new council took place. G. W. Mulligan was elected president of the council for the ensuing year. Immediately after organizing the council took up the appointments for the year. The following were the successful candidates: Recorder, Louis Larson; assessor, J. J. Murnik; W. D. Ellsworth, chief of fire department and fire warden; C. Vandall, superintendent of waterworks; Sam Ferreault, licensed scavenger. Alderman Claus Olson seemed to be of an economical turn of mind and as fast as the question of salary came up, he offered a motion that the salary be materially reduced. Several of the candidates who were elected being present, immediately offered their resignations which soon brought a withdrawal of all of Mr. Olson's motions. The council room was crowded with spectators and the session lasted until 11:30 p. m.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—C. H. Finney, of Willis, Mich., is visiting with his brother, T. S. Finney, of this place this week.

J. D. Ressler returned Thursday from a three weeks' visit with relatives in the southern part of the state.

Miss Pearl Wright visited with her parents at Hubbard, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Culver is visiting with friends at Nevis.

Mrs. Demars has returned to her home in Duluth after a few days' visit here with her sister, Mrs. J. Sheerer.

Mr. Kitzendarfer, of Waucoma, Iowa, visited with his daughter, Mrs. Lewis Delezone, a few days this week.

Mrs. Charles Gago returned home from Minneapolis Monday.

P. H. King, of Warren, Ill., is looking after his farming interests here.

Henry Woodruff has sold his meat market here to Maltby & Hawley, who have already taken possession.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Baumgardner Tuesday.

Mrs. L. W. Bills visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Loring, at Hubbard this week.

Rev. G. E. Pickard, of Two Harbors, is visiting with his parents and other relatives here this week.

Miss Pearl Spencer, of Bemidji, visited here last week.

Z. A. Carr and Miss Minnie Woolson were married last Thursday at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. C. M. Woolson.

On Wednesday occurred a double wedding. John Tubbs and Miss Frances Hawley, and Merritt Deveraux and Miss Lottie Snavley. A reception was given them at Rimas' hall Wednesday evening, attended by many friends of the young couples.

Clarance Delaney visited with relatives at Hubbard, Sunday.

G. D. and J. M. Weekly departed Monday for Bemidji. They will spend several weeks on their claims near that place.

Mrs. T. D. Kerrick is visiting with relatives at Faneston.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Usher, of Walker, are visiting with friends and relatives here this week.

The Ladies' Library club was entertained by Mrs. George Mandigo Wednesday afternoon.

A camp of Royal Neighbors was organized here Wednesday by Mrs. Ada Lawson. The new lodge starts out with twenty-six charter members.

T. W. Brusewitz, formerly agent for the Great Northern at this place, is now located at Everett, Wash.

IRON RIVER.

Iron River, April 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Teller, of Ashland, was in the city last Saturday on business here.

Deputy Sheriff Joe Andre and Thomas O'Toole took Rollen B. Hatch over to Washburn to the county court on account of his insanity.

W. J. Sparlor, of Orienta, was in the city last Saturday on business connected with his logging operation.

Banker A. A. Muck, of Lake Nebagamon, was in the city Saturday on business.

John Deutsch returned home from Hayward last Saturday, where he has been for three days looking over that place in view of making it his future home. He is negotiating for the hotel. On his return he placed his property on the market for sale.

I. E. Forsyth has taken a contract to build a dwelling house for Mrs. Thomas Walsh on her farm about six miles north of this city. The building when completed will cost about $1000 to be completed on or before the first of May.

George Hotchot, of Port Wing, was in the city last Monday on business.

Dr. Dahlstead, of Port Wing was in the city last Monday visiting our city.

Ernest Sauve, Joseph Desjardinette and Joe Andre left for Washburn last Monday on legal business.

J. C. Smith returned home from Minneapolis last Saturday where he has been for several days tending to legal business.

William Rickett, of Ashland, was in the city last Tuesday on business.

Postmaster C. C. Williams went out to Eau Claire Lake last Tuesday to look over his farm and make arrangements for the spring.

Charles Greenwood, of Port Wing, was in the city last Wednesday on business.

Constable Williams came down to Ashland on legal business last Wednesday.

Charles Hugo, of Duluth, was in the city last Thursday on business.

Attorney Colignon, of Ashland, was in the city last Thursday on legal business.

Rev. M. Iverson returned home last Monday from Cloquet where he has been assisting in the dedicating of the new Lutheran church in that place.

William Jones and family arrived home last Thursday evening from Chippewa Falls, where they have spent a week visiting with relatives and friends in that place.

Ben Schneider has leased the Hessey store and will take possession on or after June 1. Hunter & Steckbaur, the present occupants, will move into their own store building, now occupied by Mr. Schneider.

Miss Mary Wells left last Monday for her home in New Richmond, where she will visit with friends and relatives for a few days, and then she will go to River Falls to enter upon a course at the normal school.

The Scandinavian Glee club, accompanied by about 70 Iron Riverites visited Lake Nebagamon last Saturday evening. The glee club headed by Hokon Lund presented the Til Saters, a comedy drama, to an audience in that place. They had presented that same play in this city before, and each one had played there part so well that it would be worthy of credit for an old comedy company. After the show, the floor was cleared and dancing was the next thing in order.

Mr. Headquest, the newly appointed street commissioner, has started to work on the rebuilding of the bridge north of the city which crosses the Iron River.

J. O. Dodge, of Brule, was in the city yesterday on legal business.

The marriage of Walter L. Snyder, of Bottineau, N. D., to Miss Cornelia Oliva Lund, of this city, took place at the home of the bride's parents last Thursday afternoon. The bride was attended by Miss Cora Peterson, of Ashland, and Miss Annie O. Johnson, of this city, and the groom by Messrs. William Mineau and Philip Lund, both of this city. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. Fisom, of Ashland, a cousin of the bride. The young couple expect to leave here next Monday for their home in North Dakota, where Mr. Bottineau is interested in farming lands. The bride who is an old resident of this city, takes with her the best wishes of all who know her for her future happiness on life's journey.

Charles Mitchell has sold his Ruthmore hotel to Carl Olson last Tuesday. Mr. Olson has taken possession of the property.

Mrs. Robert Dirimple, of Fifield, and Mrs. Ira Marshall, of Manawa, Wis., are visiting with their sister, Mrs. F. C. Wells, in this city.

T. F. Mackmillier and family returned home last Thursday after having a two-months' tour through the Southern and Western states.

George Barns, of Eau Clair Lake, was in the city last Wednesday on special business.

Gordon Young, of Island Lake, was in the city last Wednesday looking over the city.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, April 12.—(Specil to The Herald.)—The teachers of the public schools returned from Virginia Saturday, where they attended the teachers convention Friday and Saturday afternoons and a reception at the Fay hotel Friday evening.

Dave Simons, of Eveleth, transacted business in town Saturday.

Murdoch McDonald came over from Virginia and spent Sunday in town with his family here.

Mr. McDermid, who has been conductor on the short run for the past few months, has been promoted and now runs on the Ely run. Mr. Finnigan, of Two Harbors, is now conductor on the short line run to Virginia.

P. Murray spent Sunday at Duluth among friends.

Mrs. Scott and children left Saturday for a week's visit with relatives at Superior.

Joe Prior and daughter, Delsey, of Soudan, were in town a few days this week visiting relatives.

Miss Lina Gardner was in town Saturday, the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

Frank Louian stopped off here Sunday on his way to Sparta; he has just returned from Pennsylvania, where he was called on account of the death of his aged mother.

Mr. Nigro, a former resident of this place, has been in town this week shaking hands with friends.

Judge Fleming transacted business in the Zenith City the fore part of the week.

Miss Mayme McGraw has returned from a week's visit with friends at Two Harbors.

Rev. Bilban, of Virginia, was in town Saturday on business.

John Tornatz, of Elba, was in town the fore part of the week, looking after business matters.

R. McDonald, of Buhl, spent Sunday in town with relatives.

Al Heisel and family left here Saturday for Mesaba Junction, where they expect to make their home for the summer. Mr. Heisel is section boss at that place.

The young people of the Finnish society had a dance at the city hall Saturday evening; it was well attended.

The sad news has reached here of the death of Jerry Kinnifeck, formerly from Biwabik; he died after a short illness with pneumonia.

J. B. Furtney has moved his family up over the hardware store.

Mrs. Enright returned Saturday from a few days' stay at Duluth.

Dr. Sewell, of Two Harbors, was in town Monday on business.

Dennis Hogan, who has been a resident here for the past eight years, sold his house to Mr. Laistomaki, and has moved his family to Utah, where they expect to reside in the future.

Mrs. B. Kenney went to Allen Junction Tuesday.

W. W. Browne transacted business in Duluth the fore part of the week.

Mr. Wilson, of Duluth, has accepted a position at the Duluth & Iron Range depot as night dispatcher.

Capt. Thomas, who was hurt a few weeks ago at the Hale mine by a caveln is able to be out again, although he is yet very weak.

Mrs. Keena went to Duluth Tuesday for a week's visit with her husband.

Miss Emily Brown, of Duluth, was in town a few days this week, the guest of Mrs. Frank Dane.

Joseph Sellwood and son, Richard, were in town Monday looking over their interests here.

Rev. and Mrs. Cumings returned Tuesday from a visit with friends at Elba.

Humane Officer Withrow, of Duluth, was in town Wednesday on business.

Mrs. Dawson, of Stevenson, is in town this week, visiting with her brother, Henry Apltz.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Eric Erickson Sunday.

Mrs. Dundas, of McKinley, was in town Wednesday on business.

A number of the ladies of the Catholice Order of Foresters came up from Two Harbors and pleasantly surprised Mrs. John McGraw, who is also a member of the lodge. They came up in the morning and returned in the afternoon.

Mrs. Enright has opened up the Iron Range hotel. Mr. Carey, who runs the Hale mine camp is contemplating taking the Iron Range hotel this summer.

The Duluth & Iron Range are now running their trains direct to the mines at the Ayr and Sparta, instead of turning them here as they did in former years, and are hauling seventy cars per train, against forty-five of last season. This takes a considerable business away from town. Formerly about seventy-five train and engine men had their headquarters here.

Mrs. J. I. Mandel and little daughter, Mildred, were Duluth visitors a few days this week.

F. S. Colvin was in Duluth the middle of the week on business.

John Muller, of Duluth, was in town Wednesday, transacting business.

Mrs. Garrott has returned from a week's visit at Detroit.

Miss Jeanette Glassner visited with friends at Eveleth the middle of the week.

Tony Maintz is quite sick at the home of his mother at Sparta.

Martin Miller, of Two Harbors, was in town the fore part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Poole, of Eveleth, were in town Wednesday on business.

Miss Rose Karon, of Eveleth, was in town Wednesday, the guest of Miss Glassner.

Charles Christian has purchased the livery business from Mr. Mendues.

Miss Katie Thomas returned from Ely Manday, where she spent Sunday with relatives.

John Ciptin, of Virginia, transacted business in town Wednesday.

Miss Vina O'Hara was given a birthday party Wednesday afternoon in honor of her fourteenth birthday; she received many pretty presents.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lerch were in town Monday, they are preparing to come back here to live for the summer.

Mrs. Ford, of McKinley, was in town Thursday.

Mrs. Wiseman, of Chicago, has arrived here to attend the funeral of her sister-in-law, Mrs. D. Cameron.

Mrs. Duncan Cameron died Thursday morning after a serious illness of two weeks. The funeral took place from the Congregational church Friday afternoon. Rev. Cummings performed the last sad rites which were simple but very impressive. The body was interred at Lakeside cemetery. Mrs. Cameron leaves a husband and six children to mourn her untimely death; two of the children are mere babies.

Mrs. Nelson, of Virginia, visited among friends here Wednesday.

William Smith, who has been sick for the past few weeks is out again.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Pertl.

Circuit Court of Cook County, Judge Edward F. Dunne. In Chambers, April 3, 1902.—T. K. Birkeland, Esq., Biwabik, Minn.—Dear Sir: On behalf of the starving and destitute women and children of the Transvaal and Orange Free State let me thank you and your committee of arrangements for your generous contribution of $42 to Governor Yates' Boer relief fund. The cry of these famished women and children of the gallant soldiers of liberty in South Africa is reaching to the uttermost ends of the earth, and bringing shame and humiliation upon their heartless oppressors. Very truly,

E. F. DUNNE.

DUN'S REVIEW

New York, April 12.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Good news predominates in the business world, notwithstanding the serious drawbacks. Weather conditions have been unsatisfactory at many points, retarding retail distribution and delaying outdoor work, while excessive rain has put many Southern planters behind with work in the cotton fields. Still more of a handicap is the strife between wage earner and employer. Manufacturing is exceptionally active in lines not disturbed by strikes, and there is a vigorous movement of goods through regular channels.

At the close of last week negotiations were concluded for a large sale of pig iron at $16.50, furnace, deliveries beginning in October and covering six months. This price is in line with the avowed conservative intentions of the leading interests. Yet spot transactions are reported at $1 higher quotations whenever buyers are so fortunate as to secure prompt shipment. Not only pig iron, but bars, billets and structural shapes are all sold so far ahead that new business is comparatively light, although consumers would quickly absorb any early deliveries that might be offered. The situation may briefly be summed up in the statement that it is the exception when order books are not filled for full capacity well toward the end of 1902. Buyers are still placing contracts abroad, and on urgent business this will probably occur frequently during the remainder of the year.

Firmness in cotton goods naturally follows the combination of light stocks and the interruption of works at some mills, with threatened disturbance at others, together with the higher price of raw material. In many lines it is no longer possible to secure prompt deliveries, and buyers have practically ceased to ask concessions. Large transactions have been effected for export, mainly of sheetings for China. Clothing buyers are seeking to secure woolen goods to substitute for deliveries retarded by strike, but find the market heavily overbought and many lines withdrawn or advanced in prices. Worsted manufacturers are busy and there is a noticeable inquiry for yarns. Footwear manufacturers have secured a little more business, and shops have been able to avoid the reduced time that was feared. Jobbers have placed orders for fall supplies earlier than usual, which had a helpful influence. Quotations are fairly steady and in the jobbing trade there is a greater demand for tan shoes than was expected.

Leather is quiet after the recent activity, yet there is no indication of weakness and exports increase. Dry hides have advanced.

More animation has appeared in the speculative markets for staples. Fluctuations were more irregular in corn, which broke sharply here and at the West, but made a partial recovery, although still remaining below the best price last month. Wheat moved with narrow limits, varying a fraction according to the preponderance of good or bad crop news. Western receipts for the week were 1,722,542 bushels, against 2,968,042 a year ago, and the total for the crop year is gradually falling back to last year's figures. Lower prices stimulated exports for a time, but shipments of wheat and flour from all ports of the United States during the week were only 3,849,970 bushels, against 4,975,810 last year, and Atlantic exports of corn were only 159,213 bushels, against 2,020,349 a year ago. Cotton moverd up to the highest point of the season, and in the option market it was noteworthy that heavy liquidation failed to produce weakness, offerings being readily absorbed. Coffee was depressed by excessive stocks and receipts, the spot price falling close to the low record.

Failures for the week numbered 198 in the United States, against 203 last year, and 10 in Canada, against 24 yast year.

JOHN STRANGE'S PUPPETS

By Charles Edward Rich.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

John Strange found two letters on his library table. He read them and rubbed his hands gleefully. His scheme had worked out to his complete satisfaction. It was now about three years since he had set it on foot. All this time the queer old man had kept his own counsel. Not even the puppets that he had meant to make dance to his music were aware of his purpose. That was what pleased him most—the feeling that he was shaping the lives of two persons, very dear to him, without their knowledge or consent.

John Strange was a millionaire by his own efforts. When a comparatively young man he had been left a widower with a baby girl. This child became the idol of his life. The responsibility of her upbringing would give him more than his accumulating dollars. His dollars he valued only for what they might give his child. It was the care for her future happiness that kept the busy brain of the man of affairs in a constant state of worry, which increased as the child grew into womanhood.

This one thing that most concerned him was the husband she might choose. He made a study of the young men she met and to all of them did he feel that he would be willing to confide her future. The picture of the sweet, domestic life that he had enjoyed for so short a time was constantly before his eyes, and he believed that he saw, in his daughter, the winsome traits of her mother—gentle, pure, home-loving.

One day, while his mind was wrestling with the ever-present problem, Dent Kennison, his manager entered his office. As a sunbeam "Mary" would banish a veil seemed lifted from the old broker's eyes and his problem was solved. He looked at the handsome, athletic figure of the man before him, he regarded almost as a son, and remembered how fifteen years before he had come to him, a boy of 13 without mother or father, and asked for a job. Strange had taken the boy, and well impressed with his earnestness and pluck had given him a place in his banking house. The boy proved himself willing and capable, and as the years went by he had been rapidly advanced in position. Strange had watched him with an approving eye.

This was the young man who had suddenly lifted the veil of doubt and perplexity from the eyes of John Strange.

"Dent," he said, after affixing his signature to some papers which the young man had brought to him, "I want you to move your traps to the house. I want to have you near to me. It will save me from coming to the office so much, and I want to drop out of the whirl a little more. I will have some rooms fixed up for you at once. When can you move in?"

Kennison had no thought of opposing his employer's wishes, since it mattered little to him where he had his abode.

"At once," he answered quietly, being trained to quick decision.

"Very well, then, I shall expect you tomorrow."

And so Kennison had become a part of the Strange household and John Strange had gathered together the strings and prepared to work his puppets.

Mary Strange knew nothing of the future-making cares that weighed on the mind of her father. She was a sweet, lovable girl with a nature as gentle as spring, but with a full love of life. She and Dent Kennison had been good friends from the time he entered her father's employ as a boy, when his duties had frequently taken him to the banker's house. Strange, who had taken a fatherly interest in the lonely lad, used always to invite him to the children's gatherings at the house, and he became quite as one of the family, until he grew up and realized the difference in his station in life. Not that Strange, or Mary, gave him any reason to mark this difference, but as he reached man's estate, his own intelligence told him that he was occupying a false position, and that the pleasant, equal-footed intimacy that boyhood permitted was not for the best then. But, when he had been practically ordered to take up his residence in the house, Strange's purpose was finally accomplished. The young financier fell head and heels in love with Mary Strange.

And the watchful father saw that his bait had been swallowed, hook, line and sinker, and was content.

Dent Kennison had no confidant. In any other matter he would have gone frankly to Mr. Strange and laid his troubles before him, but this was a problem he must figure out himself, and he had at last reached the only solution that seemed possible. He must go away. It meant, perhaps, the blasting of a promising future; hopeless love often ruined men's lives. But he could not live on and not tell her of his love, nor could he stand silently aside and see another win and woo her while his lips remained sealed.

His heart was heavy as he mounted the steps of the house for the last time. He passed into the library, where he was in the habit of attending to the private correspondence of his employer. A letter directed to Mr. Strange, in Mary's handwriting was lying on the table where it would at once attract the eye. He took it up impulsively and pressed his lips to the inscription. She had written it. Then he put it down and set about his task.

He knew that it would be impossible to explain his resolution to Mr. Strange, who would demand reasons. He must steal away, though the thought was repulsive to him.

He made his letter as short and kind as he could, and placing it with the one from Mary, he retired to his rooms, hastily packed a few of his personal effects and left the house gullilly.

These were the letters Mr. Strange found when he entered the library before dinner:

My Darling Father:

I know that you will be glad that I am happy and therefore will forgive me for what I have done. But I love him so much I could not face the possibility of your refusal, and as he feared that the difference in our worldly positions might lead you to look upon him with unfavorable eyes, I consented to go away and get married and ask your blessing later. Tell Aunt Ann that I am just the happiest girl in the world. And do not blame him, dear old dad, for it is all my fault. Your loving daughter,

MARY.

Dear Mr. Strange:

You, to whom I owe everything, must think my conduct very strange, but love knows no master. I could not face the situation any longer. I have fought it out with myself and have resolved that no matter what you may think of me I must go away. You have seen, no doubt, that I am no longer master of myself, and the difference in our positions makes it necessary for me to take the reins into my owns hands and run away. It seems like the act of a coward, but I love her so much that I could not stay and face it out here. I hope that some time you can bring yourself to forgive me. Sincerely yours, DENT KENNISON.

And John Strange chuckled as he read. He did not know how badly he had tangled the strings of his puppets.

SORE FEET.

Bunions, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Sprains or Bruises of every description are quickly healed with ***Greene's Infallible Liniment.*** It is a powerful antiseptic and blood poisoning is impossible under its use. In cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sore Throat or Lame Back it gives instant relief.

Mr. G. F. Moore, Traveling Auditor of the Chicago & Alton R. R., writes:

"I wish to congratulate you on having produced a liniment which in all cases comes up to the merits claimed for it. In my family it has been used with perfectly satisfactory results."

"Greene's Infallible Liniment has done me a world of good. I shall always have a supply on hand for use. —W. A. Lange, ex-fielder, C. B. B. Club."

Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you, the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, will, to prove its worth, send a large free sample in return for this Ad. and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. There is no substitute. Look for this trade mark

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

For sale by Schulze Bros.; E. L. Toomey; G. H. Huseby; Clemetson Bros., West Duluth; James McMartin, D. O. Mackey; Helmer Jenroth; S. M. Jensen, Two Harbors, Minn.; and S. F. Boyce and Kenney & Watt, Duluth.

Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.

WHOLESALE

Grocers and Importers.

"Standard Goods of Standard Makers."

DULUTH, - - - - MINNESOTA.

Ready Reference Guide

OF

Representative Firms.

FINANCIAL.

Abstracts of Title.
THE CON. ABSTRACT CO., 306 W. Sup.

Banks.
AM. EXCHANGE BANK, Exch. bldg.
FIRST NAT. BANK, Superior and 3rd.
COM. BANKING CO., 302 W. Superior st.
MERCHANTS BANK, West Duluth.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Sup.

Safety Deposit.
NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT CO., boxes $5, $10 and $25 per year.

Real Estate, Loans & Insurance
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
WENDELL P. MOSHER, Prov. bldg.
J. A. STEPHENSON, Providence bldg.
GEORGE H. CROSBY, Providence bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
P. GEO. HANSON, 1906 W. Superior.
HAZEN & GETCHELL, West Duluth.

Real Estate and Loans.
A. W. Taussig & Co., Providence bldg.

Real Estate.
LITTLE & NOLTE, (est 1856), Ex. bldg.
LAKESIDE LAND CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.

Architects.
PALMER, HALL & HUNT, Lonsdale.
J. J. WANGENSTEIN, Providence.

Attorneys at Law.
G. D. ALLEN, Palladio bldg.
J. H. WHITELY, Palladio bldg.

Stocks and Grain.
B. E. BAKER, Board of Trade.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. G. SEGOG, New Jersey bldg.

Stock and Mineral Land.
S. EDWARD SMITH, 1st Nat. Bk. bldg.

Building and Loan.
Union, Zenith & Climax, 2 First Ave.

WHOLESALE.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 E. First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD D. CO., 225 S. 5th.

Dry Goods.
PATRICK & GRANGER CO., 113 S. 5th.

Grain Commission Merchants
VAN DUSEN-HARRINGTON, Bd. Trade.
THE JOHN MILLER CO., Bd. of Trade.
AMES-BROOKS CO., Board of Trade.
G. S. BARNES & CO., Board of Trade.
ATWOOD, LARSON & CO., Bd. Trade.
WILLIAM DALRYMPLE, Bd. of Trade.
PIERCE BROS., Board of Trade.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Mich.
DULUTH PRODUCE CO., 208 W. Mich.
HUDSON PRODUCE CO., 118 W. Mich.
THE VICTOR COMPANY, 202 W. Mich.

Oysters, Fish—Cold Storage.
A. BOOTH & COMPANY.

Building Supplies and Mantels
DIXON & LOWRY, 327 W. Mich.

Rex—Home, Bacon, Etc.
THE CUDAHY PKG. CO., 132 W. Mich.

Pianos and Organs.
DULUTH MUSIC CO., Lake and Sup.

Grocers.
STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS 103 S. 5th.

Produce Commis'n Merchants
FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
KNUDSEN-FERGUSON, 212 W. Mich.
THOS. THOMPSON, 126 W. Michigan.

Elec. Supplies and Contractor.
NORTHERN ELECTRIC CO., 20 3d Av W.
BURGESS ELECTRIC CO., 24 3d Av W.

Grain, Hay and Feed.
J. C. PERRY, foot of 3d Ave.
D. S. McKAY & CO., 102 S. First Ave.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 ft 20th Av. W.

Logging Tools and Sleighs.
NORTHWEST. MFG. CO., Lake Ave.

Boiler and Marine Work.
NORTHWEST BOILER WKS., 609 Gar.
GOGEBIC BOILER WKS., 409 Lake.

Dressed Meats and Live Stock.
ELLIOTT & CO., 37th Ave. W.

Iron and Steel Scrap.
DULUTH IRON & M. CO., 200 E. Mich.

Machinists and Founders.
NATIONAL IRON CO., Garfield Ave.

Mechanical Rubber Goods.
THOMSON-GLASKIN CO., 239 S. 5th Av.

Cut Stone Contractors.
BERG & NELSON, foot First Ave. W.

News Dealers—Books, Station'y
LUNDBERG & STONE, 221 W. Sup.

Awnings and Tents.
POIRIER & NORDSTROM, 104 E. Sup.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior.

Pipe and Boiler Covering.
KEASBEY & MATTISON, 325 W. Mich.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd Td.

Rubber Stamps and Stencils.
CON. STAMP & PTG. CO., Phoenix Bk.

**Wines and Liquors

THE ARENA OF SPORTS

The Big Match Between Jeffries and Fitzsimmons Is Now Practically Off.

"Fitz" Refuses to Go to California, Saying He Was "Skinned" There Once—Would Fight in London.

The big match between Champion Jeffries and Bob Fitzsimmons, which appeared so certain until the last few days, is practically off. The much-talked-of, sure-to-pull-off Charleston organization died with its boots on, and Fitz's abhorrence for anything with the name California attached to it caused the bottom to drop out of the match.

The latest from the Fitzsimmons end is that he will fight "Jeff" nowhere but in London. Besides which he says he wants to fight any six white heavyweights in the world, one each night for the five nights, and wind up with Jeffries on the sixth night for the heavyweight championship of the world.

This looks awfully strong on paper, but will be taken with a large grain of salt by the sporting public. Fitz, in denouncing California, says he "got skinned" there once, and, therefore, will never fight there again.

Admitting he was robbed in San Francisco, the fact remains the men who were instrumental in robbing him are, with the exception of Tom Sharkey, dead cocks in the pugilistic pit. Furthermore, he has had dealings with Sharkey, one of the principal conspirators, since then. Bob evidently forgets he made no mention of refusing to fight in California when he signed the articles, nor when the bids for the fight on March 15 were opened.

He said at that time he wanted until April 1 to think the matter over and to permit other clubs, if they so chose, to bid for the contest. This, it is needless to say, was not in strict accordance with the articles which his signature made binding.

However, the match is off, and Fitz will undoubtedly be censured for presuming he would get robbed if he fought on the coast.

* * *

Interest in the intercollegiate championship to be run off in Philadelphia, is already being shown by the thousands of alumni of the colleges which compose the I. C. A. A. A. A.

The situation is somewhat more complicated than in ordinary years by the appearance of both Michigan and California in the meet. Michigan has a much stronger team than last year, when she made such a good showing, while there are sure to be some good men on the California team.

In Plaw the champions of the Pacific slope have a weight man who is thought to be the only hammer-thrower in the world capable of giving the world's champion, John Flanagan, a hard tussle. Plaw was here two years ago, and he then surprised everybody. He has since done 150 feet and a fraction. DeWitt, of Princeton, will make him do a first-class throw to win out.

LAST YEAR'S WINNERS.

As last year, the real fight for the team banners seems to be between Harvard and Yale, with Cornell a possibility. In spite of the latter's defeat at the hands of Michigan two weeks ago.

This review will show that the standard of track and field athletics is yearly getting better. The records do not improve greatly, but the general standard of performance is higher than ever before. Years ago, in the time of Dohm and Downs, it was freely predicted that never again would such great middle distance runners be seen on the college tracks, but now there are a dozen men who run close to record time.

The hundred yards will this year bring out the fastest field that has ever faced the starter at a college meet.

There will be no fewer than five world's record holders in this race—Duffy and Sears, the holders of the world's 100 yards record, of 9 4-5 seconds; Hargraves, who holds world's figures for 165 yards, and Sheuber, of Harvard, and Hahn, of Michigan, who are joint record holders at the forty yards. The latter two may not be able to go through the full distance, though Hahn, of Michigan, has a record of ten seconds for the 100.

Besides the above there are several men who have run the 100 yards in even time, such as Lightner, Haigh and Shick, of Harvard; Westney, of Pennsylvania; Moulton, of Yale; Haslam, of Michigan, and a Californian whose name I cannot call to mind at present writing. The real merit of Duffy and Sears is known, while Moulton, Hahn and Shick seem the most likely men to upset calculations. Moulton has every qualification for a champion sprinter, while Shick made his even time when a school boy. Sears, of Cornell, may also improve sufficiently to win out, though it must be remembered that he was beaten by Lightner, of Harvard, last spring.

The above men will be the choice also for the 220 yards, with the addition of Boardman, of Yale, if Murphy deems it advisable to start him in the race.

If Hargrave and Moulton, of Yale, are in shape they should get within the points, as they have both done under the even 22 seconds. Boardman has done 21 3-5 seconds, and two years ago, it will be remembered, he came within an ace of winning this event after running the quarter mile in 49 3-5 seconds. If Yale puts all her men in this event she should capture at least half the points.

Westney and Anderson, of Pennsylvania, survived to the semi-finals last year, and if the day is fine the former may get into the finals, but to do so he will have to improve as much as his trainer is counting on him to do. The competition in this event will be very fierce, and in many ways it should furnish a sensational race, as Boardman, Hargraves, Sears, Lightner, Hahn and Westney have done the even 22 seconds or better.

The quarter can be depended on to finish as stubborn a struggle as has been seen for some time. Boardman, of Yale, will be out for blood. Last fall he lost the quarter at the international games through overconfidence, which resulted in his not getting into proper shape, but Rust, his conqueror, is a comer still, and he can be looked for to do a little better than 50 seconds. Manson, of Harvard, is still in this event, and he will help his mate. But in Holland, of Georgetown, the Blue and Crimson will meet a quarter-miler whose merits have not as yet been recognized. He is good for under 50 seconds, and it is likely that he will slip in on both the other colleges' representatives and retain his championship. But the majority of the points should go to Yale and Harvard.

The half mile looks like a good thing for the present champion, Perry, of Princeton. Bellinger, of Cornell; Franchot, of Yale, and Nutter, of Bowdoin, who finished in that order after Perry are all back, and the only men who seem likely to defeat them are Pennsylvania men. Drumheller, of Pennsylvania, and Standen are both good for a fast half if they run up to form, and they may score for the red and blue in this event.

The mile is an open event, as Benny Clark, of Harvard, who won it so handsomely last year, is out. Weston, who was second, and Knowles, of Harvard, who was fourth, are the only point-winners in the race. But Pennsylvania has the man who should win the event if he runs up to form, in Jack Baillie. He has made great progress, and his chances are better than anyone else's so far.

Cornell has some men who were close up last year at the finish of this race, and Trott or Flanders may take a hand in the point-getting.

Russell, of Pennsylvania, is another who needs to improve only a little to have a good chance to score. Weston, of Yale, will have to show great improvement over his last year's form to retain his place as a point-winner.

Gallagher, of Cornell, had an easy time last year in the two-mile championship. Mills, of Harvard; Williams, of Princeton, and Swan, of Harvard, were the point winners in the places. Gallagher is now graduated, and up to the present time no new star has appeared. Bowen, of Pennsylvania, is the only man who is likely to bother any of the above.

Clapp, of Yale; Converse, of Harvard, and Willis, of Harvard, finished in that order in both the hurdle races last spring. No other man has come along who seems likely to defeat them. Fishley, of Michigan, was fourth in the high hurdle, and Thomas, of Yale, held that position in the low. Both are young hurdlers and they may improve their positions, but the points seem to be destined to go very much as they did last year.

The only men who may slip in are Cornell and Pennsylvania low hurdlers. Purcell, of Cornell, and Howard and Goodman, of Pennsylvania, were close up in the semi-finals. Howard seems to be considerably improved this year, but with such fine hurdlers as Clapp, Converse and Willis in the race neither the Pennsylvania hurdler nor the Cornell man can expect more than the point.

DeWitt, of Princeton, and Wales, of Cornell, are the only two point winners in the hammer who are now in college. This event can be prognosticated now almost to a surety if the men throw up to form. Plaw, of California, should be first; DeWitt, of Princeton, second; Wales, of Cornell, third, with fourth a hard fight between Goss or Bergen, of Yale, and Moxley, of Cornell.

With Dick Sheldon, of Yale, out of the shot-put it will be a very close fight for first place metween Beck, of Yale; Robinson, of Harvard, and Rogers, or Cornell. Last year Beck beat Robinson only 1½ inches, both throwing over 43 feet. There does not seem to be a good man for fourth place, so several will have a chance, such as Goss, of Yale; Porter, of Cornell, and DeWitt, of Princeton. If Plaw, of California, goes into this event he will be the probable point winner, as he has done over 46 feet.

The pole vault will be the most open event of the games, as the first three point winners have graduated. Gray and Colkett, of Pennsylvania; Coleman, Horton and Moore, of Princeton; Pease and Hinton, of Yale; Gardiner, of Syracuse, and Fredericks, of Cornell, all have a chance for the place. Colman and Horton, Princeton, have the best records, but they are neither sure performers, or they would be given the choice.

Jones, of New York university; Curtis, of Princeton, and Lowe, of Syracuse, were first, second and third last year in the high jump. Rotch, of Harvard, the other point winner, is the only one who has graduated. Victor, of Yale, who did not compete last year, has done 5 feet 11¾ inches, which is even better than either Curtis or Lowe has ever done.

Cloudman, of Bowdoin, is the only point winner in the broad jump who will not be at the games this year. Kennedy, last year's winner, will have to look close to his laurels, as Spruker, of Yale, is sure to do close to twenty-three feet. Dr. Shell, of Pennsylvania, promises a man who will clear twenty-two feet, and if this man materializes he will get a place.

* * *

Jem Mace, so far as the general sporting public is concerned, is a person of the past. Yet he still remains the popular idol of all Englishmen who love a fight.

He has a public house in Birmingham, and here he entertains his friends and discusses the fights of the olden days when he and "Tom" Sayers and Heenan were the stars of the pugilistic ring.

"Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien, the present middleweight and heavyweight champion, visited Mace while he was in England, and spent several days with the former champion of England.

"Mace is a wonderfully preserved man," says O'Brien. "When you consider the race pugilists run, Like Sullivan and other champions, he has dissipated and has led a life of riotous living.

"Yet in spite of all, he is a wonderfully preserved old man of 72. Few pugilists ever attain that age, and today his muscles are as hard as steel, and he is in splendid trim. His hair is as black as coal, and there are few gray hairs in his head.

"Arthur Chambers and Johnny Clark, of this city, are contemporaries of Mace, and both are well along in life.

"Mace spent six years in Australia posing in Graeco statue studies, and he says he cleared more than $100,000 while in the antipodes.

"His whole life now is centered in preserving his health. He exercises daily and conducts a school of boxing. His only dissipation now is tea drinking. He averages twelve cups a day. All in all, he is a wonderful old man."

* * *

"Bob Fitzsimmons was not made knock-kneed for nothing," said "Kid" McCoy. "He is the hardest hitter in the world, and the reason is that he stands with knees together.

"Fitz pivots from his knees in delivering a blow and in that manner he can hit four times as hard as a man who pivots from the hips or the waist.

"I used to box with Fitzsimmons in New Orleans. I was only a novice at the game then, and I watched every move that he made. I studied him for four years and am willing to say I learned more boxing from Fitzsimmons than from all the other fighters that I ever saw. I think that Fitzsimmons is the cleverest fighter in the ring. He is a wonder. When you think you have all he knows down fine he comes up with something new. He uses his brains.

"When I want to send in a knockout I purposely force my knees in the same position that comes natural to Fitzsimmons. Then I swing my whole body from the knee up. That is where I got the punch that upset Sharkey and with which I recently put out three Englishmen in the same 12-foot ring in one night."

* * *

New York papers are elated over the news that President Roosevelt has accepted an invitation to witness the running of the Suburban. The fact that Mr. Roosevelt and Col. Roosevelt witnessed several Suburbans in the past has been forgotten. President Roosevelt is a member of the Coney Island Jockey club.

* * *

As a sequel to the defi published to English wrestlers by Jack Carkeek, the American who claims to be champion of all he surveys, there was an entertaining incident recently in the Alhambra theater, London, where Carkeek exhibits. Carkeek offered £50 to anyone in the audience whom he could not throw in fifteen minutes. Suddenly there was a bustle in one of the stage boxes, and four resolute-looking men stepped upon the stage, followed by a wrestler "with so splendid a figure that a murmur of admiration went through the house," according to a London paper. Carkeek, however, was not very cordial. His manager was summoned, and the rude intruders and their man were hustler into the wings, protesting and declaring Carkeek was afraid to meet their man. The mysterious stranger proved to be a Mr. Hakenschmidt, a Russian wrestler of note. Carkeek, in explanation to the audience, said he knew of the man, and that he was a very good Graeco-Roman wrestler. However, as Carkeek stipulates the right to select his own style of wrestling, he avoided the stranger's style and offered to wrestle him at the Cornish style, of which Hakenschmidt knows nothing. The Russian declined.

* * *

Charles Carver, holder of the world's amateur strength record, made good his claim on the title of America's strong man by breaking his own record by over 300 points in the University of Chicago gymnasium. Piqued by the record made by Arthur Pyng, of Harvard, two months ago, who came close to his old record, 2,371.2 kilograms, and by the taunts of his friends, Carver made up his mind to set a record that will stand. Using the apparatus in the gymnasium of the University of Chicago he made a total of 2,737.4 kilograms.

Carver's tests were those used at Yale. They were the dip on the parallel bars, the pull-up on the horizontal bars, test for strength of back, legs and grip by means of machines which register the amount of force expended in pounds.

In the dip he made 103 and in the pull-up 57. The sum, multiplied by his weight before entering the tests, 184 pounds, divided by 10, and then by 2.2 to reduce it to kilograms, gave 1345.4 kilograms. For the back his test was 1060, as much as the machine would register. If it had registered higher, he would no doubt have gone as high as 1500. This number reduced to kilos gave 477. The leg test gave him 1600 pounds, or 727 kilos. The test for grip gave him, right hand, 178 pounds or 81 kilos, and left hand, 162 pounds or 74 kilos. The sum of these figures, together with 34 kilos, which were added to represent his strength of lung, gave the total of 2738.4 kilos, an increase of 367.2 over his former record of 2371.2.

Carver is now 26 years old. He began to develop himself during his second year in Yale, five years ago. He was then of a very ordinary build, measuring only thirty-seven inches around the chest. He now stretches the tape at 46. He was graduated from Yale in 1900, with the reputation of champion intercollegiate strong man.

* * *

Choynski's defeat at the hands of Kid Carter last week recalls the ancient adage, that youth must be served. To Joe Choynski belongs the honor of being the oldest boxer in point of service before the public today. Joe started in the fighting game in the year 1884. He has been up against all the best men in the world, including Jim Jeffries, James J. Corbett and Bob Fitzsimmons. Young Corbett, the conqueror of Terry McGovern, has been fighting since 1897, the same year that Terry became a professional. John L. Sullivan made his debut in 1880, but he is no longer considered among the fighting brigade. Choynski holds a big lead over the others. In the following list will be found the time and place most of the leading pugilists started in the fighting game:

1887—Jim Jeffries, San Francisco.
1883—Bob Fitzsimmons, Timura.
1886—Jim Corbett, San Francisco.
1894—Tom Sharkey, Honolulu.
1883—Peter Maher, Dublin.
1884—Joe Choynski, San Francisco.
1896—Gus Ruhlin, Akron.
1896—Terry McGovern, Brooklyn.
1880—John L. Sullivan, Boston.
1897—Young Corbett, Denver.
1891—Kid McCoy, Indianapolis.
1899—George Dixon, Halifax.
1889—George Lavigne, St. Paul.
1890—Joe Walcott, South Boston.
1890—Tommy Tracey, Melbourne.
1887—Tommy Ryan, Grand Rapids.
1885—Young Griffo, Sydney.
1885—Billy Murphy, Auckland.
1878—Charley Mitchell, Birmingham.
1891—Frank Craig, Harlem.
1885—George Dawson, Brisbane.
1888—Billy Plimmer, London.
1888—Mysterious Billy Smith, St. John, N. B.
1889—Dan Creedon, Melbourne.
1891—Jack Everhart, New Orleans.
1892—Eddie Connolly, St. Johns.
1902—Frank Erne, Buffalo.
1893—Charley McKeever, Philadelphia.
1888—Joe Goddard, Melbourne.
1889—Solly Smith, Los Angeles.
1890—Tommy West, Portland, Me.
1894—Charlie Goff, Fairfield, Wash.
1892—Jack Downey, Coney Island.
1891—Owen Ziegler, New York.
1892—Sulke Sullivan, Boston.
1892—Joe Gans, Baltimore.
1893—George Green, San Francisco.
1894—Kid McFarland, New York.
1887—Dal Hawkins, San Francisco.
1887—Wilmington Jack Daly, New Orleans.
1896—Ben Jordan, London.
1894—Joe Bernstein, New York.
1889—Tommy White, Hammond, Ind.
1891—Casper Leon, New York.
1889—Oscar Gardner, Omaha.
1892—Pedlar Palmer, London.
1894—Dave Sullivan, Boston.
1890—Martin Flaherty, Lowell.
1897—New York Jack O'Brien, Boston.
1894—George McFadden, New York.
1896—Matty Matthews, Baltimore.
1897—Jack Root, Chicago.
1893—Jack McClelland, Pittsburg.
1894—Jack Bennett, McKeesport.
1896—Eddie Lenny, Philadelphia.
1894—Austin Rice, New London.
1897—Tim Callahan, Philadelphia.
1897—Harry Forbes, Chicago.
1896—Kid Broad, Buffalo.
1896—Tommy Feltz, Brooklyn.
1896—Bill Hanrahan, New York.
1895—Kid Parker, Denver.
1895—Young Peter Jackson, Denver.
1896—Philadelphia Jack O'Brien, Philadelphia.
1897—Harry Harris, Chicago.
1893—Al Wenig, Buffalo.
1896—Morris Rauch, Chicago.
1898—Kid Carter, Brooklyn.
1896—Billy Gardner, Lynn.
1898—Eddie Kennedy, Camden, N. J.
1897—George Gardner, Boston.
1895—Art Simms, Akron.
1898—Al Neill, San Francisco.
1896—Toby Irwin, San Francisco.
1900—Marvin Hart, Louisville.
1896—Jim Ferns, Kansas City.
1896—Gus Gardner, Philadelphia.
1902—Jimmy Britt, San Francisco.
1894—Marty McCue, Harlem.
1898—Jimmy Sullivan, Yonkers.

VERY EVEN

Was the Match of Jack O'Brien and Joe Walcott.

Philadelphia, April 12.—Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and Joe Walcott fought six rounds at the Industrial A. C. club last night, before a crowded house. So evenly matched were the men that the spectators were divided as to which of the fighters had the better of the go. A majority of them seemed to think that the honors belonged to O'Brien. Throughout the fight the English champion fought on the defensive, although at times he viciously went after the negro, but never forced him to break ground. O'Brien used his left on Walcott's face and his right on the stomach, but did not appear to distress the colored man. In the second round Walcott sent in two hot rights on O'Brien's wind, which knocked considerable steam out of the Philadelphian. He was tired at the end of the round, but after that he came back and fought well. Neither man was much distressed at the end of the sixth round, but O'Brien showed more evidence that he had been in a warm battle than did his colored opponent.

TO MAKE UP RIGHT

(Continued from page 1.)

quest thousands of years ago. The darkening preparation called maschero, or the Oriental kohol, is applied in the same way.

A smal portion of the darkener is placed in a spoon or tiny little pan with a handle, sold for the purpose. The mixture is heated over a candle or lamp, and a little of the warm mass on the edge of a chamois-covered pointed stick is smeared on the eyelashes from beneath the lower lid.

The eye is next closed and the upper lashes treated. Some women darken the under lids of the eye rim, applying the stain to the lids while the eye is open. A camel's hair paint brush may be used for this operation.

The eyebrows then receive attention. If the eyebrow is scant, it is made to appear heavier. If too short, it is lengthened. If too straight, it is arched. If too light in color it is darkened.

After all this is done the subject should place herself under the strongest glare of light, and with a magnifying glass tone down any exaggerations.

A successfully made-up women does not look in the least artificial. The instant it is apparent that she is rouged or has blackened her eyes, she proclaims herself either a novice or a vulgarian.

Some women prefer a liquid white to the cold creamy preparatory treatment. In such cases the face is first washed and carefully dried. A little rouge is delicately applied and over it a liquid powder or cream, as it is usually called. The liquid powder may be applied with the fingers or a small velvet sponge.

This cosmetic is very generally used for the neck and arms. The statement that all cosmetics ruin the skin is contradicted by facts. Some of the women of the stage, notably May Irwin, Lillian Russell and Camille D'Arville, have complexions of exquisite beauty. powder recklessly every week, every day, for two-thirds of their lives, and there are hundreds of professional women who make up every night of the theatrical season and yet retain natural, beautiful skins, despite paint and powder. Soap and water are the real preservatives of the complexion.

Whether she uses cosmetics or not, each women should thoroughly wash out all impurities from the skin with hot water and soap at least once in twenty-four hours.

BOY BORN A KING

(Continued From Page 1.)

is the niece of King Francis Joseph, and that he carries in his veins many of the admirable traits of the Austrians and the Germans. The king has the German fondness for music and sings well. He also performs nicely on the piano and on the Spanish instruments, the guitar and the mandolin. He is a dancer, and is so graceful that the young princess who go to San Sebastian to spend a holiday are captivated with him.

His majesty's main recreation is that of photographing the beach, and the story is told of how he snapshoted a pretty little American girl of 12, who objected decidedly to the proceeding, and said that, king or no king, she would have that photo. It ended in a little tiff between his majesty and the little American, who, however, got possession of the negative and broke it before the wrathful eyes of the then boyish king, who marched away in high dudgeon at the snub inflicted by the daughter of America.

Alphonso has always been fond of outdoor sports and has been very successful at them. Though not a stout lad he can ride anything in the way of horseflesh and can play at any outdoor game.

To his mother personally Alphonso is very generous. He has bestowed upon her many of the jewels which descended to him from his father and which many a young king would have saved for his bride-to-be. He purchases gowns for her out of his income as king and he orders that her horses be renewed each year and that her private suite be kept in more regal magnificence than his own.

Alphonso is very fond of his two sisters, the eldest of whom is the princess of Austrias, and the younger the Princess Marie Theresa. The latter is unmarried and four years older than Alphonso himself.

When the bells of Old Madrid are ringing with the news of the coronation of King Alphonso XIII, the young king standing upon his throne with the crown of his fathers upon his head, can look about with eyes fearless and tearless. For him there are no parental memories to dim the pleasure of the occasion.

With King Edward it is different, for he has the memory of his mother to sadden the crown as he puts it upon his head. But with Alphonso there is no parental recollection. The young king was a posthumous child, born six months after his father died; and for six months the people of Spain did not know whether they would have an heir or bow the knee to another little princess. Meanwhile Don Carlos, too, waited, for if a girl had been born it is certain the Carlists would have asked for the throne.

But it was a boy. And Sagasta, loyal old Sagasta, brought the news to the people. And Sagasta it was who carried the child out to where the populace could see the floating robes and the laces; and Sagasta who, standing with the bundle in his arms, gave the signal for a "Long live the king!" And now, after long years of waiting, Alphonso, young, dignified, well educated and abundantly prepared for the throne, steps into it in May. His coronation is to follow. Surely the wish that he may wear the crown easily, and with prosperity to his country, rises from the whole world, for Spain, ancient Spain, needs a good ruler.

FREE FOR TOBACCO TAGS
FROM
"Star," "Horse Shoe," "Standard Navy," "Spearhead," "Drummond" Natural Leaf, "Good Luck," "Piper Heidsieck," "Boot Jack," "Nobby Spun Roll," "J. T.," "Old Honesty," "Master Workman," "Jolly Tar," "Sickle," "Brandywine," "Cross Bow," "Old Peach and Honey," "Razor," "E. Rice, Greenville," "Tennessee Crossties," "Planet," "Neptune," "Ole Varginy," "Granger Twist," (two Granger Twist tags being equal to one of others mentioned). Red tin tags from "Tinsley's 16 oz. Natural Leaf" and W. N. Tinsley's picture tin tags, and Trade Mark stickers from "Five Brothers' Pipe Smoking" Tobacco are also good for Presents;
ALSO
PAPER BANDS
FROM
FLORODORA
CLEAR HAVANA FILLER
SUMATRA WRAPPER
2,500 TAGS.
HARP-O-CHORD. 250 TAGS.
HARMONOPHONE 60 TAGS.
60 TAGS.
30 TAGS.
RAZOR STROP. 60 TAGS.
2,000 TAGS.
25 TAGS
400 TAGS.
RUBBER POUCH FOR PLUG TOBACCO 20 TAGS.
SPLIT BAMBOO FISHING ROD. 240 TAGS.
NUT SET. SILVER PLATED. 60 TAGS.
FOUNTAIN PEN. 100 TAGS.
MATCH BOX. 25 TAGS.
25 TAGS.
700 TAGS
CHILD'S SET 25 TAGS.
200 TAGS.
MARLIN MAGAZINE RIFLE 30/30 CALIBER. 2000 TAGS.
REMINGTON DOUBLE-BARREL HAMMERLESS SHOT GUN. 800 TAGS.
100 TAGS.
TOOL SET. 850 TAGS.
SIX "ROGERS" TEASPOONS. 160 TAGS.
25 TAGS.
85 TAGS.
TOOL HANDLE AND TOOLS. 140 TAGS.
RUBBER POUCH FOR FINE CUT TOBACCO.
BUTTER KNIFE. "ROGERS." 60 TAGS.
SUGAR SHELL "ROGERS." 60 TAGS.
80 TAGS.
SALT AND PEPPER SET.
TAPE MEASURE. 60 TAGS. 50 FEET.
BOOTJACK. NICKEL WATCH, STEM WIND AND SET.
1500 TAGS.
40 TAGS.
60 CART.
3 FOR 10 CENTS
CIGARS
TAGS AND "FLORODORA" BANDS ARE OF EQUAL VALUE AND MAY BE ASSORTED.
SIX EACH, KNIVES AND FORKS. BUCKHORN HANDLES.
250 TAGS.
75 TAGS.
75 TAGS.
MARLIN REPEATING SHOT GUN. 2000 TAGS.
MARLIN MAGAZINE RIFLE, 18 SHOT, 22 CALIBER 1800 TAGS.
Our New Illustrated
CATALOGUE OF PRESENTS
FOR 1902
includes many articles not shown here. It contains the most attractive List of Presents ever offered for Tags, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.
Our offer of Presents for Tags will expire Nov. 30th, 1902.
CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO.
Write your name and address plainly on outside of package containing Tags, and forward Tags by registered mail, or express prepaid. Be sure to have your package securely wrapped, so that Tags will not be lost in transit. Send Tags and requests for Presents (also requests for catalogues) to
C. Hy. BROWN,
4241 Folsom Ave.,
St. Louis, Mo.

SLOT MACHINES
A little money invested in MILLS COIN OPERATING MACHINES will pay you phenomenal profits. We are the largest manufacturers of coin operating machinery in the world. Get our catalogue.
MILLS NOVELTY CO., Chicago.
11 to 23 South Jefferson Street.

Slot Machines
OF ALL KINDS.
Electric Banjos, Phonographs. Put one or more in your place of business. They soon pay for themselves. Sold in Duluth by
PAGE & BATES,
Phones 980 and 1058. 413 W. Mich. St

10 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, APRIL 14, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

PEARSON HAS LOST

Million Dollar Suit Against Great Northern.

Judge Kelly Gives Him Only $500 and Costs.

Judge Kelly, in the district court at St. Paul, has filed his decision in the case of Herbert W. Pearson, of Duluth, against the Great Northern Railroad company, to recover $1,500,000 for his services in locating coal bodies in the West.

The judge awards Mr. Pearson only $500 on account of unpaid salary, and judgment for his costs and disbursements.

The case was tried at St. Paul before a jury, and the trial was a long and interesting one. The issue hinged on the effect of the application of Mr. Pearson's geological theories of coal formation. He claimed to have discovered coal for the Great Northern by the use of his floodwood theory of coal formation, and he claimed the amount named as royalties.

The trial was most interesting. Spectacled and eminent scientists and advocates of the conventional theories of coal formation, pooh-poohed Mr. Pearson's theories. Mr. Pearson was permitted to abandon his customary methods of giving testimony, and with his maps and his charts and his books he went into a complete explanation of his theory. He told how he was started along the line of investigation that led to his theory by the discovery of a series of ancient beaches showing that in olden times the water levels were very much different from what they are here. He made his start from the old Lake Superior beach that is now the boulevard about the hills back of Duluth. He carried out his story, and developed his theory so logically, clearly and interestingly, that in spite of the frowns and polite sneers of the eminent scientists, eleven out of the twelve men on the jury believed him, and were willing to give him a verdict for a large sum.

The twelfth man, however, hung out for the mere nominal sum that the judge has now granted finally, and there was a disagreement. Then it was decided that instead of trying the case over again it should be submitted to the judge, on the evidence already introduced, and the heavy expense of a retrial saved. That was some months ago, and Judge Kelly has just handed down his decision.

It is a modest ending of the case. The company claimed that the coal fields which Mr. Pearson claimed to have discovered were well known long before he found them. The $500 which was allowed is simply salary for the time Mr. Pearson was engaged by the road in making the search.

PRESIDENT STEYN.

ACTING PRESIDENT SCHALKBURGER.

SCHALKBURGER AND STEYN, LEADERS IN THE BOER PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

The men pictured above are the two chief representatives of the "traveling Boer governments" in the field. Schalkburger is acting president of the South African Republic owing to President Kruger's exile, and Steyn is the president of the Orange Free State. Both are soldiers as well as statesmen and have been fighting steadily since the war opened.

SEVERE FIGHTING

With Heavy Losses Occurs In the Transvaal.

Commandant Potgieter Is Among the Killed.

London, April 14.—News of severe fighting in the Transvaal at the end of last week has been sent by Lord Kitchener, who reports that about 200 Boers were killed, wounded or captured. There about 100 British casualties.

The British also captured three guns and a considerable quantity of supplies. Commandant Potgieter was among the Boers killed.

Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch dated Pretoria Sunday, April 13, recounts how Col. Colebrander, after locating Commandant Beyer's laager at Pselkop moved his force by different routes from Pietersburg, Transvaal colony, blocking the principal lines of retreat. The fighting commenced April 8, when the Inniskilling fusiliers attacked Mollsport, covering the Boer position, and by dusk had seized a hill eastward of the fort after considerable opposition, resulting in Col. Murray being wounded and Lieut. Lincoln being killed. Another officer and five men were wounded. Since then the operations continued daily. Col. Colenbrander's latest report, April 12, gave the Boer losses in killed, wounded and prisoners at 106 men. The colonel hoped to be able to report further captures.

The most severe fighting occurred on April 11, in Western Transvaal, where Gen. Ian Hamilton has replaced Gen. Methuen in command of the British troops. The Boers attacked Col. Kekewich's force near Rooiwal, and fighting at close quarters ensued. The Boers were repulsed, leaving on the field forty-four men killed, including Commandant Potgieter and thirty-four wounded. The British captured twenty unwounded prisoners.

According to last accounts, Gen. Ian Hamilton was pursuing the remainder of the Boer command. The British losses in this fight were six men killed and fifty-two wounded.

At the beginning of the pursuit Col. Kekevich captured two guns, a pom pom, a quantity of ammunition and a number of wagons.

A force of Boers recently overwhelmed a strong British force sent out from Bulfontein, Orange River colony to clear distant farms. An officer and two men were killed, fourteen men wounded and the remaining members of the patrol were surrounded and captured. Lord Kitchener mentions holding an inquiry into this reverse.

DUTY PLACED ON WHEAT

Three Pence Per Hundred Weight on All Grain Imported Into Great Britain---The Chancellor's Budget Speech.

London, April 14.—The statement showing the revenue and expenditure presented in the house of commons today by the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, when opening the budget announcements, showed a total ordinary expenditure for 1902-03 estimated at £129,159,000 with war charges amounting to £45,450,000, making a grand total of £174,609,000, which is £12,954,000 below the total for 1901-02.

The chancellor of the exchequer estimates the total deficit for the present year at £26,284,000. To the deficit must be added sixteen or seventeen millions additional war expenditures.

The chancellor of the exchequer said he had hopes of a satisfactory result from the conference in South Africa, but he had put them aside. Preparations for the continuance of the war were the best guarantee. The income tax is increased a penny in the pound sterling. He estimated the revenue for this year on the basis of the present taxation at £147,785,000, not including the cost of gratuities at the end of the war, the transporting of troops home, etc. There is no increase in duty on sugar. The sinking fund is to be suspended. The grand total of the deficit is £45,000,000. The duties on wines, beer, tobacco and tea are not changed. A penny tax is imposed on dividend warrants, and 2-penny stamps must be placed on checks instead of 1 penny as heretofore. A duty of 3 pence per hundred weight is imposed on all imported grain.

The sum of £32,000,000 will be borrowed. The chancellor of the exchequer denied that the imposition of duties on wheat and flour violated the principles of free trade or would increase the cost of food. He thought the duties had been recklessly abandoned and declared their remission did not reduce the price of food.

The duty on meat is 5 pence per hundred weight. The revenue from the new taxation is expected to be £5,100,000. After borrowing £22,000,000, the chancellor of the exchequer will make up the deficit by drafts on the exchequer.

GOV. DOLE IS EXONERATED

Washington, April 14.—The following official statement was made at the White House today: "The president, after most careful investigation and hearing as many men as possible and hearing from others, has come to the conclusion that Governor Dole's course has been such as to warrant his continuance as governor of Hawaii, and entitles him to the respect and hearty support of the administration." The governor was a caller at the White House today and said that he would go to Boston for a short visit and in about two weeks would sail for home.

DOWIE HEIR TO AN ESTATE

Chicago, April 14.—By the terms of Frederick Sutton's will, filed for probate in the Lake county court, John Alexander Dowie, head of the Zionists, and who styles himself Elijah II, is made heir to an estate of $50,000, most of which is in New Zealand, whence his benefactor comes. Sutton had left all he had to Dowie, but a few days before his death concluded to remember his sister and three brothers, who were still in New Zealand. A codicil providing for them was filed with the will.

VIOLENT DEATHS IN DETROIT

Detroit, April 14.—John Kolasinski, of 247 Lovett street, who was shot by Martin Nowakowski last evening during a quarrel in Nowakowski's saloon, died today without regaining consciousness. He is the fourth person killed in Detroit since last Wednesday night. Miss Carrie N. Jennett was murdered late Wednesday night by Professor J. M. Miller, who is already serving a life sentence for the act. George H. Heywood was killed early Thursday morning and W. M. Jones is under arrest on suspicion, with much stong circumstantial evidence against him. Last night Matthew Smith, a teamster, who was jerked out of his wagon last Thursday by Joseph Scott, a negro, died from the injuries he sustained. Scott is under arrest.

SICK MAN'S FOOLISH ACT

St. Paul, April 14.—An Austin, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: At 2 o'clock this morning R. Sunzenker, proprietor of the Mill street restaurant, jumped from the second story window over his place of busoiness to a cement sidewalk, breaking one leg below and the other above the knee, also sustaining other injuries. The cause of the act was sickness.

STOCK CAMP

Of British Said to Be In Violation of Law.

Chicago, April 14.—The United States government's investigation of the big British stock camp at Port Chalmette practically has been concluded. Officers at New Orleans, says the Tribune's correspondent, contend that the finding will be that the post is in violation of the neutrality laws, and that the admissions of the British officers in charge are sufficient proof of this fact.

Evidence collected privately by Col. E. H. Crowder, investigation officer assigned by Adjutant Gen. Corbin, and by secret service men and army officers now stationed at Jackson barracks, constitute the final report, which will be forwarded to Washington within a few days. There will be no public inquiry.

Army officers at Jackson barracks, who supplied part of the information to Col. Crowder, contend, according to the Tribune's special, that the place on the evidence given by the English officers themselves can stand as nothing else than a continuous supply post for the British army.

STRONG MEN.

Tests to Show Which American College Has Them.

New York, April 14.—College men throughout the United States have begun to take strength tests for the purpose of evolving the institution which numbers in its ranks the fifty strongest men among American colleges. This competition is unique in intercollegiate rivalry, as the athletes do not meet in any actual contest of strength. Each university sends to a committee the statistical records of its fifty strongest men, and to the college whose athletes make the highest total is awarded the intercollegiate championship.

The tests by which the strength of the men is measured were devised by Dr. Dudley A. Sargent, of Harvard. There are seven tests, which respectively record the strength of the back, the legs, the right grip, the left grip, ability to "dip," to "push up" and to pull up, and finally the strength of lungs.

At present Columbia holds the championship and expects to increase the total of 65,000 points made by her fifty men last year.

COLONIES

Of Germany Are Not Successful From Financial Standpoint.

New York, April 14.—Germany's efforts to extend and open up colonies are not very successful from a financial point of view, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. The total annual revenue of the eight protectorates which are under the rule of the kaiser is only $2,000,000, and the reichstag has to vote $7,500,000 to support them. Kiao Chaus revenue is $60,000 and a subsidy of $3,000,000 is required to make both ends meet. Again the revenue of the protectorate of Southwest Africa amounts to $450,000, while the total sum required for its government is $3,000,000. But even these yearly subsidies do not always represent the full amounts that have to be provided out of the imperial funds. The estimates for the present year include the sum of $500,000 to cover deficits that occurred in 1898 and 1899 in the budgets of the protectorates of East Africa, the Camerons and Southwest Africa.

A CHANGE OF CONTROL

Of the Louisville & Nashville Road Is Rumored--- The Illinois Central Is Said to Have Secured It.

New York, April 14.—Countless rumors dealing with the reported change of control of the Louisville & Nashville railroad were current today, but nothing in the way of an official or semi-official statement was obtained. Parties most interested decline with one accord to discuss the matter. The strength of Illinois Central during the day's early session of the stock market gave rise to some quarters to the belief that that road would be found in control of the Louisville & Nashville. The best information fails to bear this out. Louisville stock was active and feverish, and rose towards noon to 125¼. The rise in the stock market caused signs of misgivings and depressed the general market.

ITALIAN STABS FOREMAN

Racine, Wis., April 14.—Because he had been discharged for negligence in duties, Frank Roska, an Italian, drew a stiletto and fatally stabbed Edward Francis, a foreman of the Belle City Malleable Iron works, this morning. Francis was stabbed in the back, the assailant approaching him from behind. Roska fled and has not yet been captured.

DAM AT POST LAKE GOES OUT

St. Paul, April 14.—An Appleton, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Fifty feet of the dam at Post Lake on the Wolf river, fifty miles north of here, went out yesterday, doing considerable damage. Fifteen square miles of the country is under water. The flood threatens to take out the dams at Lower Post Lake and at Elcho. The dam belonged to the Wolf River Improvement company. It went out several years ago. There was no loss of life.

PRESIDENT IS WELL INSURED

New York, April 14.—Since he became chief executive of the nation, President Roosevelt has become one of the most heavily insured men in the United States.

The president has taken out a policy for $50,000 in a New York company, besides continuing policies for smaller amounts which he has taken out long before he was elected governor of New York.

President Roosevelt's policies, it is understood, exceey by $15,000 or $20,000, those held by President McKinley. Mrs. McKinley was paid about $60,000 on policies on her husband's life.

ANGRY BOY SHOT HIS FATHER

Glenwood, Iowa, April 14.—Earl Garman shot and probably fatally wounded his father, M. L. Garman, last night. Young Garman was endeavoring to secure his father's consent to a business transaction, and on being refused, drew a revolver and shot his father in the back of the head. The elder Garman was owner of the Glenwood mills, and was of considerable local prominence.

FELL DEAD AT THE TABLE

St. Paul, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Richlicki fell dead yesterday while at the dinner table with the family of his brother, Maximillian Richlicki, 709 Farrington avenue.

Richlicki was 53 years old, unmarried, and lived with his brother. He appeared to be in the best of health yesterday afternoon, and was apparently feeling well when he began eating dinner. A few minutes later he complained of feeling suck. He arose from the table, uttered an exclamation of agony, threw up his hands and fell to the floor unconscious. A doctor was summoned but the stricken man had died before the physician arrived.

Coroner Miller was notified. After an investigation he decided that death resulted from appoplexy.

PLACED IN ASYLUM.

Mind of Artist Hecker a Complete Wreck.

New York, April 14.—With his mind a wreck and his physical condition bordering on collapse, S. Meyron Hecker, a talented young artist, has been taken to the State hospital for the insane at Trenton, N. J. On Oct. 31, Hecker disappeared from Woodbine and it was feared he had committed suicide. Six days later a hunter, walking through a swamp several miles away, found the artist fast in a morass from which he was unable to drag himself. Wild with thirst and hunger he had gnawed twigs of bushes and scooped holes in the earth to get at the moisture. His clothing was torn to shreds.

All efforts to restore his reason, have been unavailing.

ALTF COMING.

Liverpool, April 14.—The White Star liner Oceanic, which sails from this port for New York April 16, will have among her passengers Senor Aite, the new Portugese minister to the United States.

CHILDREN MURDERED

Boy and Girl Returning From Church In Suburbs of Des Moines Killed By an Unknown Assassin.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 14.—While returning from Highland Park Methodist church on the north outskirts of the city last evening, Mary Peterson, 15 years old, and Thomas, aged 11, children of Peter J. Peterson, a well to do dairyman, were murdered by some unknown person, believed to be a negro. The boy when found at midnight, was alive, but he died within fifteen minutes, not being able to give a description of his assailant. The children each Sunday went to the Highland Park church, usually attending the evening service. In going they passed along what is known as the county road which leads to the county hospital. The bodies were discovered by a farmer who overheard the moans of the lad. An examination revealed that both had their heads crushed in by what is believed to have been a brick.

The police have so far without a clew. The body of the girl was found at the foot of a telephone pole in a ditch two feet deep. She had been ravished by her assailant. Her underclothing was badly torn. At the base of the head she had been hit with some hard instrument, resulting in fracturing the skull. On the crown of the head there were four or five indentions, all of which would have proven serious if not fatal. Not a brick or an instrument can be found within the region where the murders occurred. The boy, who was found in the ditch on the opposite side of the road, had been most cruelly treated. Fully half a dozen identations were made in the skull and his face also showed evidence of being pounded. The Peterson family consists of seven children, four girls and three boys. Two of the girls now living declare that a week ago they were chased at the same spot by a man on their return during the evening from Highland park. They are unable to give a description of the man. Not far from the scene of the murder are the Marquisville coal mines, in which some 200 colored coal miners are employed. It is the impression of the police that the murderer was a resident of Marquisville. The tracks of two men have been found leading from the scene and were followed by the police, but they soon led into a path where all trace was lost.

A NOVEL PUNISHMENT

Arranged For the Boy Who Plotted to Murder a Playmate Is Likely to Be Overruled By the Governor.

New York, April 14.—As a sequel of the confession of Leonard Robinson, the 14-year-old school boy, that he had plotted to murder his playmate, Jessie Danes, an appeal probably will be made to the governor to prevent the carrying out of an agreement for his punishment. The lad was banished to a lonely but overlooking Shinnecock bay, L. I., thirty-five miles from his home, and is to remain there three years. The boy spends his time clamming and duck shooting.

There is no law, it is admitted by those who were at interest in the case, for such a punishment. It was simply a "concession" made by the father of the girl he plotted to assassinate, when the boy's father and mother begged that he would not push the case and send their son to a reformatory or a lunatic asylum. The "compromise" was reached out of court, and Judge Conklin consented to the remarkable arrangement. The boy has become tired of his part in the agreement and violated it by visiting his mother. He was severely reprimanded by the authorities and was hurried back to his hut. Now there is talk of an appeal to the governor.

YOUNG FOLKS HURT BY TRAIN

Clear Lake, Wis., April 14.—While Fred Fierhammer and Miss Ethel Holliday, young people from here, were driving home Saturday night from a Good Templar lodge three miles south, and when crossing the railroad track, the buggy was struck by a northbound freight train. Both occupants were injured, but not fatally. They were thrown some distance, and with such force that Fierhammer's body broke down a fence it came in contact with. He is severely cut and bruised. Miss Holliday escaped with a broken arm and slight bruises. The horse was killed and the buggy was completely demolished.

TAX AMOUNTS TO MILLIONS

Chicago, April 14.—The Inter-Ocean's Milwaukee special says that the federal authorities intend to demand over $2,000,000 inheritance tax on the will of the late Daniel Wells, Jr. The estate is estimated to be worth $15,000,000. A number of bequests to charitable institutions were made by Mr. Wells in his will. Barring these, the entire tax, if collected according to the provisions of the law quoted by the Inter-Ocean's correspondent, would be about $2,100,000, one of the largest ever imposed by the government.

MAJOR WALLER ACQUITTED

Manila, April 14.—Maj. Lyttleton W. T. Waller, of the marine corps, has been acquitted. He was tried by court-martial on the charge of killing natives of the Island of Samar without trial. The court stood 11 to 2 for Waller's acquittal.

Hanan Shoes for Men and Women.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.

All Standards of Excellence Point to Burrows' Form-fitting Clothing.

The label in a Burrows coat is often a good advertisement for us. Garments of such style attract attention, and when a man takes off his coat and hangs it up, it's often the case that men will take the trouble to look and see who made it. We notice these details because we are interested. Dare say you'll notice them, too, now we've called your attention to it.

We want you to see the SPRING SUITS and OVERCOATS. They'll give you a new standard by which to judge ready-to-wear clothing. The fabrics speak for themselves. You can "see" the quality that's in them. Perfectly made—perfectly finished. "Best" never meant more. A reasonable gauged scale of prices.

Spring Suits, $10 to $30.
Spring Overcoats, $10 to $35.

Here's Health and Happiness

In the renowned brew of "MOOSE BRAND BEER!" 'Tis the beer that cheers the heart bowed down, and the soul of the connoisseur. Has purity, tone and body in perfect degree, and the quality is ever the same. It's the table beer par excellence. Possessing highly nutritious properties, it's a tonic, a stimulant and reviver for the weak and exhausted. Try a case. Price, $2.25, and our "MOOSE BRAND BEER" will hereafter become your favorite brand.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone 241.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

TO ST. LOUIS.

Governor Taft Will Go on Fair Business.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 14.—Governor General Taft, of the Philippines, goes to St. Louis tomorrow, to confer with President Francis and other exposition officers. Later in the week he leaves for Washington and New York, with Mrs. Taft and Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Taft. While East he will visit old Yale friends at New Haven. He will return to Cincinnati before sailing via the Suez canal May 17. He will visit Rome. He expects to be subject to call in Washington for questions while the Philippine bill is pending.

YOUNG DE WET IN PERU.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, April 14.—Adolphus De Wet, a nephew of the Boer general, De Wet, who was wounded and captured at the battle of Jacobsdal, and who afterwards escaped from Bermuda by swimming to a schooner bound for New York, arrived here recently. He spent a few days in this city and proceeded to Lima, Peru, where he will engage in a mining enterprise.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

OPIE READ IS HERE

Well Known Writer Arrives to Give Entertainment Here.

Talks of Literary Affairs and His Own Future Work.

Thinks Grandest Man of Country Will Come Out of West.

Opie Read, in the old days of the South a printer and country newspaper man, today a writer of character fiction whose fame has no boundaries, arrived at the Spalding this morning. He will appear in the Star Lecture course at the Methodist church this evening, jointly with Wallace Bruce Amsbury.

Mr. Read's countenance is familiar to pretty nearly all people that read fiction, but some have the mistaken impression that he is short and squat in stature. Instead, he is of much the same figure of Clay Clement, the actor, whose close friend he is. A tall, broad-shouldered, deep-chested figure carries proudly a lion-like head, with flowing black hair. If he were to lapse into his native Southern dialect you might imagine that he had stepped out of "Alabama," "A Southern Gentleman," or any typical Southern play.

"I'm going to tell some stories and talk about them for your people tonight," he said, in response to a query as to the line his share in tonight's entertainment would take this evening. "Yes, Chicago is becoming quite literary as a publishing center. We have a number of publishers there whose work equals that of any New York house, and people with ability and ambitions in a literary way both flourish. Will Chicago usurp New York's place as a literary center? Well, New York is not a literary center, as London is to England, or Paris is to France. Boston was once to America what those cities are to their countries, but no city enjoys that honor now, and I don't believe it ever will. There will be a number of literary centers. For instance, there is a publishing house at Indianapolis that has gotten out some of the best works and fiction that have been published lately. It is hard to foretell what will be the fiction centers of the country.

"As to types of character that are native to various parts of the country, I think as yet there are only the Easterner and Southerner. The Westerner as a homogenous type has not arrived. He is as yet composed of too many distinct personalities, which have not become blended into one. If you take a Westerner today, you have either the newly-rich man, the miner, or the cowboy. Neither one is justly reflective of the country as is your Southerner or your Easterner. I think Mrs. Astor is wrong in her recent statements about the man of the West. He is still in the formative stage, and I believe the grandest man this country has produced, the real American, is yet to come out of the West. He is going to be a broad man, broad in character. Our mountaineer is narrow as compared with the plainsman. The scope of the man that lives in a cave is limited as compared with the man whose view is coincident with the horizon line. Taine was right when he said that a man's character is dependent largely on his environment—on the topography of his surroundings.

"My own literary plans contemplate a new Southern character play for the Dearborn theater management in Chicago, which will open the fall season there. This will be 'The Harkriders.' The play will present different types of character from 'The Starbucks,' the play produced this last winter, and which is now on the road, in that instead of going to the mountains for my personnel, I have taken it from the lower more level country of the cotton state. I have just finished writing a story based on the play, which has been very successful both in Chicago and on the road.

"Bert Leston Taylor, of the Chicago Tribune, whom you tell me is a Duluth product, is generally considered one of the best paragraphers in the country. My personal opinion is that he is the best. He is certainly very bright, and shows a remarkable intimacy with literature and culture.

"Weather in Chicago is warmer than it is here, and one can safely go about without an overcoat. Still, I notice that your air here is fine, much clearer and more invigorating than ours."

Kenney & Watt.

M. Kenney and J. D. Watt have recently formed a partnership, under the firm name of Kenney & Watt, to do general horseshoeing, wagon and carriage repair work, also rubber tire setting and general forgings. They are both practical men at this branch of the business and guarantee satisfactory work. Their place of business is located at 533 East Superior street.

AT WEST DULUTH

Alderman Barnes' resolution for a new sidewalk on Central avenue will come up for passage at the council meeting this evening. There was a movement set on foot by a number of business men this morning to circulate a petition among the resident property owners asking for a 14-foot sidewalk, as Mr. Barnes' resolution originally called for an 18-foot walk. Alderman Barnes said this morning that he will withdraw from the resolution any reference to the width of the walk, as that is a matter to be left with the board of public works, and have a resolution passed simply ordering a walk built.

Mr. Barnes says the board of public works will ascertain the sentiment of the Central avenue business men when it determines the width of the walk. Pending the action of the council, the petition has been withheld. A number of the property owners that have for some days been indifferent about the walk matter are getting interested, especially when they learned that the resolution would come up before the council this evening. Two of the property owners are known to be figuring on concrete walks in front of their property, and are waiting to see how wide the walk will have to be before going on with the work.

WANT AN EXTENSION.

It is understood that there is a movement underway by a number of the residents of West Duluth, living a little north of Grand avenue, west of Central avenue, toward inducing the street railway company to extend its car line into the residence district, when the company builds its Grand avenue extension next fall. Director Luther Mendenhall and General Manager Warren of the company were out at West Duluth yesterday and met with several of the representative citizens of the district to talk over the situation and look over the ground. This is the first time that the matter has been called to the attention of the company, and its representatives, while talking freely of the benefit such extension would be to the residents, refrained from expressing any opinion as to whether there is any probability of the extension being made. The company is being seriously handicapped in its rebuilding plans this year by the difficulty in getting steel rails. It is on account of the scarcity of steel that the work has not already been started on the tracks in this city.

WOODMEN BANQUET.

The fourth of the Modern Woodmen social entertainments will be given Wednesday evening by Old Hickory camp, No. 1555, of West Duluth. All the Modern Woodmen camps at the head of the lakes will be present at this affair, and the West Duluth lodge is making arrangements to make the event one that will throw in the shadow the efforts of the uptown camps. The banquet will be an elaborate one, with a program of speeches and toasts. Following the banquet will be an athletic and musical entertainment. A sparring match, wrestling match and many vocal and instrumental selections of music will be included in the program.

LONGSHOREMAN DEAD.

George L. Penhale, of 107 North Fifty-fifth avenue west, died shortly after 4 o'clock this morning after about a week's illness. He was 40 years of age, and has lived in West Duluth for the past seven years. He was a member of the local 'Longshoremen's union, No. 12, and a member of West Duluth tent, No. 2, K. O. T. M. Both orders will attend the funeral, which will occur at the Asbury M. E. church, Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment will be made at Forest Hill cemetery. He leaves a wife and one daughter.

LONGSHOREMEN, ATTENTION!

A special meeting will be held this evening at Gilley's hall for the purpose of making arrangements for the funeral of our late brother, Geo. Penhele. GORDON O'NEIL, T. J. ULTICAN, Sec. President.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. Joseph Hickson, of 124 Fifty-third avenue west, died yesterday afternoon after an illness lasting over a year. She leaves a husband and three children. Mrs. Hickson also had a large number of relatives in this part of the city. She has lived here for the past twelve years. The funeral will take place Tuesday morning at the St. James church, and interment will be made at Calvary cemetery.

The Lesure mill started up this morning with a full crew. The Mitchell & McClure mill employes have been notified to be ready for work tomorrow morning.

Word has been received in the city of the death in Negaunee, Mich., recently of Mrs. Thorp, mother of C. E. Thorp, formery of this city, now living in California. Mrs. Thorp often visited her son while he lived here and made many friends. She owned a third interest in the Negaunee mine, which sold recently for $1,500,000.

Mrs. Sarah Canfield, of 610 Sixty-sixth avenue west, widow of the late Peter Canfield, died Saturday morning of dropsy. The decedent was 56 years old and leaves six children, three daughters and three sons. The funeral will take place from St. James church, 10:30 o'clock, Tuesday morning. Burial at Calvary.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Haley, of Proctorknott, died Saturday evening after a lingering illness of scarlet fever. The funeral was held from the house this morning, and the remains put in a vault at Oneota cemetery.

Tuesday evening J. H. M. Parker, the Canadian government agent in Duluth, will give a free lecture in the Presbyterian church on "Canada." It will be illustrated with scenery pictures of all kinds, from ocean to ocean. Mr. Parker will speak of the resources of Canada and advantages it offers to agriculturists and others.

Miss Eva Burr, of Minneapolis, is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. A. Saunderson.

Max Marsh left today for Virginia to visit his parents.

A daughter was born Friday to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kruger, of Green street.

A daughter was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Belanger, of Fifty-sixth avenue west.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Lost—In Gilley's hall, last Saturday evening, a pocketbook containing a badge engraved "D. S. S." Finder please return to 214 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Matin Solberg, who worked for some months past in Kastriner & Neumann's store at Eveleth, has returned to West Duluth.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

NOT MUCH EXPECTED

Rental Agents Look For Small Amount of Moving May 1.

Not Much Chance For Householders to Benefit Themselves.

For That Reason They Stay Where They Are.

"Will there be much moving this coming first of May?" is echoed by several rental agency men who have been asked the question. "Well," the general response has been in all cases, "I don't see how there can be very much moving. There doesn't seem to be anywhere to move to except Minnesota Point. There may be some changing about from one house to another, but there is likely to be less of this than has been customary in years past. The reason is that people find much fewer opportunities for bettering themselves than in times when there used to be plenty of houses.

"There will be some relief through people vacating houses to go to Park Point to live this summer. But it is likely that men in business here who have left their families elsewhere until they could get a suitable house or have been boarding for some time past will absorb all these houses. Naturally their applications for houses have been in the longest. Already people are moving to Park Point, and very soon a large population will be housed there. Just what these people will do when they come to return to the central part of the city looks like something of a problem just now.

"There is one feature of the rental situation here, however, that many do not appreciate to its full extent. That is the relief that will come through the vacating of rented houses by people who have wearied of paying rent and are building their own homes. Drive about the city and you will find a great many houses going up. Few of them are flats or houses to rent. Indeed, scarcely any can be reckoned that class. They are being built largely by people who will move out of rented houses, giving that much more room for newcomers. Few of these houses will be ready by May 1. They will become ready for occupancy gradually all summer, and I know of a good many others that will be built by the same class of people—those that have been renters for years. By Oct. 1 this building movement ought to provide considerable leeway. Then, also, quite a few of the better class of business men who are coming here or are waiting to move their families here, have arranged with local owners of property to build houses for them. This has been done largely only for the best class of tenants, and the movement is not an extensive one, by any means, but it will help some.

"There is still another means of relief, which, while it will not provide more available houses, does do considerable toward making better residental conditions here, and that is quite a pronounced tendency on the part of people who have rented for some years toward buying cheap homes for themselves, either paying cash or obtaining the property on easy terms. There is no question but that by the end of another building season, the home situation here will have cleared itself materially, and Duluth will be on a better and more stable basis in this regard than it has been for years."

NATIONAL PARK.

Plan to Have Minnesota Point Made One.

Prominent Superior business men have conferred wi... Mayor Hugo with a view to have Duluth join in a national park scheme for Minnesota Point.

The mayor has turned the matter over to the Commercial club and it will probably be taken up at a meeting of the board of directors this week.

The idea of the Superior men is to have a portion of Minnesota Point set aside as a park, preserving the natural beauty and adding certain artificial improvements.

Local men that were told of it seem inclined to favor some action on the part of Duluth and say that the project is highly commendable.

It will be one of the first matters to be brought to the attention of the newly organized Commercial club.

To Begin a Novena.

Tomorrow the great novena of nine Tuesdays in honor of St. Anthony de Padue will commence in the German Catholic church. Confessions will be heard on Monday afternoon and Tuesday morning. At 8 o'clock a. m. the relics of St. Anthony will be exposed and kept so exposed for veneration of the people during the whole day on each of the nine Tuesdays. There will be holy mass and communion at 8:30 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. and in the evening public prayers to St. Anthony and blessing with his relics will be given.

JEWISH FAMILY SLAIN.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—A dispatch from Kovno, capital of the government of the same name, announces that all the members of a Jewish family, numbering seven persons, residing near that place, have been slain by robbers, who beat out their brains with axes. The murderers also burned the house occupied by their victims.

The Clergy Like It.—Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all it, claims: Bishop Sweatman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Dr. Chambers (Metrodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—4.

REMODELED!

In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.

TURKISH BATH PARLORS,
110 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Star Chop House.

The best and only practical optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

Silk Headquarters at the Head of the Lakes.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Handsome Tailor Costumes

Red Letter Week and Anniversary Sale Prices.

Saturday's Suit Sale was splendidly successful—but tomorrow's shall exceed it two-fold—Even you who have learned to expect much from us will be surprised at these phenomenal offerings—for the mere statement of the fact

$25 Suits for $15

seems a paltry and inadequate expression of value. The only way you can get a correct idea of the style and beauty of these costumes—is to come—and see them on yourself—then you'll appreciate their worth and the great bargain that you are getting. These hints of styles—

Gibson—Eton—Blouse—Norfolk Walking Suits—

Double-breasted Etons—and tight-fitting suits—made of fine cheviots—canvas cloths, etamine, broadcloth and Venetians—with skirts cut in the graceful flaring shape, full of style and jauntiness—all are more or less trimmed—perhaps a few plain stitched bands of taffeta or moire on the skirt and the coat—or a fancy vest front of silk and embroidery—and all the fashionable colors are here with sizes enough for almost every one—but don't delay, for such bargains will scarce last through the day—$16 50—$18.50—$20.00—$22.50 and $25.00 Suits to choose from—at $15.00

$15

Fashionable

Black Dress Goods.

Anniversary Sale and Red Letter Week prices in our peerless Black Goods Department to make this occasion long to be remembered.

Black Stripe Voiles, Canvas Etamines, Whipcords, Broadcloths, Pierolas, Nuns Veilings, Cheviots, Serges, Granites, Melroses, Pebble Cheviots. Goods in this lot up to 54 inches wide and worth $2.50 yard. Choice of this entire lot—Anniversary price a yard..... 95c

10 pieces of an exceptionally good Black Granite Cloth, made from hard twisted mohair yarns and 48 inches wide, really worth 85c yard—Anniversary price per yard..... 65c

Colored Dress Goods

A large lot of choice colored Dress Goods specially sorted from our regular stock and priced in two lots to make easy selections for this Anniversary sale.

Lot 1—Silk and wool effect—Shepherd plaid, two-toned Suitings, Fancies of every description, Etamines, London Twines, Poplins, etc., etc., worth up to $1.50 per yard. Anniversary price..... 79c

Lot 2—At 48c—About 25 pieces of Serges, Cashmeres, Suitings, Fancies, Herringbone effects, Granite cloths Mohairs, etc, worth up to 75c per yard. Anniversary price..... 48c

Extra Special—56 inch Cravenetted Skirtings, the correct weight for unlined skirts in spring colorings. These goods are worth $2.50 per yard. Anniversary price..... $1.50

Big Basement Bargains.

The spirit of our Anniversary Sale and Red Letter Week has struck our basement and the prices on everything are affected thereby. Bargains are as thick as bees in a hive. Here is just a taste of the many money saving specials.

8-in Glass Berry Bowl, worth 18c. At each..... 10c

Gold Band China Cups and Saucers, regular price is $2.50 per doz, at, per pair..... 12c

Haviland China Cups and Saucers and Plates, worth up to $6.00 per dozen. Anniversary sale price, each..... 25c

German China Fruit Plates, Oatmeal Bowls, Berry Saucers, worth $2 per doz, at, each... 10c

8-inch Decorated Salad Bowls, worth regularly 75c, this sale at, each..... 39c

Decorated Vase Lamps, complete with shade to match, worth $1, at, each..... 69c

2-quart Flemish Stone Water Pitcher, worth 35c. Anniversary sale price, at each.. 19c

Fancy Decorated China Vases, worth up to 48c. Anniversary sale price, at each..... 23c

6-piece Toilet Sets, worth $2, at, per set..... $1.48

10-piece Toilet Sets, worth $3.50, at, per set... $2.48

100 pieces Green and Gold English Porcelain Dinner Sets, worth $16. This sale..... $11.48

Austria China Decorated Dinner Sets, 100 pieces; worth $21.50, per set..... $16.00

"CRESCENTS ALWAYS SATISFY."

Crescent Bicycles..

Duluth Store---310 West First Street.

We have now a complete stock of Crescents at our Duluth store. You know what the Crescents are—they are no experiment—have been handled by us for 7 years, and in all that time not a disappointed customer.

Crescent Chain Bicycles.....$25 to $35. **Tribune Bicycles**.....$40 to $50.
Crescent Chainless Bicycles..$50 to $60. **Nonpareil Bicycles**.....$12 to $20.

Our largest stock of bicycle sundries at the lowest possible prices. Our guarantee goes with any bicycle purchased from us.

WIELAND & WADE, BICYCLE DEALERS,
Duluth Store, 310 West First Street.
West Duluth Store, 317 Central Avenue.

NEW GYMNASIUM

Health, Strength, with Invigorating Baths of all kinds,

AT KASSMIR'S Turkish Bath Parlors,

310 West Superior St. and 311 W. Michigan St.

This gymnasium is completely fitted out new and in charge of a competent instructor. There is nothing so refreshing and healthy as a little work in the gymnasium before a good bath. You are invited to call and inspect our new apparatus of all kinds in our new gymnasium.

Grand Opening Tuesday, April 15, 8 p.m.

WAUGH, KEALY & CO.,

Expert Plumbers & Heating Contractors

Carry a complete line of high grade goods in their different lines at prices consistent with guaranteed goods and workmanship. None but licensed plumbers employed.

We have no bargain sale, but WE give to our customers exactly what they think they are getting.

☞ Any defects in our work or material repaired without extra cost to owners. ☜

OUR SPECIALTY—Repairing that will stay repaired.

DEEDS ARE VOIDABLE

Supreme Court Knocks Out All Absolute Tax Deeds.

Decision Upholding Judge Ensign's Finding Causes Consternation.

Current Taxes Must Be Included or Deeds Not Good.

The action of the supreme court in upholding a decision by the district court here on absolute tax deeds has created a stir all over the state.

The decision wipes out practically all of the absolute deeds ever issued, because it is wholly in opposition to the custom that has been in effect.

The effect of the decision is that no absolute deed is valid unless it includes all taxes due on the property. The custom has been in the past to include only taxes that were delinquent, but this requires that current taxes as well be included.

The case came up on a Lake county case in district court here, and Judge Ensign held that because the current taxes were not paid an absolute deed was void. The case was appealed, and recently the supreme court affirmed the decision of the district court.

When property is sold at the delinquent tax sale and bid in for the state, absolute deeds can be secured on it by paying up all delinquent taxes after three years have passed and the regular notice of the expiration of the period of redemption is given. In the past this has simply been held to mean delinquent taxes, and current taxes were not included. The blanks used all over the state were based on this plan, approved by the state auditor's office and the attorney general.

Now that this decision has been handed down, all of the deeds ever issued under the old plan are voidable, and if they are opposed by the original owners of the property, they are not worth the paper they are written upon.

TROUT FRY.

The Duluth Fly Casting Club Is Planting Them.

The Duluth Fly Casting club, which has been composed of only a very few members in the past, is taking on more members this spring, and it aims to be a power for good in protecting trout and stocking the streams near Duluth.

The club has been to some expense in planting fry already, and it is seeking to get in as many members as possible. J. P. Harris, of the society, recently made application to Congressman Harris for trout fry, and got 40,000. State Game Warden Fullerton of St. Paul gave them some more. All of this has taken some expense, however, and the club members are circulating subscription lists to meet it. Many are responding and many are joining the club.

The club is trying to stock up the streams near Duluth, and co-operation is needed. Yesterday Maj. Marty, superintendent of the state hatchery, brought up 60,000 trout fry, a small portion of which were put in Tischer's creek and the rest in French river by F. W. Edwards, secretary of the club.

The club intends to have fly-casting contests and other sports this summer. It also aims to protect the fish so far as it can, and it will work hard to get up a sentiment in favor of throwing back trout that are caught under the proper size of six inches in length. If this was done the club members think the streams would soon stock themselves up as they were before they were fished out by market fishermen.

J. P. Harris, of the club, says that many trout fry have been sent to private individuals to be placed as they saw fit, and it is not known what was done with them. The Duluth Fly Casting club is a public movement.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

Beethoven Club Concert.

Last concert Wednesday, April 16, Congregational church. Admission, 75 cents.

BEWARE

of the Quack Doctor's Remedy, "Indian Root and Herb Mixture," or "Great Hindoo Medical Wonder," for the cure of Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout troubles.

MEDERINE

is prepared from the formula of an eminent physician, a regular graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, and compounded by one of the largest pharmaceutical houses in the world. MEDERINE is a guarantee cure for all forms of Blood Diseases, all kinds of Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout. We guarantee to forfeit One Hundred Dollars for any of these complaints that MEDERINE fails to cure—such is our faith in the remedy, based on cures made.

WHAT THE FIRST BOTTLE DID.

JAMES McGOVERN,
State Oil Inspector, District 61.
West Superior, Wis.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.
It took only two bottles of MEDERINE to cure me of Rheumatism of the shoulder. The first bottle reduced the pain and swelling and the second cured me. Still it took two more bottles to cleanse my system of the disease.
JAMES McGOVERN.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDERINE is the only remedy that cures sick Stomachs and Morning Coughing and Vomiting Spells. Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Stomach is the cause. 1 to 3 bottles does the work. Write for Mederine Journal of Health. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

WAS NO RAISE

A. W. Hartman Says Electric Light Rates Were Not Increased.

Since the special meeting of the council on Thursday evening last, there has been considerable discussion on the streets of the statement alleged to have been made by Henry Truelsen at that meeting, in substance, that after the city made the new lighting contract with the company, giving the city cheap street lights, the company raised the price of electric light to private consumers, to an extent that brought the company $50,000 more every year.

On this point A. W. Hartman, one of the receivers of the Commercial Light and Power company, said:

"I read in Friday Evening's Herald the statement, alleged to have been made by Mr. Truelsen at the council meeting on Thursday night, but I feel very sure that Mr. Truelsen, if he made the statement attributed to him, was very much misinformed, because there is absolutely no foundation in fact for such a charge. As a matter of fact the rates for light to private consumers have not been raised in any respect in Duluth during the last five years, but, on the other hand, there have been reductions from time to time, caused by increased percentages of discounts, that have been allowed to consumers on the payment of their bills.

"During the past year the actual increase of receipts from private consumers has been only 7 per cent over the preceding year, while the actual amount of current distributed through the city was about 20 per cent more during the past year than it was during the preceding year, due wholly to the growth of the city, the consumers getting the benefit of the difference in increased discounts."

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE PLAN FEASIBLE

Likely That Improved Mail Service Will Be Given.

Department Now Investigating Plan to Meet Chicago Mail.

Postmaster Fisher Is Anxious That It Shall Be Done.

"The plan of having an extra mail clerk put on the fast mail train coming into Duluth to sort the mail for the carriers and thus facilitate the distribution in the business district of Duluth, is not only desirable, but it is entirely feasible, and this department is eminently in favor of the plan," said Postmaster E. L. Fisher this noon. Continuing, Mr. Fisher said:

"The matter is now being investigated by Norman Perkins, of St. Paul, superintendent of the tenth division of the railway mail service, and less than two weeks ago he sent the chief clerk of the division here to look over the ground and report. While I cannot say definitely what action the railway service will take, I feel quite sure that it will be favorable, and that within a limited time a man will be put in the mail service for this very purpose.

"The need of this service has been emphasized time and again, and there is no doubt but that it would be a grand thing for the business interests of Duluth.

"I believe that by sending a man down the line to board the train at convenient point and arrange the mail for the carriers, from twenty to thirty minutes could e saved each day and the mail delivered to its destination that much sooner.

"There is only one line on which this system could be worked advantageously, and that is on the Omaha train from Chicago. This morning train over the Omaha brings in the great bulk of the Eastern mail, which is the heaviest on Saturdays and Mondays. On Mondays there is practically two days' mail, and the delivery is most delayed that day.

"This department aims to have the carriers leave the office with the mail at 11:40 each morning, but if the train is late, as it sometimes is, on account of the drawbridge being swung, or other causes, the carriers cannot help but be late.

"It should be understood, however, that even with an extra clerk on the mail trains to throw the mail for the carriers here, the latter must first take the mail to the office and route it. The idea that the mail clerk could route it for each carrier is impracticable, but the clerk on the train could cancel all the mail and have it ready in packages for the carriers, and the latter could very quickly route it for themselves. Each carrier is provided with a desk wired off in such a manner that in routing his mail he distributes it in the compartments, then gathers it up ready to hand out without delay at its destination.

"The service of another clerk on the train would save the clerk work in the office and the cancellation process, a saving of just about thirty minutes in time."

This matter of increasing the facilities for quicker delivery of the Eastern mail is one that has concerned the business interests of Duluth for some time past, and the investigation by the railway service was started by a communication sent the postmaster general at Washington, D. C., by the Marshall-Wells Hardware company asking if something could not be done to facilitate the delivery of the morning mail from Chicago and the East. The Marshall-Wells company suggested that the facilities accorded St. Paul, Minneapolis and other large cities by the sending of a messenger to meet the train, should be given Duluth, as this city is in direct competition with the Twin Cities.

In the reply to the Marshall-Wells company letter, Alex. Grant, acting general superintendent of the railway mail service wrote that the regular mail clerk on the run from Chicago could not find the time to arrange the mail as desired for the carriers and that it would be impossible to do more work on that line without additional forces. He stated that the department could not appoint a single additional clerk, having reached the full number allowed in the appropriation bill for the current yea. He asked that present conditions be put up with until after July 1, when the matter would be looked into and relief possibly offered.

Postmaster Fisher says that a reorganization of the mail service is to be effected soon outside of the proposed special messenger service, to facilitate the handling of Duluth mail, that more clerks are to be added to the train service and more clerks placed in the office in this city.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

Parlor theater—Delighted crowds nightly.

A Northern Pacific car loaded with ties was wrecked early yesterday morning under the Sixth avenue viaduct. The rails spread, the car leaving the track and overturning into the ditch.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Annabelle Monlaus, Millie Monilaus and Andrew Rullend.

Harvey D. Glow and others have begun a suit in district court against Frank R. Webber and a number of others to clear title to lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 and 19, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

C. Gibson Fulton has begun suit in district court against J. C. Wills to recover $141.40 alleged to be due on notes negotiated by August Lofgren. H. C. Fulton is the attorney.

Professor C. A. Heath, of Philadelphia, will give the principal number at a gospel concert next Saturday evening at the First Swedish Baptist church. Mr. Heath has been in the city a few weeks having delighted large church audiences with his wonderful voice. The church choir is preparing for the concert and will render several numbers on the program.

Opening dance, Lester, Thursday night.

Parlor theater—Latest vaudeville attractions.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

The Sunday services, conducted by Rev. Alexander Patterson at the Lake Avenue Bethel, were well attended. "Aaron's Rod" was the morning subject, and "The Great Meeting Day," the evening subject. Rev. Patterson gave, not a terrifying, but a powerful presentation of the judgment, and pleaded with men to be ready. There was good gospel singing, accompanied by the orchestra.

A municipal court jury has decided that the village marshal of Eveleth did not steal $100 from Albert Hill, a drunken miner, who was showing something like $800 around in a saloon at Eveleth on Feb. 16 last. The verdict returned last Friday was opened this morning and was found for the defendant.

The annual meeting of the Duluth Curling club will be held tomorrow evening in the board of trade rooms at 7:45 o'clock.

There will be a meeting this evening at 8 o'clock at Harmonie hall at Lester Park of those interested in the new curling and skating club.

PERSONALS.

Charles Boyle and Matt Prendergast left last night for a month at Hot Springs, Ark.

Maj. C. C. Barker came up from Bay City this morning and is at the Spalding.

G. W. Myers, of Hibbing, is at the Spalding. Mr. Myers is just out of St. Mary's hospital. Some time ago, he bought a new and speedy horse and shipped him up to Hibbing. The first time Mr. Myers had the horse out for a drive it shied at some strange object in the road and threw him out of the buggy. Mr. Myers sustained very painful injuries to his kneecap, and has been receiving treatment at St. Mary's.

Manager L. N. Scott of the Metropolitan theaters in the Twin Cities, is expected in the city today.

Capt. Thomas Walters, of Ishpeming, is at the Spalding today.

W. T. James, of Ely, arrived at the St. Louis this afternoon.

James K. Stuck left today for St. Paul.

W. B. Silvey has returned from a trip East.

Miss Carlotte Stockwell returned this morning from her Easter vacation, which was spent in Minneapolis.

Cooley Butler went up on the range this morning.

Peter Schaefer, Ely's city clerk and editor, came down Saturday, and is at the St. Louis.

T. H. Larke, general Northwestern agent of the Dominion Steamship line, is in the city today.

T. N. Okerstrom and J. R. Calkin, of Port Wing, are guests at the St. Louis today.

T. F. Cole has returned from an Eastern trip.

Miss Booth has returned from an Eastern vacation in Chicago.

R. D. O'Brien, a son of St. Paul's famous attorney and fisherman, C. D. O'Brien, and W. S. Brisbin spent Sunday with friends here. They were at the St. Louis.

L. A. Metzger will leave for Chicago this afternoon on the fast mail.

R. L. Perry, of Fargo, is in the city today. He is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Miller have moved from 310 West Fourth street to Woodland.

Miss Julia Kelleher, has returned from a visit to her former home in Green Bay, Wis.

INVESTIGATE

Board of Health to Look Into Emergency Hospital Charges.

The board of health will investigate the charges of mismanagement that have been made against the Emergency hospital. The beard is not convinced that there has been such a bad state of affairs as has been represented and has a statement signed by thirteen patients testifying that they are receiving the best of care and satisfactory fare.

H. A. Hutter, a patient in that institution from March 21 to April 7, has made an affidavit that the hospital was dirty during that period, except when it was known that Dr. Robinson was going to visit the institution.

Dr. Robinson says he sincerely regrets that Mr. Hutter did not tell him of these conditions when he was in the hospital instead of waiting till he got out.

It is also charged that the provisions sent out were of very poor quality. A member of the health board and a member of the council committee on auditing, both said that emergency hospital bills audited for the month of March were for good groceries, and in many instances the best brand. The bills are a matter of public record in the health office.

Mr. Hutter further charges that the patients were without lights one night. The health commissioner admits the charge, saying that a barrel of kerosene was used in kindling fires against the orders of the health department, and as a result the kerosene did not last as long as the department had figured on. Owing to the fire in the Zenith company's office telephone communication was cut off so that the need of the oil was not known till the following day.

Dr. Robinson was asked if it were true that salt pork has been furnished patients. He said that it had to a few convalescent patients that had requested it, and also that tobacco had been furnished these patients much against the wishes of certain people. They were woodsmen, he explained, and seemed in such perfectly good condition that they were given the salt pork and tobacco.

"During the last ten days in March," said the doctor, "things were not run there as we would have had them had the patients informed us then instead of waiting till they got out and then informing us in an indirect way.

"We discharged the former supervisoress, as stated in The Herald last week, because she neglected her charge. Our new supervisoress seems to be getting along nicely.

"It is also said that we only had one woman to take charge of twenty-five smallpox patients. Our books show that up to March 23 the husband of the supervisoress was her assistant at a regular salary, and that there were only three patients that were confined to their beds with the disease.

"Human lice? Yes, I suppose there were some prior to April 1. We just finished a very busy season in which over 100 patients were cared for. They were woodsmen brought directly from the lumber camps. I suppose it is impossible to keep such an institution entirely free from vermin under such conditions. No sooner would we be free for one day than another lot of patients would come in from the camps."

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A CLEAR SKIN CAN BE CULTIVATED and the plainest faces grow lovely using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

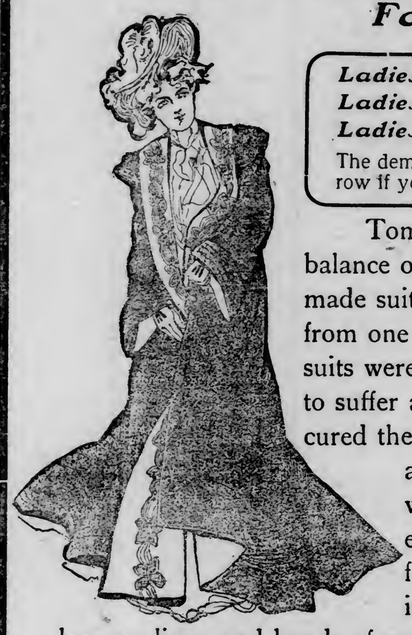
LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, LIGHT housekeeping; cookstove. 309 West Superior street.

SHERWOOD PROPERTY, 313 WEST Superior street, will sell next sixty days. Inquire of George Thompson.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Special Announcement!

For Tuesday Only.



Ladies' $20 Tailor-Made Suits,
Ladies' $25 Tailor-Made Suits,
Ladies' $30 Tailor-Made Suits,
CHOICE $11.75

The demand for these suits today proved their value, come early tomorrow if you want one—they may not last all day.

Tomorrow we place on sale in our suit department the balance of a shipment of about one hundred very fine tailor-made suits bought by our Mr. Gidding (now in the East), from one of the most prominent Eastern manufacturers. The suits were made for a fashionable retail firm who were obliged to suffer a loss to cancel their order. Our representatives secured the entire line at about one-half their value. The styles are superb, every garment being of the highest class workmanship in the latest and best styles and entirely exclusive in design, no two being alike, sizes range from 32 to 44. The materials are fine grades of cheviots, coverts, broadcloths, etamines, etc., trimmed with lace applique and bands of moire antique. The colors are blue, castor, tan, brown, reseda, in fact all the desirable fashionable shades and black.

$25 and $30 Blouse Suits
$30 and $32.50 Gibson Suits
$25 and $30 Eton Suits
Choice of the Entire Lot— $11.75

NOTE—About one-half of these have been sold today—tomorrow, the last day of the sale, none will be reserved. Owing to the small price any necessary alterations will be extra. This opportunity is one which will enable many buyers to save at least one-half on their purchase—Positively none will be sold before 8 o'clock.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Tomorrow New Silk Coats, Tailor-made Suits, Etc., For Misses and Children.

The new arrivals for the little misses are simply stunning. You'll say so when you see them. All the daintiness, elegance of finish of women's finest garments. There are long coats in moire, velvet trimmed, with lace on collar; and here they come in colors such as wine, cardinal, tan, Havana, etc. Then again long coats and blouse coats in peau de soie, moire and broadcloth; and the prices will astonish you by their smallness. We invite you to look them over whether you want to buy or not.

552

Some of the New Suits are:

$3.50 to $4.75—Rich all-wool Suits, trimmed with rows of white braid, in Blue, Red and Brown.

$5.50—Very nobby Sailor Suits in fine Cheviots, made with white yoke and collar edged with white cloth same as in suit and trimmed with satin ribbon to match, in Blues and Red.

$6.50 Sailor Suits, made with large lace collars and trimmed with braid, white taffeta silk tie.

$1.75—Made of fine Mercerized Chambray, large sailor collar, trimmed with three rows of white braid, in Blues and Ox Blood.

$2.25—Very dainty white Lawn Dresses, made with yoke effect and large collar, trimmed with rich lace.

$5.75—Fine lawn, made with sailor collar effect and tucked yoke, trimmed with lace and ribbon.

$6.25—Very rich Lawn Dresses, broad sailor collar effect over shoulders, trimmed with black velvet baby ribbon.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

A HOLE IN THE CARPET

You will find many things to discourage you when you clean house this spring — among them a hole in the carpet. You don't want to get discouraged, but telephone or come down and get a nice Rug to cover it. If you want a new carpet, we have a variety of new patterns to pick from.

IRON BEDS $2.75 to $20 All Colors—a nice assortmen to select from.
COUCHES $12 to $20 In the best Velours and Tapestry
CHIFFONIERS $10.00 to $20.00

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD. Gately Supply Co., No. 8 E. Sup. St.

IN CLEANING HOUSE

Which is one of the necessary things at this time of the year, you will find a most valuable exterminator and preventative of offensive insects by using

OUR BED BUG KILLER.

It is guaranteed to do the work, hence making house-cleaning complete.

Now is the time to store away heavy clothing, furs, etc. Our

Extra Refined Moth Balls

Insures your valuables against moths, as they are the finest and most carefully prepared moth balls on the market.

MAX WIRTH,
Druggist,
13 West Superior St.

Union Label Hats and Caps.

GUARANTEED — ISSUED BY AUTHORITY OF — UNITED GARMENT WORKERS OF AMERICA — REGISTERED — GENERAL EXECUTIVE BOARD ORG APRIL 12TH 1891 — Henry White GEN. SEC. — UNION MADE

Union Label Gloves and Shoes.

Are You After Union Label Clothing?

This store is where you will find the largest assortment of Union Label goods at popular prices. Made by the largest and best manufacturers in the country. We were the **first firm** in the city to introduce the "Union Label" on Clothing.

Splendid Spring Suits=$10, $15, $18, $25

Neat, Snappy Up-to-date **Spring Overcoats=$10, $12, $15, $20**

Two Floors. **C. W. ERICSON,** Perfect Daylight.

219 West Superior Street. Reliable Clothier.

AT THE HOTELS

A young man at the Spalding has made a valuable discovery about himself. He is one of those that enjoy sleep late in the morning, and is hard to waken. The clanging of the gong in his room and the rapping of bell boys on his door has come to be ineffectual. An alarm clock sounds like sleigh bells and his dreams turn to lovely times on moonlight nights with a dashing team and a pretty girl. It has finely become impossible to get him out, without shaking him and pulling him out of bed.

Fortune tellers and mind readers have been sought in vain. One of his friends dropped in to see him the other morning and knowing of his weakness, effected an entrance to the room, and sitting on the bed started out to see if the sleeping man were ticklish. That happy thought has solved the problem. The sleepy young man is anxious to become an early riser, but he can't. He has now given instructions that if he doesn't answer the bell, a bell boy is to be sent up with a pass-key with instructions to give him a thorough tickling. The friend, yielding from his success at the initial test, guarantees results, and encouragement and happiness has again stolen into the life of the somnolent boarder.

* * *

A. H. Powers, the Itasca county logger, is at the St. Louis today on his way home from a trip to Minneapolis.

* * *

H. Henry Casselman is at the McKay. Mr. Casselman has been out at Grand Forks the past six months, looking after interests of the Leithhead Drug company.

* * *

Miss Affie Warner, leading woman with the A. H. Wilson company, with Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, is registered at the Spalding. Miss Warner practically began her stage career in Duluth ten years ago. She and her sister, who were daughters of the late tragedian, Neil Warner, had just come out of a Canadian convent. They were dancing at society events in Toronto when the Calhoun Opera company passed through on its way to Duluth to give a summer season of opera at the Lyceum. Kirtland Calhoun and "Musty" Miller, the managers of the company, saw the girls' work, were charmed with them and engaged them to go with their show. They spent that summer in Duluth, and the hearts of several young Duluth men, and some former Duluthians were badly damaged. Their beauty was of such a dainty, winsome and innocent type, and their dances so artistic and ingenious that all that saw them were charmed. From comic operat Affie Warner got into farce and musical comedy and is steadily working her way upward.

* * *

J. Moersch, of St. Paul, formerly deputy factory inspector, was an arrival at the St. Louis this morning.

* * *

C. A. A. Nelson, postmaster at Lutsen, down the north shore, was a guest at the McKay over Sunday.

* * *

At the St. Louis are L. Maurice, William De Haven, A. T. Holdstern and George C. Wilson, of the Al. H. Wilson company.

* * *

D. J. Norton, of Ontonagon, is a guest at the Spalding.

* * *

J. W. Robinson, of Necedah, who is interested in iron mining, was at the St. Louis yesterday on his way to Hibbing.

* * *

At the Spalding this morning the arrivals were: Robert H. Rose, C. H. Cartwright, Minneapolis; D. L. How, Chicago; E. P. Hickey, St. Paul; E. L. Eastman, Cleveland; E. J. Longyear, Hibbing; H. A. Thexton, Minneapolis; Thomas J. Kelly, Chicago; A. B. Campbell, New York, and C. C. Anderson, Fremont, Ohio.

* * *

Late arrivals at the St. Louis include: N. O. Henrickson, Minneapolis; F. W. Kinney, Austin; F. Renkeena, Milwaukee; F. H. Letourneau, Tom Petras, Minneapolis; M. R. Berg, Milwaukee; J. E. Flatley, Bemidji; Hugh O'Donnell, New York; F. H. Day, and Charles H. Carpenter, Chicago.

C. C. Wilcox, Minneapolis; Leon Zolokoff, Chicago; C. D. Harrington, Cloquet; J. H. Brown, Detroit; D. N. Wheeler, Minneapolis; F. G. Stevens, Chicago; Fred Sauer, Milwaukee; Lafe Mills, Fountain City, Ind.; J. Zurster, and F. C. Laird, Minneapolis, are at the McKay.

Lester Park.

The popular summer resort and picnic grounds will be under the same management as last year. La Brosse's orchestra has been engaged for the season. There will be no dancing on Sunday and no intoxicating liquors allowed, and it is a place where ladies and children can safely go without an escort. Thursday night dances will commence Thursday this week and refreshments will be served Sundays from now until the grand opening of both pavilions on Decoration day.

Beethoven Club Concert.

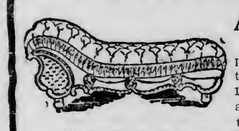
Last concert Wednesday, April 16, Congregational church. Admission, 75 cents.

I. O. G. T.

Ice cream social at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west, tonight. Tickets, 15 cents.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

20% Discount on All Couches



A MANUFACTURER'S error is your gain. For if you want a couch it will save you just 20 per cent. A full carload of couches that was ordered for shipment May 1 was shipped about a month ahead of time, owing to some mistake at the factory, and when a Wisconsin Central car, No. 9506, was placed on our unloading track at the foot of Third avenue west westerday afternoon, it was a question of what we should do with the two hundred or more couches. We decided to make a virtue of necessity and offer our large stock at a discount to make room. Discount applies to every couch or lounge in the store, including over twenty fine leather ones.

$6.00 Couches for - $4.80
$8.00 Couches for - $6.40
$10.00 Couches for - $8.00

And so on through the entire list. It is a rare opportunity. All sold on easy payments.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

IN MICHIGAN.

Body of Kelly, Missing Since Last Fall, Found.

Hancock—The body of James Kelly was found in Portage lake yesterday. Kelly has been missing since last fall, when he left the employ of James Chappell, drayman. How Kelly came to drown is a mystery. The coroner's inquest gives no light.

Andrew Johnson has broken camps at Arnheim for the season. He cut several million feet of logs for the Quincy and Franklin companies. The logs have been delivered to the mining companies. Mr. Johnson states that his operations in the pineries during the past winter were very successful, despite the short season.

Ironwood—Michael McCarthy, a miner, was buried by a cave-in in No. 7 shaft of the Ashland mine Sunday afternoon. The body has not yet been recovered. McCarthy leaves a wife and one child. He resided at Hurley.

Houghton—A lacrosse team will be organized in Houghton and part of the sticks and playing outfit have been ordered. Capt. Gibson, of the hockey team, with Howell, Meinke and others, is acquainted with the game, and is instrumental in organizing a team here. The first play will probably be in two weeks at the race track in Hancock. This is the only field suitable for the purpose.

We sat at the table together,
She cast a shy glance over at me,
She certainly looked like an angel
Oh, Charley! Please order me Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

SUGAR BEETS

To Be Raised on Large Scale In Colorado.

Denver, April 14.—A special to the News from Colorado Springs says: A syndicate of capitalists whose agents are now in this city, is quietly engaged in buying up all available farms between Colorado Springs and Monument, with the intention of turning the surrounding region into an immense sugar beet plantation, comprising approximately 15,000 acres. This information was given by one who is assisting in conducting the negotiations, and may eb considered as reliable. The strip of territory that could be used in the cultivation of beets is about twenty miles in length and varies from half a mile to two miles in width. The soil is rich, arable and believed to be well suited for the cultivation of the sugar beet.

Should the deal be carried to a successful completion it will mean the erection of beet sugar factories in Colorado Springs.

CHOLERA AT MANILA.

Death Rate From Disease Nearly Eighty Per Cent.

Manila, April 14.—The cholera situation in Manila continues much the same, but the conditions in the provinces are becoming alarming. The total of cholera cases in Manila up to date is 245, while there has been 192 deaths from the disease. In the provinces there have been 414 cases and 318 deaths. The United States army transport Grant while on her way to Samar island put into Legaspi in Southern Luzon, having on board a teamster who had cholera. The Grant asked for assistance, but was placed in quarantine for five days. As her supplies of water, coal and food were running light, she decided to return to Manila. The teamster died of the disease.

Four Americans have been attacked with cholera in Manila and one of them died.

ETHELBERT TO RACE.

New York, April 14.—Ethelbert, winner of the Brighton Beach cup at two and a quarter miles in 1900, and the favorite for the suburban handicap last year, will be raced again this year. Last fall Ethelbert was turned out of training and retired to the stud. He improved so much this winter that it was decided to again put him in training, principally for the $25,000 stake.

CHILI VS. BOLIVIA.

Santiago De Chili, April 14.—The negotiations for a final arrangement of the disputes between Chili and Bolivia are very far advanced. The Bolivian minister here, Senor Aramayo, is going to Buenos Ayres to discuss the propositions with the Bolivian minister to Argentina, Dr. Cardillo.

ALL WILL START UP

Head of Lakes Sawmills to Be Running This Week.

Cut of the Year Estimated at Less Than Last.

Some Uneasiness Exists Over the Vessel Rate Situation.

Unless the present plans of the head of the lakes lumber manufacturers fall through, all of the big mills in the Duluth-Superior harbor will be in operation before the end of this week. The season is still early as compared with last spring, when the sawing season opened from two to three weeks later. The ice in the bay and river has been going out so rapidly that there remains practically none that will interfere with the operation of the mills, except a slight delay to the towing of rafts from the north and south shores.

The Mitchell & McClure company will not be able to reach its logs on the bay shore opposite West Duluth for several days. If the mill starts up today, however, as has been planned by the management, there are plenty of logs to keep it running steadily day and night for several weeks.

Ice on the logs stored in the booms over last winter has kept some of the mills from starting a little sooner, but it is said that manufacturers will be hindered no longer on this account.

The total cut of the three Superior mills this season, it is estimated, will be $1,000,000 feet. About 40,000,000 feet of this amount belongs to the Hines Lumber company and will be cut at the Schofield mill. The cut of the West Superior Lumber company's mill will be in the neighborhood of 25,00,000 feet, leaving a balance of 15,000,000 feet to be cut by the Peyton, Kimball & Barber mill. It is likely that the last named mill cut on contract with the Duluth Log Salvage association. The association's logs were all sawed at this mill last season.

On this side of the bay operations will be very heavy. Alger, Smith & Co. will cut 100,000,000 meet, most of it at the company's plant, at the foot of Garfield avenue, and the rest of it at the West Superior Lumber company's mill. The Scott-Graff company, which is cutting on the Richardson & Avery contract, will saw very close to 60,000,000 feet by the end of the season. The Hubbard & Vincent mill has been started on a contract cut of about 20,000,000 feet, but this is likely to be increased before the present cut is completed.

The Duncan & Brewer Lumber company's cut, already begun, will amount to about 26,000,000 feet, or 10,000,000 feet less than last season. The P. D. Jones' mill is now on its second week of sawing on the W. H. Gilbert contract of 20,000,000 feet. The logs are being hauled by rail and banked just west of the mill.

The Merrill & Ring company started up a few days ago for a 50,000,000 feet cut. This is a larger amount of lumber than the mill cut last season, or the season before.

The Mitchell & McClure mill will make the largest cut of any of the summer mills. The company has been cleaning up its timber holdings, near Barker, this past winter, and the last trainload of logs has been brought in. The total cut of the mill this season will be between 55,000,000 and 65,000,000 feet, and will necessitate double crews the entire season. Nearly all the logs are already banked at the mill, or across the bay, where they can be easily towed to the mill when needed.

The Lesure mill will have a cut close to 18,000,000 or 20,000,000 feet this season, and will not operate nights, as it did last season. The mill is ready to start up this week. The cuts of the Clark & Jackson mill, and the St. Louis Lumber company's mill, have not yet been definitely decided. The Clark & Jackson mill will probably start up this week on a contract of 10,000,000 feet. The company has another contract of 6,000,000 feet to cut on later in the season, and expects to close with others very shortly.

The total cut of the Duluth mills is being estimated at 325,000,000 feet for the season of 1902, and the total cut of the deep water mills in the Duluth-Superior harbor is estimated at 415,000,000 feet this season, compared with a cut of 425,000,000 feet last year. There may be some change from these figures, and the 1902 cut may, possibly, run a little heavier, but the season's lumber cut at the head of the lakes is pretty sure to fall behind the mark set last year. The cut here last season touched the highwater mark in lumber production in this section of the Northwest.

In view of the confidence expressed by the manufacturers of a strong market this season, the question might be raised as to why the lumber cut will not be heavier here this season, if the prices are going to be better than last summer. The lumbermen answer this by saying that the timber is not available, stumpage is higher, and some operators have fallen below their estimate in the amount of timber logged this past winter on account of adverse weather conditions.

Some manufacturers have anticipated the market conditions and have been enabled to nearly double their first estimate of their log cut the past winter, but a majority of manufacturers will not have so many logs available for sawing this summer as they expected to have.

There is some uneasiness expressed over the threat of the lumber carriers to force the opening carrying rate from the head of the lakes above $2.50, because the shippers are trying to get the rate shaded. It is said that the Lumber Carriers' association, to enforce its demand, has threatened to keep the whole fleet, comprised of over 300 vessels, out of commission. Should this occur it would be only a few weeks until the docks here would be so filled with lumber that milling operations would have to be shut down pending the lumber movement down the lakes. There is, however, two sides to the question, and the shippers say that the threat may have been made more in the nature of a bluff; that the vessel-men cannot afford to tie up their boats for a part of the season to force a rate that the shippers regard as exorbitant.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Have you been to the Alteration and Rebuilding Sale?

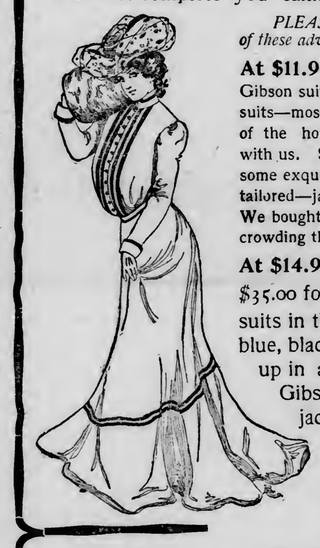
Buyers and bargains fill the store daily. As fast as advertised goods are disposed of others equally as advantageously priced are placed on sale. Thousands are reaping the radical benefits afforded by the extraordinary stock reducing inducements placed on this giant gathering of the pick of the world's goods. Greater crowds will be here this week. Extra sales force.

We command the suit business!

The store that sells more suits than all the other stores put together calls your attention to this remarkable gathering of fashionable spring suits. We are not peddling job lots, or suits refused by other houses. All the garments offered at this sale are made up especially for us—they come in all the correct ideas in fabrics, tailoring and style. Every suit is thoroughly inspected in a discriminating manner before it is allowed rack room. No better suits can be made for the prices we originally marked them.

If you were here Saturday you know how badly we are pressed for room. We simply could not wait on the crowds. And we are to be still further crowded on account of the tearing out of the front of the store. We've got to give up space, and we're doing it by sacrificing prices.

We are offering superlative values, and if you visit us this week while the stocks are most complete you cannot fail to find something to your exact liking.



PLEASE NOTE—We make no charges whatever for alterations on any of these advertised suits. Fitting free.

At $11.95—25 ladies' handsome new tailored suits, Gibson suits, Eton suits, Maxim suits, blouse suits—most beautiful and bewitching fashions of the hours—entirely new and exclusive with us. Skirts made with deep flounce—some exquisitely trimmed, and others plain tailored—jackets silk lined, and can be worn with any skirt—at $11.95. We bought these suits to sell at $19.50 to $25, but the contractors are crowding the cloak room, and we place the lot on sale at, only $11.95. **$11.95**

At $14.98—Another suit surprise. Suits worth up to $35.00 for $14.98. Just twenty-five suits in this lot—they come in tan, blue, black, brown and grey—made up in all the newest creations—Gibson blouse suits, Eton suits, and blouse suits—jackets lined with splendid quality silk—skirt cut in the full circular style—entire suits elaborately trimmed. We place on sale the entire lot offering choice at, only $14.98. **$14.98**

Great Sale of Wall Papers.

As soon as the new store is completed the wall paper department moves to the third floor. The transferring of our immense stock from the basement to the third floor would require an immense amount of labor and considerable outlay of money. Therefore, during these Alteration Sales we offer to the public exceptional opportunities to purchase new, stylish, up-to-date designs and colorings in the choicest wall papers at prices not to be found elsewhere, in order that the stock may be reduced to the desired proportions.

For This Week We Offer:

Endless varieties of papers for chambers, dining rooms, halls, libraries and parlors—smartest designs of the season—we are able to meet the ideas of the most exacting decorators. No wall paper store or department in this city offers such a variety—none compete with our prices. We are abundantly prepared to take care of jobs of any magnitude. Buy your wall papers here and reap the benefits of close and careful buying and department store prices.

50 patterns in gilts, grounds and embossed papers, worth 20c and 25c per roll—our alteration sale price this week 15c

25 patterns in light grounds, suitable for chambers—easily worth 10c—alteration sale price this week 6c

15 different patterns in the newest tapestry effects—sold elsewhere at from 60c to 80c per roll—this week 35c, 40c, 50c

Fishing Tackle at Lowest Prices

The fishing season opens tomorrow, and thousands are preparing to wield the rod and reel at the very opening of the season. Let us sell you your Tackle. Satisfactory high-grade goods—everything you need—at most advantageous prices.

Famous Orvis Tackle We have decided to handle a big assortment of the famous Orvis tackle for the convenience of Duluth's Orvis customers. We sell at the same price as Orvis, and place the goods right before you when you want them.

Orvis Fishing Rods at $15.00 and $25.00—the finest rod in all the world—everyone perfectly balanced and superbly finished—prices ..... $25.00 and $15.00

Assorted Trout Flies with gut leaders, each only 3c

Higher grade Flies—each 5c

The famous Orvis Flies at ..... 15c per doz. $1.50

Orvis Bass Flies, each ..... 25c per doz. $2.50

Fish Hooks—Carlisle, Kirby and Limerick, all sizes, per doz 5c

Spoons, all sizes, in nickel plated kidney, fluted and assorted—each 10c

Leaders—3 feet, single ..... 5c 6 feet, single 8c
Leaders—3 feet, double ..... 8c 6 feet, double 15c

Genuine Silk Lines, 25 feet in coil, each—only 15c

Silk Lines, 25 yards in coil, at—each only 40c

Famous Nipigon and Deerwood Silk Lines, natural and enameled finish, per coil $1.48 and 98c

Split Shot—per keg ..... 3c Rubber Drink Cups, each 19c

"Fool 'em" Sportsman's Scales—weighs your fish any way you want it. A good thing for corroborating fish stories. Price—each 45c

Fly Books at ..... 50c, 59c, 69c, 79c, to $2.69

Aluminum Leader Boxes—keep your leader in perfect shape—each 21c

Landing Nets at ..... 39c, $1.25, up to $2.39

The New Canvas Fish Basket, complete with strap, at—each 98c

OBJECT LESSON

D. E. Woodbridge Shows What Water Power May Do For Duluth.

Tells What a Small Development Has Done at Sault.

Why Not Much More Here, Where Situation Is Better?

D. E. Woodbridge returned yesterday morning from Sault Ste. Marie, where he had been to witness the starting up of the Clergue rolling mill, which occurred Thursday morning. Mr. Woodbridge has taken great interest in the progress of the Clergue development at the Soo since their beginning.

"Mr. Clergue has secured the investment of $20,000,000 in industrial enterprises at the Soo," said Mr. Woodbridge, "and as yet there seems to be no end to what will be done there. The thought struck me as I looked over the immense works there last week how analogous in a general way was the industrial situation at the Soo eight or ten years ago with the present prospect in Duluth.

"Mr. Clergue went to the Soo about 1895. They had had a water power scheme mapped out there for twenty years. Nothing had come of it. Perhaps both the hour and the man were lacking. At any rate the man was, until Mr. Clergue appeared on the scene. He began with a project for building a power canal on the Canadian side that today is furnishing about 20,000 horse power. His original plan contemplated the building of great ground wood or pulp mills, and sulphite pulp mills. These were built first, and the ground wood mill plant is turning out 100 tons, dry weight, of pulp each day, while an addition is already being made to the sulprite mill.

"In alliance with this, as far as the bye product is concerned, is a nickle ore reducing works. Here are smelted sulphide ores from the Sudbury district, the sulphur being roasted off and gathered and then take into a big electric chemical works where the sulphuric acid compounds and bleaching chemicals used in the sulprite mill are made. The ores, of course, after being relieved of the sulphur, are made up into merchantable form. Then there is a big iron works at which are made all kinds of machinery that may be needed in any of the Clergue industries. There are also machine shops and foundries. A 10,000,000 foots sawmill is in operation and a 50,000,000 foot mill is building.

"Mr. Clergue's rolling mill, the starting up of which I saw last week, is a 600 ton plant. At present, he is buying steel ingots in the market, but he is building two blast furnaces in connection with his plant, so that they will form a part of it. Mr. Clergue will, when this plant is complete, mine his ore from his own mines, transport it over his own railroad to his own mills, where it will go in one end as iron ore and come out the other in the form of steel rails or other finished steel products. The iron will never coal from the time it enters the furnaces until it leaves in a finished form. It will never half in the form of pig iron or steel ingots. He has car shops, where he is building at present, a car a day for his new Algoma Central & Hudson Bay railway. This road runs from the Canadian Soo to the Clegue iron mines, and already 50 miles of steel is down on the line. He also has a road running to his pyritic ore mines in the Sudbury district and this road will be extended through the Soo.

"But the crowning glory of his achievements will come with the completion of the power canal on the American canal. This canal will furnish 50,000 horse power, or two and a half times as much as the present Canadian canal. Already there are secured for the American side, a plant for the Union Carbide company, maker of calcium carbide, such as is used in bicycle lamps, acetylene gas used on trains and for other purposes. The company already has plants at Niagara and Montreal, but its product is coming into such general use that it will build on a much larger scale at the Soo. The American Alkali company will also build a large plant on the American side. There are probably other large industries practically secured. Another canal will be built on the American side.

"At present the work in progress that was of the greatest interest to me was the compensating works, which this government compelled Mr. Clergue to build before he developed the power on the American side. The effect in a general way of these works will be to retard or dam the flow of water over the rapids of St. Mary's river, and divert it into the ship and power canals. These works are being built near the international bridge, and just below the heads of the various canals. They are composed of immense piers of concrete faced with masonry, fifty feet high and eight feet thick, built at intervals from each side of the river, and connected by steel gates. At first these controlling works will not be built clear across the river, but as more water is taken this will become a necessity, until a practical dam is built across the river, making it possible to divert all the flow into the canals. The new power canal on the American side will be larger than the American ship canal. It will be 200 feet wide, two miles long and will contain twenty feet of water.

"I promised what I have told you by intimating that there was a lesson here for Duluth. All these industries have come to the Soo towns as a result of the development of the water power. These natural power resources had lain dormant for years, their capabilities suspected, but nobody having the nerve to develop them. To plant industries at that point meant inducing capital to come into a wilderness—not such a wilderness as has been said to surround Duluth as a market for industrial products, but a veritable wilderness—looked like an impossible achievement. Mr. Clergue has encompassed the task, but the water power has been what has done the work for him.

"As a result of the Clergue developments, the Canadian Soo has grown from a dead town of 1500 to a flourishing, prosperous city of 8000. At the same time, the American Soo has doubled population. And the work has only begun.

"The lesson seems to be for Duluth that if our water power is developed, such a train of developments in an industrial way is bound to follow. If one man could do all this for the Soo, surely as much or more could be done here, where we have the territory to make a market, and are not obliged to begin at the beginning and develop a consumption and a market for our products as has been the case at the Soo."

Peculiar To Itself

In what it is and what it does—containing the best blood-purifying, alterative and tonic substances and effecting the most radical and permanent cures of all humors and all eruptions, relieving weak, tired, languid feelings, and building up the whole system—is true only of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

No other medicine acts like it; no other medicine has done so much real, substantial good, no other medicine has restored health and strength at so little cost.

"I was troubled with scrofula and came near losing my eyesight. For four months I could not see to do anything. After taking two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I could see to walk, and when I had taken eight bottles I could see as well as ever." SUSIE A. HARRISON, Withers, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Mysterious Fires.

Sunday evenings seem to be very popular now for mysterious fires.

Last night two fires were discovered in box cars of hay standing on the railway tracks near First avenue east.

The cars were some distance apart and the fires were discovered simultaneously which leads to the theory that they were of an incendiary origin.

The hay belonged to H. F. Davis, the well known feed commission man of First avenue east and Michigan street. The damage to the hay was about $100.

She was sitting up with a sick man,
No professional nurse was she,
Simply sitting up with her love-sick lover,
Giving him Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

Wash Silks.
Our 50c quality Wash Silks, beautiful waist stripes, on sale Tuesday and Wednesday—per yard only
39c 39c

The New Store **HENDREN & TALLANT CO** The New Store

Towels.
18x36 in. Honeycombed Towels, colored borders—a splendid value at 5 cents—on sale Tuesday and Wednesday—each
4c 4c

MONEY SAVING OPPORTUNITIES UNSURPASSED.

Trade Stimulating Prices for Tuesday and Wednesday. Low Prices Without a Precedent. Every Duluth Lady Should Profit By This Sale.

Undermuslins.
Surprisingly low prices.

Ladies' Plain Cambric Drawers—with three tucks, deep hem, regular 25c value 15c 15c
Fine Cambric Drawers edged with embroidery—regular price 39c 23c 23c
Ladies' Cambric Gowns—lace yokes, ruffled cuffs—69c regular price 48c 48c

Stationery.
500 pounds, satin finished, ruled or unruled writing paper in pound packages—worth 25c a pound—at 12½c 12½c
Box Paper—20 sheets and 20 envelopes in box, splendid quality—sale price, a box 5c 5c

Druggists' Sundries.
Very Low Prices on Patent Medicines.

Six bottles of any of the following Standard Patent Medicines—selling regularly at $1.00 a bottle, for $4.75 $4.75

Peruna,
Ayers' Sarsaparilla,
Wine of Cardui,
Trommer's Extract of Malt,
Listerine,
Cuticura Resolvent,
Green's Nervura,
Pierce's Favorite Prescription,
Pierces' Golden Medical Discovery,
King's New Discovery,
Scott's Emulsion,
Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Miles' Nervine,
Miles' Heart Cure,
Maltine Preparations,
Kimer's Swamp Root,
Warner's Safe Cure,
Shoop's Restorative,
Duffy's Malt Whisky,
Paine's Celery Compound,
Pinkham's Compound,
Pinkham's Blood Purifier.

Single Bottle—each 95c

Artificial Foods.

Mellin's Food, small size 35c
Mellin's Food, large size 57c
Nestle's Food 35c
Horlick's Malted Milk, large 79c

Toilet Articles.

Rose Water and Glycerine in bulk, an ounce 4c
Colgate's Perfumes in bulk, an ounce 17c
Colgate's Tooth Powder 15c
Sozodont Tooth Wash 17c
Rubifoam Tooth Wash 17c
Milkweed Cream 37c
Satin Skin Powder 12½c
Satin Skin Cream, large size 35c
Satin Skin Cream, small size 18c
Colgate's Toilet Water 33c
Colgate's Florida Water 37c
Lavender Cream, 35c size 20c
Ounce bottles Perfume, fancy glass bottle, glass stopper, 25c quality 12½c
Tooth Brushes, 10c quality 6c
Pozonis Powder, small size 17c
Colgate's Violet Talcum 16c

Hair Growers.

Seven Sunderland Sisters' Hair Grower 79c
Seven Sunderland Sisters' Hair Wash 39c
Napier Eau de Quinine—35c size 20c

Belladonna Plasters.

Napier Belladonna Plasters, small size, regularly 8c 4c

Soaps.

Satin Skin Cream Soap, regular price 15c 10c
Oatmeal Soap, 3 cakes in box, 15c value, a box 7c
Bay Rum, Maybelle, Celery and Witch Hazel Soap, worth 25c a box—sale price 15c

Rubber Goods.

2-quart Imperial Fountain Syringe, sells regularly at 65c—at 39c
2-quart Hot Water Bottles, sells regularly at 69c—sale price 49c

Miscellaneous.

½-lb box Borax, 25c quality 12½c
½ lb Epsom Salts 6c
¼ lb Precipitated Chalk 12½c
Richard's Sarsaparilla, $1 size 59c
Richard's Liver Pills 13c
Richard's Capsules 8c
White Wheat Malt Whiskey 67c
Liebeg's Beef, Iron and Wine 29c
Seidliz Powders, a box 16c
Warner's Lithia Tablets 3 grains 20c
Warner's Lithia Tablets 5 grains 25c
5c bottle Vaseline 4c
10c size Paregoric 7c
15c size Turpentine 9c

Ribbon Snaps.

No's 12, 16 and 22 Wash Taffeta Neck Ribbon; all shades at 10c 10c
3½ and 4-inch Wash Taffeta Ribbons—all shades—at a yard 15c 15c
No's 1, 1¼, 1½, 1¾ and 2 linen back velvet Ribbons, a bolt 12½c 12½c
No 1 satin back black velvet Ribbon—Tuesday and Wednesday—a bolt 35c 35c

Embroidery! Laces!

2½ inches wide Embroidery with substantial and pretty edges; Tuesday & Wednesday 5c 5c
English Torchon Lace—up to 2½-inches in width—sale price 3½c 3½c
6-yard pieces Torchon Laces—most excellent qualities—Tuesday, Wednesday 12c 12c

Umbrellas.

Good steel rod Umbrellas; a splendid children's school umbrella—sale price 39c 39c
Silk Serge Umbrella, sterling silver and fig wood handles—steel rods—a good $2 umbrella at $1.39 $1.39

Hosiery.

Ladies' white foot Hosiery—a fine quality maco yarn; an exceptional quality at 15c—sale price 12½c 12½c
Ladies' black lisle thread hosiery—you will never duplity for less than 20c—Tuesday and Wednesday 22c 22c

New Millinery Dept.

Until one week ago our Millinery department was controlled by an outside party, we merely renting him the space. He vacated the space and we placed an entirely new stock in its stead, so that everything in this department is now entirely new. We have no apology to offer for the business as conducted under previous management, but under our own management and in connection with our other departments we are in a much better position to serve you than ever before.

Mrs. A. M. Elliott, of Chicago, a lady who has had a wide millinery experience in Eastern cities, will have the management of this department. We most cordially invite you to visit us and see the swellest creations in hats shown in Duluth or Superior.

Wash Fabrics.
August Prices in April.

Apron Check Ginghams, standard cloths—Tuesday and Wednesday 4¾c 4¾c
40-inch white Lawn, a cloth that should sell at 10c, for 5½c 5½c
Zephyr Waist Ginghams, very pretty checks for children's dresses 6¾c 6¾c
36-inch light Percales, beautiful stripes for waists and shirts, 12½c quality 7½c 7½c
32-inch striped Waist Ginghams—our regular 25c quality—a yard 19c 19c
32-inch Irish Dimities, handsome line of patterns—our 15c qualities 10c 10c
Challie de Paris—32-inches wide, makes beautiful house dresses, dressing sacques, etc.—sells elsewhere at 15c and 18c—sale price 11c 11c

Suits! Skirts! Coats!

All advertised goods in Suit department are new seasonable goods—not a collection of unseasonable goods from last season, no trash bought with a view of priceing regardless of quality, no ill-fitting or poorly made garments. Every garment offered will be found perfect in fit, quality and style. Garment opportunities without precedent in Duluth.

Ladies' Walking Skirts in plaid or plain backs, stitched, perfect fitting—a splendid value at $5 sale price $2.98 $2.98
Ladies' Walking Skirts, in the popular shades of blues, browns, and grays, nicely stitched and corded, fancy or strap seams. Regular prices $7.50—sale price $4.98 $4.98
Ladies' Taffeta or Peau de Soie Silk Skirts, net lace or velvet trimmed, sold regularly at $20.00, sale price $12.50 $12.50
Ladies' Tailored Jackets of Broadcloth, Venetians and Serges, silk lined, flare cuffs, velvet or plain collars, plain or silk faced reveres, yoke effects; colors—black, castors and reds. Sold at $10.00, $8.50 and $7.50. Sale price Tuesday and Wednesday $6.50 $6.50
A special value in black serge, or black Broadcloth, all sizes from 32 to 44, at $4.90 $4.90
Silk Blouse or Eton Jackets, trimmed with black and white cord, fancy cuffs and collars, regular price $12.50—Sale price $7.50 $7.50
Ladies' Suits in serges and homespuns, some with drop skirts, cut with flare flounce, plain or trimmed. Jackets all silk lined, $15.00 and $18 values at $10.50 $10.50
Ladies' Suits, a broken line of sizes. Only a few sizes but if we have what will fit you, you secure a big bargain $4.50 $4.50

Dress Goods.
An Opportunity for Wise Women.

28-inch Satin-striped Wool Challie—we have never sold this Challie for less than 35c. Colors, navy, cadet, cardinal, scarlet, pink, and fancy colors, price 25c 25c
Dolphin Serge, very fast black, weighty and extra fine, a bargain at $1.50, sale price, Tuesday and Wednesday $1.25 $1.25
Black Pebbled Cheviot, full 52 inches wide, a splendid weight for single skirts. You will pronounce it cheap at $1.39, sale price $1.00 $1.00
Black Fancies in Brilliantines, Percales, Serges, Camel's Hair Cheviots, Poplins, 36 to 42 inches wide, every yard a good black, values up to 69c. On sale Tuesday and Wednesday 39c 39c
Three pieces Priestley's Figured Black Goods, 45 inches wide, very handsome patterns. Sell regularly at $1.39—sale price 68c 68c

Shoes of High Quality
Greatly Reduced in Price for This Sale.

Ladies' Vici Kid Shoes, turned and welted soles, kid and patent tips, button and lace, $2.50 and $2.98 shoes—Tuesday and Wednesday $1.85 $1.85
Ladies' soft House Slippers—leather or serge—on sale Tuesday and Wednesday at only 49c 49c
Boys' Calf Skin Shoes—values up to $1.50—on sale Tuesday and Wednesday at only 98c 98c
Ladies' stylish easy Oxfords and Strap Sandals—regular $1—Tuesday and Wednesday 74c 74c

IS CLOSED.

Indoor Exposition Concludes and Is Now Being Removed.

Today the exposition is being moved from the Armory.

The show is over. It was a big success in every way except that it did not quite fulfill expectations financially.

Wild reports have been in circulation about the big loss sustained by the promoters, but the National Guardsmen know nothing on any great financial disaster.

In fact it will be several days before the exact condition of the exposition finances will be known to those that have been handling the money.

The Guardsmen are given great credit for their work in this project from all classes of citizens. Governor Van Sant has kept closely in touch with the "expo" since the opening, as have Col. Van Duzee and Adjut. Gen. Libbey. These men are reported in the Twin City papers as having said the exposition was a great credit to the entire state of Minnesota.

Mayor Hugo, Bushop McGolrick and other prominent citizens have said even more complimentary things of it in regard to Duluth, and yet the exposition did not draw the patronage that was anticipated.

This is accounted for to a certain extent by the large number of counter attractions during the two weeks that the exposition was running.

The theatrical attractions during that time were about the strongest of the entire year and did much to keep the attendance down at the Armory.

The Guardsmen, however, are not making the slightest complaint. They got the exposition up on an elaborate scale and carried it through. They are soldiers and take financial reverses as soldiers. The men are unanimous in highly complimenting Lieut. Charles Josten, of Company C, for the very creditable work he has done in getting up this exposition during the past nine months.

Probably no one man has worked harder for the show's success than Lieut. Josten, though they all worked diligently.

The historical models were made by Lieut. Josten, as were most of the decorations and decorative paintings. His modeling was of such high order that it is said Governor Van Sant will urge him to make certain Minnesota models to be exhibited at the St. Louis exposition.

Saturday night the exposition had about the best crowd of its run. Yesterday afternoon a good sized crowd turned out to the Flaaten concert.

THE GREAT DISMAL SWAMP

Of Virginia is a breeding ground of Malaria germs. So is low, wet or marshy ground everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles, and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. "We tried many remedies for Malaria and Stomach and Liver troubles," writes John Charleston, of Byesville, O., "but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters." Try them. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction.

THE DAKOTAS.

A Unique Wedding of Deaf Mutes at Madison.

Madison—A unique deaf-mute wedding took place at the beautiful home of Banker W. A. Macker in this city when his daughter Milla was united in marriage to Oren M. Elliott, of Graham, Mo. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Hugh Robinson, of this place, assisted by Frances C. Gueffron, also a deaf-mute, who read in the sign language each question as it was written and pronounced, and returned their replies to the clergyman. Both young people are especially bright and will doubtless make a very happy union. They became acquainted while attending a training school at Omaha, Neb. Mr. Elliott is editor and proprietor of a flourishing newspaper at Graham, Mo., where they will make their home. After the ceremony an elaborate banquet was spread to a few intimate friends. They departed on the morning train for points in the East.

Sioux Falls—The remains of Mrs. Howland, wife of W. I. Howland, deputy United States internal revenue collector for South Dakota, who died at Des Moines as the result of an operation, arrived here at noon Saturday and will be laid to rest in Mt. Pleasant cemetery. It had been known for some time that Mrs. Howland was in poor health, and that she was at Des Moines for treatment, but nevertheless the news of her death came as a great shock to her friends. The funeral will take place next Monday from the Congregational church in this city.

Sisseton—Nicholas Fox, a farmer residing fourteen miles north of this city, committed suicide Saturday morning by blowing the top of his head off with a shotgun. He lived with his brother and both were single and prosperous. The gun was discharked by means of a stick attached to the trigger. Peter Fox, brother of the suicide, was brought before the examining board in this city today and adjudged insane. He appears to be entirely unconscious of his brother's death. He resisted arrest with all his strength, but was finally overpowered by the sheriff and his deputy. His pocketbook contained $1700 in cash. The brothers have relatives at Elbow Lake, Minn., and they have been telegraphed for.

Clear Lake—Imer Torstenson dropped dead on the streets of this place Friday night. Torstenson was a young man of marked ability, but a confirmed inebriate, and his death is due to alcoholic paralysis. He came here a year or two ago from St. Paul, where for several years he was employed in the register of deeds' office, but his bibulous habits cost him his job, and he was advised to come here and brace up. He was about 30 years of age. His parents are in Sweden.

White Rock—On Thursday, Peter Fox, a farmer residing nine miles west of town, was taken to Sisseton by neighbors on account of queer actions, and adjudged insane by the authorities. An investigation at the home were he and his brother Nick lived showed the dead body of his brother in the granary, the top of his head having been blown off with a shotgun. Both were bachelors.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—The 3-year-old daughter of William Turner of Weber township was accidentally poisoned Thursday, the child getting hold of a box of strychnine, put away in a drawer since last summer, when it was used in poisoning gophers. Antidotes were administered by the mother, but the child died in an hour. When the girl got possession of the strychnine the mother happened to be out of the house.

Grand Forks—The university of Minnesota's Glee and Mandolin clubs gave a concert here Saturday night to an audience that filled the theater and enthusiastically applauded the musicians. The students were entertained after the concert by the federation of clubs, under whose auspices the concert was given.

Minot—Jay Armstrong was instantly killed while attempting to board a train. He was bound west with stock from his former home, Ayr, Cass county.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 14.—Light to heavy rains fell over Gulf states, Oklahoma, Kansas, New Mexico, Oregon and New England states, and snow or rain over Western Nebraska, Western South Dakota and Southwestern Montana. High pressures prevail in the lake region, upper Mississippi and Red River valleys. The barometer is low in the extreme Southwest and over Alberta. In the lake region the weather is fair with fresh northerly winds. Temperatures at or slightly below the freezing point are the rule throughout the Rocky mountains and Northwest.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	52	Memphis	50
Battleford	28	Miles City	36
Bismarck	24	Milwaukee	30
Boston	42	Minnedosa	26
Buffalo	34	Modena	26
Calgary	24	Montgomery	54
Charleston	58	Moorhead	30
Chicago	34	New Orleans	60
Cincinnati	34	New York	40
Davenport	36	Oklahoma	44
Denver	28	Omaha	40
Detroit	36	Pittsburg	26
Dodge City	38	Port Arthur	20
Duluth	30	Portland	36
Edmonton	34	Prince Albert	30
El Paso	52	Qu'Appelle	30
Escanaba	28	Rapid City	32
Galveston	60	San Francisco	54
Green Bay	28	Santa Fe	36
Havre	24	Shreveport	56
Helena	26	Spokane	28
Huron	24	St. Louis	44
Jacksonville	58	St. Paul	28
Kamloops	36	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Kansas City	44	Swift Current	28
LaCrosse	30	Washington	34
Los Angeles	48	Williston	28
Marquette	32	Winnemucca	24
Medicine Hat	26	Winnipeg	30

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 14.—Minnesota and Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday.

The Dakotas: Fair in north, partly cloudy in south portions tonight and Tuesday. Warmer Tuesday.

Upper lakes: Light to fresh northerly winds. Generally fair tonight and probably Tuesday.

Many Eager to Enter the Army.

Never before has there been a greater desire on the part of young men to enter the American army, according to the reports of the chief recruiting officer of the war department. Some trouble is still experienced in the navy, but in the army the enlistments are more than sufficient for the demands. According to the report, the greatest trouble is to keep the young men out for in their anxiety to enlist they will resort to all sorts of tricks to overcome the legal and other obstacles in the way. The officers are constantly running across cases of boys of 17, 18 and 20 making false declarations as to their ages, and they even go so far as to bring in fake parents to give their consent to enlistments. The average rejections are seven for each acceptance, and this shows how plentiful good men are. The average for years was about one acceptance for every four applicants. Last year the army needed 37,000 men and could have enlisted 148,000 without difficulty. The abundance of material enables the officers to pick out fine specimens for service, and they are getting some excellent men. There is no doubt but that the love of adventure and the desire of the young men to see something of the world is the reason for so many to offer themselves for enlistment. For young men who are not bound by business or family ties, a term in the army would no doubt prove very beneficial. They would learn much of foreign countries and the training of army life would fit them for future duties in almost any line. In direct contrast with the ease with which the United States is getting men is the experience of England in recruiting for her South African war. The British government has been forced to waive qualification after qualification in order to get enough men to carry on the warfare against the Boers. They will now take men two inches below the former required height, and pay little or no attention to the old requirements about weight.

A Decrease in Tea Drinking.

In spite of the increase in "pink teas," "5 o'clock teas," and many other tea-drinking functions, the people of the United States have not drank as much tea in the last three years, as previous to that time. This may be due to the import duty that was placed upon tea in June, 1898, or it may be due to the great increase of coffee that has been imported during the same period. If the former, it will be known as soon as the removal of the duty takes place. The average annual importation of tea since the enactment of the law which placed a duty upon tea has been about 83,000,000 pounds, while the average during the preceding three years was about 93,000,000 pounds per annum. The total importation of tea in the three fiscal years following June 30, 1898, was 248,741,459 pounds, and in the three fiscal years immediately preceding that date was 278,303,262 pounds. Deducting the amount re-exported, the net imports stand: For the three years following June 30, 1898, 244,640,547 pounds; for the three years immediately preceding June 30, 1898, 273,945,091 pounds. This gives an average importation for consumption during those two periods of over 1¼ pounds per capita per annum in the three-year period prior to June 30, 1898, and but a little over 1 pound per capita per annum in the three-year period following that date. This reduction in the importation of tea since the imposition of the customs duty upon that article has been accompanied by a corresponding increase in the importation of coffee. In the three years following June 30, 1898, the total importation of coffee was 2,474,690,284 pounds, against 2,188,758,940 pounds in the three years immediately preceding that date; and the per capita imports for consumption for the latter three years averaged 10.4 pounds per annum, compared with 9.9 pounds for the three years prior to June 30, 1898. It is proper to add, however that during the three years since 1898 prices of coffee have been much lower than those of the immediately preceding period, the average import price per pound, as shown by the figures of the treasury bureau of statistics since the fiscal year 1898, having averaged 6.7 cents per pound, against an average of 11 cents for the three years immediately preceding 1898; while in the case of tea the import price per pound exclusive, of course, of duties, shows but slight fluctuations.

T. DE WITT TALMAGE.

The death of Dr. T. De Witt Talmage ends the career of the most widely-known clergyman in the United States, who was also well known in Europe and could boast the friendship of several crowned heads. With the exception of Henry Ward Beecher, no American clergyman has been so widely known. His fame as a preacher was also made in the same city where Mr. Beecher attracted the attention of the whole country. Beecher died in Brooklyn, where he had labored so many years, but Talmage had departed from the scene of his earlier work in the pulpit and passed away in his home at Washington.

Dr. Talmage was a unique personality. In the Brooklyn pulpit where he began preaching in 1869 he resorted to the tricks of manner and speech which caused him to be caricatured from one end of the country to the other. On one occasion when it was time for him to begin his sermon, he went to one edge of the platform, buttoned his coat, raised his arms, and, turning squarely about, dashed in running jumps about the platform, his arms working like the sails of a windmill, his coat tails flying behind him and his trousers working up above his shoe tops. He had not spoken a word, and some of his congregation were ready to shriek, not knowing what to make of it, when Mr. Talmage stopped short and walked back to the center of the platform and exclaimed as the beginning of his sermon: "Young man, you're rushing to destruction." Then he preached of the dangers of city life to young men who yielded to temptation. By such methods he drew thousands of persons to the church, and it was said the church treasurer complained that there were thousands of pennies in the contribution plates.

Mr. Talmage's comment on his style of preaching was: "My present method of preaching seems to stir the hostilities of all earth and hell." He was an actor on the platform and in the pulpit, not what is usually called dramatic or stagy, but an actor in the truest sense, feeling his subject in all its relations and bringing into service eyes, voice, hands and the entire form to help emphasize the truth he imagined and enforced. And he had an abundance of personal magnetism.

But Dr. Talmage's influence was not confined to the large crowds that thronged the Brooklyn Tabernacle. The sermons that he preached there each Sunday appeared Monday morning in a syndicate of papers in this and other countries, and it was figured that his sermons were read by 30,000,000 persons each week. Dr. Talmage also made his influence felt as editor of the Christian Herald and as a constant contributor to numerous periodicals and a voluminous writer of books. The millions who read his sermons weekly will feel that by his demise they have experienced a personal loss.

WIRES UNDERGROUND.

The movement to have the overhead electric service wires placed underground, at least in the most crowded business sections, is gaining headway in most of the larger cities of the country, and a few of the smaller cities have secured the same improvement. The subject has several times been agitated in Duluth, but so far no serious effort has been made to insist upon action being taken by the companies responsible for the tangle of overhead wires. It is evident that this improvement must be made at an early date, both on account of the gain in appearance and public safety that would result.

Telephone companies, actuated chiefly from the desire to improve their service and reduce operating expenses, have done more towards burying their wires than all other classes of service combined. The last annual report of the American (Bell) Telephone and Telegraph company states that more than half the mileage of exchange wires throughout the country is underground. Information collected for "The Municipal Year Book," although probably quite incomplete in this particular, shows that of the 1524 places of 3000 and upwards by the last U. S. census, 232 have some wires underground. In many instances this length placed in conduits is very small, but even a beginning is significant. Of the 232 cities, 197 reported telephone, 43 electric light, 27 fire or police alarm telegraph, and 14 street railway wires (trolley feeders) underground. While in many cities two or more classes of wires were underground, altogether only some 65 cities reported that other than telephone wires had been buried. All but 7 of the 78 cities having 50,000 population and over reported some wires underground. The two largest of these seven were Jersey City, N. J., 206,433, and Nashville, Tenn., 80,865. The other five places, in order of population, were Reading, Pa.; Evansville, Ind.; Charleston, S. C.; Salt Lake City, Utah, and Elizabeth, N. J. Probably some of these places have wires underground, but failed to report the fact. The distribution, by size, of the 232 places which reported wires underground, is as follows:

Populations of	Total places.	Places reporting wires underground.
30,00 and over	165	105
10,000 to 30,000	303	84
5,000 to 10,000	458	29
3,000 to 5,000	622	14

A complete list of cities with underground wires, together with particulars of kind, ownership and mileage of conduits, would be interesting. The telephone company named above doubtless has a large amount of information regarding its own wires. An officer of an allied telephone company stated, in a private letter to the editor, that in 1901 some wires were underground in 252 cities and towns of 3000 population and upwards, but as the statement was not accompanied by the list of places, the information in "The Municipal Year Book" could not be revised and extended accordingly. It is certain, however, that the telephone companies are not only far in the lead in this branch of municipal betterment, but that they will continue so for many years to come. The progressive city of the future will insist that all wires be placed beneath the streets, always under municipal control, and often under municipal ownership. The ownership of most of the conduits thus far provided is vested in the companies that own the wires, but the reports include seven cities which own a part and seven others that own all the conduits in question.

ASPHALT IN NEW YORK.

Those who are urging that an asphalt pavement should be laid on East Superior street should learn something about the experience of other cities with this class of pavement. There are many good features about asphalt pavement, but there are also some bad ones. Just at present New York is experiencing the aftermath of the work of the asphalt trust. After a thorough investigation of the streets of the city, by Superintendent Collins, and the chief engineer, the former has made his report to J. A. Cantor, president of the borough, in which he gives the following respecting asphalt paving:

"Under the last administration asphalt pavings were almost wholly resorted to, and, as experience has shown, much to the detriment of all kinds of road service. In rainy or snowy weather asphalted streets have been next to useless. Irreparable damage has resulted to man and beast from the slippery roadway. Hundreds of horses have had to be destroyed because of injuries received on avenues where it has been next to impossible to secure a foothold. Fire companies will always avoid where possible an asphalted highway in responding to an alarm, while truckmen also will prefer a side street paved with the old-time Belgian granite blocks. Nearly all of the business interests, especially below Fourteenth street and in the dry goods or shipping interests, have time and again protested against the use of asphalt as a street surface. Furthermore, because of this antipathy to asphalt pavements, it being harder as a result to approach a building safely and quickly, the fire insurance companies are considering the advisability of raising their rates."

The report concludes with the statement that more than fifty miles of asphalt must be repaved.

The social conditions of London as shown by the latest census of that city offer a most interesting study to the student of social life. The number of families in the metropolis is 1,019,546 and the average in a family is slightly over 4.4 persons. These families share the services of 234,398 female and 15,425 male servants. In London, females exceed the males by 252,371, while widows are nearly thrice that number. The youngest couple, husband and wife, are both 16, and the youngest wife in London is 15. The pauper inmates of workhouses are given as 46,646. The percentage of the total population of the age of 10 and upward engaged in trade or occupations is 83.6 per cent of men and 37.4 per cent of women. The number engaged in clerical work has increased 16.6 per cent and the actors, who total 2234, show an increase of 78 per cent compared with 1891. Women occupied in commercial business and as clerks have increased 18.1 per cent, and make a total of 19,097, compared with 84,315 males similarly employed.

Members of the Weeks & Potter company, of Boston, one of the oldest and best known drug concerns in the country, have made all the money they want and will liquidate and go out of business. There is one peculiar circumstance connected with the retirement of the company that is rarely found. The old and tried employes of the company who have served it faithfully for many years and are acquainted with all the details of the business, desired to form a syndicate and continue the business under the same name, thus ensuring them future employment. The members of the firm, however, declined to have the name "Weeks & Potter" used and the plan had to be abandoned. One would naturally think that the members of a firm would desire to have the name perpetuated, especially where it would take care of faithful employes, but it does not seem to be so in this case. The reasons for this will have to be conjectured, as they are not apparent.

The punishment of Joseph M. Miller, of Detroit, who murdered Miss Carrie M. Jennett with a hatchet, was swift and justly merited. Within seventy-two hours after he committed the awful crime he was in prison for life, the severest sentence which can be imposed in that state. It is one of the cases when even the opponents of the death sentence wish that some exception could be made. There are but four states in the Union where capital punishment is prohibited by law, Maine, Rhode Island, Michigan and Wisconsin, and there have been occasions in each of them in late years where death would have been none too good for the criminals.

Of the people of Philadelphia more than a million are housed in dwellings that contain an average of 5½ persons, while the average in New York city is 18½, and in Chicago and Boston 8¼. In the most densely crowded ward of Philadelphia the average number of persons to each dwelling is not over 7½, while in New York it is 38½, in Chicago 14½ and in Boston 13¾. The co-operative bank idea, which has flourished especially in Philadelphia, is the chief reason for the good conditions there.

John L. Sullivan declined an invitation to go driving the other day with the mayor of Hightstown, N. J., at the same time expressing his dissatisfaction with being feted by mayors and officials and informing his honor that he would sooner be the guest of the plainest laboring man. Noble sentiment, though more or less discourteous; can it possibly be that John had something at the time that rhymes with wagon?

Unless the Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune is much mistaken, "the prospects at present are that the Philippine government bill and the Cuban reciprocity propositions will of themselves provoke a controversy in the senate that will consume all the time that is not devoted to the consideration of the necessary supply bills that have not yet been acted upon."

This being an area of remarkable surgical operations, no great surprise is occasioned by a successful operation by Dr. Tietze, of Breslau, Germany, who, having removed a section of diseased bone from a woman's shin, pieced it with a joint from her great toe, thus preventing lameness.

Everywhere sentiment favors the establishment of the proposed postal currency, because it would meet a long felt want. Every person interested should write a letter at once to the congressman from this district and the senators from this state in favor of postal currency bills.

The New Jersey man whose house was found to be stored with stolen goods, will not hereafter be a believer in horseshoe luck. It was a peculiar shaped horseshoe worn by a horse he stole that gave the clue to his robberies.

The announcement from Manila that the authorities there "anticipate a prolonged sporadic visitation of cholera" will not encourage emigration from this country to the Philippines.

The Portland Telegram locates Superior in Minnesota. Now listen to the roar from our neighbors across the bay.

The Philadelphia Inquirer is conducting an anti-profanity crusade. There is need of such a crusade in other cities.

A Kansas City man named Happy is in jail on a charge of bigamy. And he does not feel like his name.

Richard Harding Davis has gone to Venezuela, and another revolution is in order.

M. Santos-Dumont himself calls it Thantolt-Dumont. But that is because he lisps.

Minneapolis Irish Standard: The Duluth Herald has attained the age of twenty years. It is one of the most progressive daily papers in American and the Zenith City has cause to be proud of it. We congratulate the management on having navigated The Herald safely through the "rocks and shoals" that beset it when it assumed control of the helm a decade of years ago. The Duluthians owe him a deep debt of gratitude.

A LARGE VIEW

Of Railway Merger and Results It Might Bring About.

Pioneer Press: J. J. Hill was recently reported by the New York Journal of Commerce as having said that the two mammoth ships he is building for the Asiatic trade could be operated in successful competition with foreign ships in spite of the higher wages paid to American seamen if our navigation laws permitted a better selection and control of crews. The reason for this confidence is plain. It is because he has applied to the construction of his vessels the same principles which have made the "Hill methods" of organizing transportation famous as one of the great money-saving inventions of the age—the simple principle that the bigger the trainload the less the cost of hauling it per ton per mile. He has made his ships bigger than now afloat in the expectation that they will carry full cargoes and that it will cost but little more to operate them thus filled than smaller ships carrying a fraction of the tonnage.

The ships will carry cargoes at much lower freight rates than have heretofore prevailed, and are, therefore, the pioneers in the development of the Asiatic trade, which will eventually require a larger fleet of similar ships. But to fill even these for regular trips will require the massing at the Pacific ports where they are to be loaded of a much larger volume of exports to Asia than has heretofore been offered. The traffic of the Great Northern alone would not suffice to sustain them. These ships are a constituent part of the arrangements whereby the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Burlington systems are to be operated in harmony, and subsidiary to the same general end. The momentous significance of these arrangements can only be appreciated when it is understood that their purpose is to make these two great transcontinental railroads the chief highway of the commerce of this country and of the world with Asia. It is to carry out in the whole vast field of intercontinental traffic the same principle of connection which Mr. Hill applies to his carloads and his ship's cargoes—to increase the tonnage volume by concentration in this northern route as to reduce its cost by land and sea, and thus—following the law that commerce always flows along the lines of least resistance—turn into this cheaper channel on the shorter lines of latitude the main stream of the commerce of the world. The full carload is thus the unit of power in a gigantic scheme of commercial concentration which will pour a new and more abounding flood of commercial and industrial energy into the six states which it has been recently sought to array against it.

The lawyers and politicians who have been fretting and fuming about the so-called merger on local freight rates have been oblivious to the grandeur and potential beneficence of the economic forces called into play by this scheme, and which will insure a much greater reduction of local and transcontinental freight as a necessary sequence of an immensely increased volume of traffic than would otherwise be possible.

Our local statesmen are not to be blamed for the narrow local view they have taken of this question, or for their inability to take in the broad horizon of its world-wide relations. For but few who have not studied the question have any conception of the enormous trade with the Orient which lies within the grasp of American enterprise, but which for lack of an effective organization of our commercial power we have heretofore permitted other nations, and chiefly Great Britain, to appropriate. For the seven years ending with and inclusive of 1898, not an American steamship entered a Philippine port. Since the treaty of peace we have done better, but the major part of that traffic is still borne in English vessels. In the fifty-two years from 1848 to 1900, inclusive, the United States lost in their traffic with the Philippines over $275,000,000 in trade balances against us, or enough to have paid all the expenses of the Spanish war. And this does not take into account the Philippine goods carried to English or German ports and trans-shipped to this country.

In twenty years the United States has heretofore paid out over the counters of London, Berlin and Paris over a billion and a half of gold due Asiatic nations for trade balances. If this amount of money had been saved to the American people it would have bought out the steel trust and the Northern Securities company at their capitalized figure. In ten years ending June 30, 1900, we have lost $120,000,000 in Chinese trade alone, exclusive of the trade of Hong Kong, which is a warehouse for all China, under British auspices. And our ships have not carried 1 per cent of the foreign trade of China or of the port of Hong Kong. The latest accessible tables of the treasury department concerning our sea trade show that of our imports from Asia in 1899, $74,000,000 came by way of the Atlantic ports and only $32,600,000 from the Pacific coast ports, which means that 65 per cent of our trans-Pacific trade does not come to us by way of European ports, being transshipped at Liverpool and Hamburg for New York or Philadelphia. The total trade of China in 1899 was $121,600,000. Only $17,000,000 of this was carried in American bottoms.

Yet one line of steamships like that projected by Mr. Hill would very soon double that total and would put into Manila, Shanghai, Hong Kong and other Chinese and Japanese ports agents for American trade that would soon make themselves felt in the interest of our manufacturers. The current of commercial exchanges thus established between the United States and the Orient would grow and swell until it drew into its swelling tide the tributary streams of every state in the Union and of every country in the world. All along the course of this great highway of the world's commerce this broad and deep current will set in motion the wheels of commercial and industrial activity.

When the lawyers and politicians get to thinking about this matter in its larger relations they will probably come to the conclusion that there is something besides a question of the so-called merger—that it does not mean, as they imagine, the extinction of competition, but such a marshaling of commercial forces and such an organized concentration traversing the northern belt of the temperate zone, which nature has marked as the chief path of commerce throughout the world, to enter into successful competition with the rival systems which are endeavoring to attract this great tide of transmundane commerce to more southern latitudes, and that, whatever technical objections the lawyers may find or fancy they find in "the mint and cumin" of the statutes, it is conformity with that great economic law, to which all statutes must ultimately yield the right of way, that through concentration lies the only road to the highest economic efficiency—to lower costs and lower prices.

ORE SHIPPING.

Steel Corporation Rushing Forward at Steady Rate.

The steel corporation mining companies are now shipping pretty steadily on all the ranges. The older ranges are said to have attained more nearly their normal shipping capacity than the Mesaba, though they will continue to increase their output as the vessel movement becomes larger and more regular.

On the Mesaba none of the open pit mines of the steel corporation group are yet shipping. The Fayal is shipping, but it is moving out the stockpile that has been formed during the winter by deep mining operations. Ore could be moved from the bank by steam shovel, as is being done at the Mahoning and Stevenson, but frost bothers somewhat still, and the properties that are now shipping are sending sufficient ore forward to take care of the tonnage that is offered.

A mining man who was at Hibbing yesterday says that town looks like a metropolis. The streets were full of people, and there were indications on every hand of active preparations for large mining operations this summer.

Winston Bros. & Dear are just starting a camp at the Burt mine location. This mine will be changed this summer from underground to open pit methods. The surface is said to run from thirty to forty-five feet. The Winstons have a contract for moving about 200,000 yards of surface. The strippings will be dumped in the pit formed by underground operations at the Sellers property.

The Biwabik mine is being gotten in readiness for operation. It will not be actively worked until about May 1, and it is likely that many of the steel corporation open pit properties will not be worked until that time.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY

Celebration By Young People of Swedish Baptist Church.

A very interesting program was rendered yesterday afternoon at the tenth anniversary of the Young People's society of the Swedish Baptist church. The ten years' report showed an interesting development in a spiritual and intellectual way. Short speeches were given by Rev. C. A. Alden, Rev. Lofstrem, of Superior; Rev. E. R. Pope, of Minneapolis; Rev. A. A. Holingren, of Burlington, Iowa, and by presidents of the various young people's societies of the Baptist churches at the head of the lakes. The musical part of the program was excellent. Besides several numbers by the choir, C. A. Heath gave a beautiful number.

Making Out Warrants.

The force in the office of the clerk of the district court is engaged in making out personal property tax warrants to be delivered to the sheriff, and next week they will all be ready to be handed over for enforcement.

This is therefore the last week for the payment of this year's personal property taxes before they go into the hands of the sheriff. They can still be paid at the office of the county treasurer, but after they have been turned over to the sheriff, delinquents must walk up to the captain's office at that end of the court house and settle.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Registered by U. S. Patent Office.

A Positive Solvent and Eliminator of Stone in the Bladder, and More Effective than Drugs in Bright's Disease.

Dr. George Ben Johnston, *Richmond, Va., Ex-President of Southern Surgical and Gynecological Association, Ex-President Medical Society of Virginia, and Professor of Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery, Medical College of Virginia:* "In all forms of BRIGHT'S DISEASE, except those hopelessly advanced, its good effects are pronounced. I believe it has been the means of prolonging many lives in this trouble. Almost any case of Pyelitis or Cystitis will be alleviated by it and many cured. I have had evidence of the undoubted Disintegrating Solvent and Eliminating powers of this water in RENAL CALCULUS, and I have known its long continued use to permanently break up the gravel-forming habit. It is an agent of great value in the treatment of ALBUMINURIA of PREGNANCY, and is an excellent diuretic in SCARLATINA and TYPHOID FEVER."

Dr. William H. Drummond, *Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Bishop's University, Montreal, Canada:* "In the Acute and Chronic Nephritis (BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS), of Gouty and Rheumatic origin, as well as in the graver Albuminuria of Pregnancy, I have found BUFFALO LITHIA WATER to act as a veritable antidote."

Dr. J. Allison Hodges, *Richmond, Va., President and Professor of Nervous and Mental Diseases, University College of Medicine:* "In several cases of ACUTE BRIGHT'S DISEASE, BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, Spring No. 2, has accomplished more for my patients than the administration of any medicine that was employed."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally.

Testimonials which defy all imputations or questions sent to any address.

Hotel at Springs opens June 15th.

PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA

SHIPPING.

Corrigan, McKinney & Co. Mines Are Sending Out Ore.

Price McKinney, of the firm of Corrigan, McKinney & Co., arrived in the city this morning from Cleveland to look after their extensive mining business, which is directed from here.

Mr. McKinney says that about 3000 tons a day are being shipped from the Stevenson mine, the largest shipper of their properties. There is still enough frost left in the ground to make it difficult for steam-shovel operations. The second largest shipper of the Corrigan-McKinney properties this season will be the Crystal Falls mine on the Menominee range.

Mr. McKinney says that J. D. Gilchrist is not holding his vessels in port until May 1, as was at first planned, but owing to navigation opening so much earlier than was expected, is getting them out rapidly. Mr. Gilchrist, who controls seventy-two vessels, will handle considerable ore for Corrigan, McKinney & Co.

FOLLOWED.

Young Man Arrested For Theft Committed In Ontario.

A Pinkerton detective this morning arrested C. W. Servas, a young man employed in a local freight office.

It is claimed that he stole and then forged three orders of the Dominion Express company while agent in Chapleau, Ont.

The three orders do not aggregate much more than $100, but young Servas has been pursued closely by detectives since he left that place.

He was first traced to Port Arthur and then to Winnipeg and then to Duluth.

The young man says that he is anxious to go back to Chapleau and face the charges against him, even waiving all rights to extradition privileges.

The Pinkerton man that followed him to Duluth finally located him working in the freight office, and, accompanied by Detective Terry, placed Servas under arrest and later in the city jail.

* * *

The Midway must have spent a blissful Sunday yesterday, for this morning M. Calopetos and T. Sartallis, of the Greek colony, were arrested for fighting. This afternoon Stephen Montos, another Greek, was taken into custody for trying to break up the Midway settlement.

* * *

John Hays was a victim of the spring cleaning feeling and was arrested for scattering rubbish on a street. His case was dismissed on payment of costs.

CONDEMN.

Northern Pacific Seeking New Lines on Rice's Point.

The Northern Pacific Railroad company has begun condemnation proceedings in district court against the Duluth Transfer Railroad company and the city for a double-track railroad through portions of the West End.

The new line is made necessary by the Garfield avenue viaduct, and by the large improvements the company is making in the Rice's Point region.

In its petition the company states that when the viaduct was built the tracks were moved north so as to shorten the viaduct and lessen the expense of building it, and thus the road is in part cut off from the many industries down the east side of Rice's Point.

The company is building an extensive roundhouse that will, when completed, house forty-two locomotives, and it is preparing to fill in a large portion of the bay on the west side of Rice's Point for a distance of 300 feet. In order to make changes caused by these improvements, and to reach the industries along Rice's Point, the company claims that it is necessary for it to build some new lines, crossing the right-of-way of the Duluth Transfer Railway company. Hence the condemnation proceedings.

J. L. Washburn and W. D. Bailey are the attorneys.

NOMINATIONS

Of Various Officials Sent to the Senate.

Washington, April 14.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Treasury: Albert A. Norris, controler of the mint, Philadelphia; Robert A. Sharkey, naval officer of customs, district of New York, New York.

Interior: Indian agents, George W. Saunders, at Santee agency, Nebraska.

Receiver of public moneys: Henry Malloch, Marysville, Cal.; Alfred H. Talor, Summit, Cal.

Register of land office: Thomas A. Roseberry, Susanville, Cal.

Army: Col. Mott Hooton, Twenty-eighth infantry, brigadier general.

Postmasters: Michigan, J. M. Harvey, Jr., Constantine; R. M. Johnston, Middleville; Minnesota, Zelba C. Goss, Wabasha; Wisconsin, Henry G. Kress, Manitowoc; John C. Freeman, New London.

Back From the West.

Charles d'Autremont has returned from a trip of several months in the West. He is largely interested in the Calumet and Arizona and other Arizona mining properties, and has been out there looking after his interests. He says the Calumet and Arizona is a great property and will be one of the greatest mines in that rich state.

Throughout his stay in the West he met a great number of Duluth people, and says they are to be found all over the West.

AMUSEMENTS.

Star Lecture Course
First M. E. Church, Duluth.

Opie Read, The Novelist.
Wallace Bruce Amsbary,
The Wit and Poet.

An Evening of Story Telling.

Monday Eve., April 14.

Ticket and seat 50c, at Chamberlain & Taylor's and at the door.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.

TUESDAY, APRIL 14.
Messrs. Yale & Ellis Present the Golden Voiced Singer,
AL. H. WILSON,
in Sidney R. Ellis' Romantic Drama
"The Watch on the Rhine."
A Splendid Play—Production—Company.
PRICES:—Dress Circle $1.00; Parquette 75c; Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER,
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.

Saturday, April 19.

THE VIKING

A Comic Opera in Three Acts will be presented by the

Roosevelt Marching Club,
of Minneapolis.

GOOD MUSIC!
GOOD DANCING!
PRETTY GIRLS!

100 - IN THE CAST - 100

DEFECTIVE PAGE

W.B.
ERECT FORM
CORSETS
THIS IS THE
Latest
ERECT FORM

Just now there are two different models

Style 711 which costs $2
Style 713 which costs $4

The corset is rather long and extra pieces at the side cover and fit the hips, producing a perfectly smooth effect. Just now, very tight skirts are proper. Women who dress with the mode, must wear this model.

For Sale by All Dealers

If your dealer cannot supply you, mention his name and send price to

WEINGARTEN BROS.
377-379 Broadway, New York

No other corset can take the place of the W. B. Erect Form. Accept no substitute.

KNIVES ARE OUT

Scalp of Jay M. Smith, Land Office Receiver, Eagerly Sought.

Republicans Entering Vigorous Protests Against His Appointment.

Mails Carrying Many Letters to Washington at This Time.

If J. M. Smith receiver of the United States land office at this point, will take a glimpse through the tall grass that borders his pathway just now he will see the glittering of sharp knives carried by braves who are looking for his scalp.

If he puts his ear to the ground he will be able to hear quite clearly the rumble of approaching trouble.

For his term as receiver runs out shortly, and, as usual, there is a stir about his reappointment. If he gets the appointment it will be in spite of very vigorous protests, based on several sets of reasons. Those protests are going in to headquarters at a very rapid rate, and they are likely to assume such formidable proportions that it will be impossible for the powers that be to disregard them.

It is no new thing to have the threatened appointment of Jay M. Smith act on the Republicans of the city as a red rag acts on a bull.

* * *

"Blessed if I can see," said a leading Republican yesterday, "what he was ever appointed for in the first place, and I find it still harder to imagine why, having made such a grievous mistake, it should be kept up so long after it has become plainly evident that it was a mistake, and one decidedly distasteful to a majority of the Republicans of the community."

* * *

"Jay M. Smith," said another good Republican who is high in the councils of the party, "has the happiest faculty of any man I ever saw for getting himself disliked. He can make himself more disagreeable and less popular than any other man I ever knew in politics, and is one of the wonders of the age that he has been able to make a financial success of it. He is not the man to be honored by the Republican party with so important an appointment, and you can just set it down as a fact that I am going to do all I can to correct the mistake that was made when he got it in the first place."

* * *

It is not only on personal grounds that there is a strong feeling of dissatisfaction with Mr. Smith on the part of prominent Republicans, but most of them profess that concern is in behalf of the welfare of the party itself. Members of the element that is called the "Willcuts" faction, who are not particularly hidebound about their allegiance to that set, think that a mistake is being made by not recognizing the opposition a little more. They cannot shut their eyes to the fact that that opposition is growing steadily, and that such appointments as that of Mr. Smith will make it grow more rapidly. In all the list of appointments that it has fallen to the power of the Willcuts faction to bestow, there is not the name of one member of the opposing faction.

The only appointments that the opposition has were gained by its own earnest efforts, and it is because members of that set have secured some appointments from Governor Van Sant that the Willcuts faction is so bitter against the governor.

Many of those who are opposing the reappointment of Mr. Smith, and opposing it with all their force, are doing it because they feel that some recognition is due the strong opposing faction that will soon be so large that it must be reckoned with, and they know of no one that it would do the party more good to sacrifice in that interest than Jay M. Smith.

* * *

So the mails last week were burdened with letters of protest against the reappointment of Mr. Smith, and they will be heavy with them again this week and until the matter is settled. It is understood that the plan is to have him appointed, but it is quite possible that the general resentment at such action may overturn the plans of the crowd that is still faithful to him. The protests are coming from powerful sources, and many of the strongest men in the party, regardless of faction, are authors of protest against the appointment.

* * *

"Mr. Smith has had the place one term," said one of the Republicans quoted above, "and that would be as much as he was entitled to if he had done something to earn party recognition. As it is——. Well, we shall have to see that somebody else fills his office chair next time."

Be Partisan For the Right.

To the Editor of The Herald:

It is to be regretted that typographical errors crept into H. K. Knowles' letter of Tuesday, but his explanation has not explained away the imperialistic earmarks. And when he says that my so-called reply is a "strange mixture of misstatements and illogical rhetoric," he only repeats the phrases that are so often used in the imperialistic press, the imperialistic pulpit, and on the imperialistic platform in reference to the great self-evident truths laid down in the Declaration of Independence. But for these truths an honored member of the Jefferson family was called a rebel; the grand old revolutionary heroes were ready to lay down their lives, and were treated as rebels and traitors by the imperialists, just as the Boers and Filipinos are called today. It is no disgrace to be called a rebel when you fight for those truths.

As to facts in regard to the South African war, Mr. Knowles knows that the Boer press misrepresents, and we all know that the British press is censored, and, therefore, at our distance from the battlefield, it is difficult for us to locate a particular fact in regard to some matters. Nevertheless there are many self-evident political and moral truths that every right-minded American may use in passing judgment upon these great problems. And he will, as a rule, unless his mind has been twisted and bent to fit a creed, or his talents wasted in preaching what he believes rather than in teaching what he knows.

I thank The Herald for its coutresy, and its readers for their patience, and trust we will all use for our motto: "Be sure you are right, then be intensely partisan."

A. JEFFERSON.

Duluth, April 14.

BURGLARY.

Sheriff's Residence Is Robbed of Much Fine Silverware.

The sheriff's residence, in the same building with the county jail, was burglarized either Saturday night or very early Sunday morning.

The thieves succeeded in raising a dining room window from the Third street side of the house and only a few feet away from an electric light.

A careful examination of the silverware was made by the thieves, who selected nothing but solid silver and that which was not marked. They also shunned several valuable pieces of silver which would be easily recognized if put on sale in any pawn shop.

This burglary is considered about the boldest that has been perpetrated for some time. At the same time it was very successful. People in the house knew nothing of the robbery till yesterday morning, when they went to the dining room to breakfast.

Despite the fact that the house was all open to a person gaining entrance to the dining rooms, there is no evidence that the thieves got into any other part of the house.

The silverware taken was most in large pieces and such that would find a ready sale in pawn shops and elsewhere. Most of it had been in the family for the past thirty years.

Mrs. Sargent, with her sister and her children were alone in the house at the time of the burglary, Mr. Sargent being in the South with his son for the benefit of his health.

The thieves performed what is known in police circles as "a very neat job," getting away without the slightest clue that would assist the police in running them down.

PRESBYTERY.

Annual Meeting of Duluth Body Is Held at Brainerd.

The Duluth Presbytery, the organization of the Presbyterian church for the Duluth district, held its regular annual session at Brainerd last week. The session opened Tuesday, with twenty-six ministers and five elders of the church present. The presbytery organized with Rev. M. Todd, of Virginia, as moderator, and Rev. M. S. Axtell, of Sandstone, as secretary.

The presbytery discussed the plan of organizing a new presbytery, but took no action upon it. The plan contemplates carving a new district out of the Duluth presbytery, to include Cass, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Becker, Clay, Wilkin, Ottertail, Wadena, Grant and Doublas counties, to be known as the Brainerd presbytery.

Rev. T. H. Cleland, of Duluth, was elected delegate and Rev. A. H. Carver alternate to the next general assembly meeting in New York May 15.

Rev. H. A. Leaty, of Mora, was ordained as a minister. New church organizations at Tenstrike and Beuna Vista were enrolled, and the committee on home missions distributed $4600 among the weaker churches.

A STABBING.

Trivial Cause Brings About a Very Serious Result.

John McDonald was stabbed in an affray at Swan River last night by Ed Wilkinson, a negro, and he is in a serious condition. The row arose because of a dispute as to whether Ohio or Indiana is the better state.

Both men in the section hands on the Eastern Minnesota, and they became involved in a discussion as to which state is the better, the negro standing up for Indiana and McDonald holding forth on the advantages of Ohio.

They became angry, Wilkinson is said to have called McDonald some hard names. McDonald is said to have thrown down a knife he had in his hand and started for Wilkinson, who picked up the knife and cut McDonald. One cut is over the heart and the other is in the wrist.

Wilkinson was immediately arrested and locked up in a hotel at Swan River.

WALT WHITMAN.

W. M. Salter Lectures on the Remarkable Poet.

W. M. Salter, of the Chicago Ethical society, lectured Saturday evening at the Unitarian church upon Walt Whitman. He gave his subject a very thorough and scholarly handling, and showed himself to be not only a strong admirer of the genius of Whitman, but thoroughly familiar with his work. He said that a prejudice existed against Whitman because of his sex-poems, which interfered with many people seeing the real greatness and genius of the poet. His central idea was the essential carelessness of the individual, so he was peculiarly the poet of democracy. At the root of the sacredness of the individual was a recognition of man's soul, which is greater than all external nature. With this Whitman also insisted upon the purity, health and strength of the body, and he scourges "the fools who corrupt the body." He was the prophet of activity and almost of turbulence. He believed that each individual should express his own inner life and walk his own appointed way. Above all he was the poet of progress.

Odd Fellows' Anniversary.

Sunday evening, April 27, the Odd Fellows of Duluth will celebrate the eighty-third anniversary of the foundation of the order in America. The celebration will be held in the Armory, and Mayor Hugo will act as master of ceremonies. There will be a strong program, which has not yet been arranged. The anniversary is really April 26, but it was decided to celebrate it April 27, that day being Sunday. The lodge was founded in Baltimore April 26, 1819, with five members. It is now the largest purely fraternal organization in the world, with more than 1,500,000 members in the United States.

Club Entertained.

The F. L. C. C. met at the home of Miss Pearl Flood, 1830 West First street, Thursday afternoon. The afternoon was spent in sewing and music, after which refreshments were served. Those present were: Crissie Gram, Pearl Flood, Johanna Behrens, Julia Eden, Fanny Anderson, Hildia Largerstedt, Edythe Carlson. The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Crissie Gram, Friday evening.

YOU CAN'T ESCAPE

the fact that our prices and goods give you the best value for your money. We are always to the fore with big bargains for your dollars.

STEEL RANGES.

Steel Ranges at.....$16.00
Steel Ranges at.....$22.50

"Gold Coin" Steel Ranges at $29.50 to $56.00—in all sizes and patterns.

A GOOD WORD

For the "Gold Coin" Range.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that I have used in a baking and cooking demonstration, conducted in the store of R. R. Forward & Co., a "Gold Coin" Steel Range, No. 67-18, taken from their stock.

From my experience would cheerfully recommend this make of range to anyone needing a quick, even baker, and a range most economical in the use of fuel, and certain to suit the most exacting cook or housekeeper. (Signed.) C. W. DORSEY, JR., Chef.

605 East Third Street, Duluth.

Watch our daily bargain sales—a big special on draperies for Friday, April 18.

NOW ABOUT

the bicycle you are to ride this season. It is worth the risk to trust your very life to a cheap, thrown together apology for a wheel?

We can sell you the always reliable "Hartford" bicycle at $25.00—of course this is a 1901 model, but for a good wheel at low prices we can recommend nothing better.

1902 Hartfords will cost you $35.00, and furnish you big value for your money. 1902 Clevelands at $40.00, $45.00, $50.00 and up.

1902 Columbias at $50.00, $55.00 and up.

BICYCLES at $12.93 if you want that kind.

Builders' Hardware.

LOCKS, PAPER, NAILS, at the best prices the market will allow.

Bring your lists to us and let us make you a figure.

The largest and best assortment of house trimmings, lock sets, etc., in the West End for you to select from.

TOOLS for carpenters, machinists and builders—and here's the offerings—Disston, Atkins, Pearce saws at $1.00 up to $2.25. Cheaper saws 49c to.....$1.25

HAMMERS—Heller, Maydole, Fayette, R. Plumb. Prices 60c, 65c up to $1.25.

We will have in a short time a fine assortment of L. S. STARRETT'S machinists' tools, which we will announce later.

21st Avenue West and Superior St., Duluth....

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

RUN TOO FAST.

Lakesiders Object to High Speed of Cars Down Hill.

The Lakesiders have another grievance against the street railway company. The big double truck cars run too fast for them, that is too fast down the hill beyond Twenty-third avenue east. There is no denying the fact that they go down that stretch at a rate that makes a timid person's hair raise on end. Even railroad employes who ride on trains all the time notice very fast rate at which the cars run and shake their heads ominously.

What would happen if one of the cars was to jump the track is the thing which comes to almost every mind and the contemplation of that idea is harrowing to everyone who entertains it for a moment.

The company, it is understood, has little fear of an accident of that nature. The track is newly built, the cars weigh eighteen tons each and are quite different from the small cars that have been in use heretofore on the line.

The fast run down the hill is made necessary by the shortage of power on the Lakeside line. It takes a large amount to carry the big cars up the hill and they are forced to make the fast run down the hill to get all the momentum they can for the climb up the other hill.

TOMORROW

Evangelist Morgan's Meetings to Open at First M. E. Church.

Rev. G. Campbell Morgan, the evangelist, will begin his series of meetings in Duluth tomorrow afternoon at the First Methodist church at 4 o'clock, preaching again in the evening at 8 o'clock. During his stay of several days here we will speak in many of the churches of the city. He is brought here by the united effort of the ministers of the city.

Mr. Morgan is a type of evangelist far removed from the ordinary run. The Pioneer Press said of him:

"There is nothing of the sensational preached about Mr. Morgan. He employs none of the methods characteristic of many preachers who have made evangelistic work a separate branch of preaching, and he does not depart from the most dignified style of pulpit oratory in delivering his message. Indeed, his sermon last night was rather a polished discourse delivered to ministers and to church members who have long since passed from the experimental to the higher plane of religious thought. He seemed to accept as granted that those who listened to him were not tyros and that all were agreed upon fundamentals."

WAGES INCREASED.

Chicago, April 14.—Railroads of Chicago have voluntarily increased the wages of freight handlers. The advance varies in the different departments, but the total increase is $25,000 per month, and affects 3000 men employed in freight depots of Chicago.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

AMUSEMENTS.

READ AND AMSBURY.

At the First Methodist church this evening Opie Read and Wallace Bruce Amsbury will entertain. Of Read the Louisville Courier-Journal says:

"Opie Read is a wonderful delineator of character, strong, clear, and full of a truth as pungent as the scent of walnut in the woods; careful and clear in diction, with never an involved sentence; an artist in the interpretation of his own work. In his sky there are many beautiful tints, sunsets of rest and sunrises of promise; and in his words there are thrilling notes, while everywhere in the air about us we hear the sharp cry of "Truth, truth!" How genuinely American, how live a product of his native soil!"

"THE WATCH ON THE RHINE."

"The Watch on the Rhine," with Al H. Wilson as the star will be seen at the Lyceum this evening. The play is produced with a full complement of beautiful scenery, showing pictures of famous points on the River Rhine, the Schloss of Heidelburg and other places famed in song and story. During the action of the play Mr. Wilson will sing new songs, each one of which is a gem of exquisite melody and sure to become immensely popular. The company in support of Mr. Wilson is claimed to be far above the average and thoroughly capable and satisfactory in the roles assigned them.

UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENT.

Next Saturday evening at the Lyceum "The Viking," a comic opera will be produced by the Roosevelt club of Minneapolis. The cast is made up entirely of men and among them are some of the best known young man of the Flour city. Some of them are well known to Duluth people. The Journal in speaking of the rehearsal said:

"Among the parts which showed marked improvement last night were those of Mr. Moffin, as Sigurd the Viking' Carleton Pillsbury as the Duke of Dead Broke, Mr. Byron as Count Touch-You-Hard, singing and dancing comedian, and Nicholas Northway as captain of police on Nicollet avenue duty."

"Frank Lane as Sylvia, the betrothed wife of Leif Ericson, is "just too sweet for anything." She set several hearts to palpitating violently last evening and a few young women from Park avenue, who looked on, were quite carried away by Sylvia's stunning gowns and winning ways.

"Nor should mention fail to be made of Harry Stewart's sweet feminine impersonation in the role of Nodo Woodmary. His singing of 'Sun Beam Babe' with the Florodora sextet made up of such giddy young things as Misses Sewall Andrews, Fred Laramia and Sawyer, is one of the best numbers on the program. It compares favorably with anything of the kind seen here this season in the musical comedies. He adds much to the song by his graceful dancing obligato.

"Another winsome young woman is Dr. Card.

"Other hits are Phil Brooks as B. Arnstormer, 'actor, author and dramatist,' Charles Gale, as a man of science and Edgar Hanson, as 'Professor Abstruse.'

"The costumes worn by John Shaw, whose stage presence reminds one of John Henshaw in the 'Strollers,' and Billy Morse as Leif Ericson, are the most gorgeous clothes in the entire outfit. As the traveling companion to Leif Ericson on their strange buffetings about the new world he is 'very good' company, and his airy persiflage will keep the audience in an uproar."

THE GREAT DISMAL SWAMP

Of Virginia is a breeding ground of Malaria germs. So is low, wet, marshy ground everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles, and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. "We tried many remedies for Malaria and Stomach and Liver troubles," writes John Charleston, of Byesville, O., "but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters." Try them. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction.

BASEBALL.

Spalding Has New Scheme For Control of the Sport.

New York, April 14.—A. G. Spalding has devised a new scheme which has just been made public for the control of professional baseball.

After reviewing the history of organized baseball in which he shows how the sport has been built up almost entirely through the National league, he gives it as his opinion that it will never be possible again to continue the government on the mode in vogue when the National league was the one great power operating under a national agreement to protect all organizations.

Taxation without representation seems to him a future impossibility. In other words if minor league clubs pay for protection they will insist upon representation to protect their interests. For that reason he suggests that the various leagues elect delegates to what might be termed a supreme baseball court, with a chairman who would have active executive control of the body.

He would have this court settle all disputes between leagues and with players he would have it appoint all umpires and formulate the playing rules. Territorial rights could be regulated by this body, although Mr. Spalding is disinclined to have it enter in any way into the actual business of the organization, such for instance, as regulating the salaries of the players or controlling methods of procedue upon the part of the club officials.

VIOLENT STORMS

Do a Great Amount of Damage In and About Berlin.

Many Buildings Were Set on Fire By Lightning.

Water Was So Deep That the Streets Were Impassable.

Berlin, April 14.—A violent thunder storm, accompanied by torrential rain, broke out over Berlin and its vicinity early today, causing great damage. Many buildings were struck by lightning. The fire brigade was summoned to upwards of three hundred places to extinguish fires and cope with floods.

The water was so deep around the approaches to the railroad station on Friederich strasse that it was impossible to reach the depot. At the Charlottenstation some of the waiting rooms had to be closed, as the walls threatened to fall.

A portion of the embankment of the Potsdam railroad, near Schoeneberg, was swept away, and similar damage to the Circular railroad necessitated a suspension of traffic.

The streets were so flooded that the street cars, in several districts were stopped. The roads were almost impassable for pedestrians, and consequently the schools were closed. The museum was considerably damaged. The decorative portions of many buildings and the statues in the public squares were seriously damaged by hail, which for a time fell most heavily.

Trains were unable to leave the Stettin station because of the floods.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

CANADA

Is an Excellent Customer of the United States.

Washington, April 14.—The United States enjoys more of Canadian customs than the rest of the world put together. Attention is directed to this fact in that portion of "Commercial Relation of 1901," (now in press), which deals with United States trade with Canada, an extract of which was given out for publication by Mr. Emory, chief of the bureau of foreign commerce.: it is pointed out that so closely allied are trade conditions in this country and Canada that prosperity or depression in the United States immediately finds echo in the trade of our Northern neighbor. In 1887 Great Britain lost to us her lead in the matter of goods sent into the Dominion, and from that year forward with but slight interval, this country has steadily lengthened the gap. It is not as widely realized as it should be says the report, that Canada is the best customer we have, excepting only Great Britain and Germany. Consul General Bittinger at Montreal in a report on the subject, says: "The United States does more business with Canada than with the whole of South America; as much as with Central America, Mexico and the West Indies together, and nearly as much as with Africa, Asia and Oceanica."

"Our present tariff policy toward Canada," says the consul general, "causes the building up of great manufacturing interests to compete with our own. If we seek trade in other countries, we must not deny them the opportunity to sell some of their products to us. Canada wants to send to the United States her lumber, wood pulp, hay, barley and minerals. The United States consumes more lumber and paper than any other nation in the world, and she should be glad to admit lumber and wood pulp free. If the United States would take off the duty on Canadian coal, (which could profitably be sold only to a very limited extent along our Eastern coast), our coal would be admitted into Canada free and our sales of coal in the Dominion would be double what they are at present."

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

CONVICT WILL FIGHT.

Fayne Moore Wants a Decree of Divorce.

Ossining, N. Y., April 14.—William H. Moore, husband of Fayne Moore, who is serving a 17-year sentence in Sing Sing for extorting money from Martin Mahon, the late proprietor of the Amsterdam hotel in New York, by the badger game, has just received word that his wife is about to bring suit for divorce in South Dakota.

The papers have not yet been served on the prisoner. During the first few months of Moore's imprisonment Fayne was devoted to her husband and was a frequent visitor to the penitentiary. Then she went to Europe, and for two years he had heard nothing from her. He did not know she was in America and declares he will oppose her suit.

By the death of an uncle in Cincinnati Moore inherited $100,000. He declares he will not be compelled to serve his entire sentence.

Moore says he has been informed that his wife expects to marry an Englishman of good family if she is successful in securing her decree. Moore works in the clothing industry at the prison and is a model convict.

FOUND IN LAKE.

Frank Forbes of Albert Lea Commits Suicide.

Albert Lea, Minn., April 14.—Frank B. Fobes, who had been county treasurer for three years, and was a prominent retired business man, committed suicide by drowning. He was missing from his hotel Saturday and a searching party yesterday found his dead body in the shallow water near the shore of Fountain lake. Fobes had evidently waded into the water, and, lying down, had drowned himself. Ill health is the most probable reason for the act.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall Family Pills are the best.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, of Chapter 34, of the Statutes of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have organized by adopting and signing the following articles of incorporation:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "The Bronx Company." The principal place where the business of said corporation is to be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota. The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to buy, own, mortgage, sell, transfer, convey and deal in real estate, and interests therein, and leases and liens thereon, and bonds, stocks, notes, mortgages and all other personal property, in Minnesota and elsewhere; to lease, let, improve and cultivate real estate and to market its products; to loan and to borrow money on security, or otherwise, and to make, endorse, guarantee and discount commercial paper; to foreclose mortgages and to perfect titles under them and under any other liens acquired on real estate; to explore for, quarry, dig, mine, market and sell all ores and other substances, and to acquire, cut, log, market, sell and manufacture logs and timber; and to acquire, use, improve and dispose of any and all machinery, stock and other personal property necessary or convenient for the transaction of any of the aforesaid business.

Article II. The time of the commencement of said corporation shall be April 14, 1902, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The amount of the capital Stock of said corporation shall be twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars, divided into four hundred (400) shares of the par value of fifty ($50) dollars each, which shall be paid in, in cash or in other property, at such times, in such manner, and in such amounts, as the board of directors shall determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Sara L. McNulty, Richard F. Grant and Francis W. Sullivan, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are, Sara L. McNulty, Richard F. Grant, Edward M. Gaylord and Francis W. Sullivan, who shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held in Duluth, Minnesota, on the third Tuesday in April, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., and thereafter, the annual meeting shall be held at such time as shall be fixed by the by-laws. The government of said corporation and the management of all of its affairs shall be vested in a board of four directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers and duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected annually at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except the two first named, may be held by the same person.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 10th day of April, A. D. 1902.

SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal.)
RICHARD F. GRANT, (Seal.)
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of—
Edward M. Gaylord,
J. E. Grady.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss. On this 10th day of April, A. D. 1902, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared Sara L. McNulty, Richard F. Grant and Francis W. Sullivan, to me known to be the same persons described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

EDWARD M. GAYLORD, Notary Public St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT of state—I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 11th day of April, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book B3 of Incorporations, on page —.

P. E. HANSON, Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis ss—I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record April 11th, 1902, at 1:30 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book S of Misc., page —.

A. LOFGREN, Register of Deeds, by THOS. CLARK, Deputy.

Mme. Yale's

Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty. They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic 89c

PALACE DRUG COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; smash weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

A SLUMP IN WHEAT

Market Strong After the Opening But Turns Very Weak.

English Duty on Wheat of Much Concern to Local Shippers.

Good Advance In Corn--- Flax Quiet and Stronger.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 14.—The announcement in a cable from Liverpool received by one of the large shipping firms here this morning that a duty of 3 pence has been levied on wheat, was of great concern to grain men. As near as can be learned it applies to Canadian as well as American grain. It was impossible to do any export business this morning the markets being far out of line.

The wheat market started lower this morning owing to the influence of heavy rains in the Southwest and the failure of Liverpool to respond to Saturday's rise in the American markets. The undertone was firm, however, and a good demand, coupled with the strength in corn, soon forced up prices. The strength was short lived, however, and the market slumped off a full cent and closed at the bottom.

The Liverpool market closed 1d lower. Antwerp was unchanged and Paris ¼c lower to ½c higher.

The visible supply of wheat decreased 1,526,000 bus, and is now 46,650,000 bus, as compared with 38,000,000 bus a year ago. The world's shipments were 8,052,000 bus, against 10,100,000 bus last week, and the world's clearances were 2,272,000 bus. Primary receipts of wheat were 390,000 bus, last year 563,000 bus. Shipments 838,000 bus, last year 285,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 275,000 bus.

Corn was strong today in the Chicago market, closing ¾c higher and being ½c higher than that at one time. Oats advanced ½c. Primary receipts of wheat were 189,000 bus, last year 344,000 bus. Shipments were 171,000 bus, last year 190,000 bus. Clearances were 82,000 bus. The visible supply decreased 858,000 bus and is now 7,350,000 bus, as compared with 22,650,000 bus a year ago. The worlds shipments were 2,852,000 bus, last week 3,480,000 bus, last year 3,988,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 187 cars, and at Chicago, 25, a total of 212 cars, against 287 last week and 400 last year.

The Duluth market was quiet. The opening was ½c off at 72¾c but there were no sales under 73c and it sold at 73¼c at 9:37. From that point it fell to 72½c at 11:30, rallied to 72¾c at 12:15 and then dropped to 72c at 1:30 and closed at that price, a decline of ¾c. Chicago declined the same amount and Minneapolis 56c.

Cash sales were at the May price for No. 1 northern, 2½c under for No. 2 northern, 4½c under for No. 3. Sales were 10,000 bus.

Flax was quiet and stronger, selling ½c up to $1.75½ and closing at $1.75¼. Cash and to arrive closed at the same advance. September was up 1c.

Corn and oats advanced ½c and rye 1¼c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 75¼c; No. 1 northern, 72¼c; No. 2 northern, 69¾c; No. 3 spring, 67¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 75¼c; No. 1 northern, 72¾c; May, 72¾c; July, 72½c; No. 1 northern to arrive, cash, 71½c; May, 71½c; No. 2 northern, 68¾c. Oats, 43¼c. Rye, 54½c. Flax, cash, $1.74¾; to arrive, $1.74¾; May, $1.75¼; September, $1.96; October, $1.31. Corn, spot.

Car inspected—Wheat, 9; last year, 47. Receipts—Wheat, 14,079; flax, 873. Shipments—Wheat, 239,175; corn, 400; flax, 38,600.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Heavy Investment Demand In Corn Raises Prices.

Chicago, April 14.—Corn had something of a runaway market at the opening today. Shorts feared much higher prices and there was a heavy investment demand that led to spirited bidding. Offerings, however, were very meager and on the strength of very light receipts and a strongly bullish Southwestern situation, buyers had to pay much higher prices. Cables were strongly responsive to the local bulge Saturday and St. Louis was again advancing rapidly. May corn opened ¼c higher to ¼c lower at 61⅝@61¾c on the easy wheat market, but within a few moments shot up 1¾c to 63¼c. Trading was excited though not heavy because of the scarcity of the article. Gradually the erratic bidding subsided and May slipped back to 62⅝c, though the pit still showed a tense and nervous feeling. Other deliveries were higher, but not to the extent of May. Receipts, 55 cars.

One or two sales of May corn were made early as high as 63½c. After the first hour the price slid back to 61⅞c. There were still very few offerings and May closed firm ¾c higher, at 62¼c.

May wheat opened ¼c to ⅜c lower at 72¾c to ⅞c on unresponsive cables and general, though not heavy rains in the Southwest. The early trade was fair and largely of the selling sort by locals, though commission houses were on both sides of the market. A good support, however, soon sprang up and with the aid of corn strength, May wheat advanced to 73⅝c. Later there was a recession to 73c, where the market steadied. Local receipts were 25 cars, 2 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 186 cars, making a total for the three points of 208 cars, against 257 last week and 400 a year ago. World's shipments were 8,062,000 bus, compared to 10,100,000 bus last year. The amount of breadstuffs on passage decreased 576,000 bus.

After the opening excitement in wheat, when May sold momentarily at 73⅝c, the market sagged off on liberal liquidation. The one continued tense, but prices slumped steadily and May closed weak, ⅝c lower, at 72¾c.

Oats were in fair demand early and offerings were light. Corn strength influenced a slight upturn and May oats, which opened unchanged to ⅜c higher at 42⅜c sold to 42½c. Commission people were buyers. As corn eased from its early highs, May oats eased back to a steady feeling around 42¼c. Receipts, 151 cars.

Provisions showed good strength after an easier opening. Hogs were only steady at the yards, but there was a good demand for products from brokers, evidently a support by packers, and prices advanced well. Corn strength also had a stimulating effect. May pork opened 2½c lower at $16.75 and advanced to $16.82½. May lard a shade lower at $9.75 and sold to $9.80, and May ribs unchanged at $9.07½ and sold at $9.12½.

Closes: Wheat—April, 72c; May, 72¾c; July, 73¼c; September, 72¾c; December, 74¼c. Corn—April, 62c; May, 62¼c; July, 61⅝@62c; September, 61⅝c; December, 45⅜c. Oats—April, 42¼c; May, 42½c; July, 36c; new July, 36¼@36⅜c; September, 30⅝@30¾c; September new, 31¾c; December, 29½c; December new, 32⅜c. Pork—April, $16.80; May, $16.82½; July, $17.02½; September, $17.05. Lard—April, $9.72½; May, $9.75; September, $9.55; July, $9.85. Ribs—April, $9.10; May, $9.12½; July, $9.25@9.27½; September, $9.35. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.76; Southwestern, $1.65½; May, $1.67; September, $1.35. Rye—May, 55½c; July, 56c. Barley—Cash, 61@67c. Timothy—April, $6.55@8.00. Clover—Cash, $7.00. Cash Wheat—No. 2 red, 80@81½c; No. 3 red, 79@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 74½@75½c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 72½@73½c; No. 3 spring, 1,289@73c. Corn—No. 3, 61@62c. Oats—No. 2, 42½@43c; No. 3, 42@42c.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, April 12, 1902:

	Bus.
Wheat.	
No. 1 hard	248,555
No. 1 northern	4,805,362
No. 2 northern	4,110,953
No. 3 spring	290,380
No grade	220,974
Rejected	57,098
Special bin	4,148,973
Total	14,032,143
Decrease during week	632,143
Coarse grains:	
Corn	66,974
Decrease	2,000
Oats	187,343
Decrease	15,383
Rye	461,001
Barley	330,296
Increase	6,383
Flax	1,341,302
Decrease	470,829

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	72¾B	71½	72⅝-73	78⅞
High	73¼	72-⅞	73½	79¼
Low	72¼	72⅛	72⅝	78¾
Close	72¾	71⅛	72⅝B	78¾A
July—				
Open	73B	72¾	73⅛-¾	78⅞
High	73⅝	73¼-½	74⅜	79½
Low	72⅝	72⅛-¼	73⅛-¼	78¾
Close	72⅝B	72⅛-¼	73¼	78¾

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	42@42⅜	61¾@61⅝	$16.77@16.80
High	42¾	63¼	$16.92
Low	42	61⅝	$16.77
Close	42⅛	62¼	$16.82

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 14.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 Western winter, no stocks; No. 1 northern spring, steady, 6s 1d; No. 1 California, steady, 6s 2d; futures, quiet; May, 5s 11¾d; July, 5s 11d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed new, 5s 3¼d; American mixed old, 5s 3⅝d; futures, steady; May, 5s 2d; July, 5s 1½d; October, 4s 11¾d.

The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 90,200 quarters from Atlantic ports; 56,000 from Pacific and 51,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 3800 quarters.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 14.—Closes: Wheat—May, 78¾c; July, 73¾c. Corn—May, 67¼c; July, 66⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 14.—Close: Wheat—May, 71½c; July, 72¼@¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74⅝c; No. 1 northern, 72¾@⅝c; No. 2 northern, 70⅝@71¼c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The tone here was easy. There were further rains in the Southwest and cables were indifferent to Saturday's advance here. Not much in the way of export business reported so far. The market has had several days of strength and local traders as usual are disposed to play for a reaction. Our advices generally of conditions are unfavorable. Rain is needed in the Southwest, but is very much needed elsewhere and the outlook seems to be getting poorer. Unless something in the nature of general relief from the dry conditions comes on complaints are likely to materially increase.

* * *

Corn—The market here early was very strong and advanced about 2c. Part of the advance was lost later. The buying seemed to be largely to cover shorts, but was well supplied with long stuff. There is no change in the situation.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: A reliable grain man says: "I was up in Platte county, Missouri, yesterday, where wheat is supposed to be in fine condition. I found it going backward daily. One farmer, who has 100 acres of bottom lands, says his had deteriorated 20 per cent in the last ten days. Ground throughout dry and cracking and wheat turning yellow. Everybody expects a very short crop and if weather continues dry a few days longer a lot of failures will follow."

* * *

Ryeroft, Chicago: Liverpool cables that their wheat market is fluctuating. After opening firm, the later eased off and has a downward tendency, owing to large receipts and prospects of future supply being fully equal to the demand. Their corn market is fluctuating and uncertain, but will be governed a good deal by advices from this side.

* * *

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—Oklahoma has had liberal rains. The weather map shows light rains through Kansas, not the amount that is needed, still enough to affect the speculative feeling somewhat. The whole West needs rain very badly. If the market opens off any, advise buying. Think of course the market is for higher prices.

Corn—If we get a continuation of the cash demand for corn here that showed itself Saturday it will start fresh speculation and carry the market higher. The only stock of corn on hand is here in Chicago. It is only a question of time when it will all be wanted.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 14.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $175,966,962. Gold, $82,753,966. Silver, $19,445,649. U. S. notes, $9,014,448. Treasury notes of 1890, $185,826. National bank notes, $9,481,125. Total receipts this day, $2,158,727. Total receipts this month, $20,869,085. Total receipts this year, $429,871,685. Total expenditures this day, $2,070,000. Total expenditures this month, $10,060,000. Total expenditures this year, $376,874,901. Deposits in national banks, $119,724,733.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 70⅝-¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 71⅜-¾c.
Curb, May wheat, 71-⅛c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, April 14.—The wheat market, after opening easier, owing to disappointing cables from abroad, rains in the Southwest later rallied purely in sympathy with the strength in corn. However, on the advance, there was very free selling, which caused prices to set back and toward the close the market became weak on the report that the English government had taxed wheat imports into the United Kingdom 6c per 112 pounds. The market closed heavy, ⅝@¾c lower than Saturday night. Liverpool, after opening firm, closed ¼d lower for the day. Continental markets were generally steady. Cash demand here was very dull, and the seaboard reported export demand there very poor.

Our Liverpool friends cable us that their market has a downward tendency owing to large receipts, increase in th e stock and during the week of 728,000 and prospects for future supply being equal to the demand. Weather abroad continues favorable for the growing crop. There were several bad crop reports received today, but we think after the rains, conditions will improve. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 90 cars.

The corn market ruled during the early part of the session excited on covering by shorts and bidding up by bulls. May sold around 63½c and July and September 1c from Saturday night's close but free realizing caused a set-back. The market during the balance of the day ruled nervous, but closed quiet, May ⅝c, July and September ¼c higher than Saturday. Foreign markets were generally firmer, reflecting our advance Saturday. Liverpool closed ¼d higher for the day. Country offerings were light, cash demand fairly good, but the sudden advance in the market checked business. Shorts have covered very freely and there has been a good selling by leading longs, and we are inclined to think prices may sell off some before it will do to buy again. However, the general situation continues strong and ultimately prices will be much higher. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 65 cars.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 14.—Cattle, receipts, 18,500. Strong to 10c higher. Good to prime steers, $6.70@7.40; poor to medium, $4.60@6.60; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.50@5.20; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@5.50; calves, $2.50@6.00; Texas steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs, receipts today, 36,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 2552. Steady to lower. Mixed and butchers, $6.50@7.25; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.30; rough heavy, $6.85@7.10; light, $6.50@6.95; bulk of sales, $6.95@7.20. Sheep, receipts, 18,000. Sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.25@6.90; fair to choice mixed, $4.50@5.40; Western sheep, $4.50@5.50; native lambs, $4.75@6.85; Western lambs, $6.25@6.75. Official Saturday, receipts—Cattle, 165; hogs, 8875; sheep, 464. Shipments—Cattle, 612; hogs, 5085; sheep, 222.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the supplies were augmented by unusually large consignments today. There was a continual strong demand for good farm chunks. Delivery horses, drafters of the superior grades and all the finished classes, drivers and coach horses shared in a lively movement. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@215
Drafters, choice	130@150
Drafters, common to good	115@130
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	110@130
Farm mares, common to good	85@110
Plugs	50@ 75
Mules	125@175

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 14.—Cotton opened steady, with prices 2 to 9 points higher on a scare of shorts. After the opening liquidation by leading longs, a recovery of bear courage, absence of speculative support and weak, late cables from Liverpool started prices rapidly downward. May reached 8.88, July, 8.90, and August, 8.75. Trading was feverishly active. Strength in the New Orleans market later rallied May to 8.90, July to 8.93 and August to 8.79 at 11 o'clock.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16c lower; middling uplands, 9 3-16c; middling gulf, 9 7-16c; sales, 3300 bales. Futures closed very steady: April, 9.03; May, 8.94; June, 8.96; July, 8.94; August, 8.77; September, 8.35; October, 8.16; November, 8.08; December, 8.07; January, 8.08.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 14.—Money on call, firm, at 3½@6 per cent; closing bid and asked 5@6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand, and $4.85¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.85½. Bar silver, 53¼c; Mexican dollars, 43c. Government bonds, strong; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

Has Cleaned It Up.

A. R. Macdonald has submitted to the district court his final report as assignee for J. K. Persons, doing business as the "Sovern Carbonating company." He has $95.24 on hand, and he has cleaned the estate up. He asks that the court allow him $150 for his services.

Judge Ensign has filed an order in district court allowing the final account of F. J. Pulford, as assignee for the Imperial Coffee and Spice company. The fees of the attorney, C. W. Stilson, are placed at $148, and the fees of the assignee are fixed at $170.43. The assignee is directed to distribute the money he has left pro rata among the creditors.

Slot Machines
OF ALL KINDS.
Electric Banjos, Phonographs. Put one or more in your place of business. They soon pay for themselves. Sold in Duluth by
PAGE & BATES,
Phones 980 and 1058. 413 W. Mich. St

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—306 Wood Superior St.
Dealer in **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel)
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Copper Stocks a Specialty!
Leased wires to New York and Boston.
F. M. Crouch, Manager. Both 'Phones

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

LAND SCRIP!
Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.
H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Below Saturdays' Figures Brought About During Last Hour.

Sharp Advance In Louisville & Nashville Checked Buying Elsewhere.

This Caused Prices to Relapse With Some Violence.

New York, April 14.—Today's stock market opened strong and active and there was a very heavy demand for a number of stocks. Louisville & Nashville opened with sales of 5000 shares at 120½ to 121⅞, compared with 119¾ on Saturday. There were blocks of 2500 to 6000 shares each of Southern Railway, Union Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio and American Locomotive at fractional advances. Canadian Pacific and International Power rose 1¼ and Illinois Central a point. Metropolitan was sharply depressed to the extent of a point. Amalgamated Copper deemed a large fraction. Otherwise all stocks were higher.

A rise to 122¾ in Louisville made a record price for the stock. Elsewhere there were many changes and considerable buying of low priced specialties. Chicago & Eastern Illinois opened 5 points higher with a reaction of over 2, and Canadian Pacific and International Power increased their gains to 2¼ each. Fort Worth & Denver City Stamped rose 2⅞ and Des Moines & Fort Dodge 3. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Toledo, St. Louis & Western and the U. S. Rubber stocks, Wisconsin Central, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo, Westinghouse Electric and Bicycle preferred rose 1 to 2. Near 11 o'clock some large orders appeared for Southern Pacific and Union Pacific and they advanced a point with some effect on other transcontinental stocks.

Traders bought heavily around the room and developed new points of strength. Stocks which made notable progress included Atchison, Northwestern common and preferred, Locomotive preferred, Denver & Rio Grande, the Hocking Valley stocks, New York Central, Michigan Central, Norfolk & Western, the St. Louis Southwestern stocks, Detroit Southern and Virginia-Carolina Chemical improved between 1 and 2 points. Illinois Central was unusually active and crossed 143. Professionals took profits under cover of these leading stocks later in Locomotive, International Power, Canadian Pacific and Louisville & Nashville. Anaconda fell 4 and Amalgamated rose to 67. Louisville's rebound to 125 caused uneasiness and the market sold off. Missouri Pacific relapsed to below Saturday. Bonds at noon were strong for the active speculative issues early but the Central of Georgia issues subsequently lost more than their rise.

When Louisville & Nashville ran off below 124 again the market steadied, but was dull. American Snuff jumped 6 points. International Power rose 5¼ in all. There were advances of 1 to 2 points in St. Louis & San Francisco, C. & A., Keokuk & Des Moines, Evansville & Terre Haute preferred, Pacific Mail and Western Union, while Minneapolis & St. Louis lost nearly a point.

The buying movement was renewed on a large scale in Locomotive and the stock advanced to above 34. International Power made a gain of 7. The Colorado & Southern stocks were then pushed up sharply and there was a jump of 5 in Northwestern and 4 in preferred. St. Paul preferred advanced 1½ and St. Paul & Omaha preferred 2. New York Dock lost 3, while the preferred gained 3. Evansville & Terre Haute gained a point. Prices of the active railroads were slightly higher, but the demand was small and the market showed a disposition to go off again. While Louisville & Nashville rallied to 125⅛.

The extraordinary buoyancy of the Northwestern stocks spread to other grangers and strengthened the general market again. Northwestern rose 13 in all, the preferred 7. St. Paul 2¾, the preferred 3; St. Paul & Omaha 10, Evansville & Terre Haute, Des Moines & Fort Dodge 4 and Adams Express 11. The large decrease in net earnings of Missouri Pacific, forced that stock a point under Saturday and International Power reacted 3, but rose again to 119½. A violent advance in Louisville & Nashville to 132 checked the buying elsewhere and prices relapsed with some violence. St. Paul fell back 2¾, Louisville & Nashville 5 and others from 1 to 2 points. Many prominent stocks were thus carried below Saturday's closing figures, some of them showing net losses of a point or more. St. Paul and Louisville rebounded about 2 but the selling elsewhere was continued and the closing was feverish and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	67¼	65⅞	66¼
Anaconda M. Co.	116	115	116
Atchison, T. & S. F.	80½	78¾	78⅝
do pfd	99¾	98¾	97¾
Baltimore & Ohio	107⅞	106⅝	107
do pfd	97	97	97
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	65¾	64⅝	64¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	40⅝	40⅜	40⅜
Chicago & Alton	37⅜	36¼	36¼
Col. F. & I.	98	96½	96
Chi. Great Western com.	25	24⅝	24½
Erie com	37¼	36¼	36¼
do 1st pfd	68⅞	68½	68⅝
do 2nd pfd	54½	54	54¼
Great Northern, pfd	185⅜	185	185⅜
Louisville & Nashville	133	120⅛	128
Leather	13½	12⅜	12⅜
do pfd	84¼	84	84
Manhattan Con.	133⅞	131⅞	132½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	62¾	62	62¼
Missouri Pacific	102¼	100	100¼
New York Central	164⅝	162¾	163
Norfolk & Western	57⅝	56⅞	56⅞
Ontario & Western	32⅝	32¼	32¼
Pennsylvania Ry.	150⅜	150	150
Pacific Mail	42	42	42
People's Gas	103	102¼	102¼
Republic Iron & Steel	17¼	17¼	17¼
do pfd.	73¼	73⅜	73¼
Reading	68¼	57¼	57¼
do 1st pfd.	83½	82⅝	82⅝
do 2nd pfd.	69⅛	68	68¼
Rock Island	176	174¼	173⅞
Southern Ry.	34⅞	34¼	34½
do pfd.	95⅞	95½	96⅛
Southern Pacific	67⅜	66¼	66¼
Smelters	47	47	46
Sugar Refinery	132⅛	131	131
St. Paul	170	167¼	168
T. C. & I.	70¼	68	68¾
Texas Pacific	42⅜	41¾	41¾
Union Pacific	103	101⅜	101⅜
do pfd	88¾	87½	87½
U. S. Steel	41½	41	41¼
do pfd	98⅝	96	96¼
Wabash	24	23⅜	23⅜
do pfd	44½	43⅜	43⅜
Western Union	91½	90¾	90¾
Wisconsin Central	25	23⅜	23⅜
do pfd	48	46½	46
American Ice	17¼	16⅜	16¾
Metropolitan	152	151¼	151½

The toatal sales were 1,013,800 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Barring accidents, the big operators look for a good market this week and state that the stocks most in favor and which will have a good turn soon are Baltimore & Ohio, Canadian Pacific and Southern Pacific. There is a strong conviction that Baltimore & Ohio is being accumulated by interests who think that the stock is to be put on a 5 per cent dividend basis. Union Pacific is expected to advance to 110. It is estimated that the recent government report on wheat conditions in Kansas is 10 per cent too low.

* * *

A high official of Atchison says: "Winter wheat damaged about 15 per cent along Kansas line. Spring conditions have been favorable for seeding and there is ample moisture at nearly all points. This is most important in that respect. We are better off than in former years. If we have a good crop traffic earnings will surpass all previous records and likely have more business than we can handle."

* * *

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.—It is stated that the steel rail pool has made announcement of an advance in price over present ruling rates for rails. The demand for steel rails is unprecedented. All mills are booked ahead for the entire year. Business is expected to be carried over into 1903 than was brought over from 1901 to this year.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22½	22⅝
Arcadian	8	8½
Allouez	3½	3⅝
Atlantic	28	29
Anaconda	28½	29½
Amalgamated	65⅞	66¼
Baltic	60¾	62
Calumet and Hecla	595	595
Centennial	20	20½
Copper Range	90	92
Franklin	12	12½
Isle Royale	14½	15
Bingham	31	31½
Mass	19¼	19⅝
Mayflower	2⅞	3
National	1½	2
Mohawk	36	37
Michigan	11¼	11½
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	21¾	21¾
Osceola	64	64½
Parrot	27½	29
Phoenix	3½	4
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2¼	2⅜
Santa Fe	2¾	3¼
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1½	2
Trimountain	98	100½
Utah	22¾	23
Victoria	5¼	5½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	64½	65½
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	3¼	4
Trinity	14	14⅜
Dominion Coal	142	143
U. S. Mining	19¾	20
Copper Range Con.	62	62
Calumet and Arizona	36⅛	...

COPPER GOSSIP.

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.—It is reported here that the Copper trouble has been settled between Amalgamated and outsiders, regarding the selling price of the metal. Senator Clark, of Montana, has given this information out to several of his senatorial friends.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—Copper stocks had a firm tone today at substantially the top prices so far of the present upward movement. The market was for the moment quite strong with comparatively little selling. The explanation is that buying has so far been by strong interests and the public is in the market only in a limited way. Copper was up in London today. Senator Clark is quoted as telling his friends in Washington that the copper war has been settled. We continue to look for higher prices for the best of the coppers.

DAMAGED COTTON.

Exchange to Vote on the New Regulations.

New York, April 14.—Members of the New York cotton exchange will today vote on the adoption of new regulations with regard to cotton damaged by fire or as a result of fire in warehouses and also on the proposition to shorten the length of time allowed between notification of intention to deliver and the actual delivery. The amendment proposed with regard to cotton burned or damaged in warehouses provides that "any certificated cotton damaged by fire, smoke or water shall not be considered a good delivery on contract," with certain exceptions. An amendment recently adopted by the board of managers will go into effect today with regard to the number of ties there shall be on each bale of cotton. No more than six iron bands are permitted at present on uncompressed bales and seven on compressed cotton. The new rule allows any reasonable number, providing they do not exceed 10 pounds in weight. An excess over this is to be deducted from the gross weight.

LANDIS GETS JOB.

Washington, April 14.—The president nominated J. H. Landis to be superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia, vice H. K. Boyer, resigned.

Wyoming Oil. It Ranks the World.

THE MOORCROFT OIL CO

Moorcroft, Crook Co., Wyoming.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the State of Washington.

Capital 1,000,000 shares. Par Value $1.00. Fully Paid—Non-Assessable.

OFFICIALS—A. L. SMITH, President; M. L. DERRIG, First Vice President; WM. HUNTER, Second Vice President; JOHN HUNER, Treasurer; O. B. Hollis, Secretary.

Directors—A. L. Smith, Spokane, Wash., ex-treasurer of Spokane county; James Kenny, Marquette, Mich., agent Standard Oil company; John Hunner, Spokane, Wash., ex-treasurer of state of Wisconsin; O. B. Hollis, Spokane, Wash., mine owner; M. L.L. Derrig, Duluth, Minn., ex-assistant manager Standard Oil Company.

In exploring and developing the oil fields of Crook county, Wyoming, considerable light has been thrown on the main features of the oil queon—that of the grade.

Many companies whose officials are thoroughly competent fail even after locating oil on acount of the rade being so low as to prohibit sales on a paying basis.

Eastern oil experts, California oil experts, the United States Geological Survey department and the state geologists declare the oil to be the highest grade found in the United States. It is a natural lubricant of high fire test, straining being all that is necessary to rendering it marketable.

This company owns 320 ACRES OF OIL-PROVEN LAND located in the heart of the field, about eleven miles north of Moorcroft. DRILLING IS BEING CARRIED ON DAY AND NIGHT. Three stratums of oil have already been cut in gaining depth. The drillers are now encountering oil in shale formation.

Geologists say the main oil stratum will be reached at approximately 650 feet. The company has a market for the oil. While this crude oil is now bringing from $6.00 to $8.00 per barrel, it is far from the company's desire to make statements which subsequent results will not verify. The company, however, can see their way clear to realize at least $4.00 per barrel for the product.

Connected with this company as officials and stockholders are men who are thoroughly versed in matters pertaining to oil from the ground up to the marketing.

The first block of 50,000 shares of Treasury stock now offered at 15c per share is nearly sold. The drill is now working in oil, the quality of which makes it worth, in a crude state from $4.00 to $8.00 per barrel. The investor can readily figure what a proposition like the above will amount to in competition with oil companies which are obliged to sell their output to refinery companies for from 2c to $1.05 per barrel, even should the company have to content itself with from 8 to 15-barrel per day wells while everything points to wells that will produce many times that amount.

Send all orders accompanied by draft or money order to

M. L. DERRIG, 409 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.
Houses, Stores Flats.
Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Situation at Chicago Promised a Slump In Grain Rates.

Steamer Mauch Chunk on the Bank at Limekiln Crossing.

The Striking Tug Firemen Have Appealed to Grand Order.

Chicago, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Many more boats were on the market today than there were grain cargoes, and indications pointed to a slump in rates. Three or four charters had been made up to noon, but the prices were not recorded.

ANOTHER GROUNDING.

Amherstburg, April 14.—The steamer Mauch Chunk, of the Lehigh Valley line, bound up with package freight, went on the bank at Limekiln crossing last night. After tugs had tried for several hours to get the ship afloat, it was decided this morning to lighter the cargo. The steamer is resting easily. This is the first mishap to a vessel this season at the Limekilns.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Shaw, 8:50 last night; Chili, 10:20; Argo and barges, 11:20; Niagara, 12:40 a. m.; Rhoda Emily, 1:15; Oades, 4; Harvard, 4:30; Rome, 4:40; Peshtigo, 4:50; Elwood, 5:10; Cornell, 5:20; Schoolcraft and consorts, 8; Escanaba and whaleback, 9:30; Parks Foster, 10:30.

Down: Iron Age, Ashland, 9:20 last night; Bermuda, 11:50; S. C. Hall and barges, 3 a. m.; A. Hopkins, Coyne, 5:30; Blanchard, 6; Norseman and barges, 6:20; Castle Rhodes, 7; Tuscarora, Maytham, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Bangor, Penobscot, 5:30; Point Abino, 6; Watt, 6:15; Frick, Heffelfinger, Fulton, 6:40; Grecian, 7:15; Neshoto, Huron, 8; Hurlburt, Clint, 8:40; Minnesota, Ewen, 10; Senator, 11:20; John Owen, 11:40; Stevens, 1 p. m.; Miami, Gebhardt, 2:30; Frontenac, Warner, Thompson, 3; Holden, 3:15; Roby, Sage, Mary McGregor, 4; Senaca, 4:30; Walter Scranton, Hanna, Wade, 5; Susquehanna, 5:30; Clyde, Amboy, 5:40; Aztec and consort, 6.

Down: Manchester, 5:30; Panther, 6; Siemens, 10:30; Adventure and barges, 10:40; Shores, Bissell, 11:20; Seattle, 12:40 p. m.; Houghton, 2; Pailiki, 2:30; Saranac, 4; Mercury, 7; Maruba, 8.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Maunalo, Manola, Ionia, 10 last night; Reis, 11; Superior City, Major, 11:40; Nicol 230 a. m.; Forest City, McGregor, 5; Nyanza, 6; Selwyn Eddy, 8; Neilson, Jenney, 9; City of Bangor, 9:30; George Peavey, Penobscot, 10:30.

Down: W. L. Brown, 6 a. m.; Northern Queen, 7; Algonquin, 10; Peck, 11.

Up yesterday: Edenborn and whale

DEATH OF TALMAGE

Eminent Presbyterian Divine Passed Away at Washington.

Inflammation of the Brain Followed a Physical Breakdown.

End of a Notable Forty-Five Years' Ministry.

Washington, April 14.—The Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, the noted Presbyterian divine, died at 9 o'clock Saturday night at his residence in this city.

It had been evident for some days that there was no hope of recovery and the attending physicians so informed the family. The patient gradually grew weaker until life passed away so quietly that even the members of the family, all of whom were watching at the bedside, hardly knew that it had gone. The immediate cause of death was inflammation of the brain.

Dr. Talmage was in poor health when he left Washington six weeks ago for a vacation and rest in Mexico. He was then suffering from influenza and serious catarrhal conditions. Since his return to Washington some time ago he had been quite ill. Until Thursday, however, fears for his death were not entertained. The last rational words uttered by Dr. Talmage were on the day preceding the marriage of his daughter, when he said: "Of course, I know you, Maud." Since then he had been unconscious.

At Dr. Talmage's bedside, beside his wife, were the Rev. Frank DeWitt Talmage, of Chicago; Mrs. Warren G. Smith, of Brooklyn; Mrs. Daniel Mangam, of Brooklyn; Mrs. Allen E. Donnau, of Richmond; Mrs. Clarence Wycoff and Miss Talmage, of Washington.

Arrangements were completed yesterday for the funeral services in this city. The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon from the Church of the Covenant. The services will be very simple. There will be no funeral sermon, but short addresses concerning the life and works of Dr. Talmage will be made by men who have been intimately associated with him.

Dr. Teunis S. Hamlin, the pastor of the church, and Dr. Thomas Chalmers Easton, of the Eastern Presbyterian church of Washington, will both assist in the services. Dr. Samuel J. Niccols, of St. Louis, a lifelong friend, will make an address, and Dr. E. P. Terhune, of New Jersey; Dr. Howard Suidam, of Rhelneck, N. Y., and Dr. James Demarest, of Brooklyn, all school friends of the deceased, have been asked to assist. Music will be furnished by the male quartet of the Church of the Covenant. At 9 o'clock Wednesday morning the interment will take place in the family lot at Greenwood cemetery, Brooklyn.

Silent tribute to the memory of Dr. Talmage was paid yesterday by thousands of people who walked past the residence on Massachusetts avenue, where the visit of death was marked by a cluster of violets, tied with a streamer of black, hanging at the right of the entrance. Many intimate friends, including the pastors of the Presbyterian churches of the city, were among those who called at the house. Messages of sympathy from nearly every state in the Union, and from England, Russia and other European countries, came to the family during the day.

Thomas DeWitt Talmage was the last of a numerous family of a New Jetsey farmer. He was born in Bound Brook, N. J., Jan. 7, 1832, the youngest of twelve—five girls and seven boys. In character he apparently took the best strongly as the pulpit.

Throwing aside his law books Talmage entered the Reformed Dutch Church Theological Seminary at New Brunswick, N. J. He was ordained at Bergen by the Reformed Dutch classis and at once received two calls. One was from Belleville, N. J., and the other from Piermont, N. Y. He accepted the former and filled his first charge for three years. Then he went to Syracuse, N. Y., where his fame began to spread.

It was at this time that the Rev. Dr. Talmage was married for the first time. His wife was a Miss Avery, of Brooklyn. Two children were born to them, a girl and a boy.

Some time afterward Dr. Talmage was called to the Second Reform Dutch church of Philadelphia, where he gained immediate recognition. His sermons were first published and reached a wide circulation. An accident to a boating party on the Schuylkill river resulted in Mrs. Talmage being drowned.

Two years later he married again, his wife being Susan C. Whittemore, of Brooklyn, by whom he had several children.

With the close of his stay in the City of Brotherly Love came three calls. One was from Chicago, one from San Francisco and the third from Brooklyn. At first glance the last named seemed the least promising, for there were but nineteen members out of a congregation of thirty-five. It was the Central Presbyterian church, and the little congregation offered him $7000 salary. He went to Brooklyn, however, in March, 1869, and began his great success. His congregation grew from the first Sunday, and at the end of fifteen months he persuaded them to sell the old church and build the First tabernacle. To aid the cause financially, he offered his own salary until the plan proved a success.

The church was begun in 1870, and while it wes being erected the pastor made a trip to Europe, passing through England, Ireland and Scotland. The church was finished in 1871 and destroyed by fire in 1872.

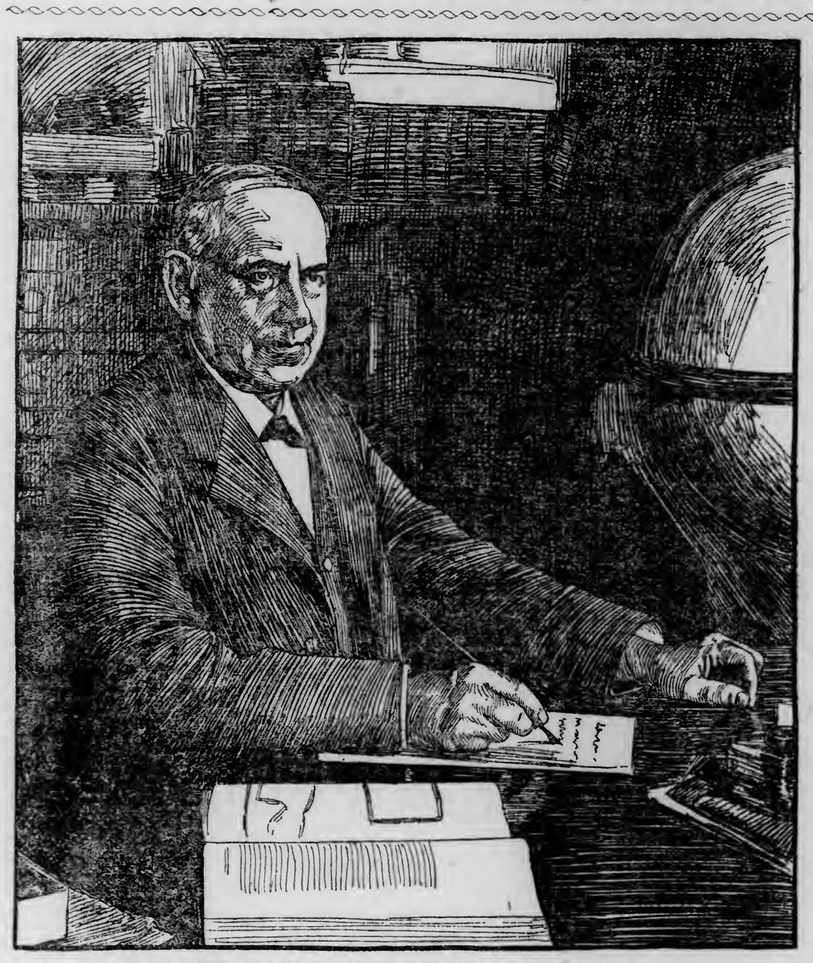
Contributions for a new church were at once forthcoming, and while plans for a new tabernacle were under way Dr. Talmage carried his large audiences to the Academy of Music in New York city. The corner-stone of the second tabernacle was laid in Schermerhorn street on June 7, 1873, and the formal opening was held in February of the following year. There were seats for 4650 persons, but when crowded 7000 persons could get inside of the doors. The seats were arranged in a semi-circular form, and it was one of the largest buildings of the kind in Brooklyn.

The new tabernacle started with a debt of $72,000. Dr. Talmage headed a subscription list with $5000, and the congregation pledged themselves for $42,000 on the first day the paper was started. The rest came in a short time by private subscription.

Like its predecessor, the second tabernacle was destroyed by fire in 1889. Dr. Talmage was just to start on a trip to Palestine and the East. The third tabernacle was completed for Easter Sunday in 1891.

In preaching Dr. Talmage had a style that was all his own. He abounded in exaggerated expression, startling illustration, directness of appeal, and an extraordinary earnestness of delivery which was effective in spite of its harsh and shocking variety of intonations and gesticulations.

His actions made him enemies, even among church people. He was not thin-skinned, however, and caricature and invective only served to advertise him the more. It is related that a theatrical manager covered the billboards and dead walls of Brooklyn with posters of a show where an actor was to make up to imitate Dr. Talmage and caricature his preaching from the stage. It was not Dr. Talmage who caused this to be stopped, for he paid little attention to it. His friends protested against it, and cleared the obnoxious billboards and prevented the performance.



REV. DR. T. DE WITT TALMAGE AT HIS DESK.

Dr. Talmage's father, David T. Talmage, was well known for decision of character and good humor, while his mother coupled a keen wit with marked amiability.

When he was 18 DeWitt entered the University of the City of New York. It is not recorded that he was an exceptionally brilliant scholar, but from the first he displayed a talent in oratory and a dramatic capacity which attracted much attention on exhibition days. As a scholar of belles-lettres he was without a rival among his contemporaries.

At the close of his studies Talmage took up the law, remaining in a law office for three years. There was a strong tendency to the ministry running through the family, and the bench and bar did not appeal to him half as

OLD PEOPLE

Do not always receive the sympathy and attention which they deserve. Their ailments are regarded as purely imaginary, or natural and unavoidable at their time of life. Disease and infirmity should not always be associated with old age. The eye of the gray haired grandsire may be as bright and the complexion as fair as any of his younger and more vigorous companions.

Good Blood is the secret of healthy old age, for it regulates and controls every part of the body, strengthens the nerves, makes the muscles elastic and supple, the bones strong and the flesh firm; but when this life fluid is polluted or poisoned and loses its nutritive, health sustaining elements, then there is a rapid decline of the vital powers, resulting in premature old age and disease. Any derangement of the blood quickly shows itself in an ulcer, sore, wart, tumor or some other troublesome growth upon the body, and rheumatic and neuralgic pains become almost constant, accompanied with poor digestion and cold extremities.

SSS

S. S. S. being purely vegetable, is the safest and best blood purifier for old people. It does not shock or hurt the system like the strong mineral remedies, but gently and thoroughly cleanses the blood and stimulates the debilitated organs, when all bodily ailments disappear. S. S. S. is just such a tonic as old people need to improve a weak digestion and tone up the Stomach. If there is any hereditary taint, or the remains of some disease contracted in early life, S. S. S. will search it out and remove every vestige of it from the system.

Write us fully about your case and let our physicians advise and help you. This will cost you nothing, and we will mail free our book on blood and skin diseases. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

JAMES IS A WINNER

Famous Kissing Suit at Richland Center Is Decided.

D. C. James Need Not Pay $15,000 For Three Kisses.

Did Not Take Jury Ten Minutes to Reach Verdict.

Richland Center, Wis., April 14.—The famous kissing case which has brought Mrs. Richard Slayton prominently before the public in demanding $15,000 damages for three kisses, alleged to have been bestowed upon her by David C. James, formerly department commander of the G. A. R. of this state, came to an end Saturday evening, when the jury brought in a verdict freeing Mr. James of the suspicion of having ever kissed Mrs. Slayton.

The value of a kiss in Wisconsin is therefore still unsettled and the people of this city are rejoicing at the vindication of the character of Mr. James. It took the jury not ten minutes to bring in the verdict, and when it was received there was a spontaneous demonstration in the court room in favor of the verdict.

The case itself was attended by many amusing incidents, it having been discussed for some time, owing to the prominence of Mr. James and the peculiar nature of the charges. The trial lasted only five hours, the evidence of Mrs. Slayton and Mrs. James being all there was to go by.

A jury having been secured, Attorney Patrick Henry Fay, of Richland Center, who has been representing Mrs. Slayton, called his client to the witness stand. She is a large woman, was dressed in black, and said she and her husband, the first of January, 1901, went to work on the farm of David C. James as tenants. According to her testimony the defendant, about the first of February, asked if there were any eggs.

"I said there were a few," said Mrs. Slayton, "and suddenly he grabbed me around the neck and kissed me."

She told the jury that she had told her husband at the time, because she thought she ought to, and he was in favor of leaving the farm, but decided not to do so, as they were under a contract to remain for a year. The next time the defendant tried to fondle the plaintiff, according to her testimony, was about the 15th of March, and he again succeeded in getting a kiss. She had told her husband, but they still determinated to remain on the farm. The third came about the 17th of April, when, Mrs. Slayton said, her employer tried to kiss her, but failed.

"Well, why did he fail?" asked her attorney.

"He chased me about the table several times and could not catch me," was the reply.

Mrs. Slayton testified that her son Eli had witnessed the last attempt on the part of the former G. A. R. commander, but had refrained from informing, because his mother asked him not to.

There was considerable more to Mrs. Slayton's testimony, but it was not material, and as the court was anxious to hasten the case it was allowed to go in. Mr. James occupied the stand for a short half hour, but emphatically denied the allegations that he had kissed Mrs. Slayton.

"Did you ever ask the plaintiff to sit by you?" asked Attorney Bancroft, who represented the defendant. "No, I never did so, and I never had any hankering to do so," said Mr. James emphatically.

There was but little other testimony offered and Attorney Bancroft, in his closing address to the jury, delivered a scathing arraignment of the plaintiff and the manner in which the case was brought.

"This case is the most ridiculous and the most trivial that has ever been brought in this court," said Mr. Bancroft, "and there is but one thing behind it. They know that Dave James is a man of money and because he refused to allow himself to be held up by these Slaytons, they brought this suit against him. It is the duty of the jury to put a stop to such practices as this and not take them seriously."

The jury was out about ten minutes and when they brought in a verdict in favor of the defendant the scene was sensational, as the court was filled with farmers and hundreds of women from Richland Center. James had difficulty in leaving the room.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwall, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

LAST RITES

Over Remains of the Late Gen. Wade Hampton.

Columbia, S. C., April 14.—In the presence of thousands of people who came to pay their last tribute of love and respect the body of Wade Hampton was buried in the old family lot in Trinity church yard yesterday. Every effort had been made by the family to have the funeral quiet, but those who attended the obsequies of John C. Calhoun for which preparations were made by the state for a week, declare the demonstration this afternoon was greater.

The outpouring of people was spontaneous. Every railroad leading here was forced to run special trains. Veterans, their sons and daughters, military and municipal officers came from every county in the state.

During the short time the public was permitted to enter the Hampton house several thousand people, including a great many negroes, passed the coffin. The procession included all the organizations, about 800 militia, and the delegations from schools and colleges. All marched in double rank and close order and the line was a mile and a half long. All were on foot except Gen. Hampton's family.

The procession moved to the church a little over a half mile distant between rows of people. Some one on the way had Confederate flags draped in mourning. Seats in the church could be provided for but 1200 people while perhaps 20,000 were without. Gen. Hampton's family servants were provided for within. Bishop Ellison Capers, assisted by four pastors, conducted the services. In the open air the choir sang during the burial. Among the survivors was a body of men who first went to war with Hampton—members of the Hampton legion and they carried their shot-torn flag of Hampton's command. After the last ceremony men, wearing the old Confederate gray filled the grave.

BEEF TRUST

To Be Dissolved By United States Officials If Possible.

Kansas City, April 14.—The Journal says: "According to a dispatch from Washington, Maj. William Warner, United States district attorney, has been instructed by the attorney general to immediately take steps to dissolve the so-called beef trust. A federal grand jury will be organized this week to commence its sessions at once, Maj. Warner, United States district attorney, positively refused to make any statement. Nothing so important to the whole people has transpired as the ordering of this investigation. If it is proved a trust as it is believed it will. During the past year, but notably in the past six weeks the price of meat has gone up in an alarming way.

The attorney for one of the large packers in Kansas City said: "We anticipated some such move as this. Two weeks ago the Journal had a dispatch from Washington indicating that President Roosevelt would personally order an investigation. We scarcely thought it would go to the length of having the district attorney summon a grand jury as I understand Maj. Warner has arranged to do. As to the merits or demerits of the case, I have nothing to say. Of course all agree that meats are up. So are cattle."

A large retail dealer said: "We think there is a trust. No butcher is allowed to slaughter his own cattle. If he does there will be a butcher shop start up next door to him and he will find himself undersold on everything he offers for sale. It is this treatment which compels all of us to buy from the packers and all packers charge the same prices."

CABLE FLASHES.

At the close of the celebration of a grand mass Sunday the tower of the Cathedral of Cienta at Madrid collapsed and destroyed three adjoining houses and part of the cloisters. The remainder of the cathedral threatens to fall. Two bodies and a number of injured persons have been recovered from the ruins. The number of persons entombed is not known.

Special dispatches received at London from Brussels represent King Leopold as in favor of dissolution and a referendum on the suffrage question; but state that at a council of ministers held at Lasken, in the province of Brabant, at which the king presided, it was decided vigorously to oppose the demand for universal suffrage.

The United States army transport Hancock, which was previously reported aground near Iblin, North Luzon, has arrived at Manila without having sustained damages. She struck on a coral reef and had to be lightered before she could be floated. She was on the roof for sixty hours.

At the automobile contests at Venice, France, the Rothschilds cup for one kilometer, flying start, was won by M. Serpollet with a new 12-horse power, egg shaped automobile. The time was 29 4-5 seconds, which breaks all records.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Fire in Brooklyn early Sunday destroyed the furniture factory of Masel & Huebner and the pipe foundry of David Binns. Several frame tenements nearby were also burned. Loss estimated at $100,000 with ample insurance on the factory and foundry.

Governor Sayres has investigated the conditions which prevail in Zapata county and issued an appeal calling on the people of Texas to extend relief to that section, "on account of the very severe and protracted drouth which has prevailed."

The mystery surrounding the killing of A. T. Sharpe, a traveling representative of Parke, Davis & Co., of Detroit, on a crowded street at Memphis, Saturday night, when Lacey Chase, a young man well known in Memphis, surrendered to the police. Chase claims that in an altercation with Sharpe the latter knocked him down, whereupon he drew his knife from his pocket and cut Sharpe several times. Chase was immediately locked up.

An affray occurred Sunday at Murphysboro in which Zeke Morgan was fatally and Henry Grogan seriously wounded. Zeke and John Morgan had gone to the house of a woman whom Grogan was visiting and demanding admission, they were met at the door by Grogan, who refused to let him in. Arguments followed and the three men drew weapons and began firing. Both of the wounded men probably will die.

Martin S. Rowley, head timekeeper for the Armour Packing company at South Omaha, was arrested charged with the embezzlement of $800. It is charged that Rowley who was authorized to issue time checks to employes who quit before payday, issued checks to fictitious names and appropriated the proceeds. Rowley's family was prominent in this city, where he is well known.

William Rodgers shot and fatally wounded John Turner Sunday afternoon on the street near the home of the former at Cleveland. Rodgers was jealous of Turner because he believed him to be responsible for his broken up home. Rodgers stood over his dying victim until an ambulance took the wounded man to a hospital, where he died in a few minutes. Rodgers, his wife and four children, came to Cleveland last October from Chicago. Rodgers is an iron worker.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Strictly Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492-Old
'Phone 767-Zenith

210 W. Superior St

MOTT'S **PENNYROYAL PILLS**

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are **"LIFE SAVERS"** to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists.** DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.,** P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

The Palm Garden,

208 West Superior Street.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Figs and Prunes

attain the highest degree of perfection in California and these choice fruits, combined with selected grains, scientifically blended, make the best and most nutritious cereal coffee on the market. Figprune—at grocers.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE-MARKS.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1867.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable nature. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box.
MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 7th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Walter W. Cameron, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Catherine Cameron, of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Walter W. Cameron, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of December, A. D. 1901, at the County of Crow Wing, Minn., died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the mother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said Catherine Cameron granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 7th day of April, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, April 7-14-21, 1902.

Keeping One's Name

Before the Public Is a Part of Advertising, But Telling the Public Why That Name Is Kept Before It Is Generally a More Valuable Part

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$2500 House and lot well situated in East End. All conveniences. Furnace.

$2300 House and lot, very central; water and bath. Easy terms.

$1600 House and lot, very central. Easy terms.

$900 Centrally located building lot. A bargain.

4½% —MONEY TO LOAN— All Privileges— No Delay— **5%**

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor Lonsdale Bldg.

For Rent Offices in Lyceum
Fire-proof Building, from $6.00 per month up.
LITTLE & NOLTE, Agents,
Under American Exchange Bank.

$325 Will buy lot 319, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth.

$1100 For five-room house and lots on East Fifth street, near Lake avenue; 50 per cent cash, balance to suit.

320 acres of fine farming land for sale, $2.50 per acre. Easily cleared.

W. F. LEGGETT,
513 BURROWS BUILDING.

Bargain in Acres.

Forty acres adjoining the platted part of West Duluth at about farm land prices. There is 100 per cent profit in this in the next twelve months.

The best unimproved corner on First street, and other choice investments.

C. E. LOVETT. 701 Palladio Building.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Crosby's List:

$12,000 Well now, if you are looking for a fine home, this will buy it—it's on the upper side of First street in Endion—it has hot water heat, open plumbing—a beautiful place.

$8000 Will buy one of the best nine-room houses in Endion; finished in hard-wood upstairs and down. It's strictly modern, large lot and good barn.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room modern house near 12th avenue east on Third street; $1000 cash, balance to suit. This house has hardwood floors, stone foundation, furnace heat—and it's new.

$4000 Will take a fine double corner on East First street; street and avenue paved, stone sidewalk. It's on First street. In addition to this we have many fine building sites in Endion.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg., Duluth.
Fire Insurance and Loans.

Park Point

Cottage and lot for sale, located four blocks this side of Oatka Beach Pavillion, on bay side. Five rooms, wide plazas, well built, fine rustic fence. If quick sale—

$750.

See photo of above at our office.

Little & Nolte.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

The United State Installment Realty association of Minneapolis will buy or build you a home or farm of your own choosing on the following terms:
$1000 home.....$ 7.50 per month
$2000 home.....$15.00 per month
$3000 home.....$22.50 per month
This is not rent or interest, but a direct payment on the home. Call for further particulars. Duluth office, 101 Torrey building. Open evenings.

101 Torrey Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

For a few days we will offer the corner of Sixteenth avenue east and Jefferson street, No. 1602, with the elegant 11-room house, modern in all respects, with hot water heat, lot 57 by 100, for $6500. If not sold soon, it will be for rent.

For Rent—318 Third avenue west.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
In all parts of these suburbs
Lots Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

BARGAINS IN FARM LANDS. CARLTON county—160 acres with 5000 cords birch and maple, three miles from five brick yards, $8 per acre; 40 acres for truck farm, one mile from railroad, two miles from Wrenshall, $8 per acre; 80 acres partly cleared with house and barn, $350, part on time; 640 acres first-class land, with $1500 worth of timber, $6.50 per acre. Tracts of 40, 80, 120 or 160 acres good land, well watered and timbered, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, $1 per acre cash, balance on time; 120 acres partly cleared, good house, barn and root cellar, fine spring, $900, $250 cash, balance easy terms.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY—200 ACRES ON trout stream, eight miles from Duluth, $4.25 per acre; 160 acres good farm land ten miles from Duluth, $5.50 per acre; 2400 acres five miles from Duluth, $6.50 per acre; thirty acres on fine trout stream, seven miles from Duluth, $5 per acre; 400 acres, large amount of hardwood, four miles from city, $12.50 per acre; 120 acres one and a half miles from railroad, partly improved, with buildings, $4 per acre.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

Money on Hand
For a Few Good Loans at
5 and 5½ per cent.
E. D. FIELD CO., 204 Exchange Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD BY young lady in private family, East End preferred. Address X 39, Herald.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. DULUTH Trunk factory, 229 West Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 611 Eleventh street, Washington.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED "BUFFALO" flat for the summer. Inquire 203 Board of Trade.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1065-2, new 1393.

Established 1869.

MANLEY - McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.

You want the best—We furnish it.

Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

We have for sale a three-story business block on West Superior street that will pay more than 10 per cent net on the entire investment, and in five years the lot alone will be worth more than the entire property now costs you.

For Sale A fine double corner, with three houses on Seventeenth avenue east. $550 for corner lot on Seventeenth avenue east. $550 for house and lot near Ninth avenue east. $250 for a lot near Ninth avenue east. $350 for seven room house in West Duluth. C. A. Johnson, 515 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. I. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING; silver grey Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 per 13. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—A FORTY-ACRE FARM one mile from the village of Cloquet; twenty acres of land cleared; good sized house, barn and slaughter house; all new, built last year; fine place for market garden; will be sold less than cost if taken within thirty or sixty days. Inquire of W. L. Case, Cloquet, Minn.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; 40 baths. 531 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A VERY RARE SATSUMA vase and other curios. The advertiser leaving town. Apply at 24½ West First street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS GOOD-paying hair dressing parlor. X 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND boiler, good as new, 5x14 feet. Inquire at Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., Twenty-ninth avenue west and Helm street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR load fresh milch cows. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1215 East Seventh street.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2608 HELM STREET, will have always on hand fresh milch cows until the next load arrives.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

NEXT BIG COLOSSAL
Horse Auction Sale
And Grand Horse Fair
Takes place at our mammoth stables opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1902.

Be on hand early, as the sale positively opens at 10 o'clock a. m. on day and date advertised. We will exert all efforts to make this the banner sale of the season—1000 head of horses of all kinds to answer all purposes, to select from. Some extra fine drivers and family broke horses. Come everybody. A grand gala holiday for all. SATURDAY, APRIL 19th, 1902.

COLS. L. H. WIGGIN AND MAX ZIMMERMAN, Auctioneers.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.
PRIVATE SALES DAILY.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOT OF LIGHT cedar row boats. Patterson boat house, Sixth avenue west, near depot.

PARK POINT—SOME CHOICE LOTS IN the camping district for sale cheap for the next few days. W. F. Leggett, 513 Burrows' building.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassnir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

LADIES, THE BEST PLACE TO BUY hats is at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

OUR MOTTO, NO CHROMO, NO tickets; no humbug; but value for your money in the genuine article. Malcomson Tea Store, 8 First avenue west. 'Phone 1098.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—CIGAR AND STATIONERY store, centrally located. Address L. Hamilton, 1418 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash price paid. Address L. Baron, general delivery, Duluth. This is my last week in your city.

WE WILL BUY GOOD DRAFT MARES that are in foal. Must be young and sound. The Jean Du-Luth company, 103 Herald building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING; FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, 80c PER LOAD; unscreened sand, 50c per load; gravel screenings, 40c per load. Ticket at 112 Exchange building.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF VENEERS, ovals, circles, pictures, Gold frames, framing to order at cost. Fixtures for sale. Temple Art store, 211 East Superior street. Formerly Hoffman's. Open evenings until sold out.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPERior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE — THREE LOTS, 25 BY 140 feet, for sale cheap. Fine lots ready for building. Call at 329 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL FAMILY Jersey cow. Fresh. E. Downie, 2010 West First street.

FOR SALE — STORE WITH SEVEN rooms above, on Main street in Eveleth; will sell or exchange for Duluth property. Address 614 East Second street.

$1500 FOR 40 BY 100 FEET ON LAKE avenue below Fifth street, with two houses. $350 for corner lot on Seventeenth avenue east. $550 for house and lot near Ninth avenue east. $250 for a lot near Ninth avenue east. $350 for seven room house in West Duluth. C. A. Johnson, 515 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. I. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING; silver grey Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 per 13. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—A FORTY-ACRE FARM one mile from the village of Cloquet; twenty acres of land cleared; good sized house, barn and slaughter house; all new, built last year; fine place for market garden; will be sold less than cost if taken within thirty or sixty days. Inquire of W. L. Case, Cloquet, Minn.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; 40 baths. 531 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A VERY RARE SATSUMA vase and other curios. The advertiser leaving town. Apply at 24½ West First street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS GOOD-paying hair dressing parlor. X 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND boiler, good as new, 5x14 feet. Inquire at Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., Twenty-ninth avenue west and Helm street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR load fresh milch cows. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1215 East Seventh street.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2608 HELM STREET, will have always on hand fresh milch cows until the next load arrives.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payment.	Monthly Payments.
5-room house..	$520	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

$850 Will buy fine six-room house, fine mantel and grate and finest double corner on Duluth Heights. One-third cash; balance to suit.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

$1600 Takes house and lot on First street near Twenty-second avenue west.

$525 Takes fine corner on Nineteenth avenue east.

$3250 Takes fine new flat building in good location.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio Building.

MILLINERY.

LADIES, THE BEST PLACE TO BUY hats is at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

OUR MOTTO, NO CHROMO, NO tickets; no humbug; but value for your money in the genuine article. Malcomson Tea Store, 8 First avenue west. 'Phone 1098.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—CIGAR AND STATIONERY store, centrally located. Address L. Hamilton, 1418 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash price paid. Address L. Baron, general delivery, Duluth. This is my last week in your city.

WE WILL BUY GOOD DRAFT MARES that are in foal. Must be young and sound. The Jean Du-Luth company, 103 Herald building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING; FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, 80c PER LOAD; unscreened sand, 50c per load; gravel screenings, 40c per load. Ticket at 112 Exchange building.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF VENEERS, ovals, circles, pictures, Gold frames, framing to order at cost. Fixtures for sale. Temple Art store, 211 East Superior street. Formerly Hoffman's. Open evenings until sold out.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPERior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BRENHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art lettered glass. St. Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

IF YOU WANT RELIABLE WORK IN awning, tent or any kind of canvas work, go to Polrier & Nordstrom, 104 East Superior St. Telephone 735—New.

OPTICIAN.

THOROUGH AND ACCURATE TESTS. Latest improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey Bldg.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg

WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be an experienced cook. 1616 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, MIDDLE-AGED lady as housekeeper. American preferred. Call evenings. 117 East Eighth street.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL AT ONCE. Apply at 1024 East Second street.

WANTED—STRONG GIRL TO DO BOTTling and labeling in wholesale liquor house. Call 409-411 West Michigan street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, $17. Take Woodland car. Mrs. W. E. Culkin, Hunter's Park.

THREE WAIST MAKERS AND SALESladies for millinery department. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—WET NURSE FOR BABY three months old. Apply 120 Fifty-fifth avenue west, to J. Moglilner.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Totman, 1415 East First street.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK FOR TEN men. Steady job; $25 per month. Address Moore & McHardy Lumber company, Cohasset, Minn.

MRS. CASSIUS H. BAGLEY, 1429 EAST Superior street wants good girl for general housework; good wages.

WANTED—GOOD SWEDE GIRL FOR general house work. 508 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2605 West Third street.

GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK for couple. Call at Baldwin flats, 717 West Second street. Flat 5.

NURSE GIRL. MRS. JULIUS ABRAhamson, 122 East First street, Ralston house.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. 223 Eleventh avenue east.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIenced nurse maid. Apply 1619 East First street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.00, $3.50.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BUSHELman. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

WANTED — HOUSEMAN FOR THE Spalding hotel. Inquire housekeeper.

WANTED — BOY. CALL AT 317 WEST Michigan street.

WANTED — PAPERHANGER AND painter. 325 East Eighth street.

WANTED — PIN SETTERS. WATERman Bowling alley, 310 West First street.

WANTED—BOY TO FEED PRESSES. Peachey & Lounsberry, Providence building.

WANTED—MAN OF GOOD HABITS TO travel, play organ and sing illustrated songs. Long engagement; salary $8 a week and expenses. Fountain Electric Entertainers, Motley, Minn.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbauch company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN OF 18 or 19, to learn jewelry trade; one who resides with his parents preferred. Address in own handwriting X 65, Herald.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; no limit to term, exceptional opportunity for thirty days, improve your chance, board, tools, diplomas and transportation given. Can earn expenses if desired. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINists and electricians. New 140-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers. Sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—LIFE OF DR. Witt Talmage. Largest, best authentic, official book; 500 pages, profusely illustrated. Retail, $1.50. Price to agents 50 cents. Outfit free. Now ready. Credit given. Profit $12 per day. Enormous demand. The Bible house, 21 Plymouth Place, Chicago.

WANTED—LIVE LADY OR GENTLEman to sell article of merit. Large income to hustler. G. L. Train, 216 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WOMAN WANTS WORK AT CARING for furnished rooms. Address C 78, Herald.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER would like position in or out of city; can furnish references. Address B 60, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper for widower with small family. Address W 48, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO WASHING and house cleaning. Address C 69, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS WOMAN COOK WANTS work in hotel or restaurant. X 69, Herald.

WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY. Address C 68, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING TO DO at home or will go out by the day. Address X 66, Herald.

ALL KINDS OF SEWING DONE BY experienced dressmaker. 222 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE BY experienced, competent young lady stenographer and office clerk. Salary $8 per week. Address P. O. Box 131, Two Harbors, Minn.

WANTED — SITUATION BY A NO. 1 engineer; has had fifteen years' experience and strictly temperate, holding first-class steamboat papers. Also Minnesota papers. Adress W 35, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, modern, electric light, furnace, bath, hardwood finish down stairs. Call at Humes' millinery store, over Suffel's.

FOR RENT — 5-ROOM HOUSE; CITY water. 725 East Fourth street. Call 716 Torrey building.

HOUSE TO RENT AND FURNITURE for sale. Apply 7 Fifth avenue west. Goldstein's.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Park Terrace; possession May 1. No. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 126 East First, with bath.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room; modern conveniences. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, 1112 WEST Third street.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, FURnished for light housekeeping; suitable for two. No. 15 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICE LARGE front rooms, located on Superior street in center of city. Call at Zenith Fur company for information. Second avenue west and Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room all modern conveniences. 18 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN new house; bath; electric light. 310 West Fifth street; for one or two.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, FURNISHED, suitable for two gentlemen. 220 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 708 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 909 WEST Fourth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — BARBER SHOP IN Windsor hotel. Inquire on corner.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED — BY GENTLEMAN, LARGE furnished front room, modern, good view towards bay, between Nineteenth and Twenty-second avenues west, and between First and Third streets. Address X 41, Herald.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping for mother and son. Address X 47, Herald.

WANTED — BY GENTLEMAN; SMALL furnished room, modern. State price. C 77, Herald.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1902. Work, third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 14, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 23, 1902. Work — M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave April 15, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "Third" Tuesday evening, April 15. Refreshments. G. H. Nicholas, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Oppermnn, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

LARGEST SELECTION OF WALL paper; best and cheapest work; painting or papering. F. A. Thorwall, 929 East Sixth street, Zenith 'phone 1232.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1195.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works, 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4339-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRIStensen, 327 E. Superior st. Old Tel. 745-3.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE AND APOSTLE ISLANDS.

Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9:00 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur.

Steamer Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton and all intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr., Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing .Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.

10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 40 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

GATES IN CONTROL

Louisville & Nashville Road In His Hands.

It Means Its Absorption By the Southern.

New York, April 15.—Negotiations looking to a settlement of the Louisville & Nashville situation were resumed at the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co. today. A conference began almost before the opening of the stock market. The conferees included Aug. Belmont, President Spencer of the Southern railway, George W. Perkins and William Pierson Hamilton, Mr. Morgan's partners, and Talbot J. Taylor, of the stock exchange firm of T. J. Taylor & Co.

On the stock exchange L. & N. stock sold up to 131½ on the opening sales, but fell back to the neighborhood of 129. There was an enormous demand for the Southern railway stocks, which lifted them 3⅝ for common and 3½ for preferred. The buying was by Morgan brokers and was interpreted as indicating a settlement of the question of the control of L. & N. in favor of the Southern interests. Illinois Central also rose 1¾.

Harris, Gates & Co., stock exchange brokers and representatives of the Gates interests, issued the following statement at 11:25 today,

"We have bought a large amount of stock of the Louisville & Nashville road. We did not buy it for speculation, but for investment, believing absolutely in the future value of the property. This will not be any corner in the stock. We have placed the entire matter in the hands of J. P. Morgan & Co. and requested them to act as arbiters in the situation, because of the prominence of the property and the desire not to disturb in any way the general market condition, and because we know that they have no interest whatever in the property or in recent purchases."

John W. Gates and John F. Harris, of Harris, Gates & Co., were at J. P. Morgan & Co.'s office for upwards of half an hour. Another visitor was Edwin Hawley, who said that he was associated with Mr. Gates in the Louisville & Nashville road, but that he had a large block of the stock on his account.

Later Mr. Harris paid another visit to Morgan & Co.'s office and had another talk with Mr. Perkins. He was asked whether he had anything to add to the formal statement put out by his firm just before noon. Mr. Harris took out a pencil and changed the original statement so that it read: "We have bought control," instead of 'we have bought a large block of stock.'

The dealings in Southern railway common on the exchange during the first hour amounted to about 350,000 shares and for the two hours up to noon, upwards of 500,000 shares. This breaks all records for dealings in a single stock for 1 hour and for 2 hours on the stock exchange. During the excited trading in Southern railway, one block of 10,000 shares changed hands at 40½.

The decision to make Morgan & Co. arbiters in the situation was not reached until shortly after 11 o'clock. It followed the conference at which Messrs. Belmont, Gates, Harris, Perkins and Francis Lynde Stetson were present. Mr. Stetson is J. P. Morgan's attorney and he is supposed to have formulated the agreement between the contending interests in Louisville & Nashville. None of the gentlemen present at the conference would discuss the events of the morning, beyond a remark by Mr. Gates that "it's all over." All sorts of theories and opinions were advanced to account for the tremendous activity of Southern railway shares. On the stock exchange it was generally believed that the first big orders came from Morgan & Co. Later, however, it was asserted that many heavy orders come from Gates' brokers. In fact, Harris, Gates & Co. made no secret of their purchase of no less than 175,000 shares up to 12:30 o'clock. The total sales of stocks up to 2 p. m. were 1,457,300 shares, of which 790,200 are of Southern railway. The total issue of Southern railway is 1,200,000 shares.

Louisville, April 15.—The Post today says: Governor J. C. W. Beckham was asked if he would take any action to prevent the absorption of the Louisville & Nashville road by the Southern railway, if such an attempt was made. He said:

"I have considered this matter, but I am not ready to state at this time what steps I will take. My action will be governed by the situation and after finding what this law is."

PALMA GOES TO CUBA

President-Elect Leaves Central Valley, N. Y., After Having Lived There In Exile For Eighteen Years.

New York, April 15.—Thomas Estrada Palma, president-elect of Cuba, took leave today of his friends of Central Valley, N. Y., among whom he lived during eighteen years of exile from his country. A large crowd gathered at his old home early and escorted him to the station where another large crowd had assembled. The local volunteer firemen paraded, and school children carried flags. Farewell addresses in behalf of the citizens were made by the Rev. F. C. Harding and Irving Washburn and Mr. Palma made a brief response. He said that he left Central Valley with regret for it had been a haven to him when he was driven from his own country. The people had always treated him with great kindness, he added, and he would always remember it with feelings of deep gratefulness.

President Underwood, of the Erie railroad gave President-elect Palma, the use of his private car, for the trip to New York. It was decorated with Cuban flags, bunting and ferns. Mr. Palma appeared on the rear platform as the train left the depot and there was a final cheer louder than all the rest. At Arden the children of the village school gathered to greet the Cuban leader and although the train did not stop there was a friendly demonstration. It was 10:40 when the train reached New York.

Mr. Palma will remain in New York until tomorrow when he starts South for Cuba. He will land at Gibara and will go from there to Bayamo. It was at Bayamo twenty-five years ago that his mother, driven into the jungle by Spanish soldiers, died of exposure and his first duty in Cuba will be to seek out her neglected grave. From Bayamo, he will go to Manzanillo, then to Santiago and last to Havana which he plans to reach on May 9, the day before the Cuban congress convenes.

WAS THOUSAND MILES AWAY

Chicago, April 15.—Invited to attend a banquet in New York City, but receiving the invitation too late, Timothy M. LeQuatte responded to the toast master over 1000 miles of telephone wire last night, says the Tribune. While he sat at the transmitter in the Rand-McNally building, forty guests at the banquet board in the hotel Roland in New York, each supplied with a receiver, heard him respond to a toast when called upon. The occasion was a dinner given to Edward T. Page. After Mr. Le Quatte had finished the applause around the banquet table was plainly audible at the Chicago end of the wire.

CLUE TO DES MOINES MURDER

Des Moines, April 15.—The chief of police announced this morning that he had unearthed a tangible clue which he believes will lead to the arrest of the murderers of the two Peterson children which took place on Sunday night. He refused to divulge the details but declared that before the day is over he may have something to state. The negroes now in jail, it is conceded, have no connection with tht case. John Hutchinson, who was arrested with blood spots on his clothes has been able to prove an alibi, and will be released. The excitement over the case is intense as ever and every precaution to prevent a mob from seizing any person that might be arrested.

BLOODY BATTLE EXPECTED

Bristol, Tenn., April 15.—A telephone message from Gate City, Va., says: A large force of heavily armed picked men is on the trail of the Wright and Templeton gang of outlaws for the purpose of driving them them to their mountain stronghold and a bloody battle is expected when the forces meet. The officers now claim to have positive proof that the gang was the one which robbed the Reynolds store and postoffice at Purchase, Scott county, Va., last Wednesday night, and the store and postoffice at Skelton, Tenn., Saturday morning. Much excitement prevails throughout those portions of Virginia and Tennessee. Merchants all over the sections have stationed guards at the stores.

CONSOLS DROPPED

Only Effect Budget Proposals Had on Stock Exchange.

Operators Are Hopeful as to Outcome of Peace Conference.

The Millers Association Promptly Raised Price of Flour.

London, April 15.—The budget proposals presented to the house of commons yesterday were received fairly well on the stock exchange today, where the various departments developed no particular feature, with the exception of a drop in consols, on selling preparatory to the issue of the new loan, which operators generally seem to consider will take the form of a fresh issue of consols. Operators on the exchange continued to be hopeful as to the outcome of the peace conference at Pretoria.

The British cabinet met at noon today. Among other business considered was the reply of Boer leaders to the government's communication mentioned by A. J. Balfour, the government leader in the house of commons, yesterday.

The Northwestern association of millers, at a numerously attended meeting held in the Liverpool corn exchange today, decided to advance the price of flour by a shilling a sack, and to add the new duty of 5 pence per hundredweight on all flour which should have been delivered before today. There was a heavy slump in sugar at Liverpool today. Prices fell 9 pence to a shilling early in the day, with the prospect of a further decline in consequence of their being no alteration in the sugar duty. Speculators had heavily stocked themselves with sugar in anticipation of a possible increase in the price.

A JAP TRUST.

Eight Silk Factories Are to Enter a Combination.

Tokio, March 27.—(Via San Francisco, April 15.)—Baron Kodama, minister of state for war has resigned to devote himself solely to the governorship of Formosa and Vice Count Tlere has been appointed in his place.

The Nippin Yazen Kaisha steamer Sendai Maru, which left Nagaski for Che Foo on the 18th inst., struck on a submerged rock off Chollado, Korea, about 9 o'clock the following morning in foggy weather and later sank. The crew and passengers, over fifty in number, were saved, together with the mails.

Eight of the principal silk factories in Japan have decided to carry on their business under trust management with a capital of 5,000,000 yen. The new combine is to start operations in Keyoto on the 15th proximo.

Plague has broken out in Hong Kong and vessels therefrom are being subjected to a rigid quarantine inspection. At Manila a kuarantine of five days for vessels from Kong Kong and Amoy has been declared.

RAILROAD

From Valdes to Eagle City to Be Built Soon.

Seattle, April 15.—It is expected that work on a railroad from Valdes to Eagle City will begin shortly and will be rushed to completion without delay. The company which, it is said, will construct the road, is an English and American concern and is captalized at £3,000,000. The distance to be covered by the railroad is 400 miles. It will provide an all-American route to the Klondike. It is the intention of the company to begin operations at several points along the route in order to facilitate and hasten construction. The route leads through the Copper River country, the Tanana district and many other promising mining localities. The harbor at Valdes is one of the few really good ones in Alaska. The Northern terminus, Eagle City, is almost in the heart of the great Klondike country.

FATALLY BURNED.

Old Lady's Dress Caught Fire From Pipe.

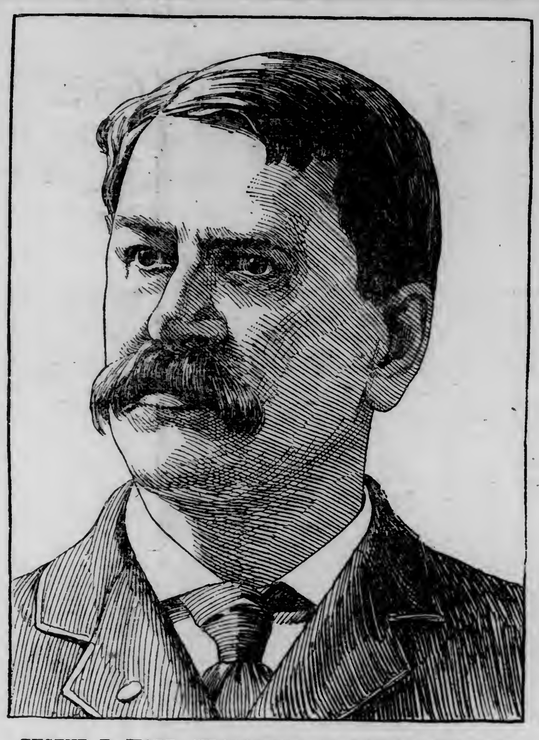
Chippewa Falls, Wis., April 15.—Mrs. Jones, aged 87, mother of Charles Coy, rural carrier, was burned so badly last night that she cannot recover. She was smoking a pipe and her dress caught fire from the ashes. Being helpless from age, she was unable to extinguish the blaze.

NOT EFFECTIVE.

The Live Stock Boycott at Kansas City.

Kansas City, April 15.—The boycott started by the Kansas City live stock commission men, who last week urged their customers to ship to other markets had no appreciable effect on the receipts here today, except possibly in the case of sheep. Today's arrivals of cattle amounted to 5000 head against 6400 last week, while the receipts of hogs were 7000 against 6000 on last Tuesday. But 500 sheep were received today, compared with 4200 a week ago. However, as the receipts of sheep generally are variable this may not indicate anything.

It is said that the members of the Stock Yards company are today considering the question of bringing injunction proceedings against the commission men to forced them to call off the boycott.



EUGENE F. WARE, "IRONQUILL," OF KANSAS, THE NEW PENSION COMMISSIONER.

ALL FELL IN A HEAP

Bridge Near Fargo Gives Way, Causing Men, Horses Engine and Separator to Fall to Creek, Many Feet Below.

St. Paul, April 15.—A Fargo, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: A peculiar accident occurred today on the south bridge between Fargo and Moorhead. A threshing machine belonging to George Miller, of Fargo, was being removed to his farm south of Moorhead by Charles Anderson. The engine was steamed up and a pair of horses attached as guides, with the separator in the rear of the engine. When this heavy weight reached the approach of the bridge on the Moorhead side, the structure gave way and the outfit was precipitated twenty-five feet. The engine and separator fell on the men and teams. Miller's left leg was broken at the thigh and several other serious injuries sustained. Anderson escaped with an ear about half cut off and minor bruises. His team was killed and Miller's threshing rig was smashed into kindling wood. The engine was badly wrecked.

A BIG GUN EXPLODES

Frightful Accident on the British First-Class Battleship Mars Instantly Killed Two Lieutenants and Nine Bluejackets.

Queenstown, April 15.—Gunnery Lieut. H. S. Bourne, Lieut. Miller and nine blue jackets were instantly killed yesterday afternoon by the bursting of a twelve-inch gun on board the British first-class battleship Mars, during gun practice off Berehaven. In addition several men were injured by the explosion. The breech of the gun blew out after it had twice missed fire. The bodies of the two men who were sighting the gun were scattered to pieces and blown overboard. The injured seamen were brought ashore here today.

BIG TUNNEL PROPOSED

New York, April 15.—An application by the Vanderbilt-Webb interests for power to construct, maintain and operate a subway under the St. Lawrence between the south shore and the city will come before the railroad committee of the privy council this week, says a Montreal dispatch to the Times. The plans, which are now at Ottawa, indicate that the tunnel will be the largest in the world. It will begin at the south shore near Longueil, pass under St. Helen's island, thence into the city to a central point of the East End, where the central station will be erected.

The tunnel will not only be a medium for the Quebec Southern trains and for electric street cars, but for the interchanging of all business traffic and communication between the south shore, St. Helen's island and Montreal. The subway will have two tubes, each twenty-seven feet wide and twenty-one feet high. That for cars, passengers and freight will be double tracked. The second will be for teams and pedestrians, having drives and footways. The cost is estimated at from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000. A bill recently introduced for the same interests for permission to construct a bridge over the St. Lawrence did not get through and this has caused a change of plans to the subway scheme.

VERDICT FOR MRS. SPIKE

St. Paul, April 15.—A Fergus Falls, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The jury in the case of Josephine Spike vs. the Northern Pacific, returned a verdict last night, giving the plaintiff $5200, which was the full amount claimed. Mrs. Spike's husband was killed at a crossing near Frazee, Becker county, and the $200 was for the destruction of the team and wagon. The case against William Brunette and John McArthur, charged with burning the White Earth jail, came to trial this morning. The criminal actions against timber cutters have all been continued until the next term.

DIED FROM VACCINATION

Chicago, April 15.—A Kenosha, Wis., special to the Tribune says Ellen Marie Youngquist, aged 17 years, is dead in this city as the result of vaccination. The young woman was vaccinated several weeks ago, and since that time she has been ill. The illness finally terminated in rheumatism of the heart, which caused her death.

MINISTER ASSASSINATED

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The minister of the interior, M. Siplaguine, was shot at 1 o'clock this afternoon, in the lobby of the ministerial offices, by a man who held a pistol close to the minister's person. The wounded man died at 2 p. m.

PERISHED IN FLAMES

M. J. Palm Burned to Death In Eveleth Jail.

Missabe Depot Wrecked By an Explosion.

Eveleth, Minn., April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is intense excitement in Eveleth today over two startling events that occurred during the night.

Last night the jail was destroyed by fire and a prisoner perished in the flames.

Shortly after 4 o'clock this morning, the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway station was destroyed by an explosion that shook the whole town and broke many windows for several blocks around. The explosion, which was caused by burglars using an overcharge of nitro-glycerine in an attempt to rob the safe, awoke all the people in town.

The fire which burned the city jail is of mysterious origin. The jail was a two-story frame structure, and there was but one prisoner in it at the time. It is supposed that he set fire to the room in which he was confined.

Despite the efforts of the local fire department, the building burned so quickly that it was impossible to reach the prisoner and his burned body was taken from the smoking ruins a few hours later. His features were burned to a crisp and it was with difficulty that his identity was discovered. The man that arrested him said that he was a Finlander from the Fayal mine. Finally it was ascertained that he was M. J. Palm, a miner. He was a married man and his family resides in Duluth.

The destruction of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern depot was undoubtedly the work of burglars. Pieces of the big iron safe that were found some distance from the wrecked depot show that two holes were bored in the top. The burglars put such a large amount of nitro-glycerine in the holes that the building was practicaly reduced to splinters. Some of the timbers were hurled distances almost beyond belief, and some of the freight that was stored there cannot be found at all, as is the case with a great deal of the depot and most of the safe.

The explosion was terrific. The town trembled as if struck by an earthquake, and for blocks around the depot windows were shattered.

Immediately after the explosion hundreds of the people were out on the streets and running toward the depot. Fire started in the wreckage, but it was quickly extinguished by the fire department.

It is reported that there was a large sum of money in the safe at the time. Officers of the company say they do not know what the loss is. A considerable quantity of money, consisting of silver, gold and paper money, was found scattered over the adoining property. Some boards from the depot were driven by the force of the explosion through the sides of adjoining buildings.

The police authorities turned their attention from the wrecked building to a pursuit of the wreckers, but up to a late hour today had found no trace of them. Two men were seen running away from the town towards the Spruce mine just before the explosion, and it is believed they were the robbers.

An attempt was also made to rob the Duluth & Iron Range depot. A window was broken, but there is no evidence of anything further being done.

HOMAGE TO JEFFERSON

Minnesota Democrats Gather at Banquet of Hennepin County Club at Minneapolis and Listen to Short Addresses.

Minneapolis, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Democrats to the number of 300 gathered about the banquet board at Hotel Nicollet last evening to do homage to Thomas Jefferson.

The affair was given under the auspices of the Hennepin county Democratic organization.

While those present were largely from this city, there were enough gentlemen from other cities to add more than local importance to the occasion. The addresses were short and to the point, and all the speakers confined themselves within the time limit of ten minutes.

National, state and municipal politics were taken up, and all the speakers expressed the opinion that never before were opportunities greater for Democratic success than at the present time.

Chairman Elijah Barton read letters of regret from Pierce Butler, of St. Paul; C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, and M. E. Neary, of Minneapolis. Mr. Barton then introduced J. H. Martin as toastmaster.

Ex-Mayor James Gray responded to the toast, "Government of a Municipality." Senator Fitzpatrick, of Winona, discussed "Jefferson as a Democrat." Criticism of Republican methods and actions was the burden of the address by L. A. Rosing, of Cannon Falls.

Ex-Governor John Lind was given a most enthusiastic greeting when he rose to speak. He devoted his attention to the national congress and its tariff legislation and the policy of the administration toward the Philippines.

Professor William Peterson responded to the sentiment, "Our Homogeneous Population."

BROKE OUT OF COFFIN

Supposed Corpse Smashes the Lid and Tells Undertaker's Assistants What He Thinks of Their Actions.

New York, April 15.—Four assistants to an undertaker suddenly dropped a coffin they were carrying out of the Paterson, N. J., jail door, when the supposed corpse broke open the lid and sat up, and in vociferous Italian said he was not dead. He was Alex. Schazeletta, who had been imprisoned for some slight offense.

He had been called in the morning by the keeper, but did not respond. His cell was opened and the man could not be aroused. The jail officials were informed and they sent for a physician, telling him that a prisoner had died in the night. The doctor made a casual examination and pronounced the man dead and the undertaker was sent for. His employes were carrying the supposed corpse out to the wagon when Schazeletta opened his eyes and sat up in the coffin. For two days he talked incessantly in jail, but on Saturday he apparently lost the power of speech only to recover it in the coffin, when he abused the undertaker's assistants. The jail physician ordered his release.

BUT THREE WERE PARDONED

St. Paul, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state pardon board has extended clemency to three applicants, denied fifteen applications, took ten under advisement. The three pardoned were:

Frank J. Westcott, sentenced from Ramsey county Nov. 9, 1901, to state prison for three years. Forgery in second degree.

Roy Cheesebro, sentenced from Ramsey county March 12, 1902, to city workhouse for sixty days. Disorderly conduct.

Joseph T. Jenkins, sentenced from Hennepin county Oct. 21, 1901, to pay a fine of $500 and serve a sentence of ninety days in the county jail, and to serve an additional sentence of sixty days at the termination of the ninety days' sentence, providing the fine and costs imposed are not paid.

The applications taken under advisement were: Nels Olson, rape; George McDonald, attempted robbery; Louis Kreiger, assault; Charles William Hatcher, assault; Bertha Schilling, manslaughter; John Eugene Fritz, burglary; Richard O. Lunke, forgery; George Miles Reeves, grand larceny; James Cameron, murder: James Breen, grand larceny.

REDUCE THE FEES

Insurance Agents Think Companies Will Cut Commission Rates.

Will Recoup Their Losses Out of Agents and Patrons.

One Agent Figures That It Will Make More Business.

While no official information has come to them, local fire insurance agents have become aware that an effort is being made by the managers of companies to reduce the commissions paid for writing insurance.

At present the companies pay local agents 25 per cent for insurance written on dwelling house property and 15 per cent for business property insurance. The difference is due to the fact that it costs more money to solicit insurance on dwellings because of their isolated locations and the fact that it is necessary to make many fruitless trips before getting the business. Moreover, the amount of premium paid is said to be always smaller, even though the commission is larger than that paid on business property.

One agent said this morning that he would be willing to see the commission on dwelling property risks reduced to 10 per cent. He believed that the result of such a reduction as that would be to create more business. "Insurance is like a dollar's worth of sugar," said he; "give them a bigger package for the dollar or the same package for less money and more people want it."

FOR TROUT.

Many Fishermen Go Out For First Day's Sport.

This is the first open day of the brook trout season, and every fly caster that has the real spirit who can get away from business is out wading a south shore stream. Two enthusiastic fishermen could not wait for the first day to come. They have some land fifty or 100 miles from Duluth, and what should be an excellent trout stream runs through it. Anticipation of the coming season had worked on their minds to such an extent that they could noot stand the pressure any longer. They girded on their armor of fishing basket, bait cup and pack sack, and off they set about the middle of last week. As every trout fisherman who has earned the sport he gets and sometimes the sport he did not get, is fully aware, there are always a few more obstacles on a trip of this sort than there are on a regular expedition. All the obstacles that had ever been experienced before occurred, but not to dismay, only to incite to further triumph.

The courageous knights of the rod got the train to stop at a little spur track station, about five miles from the nearest station. They intended to fish from that point down stream to town. Their intentions were good, but their luck was less encouraging. When after a mile tramp through mud and swamp they reached the stream they found it securely covered with solid ice. Concluding that walking on the ice was preferable to hiking through a mushy swamp, they followed the stream down to as near the station as they could, but they never got a chance to cast a fly. The ice was a godsend in one way—it was stout enough to bear the burden of two downcast fishermen carrying two very heavy hearts.

It is said that practically all the streams on the north shore and all in the immediate vicinity of Duluth are still solidly frozen over. The south shore trout streams, such as the Brule and Ox creek, which is found just south of Minong, are open and hold out the only fascinations for fishermen that can be found just now.

T. C. Phillips and H. F. Williamson, Jr., formed one party that went to the south shore Brule last evening, and H. H. Myers and A. C. Weiss were another. Ed Hazen's party had Ox creek for its objective, and consisted of Ben Thomas, J. P. Johnson, Harry Nesbitt, Fred Reynolds and Frank Green. Al Kuehnow is staying at home "tending shop," and, when he has the time, envying the men that are slopping into the cool water of the creek. The commissary department of the largest party is said to have been equipped with rations for a stay as long as luck holds out.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP
MAKES THE SKIN SOFT AS VELVET

I want every woman who wishes to improve her complexion—who wishes to have her skin soft as velvet—who would like to have her face free from all skin eruptions and facial blemishes—to use my Witch Hazel Soap. I want every mother to try this soap on baby and see how quickly it will relieve the little one of all hives, baby rash and chafing. Makes baby sweet as roses.—MUNYON.

POSTPONED.

Emergency Hospital Investigation Not Taken Up Today.

Inability to secure a quorum of the members of the board of health caused the emergency hospital investigation to be postponed, this afternoon.

President Robinson of the board, who will conduct the investigation to a certain extent, said that he would invite the other members of the board to visit the hospital and see the conditions for themselves, and also question the supervisoress as to the charges made.

Dr. Robinson said that he did not know just when the trip to the emergency hospital could be made and that he would await the convenience of the other members of the board.

The health board consists of Dr. Robinson, president; Edward P. Towne, N. O. Nelson, Henry Folz and Mr. Donald, of West Duluth. Mr. Folz is still in the hospital suffering from the amputation of a frozen foot and it is said that Mr. Donald has not yet qualified as a member of the board.

Some physicians that have read the charges made against the management of the emergency hospital say that they do not see how it is possible to take care of the patients as well as they are taken care of, with the miserable equipment that is furnished by the city for caring for the contagious disease patients.

A prominent young physician speaking of it last evening said:

"I join with those men that say the hospital is a disgrace to the city, but not for the same reason as they set forth in their affidavits.

"In the first place the health authorities are expected to do wonders with equipment that is simply rank. I would suggest that a new emergency hospital be built and properly equipped. It could be done very easily and at a comparatively little cost.

"This hospital could have smallpox wards and wards for diphtheria, scarlet fever and the like. In the smallpox department particularly there should be a general ward for woodsmen and the like that are not able to go in for a private ward. To those that have the money private apartments should be provided.

"It is a farce to try to make the present hospital a self-sustaining institution. A new hospital on the lines that I have suggested could be made self-sustaining very easily."

It seems that the physicians of the city are practically unanimous in favor of the suggestion for a new and up-to-date emergency hospital. Health Commissioner Robinson reported in favor of it recently to the council and a number of the aldermen, while favorably impressed with the idea, say they do not see where the money would be coming from to build such an institution.

Discovery of Oil.

When the news is heralded throughout the country that oil has been found in a certain place, thousands of persons rush there in the hope of being among the lucky few who are fortunate enough to strike a paying well. In their haste, health is neglected until they are completely broken down, and then what avail is wealth when their health is gone. Protect your health with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and you will always have the wealth. There is no medicine in the world so good as a tonic for the run-down system, or to cure headache, belching, indigestion, dyspepsia, liver complaints, la grippe, or malaria, fever and ague. Don't fail to try it, but insist on having the genuine. It will do you good.

HAWAIIAN FORESTRY

Conditions Have Been Investigated By a Government Expert.

Finds That Cattle Have Seriously Injured the Forests.

An Inspector and Force of Rangers Are Recommended.

Honolulu, April 8 (via San Francisco, April 15).—E. M. Griffith, forester of the agricultural department at Washington, who stopped here and made an investigation of conditions, on his way to the Philippines, has sent to Governor Dole a report of his findings as to Hawaii. Griffith declares that cattle have done vast damage to the forests, killing the undergrowth so that the trees have died, with the result that the rainfall and water supplies have been much affected. He recommends that the high forest areas be fenced and cattle kept out of them. Unless this is done, he says that there will be a serious diminution of the water supply, as from bare land the rain all runs into the sea, and he predicts also that the rainfall will decrease. A forest inspector and a force of rangers are needed, says Griffith.

Marie Leurquin, of Brussels, wrote to Miss Alice Roosevelt on Feb. 5, asking assistance in securing permission to come here and take up work of helping lepers on Molokai. The letter was forwarded to Governor Dole by the interior department at Washington, and the matter has been placed in the hands of the board of health. The sisters at the settlements are being communicated with. Miss Leurquin says that she wants to devote her services for the rest of her life to the unfortunates in the settlement.

Dr. Coffer, quarantine offier, has ceased all fumigation of vessels or restrictions upon them here, declaring the port free from any dangerous disease and in a satisfactory healthy condition.

BRIDE OF FIFTEEN.

Girl of 15 Gets License to Be Married.

A marriage license this morning was issued to Jim Jennette to mary Mary Jennette, aged 15.

Mary is the girl that was adopted by her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Jennette, in special term of district court last Saturday, in order that they might give their consent to the wedding. When the young couple made an application for a license a couple of weeks ago it was refused. The girl had no parents, so her uncle and aunt adopted her that they might legally consent to her marriage.

Jim Jennette, who is said to be no relative at all, is 21 years of age.

Sues For Divorce.

Belle S. Moer this morning began a suit in district court for a divorce from Judge Samuel H. Moer, formerly of this city and now of New York, on the ground of desertion. Mrs. Moer is 37 and Judge Moer is 45, according to the complaint, and they were married in La Moure, N. D., Sept. 29, 1887. The desertion is claimed to date from Dec. 21, 1900. H. B. Fryberger is the attorney.

Condemn Line.

George W. Buck, John T. Dow and J. A. Scott have been appointed commissioners in condemnation in the case of the Minnesota & Northern Wisconsin Railroad company against the Napa Valley Wine company and others. The plaintiff is the railroad corporation of the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, and it is to build a line of road from Scanlon northeast across St. Louis county. The men appointed are to appraise the value of the property taken for right-of-way purposes.

WILL NOT RUN

"Jake," of Lac Qui Parle, Not State Auditorship Candidate.

J. F. Jacobson, the redoubtable "Jake," from Lac Qui Parle county, will not run for state auditor this year.

This narrows the field down to Odin Halden, of Duluth, and S. G. Iverson, chief deputy in the state auditor's office, and it will be a straightforward fight between these two capable and popular men. Each starts in with a full meed of respect for the other, and the fight will be a pretty one.

J. F. Jacobson has been looked upon as a candidate for the Republican nomination for state auditor, and there is no question that he looked upon himself in that light as long as he thought it feasible. He has changed his mind, however, and the Minneapolis Journal yesterday published a story that is said to be authentic, to the effect that he will not be a candidate for office at all this year.

He went with this story to State Auditor Dunn, and once more these erratic geniuses harmonized and buried the hatchet that was dug up last winter over the iron ore tonnage tax bill.

Jacobson will support Iverson, and so will Dunn as far as he can, it is said, though he has said he would keep his hands off. County Auditor Halden has strong and influential political friends, as well as many throughout the state among the plain, common people who do not pretend to be political leaders, and reports from below are constantly looking better for him.

New Fishing Club.

The Woodland Fishing club, with a capital stock of $10,000, shares of a par value of $1 each, and a limit of indebtedness of $1000, has filed articles of incorporation with the register of deeds. The club is empowered to raise fish, to hold land along the banks of rivers and streams, to aid in enforcing fish laws, to punish trespassing, and to grant the right to fish along the waters controlled by the club. Thomas Gibson, president; R. J. Macleod, vice president; and T. W. Hoops, secretary and treasurer, are the officers, first board of directors and incorporators.

Association Formed.

At a meeting held at Hramonic hall last evening plans were perfected for the new curling club and the following were elected as its first officers: C. F. West, president; H. Johnson, vice president; E. A. Forsyth, treasurer; C. A. Payne, secretary; W. E. Magner, director. The above also constitute the first board of directors. The by-laws and rules governing the Duluth Curling club were adopted as far as practicable for use of the new club and the name of the Lester Park Athletic association was decided on.

AT CASS LAKE.

Special County Election to Be Held on May 14.

Cass Lake, Minn., April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—he official notices of the special county election have been issued by the county auditor. The date set for holding the election is May 14. The propositions to be voted upon are for the issuing of bonds for $30,000 for roads and bridges and a like sum for the erection of a court house at Walker. There are five commissioner districts in Cass county, and it is proposed that if the bonds for roads and bridges is carried the amount shall be divided equally in each commissioner district. The court house bonds, if carried, will run for twenty years, and the road and bridge bonds for eighteen years.

The trial of Thomas Smith, who was bound over to the United States grand jury a month ago for stealing timber on the reservation at a point about two miles west of Cass Lake, and subsequently lodged in jail at Fergus Falls, was held at that place last week. Smith made his escape from the jail a short time prior to the trial, but as he was bound over for trial, he will probably be recaptured. In fact, the authorities are now on his trail and will undoubtedly "land" him within the next ten days.

Mrs. T. E. Bowen

Is at the Spalding and will take orders for shirt waists to be delivered May 15. This will be the last order this season.

COMMERCE

Of Philippines Shown For Twelve Calendar Months.

Washington, April 15.—The insular division of the war department has prepared for publication a bulletin showing in comparative form the commerce of the Philippines for the twelve months of the calendar years 1901 and 1900.

The total value of merchandise imported during the calendar year 1901 was $30,162,471 against $24,863,779 for the corresponding year of 1900. The exports of merchandise during the calendar year 1901 amounted to $24,503,353 against $22,990,373 for the same period of 1900. These figures show an increase of 21 per cent in the imports and 7 per cent in exports.

The value of merchandise coming from the United States in calendar years 1901 was $8,534,255, an increase of $1,381,377 over the corresponding period of 1900, while the exports for the period of 1901 amounted to 4,476,292, an increase of $1,685,441.

SOPRANO IS SICK.

Chicago, April 15.—Mlle. Fritze Scheff, one of the sopranos of the Maurice Grau Opera company, is at the Auditorium, suffering from the effects of an operation performed last Wednesday. When the company left for Pittsburg Sunday night, Mlle. Scheff was considered to ill to be moved and she was left at the hotel in charge of a nurse. She sang in "The Magic Flute" the first week of her engagement here, and also appeared as Asra in "Manru" the Saturday of the first week.

Wall Paper.

We can show you a large variety in new and exclusive patterns. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

Beethoven Club Concert.

Last concert Wednesday, April 16, Congregational church. Admission, 75 cents.

DULUTH MATCHES!

Everybody uses them. Don't forget to order them from your grocer. They are cheaper, better in quality, and every time you use one you help to build up a home industry.

DULUTH LABORERS NEED YOUR CO-OPERATION IN THIS WAY.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Surplus Tonnage Causes Rates to Slump at Chicago.

The Peterson Is Released From Whitefish and Reaches Sault.

Local Strike Situation Is Unchanged---Strikes Elsewhere Settled.

Chicago, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—At least six vessels are on the market today and only two cargoes are offered. As a result rates dropped from 1½ to 1¼ cents on corn to Buffalo, and Georgian bay. This was a drop of ¼ cent in two days and indicated that grain rates would go to the bottom if vesselmen continued to force surplus tonnage on the market from day to day.

SOUTH CHICAGO SHOAL.

Chicago, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The new shoal 1¾ mnes off the harbor at South Chicago, will be marked by two spar buoys, pending the return of the lighthouse steamer Dahlia from her trip around Lake Michigan. The buoys will be towed into position at the expense of the steel trust. They were today loaned by Lighthouse Inspector Simonds, on application of Capt. D. Sullivan, representing the trust fleet. On the return of the Dahlia steps will be taken to permanently mark the shoal, either by a gas buoy or by range lights on the piers.

PETERSON RELEASED.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Annie M. Peterson reached here this morning, having been released from the beach above Whitefish point.

IS STILL AGROUND.

Amherstburg, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Maunch Chunk is still hard aground at the Limekilns, although 600 tons of cargo have been lightered. It is expected she will be floated this evening.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Business, 10:30 last night; Germanic, 1:30; Parks, 12:30 a. m.; Joliet, 1:20; Presque Isle, 2:30; Northern King, 3; Pioneer, Chattanooga, America, 3:20; Colby, 6; Angeline, 7:30; Leuty and barges, 8:15; Mohawk, Cadillac, Falcon, 9:30; Albright, 11. Down: Bingham, 9:30 last night; Britannic, Champion, Jenness, Goshawk, 11:50; Caledonia, Polynesia, 1 a. m.; Bessemer, Malda, Lackawanna, 2:20; Masaba, Nasmyth, 3:20; Runnels, 5:30; Tampa, Aurora, 6; Syracuse, 9:15.

Up yesterday: Cornell, 5; Schoolcraft and consorts, 8; Oceanica, whaleback, 9:30; Parks Foster, 11; Hayward, noon; Venice, 1:15 p. m.; St. Paul, 3; Mahoning, 4 Maud, 5. Down: Norseman, barges, Castle Rhodes, 7; Tuscarora, May Tharn, 10; Trevor, whalebacks, 1 p. m.; Chicago, 2:30; Stephenson, Manda, 4; Castalia, Corsica, Malda, 6; Wells, 8.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Frontenac, Buell, Marshall, Tilden, 11 last night; Holden, midnight, Hanna, Normandie, Stevens, 1:30; a. m.; Shaw, 4; Walter Scranton, Iosco, Jeanette, 5:30; Wade, Warner, Thompson, Marigold, 7:30; Neshoto, Harvard, 9:40; Cornell, 10:30. Down: Mather, Carrington, 10 last night; Crescent City and whaleback, 11:40; Black, Manila, Midland Queen, Onoko, 3; Iron Duke, Iron Cliff, 4:30; Marinatana and whalebnck, 6:30; Carthagena, Creto, Italia, Amazon, 9; Andaste, 10:20; Manola, 11:30.

Up yesterday: City of Bangor, George Peavey, Penobscot, 10; Victory, Fulton, noon; Heffelfinger, 2 p. m.; Grecian, Corr, 3; Boyce, Y. H. Ketchum, Langell Boys, Admiral, 5:30; Frick, 7; Senator, 9; Frontenac, Buell, Marshall, Tilden, 11. Down: W. L. Brown, 6 a. m.; Northern Queen, 7; Algonquin, 10; Peck, 11; Empire City, 1 p. m.; Rosedale, 4; Matoa, Whitworth, whaleback, 5; Eads, Martha, 7; Corliss, Corona, 8:30; Mather, Carrington, 10; Crescent City and whaleback, 11:40.

STRIKES ARE SETTLED.

Cleveland, April 15.—The tug captains and engineers at Fairport, Conneaut and Ashtabula have accepted the proposition made by the Great Lakes Towing company and will return to work as soon as the firemen arrive at an agreement with the company. There is no change in the strike situation at Cleveland.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Barr, Leafield, Michipicoten.

Marquette—Arrived: Pratt, Athens, Schenck, Columbia. Cleared: Manola, Cleveland; Hackette, Andesette, Buffalo.

South Chicago—Cleared: Magna, Marsala, Wawatam, Superior; Malletoa, Marina, McDougall, Duluth.

Chicago—Cleared: Butters, Grand Marais.

Ashland—Arrived: Stauber. Cleared: Mariposa, 117, ore, Lake Erie ports.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light—Schoolcraft, Mitchell, Berlin, Duluth; Mohegan, Mingo, Superior.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Falcon, Marquette.

Lorain—Cleared: Coal—Germanic, Duluth.

Cleveland— Cleared: Coal—Lagonda, Duluth; Arizona, Scotia, D. P. Rhodes Portage. Light—Pioneer, Duluth.

NO CHANGE IN STRIKE.

The local strike situation is absolutely unchanged. The matter has gone up to the head officers of the firemen's association, and the next action must come from there. The settlement of the Lake Erie strikes will probably have a bearing on the firemen's strike here. It is pedsistently reported that if a settlement is not soon reached with the firemen, the tug people will put on non-union men and let the captains and engineers who are being held off from work, get on again.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Sevona, Buffalo, light for grain; Elphicke, Brewer, Coralia, Lake Erie, light for ore; Farwell, Flagg, Lake Erie, coal.

TWO WRECKING JOBS.

The wrecking department of the Union Towing and Wrecking company is not affected by the strike. Yesterday and this morning some repairs were made in the seacock of the steamer Rensselear, and today work was being done on the Flagg's wheel, which had lost a bucket.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

CROP CONDITIONS

Shown By Weekly Report of Weather Bureau.

Washington, April 15.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows: **Although the temperature since March 1 has averaged above the normal over the northern portion of the country east of the Rockies, the season is reported as backward in these districts, except in New England and New York, where it is from one to two weeks earlier than the average. The season is also backward in the Southern states. The week ending April 14 was cold in the central valleys and over the interior portions of the Atlantic coast and east gulf districts, although milder temperatures prevailed during the latter part of the week in the last named districts. Rain is much needed in the Ohio, Central Mississisppi and Lower Missouri valleys, over the western portion of the lake region, in Southern Frorida and the Rio Grande valley, including New Mexico and Colorado. Frosts occurred as far south as the northern portions of the east gulf states and the interior of the Carolinas, causing no serious damage. Warmer and dry weather is badly needed on the North Pacific coast.**

Corn planting is nearing completion in the west gulf states and has made favorable progress in the South Atlantic and east gulf districts and Tennessee. This work is general in Kansas and Missouri, and preparations in Ohio are usually well advanced. Eastward of the Mississippi no corn has been plonted north of Tennessee excepting a little in Southern Virginia. In Texas and Louisiana much of the crop is up in the fine stands and cultivation has begun.

While the growth of winter wheat has been slow, a very general improvement is reported from the principal winter wheat states, although the crop has deteriorated slightly in Central and Northern Illinois and is suffering for rain in Northern Missouri. Though somewhat improved in Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia, the condition of the crop in these states continues much below the average.

On the Pacific coast winter wheat has had a rapid growth in California, and a heavy crop is expected north of Tehapici; but in Oregon and Washington the condition of the crop is less promising, especially in the last named state, where a large area had to be resown. Spring wheat seeding is well advanced in the southern portion of the spring wheat region, and a little has been sown in Southern North Dakota. A severe dust storm in Southern Minnesota on the 10th and 11th uncovered much of the sown grain. Warmth and moisture are much needed for germination.

Oats sowing is well advanced in the states of the Missouri valley, but has made less favorable progress in the Ohio valley. The early sown is looking well in Oklahoma, Kansas and the southern portions of Nebraska and Missouri, but germination has been slow in the Ohio valley and the crop has sustained some injury by frosts in Indiana.

The fruit outlook, except for peaches in some districts, is promising. Frosts have caused injury to peaches in Kentucky, Tennessee and the Carolinas.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

FARMER SUICIDES.

St. Paul, April 15.—A Starbuck, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Hans Gronsen, a highly respected farmer living three miles from town committed suicide by hanging this morning. He leaves a large family in easy circumstances.

BEEF TRUST

Will Be Thoroughly Investigated By the Attorney-General.

Washington, April 15.—A letter from Attorney General Knox relative to the so-called beef trust was made public today by Representative Ray, of New York, chairman of the house committee on judiciary. In view of the letter the judiciary committee decided without division to recommend that the resolution of Representative Thayer (Mass.), asking the attorney general what steps he had taken against the beef trust, lie on the table. The attorney general's letter is given in Chairman Ray's report on the resolution.

The report quotes Mr. Ray's letter, dated April 12, to the attorney general, in which the following questions are asked:

1—Has your attention been called to the matter alleged in the house resolution 203, a copy of which is annexed? 2—Have you been requested to take any official action in the matter? 3—Have you any evidence of the existence of such a combination?

The attorney general, in a letter of the same date, answers the questions as follows: 1—It has not, except so far as it is a matter of general notoriety. 2—I have not. 3—None that could be classed as legal evidence. Continuing the letter says: "It is proper, I think, however, to add that owing to the positive, oft-repeated and circumstantial nature of the allegations, that the law is being flagrantly violated, I directed some time ago a thorough investigation be made by one of the district attorneys of the United States for the purpose of ascertaining whether in fact such combination existed and whether, if so, its operations were in violation of any federal statute."

Continuing, the report says: "It is apparent from this correspondence, that there is no necessity for the adoption of the resolution. By reason of the widespread notoriety of the matter, the attorney general of the United States has already ordered a thorough investigation. There is no doubt he will perform his duty and prosecute all offenders thereby.

"It is evidence that he should not be required to give in detail the steps already taken, as this would forewarn those who are violating the law and enable them to conceal evidence.

"It is also evident that this officer cannot state whether or not there has been any infringement of the law as no evidence has been presented to him upon which to base an opinion and no intelligent opinion con be given as to whether or not there has been any infringement of the law, until the facts are fully ascertained.

"It is also evident that no legal steps can be taken toward a prosecution of the parties violating the law until a thorough investigation has been made. In short the letter of teh attorney general above quoted answers the resolution as fully as it can be or ought to be at this time."

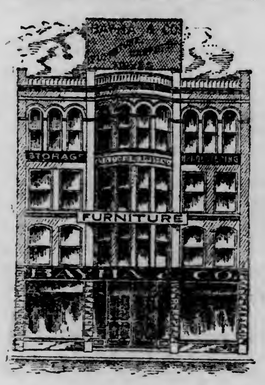
BAYHA & CO.,

Lowest Priced House Furnishers in the City of Duluth.

Your Credit Is Good.

Our Terms Are Easy.

We Are the People to Save You Money.



Your Credit Is Good.

Our Terms Are Easy.

We Are the People to Save You Money.

Furniture Economy.

Every family needs Furniture, Carpets, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Stoves, Crockery, etc. What would be luxury to one would be commonpalce to another. It would pay everyone to consider what they need and buy it, have your mind made up, what you can afford to pay and come to us. We can save you money, and will save you money on anything you need in our line, no matter whether you want an elegant upholstered Davenport or a kitchen table. We can save you 20 cents on every dollar's worth of furniture and stoves you buy of us, and Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains and Portieres we can save you on an average of about one-third. We will not undertake to enumerate, nor will we undertake to picture off a few cheap things, but will leave it to your judgment who gives you the best value for the least money. Come in our store and see for yourself. If you cannot pay cash, then we will sell you on time. Your credit is good, our terms easy.

BAYHA & CO., 24-26 E. Superior St.

Lowe Bros. Co.
"High Standard"
LIQUID PAINT
GIVES BEST RESULTS
ATTRACTIVE HOMES DURABILITY
GOOD SURFACE FOR REPAINTING
We are dealers in everything for exterior and and interior painting and varnishing.
THOMSON & DUNLOP,
226-228 W. Michigan Street

REMODELED!
In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.
TURKISH BATH PARLORS,
110 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

The best and only practical optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

Monuments!
A Card Will Bring Us to Your Door With Samples.
P. N. PETERSON GRANITE CO.
217 Manhattan Building.

OPPOSE THE PARK

Business Man Objects to Using Minnesota Point For Park.

Says It Is a Superior Scheme to Stop Duluth Growth.

Thinks Point Logical Site For Duluth's Coming Industries.

Strenuous opposition is in sight for the proposed national park on Minnesota Point.

West Superior business men are asking Duluth's co-operation in having the government reserve a large tract of land on the point for park purposes. Today a man of considerable prominence in real estate circles said that such co-operation on the part of Duluth would be tantamount to industrial suicide.

"If Duluth is to become the city that we confidently expect," said he, "Minnesota Point is the most logical and best location for large industrial plants. I do not mean the Minnesota Point as it is today, for when the present plans are consummated fully 2000 feet will be added to the bay side of it. That is, the point will be filled in from its present line to the dock line, which is now 2000 feet out in the bay from Minnesota avenue. The plans are all made for this filling in and are shown in a chart issued last year by the government engineer's office.

"In the first place I do not see why Superior should be fathering this park scheme. The land is entirely within Minnesota and almost all the corporate limits of Duluth. If we want to give away the most valuable manufacturing land at the head of the lakes and give Superior an advantage over Duluth in the field of industrial locations, why then go in for parks.

"Once Minnesota point is filled in it will be an easy thing to have railroad communication over there. There are several feasible plans now known and seriously thought of for getting railways over to the point."

The park scheme was proposed to Mayor Hugo by a West Superior representative and the mayor turned the matter over to the Commercial club. It is not known what action this club will take in regard to it.

A business man that endorsed the scheme yesterday changed his mind today, especially when he saw the government chart of what is intended in the future.

BE LIBERAL.

Beriah Magoffin Comments On Attitude Highland Company.

Beriah Magoffin was an interested spectator at the council meeting last evening when the Highland Canal and Power company franchise was under consideration, and today he said to The Herald:

"The Almighty endowed Duluth with resources and advantages superior to any city. Are we, the people of this community, big minded enough to see and comprehend nature's designs, nature's plans, and use the stupendous gifts she offers to us?

"All my life I have waited for the development of this water power, steadfast, confident, and never any misgivings, never faltered, until last night, while I listened to the views expressed by citizens and some of the aldermen as to minor privileges to be granted in the proposed franchise.

"Surely the trustees of this city do not appreciate the magnitude of the stupendous proposition before them.

"This franchise as published and read throughout the city amply protects and safeguards the future. It is fair both to the company and to the city.

"I am in favor, too, of municipal ownership, and there is nothing in the proposed franchise inconsistent with municipal ownership. If the haggling for ownership is going to delay, endanger and finally defeat the project, I say away to the dogs with public ownership.

"Let us be liberal enough to meet the enterprise according to its merits, and let those people have a lighting privilege to help them properly finance the great undertaking. What we grant them will be returned tenfold, aye, an hundredfold to us."

The Saturday Club.

Next Saturday the Saturday club will give its last regular program and will present to the public a very bright and interesting dialogue, whitten, but never published, by Will Carlton, entitled "The Queen of the Moon." The different members of the Saturday club, assisted by members of the Unity Dramatic club, will impersonate the characters in the dialogue. The meeting will be at 2:45 p. m., in Elk's hall.

HAVE HYDROPHOBIA.

Valuable Southdown Sheep Were Bitten By Dog.

St. Paul, April 15.—An Appleton, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Arthur Brenkensteder, of Osborne, owns a flock of eight Southdown sheep, highly bred, forty of which were bitten by a dog about two weeks ago. They are now coming down with hydrophobia at the rate of five or six a day. Some have already died. Adam Schyed went to shear them yesterday and was attacked savagely. All of them were bitten about the head and noses are red and badly swollen. They have been separated from the rest of the flock.

Painting and Decorating.

Only the best of material used and most skilled workmen employed. Prompt attention to work. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

LIFE SAVED BY SWAMP-ROOT

The Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

SAMPLE BOTTLE SENT FREE BY MAIL

Swamp-Root, discovered by the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, promptly cures kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles.

Some of the early symptoms of weak kidneys are pain or dull ache in the back, rheumatism, dizziness, headache, nervousness, catarrh of the bladder, gravel or calculi, bloating, sallow complexion, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, suppression of urine, or compelled to pass water often day and night.

The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best.

Sold by druggists in 50-cent and $1 sizes. You may have a sample bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and a pamphlet that tells all about it, including many of the thousands of letters received from sufferers cured, both sent free by mail. Write Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and please mention that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Delighted crowds nightly.

Opening dance, Lester, Thursday night.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to George Jacobson, of Denmark.

A third interest in forty acres in the township of Great Scott, on the Western Mesaba range, has been sold to William Burris by Clarendon D. Marble at the rate of $30,000 for the forty acres. The deed was filed in the office of the register of deeds yesterday and it covers a third of the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 15, 58-18.

Parlor theater. Latest vaudeville.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Yesterday afternoon at the Lake Avenue Bethel Rev. Alexander Patterson gave the last of the first course of Bible lectures. Rev. Jamison, of West Duluth, Rev. Todd, of Virginia, and Jim Burwick, the railroad evangelist, were present. Rev. Patterson will speak each evening this week at the Branch Bethel. No meeting at the Lake Avenue Bethel this week.

Aaron A. Harper, of Cass Lake, and Robert Kienow, of Little Falls, have been discharged from bankruptcy.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

PERSONALS.

Gus Winberg is up from Minneapolis, visiting his mother on Park Point.

M. A. Sprague, of Washburn, is a guest at the Spalding today.

Mrs. A. Johnson left today over the Northern Pacific for Oakes, N. D.

C. L. Newberry came down from Ely this morning, and is at the St. Louis.

Archie Chisholm returned this morning from a trip to St. Paul.

R. S. Munger took the Northern Pacific yesterday for a visit to his farm at Wheatland, N. D.

G. H. Ebert was a passenger via the Northern Pacific today for Spencer, Ia.

George Lonsdorf, one of the owners of the section 30 dispute lands, is in the city today. It is intimated that some sort of a deal is in progress that involves these lands.

District Freight Agent Robertson, of the South Shore road, went down the line of his road last night.

Capt. and Mrs. H. Hall have returned from a three months' trip to California.

John Runquist, the railroad contractor, arrived in the city from his home in Grasston, Minn., today. Mr. Runquist has two camps already in operation, one near Two Harbors and the other near the Cloquet river. He expects to employ a large number of men this summer.

A. C. Tuxbury, a prominent lumberman of Buffalo, N. Y., is in the city. He is accompanied by Mrs. Tuxbury.

G. Fred Stevens is in the Twin Cities on a business trip.

G. A. Potter left yesterday for a business visit at Minneapolis.

H. K. Halvorson, of Minneapolis, a member of the contracting firm of Halvorson & Richards, was in the city this afternoon, on his way to the range where the company has just started a big stripping contract. Eight carloads of equipment have passed through the city this week for the scene of the company's operations.

W. W. Walker returned this morning from St. Paul.

Fred Shalberg is recovering from an attack of illness due to lung trouble.

W. J. West, of Buhl, is at the Spalding today. He was formerly chief deputy clerk of the district court, but is now with the Sharon Steel company.

Miss Harris will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

A. E. McManus returned this morning from a trip to the Twin Cities.

Capt. W. H. Singer left for Chicago last night.

Miss Mary McFadden has returned from her trip to Chicago.

Will Brown left last evening over the South Shore for Marquette.

F. A. Cokefair will leave for Chicago on this afternoon's fast mail.

James E. Kellogg and wife and D. H. Beatty and wife, of Two Harbors, are guests at the St. Louis.

"THE VIKING."

Production By Minneapolis Men Will Be Notable.

A. W. Strong, of Minneapolis, was in the city today in connection with the production of the comic opera, "The Viking," which will be presented here Saturday evening by 100 prominent young men of Minneapolis. They presented the opera in Mankato a few nights ago with tremendous success.

Every one of the characters in the opera is taken by a man, but the make-up of those who take the female parts is so fine that it decieves everyone. The chorus will be a magnificent one, numbering as it does 100 voices. The costumes have been pictured at great cost and the entire performance is up-to-date and elaborate.

Will Save Trouble.

The amendment passed by congress providing that all affidavits, proofs and oaths of any kind made by applicants and entrymen under the homestead acts may be made before the United States commissioner most accessible to the land, has been received at the local land office.

Formerly the commissioner could officiate only when the land was located in the county in which he resided. The change in the rule will save settlers and homesteaders long trips in some cases.

A Minnesota Dinner.

The Minnesotians now resident in New York will give their first annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria Wednesday evening, April 23. The executive committee ten members, includes four Duluth men, as follows: Jacob L. Greatsinger, president Brooklyn Rapid Transit company; Thomas F. McIver, with Cuntro Bros. & Co.; Charles A. Towne, president Charles A. Towne company, and Don H. Bacon, president Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railway company.

Cannot Live.

Benjamin Gillis is dying today in Kalispell, Mont. He is supposed to have a son named John J. Gillis in this city, and since early this morning the police have been endeavoring to locate this son. At 2 o'clock this afternoon he had not been found.

The wire from Kalispell simply announced that the father could not live, and asked the son, if found, to communicate with the hospital authorities at that place.

NEW RATE.

Higher Lake and Rail Flour Rate In Effect.

The new and higher lake and rail tariff rate on flour went into effect today. From now on, flour from Duluth to New York, whether consigned to domestic or foreign points, will have to pay 18 cents per hundred. The rate has been 14½ cents on foreign and 17½ cents on domestic shipments. The shippers of flour claim that foreign consignments should enjoy a differential as against domestic shipments, not only because it goes out of the country, but because it is more in the nature of a bulk cargo because of the form of the package, which allows it to pack more closely.

The Northern line has shipped out five cargoes of flour already and is now loading out its sixth.

The steamer Osceola, of the Lake Michigan and Lake Superior line, sailed from Chicago today for Duluth. This is the first sailing of this line this year. The Osceola has on a big cargo of stuff that is to be "peddled" at various ports along the route, and will not try to make a quick trip this time. Inasmuch as the passenger business will not open up for a number of weeks yet, there will be little incentive for speed.

The Northern line passenger boats will be out about June 15 on their Chicago-Buffalo route. It is claimed that they will be able to make twenty-three miles an hour regular speed. Through the removal of one smokestack and the addition of cabins on the promenade deck, much larger accommodations for passengers have been provided.

ARRESTED.

Bonesetter Charged With Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses.

W. C. Arons, of West Superior, who is known as the "Bone Setter," was arrested this morning on a warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses. He was taken into custody as he stepped from the train on his return from Fond du Lac, Wis. Arons was arraigned in municipal court and entered a plea of not guilty. His examination was set for next Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Arons furnished cash bail to the amount of $250 and was released. He has retained John Vaughn, of West Superior, to defend him. The complaining witness is Christine Ordell, who resides in Minnesota, and who went to West Superior to receive treatment from the bone setter for a hip trouble. She alleges in the complaint that he collected $85 from her and guaranteed a cure, which he has failed to accomplish.

GOT THERE.

Long Distance Transmission Used In Getting Interpretation.

The first long-distance interpreting on record occurred in the blue room of police court this morning.

M. Calopetes, of the Greek colony on the Midway, was being tried for fighting on the street.

Calopetes could not talk English, and there was not another Greek in the room that could speak it well enough to act as an interpreter.

Finally a Greek was found that could talk Assyrian and an Assyrian that could not talk good English but spoke excellent Italian was picked up. There was a search made in the court corridors till the officer picked up an Italian that could talk English.

The Greek prisoner's testimony was given in Greek, translated into Assyrian, retranslated into Italian and retranslated into English, thus making the first international long-distance interpretation on record.

Despite the round-about way the prisoner defended himself, he was found guilty and sentenced to pay the costs of the case, amounting to $6.

* * *

Three ineffably dainty Bowery soubrettes chortled girlishly in the court during the hour of arraignment. They were stars in a Bowery "problem play" that did not meet entirely with the approval of Detectives Mork, Irvine and Terry.

Carry Landt, the leading lady, was held for an examination on Friday in the sum of $75 bail. Anna Hazen and Dell Miller were each compelled to put up $25 bail.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Murphy, of South Lake avenue, were in court. Mrs. Murphy was so tall and thin that the policeman arresting her thought he was pinching one of the "Tapeworm sisters."

She and her husband were giving one of those very exclusive social affairs known on South Lake avenue as a "rough house." She won the lady's head prize, a beautiful fine of $10 and costs, while Mr. Murphy won the gentleman's booby honors entitling him to the separation of $5 and costs.

A refined appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty, given by Satin-Skin Powder (flesh, white, brunet tints). 25c.

SUSPEND BUSINESS.

Insurance Agents Take Action at New Orleans.

New Orleans, April 15.—A special from Vicksburg, Miss., says: The special agents of all the fire insurance companies doing business here met today and later all the local fire agents reported that they had suspended business. It is hoped that a second conference of the agents, the cotton exchange, the board of trade and bankers may cause a reconsideration of this action. The trouble grows out of the failure of the city to reorganize the fire department, which, it is claimed, is incompetent. The companies demand a new fire chief and a general reorganization.

WITNESS MISSING.

Chicago, April 15.—States Attorney Deneen today announced that Annie Bernot, one of the state's witnesses in the Tooms murder case and her infant, have been missing since Sunday. Mr. Deneen expressed a fear that the woman had plunged into the lake with her child.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, Bremen; Aller, Genoa; Kensington, Antwerp.

Havre—Arrived: La Bretagne, New York.

SWANSON ARGUES

That Cuban Bill Is In Line With Democratic Policy.

Was Asked Many Questions By His Democratic Colleagues.

Says This Country Will Be Able to Monopolize Business.

Washington, April 15.—When the house met today, Mr. Mahon (Pa.), chairman of the committee on war claims, asked unanimous consent to non-concur in the senate amendments to the omnibus claims bill and to send the bill to conference. Mr. Maddox (Ga.) objected.

Before the debate on the Cuban reciprocity bill was resumed Mr. Payne, the floor leader of the majority, attempted to reach an agreement to close general debate on Thursday. He suggested night sessions until that day, but all his overtures were rejected. Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, demanding the regular order. Thereupon Mr. Payne gave notice that at the first opportunity he would move to limit the debate.

Mr. Swanson (Va.), a member of the ways and means committee, the first speaker today, favored the bill. He argued that the bill was in line with the Democratic policy of tariff reform. That statement made him a target for the questions of some of his Democratic colleagues who differed with him.

Mr. Tawney (Minn.), asked Mr. Swanson whether the proposed legislation would not force Cuba to enact our immigration laws.

In reply Mr. Swanson declared that the question showed the inconsistency of the opponents of the bill, who on one hand, claimed that this bill would grag poor, distressed Cuba into accepting some measure she did not want and, on the other hand, argued that Cuba was prosperous and did not need the contemplated relief.

Mr. Swanson argued that with 20 per cent preferential duty in our favor we should be able to monopolize the Cuban markets. Personally, he said, he would hail the day when Cuba became a part of the United States.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, April 15.—When the senate met today, Mr. Hansbrough from the committee on public lands, reported the house bill legalizing the manual of surveying instructions of the general land office, and the bill was passed. The senate then resumed consideration of the Chinese exclusion bill and Mr. Gallinger read a number of telegrams referring to the bill.

The bill was then laid aside and the senate held a brief executive session.

When the doors were reopened the senate passed the additional urgent deficiency appropriation bill with a minor amendment.

Consideration of the Chinese exclusion bill was resumed and Mr. Heitfeld (Idaho) spoke in favor of the senate measure.

Mr. Pritchard (N. C.) followed in a speech opposing the bill mainly on account of the injury it would cause the South in reducing the cotton exports to China.

Mr. Penrose spoke in support of the bill.

LIBBY'S WIFE

Must Return Most of Property To Her Husband.

Chicago, April 15.—Judge Neely today decided the case of Fred M. Libby against Josephine Libby to recover property worth about $8,000. The court ordered a division of the property, giving Mr. Libby the lion's share. Mrs. Libby must return to the complainant all the real estate she holds save one piece, one-half the bonds which she now holds, but which once belonged to her husband and a life insurance policy for $5000. Two pieces of the real estate involved are in Revere, a suburb of Boston, one in Brooklyn and another in Minneapolis. Mr. Libby married the defendant in Fort Dodge, Iowa, in 1880 and for twenty years he says they lived happily together. Then he alleged in his statement to the court, his wife formed a conspiracy with two sons by two former marriages, and his sisters, to deprive him of his property. So well did the scheme work, says Mr. Libby, that when Mrs. Libby left him in 1899 he was practically penniless. The complainant was formerly a broker in Boston.

CABINET

Considers Report of Alleged Torture In the Philippines.

Washington, April 15.—The cabinet today considered the testimony before the senate committee on the Philippines yesterday, in reference to the alleged case of torture inthe islands. Secretary Root presented the report of Col. Dickman upon the matter. The whole subject was gone over at considerable length.

Another topic of discussion was consideration of the Indian agencies where vacancies are occurring or bid fair to occur. The administration feels that in the case of an agent it is particularly incumbent upon it to have the highest type of official and that political considerations must be wholly secondary. The president has reappointed Miss Maggie Wood to the postoffice at Yorkville, S. C., although she was not recommended by the local Republican organization. Miss Wood has held this office since 1893.

WETHERELL ON TRIAL.

Detroit, April 15.—Capt. Charles T. Wetherell, U. S. A., retired, was tried by court martial today at Fort Wayne on the charge of duplicating his pay vouchers for November and December, 1901, and January, 1902.

BONI HAS A SON.

Paris, April 15.—The Countess Boni de Castellane, formerly Anna Gould, of New York, gave birth to a son yesterday. The mother and child are doing well.

TO DISSOLVE COMMITTEE.

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 15.—The Bulgarian government has determined to dissolve the Macedonian revolutionary committee and has so informed the latter's executive, giving as a reason for its action the fact that the chief agents of the committee have been caught in the act of forming revolutionary bands.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The stamp of Quality

on every garment bought here

$25.00 and $30.00 Blouse Suits
$30.00 and $32.50 Gibson Suits
$25.00 and $30.00 ETON Suits

Choice of the entire lot $11.75

THE PLEASED CUSTOMER was much in evidence at S. & B. Co.'s store yesterday and today. Hundreds of people availed themselves of the most magnificent suit offer ever made at the head of the lakes. Just think of it, strictly up-to-date tailor-made suits—finest finish and workmanship—not an old style garment among them, and at $11.75. It's the S. & B. way of doing business; when there is a sale here the people respond because they know there is something back of it—they know that reliability is stamped on every purchase made here. There are still a few suits which will be quickly disposed of tomorrow. Don't neglect seeing these beautiful suits whether you buy or not—you will notice a different value giving when compared with the commoner sorts on sale elsewhere.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

A LOAN

Of Thirty-Two Million Pounds Authorized By British Government.

London, April 15.—The government leader, A. J. Balfour, replying to a question in the house of commons today, announced that the ministers had no information to impart regarding South African peace negotiations. Nor under the circumstances could any information be imparted at present. The government, Mr. Balfour added, would immediately inform parliament of the fact when they had any news to communicate.

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in answer to a question said a rebate would not be allowed on forward grain contracts as was allowed in the case of coal contracts last year. The chancellor added that he could not say on the spur of the moment whether the term "grain" included peas, harricot beans, somolina, etc., but he was inclined to think they were included in that term.

A resolution in the commons providing for a loan of £32,000,000 was adopted by 229 to 102 votes. The new loan is to be raised by an issue of 2¾ per cent consols.

Answering a question put by Arthur B. Markham (Lib.) in the house of commons today, the parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, Lord Cranborn, said representations had been made to the United States on the subject of the duty on hemp from the Philippines, as under the present arrangement the American manufacturer has in his own market an advantage of $7.50 per ton over his British competitor.

SCHOOLS

Utilized For Barracks For the Troops at Brussels.

Brussels, April 15.—In consequence of the disorders the pupils of several communal schools have been dismissed and the premises utilized as barracks for the troops.

All the actories and mines at Morlanwelz, Valare and Mabille have been closed.

Socialist disturbances occurred last night at Namur. A mob stoned the police who charged with drawn swords. Subsequently a force of gendarmes scattered the rioters.

The strike is steadily extending in both this city and its suburbs, especially at Milenbeck, where a number of large factories have stopped work.

The military and police have adopted more stringent measures to preserve order.

The burgomaster has refused the Socialists' request to be allowed to follow their own devices in burying the Socialists killed during Saturday's riots. Orders have been issued for the procession to be held at 6 in the morning, without bands or funeral emblems. Otherwise the interment must be carried out at night.

It is chtimated that the strikers in the Charleroi district now number 50,000. There are frequent parades there, but the town is generally peaceful, in accordance with the advice of the strike leaders.

BOND FOR RATHBONE

Has Been Filed By a Fidelity Company.

Havana, April 15.—A fidelity company has filed a bond for $100,000 with the court, as bail for the appearance of E. G. Rathbone, the former director of posts, on his appeal. This company's bond was refused when offered for the appearance of Mr. Rathbone when he was first arrested, but his lawyers now insist that, according to law and in the interests of justice, bail should be accepted. The company has risks amounting to $2,000,000 in Cuba, mostly on account of government employes.

The president of the court has consulted with Governor Wood, concerning the matter of accepting the bond, but no decision on the subject has been reached.

KERWIN NOMINATED.

Washington, April 15.—The president today nominated Michael Kerwin to be pension agent at New York.

ELECTION

Of Senators By People Discussed By Senate Committee.

Washington, April 15.—The senate committee on privileges and elections today by a majority of one voted to amend the house resolution providing for the election by a direct vote of the people by adding the amendment offered by Senator Depew. The amendment is as follows:

"The qualifications of citizens, entitled to vote for United States senators and representatives, in congress, shall be uniform in all states and congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation and to provide for the registration of citizens entitled to vote, the conduct of such elections and the certification of result."

The committee voted down the Penrose amendment providing that senators shall be apportioned according to the population of the several states. The vote on the Penrose amendment was unanimous. There was a general discussion of the merits of the house resolution and when the committee adjourned, it was with the understanding that a vote should be reached upon it as amended at the next regular meeting of the committee, which would be held on Tuesday of next week.

CONVENTION

Of Amalgamated Association Begins at Wheeling, W. Va.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 15.—The opening session of the Amalgamated Association convention was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning by President Theodore Shaffer in the Carrol club auditorium, with over 200 delegates in attendance. The address of welcome on behalf of the city was delivered by Mayor Andrew T. Sweeney and was responded to by President Shaffer and Assistant Secretary Tighe, the latter a Wheeling man.

The convention then went into executive session.

The wage committee is still in session. It is believed that the committee will report favorably on the recent agreements entered into with the American Tinplate, American Sheet Steel, American Steel Hoop and Republic Iron and Steel companies.

There is much interest in the presidency. Shaffer is an avowed candidate for re-election and Assistant Secretary Michael F. Tighe is being boomed by his admirers. Secretary John Williams will be re-elected without opposition, so far as can be seen today.

DEATHS FROM CHOLERA.

Manila, April 15.—The total number of cases of cholera reported in this city up to noon today is 275 and the total number of deaths from that disease in Manila is 215. In the provinces the aggregate is 495 cases and 315 deaths. There only has been two deaths from cholera today.

FOR McKINLEY FUND.

Paris, April 15.—The gala matinee performance of the Opera Comique today in aid of the fund for a memorial to the late President McKinley, at Canton, Ohio, was a great artistic and financial success.

WILHELMINA IS SICK.

The Hague, April 15.—The indisposition of Queen Wilhelmina, which, it was said yesterday, was due to a simple cold, is developing complications which caused the queen's mother to start today to visit her daughter at Castle Loo.

TRIAL OF HOWARD BEGINS.

Frankfort, Ky., April 15.—The trial of Bessie Howard, of Bell county, charged with being one of the five principals to the murder of William Goebel, was begun in the Franklin county circuit court this morning. Congressman David Colson is chief counsel for the defendant.

LOUBET SIGNS DECREE.

Paris, April 15.—A decree was signed by President Loubet today, providing for the participation of France at the St. Louis exposition and appointing M. Michel Lagrave commissioner general of the French section.

THREE ARE RETIRED.

Washington, April 15.—Brigadier Generals Isaac D. Russy, Andrew S. Burt and Michael V. Sheridan, recently appointed, were placed on the retired list today, on their own application, after forty years of service.

A New Departure.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway has recently put in service on its Pioneer Limited trains the largest and handsomest dining car ever built. It is eighty-two feet in length from tip to tip, and its body is six inches wider and higher than the usual dining car. It seats thirty-six people comfortably in movable chairs, and has a kitchen large enough to permit the working of six cooks, which with six waiters and a conductor make up the crew. The dining cars heretofore in service did not provide sufficient space to properly care for the large number of patrons of the Pioneer, so that it became necessary to have a larger car.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Jim Jennette and Mary Jennette.

Walter Bickford and Amanda Weiss, of Douglas county.

David Parsons and Fannie Lasander, of Douglas county.

BIRTHS.

GUSTAFSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Gustafson, 2205 West Fifth street.

PETERSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Peterson, 3618 West Second street.

HAUGARD—A daughter has been born to Mrs. Sadie Haugard, of 330 St. Croix avenue.

DEATHS.

LUTZ—Michael Lutz died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Barbara Hibbing, 1830 East Superior street, of erysipelas. Mr. Lutz was in the 71st year of his age and for the past fourteen years has lived in Duluth.

DZIMINSKI—August Dziminski died yesterday at his home, 811 East Fifth street. He was 73 years of age and for the past twenty-four years has been a resident of Duluth.

CANFIELD—Sarah Canfield, widow of the late Peter Canfield, died April 12, at her home, 616 Sixty-sixth avenue west. She is survived by three sons and three daughters.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

NOT STICKY, GREASY, GUMMY OR disagreeable, but perfuming, exquisitely dainty, describes Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

WANTED—SCRUB WOMAN FOR DAY work. Apply in morning. Manager, I. Fredmuth.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND HAND show case in one. Call 206 East Superior street. Eppling Osman.

WANTED-A YOUNG WOMAN FOR OUR music department; competent of playing some of the most difficult pieces as well as popular airs. Apply at once to superintendent. Panton & White company.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL. 1306 EAST Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1016 East First street.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS HARD wood finishers. Will pay 35 cents per hour to the men. Armour Packing company.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher; good chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, stating salary wanted and experience. Address S 86, Herald.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO. | A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

UNDERWEAR SALE
A. B. Siewert & Co

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY we shall continue to sell at our Half Price a splendid line of medium weight wool Underwear, regular price $1.50 per garment.

At Our Half Price—A fine line of light wool and balbriggan for summer. Also a splendid line of heavy weight woolens, regular $5.00, $6.00 and $6.50, all going at One Half Price. Remember Wednesday and Thursday only.

A. B. Siewert & Co.
304 West Superior Street.

Grand Opening Tonight
OF THE
NEW GYMNASIUM
AT KASSMIR S TURKISH BATH PARLORS.

Boxing, wrestling, tumbling and all kinds of gymnastic exercises.
Gymnasium in charge of a competent instructor.
You are invited to come in tonight and enjoy the fun—admission free.
Music by orchestra.

310 West Superior St. and 311 West Michigan St.
ZENITH 'PHONE 1337.

CLAIMED ON LOOKS

Louisiana Father Thinks He Has Found Lost Daughter.

Baby Two Years Old Cast Up By Gulf Waves.

Aged Negress Recognizes Her on New Orleans Street.

New Orleans, La., April 15.—Louis Terrebonne, of this city, is engaged in a legal battle with Mrs. Arthur Lee, of Plaquemine, La., for the possession of a girl, 11 or 12 years old, whom he claims as his daughter. The child is the adopted daughter of Mrs. Lee. Terrebonne has no evidence in support of his claim but a remarkable family resemblance, which even the most prejudiced conceded at a glance.

The story is the most remarkable ever told in fact or romance.

In 1893 a tornado and tidal wave swept over the gulf coast of Louisiana, killing and drowning 3200 persons. The heaviest loss of life was at the settlement of Chenier Carminada, on Barataria bay. Lafitte's old piratical resort, where 1200 persons were lost out of 1400 residents.

Among the sufferers was Louis Terrebonne, whose wife and four children were reported drowned, he alone escaping.

In 1899 it was reported to prominent white citizens of St. Bernard parish that a Filipino fisherman named Antonio, living in a solitary palmetto hut in the Lake Borgne swamp, had a little while girl 8 years old with him.

A party of white men visited Antonio and demanded the surrender of the girl. The Filipino unwillingly surrenered her, but the child did not want to leave him and had to be taken away forcibly.

Antonio explained how he had come into possession of the little girl. In September, 1893, he said, he was a fisherman in Barataria bay, near Chenier Carminada. His shack was completely destroyed by the tornado, but he himself escaped unhurt. The next day when the tidal wave had somewhat subsided, a piece of roof floated in near his refuge with a 2-year-old child, partly clad, asleep on it. The child was evidently one of the few who had escaped from the doomed settlement of Chenier Carminada.

He adopted the little girl, whom he called Antonia. She lived with him six years, and when he moved to the Lake Borgne fishing grounds she went with him.

Antonia was taken from her adopted father, crying, and turned over to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, being sent by them to their suburban house at Beauvoir, Jefferson Davis' old home.

A year ago Mrs. Arthur Lee, a well-to-do woman of Plaquemine, La., visited Beauvoir. She was attracted by a pretty little girl of 10, adopted her, and called her Victoria. The little girl responded to the love of her adopted mother, and the two were completely happy.

Mrs. Lee and Victoria came to New Orleans some time ago. An old negress, a family servant of Terrebonne, saw Victoria the other day. She ran at once to her former master, Terrebonne, who has never recovered from the loss of his family, and told him that she was satisfied that Victoria Lee was Marie Terrebonne, the baby supposed to be lost in the great storm, and whom she herself had nursed.

The resemblance of the child to the Terrebonne family was so striking no one could doubt it. Terrebonne saw the child and was also convinced.

The police were notified and the case came before the police court on Saturday in a fight over the possession of the little girl. There is no ornament, piece of clothing, or anything else to prove the child is Marie Terrebonne. Even the Filipino fisherman has disappeared. The claim of the father is supported only by the remarkable family resemblance, which cannot be disputed, but, on the other hand, there were more than 100 Terrebonnes, relatives of the claimant, drowned at Chenier Carminada. Mrs. Lee is fighting Terrebonne's claim vigorously.

PRINCESS GOES TO JAIL.

Cape Town, April 15.—Princess Radziwill, accused of forgery in connection with notes purporting to have been signed by the late Cecil Rhodes, was committed to jail today because of the withdrawal of her bondsmen from her bond. The trial of the princess is fixed to begin on Monday next.

ROBBED A FARMER.

Given One Year In Jail as Punishment.

Hudson, Wis., April 15.—Will Gunderson, of New Richmond, was sentenced by Judge Helms to the state penitentiary for a term of one year for robbing John Lind, a farmer of that vicinity. The prisoner is a son of the late Ole Gunderson, a Hudson pioneer. The mother and sister were in court at the time of the sentence and were deeply affected.

INCREASE OF PENSION

To Nels O. Roswold of Duluth Is Granted.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $8 per month has been granted to Nels O. Roswold, Duluth.

Susan Miller has been appointed postmistress at St. Joseph, Stearns county, vice F. E. Davis, resigned.

A patent for a buckle for tug straps has been issued to William H. Rose, of Bemidji.

WAS UNSUCCESSFUL.

Attempt to Rob Bank at Maiden Rock.

La Crosse, Wis., April 15.—A telegram received here this morning from Maiden Rock, Wis., eighty miles above here, says that burglars made an unsuccessful attempt to blow the bank there at 4 o'clock this morning. The explosion was so heavy that several buildings are reported to have been wrecked and the whole town awakened. The safe-blowers escaped on a handcar.

Fellow Citizens

We wish to call your attention, not to the Highland Power Co., but to the big dance that will be given in the Armory Thursday, April 17th. We ask no franchise, but will do all we can to make the evening a pleasant one for you. Tickets 75 cents per couple. Yours truly,
FIDELITY LODGE NO. 106, A. O. U. W.

FOR ALBERT LEA.

Andrew Carnegie Offers Library With Usual Conditions.

Albert Lea, Minn., April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Andrew Carnegie has just notified Clint L. Luce, president of the local library board, that he will give $12,000 for a library building here if the city guarantees $1200 per year for maintenance, and furnish a site. There is no question about the provisions being complied with. The city has a library of about 1500 volumes and about 400 per year are being added.

RECOVERED HER RING.

Mrs. McCormick Left It In New York Hotel.

New York, April 15.—Mrs. Robert S. McCormick, wife of the United States minister to Austria, recovered a valuable piece of jewelry by means of the Atlantic cable, says a Herald dispatch from London. Soon after reaching London from the United States Mrs. McCormick missed a beautiful emerald ring. Her maid did not remember putting the ring in with the other jewels at the New York hotel, and, on a venture, Mrs. McCormick decided to cable the hotel. To her great joy a reply was received in a few hours saying the ring had been found. The ring, it is said, cost more than $2500.

MINISTER SUICIDES

Because He Could Not Secure Large Congregations.

Lacona, Iowa, April 15.—Rev. Samuel Krell, pastor of the Methodist church here and who served two years in the Philippines as a private soldier in the Fifty-first Iowa volunteers, committed suicide here. He was despondent over his inability to secure a larger attendance to his church meetings.

IT WILL NOT LAST

Dr. Morgan Says Present Apathy of Churches Is Temporary.

Is Due to the Present Absorption In Material Affairs.

Opens Series of Meetings at First Methodist Church Today.

"This apathy in churches and among church members is, to my mind, merely temporary," said Rev. G. Campbell Morgan at the Spalding this morning.

Dr. Morgan arrived here from St. Paul on an early train. He is accompanied by Mrs. Morgan. The doctor opened a series of Bible study meetings at the First Methodist church this afternoon at 4 o'clock. He will continue them this evening and the rest of the week, lasting perhaps over next Monday.

The reports come from cities where he has spoken that he is the most striking and stirring figure that has appeared to incite interest in church work since the palmy days of Moody. Indeed, Dr. Morgan is said to have a personality and methods in his work that are distinctly his own and quite apart in character from those of any man that has heretofore spoken in this interest in this country.

In appearance he is peculiarly striking. He is tall, spare, angular—a man that attracts the attention of people as he passes. He impresses one as a man possessing the most intense earnestness, a speaker capable of springing on his audiences great surprises in methods and manner, possibly surprising himself as well. He is very alert, soulful and just a trifle strenuous in a cultured way. In conversation, even, he convinces one that he has the power to command attention by his intense earnestness and magnetism as few public speakers have.

"I haven't come to Duluth in an evangelistic way," said Dr. Morgan, when asked for an explanation of the nature of his work. "I have been coming to America every summer for the past six years and spending the season in behalf of the Northfield extension movement. This branch of this work in which I am interested is quite distinct from evangelistic work. Evangelists aim to reach those people who are not in the church. I seek to reach the churches themselves and church people. My mission is to promote the Bible study movement. I hope to revive and incite the interest of the churches and their members in the work to which they are consecrated.

"As to the oft-mooted question of whether the world is growing worse, as a consequence of the apathy of church members and church-goers, I regard this as merely a temporary phase of the matter. I think it is due to the present absorption in material affairs due to the great prosperity and commercial and industrial activity that are going on. I have faith that there will be a change in this regard within a few years. At the bottom I believe that the church, speaking in the most catholic sense, is holding its own in the world.

"In England I think churches of other denominations are holding their own as compared with the Church of England. The very notable feature of church development in that country is the exceedingly rapid growth of the ritualistic idea and of the high church faction in the Church of England."

Dr. Morgan, before he became interested in the Moody or Northfield extension movement, was pastor of a Congregational church in London. It is said that it was through Mr. Moody that he became interested in this work.

He is intensely English at the bottom in his characteristics, and yet it is an Englishman wholly dissimilar from the commonly accepted type in the country. There isn't a lethargic or stolocal characteristic or indication in his manner. On the other hand, he has seemingly what, if it had been directed along those lines, some people would call an artistic temperament. The intellectual and spiritual possess and dominate him. He has spoken to great audiences in St. Louis and St. Paul, and thus far Duluth is the smallest city he has visited. St. Louis especially is said to have become well nigh possessed over his work.

"How do I find the people of the South compared with those of the Northwest?" repeated Dr. Morgan. "Well, you must bear in mind that I have spoken only in St. Louis and St. Paul. But my impression is that the people of the South are more emotional—quicker to reach and more impulsive in their thoughts. The people of the Northwest seem colder at first. They are harder to get in touch with, and more critical. Reason seems to have emotion pretty well in hand. But I don't mean to say that because they are less responsive at first, that they are so throughout. I would rather have them more critical. It means that they not only want to feel these things, but that they want to know them and to know why. That is the kind of conviction that is likely to be lasting."

TO PROTECT THEIR STREAM

Object of the Woodland Fishing Association.

Some of the Woodland residents who are interested in the Woodland Fishing club, a corporation controlled by resident property owners of that portion of the city, take exception to the impression that has been given that the club has been formed to sell fishing rights to others at a certain price. They say the club is comprised of those who are determined to control the fishing rights of the streams running through their properties; that they intend to stock the streams, preserve the fish and give fishing rights to only the people owning land in Woodland. It is claimed that the streams there are small and that there has been too much fishing done in them by the general public. The claim is also made that fish, smaller than the law designates can be caught, are taken out in large numbers during the fishing season every year.

DUTY REMOVED.

Managua, Nick., April 15—Owing to the scarcity of provisions on the Atlantic coast of Nicaragua, President Zelaya has issued a decree providing for the admission, free of duty, in that section of the country, of flour, wheat, beans, rice and lard.

LAUGH IS ON MORRIS

Beet Sugar Refiners Oppose His Cuban Bill Amendment.

Declare That It Would Ruin Beet Sugar Industry.

Repudiated By People For Whom He Was Acting.

Washington, April 15.—An unexpected development has come to confront the beet sugar men who have been most determined to oppose the administration policy in regard to Cuba. They had quite prepared themselves to support the proposition made by Mr. Morris, of Duluth, to take off the differential in favor of refined sugar. Mr. Morris figured out that if the protection on refined sugar was wiped out it would tend to destroy the sugar trust, which has been the principal competitor of the beet sugar factories. The warmest friends of beet sugar in the house determined to support the Morris amendment abolishing the added protection on refined sugar, and in this city they expected to have the nearly unanimous support of the Democrats.

The Morris amendment was laughed at by the old heads in the ways and means committee, who asserted it was intrinsically absurd and that if adopted it would destroy the entire sugar industry of the United States, both cane and beet, raw and refined. Now Mr. Morris and his adherents have been rudely shocked by the receipt of letters and telegrams from the beet sugar refiners themselves. They declare the ways and means experts were entirely right and that if the tariff on refined sugar is abandoned and a flat rate substituted for both raw and refined the result will merely be that the sugar beet countries of Europe will flood this country with refined sugar.

This will destroy the sugar trust, of course, but it would also destroy the beet sugar men even more effectually. Many of the beet sugar men are now refining their product, and they, of course, will be instantly wiped out. The others produced raw sugar, but if the sugar refineries of the trust were wiped out they would have no market at all for their products.

The beet sugar men in the house are now, therefore, confronted with the fact that Mr. Morris' resolution is being openly and vehemently repudiated by the people for whom he thought he was acting. The beet sugar men, as was anticipated, have lost ground as a result of the unrestricted debate, and the house leaders are now anticipating that they can reach a vote by the end of this week. It is hoped that the Cuban reciprocity measure will get through the senate and be signed by the president before May 20, which is the date fixed for the inauguration of the new Cuban republic.

AT SUPERIOR.

Last Fall's Assessment Is Claimed to Be Illegal.

The Land & River company of West Superior, which has so persistently refused since last fall to pay its taxes, has caused no small sensation by filing papers in the United States circuit court, before Judge Bunn, for a suit that explains the reasons that the company had for refusing to pay.

The refusal of the company to pay its taxes has been turned into political capital and one of the planks of Mayor Parker's platform in the last campaign was a declaration that the land companies should be compelled to pay their taxes as well as the small property owners.

The time limit in the delinquency of taxes has been reached and as the taxes have now been placed on the delinquent roll, the company asks that the county be enjoined from putting its property on the delinquent roll and selling it for non-payment of taxes.

The complaint alleges that the assessment of the city last fall is void; that property was not assessed at its full valuation; that part of the work of the assessors was delegated to persons that had no right to do such work; that all property was not assessed; that the board of education had no right to levy for school buildings; that the board of review acted unjustly and arbitrarily in some cases.

For these reasons the land company demands an entire reassessment of the city, to be ordered by the court, that the $40,000 building levy of the board of education be set aside.

The land company asserts that the assessment was all wrong and in detail states that the assessors gave part of their work to their friends to do; that certain properties such as saloon fixtures, horses, bicycles, etc., were not assessed and that the board of review refused to change assessments on certain pieces of property where there was sworn evidence that the assessment was wrong.

Attorney T. L. McIntosh, in the game of a West Superior realty and investment company, has brought action before Judge Vinje to compel the county clerk of Douglas county to bring into court the proceedings of the last county board meeting. The plaintiff will ask that certain resolutions relating to tax settlements be declared void on the ground that the board has not the right to compromise taxes of 1901, but that the right is vested in the county treasurer, the county clerk and district attorney.

The injunction case brought by the Peyton, Kimball & Barber Lumber company to restrain the city from placing the company's property on the delinquent tax roll, is being argued before Judge Vinje. The lumber company claimed an exorbitant tax. City Engineer Banks testified yesterday that the board of assessors have reduced all Superior bay front property to $700 per acre and that as most of the lumber company's property was assessed at $1400 per acre, and he had divided it by two. The error of the board is said to lie in the fact that some of the dock property had been assessed at $3500 per acre and this was divided in the same way.

Duluth's Greatest Daylight Store. | Freimuth's | Silk Headquarters at Head of Lakes.

LADIES' STYLISH HATS
TWO SPECIAL ITEMS.

$4.50—Tailor-made Hats of pretty soft braids—walking or fancy shapes—in all plain colors and two-toned effects—handsomely trimmed with wings, quills and buckles—charming suit hats—Anniversary Sale price $4.50.

$2.38—Misses' Hats of Jap braid—becomingly trimmed with quills and velvet binding in scarlet, brown and blue. Splendid for school and general wear—Anniversary Sale price $2.38.

Table Linens.
Priced extremely low for this sale.

$1.00—for Table Damask — sold everywhere for $1.35 or $1.50—72-inch all bleached Damask—of pure Irish linen, made by Wm. Liddell & Co., Belfast, Ireland, designs exclusive. This is the best cloth ever sold for the price, and is worth $1.35—Anniversary Sale price, per yard $1.00.
5-8 Napkins to match, per dozen ---------- $2.25
3-4 Napkins to match, per dozen ---------- $2.95

$1.48—for a $2 Damask—72-inch extra fine bleached satin table damask—beautiful weave and finish—artistic designs; made by Liddell & Co., and very low at $2—at $1.48.
5-8 Napkins to match, per dozen ---------- $3.25
3-4 Napkins to match, per dozen ---------- $4.25

CURTAINS At Special Prices.
The Anniversary Sale goes on—goods keep moving off the shelves, and bargains are better each day. Curtains contribute their share to the great sale—qualities are the best, as you know, and prices are cut to keep company with other departments. These specials:

$4.75—Irish Point Lace Curtains; very pretty designs, good value at $6.50—at $4.75.

$7.75—Brussels Lace Curtains—beautiful effects, usually sold for $10; sale price $7.75.

$3.50—Handsome Portiers, fringed top and bottom—large assortment of colors and patterns—excellent quality for $5—sale price $3.50.

Anniversary Sale Prices on Houseware.
Visit our great daylight basement—it is overflowing with unprecedented bargains—these are just samples—

½ qt Enameled Milk Pans ---- 12c
1½ qt Enameled Milk Pans ---- 15c
No. 8o Enameled Tea Kettles 98c
9-inch Enameled Pie Pan ---- 10c
20c Enameled Soap Dish ---- 10c
16c Enameled Basting Spoon ---- 10c

4-pint Tea and Coffee Pots—nickel plated—copper bottom—worth 98c, at 73c

14-inch heavy nickel plated embossed Trays—worth 75c—at, each ---------- 48c

Asbestos Sad Irons—the best irons made—worth $2.00 per set—at ---------- $1.48

Sad Iron Handles—each ---------- 5c

House and Floor Paints, Varnishes and Enamels; also Paint Brushes at special prices.

House and Floor Paints—per gallon ---------- $1.10

Brushes at half price—5c, 10c, 15c and 25c.

High grade nickel plated Tea Kettles—worth $1.35—at each ---------- 98c

Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons, worth $1.00—Anniversary sale price, at per set ---------- 69c

AT WEST DULUTH

Street railway service is again being seriously discussed by West Duluthians. The discussion has been started over the proposition made by a large number of the residents of this part of the city living toward and along the hill for a hillside line in a loop system instead of the West Third street extension that the court has ordered the company to build next fall. The new proposition was briefly mentioned in The Herald yesterday. Since that time there has been so much misunderstanding aroused over the proposed plan of service that certain West Duluth citizens have given their opinion either in favor, or in opposition to a plan that is not at all intended. The original plan thought of for a hillside service was a loop line beginning with the West Third street line at Fortieth avenue west, running north on Fortieth avenue west to Norton avenue and west to Fifty-ninth avenue, southward until it finally connected with the old West Duluth line on Raleigh street. It is not, however, the idea of service now advocated. The old plan was so plainly faulty that even the persons who believed in it at first turned it down later as wholly impracticable. It is said that this is the proposition to which some of the West Duluthians have already expressed publicly their disapprobation.

The real plan on which the hillside residents are now working does not contemplate a West Third street extension at all, in fact the citizens hold that they do not want two street car lines to West Duluth for it will mean that the number of cars on the old line will be decreased. The proposition calls for a loop branching off from the old line at Central avenue and Ramsey street, running north on Central avenue to Norton avenue, on Norton avenue in a westerly direction to about Sixty-third avenue west and then down on Grand avenue, and eastward to Central avenue again.

This plan might be subject to some slight changes, but it is, in main, the route considered. It was over this route that the street railway officials walked Sunday, and it is said they intimated that the proposition was the most practicable street railway improvement that West Duluthians have yet suggested. The advocates of the plan claim that by this loop 500 residents of West Duluth could be accomodated with street railway service to less than 100 residents by the proposed Grand avenue extension line to Sixty-third avenue west.

Another reason set forth for the proposed loop service is the impetus that it would give to the building operations along the hillside.

There will doubtless be many objections raised to this loop plan by those residents that have their hearts set on two street railway lines to West Duluth, a service that will be installed by the extension of the West Third street line in accordance with the orders of the court, but it is in justice to the people who have figured out the new route that it should be set before the public in the right light, then the opposition, if there is any, will know definitely what to object to.

The whole matter will have to be brought up before the city council if any change is to be made in the way of substituting a loop system to the old line, instead of building an extension to the West Third street line.

The advocates of the loop system claim that with two lines of West Duluth the best people could hope for would be a twenty-minute service on each line, while the plans for the loop system contemplate the sending of every alternate car around the loop while the others would go on over the old line to Raleigh street. This, they claim, would give a ten-minute service to the principal business street of West Duluth and a twenty-minute service to the resident portion of West Duluth and that portion now reached by the line on Raleigh street.

BURKE-MANLEY.

Miss Bessie Manley and James Burke, both well known young people of this part of the city, were united in marriage at the St. James church this morning. The ceremony was performed by Rev. James Feeheley in the presence of the intimate friends of the young couple. After the ceremony the wedding party drove to the White Star restaurant, where the wedding breakfast was served and later the bridal couple drove to Duluth to reach the train. After their return from the wedding trip, Mr. and Mrs. Bunk will be at home in West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The plans for the new church of the St. James parish are ready for the contractors and bids are being advertised. The bids will be called for on the excavating and foundation until 2 o'clock in the afternoon of April 19.

The scarcity of desirable houses in West Duluth was demonstrated yesterday when a family that has recently moved here from McGregor, Minn., stated that they looking for a home, finally locating in the Merrill & Ring row.

The West Duluth Brewers' ball team defeated a picked nine managed by Joseph Dechambeau, Sunday, by a score of 33 to 10. The brewers express anxiety to get a game with the Black Diamonds, but claim that the latter team is backward this year in accepting challenges.

The funeral of George Penhale, the longshoreman, will be held under the auspices of the local union, tomorrow afternoon. The West Duluth band will attend and dirges will be played along the line of march. The funeral cortege will leave the late residence of the decedent at 1:30 o'clock. The services at the Asbury M. E. church will begin at 2 o'clock.

Thomas Doray has returned to Longyear lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Como have removed from Fifty-eighth avenue west to Twelfth avenue west and Superior street.

William Spencer, proprietor of the Central Drug store, left this morning for a two weeks' business trip to Texarkanna, Texas.

The Mitchell & McClure mill started up this morning with full crews for day and night runs.

Alderman Barnes' resolution for new walks on Central avenue, between Main and Cody streets, was passed last evening by the council. The resolution did not specify the width of the walks and West Duluthians will have an opportunity of arguing the matter with the board of public works.

Miss Mabel Sheridan, of the Longfellow school, has returned from a visit at Winnebago City, Minn.

Miss Eliza Remfrey has returned from a visit at McKinley, Minn.

Arthur Young, who returned yesterday from his first trip on the road in the interest of the Remington typewriter, was tendered a surprise party by a number of his friends last evening.

It is expected that the new club rooms of the Commercial club will be ready for the directors' meeting Thursday evening of this week.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Did You Ever Tumble!
to the fact that we carry the best line of bicycles in the city. Our Crescent line at $25.00 and $35.00 will suit any one desiring a first class bicycle at the right price.
Our Tribune bicycles are the favorite wheel for the boys that like to speed. They are $40.00 and $50.00. A few bargains in second hand bicycles.
WIELAND & WADE,
Crescent and Tribune Bicycles.
Duluth Store—110 West First Street
West Duluth Store—119 Central Avenue.

RECIPROCITY

One of Chief Topics In President Search's Report.

Indianapolis, April 15.—The seventh annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers was called to order at 10:30 this morning in the hall of representatives, state house, by D. M. Parry, of Indianapolis. W. H. Hart, state auditor, welcomed the delegates in behalf of the state, Governor Durbin being now engaged in a prison investigation at Michigan City. The welcome from the city of Indianapolis was extended by Mayor Charles A. Bookwalter.

The large delegation from the Eastern states arrived this morning. In this party were Charles A. Schieren of New York, treasurer, and Edward H. Sanborn, of Philadelphia, general manager. The Toledo delegation already here will be reinforced tomorrow by Mayor Jones and several other business men bent on taking the nebt national convention to Toledo. So far it is Toledo against New Orleans for the next convention.

After welcome and responsive addresses were concluded, President Theodore C. Search, of Philadelphia, read his annual report.

In his report, President Search called attention to the declining exports of American manufactured products, and urged manufacturers not to neglect their foreign customers in this era of extraordinary home demand, lest in times of depression they should find their foreign trade destroyed and no export outlets for the surplus of an overstocked home market.

Reciprocity formed one of the chief topics of the report, and the work of the national reciprocity convention, which was held in Washington last November under the auspices of the association, was reviewed at length. Mr. Search maintained that the Washington convention was thoroughly representative of the manufacturing interests of the country, and its action indicative of the true sentiments of the manufacturers concerning reciprocity. Assuming the doubtful chances of any action on the pending treaties of reciprocity with France and Argentina, he declared that further development of the reciprocal trade idea depended upon the possibilities of special legislation like that for which the proposed concession to Cuba affords a precedent.

BURNS FAVORS IT.

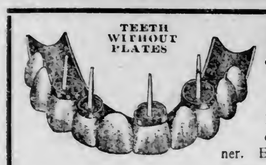
Colorado Springs, Col., April 15.—Thomas Burns, owner of the Colorado Springs Baseball club, favors a board of control for handling the affairs of the Western league, similar to that of the National league. He says he will contend for the adoption of the new rule at the coming Kansas City meeting.

The only Northwesterner

who does not appreciate
The Lampher Hat
It is just right in style and quality
ASK YOUR DEALER.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed from carefully selected barley and hops — never permitted to leave the brewery until properly aged.



JOHNSON & KAAKE
DENTISTS.

Our offices are equipped with all the latest electrical appliances for performing operations in a speedy and painless manner. Examination free and all work guaranteed.

Gold Crown (best quality)-------$7.00 | Gold Fillings, up from------$1.50
Porcelain Fillings---------75c | Silver Filling, up from---------75c

MESABA BLOCK, 409-11 West Superior Street, DULUTH. OPEN SUNDAYS, 10 to 12. ZENITH PHONE, 168.

LET US SAVE YOU MONEY!

On Motors, Dynamos, Engines, Wiring, Lamps, Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures and Electric Repairing.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED. **J. H. McLaughlin & Co.**

Zenith Phone 753 Bell 630-4 Electrical Contractors, Room F Palladio Bldg.

WALL PAPER SALE IS NOW ON IN FULL BLAST

SUTTON'S. 14 West Superior Street.

We have it The size, color, shape and very latest up-to-date **Stationery**

TO SEE IT IS TO BUY IT!

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

Oil, Copper and Iron Stock

Certificates. We make them.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.

Old Phone 166-5. Zenith Phone 336. Moved to Providence Bldg.

I WANT TO SEE

those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

IS BEGGING.

Lending Capital Is Not Easy to Place at Present Time.

Local loan agents complain that lending capital is going begging for a place to rest where it may earn a little income. It had been expected by loan brokers here that there would be much more house building this season than has as yet been entered upon. Consequently, the demand for money as a result of improvements has not met their expectations.

"There seems to be plenty of demand for very small loans," said one agent today. "We find plenty of opportunities to place amounts like $100 or $200. But that isn't what we want. As a general thing our clients who have money that they would like to be earning something, instead of lying idle in the bank, do not care to split up into such small amounts.

"As an instance of this, I may note one man brought in $5,000 that he wanted to invest in a loan security. We kept it here a couple of weeks, and finally returned it to the owner. We had had no call for such an amount. The only applications we had received were for the small sums referred to.

"The only conclusion to be derived from the situation is that there are a great many more people who have a little spare cash to lend than there are people that legitimately need to borrow it. The people, who under stress of building, would a few years ago need a little help now are in a position to lend a helping hand to somebody else. They may not possess great riches, but they have a nice little surplus sum laid by. While this isn't particularly cheering for loan brokers it is encouraging as representing a thoroughly hopeful and healthful pecuniary condition among the people of Duluth."

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

READ AND AMSBARY.

Large Audience Hears Them With Delight.

Opie Read, the novelist, and Wallace Bruce Amsbary, the poet and humorist, proved to be strong attractions at the Methodist Episcopal church last evening and a large audience listened delightedly for about two hours to the Southern stories of the big genial novelist and the humorous sketches of Mr. Amsbary.

"Big Bill and Little Bill," a character sketch from the Mississippi river bottoms, was Mr. Read's first selection, and the poker game played by these characters, resulting in Little Bill winning a wife, his subsequent troubles and accusation that Big Bill stacked the cards, was entertainingly told. This sketch was followed by another in a light vein showing a bit of negro philosophy. One of Mr. Read's selections entitled "He was a Bronson," was a thrilling story of a bitter Kentucky feud, which ended happily in a love story. Mr. Read lived for years among the Kentuckians and understanding so well their moods his story was graphically told. Another humorous sketch, "Shooting Out the Moon," was a laughter producer. One of Mr. Read's selections intensely characteristic of the "cracker," one of the typical Southern individuals, was entitled "Paying His Fare." The novelist's inimitable manner of telling the story and illustrating the actions of the old "cracker," who beat the railway company out of a fare, was one of the best features of the evening's entertainment.

Wallace Bruce Amsbary proved an entertainer of the highest class. He has a voice well bearing entirely in keeping with his humorous sketches, and ably demonstrated his ability along dramatic lines. Mr. Amsbary's first selections were dialect stories, "Me and Mary," a pleasing story of the romance of a farmer boy told in the latter's own way, called for another and he responded with "Awaiting for the Cork ter Bob." Mr. Amsbary resided for some time in Kankakee county, Illinois, in a section largely settled by the French and he told several French dialect stories of noted characters of that part of the country. His dramatic selection was "The Middle Division," a powerful story of Western railroad life, graphically told.

She was sitting up with a sick man,
No professional nurse was she,
Simply sitting up with her love-sick lover,
Giving him Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

TOO COSTLY.

Member of Library Board Comments on West End Branch.

There will be a public meeting of the residents of the West End at Sloan hall tonight to protest against the closing of the West End branch of the public library.

This is not a new thing, as from time to time the library board has threatened to close up the West End branch, and the West End people have held indignation meetings and had the plan nipped in the bud.

This time something different must be done, however, for instead of threatening the board went ahead and did it. At the last meeting the board quietly took action toward closing the West End branch. The assistant in charge there was transferred to West Duluth, and the books were ordered in. Before the next meeting of the board the orders issued at the last meeting will be put into effect, and the West End branch wiped out of existence.

There will be a vigorous protest from the West End people, and it was with the knowledge that this would follow that the board did its work quietly, desiring to have it all over before the West End people were aware of the plan.

It leaked out, however, through the report that books were being called in, and the meeting that was called for tonight was the result of the discovery.

A West End man who was one of those to call the meeting said that the West End branch was doing well, and that it was visited daily by forty or fifty people, and its books had a circulation of about that many each day. He thought the branch should stay there.

A member of the library board thought differently.

"There is no more reason why there should be a library branch at the West End than at the East End. If the West End is entitled to a branch so is the East End, and certainly Lakeside and Lester Park are in line. The circulation of books at the West End costs over 20 cents per volume. It is practically all fiction, and this is too expensive a luxury when there are so many calls upon the board's funds. The West Duluth branch is different, for West Duluth is too far from the main library. That will be extended and maintained."

The West Duluth branch will be given quarters in the Wieland block, large, light and airy, and it will have two attendants and will be open all day and evenings, during the same hours as the uptown library.

WAS NEAR DEFEAT

The Highland Ordinance Would Have Lost If Pushed to Vote.

Jaques, Brigham, Davies and Others Against Lighting Franchise.

Definite Action Was Finally Postponed to Wednesday Evening.

The council last night:

Considered Highland Canal & Power company's franchise and delayed action to Wednesday evening.

Considered an ordinance extending cement walk district.

Considered a special police appropriation for Woodland.

Considered additional appropriation for Woodland.

Ordered Zenith company to install public 'phones at Fond du Lac.

Considered proposed water and gas service extensions.

Considered two new ordinances on police regulations.

Authorized the mayor to appoint ten park policemen.

Ordered sidewalks built on Central avenue, West Duluth.

Authorized right of way negotiations for Jenswold street cut.

Requested water department to open up public fountains.

Approved recent disputed hose contract award by fire commissioners.

Once more the granting of the Highland Canal & Power company's franchise has been delayed. This time it has gone over to Wednesday evening and it is likely that the council will reach a vote on the ordinance then.

Had the franchise been forced to a vote last evening it would have been defeated unless two aldermen changed their position and they gave no evidence of a change of heart. Two votes were taken which indicated the standing of the council. This showed that those who favored granting the franchise with the right to do commercial lighting, surrounded with the restrictions that had been placed upon it, numbered nine and were:

Aldermen:

Moore,	Cullum,
Krumseig,	Neff,
Trevillion,	Wing,
Schaffer,	Haven.
Barnes,	

Those opposed to granting a lighting franchise numbered seven and were:

Aldermen:

Tischer,	Mannheim,
Teasman,	McEwen,
Olson,	Swenson.
Kern.	

While the majority was in favor of granting the franchise the number required to pass an ordinance of this kind is eleven votes. The opposition therefore had seven votes to spare.

When the ordinance granting the franchise was reached in the general order of business, Alderman Mannheim offered a substitute. This was in exactly the same form as the other except that it gave no right to do commercial lighting and also provided that the city should receive power for any legal use it might have for 75 per cent of the rates charged other consumers.

The meeting was then thrown open to public discussion.

Alfred Jaques was the first speaker and he made a lengthy argument on municipal ownership and against the granting of the lighting franchise. He said that a large body of public opinion had found no expression at the former meetings. The feeling toward the company is very friendly and there will be no opposition to a franchise for the furnishing of power which was the original purpose of the company, announced to the people. There are a large number of people opposed to going any further. When the ordinance was originally introduced it was not intended to give a lighting franchise. Now there is a new ordinance, a double barreled one, proposing to turn over a new public service or monopoly. Nothing was said at the public meeting held a short time ago as to a lighting franchise. If the original franchise gave one, it was drafted with such skill as to effectually conceal it. "We are opposed to granting another monopoly and we maintain that we occupy the only clear and logical position." He said that a great many people still think it is only intended to grant a power franchise. It is difficult, he said, to see how those who have advocated municipal ownership can explain their course in proposing to give away another public service monopoly. He asserted that the reasons given for granting this lighting franchise are not reasonable. They want to fix the bankers. He did not think the city should desire to loan itself and its credit to any proposition that needed such support to carry it out. He wanted a proposition that would command itself and would not need to be bolstered up in that way.

He argued that the provision giving the city the right to buy back the lighting privilege should not appeal to any one who remembered the experience the city had in buying back the franchise of the Duluth Gas and Water company. To buy it back there must be two-third vote in its favor in the council and a four-sevenths vote for it at the polls. It would be very easy for this company to defeat purchase if it so desired. He desired, too, to see chances for corrupt influences kept out of the city council and he found in this possibilities for the entrance of influences that it is very desirable to keep out of city politics.

In conclusion he urged against granting a lighting franchise on such frivolous grounds as had been represented.

L. C. Harris made a vigorous plea for the encouragement of the company in its enterprise. He said that he appeared as a volunteer, in his capacity as a private citizen interested in the welfare of the city, and not as an attorney. He has never been in any way interested in the Highland Canal and Power company and had never been consulted in any way with reference to it. He believed this to be one of the most important questions that had ever come before the council.

"It is not a figure of speech when I say that you hold the destiny of the city of Duluth in your hands. On your action may depend whether Duluth is to continue as a way station or whether it is to advance toward that position which we all believe it ought to occupy."

Mr. Jaques: "Is any one objecting to giving a power franchise?"

"No, but you are seeking to make the contract for them, to tell them what they can and ought to do, while they are furnishing the money and the brains to do it. The whole opposition is based on the assumption that the city is going to get the benefit of this power enterprise whether it gives anything or not. I would not grant the lighting franchise, of course, if it is not necessary. There are two sides to every question and both are trying to get the best they can, and I believe that is proper in a fair way. Power is a basis for lighting and the question which the company has before it is how much of your power will be used after you have developed it? A lighting franchise is a direct contract for power and adds to the financial strength of the proposition."

At this point a rapid-fire battery of questions was opened by John E. Davies and John H. Brigham. They were shot one after another before there was time to answer and for a moment both gentlemen were talking at once. Mr. Harris finally suggested that they take the floor when he got through. The point of their questions was, why should it make any difference to the bankers whether the company furnished the power to the present company or the city to do the lighting, or whether it did the lighting itself, so long as the company was furnishing the power to do it?

Mr. Harris responded that contracts for power are necessary and that the company must have them to present.

Continuing he remarked: "The great trouble with Duluth is that there are a lot of moss backs and pin heads to be found opposing every enterprise that tends to the upbuilding of Duluth."

W. C. Sherwood bounded to his feet at this and advancing to Mr. Harris shook his fist in his face. "You call us pin heads and moss backs," said he. "Didn't the gas and water company spend $60,000 to carry elections and were not the big men of the city on their side. And was it not the laboring people of the city that defeated them?"

After some words along this line, Mr. Harris continued, saying: "For years we have been hugging ourselves with the delusion that we are to be great in spite of ourselves; that nature intended a great city to be here at the head of the lakes. But I tell you that nature has got to have some help from us. We have got to have manufactures and what is necessary to get manufactures? Power, and here is a company proposing to come in and furnish us an unlimited quantity of cheap power.

"Gentlemen, I tell you this is no time for bickering. This thing may come anyhow, but we cannot afford to take any chances. It is not a narrow-minded project but appeals to everyone."

Mr. Harris said he claimed to be as consistent an advocate of municipal ownership as anyone and had stood shoulder to shoulder with the people of the city in the fights for municipal ownership in the past. He brought up the matter of the Zenith Telephone franchise and the situation with reference to that was exactly as this is now. The city was not ready to go into the telephone business and allowed this company to come here and furnish it with something it wanted at cheap rates, with the right to buy it out when the people so desired. That is the precise situation here. The city is not ready to go into the lighting business yet, but will allow this company to do so at cheap rates and with the privilege of buying it out. There is absolutely nothing in the franchise that prevents the city from going into the lighting business at any time it wishes to.

"Mr. Jacques has talked a good deal here about having two electric lighting monopolies. The very statement contradicts itself. There cannot be but one monopoly and if there are two lighting companies the monopoly is gone.

"I do not impugn the motives of these gentlemen who are opposing this, but I do indict their judgment. And when they say that the people are against it, I reply that they get their ear to a different ground than I. If it goes to a vote I predict that it will carry by three or four to one."

Alderman Moore introduced an ordinance extending the limits in which it is prohibited to build wooden sidewalks. If the ordinance passes as it probably will, the cement walk districts will be extended on Superior street from Twenty-third to Twenty-fourth avenues east; on First street from Twenty-first to Twenty-fifth avenues east; on Second street between Tenth and Twenty-first avenues east; on Third street between Tenth and Sixteenth avenues east; on London road from Eighth to Sixteenth avenues east; and on Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east below Fourth street.

Mr. Moore's ordinance does not mean that all wooden walks will have to be replaced with cement walks in this district, but when the present wooden walks are worn out they cannot be rebuilt.

The cement walks have a very long life, if properly put down while the wooden walks are good, but for three or four years at best. This season wooden walks are 10 per cent higher than last season, while cement walks are 15 per cent lower. The firm of Thompson & Dunlop was awarded the contract for building the city's cement walks during the coming season. The bid of this firm was 14½ cents per square foot.

• • •

The department of public works ordered in about 10,600 feet of new sidewalk which the council will probably confirm next week. The aldermen passed a resolution instructing the department of public works to see that all walks were brought up to grade. This refers more particularly to the Superior street business district.

The sidewalk question is one of the most difficult with which the city has to deal. President Wilson, of the board of public works called the council's attention to the fact that in the list of new sidewalks contemplated for the coming season, about 7000 feet was in front of railroad property.

Owing to that much discussed gross earnings tax law which compels railroads to pay their taxes into the state and exempting them from local taxation, the city will have to pay out $1000 for benefits that accrue strictly to the railroad property.

Last year the city paid out not less than $10,000 for benefits to property owned by railroads.

• • •

The people of Woodland requested the council to appropriate $100 to pay for a special policeman in that suburb during the summer months. Last year the city made a like appropriation and the Woodland residents doubled the amount thereby engaging a special policeman to look after the pretty suburb and keep cattle and horses out of the gardens.

The administration plans to give the suburbs four mounted police during the coming summer and it was generally understood that Woodland would have the exclusive service of one of these.

• • •

Fond du Lac citizens presented a strong petition to have the council use its good offices in having the Zenith Telephone company install a public 'phone in that suburb. A resolution, by Alderman Swenson, of Eighth ward, calling on the Zenith company to install a public service at Fond du Lac, was adopted unanimously.

• • •

The board of water and light commissioners submitted to the council a list of proposed water and gas main extensions, exclusive of the big Woodland extension.

The board has ordered a 12-inch water main and a 6-inch gas main in East Second street from Thirteenth to Fourteenth avenues at an estimated cost of $1,211.60.

Jefferson street is to have a 6-inch water pipe and a 4-inch gas pipe between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues east. It will cost about $700.

The people living on Nineteenth avenue east between London road and South street, have asked for a water and gas service at a cost of about $550.

Still another improvement contemplated is the building of water and gas mains on Twenty-third avenue west from Third to Fourth streets and then east on Fourth street to Twenty-second avenue west. The estimate cost is $1238.

On Seventeenth avenue east between London road and South street, the water and gas service will probably be installed at a cost of $550.

Down in Helm's addition prosperity has shown up strogly during the past year and certain property owners in that part of the West End have asked for water and gas service on Twenty-seventh avenue west from Helm to Railroad streets and east on Railroad street to Twenty-sixth avenue. The estimated cost is $644.

Another improvement which is considered important is the extension of the water and gas service on West Third street from Twenty-eighth avenue to the Bryant school. This extension would cost at least $747.

The big building movement on First street during the coming season, makes it necessary to replace the old kalomine pipes between Fourth and Fifth avenues west at an estimated cost of $1241.

People living on East First street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues have asked for water and gas service at an estimated cost of $700.

There was no disposition on the part of the council to hold up any of these improvements, but owing to the fact that there were hydrants specified in a number of instances, the approval of the aldermen was withheld for a week.

• • •

The resolution of Alderman Kern of the Eighth ward, calling for an additional appropriation of $1000 for the construction of the New Duluth-Fond du Lac road was referred to the committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, at the request of Alderman Moore of the First ward.

Mr. Kern spoke strongly against the reference, saying that the improvement should be finished as a flood or even a forest fire through the district in which the road is now partially built would necessitate its rebuilding. Alderman Swenson joined his colleague from the Eighth in a strong argument to have the appropriation made, saying that the present road was extremely dangerous. Charles Gasper, of Fond du Lac, also spoke briefly in favor of the appropriation.

The aldermen, however, are very careful about making appropriations from the general fund and Mr. Moore's motion carried.

• • •

Two new ordinances were introduced, referring strictly to police regulations. One was for the purpose of prohibiting improper houses. The penalty for keeping such a place was fixed at a fine of from $25 to $100 or not more than ninety days' imprisonment. If the ordinance is adopted the penalty for residing in such a place would be fines of from $5 to $25 or not more than thirty days in jail. Persons renting houses for such a purpose would be liable to a fine of from $50 to $100 or not more than ninety days in jail.

The second ordinance gives a more strict definition of vagrancy and simply aids the police in prosecuting this class of individuals.

By resolution the mayor was given authority to appoint ten park policemen for duty in the various parks during the coming summer. These policemen will also have the powers of pound masters.

• • •

Alderman Barnes of the Seventh ward secured the adoption of a resolution calling on the city attorney and the city engineer to enter into negotiations with the Northern Pacific Railway company and the Duluth Transfer Railway company for the purpose of securing a right-of-way under their tracks at Jenswold street. This is necessary in order to carry through the proposed open cut to furnish rapid transit facilities for West Duluth.

• • •

Mr. aBrnes was the author of another resolution which was adopted unanimously, ordering new timber sidewalks to be built on both sides of Fifty-fifth avenue west from Main street to Cody street. The specifications as to width will be made by the board of public works.

• • •

Alderman Schaeffer of the Sixth ward secured the adoption of a resolution calling on the water and light department to turn water on all public drinking fountains.

Some time ago the board of health asked the water and light board to keep the public drinking fountains closed till May 1 on account of the epidemic of glanders among horses.

• • •

The recent contracts of the board of fire commissioners awarding a contract for 1000 feet of Eureka hose to the Northern Hardware company and 2000 feet of national jacket to W. F. Bailey was confirmed.

• • •

J. H. Bingham said that he was entirely willing to give a franchise for power, but not for lighting. He could not see why any more power will be used if the company has a lighting franchise than if it is not. The company will furnish either the city or the Hartman plant.

Alderman Neff: "Would you rather see light furnished by a company at 12 cents per kilowatt hour or by another one at 20 cents?"

Mr. Bingham: "I would rather pay $5 a month more if I had to and get my light from the city than from private interests."

W. P. Mosher said that these people were coming here with a great industrial development and were only asking the city to lend credit to it. New York gave its credit to aid the building of the underground system of transit. Why should not Duluth give its to this? If they do not build it they get nothing.

Alderman Moore with reference to some remarks that had been made about the city's gas plant, said that C. A. Duncan, of the board of water and light commissioners, said to the committee that he did not see why the lighting franchise should not be granted.

S. T. Harrison and William Harrison also said that the ordinance originally introduced was changed to provide more specifically for a lighting franchise at least a month ago.

C. C. Cokefair said he would like to say a word. He said he had never been aware that the sentiment for municipal ownership existed so strongly here as it has. He did not see, however, why this franchise, asked for as it is, should not be granted unless the advocates are so thoroughly committed to municipal ownership that it will not grant a franchise for anything to anybody. These bankers expect them to get a lighting franchise and it is necessary to do so.

"Some people have the idea that we are hand in glove with the company now here. As I live, we have no relation with them whatever or anyone connected with them. It will be strange, of course, if they do not take power from us when we can furnish it at one-half what they are paying now.

"You are asked to give us a lighting franchise and what will you be getting. We must expend $3,000,000 before we get anything. That ought to be a pretty good payment on account. If the ordinance passes what does the city get. It has been conceded that the city shall have the privilege of taking over the lighting plant at any time and what it will buy when it does will not cost it more than one-half what it would to put in a plant at the present time and generate light by steam power. It will cost less than one-half to maintain and operate the plant after they have it, too. The city will have the advantage of any company for it can get power as cheap as any other and, as it expects to only get cost and use the light, it can drive every other company out of the business."

Mr. Jaques said the Hartman company had always put sticks in the city's machine, going so far as to go to the legislature and get woodchucks to put through its interests. He did not want another interest putting sticks in the city's machine.

John E. Davies said what he feared was the Hartman influence in all this. Why are they not here fighting it, he wanted to know. The fact that they were not, forced him to the belief that some way they will come in under this franchise, that there are some woodchucks in it somewhere.

Two amendments were then introduced by Alderman Cullum. They provided that the city lighting franchise of the company should cease at any time the city was ready to enter into a contract for power. This differs from the former provision in that it does not name 2500 horse power as the amount the city shall take; it names no amount.

Alderman Cullum explained that with the ordinance amended in that form he believed the sacrifice to municipal ownership would be reduced to the minimum.

Mr. Jaques asked if it would not be more difficult to get rid of two companies than one.

Alderman Cullum responded that if there were two oppressors he thought the people would rid themselves of them quicker.

S. T. Harrison remarked that the tenor of a good deal that had been urged there against a franchise was that the people stood ready to be bought on all occasions.

Alderman McEwen declared himself opposed to granting the franchise with the lighting franchise. He did not feel like coming in at the first opportunity and surrendering his belief in municipal ownership, in which he had always declared his belief. He said the council had been liberal in the matter of rates and allowed the company to fix maximums that were high. He quoter figures from the bureau of labor report to show this. He quoted Manager Case as saying that the cost of power at the pumping station is only $11 per horse power per year. He declared that the time to begin municipal ownership is right now. Eterna aggressiveness is necessary. He would rather vote a half million dollars to make the plant a success than give a lighting franchise for twenty-five years. He wanted corruption and all chances for it wiped out from a labor standpoint, too, as well as from others.

Alderman Neff said that if Manager Case said that he could furnish steam power at $11 he was doing what no one else could. He had not figured in all the items that go to make up the cost of power. The rates of the company are as cheap as those of the company at Buffalo. He, too, was a believer in municipal ownership, but municipal ownership is not enough to build a city. This city has been a disappointment in the last ten years. There is not as much manufacturing as there was ten years ago. There is practically nothing but the saw mills and what are we going to do when they are played out. A brewery has been the only new industry since he came here and that is sustained by the timber industry. If the bringing in of this power will double the popullion it will increase the water business of the city so that the rates can be cut in two.

"There had been many attempts to improve this water power and everyone had been a failure. If this one fails, I don't know when we will get any other set of men to come here and try it again. I believe that if this power is developed the head of the lakes will have a quarter of a million people within five years after it is installed. Minneapolis only has 18,000 horse power and got its great start from that.

"I have hated to take this position because I know that I will be accused of going back on my principles and it was only when satisfied that it was my duty that I took this position. Having taken my stand, I take it good and strong and I am for this ordinance."

The question was put on Alderman Mannheim's substitute. It was lost by 9 to 7, the vote standing as indicated as indicated by the position of the aldermen given in the opening of this article.

The motion was then made to substitute the printed ordinance and three votes were cast against this, Aldermen Mannheim, Tessman and Tischer.

The Cullum amendments were then adopted.

At this stage Alderman McEwen moved an adjournment and it was voted down, five aldermen favoring it: Kern, Mannheim, Tessman, Olson and Swenson.

The motion was then made that the ordinance be placed upon its final passage and again the 9 to 7 vote was recorded.

Alderman McEwen again moved an adjournment saying that he would like to have some time to read over the ordinance as amended.

Alderman Neff: "I would consent to a delay of a day or two if I thought anything was to be gained by it, but what is the use?"

Alderman McEwen again repeated that he would like to study it over somewhat.

"But you have just told us here that you are unalterably opposed to granting this franchise," said Mr. Neff. "If you will say that you ask for this postponement in good faith, that you are still open to conviction and that, if convinced that the city's interests are safeguarded, you may vote for this ordinance, I would consent to an adjournment, but I do not wish to, just for delay."

Alderman McEwen: "I make this motion in good faith. If I am convinced that the interests of the city are well guarded, rather than possibly defeat this enterprise, I might vote for it."

The council thereupon adjourned to Wednesday evening.

CARNEGIE GIVES $40,000.

Schenectady, N. Y., April 15.—President Raymond announced today that Andrew Carnegie had given $40,000 to Union college. The entire sum will be devoted to the completion of Nott memorial hall.

CORSAIR SAILS.

New York, April 15.—Commodore J. Pierpont Morgan's steam yacht Corsair, has sailed for Gibraltar, where Commodore Morgan will go abroad for an extended cruise.

BLOOD POISON

"I cure Blood Poison by my Original Perfected System of Anti-Toxine Treatment, thus avoiding the horrible effects of Poisonous Drugs."

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

THESE ARE YOUR SYMPTOMS:

On account of its frightful hideousness, Syphilitic Blood Poison is commonly called the king of venereal diseases. It may be hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, eruptions or copper-colored spots on face or body, little ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, swollen tonsils, falling out of the hair or eyebrows, and finally a leprous like decay of the flesh and bones.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT improves the patient from the beginning. Our special treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of my life work, and is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones, and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a **LEGAL CONTRACT** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,

1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave. Duluth, Minn.

References—Best and banks leading business men of the city. Consultation Free and Confidential Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

HOW THEY MANAGE.

Doctors' Wives Trained to Arrange Things.

Sometimes the wife of a doctor can bring her husband around when he don't know exactly how to help himself. The wife of a certain well known physician in Washington, D. C., concluded that coffee was the cause of the doctor's sleepless nights. She says, "He would retire and lie for hours unable to sleep a wink. I thought perhaps he was nervous from the coffee which he drank at his meals and suggested that he try Postum. To my surprise he objected most decidedly. I said nothing, but the next morning made Postum Coffee instead of the regular coffee and gave that to the doctor. I made it according to the directions and it had a beautiful coffee color and flavor. He drank his cup and remarked that the coffee was unusually good that morning and asked for more.

From that time I served him Postum at every meal, and in the course of a week or two he showed such remarkable signs of improvement in health and strength that I told him he had been drinking Postum from the time he had begun to get better.

You never saw such a surprised man. He said, 'Well, if the good coffee I have had is Postum, and leaving off regular coffee has made such a change in my health, I never want any other kind in my house.' Since then he regularly prescribes Postum to many of his patients and with good results." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Paine's Celery Compound

The Great Spring Medicine.

While It Drives Out the Seeds of Deadly Disease It Quickly Build Up Flesh and Muscle.

A Truly Wonderful Restoration After Failures with Other Remedies.

MR. R. J. PATTERSON, says:—

"I Owe My Life to the Wonderful and Speedy Curative Powers of Paine's Celery Compound."

Thousands of families today mourn the loss of near and dear ones who, when sickness first came upon them, were forced to use other medicines instead of the great disease banisher, Paine's Celery Compound.

We earnestly appeal to the relatives and friends of the suffering, to break away from the bondage of medical etiquette and dictation, in order that the suffering ones may have a surer and happier hope of a new life.

The one remedy known to medicine that can bring vigor, strength, and permanent health to the weak, run down, rheumatic, neuralgic, dyspeptic, and those burdened with kidney and liver troubles, blood diseases, and derangements of the digestive organs is Dr. Phelp's great medical prescription, Paine's Celery Compound.

Weak, run down, sleepless, and despondent men and women will find inspiration and comfort in the following letter written by Mr. R. J. Patterson, of Sheridanville, Pa., who was fully restored to the blessings of life after use of the great medicine that truly "makes sick people well." Mr. Patterson says:—

"I was greatly troubled with insomnia and felt as tired in the morning as when I went to bed. I finally lost my appetite, and could not bear to even look at food. I was so weak that I almost despaired of getting well again. Before I had used one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, I felt like a new man. My brain has become clear, my sleep refreshing, and my appetite excellent. I now find work a pleasure instead of a burden. I owe my life to the wonderful and speedy curative powers of Paine's Celery Compound."

DIAMOND DYES True to name and color. Nothing can equal them.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (central time), April 15.—The barometer continues high in the lake region and low in the Southwest. Light rains fell over Eastern Gulf states, Tennessee, Oklahoma, New Mexico and Kansas, and rain or snow over Colorado, Nebraska, Western South Dakota, Montana and Assiniboia. Temperatures are slightly below 20 degrees in the vicinity of Denver, but in other sections in the Rocky mountains and Northwest the average is generally close to the freezing point. Clear weather is the rule in the lake region with winds rather variable and light.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	52	Medicine Hat	34
Battleford	28	Memphis	42
Bismarck	26	Miles City	34
Boston	34	Milwaukee	32
Buffalo	32	Minnedosa	26
Calgary	22	Modena	29
Charleston	56	Montgomery	54
Chicago	36	Moorhead	30
Cincinnati	36	New Orleans	60
Davenport	32	New York	38
Denver	18	North Platte	32
Detroit	32	Oklahoma	45
Dodge City	38	Omaha	44
Duluth	34	Pitsburg	34
Edmonton	32	Port Arthur	26
El Paso	52	Prince Albert	22
Escanaba	28	QuAppelle	30
Galveston	62	Rapid City	28
Havre	32	San Francisco	50
Helena	34	Santa Fe	36
Houghton	28	Shreveport	60
Huron	28	Spokane	28
Jacksonville	62	St. Louis	40
Kamloops	32	St. Paul	34
Kansas City	42	Swift Current	32
Knoxville	44	Washington	42
LaCrosse	30	Williston	28
Lander	24	Winnemucca	30
Los Angeles	46	Winnipeg	32
Marquette	34		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Moderate temperature. Fresh winds, mostly southerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 15.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Wednesday: Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday.

Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Moderate temperature.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, with possibly showers west portions tonight. Moderate temperature.

Upper lakes: Variable winds, becoming southeast on Superior and Michigan today and on Huron Wednesday. Generally fair.

Fearless and Outspoken.

Fairmont Daily Sentinel: The Duluth Evening Herald has just started in on the twentieth year of its existence. It is as good a daily newspaper as there is in the state of Minnesota and in addition it is fearless, independent and outspoken upon every public question. Long may it flourish.

The President Breaks One Resolution.

President Roosevelt made many new resolutions when he entered the White House and for the most part has lived up to them. For one thing he decided that he couldn't receive delegations and those in attendance at various conventions in the city. He refused to see the Delta Kappa Epsilon delegates who were at Washington in annual convention from all parts of the country, although himself a member of the fraternity. He declined to receive the members of the various scientific associations which met during the Christmas recess. He would see only a delegation of ten from the reciprocity convention which assembled in Washington in the fall, although the entire body was not large and would have liked to visit the White House. While there was considerable disappointment expressed by those who desired to shake the hand of the president, the innovation was accepted gracefully and it seemed as though the pumphandle process of welcoming visitors was a thing of the past. But it was not to be so. The pressure of visiting delegations became too strong and once mare the general public has the opportunity of grasping the hand of the chief executive. Excursion parties are now being received; these include one day 200 school teachers from Cleveland, on an Easter vacation; on another perhaps a Hay Dealers' association en route to Pittsburg, and so on. President Roosevelt doubtless found that it was impossible to resist the pressure on the part of congressmen and others for this attention to their constituents. It would also have been at some cost of popularity for him to adhere to the rule originally adopted and the president will not sacrifice any popularity if it can be avoided.

The Effect of a Democratic House.

If the predictions that the Democrats will secure a majority in the next house of representatives, which are now so freely made, should prove to be true, their ascendency would have but little effect on legislation. With the Republicans so strongly entrenched in the senate and White House the situation is of course easily understood. But there is one respect in which Democratic control of the house could now occasion the Republicans a great deal of trouble, and that is in the matter of Philippine investigations. No sooner would a Democratic speaker take his seat than the party, realizing that it could accomplish no affirmative legislation, would decide to investigate the Philippines, as either house is at any time empowered to do. We should then have such an investigation as is now going on in the senate, but from the opposite point of view. The committee chairman, in directing questions and protecting witnesses, would take just the opposite of the present policy, and he would have, of course, a party majority behind him. The greatest publicity would be given to all the hearings, through the admission of correspondents if not of the general public. Of course the Democrats would conduct such an investigation with the view of making political capital for the approaching presidential election, and it would be a most effective way of doing it. There has been no opposition congress for ten years; the results of investigating Philippine affairs from an opposition point of view would be a novelty and as such likely to attract considerable attention. The Democrats realize this and are making it one of their strong points of the coming campaign.

A SKETCH OF DULUTH.

A former resident of Duluth, Mrs. Jane W. Guthrie, is the author of an interesting article, "The Home of the Whaleback," which appeared in the April number of the Four-Track News, an illustrated magazine published by the passenger department of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad. The story of Duluth's birth and growth is briefly told, the building of the first "whaleback" barge here is referred to and the beauties of the city are described. In closing, Mrs. Guthrie says:

The recent acquisition of rich iron mines in Minnesota, by the steel trust, brings Duluth into close contact with vast industrial movements, but no alone for this is the city famous. The school and public buildings are a feature of note, and the picturesque scenery a matter of pride. From the boulevard drive which winds about the hills above the city, and extends fourteen miles, the scenery is superb. From a commanding point on this drive, six hundred feet above the level of the lake, a glorious panorama is unrolled. Down below is the noise and roar and clangor of the city; across the waters of the beautiful lake the forests of Wisconsin stand greenly vivid; the lighthouses gleam white in the sunlight; the river winding down to the bay is celebrated in Indian song and story, and the clear, bracing, stimulating air carries healthgiving ozone. From Buffalo, up through the great chain of lakes, there is much to charm and please, and at the far point of the northern inland sea lies Duluth, an ideal summer city, and one of the most interesting places in the United States."

No one can read Mrs. Guthrie's short sketch of Duluth without being interested, and the article cannot fail to be a good advertisement of the city as a summer resort.

NOT ENTITLED TO RELIEF.

There is a serious question whether the contractors who are building torpedo boat destroyers for the government are entitled to any relief for losses sustained in their contracts, as will undoubtedly be recommended to congress by the secretary of the navy, who has had the matter investigated by the board of experts. Nine shipbuilding concerns undertook, under government contract, the construction of torpedo boats and torpedo-boat destroyers, when they knew practically nothing about how it should be done. The Bath Iron works, which had successfully built vessels of this class, did not enter the competition. It had approached the subject some years before in an intelligent way by sending an expert to France, where he remained for one year, with the most successful builder of torpedo boat destroyers in Europe. The work is peculiarly delicate as the building of automobiles, and is a specialty in itself. The Bath Iron works then paid very handsome sums to this man for his plans, and in that way was able to build successfully, although under slightly different conditions from those which met the last competition. But it was not so with those people who are asking relief. The builders who actually took these contracts made bids as low as $671 per ton, whereas English boats of the same pattern are contemporaneously built, are costing $815 a ton.

The result of the American method of distributing to different parts of the country assignments for high-class technical work, just as if it were so much pie, have been doubly unsuccessful. The builders have lost heavily, and while it is perhaps unfair to say that the boats themselves are unsatisfactory, it may be stated that the government has already reduced the conditions necessary for acceptance. The builders want relief from their bad bargain.

There seems to be no good reasons why these builders should be reimbursed for their losses. Such a thing would not be considered in private business affairs, many a contractor having lost thousands of dollars by mistakes and unforseen difficulties. Let these concerns stand their losses and it will render them more careful in the future.

THEN AND NOW.

Another member of the Minnesota delegation, Mr. Stevens, of St. Paul, has delivered a speech in the house against the Cuban reciprocity bill, but advanced no new reasons for refusing to perform this simple act of justice to the Cuban republic that will begin its existence on May 20 next. Nominally the evacuation of the island will be complete, but, as has been well said, how thorough the evacuation then will really be must depend much upon how unhampered with onerous tariffs we leave Cuba. To turn a horse loose and call it free with half its harness straps dangling about its heels is a contradiction of terms. Cuba is to have just one chance more to get rid of its leading strings and start out with a measure of freedom, at least. That chance is offered by the reciprocity bill now being debated. It is but a small measure of justice—only a 20 per cent reduction of the Dingley tariff—but it is better than nothing.

It is interesting to look back just ten years when the Aldrich amendment to the McKinley tariff permitted us to dictate terms to Spain touching this very matter of Cuban reciprocity. Mr. Grubb was our minister to Spain and he was forthwith instructed to demand a reciprocity treaty which in return for free sugar imports from Cuba and PortoRico should give this country preferential rates in duties on imports into those islands. This "compulsory reciprocity" proceeding not only sorely afflicted Spanish pride, but injured Spanish pockets as well, but the Aldrich amendment was mandatory. Senor Canovas, the Spanish premier, was impressively told that unless the treaty was arranged by April 20, 1891, President Harrison would at once proceed to impose a duty of 20 per cent on all sugar coming from the islands. What made the humiliation all the more galling to Spain, of being dictated to by the United States, was that she had just refused a petition from her own West Indian colonies for a reiprocal treaty with this country. A delegation of Cubans had been sent away with a rebuke for their presumption, so that it happended that what Spain had denied to her own colonists at the imminent danger of revolt was demanded of her by the United States at a loss to her of $27,000,000. Spain dared not refuse Uucle Sam's demands and surrendered unconditionally to Mr. Harrison.

There is a great change now. Cuba is not only helpless, but so anxious to enter into reciprocal arrangements with us that she is willing to give us the entire monopoly of her market for all she has to buy if we will only give her in return a 50 per cent reduction on her tobacco and sugar. Now that we can arrange reciprocity on our own terms our congress, is haggling and hair splitting, and all that we promise to accomplish is a miserable makeshift, and even that is limited to one year. That which we forced poor Spain to accept in 1891 we spurn with contempt now, even though it would be even more advantageous now than it was then. Such is the statesmanship of the present day. It is disgraceful and merits the severe condemnation of the American people.

A Southern Kansas editor innocently contradicted a report that a young woman in his county was about to throw up her job as school teacher in order to get married. "She is not that kind of a girl," said the editor, intending to convey the idea that she would not break a contract. But the girl saw it in a different light and wrote to him hotly. "I don't know," she said, "as it is any of your business, but I give you to understand that I am not the kind of a girl you say. I can get married if I want to."

Politicians may be interested in the news that Dr. Dienst, of Temple, Tex., has received a letter from President Roosevelt in which the president says that he will enter upon the work of writing a history of the Texas revolution as soon as he retires from the presidency, and that he hopes to avail himself of the data in Dr. Dienst's possession. But he does not say when he proposes to retire from the presidency.

The congressional directory is to be illustrated with full page groups of the senators and members of the house by states, and a Washington photographer is doing a lively business in making these gentlemen "look their prettiest." The directory will be a better guide book when the names can be fitted to faces.

Physicians in Syracuse, N. Y., who are trying to break up the habit people have of addressing them as "Doc" say: "You can call a horse doctor or a druggist "Doc" without offending the proprieties, but not a physician." What will the veterinaries and the druggists have to say to this?

A California woman has sued another for $50,000 damages for alienating her husband's affections. If her husband had been a man who was faithful and never did anything wrong, she probably wouldn't have valued him at over 30 cents, says the Portland Telegram.

Some people appear to think they know more about Charles A Towne's political intentions than he does himself. Mr. Towne stated most positively not long ago that he intends to leave politics alone for the present and that should effectually silence all the rumors.

According to Mr. Carnegie the three American poets best worth mentioning have been Whitman, Miller and Markham. Hasn't Mr. Carnegie ever happened, asks the Boston Globe, to run across any little things by Bryant, Lowell or Longfellow?

Ignatius A. Sullivan, clerk in a clothing store, has been elected mayor of Hartford, Conn., and there is no necessary reason why he shouldn't be just as good a mayor as a lawyer, or a grain dealer, or an ordinary politician.

A perusal of the budget speech of the chancellor of the exchequer shows why the British government is anxious to make terms of peace with the Boers.

A man was fined one cent in Louisville, Ky., last week for embracing a woman. At that price he can go into the business on a wholesale scale.

Mr. Roosevelt is the only president that has stepped on South Carolina soil since the beginning of the civil war.

Mr. Carnegie defines a philanthropist as a man with more brains than money. The world must be full of them.

Great Britain's greatest industries these days are inventing new methods of taxation and borrowing money.

Cecil Rhodes was buried in solid rock, and it is not likely any one will attempt to steal his body.

Probably if the North Pole is discovered, Canada will claim it.

Will the new pension commissioner Ware well in office?

Question and Answer.

Louisville Courier-Journal: "What," asks the Washington Post, "has become of the old-fashioned woman who used to tell her husband to save his money—that she did not need an Easter bonnet?" "You may search me!" quoth despairingly the Missouri man who has been arrested for marrying thirteen women in the hope of finding the right one.

Canada's Uncrossed Bridge.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Canada, which has been disturbed because a great many Canadians have been coming over here to be assimilated by the United States, is now disturbed because a great many citizens of the United States are going over there to assimilate Canada.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Brooklyn Life: "What's the purpose of bacteriology, anyway?"

"Well, it reduces worrying to a positive science, for one thing."

-:—:-

Somerville Journal: The demure girl is always dangerous—but most men have to find this out from personal experience.

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: Judge—Have I not seen you twice before under the influence of liquor?

Defendant—If you were in that condition, your honor, you probably did see me twice.

-:—:-

Washington Star: "I suppose you can claim to have done some good while you were in congress?"

"I can," answered Senator Sorghum. "I have put my family beyond every possible want for several generations."

-:—:-

Detroit Free Press: "That's a novel occupation," ejaculated Mr. Dinsmore, looking up from his paper.

"What is?" asked Mrs. Dinsmore.

"Writing fiction."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "When a smaht man stahts in to be foolish," said Uncle Eben, "it often looks like he put all his brains into makin' de job a record breaker."

-:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Rox—I should think Liberty would get tired of standing on that pedestal in New York harbor.

Nox—Yes, and congress is so lacking in gallantry that it has refused to help her to a-light.

-:—:-

Detroit Free Press: Critic—Well, Dick, I suppose you owe all that you are to your wife.

Successful author—No; I think I owe about three-fourths of my stimulus to all those other women who wouldn't have me.

-:—:-

Baltimore American: "We have called," said the head of the deputation of citizens "to protest against the street car service you are giving us. Why, some of us cannot even get a strap to hang on by."

"Very well, gentlemen. I shall at once increase the service," said the affable magnate, while the hearts of the deputation leaped with joy, "by putting in more straps."

-:—:-

Chicago Record Herald: He—I simply can't live on less than $3000 a year.

She—Dear me, what a tragedy it would be if you had a poor pa.

-:—:-

NOW, PLAY BALL!

The games is on, the season's here, the
stricken ball cuts through the air,
the batters fan the atmosphere, the
runners 'round the bases tear, the
umpire calls the strikes and balls,
puts runners out when they are in,
nor heeds the rooters' angry squalls
that they will kill him sure as sin!
The season's here, the same old
muss, and on the seats the same old
us!

THE WASHERWOMAN'S SONG

BY EUGENE F. WARE.

Soldier, lawyer and poet, of Kansas, who has just been appointed United States pension commissioner.

In a very humble cot,
In a rather quiet spot,
In the suds and in the soap
Worked a woman full of hope;
Working, singing, all alone,
In a sort of undertone,
"With a Savior for a friend,
He will keep me to the end.

Sometimes happening along,
I had heard the semi-song,
And I often used to smile,
More in sympathy than guile;
But I never said a word
In regard to what I heard,
As she sang about her friend,
Who would keep her to the end.

Not in sorrow nor in glee,
Working all day long was she,
As her children, three or four,
Played around her on the floor;
But in monotones the song
She was humming all day long,
"With a Savior for a friend,
He will keep me to the end.

It's a song I do not sing,
For I scarce believe a thing
Of the stories that are told
Of the miracles of old;
But I know that her belief
Is the anodyne of grief
And will always be to friend
That will keep her to the end.

Just a trifle lonesome see,
Just as poor as poor could be,
But her spirits always rose
Like the bubbles in the clothes,
And though widowed and alone,
Cheered her with the monotone,
Of a Savior and a friend,
Who would keep her to the end.

I have seen her rub and scrub
On the washboard in the tub,
While the baby sopped in suds,
Rolled and tumbled in the duds;
Or was paddling in the pools
With old scissors stuck in spools,
She still humming of her friend
Who would keep her to the end.

Human hopes and human creeds,
Have their root in human needs;
And I would not wish to strip,
From that washerwoman's lip
Any song that she can sing,
Any hope that song can bring;
For the woman has a friend,
Who will keep her to the end.

Will Please the People.

Eli Perkins' Railroad Letter: "The great James J. Hill has now combined the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads into one system, over 17,000 miles long," said Chauncey Depew. "The system covers about all of the United States north of Chicago and San Francisco. The three great railroad presidents, Harris of the C. B. & Q., Mellen of the Northern Pacific, and James J. Hill of the Great Northern, have gotten together and now command about a quarter of the United States."

"Do you think this great combination will hurt the country?" I asked.

"Not at all," said Mr. Depew. "It will bring greater prosperity to the Northwest. It will make a uniformity of rates, each system will connect with the other, and all this property will pay a fair dividend. Wages will be kept up, promptly paid, and be uniform. Passenger Agents Fee of the Northern Pacific, Whitney of the Great Northern, and Eustis of the Burlington will work in unison, and millions spent formerly to draw freight and passengers from rival roads will be saved to the stockholders. The change will please the people and eventually lower transportation rates."

A Kindly Suggestion.

Baltimore Herald: And now Senator Jones goes galloping toward the cheerless caves of oblivion. Perhaps Mr. Bryan will make him sporting editor of the Commoner?

Wholly Dissimilar Cases.

Detroit Free Press: The distinction is made between the cases of Neely and Rathbone that Rathbone went down to Cuba to spend money and Neely went down to save it up.

The Meat of the Contention.

Indianapolis News: The trusts are good friends of labor, according to Senator Hanna. Will the senator take the beef trust and illustrate?

Going to the Bad.

St. Paul Globe: Ping-pong has reached Louisville, and Henry Watterson believes the end of the world is just around the corner.

Cause and Effect.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Perhaps Col. Watterson's antipathy to Gen. Funston can partially be explained by the fact that the latter's reputation as a hero is largely based on water.

Pay of Governors.

Springfield Republican: The legislature of Iowa has increased the salary of the governor from $4000 to $5000 a year, not a large sum for a big state like Iowa, provided the office is well filled. Only seven states pay their chief executives more than that—New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania $10,000 each, Massachusetts $8000 and California, Illinois and Nevada $6000 each. Nine states, including Iowa, pay $5000, one pays $4500 and nine states pay $4000.

MacMurragh

By Frank H. Sweet.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

Denis MacMurragh, newly arrived, was standing in front of the postoffice, near the corner of Nassau and Liberty streets, gazing about with bewildered indecision. Two weeks before, he had left his quiet home in the north of Ireland, and since then his life had been an uninterrupted succession of wonderful surprises. But neither Belfast nor Liverpool nor his long journey across the water had thrilled him as did this hurrying, intense, absorbed mass of humanity that was surging about him. It fascinated even while it caused him to draw back toward the building, as though he feared to be caught in its relentless grasp and borne away. Several times he made a movement as though he would cast himself into the current, but each time recoiled with a gesture of repulsion or fear, or perhaps both. His eyes separated faces and hats and parasols from the eddying mass, and tried to accompany them; but in a moment they disappeared, as an atom is lost in the mad vortex of a whirlpool.

In his own home he had been accustomed to take off his hat to every woman he met on the country roads, and to wish them the "top of the morning," or the "luck of the day," or the kind protection of some especially benignant saint or fairy, but here women seemed to be only an unrecognized part of the confusing whole. They hurried past the men, and the men hurried past them, and they crossed and recrossed with absolute unconcern and apparent unconsciousness of each other's presence.

But even in this place of busy, hetrogeneous humanity the crowd found time for more than one admiring glance toward the colossal, strangely appareled figure near the postoffice. Denis towered head and shoulders above most of them, and his strong, beardless face was inclosed by a shock of curling, yellow-brown hair, which had seen little of brush or comb, save his fingers and the thorns of his native Fermanagh thickets. It was almost as if some wild god of the ancients were standing there, appalled and fascinated by the seething modern life around him.

Presently there was a slight ripple in the stream, and some of the eddies wavered under the momentary impulse of curiosity.

A hungry woman had filched an apple from a stand and a policeman was dragging her along the sidewalk. But only for a few steps; then a massive figure hurled itself through the crowd like a catapult, and a strong grasp fell upon the policeman's shoulder and sent him whirling out toward the middle of the street, twisting and turning and trying in vain to grasp something for support, until at last he fell prone upon the pavement. And after him roared an indignant: "Ye graceless omadhaun! Let that tache ye to keep sacrilegious hands off a woman!"

Back on the sidewalk Denis was bending over the crouching, sobbing woman. "Dis the spalpeen hurt yez, ma'am?" he asked, gently.

The crowd snickered a little at the gentleness applied to the wretched, barefoot creature on the sidewalk; but their mirth was quickly checked by the blazing face which turned toward them.

"No, sir; I—I was hungry, and"—

"Hongry!" The voice quivered with astonishment and indignation. "Hongry, wid all these people near yez wearin' kid gloves and silks!" He rose to his full height and glared around, as though he would annihilate the entire crowd; then the blaze left his face and he laughed scornfully.

"Oonly upon yez for a pack o' bloodless spalpeens! Here, ma'am," thrusting his hand into his pocket and drawing out a handful of small coins; "it is all I have, acushla; but ye're welcome to it. An' mebbe this'l be afther keepin' yez a bit warm," removing his outer garment and throwing it about her shoulders. "Now, shall I be helping yez home?"

"No, no! thank you, sir!—I—I have no home." She rose swiftly and slipped into the crowd. He made a movement as though he would follow, but at that moment a vicious hand clinched his arm, and the red, angry face of the policeman scowled into his.

"Now, ye big-listed simpleton, ye'll be comin' wid me! An' mind yez, I'll blow the top o' that red head off if ye resist." And the incensed officer's words were emphasized by the sharp click of a revolver.

Denis shook the grasp from his arm and looked down curiously.

"So ye come again, did yez?" he said, the color beginning to flame back into his face. "I tho't mebbe ye'd be havin' enough. Now, I've a notion to thry an' bate a little dacency into ye. No man wid an Irish tongue ought iver to abuse a woman."

The policeman was a plucky fellow, but he drew back involuntarily from the storm he saw gathering on the face before him.

"It's an officer I am," he expostulated, "an' I must protect the law. I niver use the revolver barrin' it's nadeful, but ye must come wid me. The woman was stahlin', an' ye interfered wid me duty."

Denis had listened impatiently, but the first wonder and incredulity had gradually given place to whimsical resignation.

"An officer to protect the law," he repeated, and for the first tome he seemed to notice that the man was dressed differently from the others around him. "Well, it's mesilf has no call to fight the law, bein' newly arrived. I'll go along wid ye, but mind, your hands must be kept off me."

"Ye're just over, I take it?" the policeman said, as they moved down the sidewalk.

"From the ould counthry, yes."

"I knew it from the brogue. An' ye're from the north of Ireland, too—County Fermanagh. Why, mon! whin ye sent me whirlin' an' twistin' out into the strate, grabbin' the air for something to clutch me tin fingers into, I was that mad I could have clubbed the life out of ye. But whin, have gotten together and now command about a quarter of the I remimbered me own self, an' how I'd sint afther me I forgot iverything but the Eniskillen fair, an' the b'ys an' the be-a-utiful shindies we used to have there. If I'd had a shillalah I could stick to me two hand I was that carried away wid ould times I could have stharted a shindy right in an' enjoyed it."

Denis had stopped on the sidewalk, and, oblivious of the pushing and elbowing of irate pedestrians, was regarding his companion with new interest.

"So it's a Fermanagh mon ye are," he said, more graciously. "From phat part?"

"Dallygall—Michael Flynn's me name, an' it's cousin I be to the Bradys o' Kintal, an' they're cousins to the Gogans o' Erne, an' they're cousins to the MacMurraghs thimselves. A fine ould family the MacMurraghs, barrin' they've lost iverything an' have to work like common folks. But phat part are yez from?"

"Cloughshannon. I'm Dennis MacMurragh." He would have moved on, but Flynn caught his hand.

"MacMurragh! Holy Teddy! An' I would have clubbed ye! Shure it's mesilf ought to have known ye wid thim shoulders an' that head. But how come ye in the states?"

"Work," said Denis, grimly. "We've sold the last cow an' bit o' land. An' there's me ould father an' mother, an' a round dozen o' brothers an' sisters to look after. I'm wantin' to bring thim up well, an' maybe to give thim a bit o' learnin' an' a sthart out."

They were walking along the sidewalk now, and Michael Flynn was scratchin' his chin in deep thought. Suddenly he looked up.

"How'd ye like to be on the foorce?" he asked.

"The phawt?"

"The foorce—be an officer like me. It's a fine job; good pay an' alsy work, barrin' a bit o' shindy now an' thin. It's money ye could soon be savin' up for the ould folks an' the childer."

Denis shook his head.

"'Tis mesilf couldn't be takin' up hongry women."

"Thin lave thim alone. There'd be plinty other work for ye. Why, mon, ye'd be equal to a dozen common officers down on Water street. The sight o' thim big shoulders would sind ivery — lawbreaker skurryin'. An' there'd be no trouble about gettin' yez the job. The insphector married me own cousin, an' the captain himsilf is an Ulster mon. An' besides, they're always lookin' out for big, sthrong recruits. They'd snap ye up on sight. An' there's another thing," lowering his voice: "the b'ys round here vote for the mon they like, an' there's plinty o' them have heard o' MacMarraghs. The foorce 'll be a good place for ye to sthart from, but wid the b'ys behind there's no tellin' where ye'll bring up. A MacMarragh, with the MacMarragh shoulders an' head an' sthrong ways an' tinder heart could do anything wid the folks that knew him."

He hesitated a moment, and then went on with some constraint. "We'll say no more about arrestin' yez. It's me own person received the offince, an' I've the right to settle it widout callin' in the law. But about the foorce. Shall I ricommend yez?"

Denis looked down at him thoughtfully. "Yes, he answered.

AT THE HOTELS

F. B. Rossom and Oscar Sederburg are at the St. Louis. They are members of a party of five Virginia people who are on their way to Portland to take up timber claims. Quite a movement is in progress from range towns to the coast timber country.

• • •

Traffic Manager Broughton of the Eastern Minnesota, is at the Spalding today.

• • •

F. C. Hobbs, of Ely, is a guest at the McKay.

• • •

County Commissioner Neil McInnis and wife, of Eveleth, are at the St. Louis today. "Yes, we're getting pretty busy up on the range," said Mr. McInnis. "We're getting ready to build that new court house, but we think of building it at Eveleth."

• • •

E. H. Moulton, a Minneapolis banker for years, is at the Spalding today. He is accompanied by C. H. Judson, also of Minneapolis.

• • •

M. McNeal, of Floodwood, is stopping at the McKay.

• • •

Dr. Stuart Bates, of Virginia, arrived at the St. Louis this morning on his way home from a trip South.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Cusson, of Ashland, are at the Spalding.

• • •

Among this morning's arrivals at the Spalding are: Wesley E. Baker, New York; George E. Welles, Minneapolis; E. Carroll Taber, Keokuk, Iowa; J. C. Brown, Milwaukee; George Bowles, David E. Cohn, New York; Mrs. T. E. Bowen, Minneapolis; Ralph Green, New York; S. C. Galley, Minneapolis, and C. M. Rose, Pittsburg.

• • •

At the St. Louis this morning, are: J. E. Schloss, New York; G. W. Hardman, Hibbing; B. G. Hardwicke, Minneapolis; William Cable, J. B. Mason, Two Harbors; M. F. Marion and wife, Denver; C. M. Erskine, Cloquet; Chase Stevens, Virginia, and Will H. Titus, Chicago.

• • •

N. D. Wasen and wife, Fargo; C. B. Ulrich, Hancock; John W. Woodfill, Two Harbors; S. J. Helund, Two Harbors; Charles Clapperton, Stillwater; Roy E. Hilton, Minneapolis; L. H. Hackett, St. Paul, and A. W. Marks and wife, Sarenac Lake, N. Y. are at the McKay.

AMUSEMENTS.

AL H. WILSON.

Al H. Wilson has long been known as one of the sweetest and most entertaining singers on the stage, and his appearance at the Lyceum last evening in the comedy drama, "The Watch On the Rhine," gave him another opportunity to display his talent to an appreciative audience. The play is of the stereotyped style, with the hero and the villain intermixed with lovers, who have their usual troubles and disappointments, but, like all good plays, ends in the discomfiture of the villain and the triumph of the hero. Mr. Wilson appeared as the hero, Metz Strobel, an attache of the German legation at Washington, and sustained the role in a satisfactory manner. At the end of the fourth act he is found by his mother, from whom he has been taken when a child, and at the same time is united to his sweetheart, Norma Steinway, who is excellently impersonated by Miss Adie Warner. There were several effective scenes during the action of the play and which were well received. The singing of Mr. Wilson was, of course, the feature, and he was liberally applauded for all his efforts. The supporting company was generaly satisfactory. The scenery was excellent, showing scenes along the Rhine.

ENTOMBED.

Miner Buried By Fall of Earth at Ashland Mine.

Hurley, Wis., April 15.—The body of John McCarthy, who was entombed by a cave from the surface at No. 7 shaft of the Ashland mine, was found yesterday in an upright position and held against a timber by the fallen earth. McCarthy and his partner were working together and the latter had just gone out with a car, when the crash came which buried McCarthy. A few moments before, a blast was fired, and it is supposed the shock caused the ground to give way. The distance to the surface from where the man is buried does not exceed fifty feet, and teams had been traveling over the ground just before the accident.

MAY FIGHT A DUEL.

Argo of Sioux City Accepts Hubbard's "Defi."

Sioux City, Iowa, April 15.—Attorney George W. Argo, well-known in the three surrounding states as a criminal lawyer, in his speech to the jury in the damage case of Nelson vs. the Northwestern railroad, declared he would accept the challenge of N. M. Hubbard, Jr., of Cedar Rapids, son of Judge Hubbard, Iowa, counsel for the Northwestern, to a duel.

The trouble arose over Argo's cross-examination of an employe of the Northwestern. Argo was attempting to make the witness admit he would be promoted if his testimony should be favorable. The intimation became so strong, Hubbard turned to Argo and declared:

"You're a d—d liar."

Argo resented the appelation and Hubbard informed him he would meet him in combat at any time and any place with any weapons.

In his speech to the jury, Argo said he would choose the Fourth of July for the time, and Hubbard's goat farm at Cedar Rapids for the place, "and if I cannot beat him by my own physical prowess," he said, "I will call upon the hilly goats to butt him out of the ring, Queensbury rules or none to govern."

MINNEAPOLIS WOMAN

Wants to Be President of Women's Clubs.

Minneapolis, April 15.—In a contest for the presidency of the General Federation of Women's clubs, at the bi-ennial meeting of the federation, which is to be held at Los Angeles, Cal., May 1, a Minneapolis woman will be a formidable candidate for the honor.

Mrs. Lydia P. Williams of this city, honorary president of the Minnesota state federation, is one of the leading candidates for the office, and is now at Los Angeles.

Mrs. Williams has gained many friends in the coast city, and although a candidate who is a Californian will oppose her, it is said the Minneapolis woman will have many supporters in California.

Mrs. Robert J. Burdette, wife of the American humorist, is the woman who will strive to win out over Mrs. Williams.

THE DAKOTAS

Fargo Farmer Sues the Moorhead Chief of Police.

Fargo—Farmer Blood, who lives near Fargo, has sued Chief of Police Murphy, of Moorhead, for $5000 damages in the United States court. Personal injuries are alleged from a blow. There was a saloon fight in Moorhead Feb. 20. Blood was in the saloon, but denies participation in any row. He refused to submit to arrest and alleges he was clubbed and compelled to remain in a hospital some time for treatment.

The noble red man is getting onto the ways of the courts all right. On the Fort Totten reservation, near Devils Lake, there is an Indian court. Pada-ni-ker-wa-pi was sentenced to a term of imprisonment for an alleged misdemeanor. He disliked the idea of doing time, and secured a writ of habeas corpus from Judge Cowan, of state court at Devils Lake, and later his freedom, on showing that he was a citizen of the United States, and, therefore, not a subject to the Indian court.

Charles H. Kimberly, a graduate of the University of Ohio, has been elected by the board of trustees of the North Dakota Agricultural college as instructor in pharmacy. At present Mr. Kimberly is the instructor in science in the high school for the city of Bellefontaine, Ohio.

Minot—Ranchers from the Missouri river country south of White Earth, are suffering from a bad case of snakes—not in their boots—but in their houses and fields. After the water receded from the land bordering on the river, the surface of the ground was alive with snakes of various descriptions, but most of them in a semi-dormant state. In some cases where the water went into the houses, the snakes were literally shoveled out before the work of cleaning the floors could proceed. The drowsy things had been washed in from the river basin, or washed out of the ground and lodged wherever the water dropped them.

Grand Forks—The Red Rivey Valley Brick association elected the following officers: President, John Dinnie; treasurer, W. F. Aisip; secretary, Lewis Campbell.

The University of Minnesota Glee and Mandolin clubs gave a concert here to an audience that filled the theater and enthusiastically applauded the musicians.

Jamestown—Mrs. James Dorsey, the famous "Calamity Jane," was in Jamestown. When in Oakes, on her way here, some of the boys tried to have sport with the old woman while enjoying a drunk. She took it good naturedly for a while, then pulled a shooting iron and made some dance and one man drink against his will.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Hot Springs—A delegation from the Sioux City Commercial club has been touring the Black Hills in a special car.

Sioux Falls—The latest prisoner to be lodged in the Sioux Falls penitentiary is O. L. Callahan, a prominent citizen of Gary, who was guilty of forgery.

Doland—Rev. J. E. Norvell, president of the State Holiness association, announces that the next annual state camp meeting of the association will be held in the Epworth League pavilion at Canton from Aug. 8 to 18.

Huron—In making abstracts of real property in Wessington, one of the largest and busiest places in Beadie county, it was discovered that the patent to the land upon which the town is located had never been recorded.

Lead—The superintendency of the Cape Nome Hydraulic Mining company has been accepted by James Cusick for another year, and he will leave Lead this week. Mr. Cusick was formerly state mine inspector for South Dakota.

Deadwood—Two hundred and seven persons were vaccinated at the Green Front theater in Deadwood. The place is a variety house and dance hall, and a case of smallpox was discovered there. Four doctors and the sheriff performed the operation.

Elk Point—Judge Jones has handed down a decision in the case of Fred Peterson against Margaret Tibbles, an action on a contract to convey real estate. It involves a 320-acre tract of land in Union county, valued at about $13,000. The decision is in favor of Margaret Tibbles.

IN MICHIGAN.

A Menominee Five-Year-Old Child Terribly Burned.

Menominee—The 5-year-old son of Thomas McGuern was horribly burned about the face and body this noon, and is in a serious condition. The mother left the child alone in the house and went to a grocery store. When she came back she found the woodbox and kitchen floor afire and the baby burned.

Iron Mountain—The new superintendent of the Florence mine, F. A. Vogel, discharged six miners Saturday morning. They went to his office and demanded to know why they were discharged. Vogel is said to have pulled a gun and drove them out. The men went to the mine today. Every miner quit, and drew the fires from the boilers. The mine is filling with water, as the pumps are not working.

Andrew Michaels, who resides in the "Twenty-five location," at Iron Mountain, was sinking a well on his lot when at a depth of twenty feet he struck a deposit of iron ore. The find is west of the electric light station and is supposed to be a continuation of the Ludington vein. Mr. Michaels reported the find to Superintendent O. C. Davidson, of the steel trust mines and a crew of men has been set to work to explore the property.

Calumet—Thomas Coombs, employed at the Osceola mine, was killed by a premature discharge of a blast in No. 5 shaft. Cooms and a partner were charging a drilled hole. Coombs became impatient, as the dynamite was stuck in the hole, seizing a stick, started to ram in the charge, which exploded. He was 30 years old.

Nor

WILL BE APPEALED

H. W. Pearson Will Carry His Case to Higher Court.

Extract From the Memorandum In Judge Kelly's Decision.

Finds That the Theory Advanced By Mr. Pearson Failed.

H. W. Pearson will appeal his case against the Great Northern railroad to the supreme court of Minnesota.

He said when he heard of the decision of Judge Kelly giving him only $500 that he would carry the case up immediately. He said also that the $500 was for expenses and not for salary. Nothing was allowed by the court, he said, for nine month's time spent by him in this work.

The St. Paul Dispatch publishes this report of Judge Kelly's finding:

"The court says in opening his memorandum:

"'This is the action in which the words "no coal, no pay; little coal, little pay; big coal, big pay," became famous in the contentions of the lawyers, and upon the correct interpretation of which it was claimed depended a large sum of money.

"Judge Kelly awards Mr. Pearson judgment for $500 unpaid salary and his costs and disbursements.

"The case was tried twice. The first trial on June 18, 1901, and closed July 9, 1901, with a disagreement of the jury. Then there followed a stipulation that the case might be tried and determined by the trial judge on the testimony taken at the first trial.

"Mr. Pearson claimed that in August, 1896, he entered into a contract with James J. Hill, president of the railway company, under which the plaintiff was to search for and locate coal. In addition to a small salary, plaintiff was to be paid in proportion to his success. He alleges that the railway company, through his successful efforts, obtained title to 5421 acres of coal lands in Cascade county, Mont., and that these acres contain at least 69,115,400 tons of mercantile coal, worth $14,778,800 in the ground and before mining. He says that defendant may obtain title to the remainder of 42 square miles of coal fields in Cascade county and 18 square miles in Whatcom county, Wash., of unknown value, as defendant has failed to disclose the result of its tests.

"The defendant admits that Mr. Pearson was to search for coal at a salary of $200 a month for time and expenses.

"Mr. Pearson claims to have discovered or worked out a theory upon which he is enabled to locate coal fields in any portion of the earth. He studies the ancient beaches of the early geologic submergences, the current of these terrestrial floods, and the direction and lodgment of the gigantic drift of those areas. The immense rafts of primeval driftwoods would tend in certain direction, and the beaches indicate the lodgments which these rafts would make. Those are principal data in his theory, roughly stated.

"Expanding his theory to the jury on the first trial of the cause, he said:

"'I stand alone against all the combined geologists of earth, and I may not live long enough to make them consent to it, but there is my theory.'

"The court says: That plaintiff's theory is opposed to all modern geology, is undoubtedly true. The testimony of Professors Calvin and Winchell and of Mr. Mortson amply corroborates plaintiff's frank admission.

"The court finds under the testimony that plaintiff's theory fails, and on the question of original discovery says that nowhere on the forty-two square miles mapped out by him, except on three sections known as the Cottonwood mines, has any coal of value been found by actual test, which, of course, tends to discredit plaintiff's theory, and his claim here to original discovery.

"That which is not lost cannot be found, and that which is known cannot be discovered.

"The court finds that coal had been found and was being worked in the Cottonwood mines district before Mr. Pearson began his explorations and locations."

Building Permits.

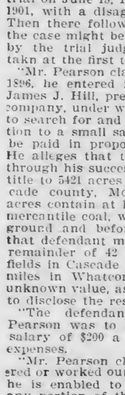
The following building permits were taken out yesterday: Sophia A. Miller to remodel a building at 518 East Fifth street, estimated cost of improvement, $1750.

John Nelson, to build a frame dwelling on the south side of Second street between Tenth and Eleventh avenues west, estimated cost, $1000.

John Schwartz, to build a $5000 residence on the south side of First street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues east.

A refined appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty, given by Satin-Skin Powder (flesh, white, brunette tints). 25c.

An Evidence of Quality



The Drinking of

BLATZ BEER

MILWAUKEE

dispels all doubt as to its merit. A pronounced individuality with evey good quality. The very taste of this beer is conclusive proof of its merit.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.
(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

OPPRESSIVE.

Michigan Opinion of Tax Law Now In Vogue There.

Senator Daugherty has returned from a trip to Mount Clemens, where he had been to get rid of the after-effects of an attack of the grippe. He says that J. L. Washburn and M. H. Alworth arrived there a few days berore he left to take the baths.

"I stopped off in Detroit on my way back," said Senator Daugherty, "and was surprised to learn of the extent of the real estate boom they are having down there. It seems peculiar of that conservative old city platting additions and divisions so far distant from the business center. The extent of the real estate movement there makes one think that another period of great activity is coming in real estate. They are having quite a building boom there, also.

"While in Michigan, I made inquiries about the effect of the taxation methods that were incorporated in a general way in the code proposed by the Minnesota commission last winter. There seems to be no question but that they are getting more money from taxation than they used to raise. But the people that I talked with seemed to look upon the new methods as oppressive and as an incubus on industrial and commercial development. They complain that manufactories, railroads and commercial institutions are not branching out as rapidly as they would if they were less trammeled by taxes. As compared with other states, it is believed in Michigan that these interests there are moving much more slowly and conservatively.

"More than that, it is complained that little is being added to the industrial interests of Michigan. People that think of locating there come to the state, find a promising location and are favorably impressed with everything until they begin to investigate taxation methods and expenses. Then they stop, inquire a little more and conclude to go some other state, where there is more incentive held out for new industrial concerns and material development. If as old and well developed a state as Michigan can feel the effect of such methods, it seems to me that a new state like Minnesota, in the very infancy of its industrial development, would be a serious sufferer from the application of the same system here."

GUN CLUB SHOOT.

The Medal and Buttons Are Competed For.

Clear, fine weather drew out a good crowd of sportsmen to the Central Gun club shoot Sunday afternoon. In the shoot for the F. D. Day company trophy, Pierce, a 16 handicap man, was an easy winner. The scores were:

F. D. Day company trophy—

Pierce	16	25	20	100
Doe	17	25	16	94
Bernie	21	25	19	69
Frank	20	25	18	90
Nolsy	25	25	22	88
Storey	25	25	22	88
Nelson	25	25	21	84
Zopp	20	25	18	81
Berry	23	25	18	78
Salter	18	25	14	77
Cap	25	25	19	76
Wojeck	25	25	17	68
Hugo	19	25	12	63
Max	15	25	7	46

Loud won the handicap medal event, taking the gold button. Bernie and Frank were next in line winning the silver and bronze buttons. The scores:

Class.	Shot at.	Broke.	P. Ct.
Nolsy	25	25	100
Bernie	21	20	95
Frank	20	19	95
Bob	19	17	89
Audi	17	15	88
Nelson	25	18	88
Berry	23	20	68
Doe	17	14	82
Zopp	22	18	81
Cap	25	20	80
Salter	18	14	77
Wojeck	25	19	76
Storey	25	19	76
Hugo	19	14	73
Pierce	16	11	68
Max	15	6	40

IS RICHER.

West Now Furnishing More Money For Western Loans.

"I believe that the West from now on will furnish more money for Western loans than we can get in the East," said N. J. Upham today. Mr. Upham has just returned from a trip to Boston, New York and Philadelphia. He investigated the loan market thoroughly in each of these money centers.

"I found," continued Mr. Upham, "that the East is depending more and more on the West for its finances. They consider down East that the West is more prosperous than the East is. They think we are having a more active business and a greater industrial development. The West seems to have profited more in the actual medium of wealth during the good times than the East. I was surprised to learn to what extent Western money is going East. It always did seek employment there during the period between crops, but now it seems to go there regardless of crop moving, which is not considered at all such a serious matter as it used to be.

"One notable feature of the loan situation in Eastern financial centers is that there is a tendency to ignore municipal securities. I was amazed to find that brokers who used to pay practically no attention to industrials or anything but municipal paper now take little interest in anything but corporation securities. By that I mean that they seem practially to have gone out of the municipal loan trade.

"I was greatly interested in finding the true explanation for this. It was not difficult to discover. I got hints of it when I first dropped in to see the firms that used to be greatly interested in municipal securities. They talked little, but the money that was to be made in corporation paper bears greater interest than municipal bonds. For instance, Duluth is now issuing 4 per cent bonds. Eastern investors or Eastern agents for investors are looking for something that will pay 4½ or 5 per cent, or as much more as they can get. A 4 per cent security they seem to have little time for.

"My own impression is, of course, that a municipal security is a better thing in the long run than some of the seemingly more promising paper, such as I heard so much talk about. Investors seem to be running after street car, electric light and similar corporation securities. In spite of the Cleveland experience, faith in securities of that kind seems to be infallible.

"It has been the custom so long for men having securities to go to Eastern money centers to place them that it may continue. But my observations while East would lead me to believe that ultimately Western money will take up Western municipal loans, and it may be that it will do so through the agency of Western loan brokers."

SAVAGE DUEL

Was Fought With Eighteen-Inch Butcher Knives.

Chicago, April 15.—A savage duel 18-inch butcher knives, which will probably be followed by two deaths, took place in the kitchen of the Union League club last night. The principals were Emil Colton, butcher, and Jules Kuntz, chef. They cut and slashed furiously until both fell from loss of blood. Colton's left hand was almost cut off at the wrist and Kuntz received four wounds which severed eight arteries, his skull being fractured.

The combat lasted fully ten minutes, and was witnessed by several other employes of the club, none of whom dared to interfere. The men were not separated until both fell to the floor, weak from loss of blood and still trying to strike each other. Both were unconscious when they were removed from the kitchen.

Colton had been discharged from the club and trouble arose through his having accused Kuntz with being responsible for his dismissal.

RYAN APPOINTED.

Washington, April 15.—The president has appointed Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, a member of the board of Indian commissioners.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 15.—Fire yesterday destroyed the warehouse of the Johnson Chair company at Green and Phillip streets. The firemen succeeded in confining the flames to the warehouse. The building is believed to have been set afire. Loss $80,000; insured.

DUDLEY KILLED SEVERAL.

Fort Smith, Ark., April 15.—At Stillwell, I. T., in the Cherokee nation, a man named Dudley is said to have killed one daughter, mortally wounded two others and wounded his wife.

We sat at the table together,
She cast a shy glance over at me,
She certainly looked like an angel
Oh, Charley! Please order me Rocky
Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 500 per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable gaurantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH
(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 80 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 435 West Superior Street.

For Business Men and Conservative Investors.

The Cap Sheaf!

A Plain Business Proposition!

It is only a few years ago when speculation in iron and other stocks was at high tide. Promoters secured options on lands, organized stock companies, sold shares, and with the proceeds purchased leases, or lands, and **then entered into explorations to find the ores.** All this used to be done, in most cases, **out of the stock—out of the shareholders' money.**

With the Cap Sheaf it is different. Before the public was asked to purchase a share of stock, the lands were looked up, secured and paid for—from eight to ten thousand dollars was expended in locating and developing one of the richest and largest deposits of copper, gold and silver ever found in the Province—the necessary buildings were erected and a good road constructed to the harbor for transportation purposes.

Only **after** all this was accomplished has the company **offered its shares to the public.**

The truth is that the Cap Sheaf, with all its invironments, **is everything that could be desired.** It is in a climate so mild that water is conducted in small pipes on the surface of the ground, during the entire year, without freezing—it is on an island whence the products can be carried in ships to every port on the globe—it has millions of feet of first-class saw timber—more than it can ever use—it has a **larger and richer body of ore** than any mine on the island taken at the same depth—and this, notwithstanding that the Van Anda, in a brief time, has marketed over half a million dollars' worth of ore, and that the Marble Bay has sold ores to the amount of over $20,000—its water supply is derived from above the mine instead of being pumped by steam from below, as in the other mines on the island—it has about 50 tons of high grade ore in sacks ready for shipment—and, to be modest, thousands of tons in sight. These are all **facts which challenge contradiction.**

The Cap Sheaf needs nothing more than it has—except more money, and this money is wanted to purchase machinery with which to operate the mine. At present there is every indication that this will soon be secured, and later on, enough more to install a suitable smelter for the reduction of the ores at the Cap Sheaf mine.

For this purpose shares are offered for a short time at 25 cents each. For further information, or an inspection of the ores, call at the company's office, or drop a postal and one of the company's representatives will be pleased to call.

OFFICE 617 TORREY BUILDING,
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

THE BUDGET

Excites Much Caustic Comment From Government Opponents.

London, April 15.—Comment on the budget was as usual comment from all parties.

Sir Charles Dilke voiced the opinion of many of these men when he said: "The budget is a reversion to protectionist principles and although only trivally so, I shall oppose it on those grounds."

John Redmond said: "I can only speak from the Irish point of view. We regard the whole thing as a war tax, and Ireland has never approved of the war. We shall naturally fight it for that reason. The protection of Irish agriculture has been a good thing, but this duty upon flour and corn is too low to do us any good. Indeed it will merely raise the price of cheap meats imported from America and largely used by the Irish peasantry, besides making bread dearer. I think it quite likely that these duties may affect the American millers, as the difference between the new duties on raw and manufactured corn may perhaps give the English millers a chance to grind himself, whereas heretofore he has imported American flour."

John Burns was practically vehement in speaking of the budget to a representative of the Associated Press. "It is a cowardly budget," he declared, "for a bully's war. It devolved upon the very poor the cost of aggrandizing the adventurous rich. It taxes the industrious producer at home for the prodigal speculators abroad. It further reduces the standard of the comfort of the poor, who foolishly cried havoc and let loose the dogs of war. In short, the mothers and children, in dearer bread, pay for their husband's trafficking."

Asked if he thought that American flour would be affected by the new taxes, Mr. Burns said he was inclined to believe that Minneapolis and other large milling centers would find it much harder to get trade in England.

"But that does not matter," said Mr. Burns. "You deserve to be chastised for the Philippines."

Henry Norman voiced the opinion of the imperialist liberals when he said: "You cannot call it protection. It is a tariff for revenue only, and America will have no cause for retaliation. But it is irritating without being compensating. Of course it will pass. If the government told its supporters to eat their hats, they would do so without a murmur. The regulation concerning checks is a slavish imitation of the American action during the Spanish-American war."

Outside the house of commons, the income tax and the increase in the amount of the stamp to be placed on checks have created the most comment. The "man in the street" is generally very angry over both these increases."

Proposals.

Sealed proposals will be received until 2 p. m. on Saturday, April 19, 1902, for the excavations and foundation work for St. James' Catholic church on Fifty-seventh avenue west, West Duluth, according to the plans and specifications on file at the office of Radcliffe & Hill, architects. Each bid must be acompanied by a certified check for 10 per cent of bid. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

REV. JOHN FEHEELEY.

WAGE SCALE

Committee In Session Preparing Report For Convention.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 14.—President Shaffer, Secretary Williams and Assistant Secretary M. F. Tighe of the Amalgamated Association arrived this morning from Pittsburg, and immediately the wage scale committee went into an all-day's session. Its report will be ready for the convention when its first session convenes tomorrow. Convention delegates are arriving today. Tomorrow morning the convention will open with an address of welcome by Mayor A. T. Sweeney, to which President Shaffer will respond. It is reported that the suspended Chicago lodges intend to make a vigorous fight for reinstatement. Their charters were taken away during the strike for refusing to quit work, and they gave as a reason for their action that they were working under a contract.

Beethoven Club Concert.

Last concert Wednesday, April 16, Congregational church. Admission, 75 cents.

Pure Drugs Should Only Be Allowed In Your Home

Our Prescription Department is in charge of careful and experienced pharmacists.....

S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST,
Fourth Avenue West and Superior St.

CALLED TO ST. PAUL.

Rev. H. G. Sykes of Cloquet Given a Call.

St. Paul, April 15.—Rev. H. G. Sykes, of Cloquet, has been elected pastor of the Arlington Hills Presbyterian church, to succeed the Rev. A. E. Driscoll, who resigned about two months ago to become field secretary for Macalester college.

Since Rev. Driscoll severed his connection with the church the pulpit has been filled by clergymen from out of town. Rev. Sykes preached at the church recently and the congregation was so impressed that it was decided to tender him a call.

A business meeting of the parishioners was held yesterday at the close of the morning services, at which it was unanimously decided to call the Rev. Sykes. It is expected that he will accept the call and will come to St. Paul within a few weeks.

Rev. Sykes is 28 years old and has been at Cloquet three years. Prior to coming to Minnesota he was engaged in missionary work in Manitoba, where he was very successful.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The British freight steamer Arbitstain, from Montevideo for New York, April 3, has been towed to Rio Janeiro with the after end of her shafting carried away, by the Brazilian steamer Commandante Alvino.

The twenty-third legislature of Hayti was solemnly opened Monday without any extraordinary incident. Advices received from Jacmel say order has been re-established there.

C. M. Dickinson, the United States consul general, and Mrs. Dickinson, left Constantinople Monday on their way to the United States.

It is reported at Tien Tsin that 1000 of Gen. Ma's troops, who were taking part in the Chao-Yang expedition, have deserted and joined the rebels in Southern China, taking with them their arms, munitions and treasury.

King Edward received Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, the Canadian high commissioner in London, Monday when Lord Strathcona presented his majesty with an address and a gold medal from the citizens of Montreal in commemoration of the visit to that city made recently by the prince of Wales.

According to news received at St. Thomas, D. W. I., the largest find of diamonds in Demerara county, British Guiana, since the diamond industry was started there, has been made on the property of the syndicate. As a result of about five weeks' work, 18,100 stones were brought into Georgetown last Friday. The largest stone weighed eleven and a half grains.

CABLE FLASHES.

Wilson Skenadere, an Indian, was shot at the Oneida, Wis., reservation Sunday night while trying to enter the house of a neighbor. Some one shot from inside, the ball entering the left breast. The wound is thought to be fatal.

In the United States court a new trial was granted St. John Boyle, of Louisville, Ky., in his suit against W. J. Henning, a New York stock broker, for $25,000 alleged to be due Boyle on account of certain transactions in Northern Pacific stock last May. The case was decided several weeks ago in favor of Henning, who was given a verdict for $21,000.

The faculty of Vassar college has awarded the Babbitt Fellowship for the ensuing year to Miss Elizabeth Kemper Adams, of the class of 1902. Miss Adams is at present studying English in a Chicago university.

A Boston steamer, Admiral Farragut will be used for conveying President Thomas Estrada Palma to Cuba. She will leave Boston for Hampton Roads, and on Thursday morning President Estrada Palma and his party will sail on the Farragut.

Frank Shaw, colored, was hanged Monday at Lumberton, N. C., for the murder of his sweetheart, Mary Ferguson last November.

Edward Denny, of Peru, Ill., son of Alderman Denny, while suffering with smallpox, diagnosed as chickenpox, was married to Miss Carrie Palm in Peru on Friday, and 200 guests at the wedding were unconsciously exposed to the malady. The morning after the wedding the groom was taken seriously ill and Dr. J. H. Dugan, of La Salle, was called. Dr. Dugan pronounced the disease one of the most virulent cases of smallpox he had ever encountered.

NOT GONE FAR YET.

Washington, April 14.—Reliable information is to the effect that the department of justice in the alleged beef trust matter has not gone beyond the point of an investigation into the question of whether or not the trust has violated the general law. No prosecution has been ordered and no grand jury has been summoned to determine the question so far as the department knows.

WOMEN FORESTERS.

Chicago, April 14.—The biennial convention of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters began here today with 530 delegates and nearly an equal number of alternates present, representing 37,000 women in all parts of the country. The meeting will continue throughout the week.

BANKRUPTCY OF HOPE.

London, April 14.—At a meeting today of the creditors in the bankruptcy proceedings against Lord Hope it was disclosed that his liabilities amounted to $75,000 including a claim for $45,000 on a bill of exchange given to his divorced wife, May Yohe, the American actress in 1901. The debtor disputes the claim on the ground that he received no consideration of bill. The only asset is the debtors' life interest in the family estate.

MADE NEW RECORD.

Springfield, Ill., April 15.—In the local Y. M. C. A. indoor athletic meet Andrew Zumbrook made a new national record for a running long dive, covering 12 feet 7½ inches. The record has been held by S. Beck, of Portland, Ore., with 13 feet 5½ inches. The local association is affiliated with the national organization and Zumbrook's record will stand as official.

BROKE THROUGH BRIDGE.

Glendive, Mont., April 15.—A Northern Pacific east bound passenger train broke through a bridge west of this place yesterday afternoon. The mail, express and three coaches were wrecked and burned. With the exception of the mail clerk, who sustained a scalp wound, no one was injured. Traffic will be delayed about twenty hours.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—5.

A HAND out of the DARK

often comes to our aid when we least expect hope or help.

If you are one of the millions of sufferers from Nervous Debility, and the future seems gloomy and hopeless, this advertisement of

PALMO TABLETS

will seem providential.

This remedy cures the dread disease and all of its symptoms, such as dizziness, failing memory, drains, sleeplessness and varicocele.

It has cured thousands; it will cure you. "Your money back" proves our faith

60 cents a box, 12 for $5. New book, free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

WHEAT IS BUOYANT

Goes Up With Rush on Poor Crop Reports From Southwest.

Flax Trading the Feature of the Duluth Market.

American Linseed Oil Company Buys All May Seed Offered.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 15.—The wheat market started out fairly steady this morning, with traders speculating on the effect of the British import duty on wheat. It was announced that this duty would be paid by buyers through August, and later would be included in contracts. Rains in the Southwest caused a bearish feeling, although other sections complained of dry weather, and there were free offerings, despite very small Northwest receipts. Toward the noon hour the Southwest began to buy heavily on poorer crop reports and the market went upward with a rush under this influence. The close was at the top and very strong, in Chicago July there was a range of 2¼c between the high and low prices and all markets there was active trading.

The Liverpool market closed ⅛@⅛d lower. Paris was unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 251,000 bus, last year 319,000 bus. Shipments 367,000 bus, last year 261,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 299,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 3,361,000 bus, in the world's visible against a decrease of 2,332,000 bus, a week ago, and 3,112,000 bus a year ago.

Corn advanced ⅝-3c in the Chicago market and cash ½c. Primary receipts of corn were 178,000 bus, last year 268,000 bus. Shipments 252,000 bus, last year 178,000 bus. Clearances were 2500 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 1,625,000 bus in the world's visible.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 99 cars, and at Chicago, 44, a total of 134 cars, against 235 last week and 434 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was fairly active. The market opened unchanged at 72¼c sold at 72c at 10:50, and 72¾c at 11:20. From that point it jumped up to 73½c at 12:50 and closed at 73⅝c, an advance of 1¾c. Minneapolis advanced the same and Chicago 1½-5⅝c.

Cash sales of wheat were 10,00 bus at My price for No. 1 northern, 2½c under for No. 2 and 4½c for No. 3.

The flax market was the feature of the Duluth board in spite of the active day in wheat and it was the liveliest day seen in some time. The American Linseed Oil company was in the market for all the May flax offered and got about 90 per cent of the total amount traded in with it was about 100,000 bus. The price opened at $1.75 and jumped to $1.79, which was the highest price paid in the life of the option. From there it fell back to $1.76½, advanced to $1.77 again fell to $1.67½ and then closed at $1.77½. This was an advance of 2¼c for the day. The strength was not confined to the nearby option either and was even more marked in September which advanced 6½c and October which was up 4c. Cash sold to arrive sold advanced 2¼c.

Corn was up 2c and oats 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—cash, 1 hard, 76¾c; 1 northern, 73⅝c; 2 northern, 71¾c; 3 spring, 69¼c. To arrive—1 hard, 76¾c; 1 northern, 73⅝c; May, 73⅝c; July, 74¼c. Manitoba, 1 northern, cash, 72⅝c; May, 72⅝c; 2 northern, 69¾c. Oats, 43¾c. Rye, 74½c. Flax, cash, $1.77; to arrive, $1.77½; May, $1.77½; September, $1.42; October, $1.35. Corn, 62c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 15; last year, 126; oats, 3; flax, 9. Receipts—Wheat, 15,427 bus; rye, 257 bus; flax, 2482 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 137,754 bus; rye, 12,931 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars	$0.72½
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus	72⅛
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	70¾
Rye, 1 car	54½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Early Sentiment In Grains Was Somewhat Mixed.

Chicago, April 15.—The early sentiment in grains today was mixed. There was considerable talk as to what effect the British import duty on wheat would have but cables were not materially changed. Word was received that the duty would be paid by buyers through August; after that it would be included in contracts. Aside from the guess work on this question there was a bearish feeling developed on rains in the Southwest. Reports from other sections, however, still complained of dry weather. May wheat opened unchanged to a shade up at 72⅝c to 72⅞ @⅝c and sold at 72½c. There was a tendency on the part of local speculators to buy July and commission houses bought sparingly. Offerings were fairly free, in spite of the very small northwest receipts, and May sold off to 72c, later steadying around 72¼c. Local receipts were 44 cars, 1 contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth received only 99 cars, making a total for the three points of 134, against 235 last week and 434 a year ago.

After dragging idly for several hours wheat suddenly developed great strength. Bradstreets had reported a marked decrease—3,304,000 bus—in the world's visible and Minneapolis advices stated that cash demand there was good because of the very small Northwestern receipts. Several large houses began buying heavily and shorts aided in the upturn by bidding prices up. May wheat jumped 2c from its low point for the day and sold at 74c, closing strong, 1½@1¾c higher, at 73⅞@74c.

Corn trade was only fair at the opening. The crowd was too nervous to do much one way or the other and waited for more fireworks of the kind displayed yesterday and Saturday. Cables were unresponsive and there was some increase in Western offerings. May started ¼c higher to ¼c lower at 62½c to 62c. Gradually the bears took courage and began selling on the easier feeling in wheat.

A prominent corn bull unloaded July freely and May corn slipped off to 61½c. Receipts were 52 cars.

Oats hung idly until wheat began to move, then there was a renewed demand and May advanced sharply and closed strong, 1¼c up at 43c.

Increased receipts of oats influenced some fair selling but there was something of a demand in July and prices hung rather steady. May opened ¼c higher at 42⅝c and fluctuated between that price and 42¾c. Receipts were 232 cars.

Provisions were strong again at the opening. Hogs were light and small in numbers and prices at the yards advanced. There was also a good demand for investment and packer support was apparent. May pork opened 12½c up at $16.95, sold at $17.00 and eased again to $16.97½; May lard 5@7½c higher at $8.80@8.82½, and May ribs 5c up at $9.17½ and jumped to $9.25.

Close, Wheat, April, 73¾c; May, 73⅞c; July, 74⅝@75c; September, 74½c; December, 73¾c. Corn, April, 62¾c; May, 62⅝@63c; September, 62¾c; December, 48c. Oats, April, 42¾c; May, 43c; July, 35¾c; July, new, 35¾c; September, 30⅝c; September, new, 32¾c; December, 30c; December new, 32⅞c. Pork, April, $16.90; May, $16.92½; July, $17.12½; September, $17.15. Lard, April, $8.77; May, $8.75@8.77½; September, $8.97½. Ribs, April, $9.17½; May, $9.17½@9.20; July, $9.35; September, $9.42½. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.77; Southwestern, $1.65½; May, $1.67; September, $1.42; October, May, 56c; July, 56¾c. Barley, cash, 63@68c. Timothy, April, $6.90. Clover, cash, $7.90. Cash wheat: No. 2 red, 80@81½c; No. 2 red, 74@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@75½c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@74½c; No. 3 spring, 70@73c. Corn, No. 2, 61@62c. Oats, No. 2, 42@43c; No. 3, 42@42c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 71½c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅝c to 73⅞-¼c.
Curb, May wheat, 72½-⅝c bid.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago.—The placing of an import duty on about 3c per bushel on grain in the United Kingdom has unsettled the situation and made comparisons at the moment of little value. Wheat sold off at the close here yesterday on this news. The duty is not great enough to retard the exporting of wheat and unless it does we do not see how it can effect prices in this country. Any import duty on grain into the United Kingdom will be paid by the man who buys the wheat. There are further rains in the Southwest and in Kansas and Oklahoma.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago.—Wheat—The market was unsettled and weak early on further rains in the Southwest, and uncertainty as to effect of duty on wheat by the British government. Later, however, it regained strength and activity on the general unfavorable character of the crop advices. Here attention has been centered upon the conditions in the Southwest. Today, however, the general unfavorable conditions all throughout the winter wheat belt are attracting more attention. Advices from every section nearly indicate that judging by appearances the crop is rapidly deteriorating in condition. The dry weather last fall and continued dry weather of the past month are the causes. The only rains so far have been scattered showers which in the majority of cases came too late when as a matter of fact the whole winter wheat belt needs good rain. Unless rains come we are inclined to think prices will sell materially higher.

Corn—There was some further local selling early, but the market has since turned strong. We see no change to note in general conditions. If we ignore the price the whole position in corn is very strong. Stocks in the Southwest nearly exhausted by demand. Chicago has only moderate stocks and the holdings here are, we think, in strong hands. Unless receipts increase or demand diminishes much higher prices are at least probable.

• • •

Chicago.—The dficiency of moisture in Nebraska and Iowa is being taken seriously. Both states were deficient for March and both show a rather startling moisture deficiency for February and March together. Not one of the Iowa reporting stations is up to normal for the sixty days, and only one Nebraska station shows a surplus.

• • •

Ryeroft, of Chicago—The duty imposed by the British government on wheat imports into the United Kingdom is equal to about 3¼c per bus. The nearby positions in Liverpool partially reflect the duty but deferred futures are lower. The weather abroad continues to be favorable for the growing crop.

• • •

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—English market quotations are evidently affected this morning by the imposition of an import duty of a little over 3c per bus. We understand this duty went into effect on its passage. The duty is so small it will hardly be felt. Shipper and consumer will each probably pay their share of it. There are light rains again in Oklahoma, Kansas and Nebraska. Our market is likely to open easy. On any decline advise buying wheat.

Corn—The Southwestern situation is very strong on corn. There was demand for cash corn here yesterday. In response to these conditions our market has had a good advance. If the market is strong today favor selling.

Oats—There are a good many complaints coming of dry weather where oats have been seeded. This is true in both Iowa and Nebraska, where rain is very badly needed. Unless the situation is relieved very soon it will quite surely start an advance in September oats.

• • •

C. T. Neal, of Lincoln, Neb.—There has been no rain in the past forty-eight hours except in the extreme West and Northwest. There has been none where needed. There have been no indications of any this morning. Bear in mind that the South Platte river and east rainfall is not over half of normal, in some cases one-third, except in a small area. Our deficiency is getting to be a serious matter.

• • •

St. Louis wires—The largest holder of cash corn here has just sold every bushel he had to go out. There is only a few bushels left. Look out for fireworks.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 15.—Close: Wheat—May, 72½c; July, 73¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 northern, 73¾@74c; No. 2 northern, 72¾@½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 15.—Wheat, spot. No. 1 northern spring (including duty), steady, 6s 4d. Futures quiet. May, 6s 11¾d; July, 6s 10½d. Corn spot, steady. American mixed new (including duty), 5s 6d; American mixed old (including duty), 5s 6½d. Futures dull. May, 4s 11¾d; July, 5s ½d; October, 4s 11¾d. Flour, St. Louis fancy winter (including duty), firm, 8s 6d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 386,000 centals, including 301,000 centals American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 24,300 centals.

A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—106 West Superior St.
Dealer in.....
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel)
Copper Stocks a Specialty! Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Leased wires to New York and Boston.
F. M. Crouch, Manager. Both 'Phones

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul, 3 Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis, Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

BONDS, ALSO **Mortgages** FOR SALE.
Bearing 5 and 5½% INTEREST.
W. M. Prindle & Co., First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 15.—Close: Wheat—May, 79¾c; July, 80⅛c. Corn—May, 68¾c; July, 61½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	72¼B	71¾	72⅜-½	78⅜-½
High	73⅝B	72⅝	74	80
Low	72	70¾	72	78⅜
Close	73⅝B	72½	73⅞-74	79⅛B
July—				
Open	72¼B	72½	73¼-⅜	78⅛
High	74¼	73⅞-74	75	80⅛
Low	72½	71⅞-72	72¾	78⅛
Close	74¼B	73⅞	74⅞-75	80⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	42⅝	62¼@62	$16.97
High	43	63	$16.97
Low	42¼	61⅝	$16.92
Close	43	62⅞-63	$16.92

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, April 15.—The announcement of the British government imposing a duty of 3¼c per bus on wheat imports into the United Kingdom, together with disappointing cables caused our market to rule weak during the early part of the session, but later in the day there was heavy buying both by bulls and bears on unfavorable crop reports from the Southwest. Prices sharply advanced 2 to 2½c from the low point and the close was firm 1⅝ to 1¾c higher than last night. Liverpool after opening firm and higher, closed quiet with most of the advance lost. Continental markets were irregular, some higher and some lower. Cash demand both here and at the seaboard was quiet and the advance in the market checked all business. Trade was large all day, but mostly all of a local professional character. Shorts have covered freely, and we ought to get some reaction, but this will depend a great deal upon the weather. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 300 cars.

There was a large and active trade in corn today and the market generally followler the course of wheat. After ruling weak early, later advanced on general buying both by bulls and bears and close was firm, ¾c to 1¼c per bu higher than last night. While country offerings were light, still receipts were larger than of late. Cash demand was good and the Southwest reported a fair quantity sold for shipment on the early break. Charters were made for about 400,000 bus. Trade was large all day and the sentiment generally was very bullish. The situation is certainly strong and our in opinion warrants higher prices. After today's advance we may get some reaction, but on any weak spot we advise buying. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 300 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today and the market ruled firmer in sympathy with the strength in wheat and corn. May sold 1c and July and September ⅜c higher than last night. The weather generally is too dry for the crop just seeded. Country offerings are light, cash demand fairly good. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 90 cars.

Provisions opened very strong with enormous buying by brokers supposed to represent leading bulls and for a time maintained strength in sympathy with grain, but it became evident that the rapid and substantial advance was being taken advantage of by some one to sell and the market lost most of the rally and closed easy. Lard and May pork were on the market all day in vast quantities and finally May ribs became heavy. Carrying charges are spreading and in spite of great strength in grain this market acts ragged and unhealthy. Bull gains have not lost control by any means but believe the market will require their support at the time. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 28,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 15.—Cattle, receipts, 4000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $6.75@7.40; poor to medium, $4.50@6.60; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5.25; cows, $1.40@6.10; heifers, $2.50@6.35; canners, $1.40@2.50; bulls, $2.50@5.45; calves, $2.50@5.85. Texas fed steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs, receipts today, 18,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 3127. 5@10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $6.95@7.32½; good to choice heavy, $7.25@7.35; rough heavy, $6.95@7.25; light, $6.85@7.05; bulk of sales, $6.95@7.30. Sheep, receipts, 14,000. Sheep strong to 10c higher. Lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.25@6.00; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.50; Western sheep, $4.75@6.25; native lambs, $4.75@7.00; Western lambs, $5.25@7.00. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 19,110; hogs, 34,035; sheep, 10,121. Shipments—Cattle, 3370; hogs, 10,264; sheep, 5501.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report an unusual activity in all branches of the market for the initial opening of the week. Good farm chunks and heavy team horses moved exceptionally well. Delivery horses and drivers of the best grades in fact all well finished animals of the lighter classes had an easy disposal. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@200
Drafters, choice	130@150
Drafters, common to good	115@130
Farm mares, extra	130@145
Farm mares, choice	110@130
Farm mares, common to good	90@110
Farm plugs	50@ 75
Mules	110@175

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, April 15.—A Chippewa Falls, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Harry H. Rowe, a jeweler in this city for eighteen years, died last night aged 60. During the civil war he was a captain of Ohio volunteers.

Dodge Center, Minn., April 15.—Mrs. Samuel Ells, who was severely burned a few days ago, died Sunday night. Mr. Ells, who was burned at the same time, was buried several days ago.

Philadelphia, April 15.—The Rev. Dr. Samuel M. Scoville, assistant pastor of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, died here today of a complication of diseases. He was a son-in-law of the late Henry Ward Beecher.

Oakland, Cal., April 15.—Mrs. Cornelia Selby Kempff, wife of Rear Admiral Louis Kempff, United States navy, is dead in this city. The cause of death was acute pneumonia.

Rear Admiral Kempff, who returned from the command of the China squadron on March 19, was with his wife when she died. Mrs. Kempff was the daughter of former Mayor Selby, of San Francisco.

• • •

New York, April 14.—Frederick Bryton, the well-known actor, who was associated with Clara Morris at one time, is dead at his home in Rochester, according to a World special from that city.

New York, April 14.—Mrs. Hannah Bartow is dead at her home in New Brunswick, N. J. She would have been 106 years of age May 1. In her younger years Mrs. Bartow was a servant for Commodore Vanderbilt. When Lafayette passed through this city she helped cook the dinner for him and his staff.

NORTH DAKOTA ARBOR DAY.

St. Paul, April 15.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Governor White in his arbor day proclamation, designates Friday, May 9, as arbor day in the state. The governor recommends that "an elm tree be lovingly planted and tenderly cared for on the grounds of every school and public institution of the state in honor of our martyred president, William McKinley."

IMMENSE DEALINGS

In Southern Railway Was Feature of Stock Market.

Trading Was on a Large Scale at Advanced Prices.

Louisville & Nashville Also Figured In the Marked Activity.

New York, April 15.—The weak undertone which marked the closing of the stock market last night was gone this morning and prices advanced all around. The opening in Louisville was excited, 3800 shares selling at 130½ to 131½, compared with 128 last night. The price afterwards fell back to 130. Illinois Central opened 1¼ higher and International Power gained 4 points. The fluctuations in St. Paul were rather feverish, but narrow. Louisville gave way in an irregular decline to 125¾, but showed a tendency to settle at about 129. Southern Railway, after rising to 34½ receded a quarter with enormous buying orders appeared. There were long strings of individual transactions running from 1000 to 9000 shares on the advance to 37¾. The preferred rose to 95½. International Power gained 6½. Northwestern 5, St. Paul & Omaha preferred 4, St. Paul 1½, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville 2½, Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific and a number of less important stocks a point or more. Illinois Central lost its gain, but recovered it. The general market maintained a firm tone, but was not notably active or strong.

The market became very irregular on decreased dealings. Louisville & Nashville fell to 127, Southern Railway stocks reacted, the preferred losing 1 and Northwestern 3. Other prominent stocks were advanced. St. Paul crossing 170 and Atchison, Southern Pacific, New York Central, Brooklyn Transit and some specialties showing considerable strength. Des Moines & Fort Dodge rose 6 and Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis 2. International Power got up 10 points to 120. Before noon Amalgamated was lifted 1¾ over last night, but the grangers and Pacifics eased off and then rallied again strongly. St. Paul touched 171 and Southern Railway rose to 40. Louisville & Nashville rallied 2¾. Bonds were irregular at noon.

The enormous demands for Southern Railway carried it up to 40½, after which it fell back to 38¾. The general market was affected in sympathy, but did not move widely. Louisville & Nashville fell back to 125¾ and St. Paul reacted 1¾. On the advance Pennsylvania, Rock Island, Illinois Central, U. S. Express and Metropolitan were carried 1 to 2 over last night. Des Moines & Fort Dodge advanced 5, Chicago & Eastern Illinois dropped 2 and Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville rose 4¼. The movement in Southern Railway having quieted down the professionals directed their attention to other leading stocks, principally St. Paul which was marked up to 171¾. Baltimore & Ohio was taken up later and reached 103½. The rise in Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville reached 6¾ and preferred 2. Other stocks that made good gains were the Kansas City Southern stocks, and Delaware & Hudson. Southern Railway was feverish around 39 and later sagged to 38¼, pulling Louisville & Nashville down to 126½. The general market was feverish and showed indications of realizing at many points under cover of special movements. Manhattan fell 1¼ from the highest; American Telephone & Telegraph lost 4 points.

Texas Pacific was lifted 1¾; Northwestern, 7; the pfd, 4, and Colorado Fuel, 3¾. St. Paul also rallied to the top, but the taking of profits carried Southern Railway back to 37¾, and Louisville & Nashville to 125¾. Linseed pfd lost 4 and New York Central and St. Louis second pfd and Soo pfd, 2¾. Rock Island fell a point below last night and St. Paul, Northwestern, Illinois Central, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, Texas Pacific and Amalgamated reacted about a point or over. Since 10 o'clock showed a tendency to rally, but the failure of Southern Railway to share in the tendency prevented it becoming generally effective. The closing was irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	67¾	65¾	66¾
Anaconda M. Co.	116	116	116
Atchison, T. & S. F.	73⅝	72¼	73⅝
do pfd.	96⅜	97½	96⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	103½	106⅞	103¾
do pfd.	97¼	97¼	97¼
Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	69⅝	69¾	69
Chesapeake & Ohio	46⅝	46	46⅜
Chicago & Alton	37¾	37	37
Col. F. & I.	99¾	95	96½
Chgo.-Gt. Western com.	24⅝	24¼	24⅝
Erie com.	36⅜	36⅝	36⅝
do 1st pfd.	68⅝	68⅝	68½
do 2nd pfd.	54½	53¾	53¾
Great Northern pfd.	185½	185½	185½
Louisville & Nashville	131½	125½	127
Leather	13¾	12¾	12¾
do pfd	84¾	84	84¼
Manhattan Con.	133	132	132½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	61¾	61	61
do pfd	120	119	119
Missouri Pacific	101⅝	100½	101¼
New York Central	163¾	163	163½
Norfolk & Western	57⅝	56⅞	57½
Ontario & Western	32¾	32⅝	32⅝
Pennsylvania	151	149¾	150¾
Pacific Mail	42⅝	42¼	42⅝
People's Gas	102¾	102¼	102¾
Republic Iron and Steel.	17⅜	17	17⅜
do pfd	73	72¾	73
Reading	58	57¼	57¾
do 1st pfd	83¾	82¾	83⅜
do 2d pfd	68¾	68⅛	68⅜
Rock Island	176	174	174
Southern Railway	40½	34½	37½
do pfd	93½	93½	94
Southern Pacific	67⅜	66⅝	66⅜
Smelter	47	46½	46½
do pfd	97	97	97
Sugar	132	131	131½
St. Paul	171⅞	168	169⅞
T. C. and I.	69	68½	69
Texas Pacific	42¾	40¾	42¾
Union Pacific	103¾	101⅞	102½
do pfd.	88	87½	87⅞
U. S. Steel	41⅜	40⅞	41
do pfd.	95½	93⅝	93¾
Wabash	24⅝	23⅝	24¼
do pfd.	44½	43½	43⅝
Western Union	90⅜	90½	90½
Wisconsin Central	24½	24⅛	24⅛
do pfd.	47	46½	47
American Ice	17	16½	16½
Metropolitan	153¼	152⅝	153

The total sales were 1,768,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: While sentiment has been somewhat chilled by the further advance in Louisville & Nashville, which revives the fear of a corner and the repetition of the May panic of last year, the feeling tonight is that the market is a purchase on this reaction. There is a theory that the interests which are working for higher prices are strong enough to carry on their campaigns successfully in the face of even such a strong opposition as is being offered by the so-called Standard Oil party, by which is meant H. H. Rogers and his followers. Although the question as to who controls the Louisville & Nashville is still unanswered, well-informed people adhere to the belief that the Moore interest, working in harmony with Morgan, has acquired the property and that the purchase will add great strength to the Southern Railway. Northwestern divides speculative attention with the Louisville, and it is believed that its advance to the highest point ever recorded for it foreshadows the cutting of the long-talked of melon.

• • •

Dow-Jones & Co. to B. E. Baker: The movement in the Louisville & Nashville nds a different situation in the general market today than at the time of the corner in Northern Pacific last year. At that time, stocks generally were more weakly held, while the short interest in Northern Pacific rested in quarters where the inability to meet engagements meant more serious harm in the street than the commitments on the short side of Louisville & Nashville mean today. There may be a large miscellaneous short interest in Louisville & Nashville, but not much in any one quarter. This makes a difference in the attitude of the street towards the general market. Besides there is not as much over-speculation at this time as there was at the time of the Northern Pacific this time last year.

• • •

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.—A morning paper commenting on the Louisville & Nashville situation says: "Morgan & Co have been asked to act as arbitrators and decide on what basis Mr. Belmont and associates shall settle with the Gates party in the matter of the Louisville & Nashville deal in which they are supposed to be short. John W. Gates says: 'All I can say is that there will be no corner as far as I and my friends are concerned. We are prepared to loan Louisville & Nashville stock to those who are in urgent need of it and whom we have contracts with for delivery. I cannot speak for the others.'"

• • •

Sutro to Paine, Webber & Co.—The street is mystified as it has been in Louisville & Nashville situation. Many uninformed speculators are casting wild rumor regarding it. The market was heavy at yesterday's close with heavy liquidation. It is said that Morgan and Gates are working together for a corner. The mystery attending the situation is as deep as ever and until it is disclosed to the public an uncertain and irregular market will be seen. It is said that Louisville & Nashville will sell much higher today. This fact has dampened all public following will also tend to make a weakening in other stocks. Profits of a few points should be taken and stocks bought on declines.

• • •

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.—As a result of the rapid movement in Louisville & Nashville, the market promises to be irregular today, for the time being traders are at sea and uncertain as to the speculative policy they should pursue. Louisville & Nashville will again be the dominant feature and will fluctuate widely as a result of yesterday's conference between Gates' interests and other parties with Morgan & Co. Just now Louisville & Nashville is a dangerous stock to trade in and short selling of it would be attended with great risk.

• • •

Dick to B. E. Baker.—Atchison officials are reported predicting for their road's territory the largest wheat crop on record with the exception of that of last year. Some one is selling Steel all the time.

• • •

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.—St. Paul traffic returns for March indicate that when a statement of earnings is made public several days hence it will make a good showing. We understand that the gross earnings for the month will show an increase of 17 per cent over the corresponding month last year and probably show an increase also for net earnings.

• • •

Dick to B. E. Baker.—There is a story that the Morgan interests have allowed Gates the Louisville & Nashville as a block of Southern Railway. This of course, is merely a rumor. I think Keene is a big buyer of Southern Railway. The latest report will guarantee 6 per cent on Louisville & Nashville. It looks as though the Gates crowd has closed some sort of a deal with Morgan. The market has a good tone and looks as though it would be higher.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 303 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22½	22⅝
Arcadian	8	8½
Atlantic	3½	4
Arnold	50	100
Atlantic	28	29
Anaconda	28⅜	29½
Amalgamated	66⅜	66⅝
Baltic	60¾	61¾
Calumet & Hecla	60¾	61¾
Centennial	18½	19¾
Copper Range	90	92
Franklin	11½	12½
Isle Royale	15	.....
Bingham	31	32
Mass	18¾	19
Mayflower	2¾	3
National	1½	2
Mohegan	36	36¼
Old Colony	11	11¼
Old Dominion	3½	4
Old Dominion	21½	22
Osceola	63	64
Parrot	27	29
Phoenix	..¼	4
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2¼	3
Tennessee Copper	11	12
Santa Fe	2¾	3
Tamarack	175	180
Trenton	1½	2
Tri-Mountain	98	100
Utah	22¾	23
Victoria	5¼	5½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	54½	55
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	3½	4
Trinity	13¼	13¾
Dominion Coal	144	.....
U. S. Mining	20⅜	20½
Copper Railway Con.	61	61½
Calumet & Arizona	36¼	.....

COPPER GOSSIP.

Houghton to Paine, Webber & Co.: Cross cutting west from Elm River shaft is still under way. Nothing apparent has developed. The Tecumseh shaft is fast reaching a depth of 1900 feet and drifting is now under way. Some copper has been secured. A mass of copper of 200 pounds—the largest ever secured at that locality—was found at the seventh level of No. 4 shaft.

• • •

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The report is out and is about as bad as we expected. The report shows that while $20 was paid in dividends, only $8 was earned and the balance was paid out of the surplus. The price of the stock, however, has not moved materially.

• • •

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—Coppers were completely overshadowed by heavy trading in the New York market today. Prices held firm, however, and gave every promise of continuing on the up tack. The metal is stronger in New York. There is talk of coming good news of great importance to holders of copper stocks.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 15.—Cotton opened easy with prices 1 to 5 points lower on weakness in Liverpool. Following the call, prices crept upward on covering and what appeared to be Wall street support of May and July. May advanced to 8.96, July 8.95 and August to 8.97 with trade light. At the close of the first hour, the market sold off 4 points in about as many minutes under a big estimate for Houston receipts tomorrow.

Cotton spot closed quiet and steady; middling uplands, 9¼; middling gulf, 9½; sales, 250 bales. Cotton futures, closed steady; April, 9.08; May, 9.02; June, 9.01; July 8.99; August, 8.83; September, 8.57; October, 8.17; November, 8.09; December, 8.08; January, 8.09.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 15.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,009,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $175,850,221; gold, $92,881,962; silver, $19,090,841; United States notes, $8,896,849; treasury notes of 1890, $190,158; national bank notes, $1,240,623; total receipts this day, $1,172,230; total receipts this month, $22,041,325; total receipts this year, $441,044,234; total expenditures this day, $1,065,000; total expenditures this month, $20,095,000; total expenditures this year, $377,939,901; deposits in national banks, $119,404,494.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 15.—Close: Money on call, firm, at 3½@4½ per cent, closing bid and asked 4@4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5¾ per cent; sterling exchange, heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand, and at $4.85@4¾ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85½; bar silver, 53¼; Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

Herald Wants
One Cent a Word.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE!

$3500 Double house with corner lot, fronting on three streets, within four and one-half blocks of Superior street and Third avenue west. Lot 50x105 in area. Income $390 per year. Room for other buildings.

$1200 Fifty-foot corner on London Road and Nineteenth avenue east.

Modern houses in East End and center of city. Possession can be given at once.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

BARGAINS IN FARM LANDS, CARLton county—160 acres with 5000 cords birch and maple, three miles from five brick yards, $8 per acre; 40 acres for truck farm, one mile from railroad, two miles from Wrenshall, $8 per acre; 80 acres partly cleared with house and barn, $950, part on time; 640 acres first-class land, with $1500 worth of timber, $6.50 per acre. Tracts of 40, 80, 120 or 160 acres good land, well watered and timbered, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, $1 per acre cash, balance on time; 120 acres partly cleared, good house, barn and root cellar, fine spring, $900, $250 cash, balance easy terms.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY—200 ACRES ON trout stream, eight miles from Duluth, $4.25 per acre; 160 acres good farm land ten miles from Duluth, $5.50 per acre; 2400 acres five miles from Duluth, $6.50 per acre; thirty acres on fine trout stream, seven miles from Duluth, $5 per acre; 400 acres, large amount of hardwood, four miles from city, $12.50 per acre; 120 acres one and a half miles from railroad, partly improved, with buildings, $4 per acre.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre; wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO., 428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

The Normal School

Will offer exceptional advantages for the schooling of your children. You should secure these by making your home in that vicinity. That locality is already supplied with water and sewer and is so controlled that only a desirable class of houses will be permitted.

We Offer Great Inducements

To those who will build good homes.

Examination will convince you that this is destined to be the

Choicest Residence District in the City.

We loan money and buy mortgages.

Richardson & Day,

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WATER CURE.

The Massachusetts Soldiers Tell of Its Administration.

Washington, April 14.—The senate committee on the Philippines began the week with the intention of making an investigation of the charges, to the effect that the "water cure," so called, is practiced on the insurgents and Charles A. Riley, of Northampton, Mass., formerly a sergeant in company M, Twenty-sixth volunteers, was the first witness called with that end in view. Mr. Riley said he had been in the islands from Oct. 25, 1899, to March 4, 1901. In reply to questions by Senator Rawlins, he said that the "water cure" was administered at Igarlus, in the province of Ilocc, on Nov. 27, 1900. It was administered to the Filipino presidente of the town. He described the process.

On cross examination by Republican senators, Mr. Riley said the "cure" had been first resorted to to compel the president to reveal his own attitude and that it had been learned from his confession, that while he professed to be friendly to the United States he was in reality a captain of the insurgent forces and that the police were all soldiers. As a consequence of this exposure he was arrested and the town burned. He said that the victim struggled fiercely while the cure was being administered and that his eyes were bloodshot, but that the next day when he saw the man he observed no ill effects of the "dose" he had received. A second administration had been given to compel the information, as to rumors. Mr. Riley also said he had known of many cruelties and indignities perpetrated upon American soldiers by natives.

Another witness, William L. Smith, of Athol, Mass., who was a private in Company M, Twenty-sixth volunteers, corroborated Riley's testimony, saying he had also witnessed the torture of two policemen of the town of Igbarlus. Smith said the details of the "cure" were in the hands of a squad of the Eighteenth engineer infantry, known as the "water cure" detail. He also said that he had assisted in the burning of the town of Igbarlus and that the natives generally escaped from their houses only with the clothes they wore.

Mr. Smith expressed the opinion that Igbarlus had had a population of about 1000. So far as he knew, no lives were lost. Witness said that the country places in the vicinity were also burned. All these acts were done under the command of Capt. Glenn, who was, he said, in charge of the detachment of troops at Vigayas He said the water was kept running for four or five minutes and that the doctor in charge frequently placed his hand upon the man's heart as if to observe its effect upon that organ.

AT LATHROP.

Stock Camp There Is Investigated By Governor's Secretary.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 14.—O. P. Gentry, Governor Dockery's private secretary, returned today from Lathrop, Mo., where he was sent under instructions to make an investigation of the charges that a British post is being maintained there to supply horses and mules for the British army in South Africa.

Governor Dockery forwarded the secretary's report to Senator Cockrell at Washington this afternoon, with the request that the senator lay the matter before congress. Mr. Gentry says that the firm of Dutton & Harrington owns the sheds and land at the post, according to the statements of the county officers. He continues: "I was informed that this firm shipped 72,000 head of horses and mules during the last year, most of them destined for South Africa. From appearances it looks very much like the business is largely conducted under the British authorities. It is claimed, however, that all the compensation received by the firm is 35 cents a day for the care of each horse and mule fed for the British government. It is not my province to offer any suggestions as to whether international law has been violated. That question has been obviously one to be determined by the United States government."

Mr. Gentry said that twenty-one Sepoys, who arrived at Lathrop recently, will return to India soon with from 500 to 1000 mules for the use of the British army in that country.

TO APPOINT CLARKSON.

Washington, April 14.—The president has determined upon the appointment of James S. Clarkson, of Iowa, formerly first assistant pastmaster general, to be surveyor of customs of the port of New York. It was announced today that Lieut. Sharkey, naval officer at New York, will be reappointed.

WORLD'S FAIR.

Indications That It Will Be Postponed to 1904.

St. Louis, April 14.—President D. P. Francis, of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company, in answer to the numerous statements that the World's fair would not open in 1903, as provided, but that it would be postponed, made this statement to the Associated Press today:

'Neither the board of directors nor the executive committee has taken any formal action concerning a postponement of the exposition. It seems impossible to prevent agitation of the subject. Personally, I should prefer the exposition to be held in 1903.

"If in the judgment of the local company, approved by the national committee, congress and the administration, a postponement is thought wise, that step will be taken in due time, but under no circumstances would the board of directors or any one connected officially with the exposition consider for a moment a postponement to 1905, which, according to the morning papers, Santos Dumont has stated it has been decided upon."

CORONER'S INQUEST

Into the Death of Little Tommy Hannon.

St. Paul, April 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The coroner's inquest into the death of Tommy Hannon was commenced at the morgue this morning. County Attorney Kane examined the witnesses.

Mrs. Nora Hannon, the dead boy's mother, was the first witness. She said that the family had lately moved to 1083 Margaret street from 1031 Minnehaha, where the boy died.

Mrs. Hannon told of getting whisky twice in a week before the boy died, 15 cents' worth at a time, from Davenport's drug store. The boy had had a cold on the lungs for a week, had not slept well, and had no appetite on the morning he died, Saturday, March 15. Also had a pain in his stomach and was very pale. The boy was dark in the face when he died, but the other three children had not looked that way.

She told of some medicine that Dr. A. L. Whitcomb had prescribed two years before for typhoid fever.

FIRST IN HISTORY.

Miners at the Florence, Wis., Mine on Strike.

Florence, Wis., April 14.—The miners employed in the Florence mine of the Florence and Iron River Mining company struck in a body today. The fires were drawn and the mine is rapidly filling with water. The trouble was caused over the discharge of the mine physician. This is the first time in the history of the mine that work has ceased. Over 100 men are affected.

THE MACHIAS

On Her Way to Bocas Del Toro.

Washington, April 14.—The navy department received a cablegram today from Commander McCrea of the gunboat Machias, announcing that vessel's arrival at Colon Saturday and her departure the same day for Bocas del Toro, in obedience to the department's order. Consul Maimros at Colon, called the state department's attention several days ago to a threatened attack on Bocas, and suggested the dispatch of an American warship to the scene.

TO MAKE BUST OF KING.

New York, April 14.—Private advices just received here are to the effect that Miss Isabelle Corbiey Minor, the sculptress, has received the commission to make the first bust of King Edward after the coronation in June. About the same time she will become the bride of Harold M. Vernon.

Miss Minor is the daughter of a wealthy resident of Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Vernon is a native of Lexington, Ky.

PRESIDENT WILL ATTEND.

Washington, April 14.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt will attend the ceremonies incident to the installation of Nicholas Murray Butler, as president of Columbia university at New York. They will leave here for that purpose next Monday.

OLEO BILL MAY FAIL

Back In Hands of the House Committee on Agriculture.

Senators Who Are Preparing to Fight Cuban Reciprocity.

Three Territories May Be Made States This Year.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Although the oleomargarine bill has passed the house, and has also passed the senate with amendments, it is by no means certain that the measure will go to the president for his signature for some time to come. Objection was raised in the house to the proposition to disagree to the senate amendments and to ask for a conference. Consequently the bill was referred back to the committee on agriculture. Now, when it shall have been once more reported to the house, it will have to go on the calendar. The house calendar in recent years has practically become the graveyard of legislative measures. The committee on rules, which is the governing body of congress, can of course bring in a special order for the consideration of the bill. This committee consists of three republican members, including the speaker, and two Democrats. The Democrats are opposed to the bill and will, of course, not consent to a rule for its further consideration. One of the Republicans, Grosvenor, of Ohio, has expressed his determination to do all in his power to defeat the bill. It is likely, therefore, that some trouble may be found in getting the measure up for consideration again. And, in fact, the enemies of the bill declare that its chances have practically been killed by the amendments of the senate.

* * *

Should the opponents of the Cuban tax reduction bill in the senate carry out their program, there is not likely to be added to the financial statutes any measure looking to the reduction of the sugar tax for some time to come. The insurgents, as they were called in the house, were unable to muster the strength which they expected at the outset of the contest. But there are in the senate at least a dozen men who are willing to fight from this time to the end of the session rather than permit the passage of a bill which they claim threatens disaster to the beet sugar interests of the country. In the senate one man can do more towards delaying legislation than the entire minority can accomplish in the house. It is recalled that Senator Carter of Montana succeeded in killing the river and harbor bill last year, and Senator Burrows, whose state is very deeply concerned in beet sugar manufacture, has expressed a determination to accomplish like results with the Cuban revenue bill, and in this he will be supported by Republicans and Democrats from all sections of the country.

* * *

It is likely that nine new electoral votes will be recorded in the next presidential election which have not heretofore been calculated upon by either of the great parties. There is a tacit understanding today that within the next year three new stars will be added to the flag and nine new electoral votes to the element of uncertainty in the coming presidential election. The committees on territories have agreed to the bills providing for the admission of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma. At present Arizona is represented by one Democratic delegate, while New Mexico and Oklahoma have each sent Republicans to the house. When the three new states are admitted they will be entitled to representation by six senators and three members. The present indications would point to Republican success in two of the territories, while the Democrats are likely to hold the third. In the electoral college, which met after the election of 1900, there were 447 electoral votes. Under the new apportionment act of 1901 there will be 386 members of the house and 90 members of the senate, making a total of 476, an increase of 29. Should the three territories above mentioned be admitted, the total number of electoral votes will be 485, or an increase of 38 over the last election. This increase is scattered throughout the country, and it forms one of the unknown quantities which must be reckoned in all calculations as to the outcome of the elections in 1904.

* * *

The state department has just issued a very peculiar document, entitled "Calendar of Applications and Recommendations for Office During the Presidency of George Washington," prepared from the files of the bureau of appointments, department of state. It would appear from this volume that during the term of the first president all applications for appointment in the federal service were sent to the president and by him sent to the several executive departments of the government. In many cases the papers contain a statement of the service in the revolution of the candidates for office. They also throw strong historical side lights upon the men and events of the time. They show what were considered as good reasons for requesting executive office, and may be taken as a fair index of popular opinion on this subject. The papers may be grouped under five heads:

First—Those which relate entirely to the fitness of the applicant for the duties of the office. Second—Those in which the performance of military service is given as one reason for asking for an office. Third—Those in which continuance in an office held under the old government is requested. Fourth—Those in which an appeal is based upon the necessitous circumstances of the candidate. Fifth—Those in which the political opinions of the candidates play an important part. This group is the smallest of all. The following are samples of the applications referred to:

Adium, John. Philadelphia, Jan. 3, 1791. Applies for appointment as Indian agent for the Northern department. He knows the country of the Six Nations and many of the chiefs; refers to Robert Morris, William Mackay, George Clymer and James Wilson.

Allibone, William. Philadelphia, Oct. 12, 1791. Applies for appointment as superintendent of navigation in Delaware river and bay. He is master warden of the port and has perfect knowledge of the duties.

Barlow, Joel. Paris, May 20, 1791. Recommended for an office by S. Blackden. He came to Europe on an unsuccessful speculation and should have an office to enable him to write for his country. (Probably written to Thomas Jefferson.)

* * *

The proposition to authorize the issue of "post checks," which has been opposed by nearly every newspaper in the country, is growing in favor in congress. Every member of the senate house postal committees admits the necessity of some new and safer way of transmitting small sums through the mails, and the post check plan seems the most desirable of any yet proposed. It is the opinion of members of the house committee that before the end of the present session a bill will have been passed authorizing the issue of these post checks, and that before this congress comes to an end a new system of sending money through the mails will have been inaugurated.

* * *

Senator Jones of Nevada is one of the best story-tellers in public life. The senator is always ready with a pat incident to illustrate a point when a little coterie of jovial spirits meet in the senate cloak rooms during the delivery of some long, dry speech. The other day, during one of these labored efforts, the senator said to his colleagues: "I have taken a prejudice against that senator"—and he put particular emphasis and the long sound of "i" on the "dice." "And that reminds me," said he, "of an incident that occurred when Rattlesnake Pete visited the town of Red Gulch, out in my state. Red Gulch is one long street, decorated with many saloons and gambling shops. And the sidewalks are built of rough boards which have a habit of curling up at the ends, so that the middle of the road is usually the safest place for pedestrians. Pete had come across the mountain and was wandering up the middle of the road gazing around, when four men, who had a little controversy over a poker hand the night before, came out from four saloons. And it appears all of them began a diagonal cross-fire at each other. Pete paid no attention, but kept on with his walk until he had reached the center of the square. Then a bullet from one of the guns plowed a small furrow through his scalp. Rattlesnake Pete promptly pulled his own weapon and fired in the direction from which the shot had come. One man dropped. Then a bulet from the rear bored a hole in Pete's left shoulder. He wheeled to right-about-face and dropped the second man. And then he spoke. 'Gentlemen,' he said, 'there seems to be a prejudice agin' me in this yer town. Keep up this thing a few more minutes and I'll convince yer that I'm a swamp, I'm a mud hole, and you'll walk clear around me.'"

SENSATION PROMISED.

St. Petersburg, April 14.—An investigation has been opened by the court at Saghalin, an island off the east coast of Asia belonging to Russia, into numerous charges of theft and embezzlement brought against government officials. Although only minor officers have thus far been accused, the affair promises to develop into a sensation.

STORM DELAYS TRAINS.

Denver, April 14.—The storm which has prevailed over almost the entire country from this city west and north, has caused general delay in railroad traffic. No serious damage is yet reported, but the change from rain to a heavy, wet snow, interspersed with sleet and hail, may have caused suffering to cattle on the open ranges. Trains have been delayed from one to five hours. Indications are that the storm conditions will continue today.

We Know What

Is going to happen to the little boy who is stuffing himself with green apples. A grown man couldn't be induced to try that experiment; and yet the grown man will overload himself with indigestible food for which he will pay a greater penalty than colic. It is this careless and thoughtless eating which is the beginning of stomach trouble and all its painful consequences.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures dyspepsia and other forms of "stomach trouble." It restores the weak and run-down man or woman to sound health.

"Some time has elapsed since I have written you in regard to the treatment I have been taking under your instructions," says Mr. E. F. Cingmars, of Minneapolis, Minn. "When first I commenced taking your remedies I was under treatment of a well-known specialist in this city (and had been for four months), for catarrh, and especially stomach trouble, and I was rapidly getting worse. Got so bad that I could not eat anything that did not distress me terribly, and I was obliged to quit taking the doctor's treatment entirely. I was greatly reduced in flesh. As a last resort I wrote to you and stated my case, and, after receiving your instructions I followed them closely. After taking five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and one vial of his 'Pleasant Pellets' I commenced to improve, and decided to continue the medicines and observe your instructions regarding hygienic treatment. It is now nearly six months since I commenced your treatment and I can say that I am well and never felt better in my life. Am very grateful to you for what your medicine has done for me."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache.

HARMONY MEETING

Held By the Democratic Club of New York.

An Address Was Delivered By David B. Hill.

Occasion Was Jefferson Day Reception at the Club.

New York, April 15.—The members of the Democratic club last night commemorated the birthday of Thomas Jefferson with a reception at the club house. It was looked upon among the Democrats of the city and state as a harmony meeting.

David B. Hill, who had not visited the club for a number of years, was the chief orator of the evening and in his speech, he called upon Democrats to unite in harmony. Perry Belmont, whose differences with Mr. Bryan and Mr. Croker have kept him away from the club for three years, was also there.

Lewis Nixon, the new leader of Tammany Hall, introduced Mr. Hill, who spoke as follows:

Mr. Hill said among other things:

"We are assembled tonight to do honor to the memory of Thomas Jefferson, who was the founder of the Democratic party. Important as were his achievements as a great political leader, he was more than that—he was a philosopher, a writer and a statesman. For a century he has been regarded as the patron saint of Democratic representative government which is based upon the principles of liberty, equality and popular rights.

"One of the great problems which is now presented to the people for their solution is how shall Jefferson's sentiments be utilized for the prevention of the evils which he foreshadowed? It is not a question of political jugglery. It is not a question to be lightly dismissed.

"It is an elementary proposition which the wisdom of experience has abundantly confirmed and which, even in these days of unparalleled business combinations and wild speculations ought to be disputed, that whatever tends to create a monopoly and to prevent legitimate competition between those engaged in a business impressed with a public or quasi-public character is opposed to a sound public policy.

* * *

"It is not for the true interests of any community that a few men should be the employers and that the great body should be employes or servants, and this is especially not desirable in a republic where it should be the policy of the laws to multiply rather than reduce, the numbers engaged in independent pursuits and in the profits of production.

"It is difficult to say how Jefferson if he were alive today, would meet the difficulties which we encounter. We venture to suggest that he would insist upon some seasonable limitation upon the amount of corporate capital which might be invested in a single corporation. He might demand that the government in justice to its overburdened taxpayers, should withdraw its tariff favors from the industries represented by these institutions whose projectors are already rolling in wealth and are astonishing the world by the munificence of their public benefactions.

"We may well believe that Jefferson, who was equal to every emergency in the early history of our country, would, if he were in power, find some appropriate and adequate remedy to curb the rapacity and restrict the dangerous power of these gigantic combinations."

On the subject of colonial extension Mr. Hill said:

"It is safe to believe that Jefferson would never have favored an expansion of our jurisdiction which did not carry with it the provisions of our constitution to which he was so devotedly attached and which he defended so vigorously with his voice and pen. He would have unquestionably have viewed with abhorrence the establishment of a permanent American colonial system whether under military rule or civil authority appointed by the central government at Washington. His theory was unquestionably the democratic doctrine of today—that the government has no more authority to create a permanent colonial system than it has the right to create a king.

"Jefferson as the friend of popular rights, favored a provision in the federal constitution for the election of United States senators by the people of the respective states, but temporarily yielded his views rather than imperil the adoption of that instrument.

"The administration of President Roosevelt is all at sea. It has no fixed policies and no conscientious convictions. It 'wobbles' upon every public question with which it assumes to deal. The messages and public addresses of the president are merely elaborate treatises upon elementary questions of government, containing nothing new and nothing definite. He has no policy in opposition to that of congress and is prepared to approve whatever congress does.

"The policy of the administration in the Philippine islands is a disgrace to civilization. The attempt with regard to these possessions to imitate the foreign policy of England has proved a dismal failure. The administration will send its special representatives to witness the coronation of a king, but it has no word of sympathy for the heroic farmers of South Africa who the heroically struggling to maintain their republics.

"Republican incompetency to deal with the financial question is almost self-confessed. It was ostentatiously proclaimed that the gold standard had been unaltered and successfully adopted by the McKinley administration and now we are told that new and additional legislation is imperatively required for that purpose and in order to preserve the honor and credit of the country.

"The best interests of the state require the displacement of the present state administration. It has been recreant to its trust and false to its pledges. It has increased the public offices for the sole purpose of rewarding partisan favorites at the expense of the people.

"Fellow Democrats, on this day devoted to honoring the memory of one who has been frequently styled 'The wisest and truest Democrat of his time,' let us resolve to renew our allegiance to the principles which he inculcated and the policies which he advocated.

"There are numerous indications of a revival of popular confidence in Democratic policies, state and national. It is a time for unity, for organization, for wise counsels and for aggressive action."

Hill's speech was interrupted by frequent bursts of applause. At its conclusion, Congressman James M. Griggs, of Georgia, chairman of the congressional committee, spoke advocating unity and predicting success for the party if internal differences were forgotten.

CONSCIENCE MONEY.

New York, April 14.—The Italian authorities continue to collect "conscience money" for the vatican as a result of their efforts to run down the miscreants who robbed the pontiff of 8,000,000 francs, says a Rome dispatch to the American and Journal. The latest parcel of stolen property amounts to $80,000 in American government bonds.

KERN IS SENTENCED.

New York, April 14.—Edward Kern, a valet who stole diamonds valued at $12,000 from Paul G. Thebaud was today sentenced to imprisonment for four years and six months. Kern stole the jewels on Dec. 29 and fled to New Orleans, where he was betrayed to the police by another thief. He pleaded guilty when arraigned.

Jap Rose [TRADE MARK] **Soap**

one-sixth pure glycerin-- the best for the toilet that human skill can produce.

A better is impossible tho' you pay a dollar a cake for it.

Use it for toilet and bath.

Use it on the hair.

Skin and hair will be as soft and smooth as silk.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

RAIN WATER MAKER—SOFTENS THE HARDEST WATER
SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE

SAPOLIO.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Forebodings, Mental Weakness, Lame Back, Nervousness, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Desire, Sexual Decay, Seminal Emissions or Consumption, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Builds up the entire sexual system of both sexes. Restores every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. Sold by druggists. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

The Palm Garden,

208 West Superior Street.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

WHY?

IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

THE BEST ON EARTH IS Miller "THE BEST"

MILWAUKEE BEER

It's made on purpose to be the best. Bottled at the Brewery.

FRED MILLER BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

E. C. HAUSER, Agent, 8-th 'phones 47 Railroad Street.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
353 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 5th day of April, 1902, upon a judgment duly rendered in the municipal court of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 6th day of May, 1896, in an action therein, wherein Henry Siegloch was plaintiff and Christian Haug and J. Henry Haug, co-partners as C. Haug & Son of defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants for the sum of three hundred eighty and 90-100 dollars, a transcript of which said judgment was thereafter and upon the seventh day of May, 1896, duly filed and docketed in the office of the clerk of said district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, which said execution has to me as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and dellvered I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Monday, the 26th day of May, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all right title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the seventh day of May, 1896, that being the date of docketing of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: Southwest quarter of southeast quarter (sw¼ of se¼) section one (1), township sixty-two (62) north, range thirteen (13) west, fourth principal meridian. Undivided 2-3 of lots thirty-five and one hundred one (101), on Lake avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Lot four (4), block ten (10), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Lot one (1), block twenty-eight (28), Ely, according to the recorded plat thereof, all the above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 5th, 1902.
WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

JOHN JENSWOLD, JR.,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-8-15-22-29-May-6-13-1902.

A Perfect Food Drink

"Figprune" made from the choicest fruits and cereals grown in California.

Possesses a delicate flavor

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; 61 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior st., Duluth.

Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

Good Old Grandma's Advice

The children are sick—send for grandma! Who is there like her for wisdom and gentleness, and sympathy, since the first baby came? What would we have done without her?

"Cascarets are splendid, my old mother praises them very highly, and says she would never be without them."—Howard W. Wellman, 129 Tremont Street, Fairmount, Ohio.

"I suffered seven years with tape-worm but didn't know I had one. Two months ago I was taken with inflamation of the bowels, sour stomach, sick headache. I tried Cascarets and had not taken them a week before I was relieved of a tape-worm 15 feet long. I am very much better."—Mrs. John Stone, Put-In-Bay Island, Ohio.

"After taking Cascarets for a few nights before writing, I was able to pass a tape-worm 24 feet in length. Cascarets have our praise, and I will willingly furnish a testimonial to anyone who desires it."—Mrs. Harry Wood, Kenneth, Ind.

"I was troubled for a long time with liver complaint and was in such misery that I had to give up work. I took but 4 doses of Cascarets before I was able to go to work again."—Mrs. Jos. Kresling, 1471 Congress St., St. Louis.

The wisdom of years of experience with her own health, and grandpa's and the children's, and children's children has taught grandma what is good for her and the several generations of family she has looked after. Grandma of today knows and advises that Cascarets Candy Cathartic are the only perfect family medicine for all bowel troubles, children's diseases, diseases of the stomach and liver, sick headaches, biliousness and bad blood.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 510

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Keeping One's Name

Before the Public Is a Part of Advertising, But Telling the Public Why That Name Is Kept Before It Is Generally a More Valuable Part

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and Building Loans. **4½%**

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg **5½%**

For Rent Offices in Lyceum

Fire-proof Building, from $6.00 per month up.

LITTLE & NOLTE, Agents,
Under American Exchange Bank.

$325 Will buy lot 319, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth.

$1100 For five-room house and lots on East Fifth street, near Lake avenue; 50 per cent cash, balance to suit.

320 acres of fine farming land for sale, $2.50 per acre. Easily cleared.

W. F. LEGGETT,
513 BURROWS BUILDING.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Crosby's List:

$12,000 Well now, if you are looking for a fine home, this will buy it—it's on the upper side of First street in Endion—it has hot water heat, open plumbing—a beautiful place.

$8000 Will buy one of the best ning-room houses in Endion; finished in hard-wood upstairs and down. It's strictly modern, large lot and good barn.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room modern house near 12th avenue east on Third street; $1000 cash, balance to suit. This house has hardwood floors, stone foundation, furnace heat—and it's new.

$4000 Will take a fine double corner on East First street; street and avenue paved, stone sidewalk. It's on First street, in addition to this we have many fine building sites in Endion.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg., Duluth.
Fire Insurance and Loans.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

The United State Installment Realty association of Minneapolis will buy or build you a home or farm of your own closing on the following terms:
$1000 home.....$ 7.50 per month
$2000 home.....$15.00 per month
$3000 home.....$22.50 per month
This is not rent or interest, but a direct payment on the home. Call for further particulars. Duluth office, 101 Torrey building. Open evenings.
101 Torrey Building.

Buy Lands

now while they are cheap. They are sure to advance and will prove a most profitable investment. I have them in all directions and at low prices.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

COTTAGES
ON PARK POINT
FOR SALE OR RENT
4½, 5 and 5½ Per Cent Money to Loan.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,
209-210 Exchange Bldg.

Best Bargain in Town.

$775 For eight-room house in good condition, 25-foot lot, good clean barn, coal and wood shed. On small payment down and easy monthly payments.
CALL 513 MANHATTAN BUILDING.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

For a few days we will offer the corner of Sixteenth avenue east and Jefferson street, No. 1602, with the elegant 11-room house, modern in all respects, with hot water heat, lot 57 by 100, for $6500. If not sold soon, it will be for rent.

For Rent—318 Third avenue west.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT.

Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.

Residence at Lakeside with grounds, lots 150 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer place of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5 Trust Building.

FOR SALE

$3800 —9-room house, East End.

$7000 —9-room steam heat, &c., East End.

$1250 —8-rooms centrally located.

Farm Lands in Northern Minnesota Cheap.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.,
305 Providence Building.

FOR SALE.

$3000 Will buy an eight-room dwelling in the East End. stone foundation, full basement, concrete floor, hot water heat, electric lights, city water, bath, etc. Inside finish, first story quarter-sawed oak, except floors, which are maple. Storm windows, screens, and everything complete. House in first class condition. This is a bargain.

$4000 Will buy one of the finest lots on Second street, 50x140 feet. Centrally located

$4000 Will buy sixteen lots on Sixth street, near Portland Square. These lots will double in value in the next year or two; $1000 cash, balance easy terms.

$1500 Will buy a lot, 50x140, on First street, near Eighteenth avenue west. Biggest bargain in the West End.

$750 Will buy lot, 25x140, on West First street. Street, avenues and alley improve, with sewer, gas and water. All assessments and taxes paid in full to date. A bargain.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

FOR SALE.

Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—

$7500.

R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

BARGAIN.

120 Acres Fine Farm Land in sec 25-52-13 at **$3.00 per acre**—easy terms. Must be sold at once.

N½ of sw¼, sec 1-51-13, for sale at a bargain.

A. W. Hepworth,
212 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE!

Modern eight-room house in East End.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-16-21 and 54-21.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

We have for sale a three-story business block on West Superior street that will pay more than 10 per cent net on the entire investment, and in five years the lot alone will be worth more than the entire property now costs you.

For Sale A fine double corner, with three houses on Minnesota Point. Big bargain.

$3000 Buys ten-room house; city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation, cellar under whole house, two grates with fine mantels; large lot, in Endion.

We have many bargains in houses and vacant lots for improvement in all parts of the city. You should see us before you buy.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$530	$ 50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

$850 Will buy fine six-room house, fine mantel and grate and finest double corner on Duluth Heights. One-third cash; balance to suit.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

$1600 Takes house and lot on First street near Twenty-second avenue west.

$525 Takes fine corner on Nineteenth avenue east.

$3250 Takes fine new flat building in good location.

A. G. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio Building.

Money Loaned
on improved city property at
Lowest Rates
with our invaluable
"On or Before"
privilege.
Building Loans a Specialty.
R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

LADIES, THE BEST PLACE TO BUY hats is at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 5 1st Ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—30x50 TENT; WILL pay cash. Address room 21, Saratoga hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash price paid. Address L. Baron, general delivery, Duluth. This is my last week in your city.

WE WILL BUY GOOD DRAFT MARES that are in foal. Must be young and sound. The Lean Du-Luth company, 103 Herald building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING; FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, 80c PER LOAD; unscreened sand, 50c per load; gravel screenings, 40c per load. Ticket at 112 Exchange building.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14. Torrey building. New 'phone 1061. Consultation free.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg
WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, GOOD as new, cheap. 15 First avenue west, upstairs.

SHERWOOD PROPERTY, 313 WEST Superior street, will sell next sixty days. Inquire of George Thompson, 728 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—HOUSES AND LOTS. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon Poultry yards.

STEINWAY SQUARE PIANO—$65.00
Good condition, fine tone. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

PANSIES GET YOUR BEDS ready. I will sell all my best Giants 25 cents per dozen, five dozen for $1. Lindsay's Lester Park Greenhouses.

FOR SALE—AN OAK BOOK CASE. Inquire 31 West Fifth.

FOR SALE—ONE FRESH MILCH COW and two horses; cheap. D. O'Leary, 17 East Superior street

$2500 WILL HANDLE ONE OF THE very best paying residence properties in the East End. Good location. Address Owner, Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE — THREE LOTS, 25 BY 140 feet, for sale cheap. Fine lots ready for building. Call at 329 East Seventh street.

PIANO Largest size, Upright Manogany **$165**
Very handsome case, fine tone and action; almost new. Original price $325.00. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL — FAMILY Jersey cow. Fresh. E. Downie, 2010 West First street.

FOR SALE — STORE WITH SEVEN rooms above, on Main street in Eveleth; will sell or exchange for Duluth property. Address 614 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. I. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP.—Lodging house; 40 baths. 331 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS GOOD-paying hair dressing parlor. X 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND boiler, good as new, 5x14 feet. Inquire at Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., Twenty-ninth avenue west and Helm street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR load fresh milch cows. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

EVAN JOHNSON, 2008 HELM STREET, will have always on hand fresh milch cows until the next load arrives.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

NEXT BIG COLOSSAL
Horse Auction Sale
And Grand Horse Fair
Takes place at our mammoth stables opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1902.

Be on hand early, as the sale positively opens at 10 o'clock a. m. on day and date advertised. We will exert all efforts to make this the banner sale of the season—1000 head of horses of all kinds to answer all purposes, to select from. Some extra fine drivers and family broke horses. Come everybody. A grand gala holiday for all. SATURDAY, APRIL 19th, 1902.

COLS. L. H. WIGGIN AND MAX ZIMMERMAN, Auctioneers.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.
PRIVATE SALES DAILY.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOT OF LIGHT cedar row boats. Patterson boat house, Sixth avenue west, near depot.

PARK POINT—SOME CHOICE LOTS IN the camping district for sale cheap for the next few days. W. F. Leggett, 513 Burrows' building.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,00 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO GO OUT working by the day. Address 226 East Third street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY. C. 80, Herald.

WANTED—WORK FOR THREE GOOD teams. 1402 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND wife, both good cooks. Address G 77, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK AT CARING for furnished rooms. Address C 78, Herald.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER would like position in or out of city; can furnish references. Address B 60, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper for widower with small family. Address W 48, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO WASHING and house cleaning. Address C 69, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS WOMAN COOK WANTS work in hotel or restaurant. X 69, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY A NO. 1 engineer; has had fifteen years' experience and strictly temperate, holding first-class steamboat papers. Also Minnesota papers. Adress W 35, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 606 West First street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR SECOND housework to do. Call 117 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR PRIVATE boarding house. 613 West Superior street. Mrs. Kilesch.

WANTED—GIRL TO WASH DISHES; also chamber girl. 117 West Second street.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK. 526 WEST First street.

WANTED—TWO LADIES TO TRAVEL with theatrical company; no experience needed; also one comedian, amateur preferred. Call room 21, Saratoga hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SEWING girl for drapery department. French & Bassett.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED STENographer. 104 Providence building.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with light housework. One who can sleep home. 1410 Jefferson.

WANTED—5000 LADIES, MARried or single, to join the Home Co-Operative company. Get a home of your own. 410 Palladio building. M. O. Davis, manager.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1418 East Fourth street.

WANTED — SCANDINAVIAN GIRL to help with children. 1220 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be an experienced cook. 1616 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, MIDDLE-AGED lady as housekeeper. American preferred. Call evenings. 117 East Eighth street.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL AT ONCE. Apply at 1024 East Second street.

WANTED—STRONG GIRL TO DO BOTTling and labeling in wholesale liquor house. Call 409-411 West Michigan street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, $17. Take Woodland car. Mrs. W. E. Culkin, Hunter's Park.

THREE WAIST MAKERS AND SALESladies for millinery department. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—WET NURSE FOR BABY three months old. Apply 120 Fifty-fifth avenue west, to J. Moglilner.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Totman, 1415 East First street.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK FOR TEN men. Steady job; $25 per month. Address Moore & McHardy Lumber company, Cohasset, Minn.

WANTED—GOOD SWEDE GIRL FOR general house work. 508 West Third street.

NURSE GIRL. MRS. JULIUS ABRAhamson, 122 East First street, Ralston house.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIenced nurse maid. Apply 1619 East First street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD STRONG BOY TO help porter, also experienced boy for driver. 1. Freimuth.

WANTED—10,000 MORE MEN, MARried or single, to join the Home Co-Operative company. Get a home of your own. 410 Palladio building. M. O. Davis, manager.

WANTED—TWO BRIGHT BOYS OVER 16 years of age; also one colored door man. Inquire Spalding hotel office.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BUSHELman. Apply at once, J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

WANTED — PAPERHANGER AND painter. 325 East Eighth street.

WANTED—BOY TO FEED PRESSES. Peachey & Lounsberry, Providence building.

WANTED—MAN OF GOOD HABITS TO travel, play organ and sing illustrated songs. Long engagement; salary $8 a week and expenses. Fountain Electric Entertainers, Motley, Minn.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; no limit to term, exceptional opportunity for thirty days. Improve your chance, board, tools, diplomas and transportation given. Can earn expenses if desired. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINists and electricians. New 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers. Sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL ON commission an article used in every home during house-cleaning. For particulars address, stating age, experience, etc., A. B., Herald.

AGENTS WANTED—LIFE OF DE Witt Talmage. Largest, best authentic, official book; 500 pages, profusely illustrated. Retail, $1.50. Price to agents 50 cents. Outfit free. Now ready. Credit given. Profit $12 per day. Enormous demand. The Bible house, 21 Plymouth Place, Chicago.

WANTED—LIVE LADY OR GENTLEman to sell article of merit. Large income to hustler. G. L. Train, 216 West Superior street.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art lettered glass, St. Germain Bros. 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

IF YOU WANT RELIABLE WORK IN awning, tent or any kind of canvas work, go to Poirier & Nordstrom, 104 East Superior St. Telephone 735—New.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 628 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4359-3.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSE, STEAM HEAT, hot and cold water; all modern conveniences; eight rooms; three blocks from postoffice. A very pleasant location. Will rent until Sept. 1. Address E 56, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSE AND BARN; SOME ground for gardening. D. O'Leary, 17 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Park Terrace; possession May 1. No. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, LIGHT housekeeping; cookstove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 1112 WEST Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 126 East First, with bath.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room; modern conveniences. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room all modern conveniences, 18 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN new house; bath; electric light. 310 West Fifth street; for one or two.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 909 WEST Fourth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FLAT FOUR ROOMS ON SUPERIOR street, furnished. Call on Ferguson, 16 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED "BUFFALO" flat for the summer. Inquire 203 Board of Trade.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT

UNFURNISHED ROOM, DOWN STAIRS. C 79, Herald.

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. Have dishes and cooking utensils. Address S 85, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD BY young lady in private family, East End preferred. Address X 39, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD, PRIVATE FAMily. 317 West Fourth street.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, furrier, 201 West Superior street.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1005-2, new 1303.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPERior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 430-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving & Storage Co., 204½ Superior street. 'Phone 601. Zenith 240.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

FRAMES AND PICTURES AT COST; must close out this week. Temple Art Store 211 East Superior street. Open evenings and fixtures for sale.

OPTICIAN.

THOROUGH AND ACCURATE TESTS. Latest improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey Bldg.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

LARGEST SELECTION OF WALL paper; best and cheapest work; painting or papering. F. A. Thorwall, 620 East Sixth street. Zenith 'phone 1232.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1105.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works. 25 E. Sup. St. Phone 712.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 608.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRIStensen, 327 E. Superior st. Old Tel. 743-5.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 15, 1902. Work, third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 14, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 23, 1902. Work ——. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave April 15, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 55, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "third" Tuesday evening, April 15. Refreshments. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1902. TWO CENTS.

TO ENFORCE OBEDIENCE

Gen. Chaffee to Deal Severely With Dattos.

Famous General Malavar Has Surrendered.

Washington, April 16.—The following cablegram from Gen. Chaffee, dated at Manila yesterday, was made public at the war department today:

"With reference to my telegram of 23rd ultimo, reporting attack by Moros, reconnaissance under Forsyth, March 15, soldier, Twenty-seventh Regiment United States infantry, murdered by Moros, vicinity Parang-Parang, March 30, two soldiers, Twenty-seventh Regiment United States infantry, having one gun, were approached with semblance of friendship by six Moros, near Malabang. Rifle seized; one soldier killed, other severely injured, but escaped. Murder without provocation or justification in any way. Murderers known; demand made for their surrender. Thus far Dattos refused to deliver them. Have been Malabang, tried confer with them. Waited three days. Dattos failed to come or acknowledge receipt of my request for conference. Expedition 1200 men, under Col. Frank D. Baldwin, cavalry, artillery, being formed, leaving for Lake Lano about April 27; purpose, arrest murderers, punish Dattos. Every care to be taken not to bring general war with Moros about lake. Absolutely important our authority should be respected by these people; that sovereignty of United States be fully acknowledged. Have addressed leter to this effect to Dattos, at same time informing them of friendly disposition of government; that purpose was to punish only those guilty of offense; government claims right to explore country between Iliana, Ilimar bays; that my purpose to do so now and at any other time. Accomplishment of this object, necessary to retain battalion of the Seventeenth two months longer. My belief at the present time that large majority of Dattos will not support those implicated murderers."

Parang-Parang is an anchorage in Polloc harbor, on the west coast of the mainland of Mindanao. Malabang lies about twenty miles north, on the coast, and is connected by a military cable. Lake Lano is situated about twenty-five miles northeast of Malabang, in the interior.

The war department has received a cablegram from Gen. Chaffee, dated Manila today, in which he says:

"Unconditional surrender of Maiavar today to Brig. Gen. J. Franklin Bell. Organized armed resistance to United States terminated, department North Philippines."

SANTOS-DUMONT RISING FROM THE EARTH IN HIS GREAT AIRSHIP.

STRIKE AT BRUSSELS

And Other Industrial Centers Spreading.

Prince Albert Is Ready to Take the Field.

Brussels, April 16.—The number of strikers in the chief industrial centers are estimated as follows: At Charleroi 50,000, in the central district 27,000, at Borinage 25,000, at Liege 30,000 and at Verviers 8000. Later in the day further large accessions to the ranks of the strikers at Charleroi brought the total in that district to 60,000.

The glass works at Courcelles were practically destroyed by fire last night. It is estimated that the damage will amount to 600,000 francs. It is believed the fire was started by an incendiary.

Disturbances were reported from various parts of the country today. Small bombs were exploded at Liege and elsewhere. A bottle filled with gunpowder was exploded at the door of a residence and at the glass works at Marlemont near La Louviere. Only trifling damage was done by the explosion of the bombs. At Renaix, an earthenware jar with a fuse attached to it was discovered on the threshold of the Catholic club. The fuse was extinguished by a passerby. The only other incident at Renaix was the throwing of a piece of lighted tow into a school.

The strike is spreading in Brussels. About 10,000 men are now out.

A detachment of civic guards on duty in the suburb of Etterbeek became disgruntled yesterday evening on account of being kept on duty in the heavy rain and protested against remaining under arms any longer. Several of the guards threw their cartridges into the gutter and shook their fists in the officers' faces. This, however, was an isolated incident. The civic guards generally are thoroughly reliable. On their behavior depends the tranquility of this city.

Prince Albert, son of the Count of Flanders and heir presumptive to the throne of Belgium, is a major in the Grenadier Guards, at present held in readiness for emergency. The prince declined to be replaced temporarily as major of the guards. He said: "If any men are called to the post of danger it will be my duty to lead them."

King Leopold congratulated the prince on his decision. The cabinet ministers at a meeting held at noon today, discussed the situation growing out of the popular demand for a revision of the constitution and measures of increasing stringency about the city and suburbs were considered in the course of today's debate in the chamber of deputies, and proposals looking to a revision of the constitution.

Dispatches from Liege announce that 2000 striking miners and steel workers at Soeraing had a conflict with the troops there. The soldiers charged and the strikers retaliated with a fusillade of stones. Some of the rioters finally sought refuge in their taverns, which were wrecked.

G. N. BLOCKED AGAIN

Another Injunction Granted Which Stops Work On the British Columbian Branch of the Great Northern Road.

Victoria, B. C., April 16.—Another injunction has been granted to stop work on the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern railroad, the British Columbian branch of the Great Northern railroad in the boundary district. The application for the injunction was made on the following grounds:

1—That work on the line was not commenced until after the expiration of the charter granted to the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern railway.

2—That the powers of the company have been delegated to an American corporation, viz., the Great Northern Railway company.

3—That the present work is not for the purpose of building the Coast to Kootenai railroad, but from Cascade to Carson as a part of the line designed to run from Republic to Marcus, a continuation of the Nelson & Fort Shepherd railway and instead of bringing the Republic camp ores to the Granby smelter at Grand Forks, a smelter in Canada, it is intended to carry them through Canadian territory to the smelters of Northport and other United States points and thereby frustrating the express intentions of the legislature in granting the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern a charter.

The injunction will come up for argument on May 6 and in the meantime work must stop. It is only a few days since the company recommenced work after a long wait pending a former injunction, which they put a stop to, by purchasing the land which they were enjoined from passing through. The present injunction was obtained by the attorney general of British Columbia, and the Kettle River Railway company which has recently opened its line between Grand Forks and Republic.

SAVINGS COME FIRST

Court Holds That Depositors of the Savings Department of Detroit Bank Must Be Paid Before Commercial.

Detroit, April 16.—The Wayne county circuit court today handed down a decision holding that the savings depositors of the wrecked City Savings bank must be preferred over the commercial depositors in the distribution of the money to be realized from the sale of the bank's real estate investments.

The court holds that the proofs show that the real estate loans amounting to $986,282.86 were made from the savings department and that the failure of the bank was virtually a failure of the commercial side of the bank by overdrafts and mismanagement.

The court also traces $111,600 to the savings bank side and holds that it also belongs exclusively to the savings depositors. Both the real estate loans and this last sum the court holds shall at their face value go to pay the debt of the bank to the savings depositors, but both items shall contribute to the expenses of the receivership.

The court says that it has no power even in equity to take away assets owned and reported in the savings branch and give them to the commercial division.

It is further held that the savings department is a general creditor of the commercial department to the amount of about $500,000 and shall share with the other creditors in the distribution of the commercial assets.

If this decision is upheld by the supreme court, where the case will be carried, it will result in the savings depositors getting probably 70 to 80 per cent of their claims while the amount the commercial depositors will receive is greatly reduced.

M'DONNELL EXPECTS TO FLY

Chicago, April 16.—In the works of the McDonnell Odometer company, at West Thirty-fifth street and Kenzie avenue, engines and framework are being constructed for three big airships in which Patrick E. McDonnell hopes to reach the north pole next summer, says the Chronicle. He is confident that his machines will work, as the model has proven very successful.

The airships will be built on the dirigible balloon plan and will be more than 400 feet long.

It is claimed that several Chicago capitalists are interested in the scheme, the cost of which is expected to be within $50,000.

Sergt. Julius R. Frederick, a survivor of the Greeley expedition, has promised to be one of the party to make the journey, provided the tests of the machine are successful.

HIS SUICIDE DOUBLY SURE

St. Paul, April 16.—A Preston, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Martin Reams, who has been janitor at the school house in Preston for the past fifteen years, committed suicide last night by hanging himself to the bell rope in the school house. He had evidently prepared himself by tieing an iron bar to the rope in the second story and bought an ounce of chloroform and got onto a step ladder, then evidently taking the chloroform and putting the noose around his neck. He was discovered this morning by George Weeks, who attends to the heating plant. Mr. Reams has mentioned a great many times of late that he wished he was dead and this seems to have preyed on his mind.

TEST CASE

To Establish Constitutionality of Little Falls Charter.

St. Paul, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. A. Nichols, a taxpayer of Little Falls, has applied to the supreme court for a writ of quo warranto, requiring the mayor and city council of Little Falls to show cause why the city charter, adopted at a special election held Jan. 7, 1902, should not be set aside.

The suit is a friendly one and is brought to ascertain whether the law of 1901 allowing the adoption of city charters at either a special or general election is constitutional. Mr. Nichols claims that the portion of the law allowing a city charter to be adopted at a special election is antagonistic to the part of section 36, article 4, of the constitution, which provides that the charter prepared by a charter commission shall be submitted to the people "at the next election thereafter."

The suit is brought now, as the council is about to issue $35,000 in bonds under the provisions of the new charter. The attorneys say that the bonds are a mere incident in the proceedings. It was deemed advisable to settle the question of the validity of the charter before the bonds are issued.

BISHOPS

Of Episcopal Church Are Holding Convention at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 16.—The house of bishops, of the Episcopal church, convened here today to select bishops of Salina, Western Kansas, of Honolulu and of Porto Rico, and probably of Mexico, and to transact other business that was referred at the recent session in San Francisco to this adjourned meeting.

The meeting opened with a celebration of holy communion at Christ church this morning. Immediately afterward the bishops went into executive session. Bishop Clark, of Rhode Island, being too feeble to attend, Bishop Dudley, of Louisville, presided. Over fifty of eighty American bishops are present, including some from distant missionary fields.

At the pro-cathedral tonight, Bishop Potter, of New York, speaks on "The Philippines;" Bishop Doane, of Albany, on "The Principle of Apportionment of Funds for General Missions," and Bishop Galler, of Tennessee, on Work Among the Colored People of the South."

The bishops and other visitors, after the service at the pro-cathedral this evening, will be given a public reception at the Grand hotel, followed by a banquet.

WOMEN'S CLUBS

Of Sixth District Meet at Sauk Center.

St. Paul, April 16.—A special to the Dispatch from Sauk Center, Minn., says: Interest in papers, excellent music and good entertainment combined to make the first meeting of the Women's clubs of the Sixth district a success. The meeting closed at noon today and a district federation was formed. Forty delegates were present representing nearly twenty clubs.

The program was carried out as announced except Mrs. Baldwin, of Minneapolis, filled the place assigned to Mrs. La Penotiere. The next meeting will be at St. Cloud.

FOUGHT FIRE SECRETLY

Employes of Assay Office Conquered Flames Which Threatened to Melt Thirty-One Million Dollars In Silver Bullion.

New York, April 16.—Thirty-one million dollars in silver bullion in the assay office, No. 30 Wall street, has been in danger of being melted by a fire which burned in one of the basements for two hours. None but the employes knew of the fire, and they finally overcame it without assistance.

Next door to the assay office is the sub-treasury, where the government usually has from $100,000,000 to $200,000,000 stored. In some way fire in the silver smelting room was communicated to a barrel of lard mixture, used in the smelting process. There were twenty-three barrels of this inflammable mixture in the room, and like a flash they were enveloped in a sheet of flame so intense in heat that it was feared the great treasure in a vault of the room would be melted. There was no time to close the steel doors of the vault, and the flames from the barrels were so close that it was impossible for any one to approach near enough to shut them.

Fifty employes in the basement, thoroughly drilled for such an emergency, were quickly at work, despite the dense smoke. All windows and scuttles were closed to prevent giving the alarm to the public, and when, after two hours' work the last vestige of the fire had disappeared, windows opening at the rear were used to carry out the smoke.

ITALIANS ENTRENCHED

Gang of Bootleggers Build a Fort Near Trinidad, Col., and Defy the Officials to Come and Take Them.

Trinidad, Co., April 16.—In the hills near this city three Italians, who are wanted by the local officers on charges of assault to kill and selling liquor without a license, have erected a fort, with large logs and blocks of stone, in which they have taken refuge from the law. They are heavily armed with rifles and revolvers, and it is thought that they will not be taken alive.

Two of the men have recently held at bay, with drawn revolvers, fifty men employed in a quarry, while they assaulted and beat the foreman of the quarry, John Lamm, who had discharged them for drunkenness. The third, Joseph Mott, was arrested last week and placed in jail here on a charge of selling liquor without a license. He was released on bond furnished by a local saloonkeeper, but failed to be present when his case was called in court. The police say they believe Mott is the leader of an organized gang of bootleggers. The men in the fort are being kept in food, it is believed, by the members of the gang who are not under the eyes of the law.

A posse will be organized here today and sent out to take the men. It is thought the Italians will not surrender without a bloody fight.

COURTMARTIAL MILITIAMAN

Nellisville, Wis., April 16.—The trial of Capt. O. A. Jackson by a courtmartial yesterday was commenced at the armory. Capt. Jackson, who has been captain of Company A, Third regiment, W. N. G., for the past year, is charged with appropriating state moneys to his own use and changing vouchers so as to make his accounts balance.

The court is composed of Capt. W. S. Hartwell, of Chippewa Falls, judge advocate; Col. George Graham, of Tomah; Maj. R. A. Richards, of Tomah; Maj. J. M. Ballard, of Eau Claire, regimental quartermaster; Capt. John Turner, of Mauston; Capt. J. C. Britt, of Portage; Capt. R. B. McCoy, of Sparta; Capt. G. F. Behnken, of Mauston.

The charges were preferred by Col. Orlando Halway of the Third regiment. Attorney F. T. Tucker, of this city, is counsel for Capt. Jackson. Several witnesses for the prosecution have been examined.

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH

Appleton, Wis., April 16.—Mary, the 2-year-old infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Kline, was burned to death yesterday afternoon in a rubbish fire in her parent's back yard.

Nellisville, Wis., April 16.—While playing around a fire in a field, the clothing of the 4-year-old child of Albert Neihmer caught fire and she was burned to death.

Frankfort, Mich., April 16.—Mrs. Wallace E. King and her two children were burned to death at their home in Wallin, a village fifteen miles from here, early today. The fire, which started from some unknown cause, destroyed one store and two houses. The financial loss is $8000.

QUEEN WILHELMINA WORSE

London, April 16.—A special dispatch from Amsterdam says: "Queen Wilhelmina's condition is growing more serious." This afternoon's official bulletin from The Hague, however, declares that, though the fever continues, the general condition of the queen is satisfactory.

SENSATION AT DENVER

Young Man Who Died In January Was Poisoned With Arsenic---Other Members of the Family Are Still Sick.

Denver, April 16.—Startling developments have come to light regarding the death of Albert Gabrin, who died at his home in this city early on the evening of Jan. 8, from what was then supposed to be acute gastritis, superinduced by fermented wine used in making a mixed drink, which he and other members of his family consumed at a family reunion on New Year's day.

Shortly after his death Dr. Wilder performed an autopsy, removing the stomach and portions of other intestinal organs. These, with samples of the wine used in the punch, were turned over to Dr. Hillkowitz, who made chemical analysis. He has filed with Dr. Kleimer, the physician who attended Mr. Gabrin when he died, his report on what he found.

Dr. Hillkowitz says he found large quantities of arsenic in the wine and traces of the poison in the internal organs, especially in the stomach. The chemical analysis showed there were three and one-half grains of arsenic to a tumblerful of wine.

Such an amount could never be ascribed to any accidental impurity in the wine, says the chemist's report.

The death of Mr. Gabrin is to be investigated by the Woodmen, of which society he was a member in good standing at the time of his death. He carried a large life insurance policy. The payment of the policy has been stopped pending the result of the investigation.

Miss Agnes Gabrin, sister of the deceased, and his father, Herman Gabrin, both of whom drank wine at the reunion, are very sick and have been since that time. The condition of the young woman last night was serious. Dr. Albers, the physician attending them, says that they are suffering from acetate or arsenic poisoning—over three months after the fatal dose was drunk.

DIED IN A QUEER POSITION

Chicago, April 16.—Standing erect and tightly wedged in a narrow space between the head board of the bed and the wall, the body of Mrs. Catherine Doerr, 44 years old, wife of John Doerr, a wealthy retired architect, was found last night in a room on the second floor of her home, 3739 Wentworth avenue. Death had probably occurred many hours previous to the finding of the body. What caused the woman's death and how she happened to expire in such a strange posture the police are unable to determine. The coroner will be asked to investigate the case.

CHINAMEN ARE SLAUGHTERED

Hong Kong, April 16.—A courier who arrived at Canton yesterday reported that over 2000 imperialist soldiers sent by Marshal Su against the rebels were ambushed in a narrow defile and all were killed or captured.

The situation in the rebellious districts of Southern China is increasingly alarming. The viceroy of Canton has telegraphed to Pekin urging the immediate forwarding of reinforcements. Lack of news from Gen. Ma and Marshal Su is taken to indicate that the rebels have surrounded the imperial troops and cut off communication with them.

FISHER MADE VALENTINES

Philadelphia, April 16.—Abraham Fisher, originator of many of the present forms of the valentine, is dead at his home in Germantown, a suburb, aged 90 years. As a young man Mr. Fisher entered the publishing business with his brothers, James and William Fisher. The publication of books became of secondary interest to the firm, almost their entire attention being devoted to the printing of valentines. Mr. Fisher retired from business in 1885.

WANTED HIS PRESENTS BACK

Minneapolis, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—A case which attracted considerable attention was tried before Judge Pond. Frank L. Rouse sued Matilda Iverson to recover presents, said to have been given her during the time they were engaged, which engagement was afterwards broken off by Miss Iverson. During the examination of Rouse it developed that at one time he had voluntarily burned a sum of money in the presence of Miss Iverson, but on being pinned down to the facts he admitted that it was not real coin, but the so-called "stage money." Rouse lost his case.

MORGAN GETS PIECE OF LOAN

London, April 16.—It was said today that J. Pierpont Morgan, the Barings and the Rothschilds have secured an aggregate of £16,000,000 of the new British loan of £32,000,000. The remaining £16,000,000 will be offered to the public.

Official confirmation of the above was forthcoming this afternoon, in the Bank of England giving notice that half the loan had been privately subscribed for, and offering the other half for public subscription at 93½, with interest at 2¾ per cent. The subscription list will be closed on before April 21.

5c Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes Shined in our Shoe Department by Professor Withers for..... **5c**

Shoes for Golfers.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST 3rd AVE. W.

Shoes for Wheelers.

M. S. BURROWS.

SPRING AND SUMMER FOOTWEAR

This is the complete up-to-date Shoe Store, filled with the finest Footwear the country produces. Every pair is new —there are no old styles or stocks here, but the latest delights in Shoe Fashions — in Kid, Patent Leather, Patent Coltskin for men and women at—

$2, $2.50, $3 and $3.50

For Misses, Boys and Children the lines are equally attractive at..... **$1, $1.25, $1.50 and $2**

It is not possible for you to be disappointed. It is not possible for you to get as good value elsewhere. We really afford you a saving of from 50c to $1.50 on every pair of shoes. Comparison is constantly proving this fact; we want you to compare

APPEALING SHOE VALUES FOR THURSDAY:

$1.19 60 pairs Child's $1.50 Shoes—sizes 8 to 12—lace or button—all solid, honest goods. Your choice tomorrow—only $1.19.

$1.39 100 pairs Misses' $1.75 and $2.00 Shoes in lace or button, box calf or vici kid, patent leather or stock tips—all solid and a good bargain—a special tomorrow $1.39.

$1.39 200 pairs Ladies' Oxfords, patent tips, worth $1.75—all solid, all sizes, from 2½ to 8; C to EE. Your choice tomorrow only $1.39.

$1.49 175 pairs Ladies' kid and box calf $2 Shoes, in lace or button—patent or stock tips—all solid—your choice only $1.49.

$2.49 400 pairs Ladies' $3.00 Shoes, in lace or button—patent or stock tips—welt or turn soles. The best $3.00 shoe in Duluth. Our special price tomorrow $2.49.

HANAN'S FINE SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN—$5.00

TAKES OFFICE.

Mayor O'Hare Presents Message and Makes Appointments.

The Democratic administration has assumed the reins of government in West Superior and last evening, at the city council meeting, Mayor O'Hare announced his appointments. They were as follows:

City clerk, John A. Kobe; city attorney, Thomas E. Lyons; assistant city attorney, Carl M. Wilson; city engineer, Howard Thomas; health commissioner, Dr. J. A. Rene; street commissioner, Lawrence Brennan; city statistician, H. C. Stivers; sealer of weights and measures, T. W. Dunn.

The appointments were unanimously confirmed.

There was an active contest for the position of city clerk by Silver Joe Konkel and Mr. Hobe, and it is claimed that the appointment of H. C. Stivers as city statistician was a compromise to satisfy the Konkel faction.

In his inaugural address Mayor O'Hare emphasized the need of economy and efficiency in the different city departments. He referred to the growth of the city in population and industrial enterprises that has not been marked by a proportionate increase in real estate values. This he accounted for by the high rate of taxation.

The new mayor suggested various lines of economy, notably the abolishment of the board of public works, economical street work, the ward foreman to be placed under the orders of the street commissioner and be required to work eight hours a day instead of doing nothing. He suggested that unless city employes could put in eight hours for the city they could be dispensed with. He also intimated that a number of men might be dropped from the payroll of the health department.

Mayor O'Hare touched on the topic of inadequate street car service and made recommendations for a special council committee to take the matter up. He urged the immediate repavement of Tower avenue and said that short term franchises only should be given private concerns. He believes the idea of municipal ownership should be kept in view and the rights of the city carefully guarded until it is in a position financially to build its own plants.

Relative to the bonded indebtedness of the city, the new mayor disavowed any propensity toward repudiation, advised a careful investigation of the legal status of the city's debt and recommended that the pending bond suits against the Land and River company should be prosecuted by former City Attorney McKay.

Mr. McKay is said to take exception to that portion of the mayor's inaugural address relating to the bond suits and asserts that Mayor O'Hare is attempting to play at politics. Mr. McKay says that the mayor should have taken himself entirely out of the arena of politics and given him the opportunity to fight the matter nearest his chart, which is the bond suits. The former city attorney said that he expected to rid the city of its bonded indebtedness and if given a fair show could do it, but that he would not attempt to do so after a quasi-political inaugural address. He declared that if he was to fight one suit he wanted to fight them all.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall Family Pills are the best.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

20% Discount

On every Couch and Lounge in this store. A full carload of them arrived just one month ahead of time and we are simply overloaded and must have more room. This is your opportunity. Do not let it pass. 20 elegant Leather Couches, ranging from $35.00 to $85.00, all at 20 per cent discount.

$6.00 Couches—for..... **$4.80**

$8.00 Couches—for..... **$6.40**

$10.00 Couches—for..... **$8.00**

$12.00 Couches—for..... **$9.60**

$15.00 Couches—for..... **$12.00**

$20.00 Couches—for..... **$16.00**

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

MAN WITH A MESSAGE

G. Campbell Morgan Impresses His Hearers In That Way.

Earnest and Simple Appeal to Intelligence and Reason.

Employs None of Methods of Old Fashioned Revivalists.

An earnest man with a message, and gifted with a marvelous faculty for telling it.

That is the way G. Campbell Morgan, who spoke at the Methodist church last night, impresses his hearers.

He is a remarkable man in many ways, and his appearance prepares the audience for something out of the ordinary. He is remarkably tall and remarkably slender, each characteristic making the other seem more emphasized than it really is. He dresses in conventional ministerial garb, except that his appearance is slightly exaggerated by a low collar. When, in the earnestness of his argument, he reaches his hands aloft to bring them down again in emphasis of a point, his height seems really abnormal.

In his manner there is nothing eccentric, however, nor anything like it. He is simple, unassuming, straightforward direct and certain in his way, paying apparently more heed to the matter than to the manner of his talk. Yet the manner could not be more effective, in spite of its careful appearance of being unstudied.

Apparently there are none of the frills and graces of oratory about Mr. Morgan's speech. Yet there is something infinitely better; plain, simple, strong language, forceful and direct, and not to be misunderstood by anybody. Occasionally there is a flash of concentrated thought, like the play of lightning across a summer cloud, but these aphorisms are not frequent.

His message is not a new one, though it is told in a new way that throws new lights around it. It is the simple old story of Christ's sacrifice for humanity, and the glorious opportunities that it offers for benighted and bewildered man. He told the story as few could tell it, and he did not soften it with the soothing sanction of up-to-date revisions that make the way easier. The way he points out is as narrow as ever, but the manner of pointing it out is not fraught with the hysterics-producing methods of the old-fashioned revivalist.

He is a unique figure, and the large audience that filled the church last night will be a help of heralds that will make his audiences grow every day during his stay.

He took his text last night from John iii, 3 and 5, which impose upon humanity the duty of being born anew. Paul Gilbert, of the Y. M. C. A., sang beautifully, and Rev. Alex Milne of Pilgrim Congregational church led in prayer. Dr. Cleland of the First Presbyterian church assisted in the service.

In beginning Mr. Morgan stated that he would study the Christian life during the week, beginning at first principles and showing the development of the laws of its well-being. Last night's talk was to introduce the series, tonight he will talk on "Health," Thursday night on "Growth" and Friday night on "Exercise." All of these refer to the Christian life.

"Christianity is life," said Mr. Morgan. "Nothing short of that accounts for it, and any form short of that fails to meet the need of man. The influence of Christ consists in infinitely more than presenting to man a new ideal of a new ethical code. Christ did both of these things, but if that was all he had done he would have left the world just as he found it. For these heritages are of such a nature that alone they simply mock the impotence of mankind. The ideal is so perfect that no man has ever approached it except one. The ethical code is so perfect and severe that I would infinitely rather try to keep the whole law of Moses than the simplest directions of Christ.

"The world has not yet accepted his idea; the church has hardly accepted it. Christ's conception of the dignity of man is that he should serve; man's conception of his own dignity is that he should make others serve him. Christ's only patent of nobility is the garb of service. When one thinks of Christ, of his simplicity, his serenity, his strength, one sees the impossibility of following his ideal of one's own strength. The more I know of him the more conscious I am of the infinite distance between him and me. If I had nothing in Christ but his example to follow, I say that I can never follow it in my own strength. The same is true of his ethics, though it is not easy to distinguish between his ideal and his ethical code, for he was all that he said men ought to be.

"People think his ethics are so easy that all we have to do is to preach them and we will do them. They say 'Preach the sermon on the mount and get away from doctrines.' The man that says that has not thinkingly and understandingly read the sermon on the mount. The Mosaic law is infinitely easier to obey than the teachings of the sermon on the mount. For instance, Moses said thou shalt not commit the sin, while Christ said thou shalt not look upon the sin with desire in thy heart. Unless there is more than this in Christ's life he has simply shown me my degradation, and given me no way of rising above it.

"But Christ has done more than that, and that is the essential fact of Christianity. Having revealed the pattern we are to follow, he has put at the service of all men a new dynamic in the strength of which they can follow that pattern and learn to obey his law. No man is a Christian because he admires Christ. He is a Christian when he receives the gift of life he must be born anew. We must never get away from it, in preaching or in teaching, the first thing always is 'You must be born anew.' John says that what is born of flesh is flesh, and what is born of spirit is spirit, and this reveals two worlds of living. There is a strong distinction between human nature and carnal nature. Some think it is sinful to be human, but there is nothing sinful in humanity. This mistake is probably the reason why somebody wrote that foolish hymn 'I Want to be an Angel.' If God had wanted me to be an angel he would have built me on a different plan. The saying 'To err is human,' is a monstrous error. There is nothing evil in humanity. It would divide the human and carnel natures differently. The human nature is composed of spirit, soul and body, though there is really no distinct soul, which is simply consciousness and a part of spirit and body. In the carnal nature the order is inverted, and the formula is body, soul with spirit cancelled.

"We should not teach children that they have souls. We should teach them that they have bodies. If we tell them they have souls they are likely to look upon the body as themselves, and the soul as something they have got. The body is the temporary dwelling place of spirit. In the the first and every fall of man, the human orders is reversed, the body becomes the supreme thing and the spirit is cancelled. The conception of humanity today is all material. It is the 'body' only, and the questions are what shall we eat, drink and wear. The spirit is either ignored or counted of second rate importance.

"That is the degradation of man, who is born today of a debased humanity. In the new birth the old order is resumed, and therein is the necessity of being born anew. No man can know God in the enlightenment that is purely of the flesh. I do not undervalue culture and education; give people all you can of them. But they do not give a man a vision of God. Put before me the finest product of the schools, with a year in Germany to top off with if you will, and a man that can hardly read his Bible. Ask them to give you an exposition of the Twenty-third psalm, and the educated man will give you a fine literary effort, but he will not show you God. But the unlettered man will show the way to heaven as he speaks with unlearned eloquence in a tear-choked voice.

"Man that has not had the new birth cannot see God, so he hates what he thinks is God. Carnal man is at enmity with God because he has lost the vision of God. He projects himself into immensity, thinks it is God, and hates it. He enlarges human capacity and thinks the result is God. If he enlarged the perfect man, he would see God. If he would know God, he should enlarge the man Christ into immensity. With the knowledge of God lost, man sets his mind on earthly things, and blindly seeks to fill the vacancy with them. The thirst of man for God is behind the greedy hunt for gold. I never see a drunkard that I do not think what a capacity for God he has, for it is usually the passionate man of large capacities that becomes the victim of drink. The man that is full of the love of knowledge of God needs to beware of the antithesis

"When man has lost God, and hates the false god he has made, he becomes the slave of the devil. He doesn't like to be told of it, and satan does not like it that he should be told of it. The devil's way is always to get behind something. He is not a fair fighter. He never told a lie, but he always tells those half lies that are more dangerous than whole ones.

"Man must be born anew; that is the essential of Christianity. If he is born again, spirit resumes its proper position of supremity, and man comes into right relations with God and with himself.

"The question of how to be born again, the point of human responsibility, is the next one. John says that it comes as the wind, which bloweth where it listeth. We must be satisfied with the fact, and not attempt to explain the mystery. A sailor cannot tell when the wind comes, but he can hoist his sail. Man must hold himself in readiness to catch the blowing of the heavenly gale. He must receive Christ as his kinsman. The divine life comes when man receives the Christ. How it comes you cannot explain any more than you can any other manifestation of life, but it does come."

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

OBJECT.

West End Citizens Will Fight Abolition of Branch Library.

A mass meeting of the West End citizens was held in Sloan's hall at the corner of Twentieth avenue west and West Superior street, last evening, and vigorous protests were made against the action of the library board in abolishing the branch library in that portion of the city. N. O. Nelson presided and U. G. Holloway acted as secretary.

At the last meeting of the library board it was voted to close the West End branch, the argument advanced for the action being that the expense of the Carnegie library would be heavier than first anticipated and the board would be compelled to reduce expenses. The West End branch was, therefore, eliminated.

Dr. Codding, member of the board, in giving reasons why the West End branch should be closed instead of the West Duluth branch, said that the latter had been established by the women while the West End branch was originally a political move.

Several of the West End citizens talked against the closing of the branch. William M. Hubbard, who represents the West End on the library board, said that the West End people have been fighting for years to prevent the abolition of the branch and until the present time they have been successful. Mr. Hubbard denied the statement that the establishment of the branch was a political move, but said that the branch was started about seven years ago in the Clarendon hotel on Garfield avenue by the people of the West End, who donated many books. This he said was done before the uptown library was started.

U. G. Holloway declared the statement made by a member of the library board that but 15 or 20 books were taken from the branch office daily, was erroneous. He believes the number nearer 40 and the daily attendance at the reading room to be about 65.

Other expressions of disapproval of the move were heard and the matter was finally placed in the hands of a committee comprised of C. O. Nelson, Capt. D. E. Stevens, E. W. Hill, R. D. Haven and U. G. Holloway.

May 1 is the date set to close the branch, but no books have been issued this month. One West Ender declared that the books are even now packed in boxes for removal. The announcement that another attendant is to be added to the West Duluth branch has not tended to allay the indignation of the West End people, who claim they are being discriminated against by the library board.

The committee appointed last evening will meet today and investigate the claim of the library board that the library funds really necessitate the closing of the West End branch. If the committee is not satisfied one of the members stated this morning that an attempt would be made to enjoin the library board from closing the station and taking away the books, if that is possible.

KICKING.

Interstate Line Patrons Want Northern Pacific to Act.

A protest is being made by the patrons of the interstate line of the street railway company, that the Northern Pacific company is causing too much delay in the inauguration of the service over the Garfield avenue viaduct. They claim that the railway company is taking no steps to remove its tracks at the south approach of the viaduct, and that the tracks are the only things that are holding back the use of the viaduct.

For several months, while the viaduct has been building, the interstate cars have been running under and alongside the structure, crossing railway tracks in dangerous places, and submitting to many inconveniences, one of these being a loss in time caused by cars held at the switches for several minutes on occasions, awaiting the arrival of a car from the opposite direction over the single track. The street railway company has had one track over the viaduct completed, clear to the railway tracks, for a number of days past, and the other track on the viaduct could be finished very quickly.

To queries as to when the company will begin the service, answer is always made that it will begin as soon as the railway company takes up its tracks across Garfield avenue, at the foot of the approach.

When the viaduct was started building, the railway company removed its tracks, but they were replaced shortly afterward, it being discovered that they would be available for the hauling of material to fill in the approach. Since that time the railway company has been using them for its regular freight traffic, and shows no disposition to discontinue.

Instances are numerous where trains have been left standing at the crossing, and a few evenings ago the street cars and also one of the outbound passenger trains were tied up at the crossing for fifteen minutes because of a string of six or seven boxcars which were left there without an engine.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

Slot Machines OF ALL KINDS.

Electric Banjos, Phonographs. Put one or more in your place of business. They soon pay for themselves. Sold in Duluth by

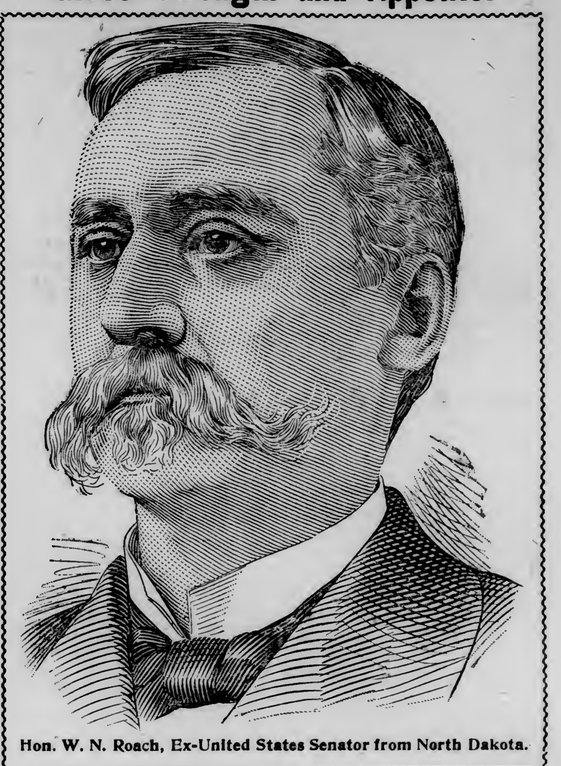
PAGE & BATES,

Phones 980 and 1058. 413 W. Mich. St

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

A UNITED STATES SENATOR

Says Pe-ru-na, the Catarrh Cure, Gives Strength and Appetite.



Hon. W. N. Roach, Ex-United States Senator from North Dakota.

Hon. W. N. Roach, ex-United States senator from North Dakota, personally endorses Peruna, the great catarrh cure and tonic. In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine company, at Columbus, Ohio, written from Washington, D. C., Senator Roach says:

"Persuaded by a friend I have used Peruna as a tonic, and I am glad to testify that it has greatly helped me in strength, vigor and appetite. I have been advised by friends that it is remarkably efficacious as a cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—W. N. Roach, Larimore, North Dakota.

No other remedy can take the place of Peruna.

Mr. E. J. Mackinson, Contractor and Builder.

Mr.—Ed. J. Makinson, contractor and builder, 610 Grand block, Wabash street, St. Paul, Minn., says:

"Many doctor bills can be saved by the use of Peruna. I have all my friends taking Peruna, and I have heard nothing but praise from them. Last fall I had a bad cough. I took four bottles of Peruna and it cured me. I am inclined towards consumption, as all my family have died with it. I weigh 185 pounds, and I believe it is Peruna that has given me such good health."—E. J. Mackinson.

As a result of the changeable climate, catarrh has become one of the most prevalent and universal diseases known to man. Nearly one-third of the people of the United States are afflicted with catarrh in some of its many phases and stages. Add to this fact that catarrh rapidly tends to become fixed or chronic, also the further fact that it is capable of producing a great many other diseases, and we begin to realize the true nature of the dread disease.

So formidable has catarrh become that in any city or town of any size numerous doctors are to be found who make the treatment of catarrh a specialty. Of course a great deal of good is accomplished in this way, but as yet a comparatively small number of the people can avail themselves of this treatment because of the great expense necessarily attached to it.

To all such people Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, comes as a great boon. Not only is it more successful in curing catarrh than the treatment of the catarrh specialists, but it is within the reach of every person in this land. Peruna can be bought at any drug store, and it is a remedy without equal for catarrh in all forms, coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption, and all climatic diseases of winter.

Peruna is not a guess, nor an experiment; it is an absolute, scientific certainty. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna. Let no one persuade you that some other remedy will do nearly as well. There is no other systematic remedy for catarrh but Peruna.

Byron J. Kirkhuff, Contractor and Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.

Mr. Byron J. Kirkhuff, attorney-counsellor-at-law, writes from 630 Gates avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., the following:

"I have used your Peruna for catarrh and find its curative powers all you recommend. It cured me of a very bad attack and though I suffered for years, I feel entirely relieved, and if it will benefit others, I gladly give it my endorsement."—B. J. Kirkhuff.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Samuel Cabot's CREOSOTE SHINGLE STAINS.

Sheathing Quilt. Brick Preservative.

Sole Agents—

Thomson & Dunlop,

226-228 W. Michigan Street.

REMODELED!

In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.

TURKISH BATH PARLORS,

110 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

The best and only practical optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 665.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

SPAULDING & CO.

Goldsmiths, Silversmiths and Jewelers.

Importers of

Diamonds, Precious Stones, Watches and Art Goods

Producers of

Rich Jewelry and Silverware.

Special and artistic designs furnished.

Correct and latest forms in Fine Stationery

Our "Suggestion Book" mailed on application.

Jackson Boulevard, Corner of State Street, Chicago.

$2.50 No Cheaper.

A Few New Snappy Shoes Just Arrived

$3.50 No Steeper.

And ready for your inspection. The shoes will please you and the prices will suit you.

THE BROCKTON SHOE CO. EXCLUSIVE MEN'S SHOE HOUSE.....

$3.50 No Steeper.

311 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

$2.50 No Cheaper.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Delighted crowds nightly.

William Johnson has begun suit in the district court of Hennepin county against O'Brien & York to recover $10.46 alleged to be due for wages. The case will be removed to this county on the application of the defendants for a change of venue to this place, and the demand for a change, together with the answer of the defendants denying any indebtedness, were filed this morning.

In the case of Belle S. Moer against S. H. Moer for divorce on the ground of desertion, Judge Dibell has signed an order giving the defendant until April 25 to plead.

Opening dance, Lester, Thursday night.

Parlor theater. Latest vaudeville.

Holbrook, of Minneapolis, will be at the Spalding house with a choice line of trimmed hats Friday and Saturday, April 18 and 19. Your patronage is solicited.

Commander-in-Chief Eli Torrance, of the Grand Army of the Republic, has appointed Marcus W. Bates and James A. Gray, of this city, as aides from Minnesota.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Owing to the delinquency of physicians in reporting births the March statement of the health department was not issued till today. It shows that during the month, 112 babies were born. The boy babies numbered 20 more than the girls, there being 66 males and 46 females.

P. H. Hultgrove a tailor of this city, has filed a petition of bankruptcy. His liabilities are $425 and assets $10.

At the Branch Bethel last night, Rev. Alexander Peterson spoke at the first of the week's meetings in that place. There was a good audience and much interest was manifested. Rev. Patterson spoke on Rom. 6:23, "Death and Life." Mrs. Wm. Asher sang. After the meeting those interested were spoken to personally.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

PERSONALS.

Capt. Alex McDougall returned this morning from an Eastern trip.

Thomas Dugann and family left over the Great Northern today for Los Angeles.

J. E. Enquist, traveling freight agent for the Burlington lines, traveling out of St. Paul, is in the city today.

J. L. Eggleston, of Grafton, N. D., is at the McKay.

C. A. Lister will leave for Chicago on the Fast Mail today.

G. Fred Stevens has returned from a trip to St. Paul.

C. L. Hall goes to the Soo over the South Shore this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Ordean arrived home this noon from a month's trip in the East and South. It was Mr. Ordean's regular spring vacation.

Harry D. Dutton, traveling passenger agent of the Kansas City Southern, is doing Duluth ticket offices today. His headquarters are in Kansas City.

Capt. Thomas Walters will leave tonight over the South Shore for Ishpeming.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sutton took this afternoon's Eastern Minnesota Limited for St. Paul.

Dr. Charles B. De Hurdon, a St. Louis physician, is at the McKay.

Ed H. Eden, Northwestern agent of the Lackawanna line, returned to St. Paul today after a couple of days spent in looking up business here.

Frank Otis, commercial agent of the Milwaukee, went to St. Paul today.

H. L. Chase took the Great Northern this morning for North Dakota points.

A party of Two Harbors people including Mrs. Bell, C. A. Yernberg, S. M. Jenson and John Brown left yesterday over the Northern Pacific for Portland.

The Northern Pacific yards and docks here were looked over yesterday by General Manager Cooper, General Superintendent Kimberley and Chief Engineer Darling.

J. R. Cotton, who is in California, with his family for a vacation, is not expected back before some time next month.

Joseph Sellwood is back from a trip t Chicago.

C. P. Crandall left over the Omaha today for the South.

Mrs. J. W. Murphy and son, of Escanaba, Mich., is visiting at the home of her sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Murphy, 1113 West Michigan street.

M. L. Berg, the jeweler, of the West End, is in Cloquet.

Mrs. G. T. Johns and son Alfred left for Fort Wayne, Ind., to attend the funeral of A. S. Johns, who died Saturday night, at the age of 90 years.

Roy E. Hilton, of Kenyon, Minn., who has received the appointment to a clerkship in the United States land office here to succeed H. L. Shepard, reached Duluth yesterday and today assumed the duties of his position.

Capt. Duncan Clow has gone to Detroit, Mich., to fit out and bring to Duluth the excursion steamer Newsboy, that he bought recently. The Newsboy will reach this port about the middle of next month.

CITY SUES.

St. Paul Wants Damages From Street Railroad for Electrolysis.

St. Paul, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The city of St. Paul today began an action against the City Railroad company for damages by alleged electrolysis of water mains, demanding $500,000, and also an injunction against the further use of the present system of return currents and a demand for an insulated wire to take currents back to the power house. In the complaint the city alleges that the current used in operating cars returns theoretically by the rails, so as to make a complete circuit, but as an actual fact does not. A large number of the currents leave the rails and seek other and more direct routes to the place of origin.

As a consequence the wrought iron and lead pipes of the water supply system are followed by the return currents in many cases. The pipes are thus disintegrated and rotted.

It is alleged that the company has been careless and negligent in operating its system so as to cause this electrolysis and also that demand has been made that the trouble be remedied, but that the company has refused. As a result, there has been past demage to the extent of $500,000, and more will follow if there is no remedy.

PROPERTIES TRANSFERRED.

Cleveland, April 16.—The telephone properties of the Everett-Moore syndicate at Columbus and Dayton, Ohio, were formally transferred by the bankers' committee today to Columbus and Dayton capitalists, who have purchased the stock heretofore held by Messrs. Everett and Moore.

AGAINST CHINESE

Vote on Exclusion Bill and Amendments In Senate.

Chinese Can Be Sailors on Ships Carrying American Flag.

Platt Offers Substitute Bill Extending the Existing Laws.

Washington, April 16.—The first vote in the senate on the Chinese exclusion bill was upon Mr. Lodge's amendment to strike out the clause of the committee bill prohibiting Chinese sailors on ships carrying the American flag.

The Lodge amendment was carried, 47 to 29. The detailed vote is as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Beveridge, Blackburn, Burnham, Burrows, Burton, Clapp, Clark (Wyo.), Cockrell, Cullom, Dietrich, Dillingham, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Foster (Wash.), Frye, Gallinger, Gamble, Gibson, Hanna, Hawley, Hoar, Jones (Nev.), Kean, Kearns, Kittredge, Lodge, McComas, McCumber, McMillan, Millard, Morgan, Pettus Platt (Conn.), Platt (N. Y.), Pritchard, Proctor, Quarles, Quay, Scott, Spooner, Stewart, Warren, Weilington, Wetmore—47.

Nays—Bacon, Bailey, Bard, Bate, Berry, Carmack, Clark (Mont.), Clay, Culberson, Foster (La.), Harris, Heitfeld, Jones (Ark.), McLaurin (Miss.), McLaurin (S. C.), Mallory, Martin, Mitchell, Mason, Patterson, Penrose, Perkins, Rawlins, Simmons, Taliafero, Teller, Tillman, Turner, Vest—29.

The Dillingham amendment, allowing five representatives of Chinese mercantile houses to come to the United States, was defeated, 13 to 57.

The Platt amendment to the Chinese exclusion bill is a substitute for the entire bill. The test vote will be upon this amendment. It simply extends the existing laws until the expiration of the treaties with China in 1904.

Mr. Platt Conn.) offered his substitute for the pending bill, extending the present exclusion law, and Mr. Mallory offered what is known as the seaman's clause as an amendment to the substitute. Mr. Mallory's amendment was defeated, 29 to 50.

The Platt substitute was amended by a provision that nothing should interfere with exhibits at the St. Louis exposition.

The president pro tem. laid before the senate a number of telegrams bearing upon the Chinese bill. These messages were all from the Pacific coast, sixty-one of them being favorable to the Platt substitute and twelve opposed to it.

PECULIAR FEATURE.

Condition of Eveleth Depot After the Explosion.

F. H. White has returned from a trip up the line of the Duluth & Iron Range road. He saw the scene of the explosion that wrecked the Missabe depot at Eveleth, and says that the result was one of most peculiar he has ever seen. The building was reduced, Mr. White says, to splinters, but the debris instead of being spread about a great deal is practically all lying where the depot formerly stood. The remnants look as if they had been very carefully smashed up and then as carefully deposited just where the depot stood. Windows across the street were broken by the force of the explosion, and in the side of a building a couple of yards away splinters from the siding of the depot were found sticking.

OVERSUBSCRIBED.

London, April 16.—There was a tremendous rush to subscribe to the new loan of £32,000,000 today. At the Bank of England it was estimated this evening, that the loan had been ten times over subscribed. The lists will probably close tomorrow.

OLD BOARD ELECTED.

Alband, N. Y., April 16.—The stockholders of the New York Central & Hudson River railway, met here today in annual session. The old board of directors was re-elected.

Wanted

At once, ten first-class seamstresses. Must be competent. Good wages. Apply in the morning at cloak department.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SURPRISE

On House Vote to Close Debate On Cuban Bill.

Washington, April 16.—There was a very interesting situation in the house at the opening of the session today. Mr. Payne, the majority leader, again attempted to secure an agreement to close general debate on the Cuban reciprocity bill at 3 o'clock Friday. After some sparring, Mr. Williams (Miss.), objected, whereupon Mr. Payne placed his proposition in the form of a motion. On the division upon the previous question the Republican opponents of the bill voted with the Democrats, nine-tenths of whom opposed the demand. The demand for the previous question was sustained, 103 to 99, but on a rising vote upon Mr. Payne's motion to close in debate on Friday the opponents of the motion won, 105 to 120.

The announcement of the result gave the Republican leaders a surprise and caused some excitement. Mr. Watson (Ind.), the Republican whip, demanded the ayes and noes. The demand was sustained by the friends of the bill and the roll was called. The voting was followed with intense interest. While the vote was proceeding, several conferences were held on the Republican side. Mr. Tawney (Minn.), one of the leaders of the Republican opposition, had agreed with Mr. Payne yesterday after conferences with his friends that there should be no opposition to the motion to close debate, and he was busily engaged in persuading his friends to keep the agreement. A number of the Democrats, friends of the bill, also broke away from the leaders. The result was that Mr. Payne's motion was carried easily, the vote being ayes 53, noes 123.

Thirty-three Republicans voted against the motion, among them being Fletcher, Heatwole, McCleary, Morris and Stevens, of Minnesota, all the Michigan delegation, Brown and Esch of Wisconsin and Littlefield of Maine. Thirty-two Democrats voted for the motion.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, April 16.—A Le Seuer, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: H. F. Von Lehe, a prominent farmer, father of Richard Von Lehe, who formerly represented this district in the legislature, died suddenly last night.

Chicago, April 16.—Capt. James Donegan, commander of the two-mile crib, off Chicago, and well known to the lake marine service, died at his home today of heart disease.

Paris, April 16.—Aurelian Scholl, the well known author, journalist and duelist, died here today as the result of an operation. He was born at Bordeaux, July 13, 1833, and was best known as the editor of the Echo de Paris.

Haverhill, Mass., April 16.—Henry Lord Moody, father of Congressman Moody, who will shortly become secretary of the navy, died today, aged 81 years.

HANDS OFF!

Hot Manifesto From Rev. Knowles on Sunday Baseball.

Rev. Harry W. Knowles has issued a manifesto on Sunday baseball in behalf of the acting committee of the West End Civic federation, which committee is composed of Mr. Knowles, Rev. M. Manson, of the Second Presbyterian church, and Rev. L. I. Belden, of the West End Episcopal church. Though the statement is issued in the first person by Mr. Knowles it is also signed by the other two members of the committee.

The notice is a warning to the baseball fiends that Sunday baseball will be fought to a finish. It is as follows:

"I am requested by the acting committee of the West End Civic federation to notify the Sunday baseball league that, as intimated in my published prelude of a week ago, any attempt to institute and carry out their program of Sunday play anywhere in the West End will be fought by the Civic league to a finish. When the agent, on Monday or Tuesday, I am uncertain which, called on one of the leading merchants of the West End for advertisements for the boards of the league, he learned the truth of this notice. It seemed to be a surprise to the bill agent, but he knows from the lips of one straight forward Christian business man, that this is no weak bluff by a clerical fanatic. It may as well be understood that not only the ball players, but any official standing in with them, contrary to his oath of office, or refusing to enforce the statute against this sort of nuisance will be prosecuted.

"The Civic league is not averse to reasonable and legitimate athletics. But that point has been reached when this city shall know if the hoboes and rooters can defy the laws of the state, disregard the right of honest, self-respecting people to a quiet Sunday, and succeed with the sanction of the proper officials. We will give money and support towards providing healthy recreation to our boys, but we will not, under pretense of the need of recreation, lend our active support, nor by cowardly silence permit the rights of respectable citizens to be violated. At an early date the West End will be thoroughly canvassed to secure a division on the question necessary to a trial of strength. That is, we desire to know who will stand with us, or who will favor the lawless element. It will be good to do as is done in all deliberative bodies on important questions; it will be well to stand up and be counted. There are men who will secretly favor vice and lawlessness, who should be known to all. There are men in every community whose relation to public morals would be a surprise if known.

"It is only fair, sometimes, that these should be made to show their real sentiments. It is fair to the men who sometimes come under suspicion because the charge is made against business men in general. This was the case in connection with the political pressures brought to bear quite recently on the mayor of this city, in favor of the 'tenderloin' fraternity. Because the names of the respectable (?) delegation of white men pleading for the protection of 'colored morals' were not naturally suspected as willing to be counted in as, at least, silent partners in the infamous prostitution of political power. Public morals require not only that the books of the trusts shall be open to inspection but that the men who stand for or against the moral welfare of Christian America should be publicly pilloried or approved. Let the light in and the rats will scurry. We propose to let the light in on the issues which may arise in connection with this bold attempt to corrupt our youth and desecrate our Sabbath contrary to the laws of God and state."

LIGHT WILL SHINE.

Washington, April 16.—Secretary Root has made arrangements to maintain a light in the statue of liberty on Bedloes island, in New York harbor. This action is the result of a personal conference with the secretary of the treasury and was taken with the approval of the president.

TEACHERS

Will Be Taught at Summer School Here In July.

Within the next few days circulars will be issued setting forth in detail the proposed work of the summer school for teachers of St. Louis county, which will be held in the Duluth High School building for four weeks, beginning July 14. Examination of teachers will be held the first three days of the fifth week.

The state department of public instruction has secured an exceptionally fine list of instructors for the summer school, and it is expected that the attendance will be larger than it was last summer.

Edwin T. Reed, a member of the faculty of the Moorhead state normal school, has been engaged as conductor. Mr. Hillyer, professor of pedagogy in the Moorhead normal school, will teach pedagogy, methods and class room work; Miss Daniels, of Cloquet, will teach kindergarten and primary methods; J. H. Hay, of Sandstone, Minn., will teach mathematics and geography; C. R. Frazier, of Little Falls, formerly principal of the Nelson-Dewey school in Superior, will teach history, civics and arithmetic; Superintendent I. A. Thorson, of the Aitkin schools, will teach higher mathematics, physics and history; G. N. Nelson, B. A., superintendent of schools of Carlton county, will divide class room work with Superintendent A. T. Park, of St. Louis county, and Superintendent Kemerer, of Aitkin county, will divide work with Mrs. Woodbridge, superintendent of schools of Lake county.

The instructors sent out by the state department are all specialists along their lines, and it is expected that the corps of instructors will prove a strong inducement to the teachers of the Northwest to attend the summer session.

GHOSTS.

Four Visit the Pest House In Broad Daylight.

Late this afternoon four ghost-like objects might have been seen wending their way wearily toward the pest house.

They wore long, flowing gowns of white, extremely raglan, with white caps, white gloves and rubber shoes.

Inmates of the county poor house, located close by, who had seldom seen the "ghost walk" in their unfortunate lives, thought their opportunity had come at last.

The spectral figures, however, were not exactly ghosts—they were four members of the board of health whose duty to the public required them to make an inspection of the smallpox house.

They were Dr. J. M. Robinson, E. P. Towne, N. O. Nelson and A. W. Donald. With the exception of Dr. Robinson, the civic members of the board did not seem to look forward to this visit with any flutterings of joyful anticipation, but they went in the line of duty.

The white robes, which were furnished them out near the hospital, covered them from head to foot and were supposed to be germ proof.

After leaving the hospital the members of the board were to be washed in a strong disinfectant and have their clothes fumigated.

WITH BEDE.

P. Ellard Dowling May Join Forces With Morris' Opponent.

It is said that P. Ellard Dowling, the Horace Greeley of Eveleth, has decided to link his fate in a political sense with that of J. Adam Bede. If Bede rises or falls in his flight for the Republican congressional nomination, so will Dowling soar or drop in his ambition to dignify the state legislative halls.

The information now comes out that Mr. Dowling originally intended to stand for nothing less than the senatorial nomination. Upon second thought and out of consideration for his friend, Senator Hawkins, it is said, he concluded that he would be willing to sit in the house for a couple of terms as one of the representatives from the Forty-ninth district. It is declared, however, that it must not be presumed that this disposes in any way of his ultimate intention to become a prominent factor in the higher state legislative body. It is rather with the desire of properly preparing himself for his higher duties.

As for Mr. Bede, it is announced that he will very shortly make his headquarters in Duluth. He has already issued his Budget. In its publication he is assisted by his son, who has also moved here from Pine City.

Cameras and photo supplies below cost at Norberg's.

CANCER CURED.

I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know what the Herbaqueen Specific Remedies have done us. They have saved the life of my wife. She was afflicted with cancer through the whole system and was given up by doctors and friends as beyond any cure. She was suffering for a long time and got steadily worse, till at last she could hardly bear her surroundings. Then I heard of these wonderful cures and decided we would try them, and after treatment with them for some time she began to get better and is now all right and able to do her housework. I have full confidence in these treatments and recommend them to anyone suffering with cancer or tumor, as curing the same without operation. JOHN B. PETTERSON.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Your New Spring Tailor-made and Other Things.....

THINK of getting a fashionable suit, beautifully tailored, made of very fine cloth and perfect fitting, in a variety of colors, for $11.75! Not one suit in this entire lot was made to retail for less than $25—most of them $30 and $35—but a trade chance enables us to offer them to you at $11.75.

The extraordinary value of these garments has forced us to add many of our regular lines that have sold at $15, $18, $20, for $11.75! It is an opportunity that seldom presents itself so early in the season, and we can confidentially advise our patrons to see them before they are sold.

New High Novelty Garments

Right from the best makers and designers of the East, are receiving their first showing now—styles somewhat different from Eastern numbers and include—

Fine Tailored Suits and Costumes,

Fine Tailored Cloth Jackets,

Silk Jackets of Taffeta, Morie and Poie de Soie.

Silk Long Coats—in new effects recently shown East.

Silk Three-quarter Coats—Taffeta, Moire and Poie de Soie—entirely new and very swell.—

We are also displaying many New and beautiful Garments for Misses and Children.

The first thing to do, is to get posted on styles and prices!

Come in and see our beautiful Spring garments anyway! Try on a few and note the fit, fine workmanship and prices!

If you are not prepared to buy, you can form an idea of what you want to get! And how reasonable you can get it!

We are also showing many high-class novelties in Millinery.

And many new things in Women's Neckwear—Neck Puffs—Du Barry—Waist Sets — New Hand Purses—Chatelaines and Novelties of many kinds that are arriving daily from the East.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

ITS ANNUAL.

The Duluth Curling Club Elects George F. Mackenzie President.

The annual meeting of the Duluth Curling club was held last evening at the Board of Trade building. There was a large attendance of the membership and the enthusiasm shown augurs well for the future prosperity of the club.

The election of officers for the coming year resulted as follows: President, George F. Mackenzie; vice president, J. E. Catlin; treasurer, Donald Morrison; secretary, Alex McRae. M. H. Alworth was elected a director; T. H. Cleland, chaplain; Harry Hurdon, umpire, and James McDiarmid and I. Pitlado, of Winnipeg, representatives to the Manitoba branch of the R. C. C. C.

It was decided that in the future admission to skating ice will be confined to members of the club and their families.

The treasurer's report showed the club to be in a splendid financial condition. It has not only reduced its mortgage during the past year but has spent $900 in improvements on the building.

During the evening A. H. Smith, who has taken great interest in curling, and to whose untiring efforts the bonspiel of 1902 was such a success, was presented with a handsome vase of Alvin silver deposit ware and a pocket flask. The presentation speech was made by D. W. Stocking, the retiring president, and was happily responded to by Mr. Smith.

STEEN RESIGNS.

The Norwegian Premier Tenders His Resignation.

Christiana, Norway, April 16.—At today's session of the council of state, the Norwegian premier, Johannes W. C. Steen resigned and the other ministers then placed their portfolios at the disposal of the crown prince, who is acting as regent. Later the regent invited C. C. Berner, the president of the storthing, to form a new cabinet.

FISHER APPOINTED.

Duluth Postmaster's Name Sent to the Senate.

Washington, April 16.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Postmasters: Michigan—Samuel J. Walker, Cadillac; J. H. Voor, Crystal Falls. Minnesota—Elijah L. Fisher, Duluth; Michael W. Grimes, Le Sueur; Lorena Brooks, Renville; E. W. Thayer, Spring Valley.

TALMAGE BURIED.

New York, April 16.—The remains of the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage were interred in Greenwood cemetery today.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Herman Leffler and Emma Aldeen.

William Hay and Jennie Hall.

Joseph Twaddle and Nettie A. Schulenberg.

William Badeaux, of Douglas county, Wis., and Elizabeth Smith, of Eau Claire county, Wis.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. August Johnson, of 126 Sixty-first avenue west.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.

FLOOD & HORGAN,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WINDBURN SMARTS, BESIDES TAN isn't pretty. Have a fair face, satin skin using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c

A HOLE IN THE CARPET

You will find many things to discourage you when you clean house this spring — among them a hole in the carpet. You don't want to get discouraged, but telephone or come down and get a nice Rug to cover it. If you want a new carpet, we have a variety of new patterns to pick from.

IRON BEDS $2.75 to $20 All Colors—a nice assortmen to select from.

COUCHES $12 to $20 In the best Velours and Tapestry

CHIFFONIERS $10.00 to $20.00

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

Gately Supply Co., No. 8 E. Sup. St.

Johnson & Moe,

The Big West End Department Store.

Mail orders promptly and carefully filled. ✕ ✕ ✕ ✕

You can shop here by mail as easy as in person. ✕ ✕

A REGULAR THURSDAY BARGAIN SALE!

Special sales may be defined as an attempt to get rid of undesirable stock. This is not our case. Our definition is to attract more people to our store. Sell them seasonable and good merchandise at a reduction and make permanent customers of them. Read this underpricing for tomorrow's big selling—join the crowd and reap the benefit of our offering.

Two Great Dress Goods Bargains.

25c for 40-inch Wool Suitings and Cheviots, in all the leading spring shades; regular price up to 38c. Tomorrow, your choice **25c**

50c for 40 and 44-inch all-wool Serges, Granite Cloths and fancy Suitings, a beautiful range of stylish colors and blacks, regular price 65c, 75c and 98c. Your unrestricted choice, tomorrow, per yard **50c**

A Few Convincing Bargains in The White Goods Dept.

7c India Linen, a good one for the price. Tomorrow, per yard **4¾c**
Limit, ten yards. You pay 10c for none better in some stores.

10c India Linen, easily worth 12½c on the advancing cotton market. Tomorrow, per yard **6¾c**
Limit, ten yards.

15c India Linen, very fine and equal to 18c and 20c quality. Tomorrow, per yd.. **9¾c**
Limit, ten yards.

A Tremendous Wash Goods Bargain.

For one hour, from 9 to 10 o'clock in the morning, we shall sell 1000 yards Standard Shirt Prints, in new choice patterns for Boys' Waists, etc.

Our regular 5c and 6c kind tomorrow morning for one hour, from 9 to 10 o'clock, per yard **2¾c**

Remember the time: From 9 to 10 o'clock, and be on hand.

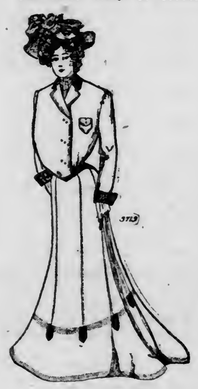
White Bedspreads.

Purchased before the advance, hence this extraordinary offering.

A full size 11-4 Marseilles pattern Bed Spread, regular price $1.25. Tomorrow it's yours at..... **89c**

A Magnificent Array

array of high class man-tailored suits. Skirts and jackets of latest and most approved style are now on display in our Cloak department. IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE OUR LINE before buying. Our little army of courteous



salespeople are well paid for giving you the best of attention at all times. So do not hesitate to call and look whether you are ready to buy or not. Special for tomorrow:

About 25 Ladies' high class Tailored Suits, made in all wool blue serge, grey and tan, Covert Cloth and Venetian jackets, Gibson, Eton and Blouse styles, silk lined skirts, graduating flounce, percaline lined, perfect fitting and very nobby suits. Equal to any $15.00 suit on the market. Note TOMORROW'S SPECIAL PRICE..... **$9.98**

You will say the jacket is worth the price.

Druggists' Sundries at Under-Prices.

Syringes and Water Bottles—

2-qt. Fountain syringes—three pipes, special price, each— **49c**

3-qt. size... **69c**

2-qt. Water Bottles, special, each— **59c**

3-qt. size..... **69 Cents**

Combination Syringe and Water Bottle, 3 pipes, 3-quart size—worth $1.25. Our price only **98c**

Mennen's Talcum Powder, sold everywhere at 25c. Our price tomorrow, per can..... **15c**

KIRK'S HIGH GRADE PERFUMES—
Lilac Blossoms, White Rose, Violet, White Heliotrope. Regular price 45c per oz. Tomorrow, special, per oz..... **33c**
Bottles free.

HIGH GRADE TOILET SOAP—Violet Carnation, Rose de Alps and others, regular price 10c. Tomorrow, cake. **7½c**

Pure Extract of Witch Hazel, pint bottles, 19c kind. Tomorrow, special **10c**

Triple strength Toilet Water 25c bottle. On sale tomorrow **25c**

A Little Eye-Opening Talk On Groceries.

Do You Know that we are the only store in the city doing an ABSOLUTE CASH business? DID YOU EVER consider the ENORMOUS SAVING made possible by such a system? IF NOT, THINK of the expense of bookkeepers, collectors and loss on bad accounts that the CREDIT FELLOWS have to add to the cost of goods. Who pays this additional COST? *YOU*—the consumer—of course. Who else Should? No man does business for glory—he must cover his expenses and a fair margin besides in order to subsist. BY OUR ABSOLUTE IMPARTIAL ONE PRICE CASH SYSTEM we can save you at least 10 to 15 per cent on your grocery bill. Note and compare our prices for tomorrow and see if we are right. Here they are—

Strictly fresh eggs, direct from the country. Credit price 18c. Our price—per dozen..... **15c**
(Limit 5 dozen to a customer.)

Light Brown Sugar. Credit price 18 lbs. Our price 21 lbs for **$1.00**

White Sugar, not granulated, but dry, fine Sugar. Credit price 17 lbs. Our price 20 lbs for **$1.00**

Burbank Potatoes, per bu **70c**

Fresh Strawberries ..... 10c box

Fancy Patent Flour, none better; 98-lb sack, credit price $2.20. Our cash price.. **$1.85**

A good time to buy, as wheat is booming and flour advancing.

Good Coffee, in bulk—per lb **10c**

10 bars good Laundry Soap—for **25c**

Kirkoline and Gold Dust, credit price 25c. Our cash price..... **20c**

Butter Milk Toilet Soap; credit price 5c. Our cash price..... **3c**

Johnson & Moe. | **Johnson & Moe.**

SPARKS

From Engine Set Fire to Express Warehouse In Chicago.

Chicago, April 16.—Fire badly damaged the warehouse of the Adams Express company, Madison and Canal streets, today, and delayed traffic in the yards of the Pennsylvania, Fort Wayne, Burlington and St. Paul roads for over an hour. Sparks from an engine ignited the platform near the warehouse, and the flames spread into the yard switch tower and to the building used for freight office of the Pennsylvania lines.

Many freight and express bills of that road were destroyed and delay in auditing will be occasioned. The damage is about $25,000, fully insured.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

MANUFACTURERS

Are In Annual Convention at Indiana.

Indianapolis, April 16.—At the opening of the second day of the convention of the National Association of Manufacturers in the hall of representatives today, it looked as if New Orleans had convinced enough members to make the Southern city the next meeting place. Toledo, however, has been active also, and with the arrival of Mayor Jones the Toledo invitation was pressed more effectively. The choice will be made tomorrow.

The members in attendance are closely divided between East and West, the Westerners feeling that they have a slight advantage if proxies are excluded, and it is their intention to make a fight on them.

Soon after the convention opened today the committee on resolutions reported. A caucus was held after the adjournment yesterday to impress the members with the wisdom of submitting no foolish resolutions that may go out to the country through the newspapers.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Grievance Committee to Discuss Tug Strike at Cleveland.

Outcome Will Depend Largely on What Committee Does.

Captains and Engineers Very Weary of Enforced Idleness.

There is no change whatever in the tug strike situation today, nor will there be until the grievance committee of the Firemen's and Linemen's Protective association meets in Cleveland tomorrow and determines whether or not the strike shall be general.

The tie-up is still as complete as it was, and the captains and engineers who are being kept from work are getting more weary of it every day. They have already lost more than the firemen can gain if they make their point, according to one of them who was talking this morning, and they do not feel particularly amiable about it.

It is very likely that the whole matter will depend upon the result of tomorrow's meeting of the grievance committee. If the general order takes the matter up and makes the strike general it will be a very serious proposition. If the grievance committee refuses to act upon it, that will probably settle the strike, as the firemen will have the option of taking Capt. Hill's terms or having men put on in their places. Archie Valequett, grand president of the firemen's association, has called the meeting of the grievance committee in obedience to the request from Duluth, and thre will be present at the meeting members of the committee from Chicago, Milwaukee, Sault Ste. Marie, Cleveland, Buffalo, Toledo and Duluth. Every local union is entitled to further representation if it desires.

LUMBER RATE.

Broker Does Not Believe It Will Be Broken.

A local lumber tonnage broker declares that shippers will never be able to successfully break the $2.50 rate to Chicago, which has been established by the Lumber Carrying Vessel Owners' association as the minimum rate for the season.

"The report that a Chicago lumberman who receives large quantities of lumber every season is trying to break the established rate," said he, "I don't place much stock in. In the first place, the rate is a reasonable one, considering the basis of values in every line that now obtains in this country. When the cost of operation in all lines appreciates, the lumber carriers are not neglected. Their expense rises just as rapidly as it does in other lines of traffic.

"Then, again, if it gets that far, the association has a large enough share of the tonnage to absolutely control the situation. Its members own 300 of the 390 lumber carrying vessels on the great lakes. The association fleet has a carrying capacity of 190,000,000 feet of lumber at a single trip. Of course, the non-members might reduce the rate as far as their vessels were concerned, but the effect would be that the association would tie up its fleet and the movement of lumber would practically come to a standstill. The sixty outside vessels would amount to very little at such a crisis. With the season just opening, and everybody that has bought lumber on the upper lakes anxious to get it down, I don't think there is very much chance of a determined raid on the rate at this time. It would be more logical to attempt to break the market when the demand for tonnage was light."

THE LOW ORE RATE.

Object Is to Keep Steel Prices Down.

There is no longer any dispute but that the season and wild rate on iron ore charters is 75 cents instead of 80 cents. Even those vessel owners that held out until after there was no longer hope for an 80-cent season rate, now concede freely that they were 5 cents too high. A settlement made with the longshoremen at the lower lake docks leaves their charges the same as last season—10 cents. As the vesselman has to pay these charges, the 75-cent rate nets him 56 cents per ton on his ore carrying contracts. It is claimed that to make money on this rate, far better dispatch than last year will have to be given all around.

The steel corpuation interests claim that their chief reason for seeking to hold down the ore freight rate is that they are anxious to hold down the price of the finished steel products, so there will be a steady demand for them. If they allowed the ore rate to sreep up, it is claimed there would be an advance all along the line from mine to rolling mill.

NO DEMAND FOR VESSELS.

Chicago, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was no demand whatever for vessels in the grain trade today on account of the turn in the market. The downward tendency in rates continues and will probably not change until rates get to a figure that vesselmen will not accept.

CAMBRIA RELEASED.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 16.—The steamer Cambria has been released from the bottom in Mud lake, after reloading their lightered ore the steamer and her consort, the Nasmyth, will proceed on their way.

COAL IS SCARCE.

Cleveland, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—The congestion at the coal docks is worrying vessel owners. Ships are delayed in loading coal on account of light receipts from the mines. The reports from Chicago regarding the weakness in grain receipts have resulted in Escanaba ore shippers getting quite a number of boats at 55 cents.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Desmond, 9:15 last night; Leafield, Barr, Barlum, 10; Spokane, 1:20 a. m.; Lycoming, 3:15; Waldo, 4:30; Siemens and whaleback, 5; Linden, Portage, 7:20; Mauch Chunk (arrived) 7:30; Edwards, Golden Age, 8:15; Panther, Saxon, Malta, 10; Payette Brown, 10:10. Down: Hopkins and consort (cleared), 10 last night; New Orleans, 2 a. m.; Empire City, Bell, 3; Pabst, Armenia, 7; tug Owens and barges, Raleigh, Tokio, 7:20; Cuba, 8; Clarion, 10.

Up yesterday: Scranton, 11:30; Choctaw, Orinoco, Amazonas, 2:40 p. m.; Sheldon, 4; Starke (cleared), 5; Case, Douglass, Houghton, 6; Auburn, Kendall, 7:30; Lincoln and consort, 7:40. Down: Pope, 11; W. J. Brown, 12:30 p. m.; Robert Mills, 1; Northern Queen, 2; Griffin, La Salle, 2:40; Flower, 6; George King and barge, 7:50.

SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Northern Light, McGregor, Allegheny, midnight; Mahoning, 2:40 a. m.; Schoolcraft, Nestor, Bourke, Northern King, 6:20; Joliet, 7; Arthur Orr, Presque Isle, 8. Down: Donnacona, 3:50 a. m.

Up yesterday: Van Hise, noon; Ellwood, 1 p. m.; Shrigley, Shawnee, 2:20; Roby, Sage, 5; Bartlett, 8:40; Northern Light, Mary McGregor, Alegheny, 12. Down: Ericsson, Krupp, whaleback, 2:40 p. m.; Hackett, 3:40.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

South Chicago—Cleared: Bunsen, Superior; Maricopa, Roebling, Duluth.

Au Sable—Cleared: J. B. Ketchum, Buffalo.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal, Albright, Tollis, Barnes, Duluth. Light, Joliet, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Coal, Redington, Superior; Presley, Duluth. Light, Owen, Duluth.

Marquette — Arrived: Frontenac, Jenney. Cleared: Nelson, Ketchum, Pratt, Athens, Ashtabula.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Thomas, Bryn Mawr, Maanunatoa, Warriner. Cleared: Germain, 116, Holley, Lake Erie; Smeaton, Lake Michigan; Gratwick, Midland.

Buffalo — Cleared: Coal, Grover, Duluth. Light, Adams, Peavey, Duluth; Murphy, Superior.

Cleveland — Cleared: Coal, Donaldson, Duluth. Light, Shores, Duluth; Centurion, Marquette.

Ashtabula — Cleared: Coal, Bradley, Woolson, Brightie, Duluth. Light, Waldo, Duluth.

Chicago — Cleared: Osceola, Prentice, Duluth; Sheriffs, Mowatt, Ashland.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Major, Port Huron, mdse; Ionia, Lake Ontario, coal; Nyanza, Iron Chief, Hutchinson, Case, Auraula, Seaman, Quito, Page, Lake Erie, coal; Holden, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—Elphicke, Rensselaer and whaleback, Superior City, Lake Erie, ore; Colonel, Buffalo, grain; Steinbrenner, Ashland, light; Neff, Lake Erie, lumber.

A SURPRISE.

Kassmir's New Gymnasium and Turkish Bath Parlors On Magnificent Scale.

The opening of Kassmir's Turkish bath parlors and gymnasium last evening was in every way a pronounced success. The rooms were crowded to the doors. Boxing, wrestling and all kinds of games were indulged in, a big time being spent by everybody. Plaaten's orchestra provided the musical feast of the occasion.

The entire establishment has been refitted and redecorated. The gymnasium, which has been just added, is complete in every respect. The latest and most scientific appliances have been secured, and it is safe to say that the equipment is excelled in few metropolitan cities. The instruction is in the hands of Professor Max Alletzhaeuser, which is a sufficient guarantee that the institution will be conducted in a thoroughly capable manner.

BUSINESS HELD UP

By Contests Over Seats In the Convention.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 16—The business of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers is held up pending the report of the committee on contested seats. Many contests originated from the failure of lodges to pay the recent strike assessments, these lodges maintaining that the assessments were illegal. Their hearing will require considerable time, and it may be Friday before the committee is able to report. The rules committee will be ready to report this afternoon. The convention will then adjourn to await the report of the contested seat committee. After the membership of the convention is definitely decided upon, the first business will be the assignment of committees on wage, secret work, constitution and general law, good of the order, ways, means and appropriations, and steel wage.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. E. Cornwall, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

Freimuth's Anniversary Sale and Red Letter Week

Continues without a sign of letting up. Greater values were never before known in the history of Duluth than those being offered every day this week at **Duluth's Greatest Daylight Store.**

The Sale of High-grade Tailor Suits at $15

Swings on with neither lag, let-up or lack of interest—every test of quality and every test of comparison is favorably met. Those who have come to look, stay to try on, to fit, and to buy. This sale is the great suit opportunity of the season. There's not an old or poor fashion in the lot, for we have gathered together the single sizes and ones of a kind in the entire stock and offer them at the one price of $15.00. These details of the styles and former prices:

Gibson Suits, Blouse Suits, Etons and Tight-fitting Suits—of broadcloth, Etamine, Cheviot, Venetian, etc, that were $18.00, $22.50 and $25.00—now on sale at **$15.00**

Black Dress Skirts—Made of Cheviot and trimmed with Taffeta bands, five gore flare, nearsilk lining—a perfect hanging skirt, all sizes, regularly $6.00—Anniversary Sale **$5.00**

Walking Skirts—made from medium weight Kersey cloth, unlined, corded tuck around flaring, set-on flounce, all colors and sizes, at **$4.50**

Underskirts of Black Sateen — fast colors— made with accordeon plaited flounce and cut very wide. All sizes—a bargain at—only **98c**

Wash Shirt Waist—of fast color Percale, in fancy and plain colors. Detachable collar, bishop sleeves, sizes 32 to 44, especially good, at **50c**

Wash Shirt Waist—of fancy stripe Madras. Delightful fresh colors, cut in the very newest and most jaunty styles, all sizes, tomorrow **75c**

The Shoe Store.

Makes a special offering for Thursday to keep peace with our Anniversary Sale. The qualities are the best—so are the prices. Judge for yourself by these—

Ladies' Vici kid walking shoe—stylish last—stock tip; extension sole; military heel; $3 is the usual price; Anniversary sale **$2.50**

Ladies' hand turn kid Oxford; high or low heel; a pretty $1.75 shoe; for this special sale **99c**

Ladies' fine kid House Slippers; low heel; a very comfortable slipper; worth $1.25; for tomorrow **75c**

Misses' vici kid extension sole—new rope stitched, swell last—usually $2.50—tomorrow **$2.00**

Misses' school shoes of box calf—lace or button—a good comfortable shoe—at **$1.**

Hosiery and Underwear.

Anniversary Sale Prices.

Women's fine gauge black cotton hose—made of combed Egyptian yarn—fast color and seamless—double soles—good value at 20c—sale price **15c**

Children's Hose—"Our leader"—the best stocking value ever offered—made of excellent cotton; lisle finish—fast black—1x1 ribbed—very elastic—double knees; will wear as well as a 25c stocking—sale price **12½c**

Women's fine mercerized Silk Vest—low neck and no sleeves; handsomely trimmed—looks like silk, will wear as well, colors are pink, blue and white; all sizes—regular price 75c; Anniversary sale **50c**

Ladies' Vests—Low neck and no sleeves; white only — Swiss ribbed — nicely trimmed—usually sell at 19 cents — Anniversary sale price **10c**

Stunning Street Hats.

The millinery room has contributed a full share of good things to make the Anniversary Sale a complete success. Two very special inducements have been added for tomorrow.

Street Hat—of Jap braid, Colonial, Meteor, and Bernhardt shapes for ladies and misses in various charming colors—trimmed with Mousseline de Soie, straw braid, and fancy buckles—a few have silk scarfs in beautifully delicate colorings—a fetching $3.50 hat—for this sale special at only **$2.38**

Walking Hat—fancy Jap braid—Soubrette shape—colors, white straw with black velvet binding and black with white binding—artistically trimmed with straw bow—touched up with a dash of Tuscan—regularly sold at $2.50; sale price **$1.98**

FISHING TACKLE.

A complete new stock just received in our daylight basement—prices the lowest in the city. Anniversary Sale is proving a great saver for basement buyers. Tomorrow we offer:

Split Bamboo Rods, jointed—the $1.00 kind, at—each **75c**
Split Bamboo Rods, jointed—the $1.50 kind at—each **98c**
Brystol Steel Rod, guaranteed, regularly $7.00—Anniversary sale **$5.50**
Spoon Hooks, all sizes, worth up to 25c—each **10c**
Eureka Lines—each **3c**
Hard-braided Cotton Lines—84 feet **10c**
Oil Silk Lines—20 yards— each **35c**
Braided Linen Lines, 25 yds—each **20c**
Extra quality Trout Flies—each **5c**
Split Shot—per box **3c**
All sizes Fish Hooks—per dozen **5c**
Small size Fish Baskets—each **$1.35**
Medium size Fish Baskets—each **$1.50**
Large size Fish Baskets—each **$1.95**

EVERYTHING IN FISHING TACKLE AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

Bicycle Sundries.—This is your opportunity to buy anything in this line—at prices far below usual cost.

LAMPS—Solar, 20th Century and Search Light—worth from $2.50 to $5.00 each; Anniversary price **$1.95**

Pants Guards—per pair **2c**
Oil Cans—each **3c**
$1.25 Oil Lamps—each **75c**
25c Cork Handles— **12c**
35c Bells—each **20c**
35c Pedals—per pair **55c**
75c Saddles—each **50c**
$1.50 Saddles—each **95c**

WALL PAPER

At Anniversary Sale Prices.

This youngest Wall Paper Store is also the busiest—

And Why Not?—The fast-increasing sales simply show that Duluth people appreciate the fact that there's nothing here but "brand span" new paper—not an old or undesirable pattern in the whole stock—These specials for tomorrow will crowd the department to its limit.

1000 rolls good white back Paper, assorted patterns, usually sold for 5c—Anniversary sale price, a roll... **1½c**

Decidedly pretty Bedroom Papers, choice of several colors—list price 8c—Anniversary sale..... **5c**

5000 rolls Paper for halls, parlors, etc., in rich dark colors—handsome designs—regular price 15c and 18c—sale price, per roll..... **12½c**

Several thousand rolls of heavy embossed gold paper. Also the choicest Tapestry designs, made by the well-known manufacturers, Robert Gares Co., Fred Beck and Benton Heath & Co., and listed by them at 60c, 75c and $1.00—our sale price, a roll **35c, 40c, 60c.**

Hab-Ri-Ko-Na Burlaps—The most substantial on the market—Our stock includes all the popular new shades—at prices as low as the lowest.

Wall Paper.

We can show you a large variety in new and exclusive patterns. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

DRINK THE BEST

The good of coffee drinking is all in drinking good coffee. For richness of flavor and perfection of fragrance

MALCOMSON'S COFFEES

are so superior that any coffee drinker who knows will be quick to recognize that full, rich body which has made this coffee famous.

Our customers find satisfaction in them and willingly tell others of the satisfactory qualities.

Put them to the Test.

MALCOMSON TEA CO.

8 First Ave. West. Duluth 'Phone 1098

Paine's Celery Compound

WOMAN'S HOME FRIEND.

It Quickly Banishes the Ills and Physical Troubles That Are Too Common in Springtime.

A multitude of the healthiest, brightest and most active women of this North American continent are deeply indebted to Paine's Celery Compound for the blessings of health.

Women, old and young, know well that this famous medicine is specially adapted to all the ills peculiar to their sex. When it is used, the sick and suffering ones are seen to gain steadily in health, strength and vigor. No room is left for doubt to the skeptic and stubborn minded individual. The joyous transformation from sickness to health through the use of Paine's Celery Compound is constantly going on in every direction, so that those once alarmed about the safety of near and dear ones, now rejoice to see the bloom of returning health lighting up and beautifying features once pallid and wan.

Paine's Celery Compound continues to be woman's best home friend in times of sickness. At this season, when the numberless ills of women are a source of danger and anxiety, women stand in need of a disease banisher and life giver like Paine's Celery Compound to cleanse the blood, to restore digestive vigor, to banish sleeplessness, to brace the nerves, to banish the symptoms of deadly kidney disease, to dispel the agonies of rheumatism and neuralgia.

This is the season, today is the time to begin the use of this best of medical prescriptions. There is not the slightest reason to advance why any woman should continue in suffering, when Paine's Celery Compound can be so easily procured. Heaven grant that you may have faith sufficient to use at least one bottle of nature's health builder in order that you may be convinced that it is what you need.

DIAMOND DYES give faster and brighter colors than any other dyes.

GREAT OIL WELL.

A Communication Which Dispels All Doubts.

The following letter from M. L. Derrig, vice president of the Moorcroft Oil company, who is at the field of the company's operations in Moorcroft, Wyo., speaks for itself as to the splendid opportunity offered investors.

In the Field,
Moorcroft, Wyo., April 8, 1902.

C. W. Wilson,
Duluth, Minn.

Friend Wilson: I have just reurned from a general inspection of the field, and truly the sights are wonderful from the oil indication standpoint. Indications which are the best in the world.

The old well adoining our property is giving out oil also, although there is ice in the cousing. This oil is a beautiful olive green lubricating. In fact, all the oil found here is a lubricating oil, the only difference being that, that which comes from the springs is of a very dark color, like sample sent you today, while that coming from the wells is of the greenish hue. We are using the oil from both the spring and the well on our engine and bearings now and have been since we commenced operation. I tested the oil on the engine today and it equals the oils for which we would have to pay 60 cents per gallon at Moorcroft. In fact, I do not know what better oil could be used. I have never given the oil so thorough a test as I have today and am without doubt as to the quality.

Oil is with us right along and streaks of sandstone is being passed through. We are through the sticky formation and consequently the drilling is much easier. I have not the least doubt now, after watching the matter closely for the past couple of days, but that we will bring in a fine well. Not a great deal of depth was gained since last report, the delay in getting out the tools accounting for it, twenty-three feet being drilled yesterday and today. We are striking an 18-inch blow now and the probabilities are that we will be striking a 36-inch stroke in a couple of days. There is nothing like seeing such things for oneself and I say candidly that those friends of yours will hardly get a better place to put their money. There are several at West Superior who asked me to see the property and indications myself, and if I thought it wise they would put their money into it. They are personal friends of mine and I am advising them to go into it. Oil is the topic here (at Moorcroft and the surrounding country). No more cheap land to be had anywhere near the field. I expected to leave for Spokane Saturday and will wire you from there.

With kind regards to you all, I remain,

Yours Truly,
M. L. DERRIG.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

Spring Medicine

There is no other season when good medicine is so much needed as in the Spring.

The blood is impure, weak and impoverished—a condition indicated by pimples and other eruptions on the face and body, by deficient vitality, loss of appetite, lack of strength, and want of animation.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Make the blood pure, vigorous and rich, create appetite, give vitality, strength and animation, and cure all eruptions. Have the whole family begin to take them today.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has been used in our family for some time, and always with good results. Last spring I was all run down and got a bottle of it, and as usual received great benefit." MISS BEULAH BOYCE, Stowe, Vt.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

RATE IS DROPPED

Eight Cent Lumber Rate From Minneapolis to Chicago Withdrawn.

Some History Showing How It Came to Be Made.

Withdrawal Is Important as Showing Duluth's Traffic Position.

According to the impression prevailing in railroad circles in this city, the 8-cent lumber freight rate from Minneapolis to Chicago has been withdrawn. And thus ends a very interesting little story of a fight made by Minneapolis for a differential against Duluth. The withdrawal of the rate marks the defeat of Minneapolis for something better than was given by the railroads to Duluth.

To begin at the beginning, Duluth used to have an open 16-cent rate on lumber to Chicago. It had come to be the practice to quote secretly as low as 10 cents. When President Roosevelt stepped in, the roads withdrew their quotations, and a week or so afterward announced that a tariff establishing the Duluth-Chicago rate on lumber would be published according to Hoyle, which in this case was the Inter-state commerce law.

Before this statement had become generally known, the Minneapolis & St. Louis, which is a part of the Illinois Central system, announced that it intended to install an 8-cent rate out of Minneapolis to Chicago. This was made as a result of the protest of Minneapolis lumber shippers that to place Duluth on the same basis as their point was rank injustice. They based their claim on the fact that Minneapolis is about 410 miles from Chicago, while Duluth is about 475. They believed that the difference in mileage in their favor should surely cause them to be granted a 2-cent differential.

Their protest was one of the long and earnest kind that is becoming more frequently heard nowadays, now that Duluth is encroaching on the rights of the Twin Cities, sacred only by virtue of squatter sovereignty. They complained that Duluth lumber shippers were filling the Chicago market with a lot of coarse pine that depressed prices to such an extent that Minneapolis dealers could market none of their product there. Such a position was looked upon as nonsensical in Duluth. Chicago is held by lumbermen to be normally almost entirely a lake receiving market. Practically no lumber, comparatively, goes there by rail during the season of navigation. It is only during the winter when stocks in Chicago have gotten low or out of sorts that the rail rate is called into use to any particular extent. Minneapolis, it is claimed has never had any particular claim on the market at Chicago, which has bought practically all of its stock at lake shipping markets. The lumber that was shipped from here to Chicago by rail is said to have been the property of the consignee in most cases long before it was decided to ship it by rail.

But the story was strong enough to enlist the sympathies of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, and it is said the Burlington narrowly escaped getting caught. Pressure was brought to bear on the Omaha, Milwaukee and Wisconsin Central, three of the lines that had put in the 10-cent tariff from Duluth to shave that rate 2 cents from Minneapolis. The pressure was turned on without success. The Omaha is said to have caught the brunt of the battle, but it stood firm. It was held that Duluth and Minneapolis should have the same rate to Chicago. It is understood that the position of these lines was based on the claim that Duluth, being a lake port, enjoyed a natural differential over Minneapolis, per ton mile, which the railroads could not lose sight of.

As a matter of fact, it is said, Minneapolis wanted a differential to compensate it for having to come to Duluth in order to get stock for filling parts of the orders received from Chicago, or which it was thought might be had from there. This lumber might be bought in the rough here and shipped via Minneapolis, where it might be planed while in transit, but the handling there would cost something additional. On lumber that was shipped from here to Minneapolis on a 6-cent local rate might subsequently be shipped to Chicago at 10 cents. Naturally, Minneapolis did not want to pay the 6-cent arbitrary if it could help it.

The matter has less import in its bearing on the immediate future of the freight market than in its bearing on the general future of the relative positions occupied by the two points in the traffic world. With the railroads practically unanimous in the dominant position, it is claimed that the action forms a precedent that cannot be ignored in future.

She was sitting up with a sick man,
No professional nurse was she,
Simply sitting up with her love-sick lover,
Giving him Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

ITS OBJECT.

The Idea of Government Dredge Was to Maintain Channels.

As was announced last week the clause in the river and harbor bill providing for the building of a dredge by the government for use at Duluth, was stricken out. Capt. Gaillard's recommendation was that $148,000 be appropriated for the purpose. Representatives of the local dredging companies appeared before the senate committee and argued against the recommendation.

The river and harbor bill, as it stands now, provides for two government dredging plants for Lake Erie. The Lake Superior district will get none if the senate, which takes up the bill this week, passes it in the form that it now reads.

It is understood that the dredging interests of Lake Superior were opposed to the building of a government dredge on the ground that it would take from them contracts that might be made by the government with private concerns, but it is claimed that the idea of a government dredge for this district was not incorporated in the government engineer's recommendations, with a view of interfering with future contract work, but to provide a plant for the maintenance of the channels after they have been cut out by the private dredging concerns. The idea of the government engineer was to provide for the future, for in the course of a few years the channels will deteriorate; that is, they will begin to fill and get shallow in places, and in time it will result in the necessity of another large appropriation for dredging.

The Fastest Growing Store in Minnesota.

PALTON WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Bargain Counter 2.

100 pieces Point de Paris Laces — 2 to 3 inches wide—worth 10c per yard—our special price for tomorrow—per yard 5c

100 pieces Point de Paris Laces — 3 to 4½ inches wide—worth 15c and 20c per yard—special price for tomorrow 7c

500 Remnants of Ribbons—Plaids, satin and gross grains, stripes and taffetas—odd lengths from 1 to 2½ yards—worth up to 75c—our special prices are 19c, 25c and 35c

Bargain Counter 1.

Women's and Children's Fast Black Cotton Stockings, worth 19c, for 10c

Women's Swiss Rib Vests—tape neck and sleeves—pink, blue and white 10c

Bargain Counter 3.

Women's $1.50 Percale Wrappers at 98c

50 dozen Women's Fine Percale Wrappers, in dainty patterns and colors — deep flounce, fancy trimmed with braid and ruffles—positively worth $1.50 ....at 98c

Ladies' $2.00 two-piece Shirt Waist Suits—extra special at 98c

98c

Gloves.

Everything points to this being the greatest fabric glove season we have ever known. Early authentic advices enabled us to make early and liberal preparations.

100 doz. Kayser's extra Taffeta Gloves—2-clasp, with white, black and self stitchings 25c

Kayser's Milanese Suede Gloves—a perfect fitting glove—with the appearance of an undressed kid—black, white, modes and grey 50c

Kayser's double tipped silk gloves, browns, black, white, mode, grey—50c, 75c. $1.00

Ladies' genuine Lisle Gloves in black and white—at—only 25c

Ladies' Lace Silk Gloves—black and white, entirely new—at 50c

Linen Department.

Fringed Marseilles Bed Spreads, full size, $2.00 values—each $1.69

All Linen Huck-a-Back Towels, hemstitched with figured damask borders—a 35c Towel at—only 25c

18-inch Damask Toweling, worth 5c—at— 3½c

60-inch Cream Damask, worth 40c—note the width—at the low price of 25c

Finest $6 to $10 Silk Waists $4.98

IT'S a crime to sell such lovely high grade waists at such a ridiculous figure at the very threshold of what bids fair to develop into the greatest silk waist season of all time.

We made up our minds before deciding upon building The New Glass Block that losses would have to be borne while the work was being done. The entire front is now being torn out, and the cloak department must give up 25 feet of valuable space. The silk waist and other sales advertised today would never have been inaugurated had it not been for the rebuilding.

We offer 200 of the most charming silk waists ever shown in any store at from $6 up to $10 at the matchless figure of $4.98 for your choice. Almost every new idea in trimming that has been brought out this season is to be found in this profusion of silk waist beauties. Not an old garment—not an undesirable style, color, or pattern. What has been pronounced by all to be the finest collection of silk waists in Duluth can be purchased tomorrow at $4.98. Black and colored taffetas, peau de soles, satins, moires—none worth less than $6.00— many worth as high as $10.00—sale price $4.98.

$4.98

$4.98

$5 silk waists—light and dark shades—white and black—taffeta and satin—bewitchingly trimmed and elaborately tucked; new styles; all sizes and colors—price only $3.49

$19.50 suits at $11.75—This sale has created a sensation—Saturday we sold 100 of these splendid garments—there are now about 50 remaining—These suits are being worn by the most particular dressers in the city—remarkable values $11.75

50 choice tailor made suits selected from our racks to make room for the contractors—worth $18.50 to $30.00—entire lot to be sold immediately at $14.98

Women's Jackets — Black and tan cheviots and coverts — silk lined—very nobby fly front effects—the proper fashions such as are now being extensively worn in the East—worth $7.00—at $4.98

Muslin Underwear.

Children's 25c Drawers at 8c
Ladies' 29c Drawers at 17c
Ladies' $1.35 Black Underskirts at 98c
Ladies' 69c Gowns at 49c

Children's Dresses—

Sizes to 4, at 29c
Sizes 6 to 14 years, at 49c
Ladies' Colored Gingham Shirt Waists at 69c

Millinery

SPECIALS.

The Glass Block store not only strives to keep its millinery modes in advance of all other shops, portraying the most charming and exclusive effects simultaneously with New York and Chicago, but we quote at all times the lowest known prices on all millinery.

100 specials—all the latest shapes in hats of our own designing—trimmed in flowers, chiffon and ornaments—exclusive and bewitching styles, made in the very height of good taste—worth up to $10.... $4.95

NEW SHIRT WAIST HATS—A special showing of the new Shirt Waist Hat, such as you will find in the exclusive shops of the large Eastern cities—all the best colors and splendid qualities, 95c to.. $5.00

125 SPECIAL TRIMMED HATS—Combinations of chiffon, silk, flowers, etc—worth up to $6.00—each $3.00

A very large line of artistically trimmed hats for children at 85c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.95 and up to..... $12.00

A Marvelous Silk Sale---$1.00 and $1.25 Silks for 59c.

We announce this extraordinary sale for Thursday, Friday and Saturday. To state it briefly and truthfully, we will sell

Silks worth $1.00 and $1.25 for 59c

Pompadour Fancies in handsome new spring designs, all colors and black—worth $1.00 and $1.25 per yard—Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 59c

Moire Velours in brown, rose, reseda, gray, tan, white and black— qualities selling everywhere at 89c and $1.00, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 59c

Print Warp Taffetas and Foulards—all colors — without exception, worth $1.00 and $1.25—Thursday, Friday and Saturday—per yard 59c

Silks worth $1.00 and $1.25 for 59c

This is a very special purchase from a large Chicago wholesaler. He takes all the loss—the gain is yours. Such values are rarely offered—never only at The Glass Block—and the thrifty money wise know what to expect when we announce sales of this kind—so take advantage of past experiences and be here bright and early Thursday morning.

Our sale of Black Silks still continues. We are offering a splendid collection of black silks worth up to $1.50 per yard at 75c

Extra Special Sale of Carpets, Lace Curtains and Draperies

THE Carpet department during the past week has been the scene of the busiest carpet selling in the city. We are going to sell still more carpets this week, for carpet buyers who take the precaution to look around before buying will be forcibly impressed with the magnitude of the stock, the superior character of the goods, and the exceedingly favorable prices we are offering. These prices good for Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

IMPERIAL WILTON VELVET CARPETS—The most durable worsted pile fabric in the market—in single and double width, with stair and borders to match. The regular $1.35 grade at $1.10

25 ROLLS WILTON VELVET, some with borders suitable for parlors and sitting rooms—some odd rolls without borders—regular $1.25 quality—all go at 79c

ALL WOOL EXTRA SUPER INGRAIN—Absolutely the best Ingrain Carpet manufactured—an excellent assortment of new designs and colorings—sold elsewhere 85c and 90c—special sale price is only 70c

25 PATTERNS INGRAINS—All good patterns—per yard, only 50c

BODY BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY Brussel—With and without borders ..... 55c to $1.25

Nottingham Lace Curtains.

This season's assortment of the popular Nottingham Lace Curtains will interest you if you intend to freshen up the house by dressing the windows with new curtains.

We are showing an unusually large assortment, many of the designs being exclusive with us. The prices range from—per pair ..... 49c to $6.50

FOR THE BALANCE OF THIS week we offer 150 pairs in white and ecru, ten patterns to select from, worth up to $1.25 per pair—at 89c

50 pairs—would be good values at 70c—for— 49c

Ruffled English Bobbinet Curtains.

There seems to be a greater demand than ever this season for the beautiful dainty effects in Bobbinets and Point Esprit. Our stock is replete with the latest importations from—a pair ..... $1.30 to $8.50

25 pairs with lace edging, regular price $1.75—for—per pair $1.30

50 pairs with insertion and edging, $2.50 and $3 values for $1.85

50 pairs Battenberg effects—regular $3.95 Curtains—for $2.95

20 pairs Point Esprit—a dainty, pretty curtain—worth $4.25—for $3.35

POINT ARABE CURTAINS—They have all the style and many of the qualities of the $50 goods—here at— $6.25, $7.75, $7.75

BRUSSELS NET, IRISH POINT, Arabian, Muslin, etc.—In an almost endless variety, and at prices to meet every demand.

We are showing a very large assortment of these goods in all the latest styles—Chenille in Persian blue, crimson, forest green, terra cotta and olive, with handsome dado and elaborate fringe— $2.75, $3.25, $4.50

TAPESTRY PANELS, exact reproductions of the finest French hand made Tapestries, each $10.50

ARMURE AND TAPESTRY PORTIERES—All new goods, novel effects—per pair ..... $2.50 to $15.75

Hosiery and Underwear

Important savings in Women's Hosiery and Underwear that all wide-awake shoppers will take advantage of—a sale out of the ordinary for tomorrow.

Women's pink, blue and white vests—low neck, no sleeves, lisle finish, tape necks and sleeves, worth 19c, at 10c

Corset Covers—fine lisle, high neck and long sleeves, or low neck and no sleeves 25c

Extra sizes white lisle Swiss ribbed Vests—7, 8 and 9—worth 25c—big bargains at 15c

Women's and Children's fast black Cotton Hose—a regular 19c Stocking, Thursday at—per pair 10c

Women's Open Work Stockings—in fast black, cardinal, navy and other colors—worth 25c—Thursday at 15c

Five styles of fancy Cotton and Lisle Thread Hose in open work, boot patterns, vertical stripes, sandal lace; exceptional assortment at, per pair 50c

New Belts

In leather we show all that is new and novel, plain, and with the curved effect—all styles of buckles— Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

Fancy Silk Belts — Some new and startling devices; new buckles, new slides, entire change from the old styles, Prices $1.00, $1.50, $2.50, $3.00

Velvet Belts—shaped and plain— Prices 50c, 75c, $1.00

New Wrist Bags—We are showing the best line of wrist bags in this city. We don't except anybody. Leather, silk, beaded, all new. Choice 35c up to $15.00

Waist Pin Sets—In gold and silver plate—some plain, others set with stones— Prices 35c up to 75c

New Belt Buckles—Styles that are not to be had any where else in town— Prices 35c up to $4.75

Important Shoe Sale

This sale is exceptional—every shoe quoted is exceptionally cheap, exceptionally good, exceptionally fashionable. There will be exceptional crowds here all day tomorrow, saving money on their shoe purchases.

Women's Fine Glace Kid Lace Shoes—The most unique, out of the common, and swellest designs in light or heavy extension sole shoes—plain or fancy patent trimmed—cloth or kid tops—every size and width—none better, made to retail at $2.75—on sale at $1.95

Women's Oxford Ties or Low Shoes—several styles in fine kid, light flexible soles, cloth or kid tops—all sizes—value $1.75, on sale at—per pair $1.29

Women's Dongola Kid Lace Shoes, in several of the newest spring shapes—cloth or kid tops, all sizes, medium weight soles $1.23

Women's French Heel Kid and Patent Leather Sandals—or One-strap Slippers—all sizes—widths C to E—value $1.75—on sale at—per pair $1.15

INCREASED.

Liability Companies Are Now Raising the Cost of Insurance.

Information has been received by agents here that the liability insurance companies have joined the procession of higher values. It is said that there will be quite a notable advance throughout the list of premiums. The new schedule for elevator liability insurance has already been given out. A local agent says that the chief change affecting Duluth will be in the cost of insurance for freight or passenger elevators. The basing rate has been $25 a year. This provided for the payment of damages for injuries to any one person up to $5000, and for all damages growing out of any one accident up to $10,000. This rate will be increased to $50 a year.

The rest of the elevator schedule will be as follows:

	Each.
Sidewalk elevators	33.33
One-story elevators	25.00
Private house elevators	25.00
Factory elevators	18.00
Hand hoists, elevators	18.00
Moving staircases, inside building	150.00

Silver in chamber, dining room and hall

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

cleans and polishes it all,

And without a scratch or blemish.—Grocers.

Iron Range Traffic.

The Duluth & Iron Range road is hauling about a dozen trains a day to its docks at two harbors. As these trains average about twice as much as last season, the movement is equal to about twenty-five trains a day as they used to be reckoned.

HAVE ENGAGED DUMONT.

New York, April 16.—Alfred H. Post, of this city, in charge of the American exhibition to be held at the Crystal palace, London, June to October, has announced that definite arrangements have been made with Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, now in this city, to navigate his air ship three days weekly from the Crystal palace around St. Paul's and return, a distance of fourteen miles.

ALLOWANCE

Is Wanted From Mrs. Flagler By Three Nephews.

New York, April 16.—Application has been made to Justice Scott, in the supreme court, by three men who claim they are nephews of Mrs. Ida A. Flagler, the former wife of Henry M. Flagler, for an annual allowance of $1500 each out of the estate of Mrs. Flagler, who was adjudged incompetent on Aug. 1, 1899, and is in a sanitarium. The applicants are William W. Taylor, of Nora Springs, Iowa; Richard W. Taylor, of Rockford, Iowa, and George W. Taylor, of Ellensberg, Wash., who allege they are the only surviving children of Mrs. Flagler's dead sister, Mary Emma Taylor.

They set forth that on the death of their mother, in 1876, they were placed in the New York juvenile asylum, and in the same year were sent to Iowa and apprenticed to persons. They believe their father is dead. Mrs. Flagler's estate is said to be worth nearly $2,500,000. The application was not opposed, but the court was asked to make such equitable provision for the nephews as might seem proper. Justice Scott appointed a referee to take testimony as to the questions of fact raised by the application.

POPE IS STRONGER.

Bourke Cockran Much Surprised By His Appearance.

New York, April 16.—Bourke Cockran, of New York, who has just been received in audience by the pope, says he found the pontiff amazingly stronger than at his last audience five years ago, cables the Rome correspondent of the Tribune. The pope showed a wonderful memory, recollecting all the circumstances about his visitor and New York affairs, speaking with a firm voice.

From other sources it is learned that the pope expressed satisfaction over the bonds of union between America and the holy see from the mission of Governor Taft and the settlement of the Philippine question.

OPERATION ON CUMMINGS.

New York, April 16.—An operation has been performed here on Congressman Amos J. Cummings, of New York, says a Baltimore special to the World. A large tumor was removed and the surgeons expect Mr. Cummings to recover.

NEW ROAD UP PIKE'S PEAK.

Colorado Springs, Col., April 16.—Henry C. Hall, one of the directors of the Seven Lakes-Pike's Peak Railway company, which was organized last fall to build an electric line to the summit of Pike's Peak, announces that work would be started as soon as snow had sufficiently melted on the south side of the peak. The road, when completed, will cost approximately $250,000 and it is expected to have it in operation within a year.

A Great Steamship Company.

Four separate and distinct services of passenger steamships to Europe are maintained by the Dominion Line.

Boston-Liverpool service (weekly): "Commonwealth" (new 1900)..13,000 tons "New England" (new 1898)..11,600 tons "Merion" (new 1902).....11,635 tons "Haverford" (new 1901).....11,635 tons ..Also regular sailings Montreal to Liverpool (the famous St. Lawrence River route), Portland to Liverpool, and Boston to Mediterranean. For rates and sailings apply to local steamship agent, T. H. Larke, General Northwestern agent, 127 Guaranty building, Minneapolis.

HONEYMAN RETIRES.

Denver, April 16.—Joe Honeyman, the crack centerfielder, who played with St. Joseph last season and was signed for Denver this year, is out of baseball for at least a year. A prominent local physical advised him that he would permanently injure his health if he insisted on playing ball at present and advised a year's rest. He will remain in Denver for treatment.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 16.—Moderate temperatures prevail except in Saskatchewan where it is rather cool this morning. Light rains have fallen over Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Florida, Manitoba and Oregon. Barometric pressures are high over north Atlantic and Central Western states, and low over British Columbia, the extreme Southwest and districts north of Lake Superior. The winds in the lake region are generally light southerly and the weather is fair.

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Thursday; moderate temperature, light and fresh southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 16.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; moderate temperatures. Upper lakes—Light south to southwest winds; partly cloudy weather tonight and Thursday.

Women In the Civil Service.

Working for Uncle Sam seems to have as strong a fascination for women as for men, and the number who appear before the civil service commission is constantly on the increase. Last year 3083 women were examined for the various positions open to them under the civil service. Of these 2476 passed, and 444 were appointed; 1351 of the applicants examined came under the head of "skilled labor." This is the easiest examination given, and the lowest salaries are paid to those appointed under it, the remuneration ranging from $20 to $40 a month, to $60 per month. The higher salaries generally go to the men employed from this class; the lower salaries are paid to the charwomen. The most popular examination for women is that for stenographers and typewriters. "Good stenographers" is the ceaseless demand of the department official—not mediocre—but good par excellence. On stenographic examination days the big, dreary examination room at the commission is crowded with the trembling applicants. The men predominate even in this vocation so well suited to women. Last year they numbered 563, while the women had little more than half that representation—307—yet the average passing was larger on the female side. But when it came to the question of appointment, 89 out of the 174 men who passed received good positions, while only 13 out of the 100 women on the eligible list were appointed. These positions carry a salary of from $600 to $1200 a year; the sctenographers of bureau chiefs receive $1600, and those of the heads of departments, $1800. The commissioner of pensions employs a woman stenographer, and many of the lower officials refuse to have male stenographers in their offices.

Postponement of St. Louis Fair.

It has been determined to postpone the Louisiana Purchase exposition until 1904, and a formal announcement will be made in a few days, as soon probably as the sundry civil appropriation bill passes the senate. This bill carries an appropriation of more than $1,000,000 for the fair and has already passed the house, and it is not desired by the managers of the fair to complicate matters by a premature announcement of a postponement. The decision to postpone the fair is undoubtedly a wise one. It will avoid the rush and flurry of getting ready in scant time and will result in a far better exposition. It was found impossible to complete the government building in time for the opening and there is a general disinclination on the part of foreign governments to participate in 1903. There is no doubt a postponement is desired and is really inevitable. The actual form of announcing the decision has not been decided upon. The St. Louis management greatly hopes that President Roosevelt can be induced to send a message to congress suggesting the necessity of postponement. If such action can be secured, it will greatly simplify matters. Legislation will be necessary, but friends of the fair in both senate and house believe this will be a comparatively easy task if not delayed too long. The legislation will be simple in its character, as it will be designed to continue in force the legislation already enacted which provided for the fair in 1903.

There has been some talk of having the postponement legislation include a provision making the appropriation of $5,000,000 made at the last session of congress immediately available. If this course is persisted in it will probably not be successful. The $5,000,000 appropriation was made with the provision that it should not become available until after the local corporation had expended $10,000,000. Information indicates that the financing of the fair has been entirely satisfactory thus far, and there will be no necessity for the provision suggested. There should be no attempt at legislation other than on the lines as previously understood and arranged. The public has confidence in the St. Louis proposition and wants to see it a success in every way.

GEN. SMITH'S ORDERS.

Despite the fact that Maj. Waller frankly admitted that he ordered the summary execution of captured Filipinos, who had been guilty of torturing and brutally treating and killing his own people ,he was acquitted by the court-martial at Manila, Maj. Waller attempted to justify his course by citing numerous precedents. He said that it has been the uniform custom of civilized powers in dealing with barbaric people to slaughter them freely and thus supply horrible examples for the intimidation of the survivors. The British dealt thus with the Arabs when he was with them in Egypt. The Chinese Boxers, he declared, received the same kind of treatment from both European and American soldiers during the late revolt—a statement that contradicts previous reports in regard to the conduct of the Americans. He added that the natives of Samar are a most cruel and atrociously savage race and deserve richly all the punishment they received at his hands.

This is a clear case of inhumanity and cruelty which disgraces the good name of the American people—and yet Waller was acquitted, and it is stated that the verdict was received with much favor at Manila. Had the major, however, rested his case upon the precedents he cited it is very doubtful if he would have been exonerated by the court-martial of the serious charges. But he went farther and declared that all that he did was performed in accordance with the orders of his brigade commander, Gen. Jacob H. Smith, and that, of course, it was his duty to obey the orders issued by his superior officer. Gen. Smith's denial that he ever gave to Waller the arbitrary power of life or death, met squarely by the major with a reaffirmation of his original statement, coupled with further details to the effect that the general told him to take no prisoners, to kill "everything over 10," and to make Samar a "howling wilderness." It is a strong point in Maj. Waller's favor, in this issue between him and his superior officer, that Capt. David D. Porter, the grandson of the famous admiral, and two other officers corroborate his assertions. While the butcheries and tortures were not creditable to Maj. Waller, even if he committed them in accordance with his instructions, his personal offenses were mitigated by the claim, sustained by a dozen witnesses, that Gen. Smith was the inspirer of them. While interviews are not to be taken as conclusive evidence, of course, in a case of this kind, yet there is reason to believe, from the accounts of Gen. Smith printed last November in the Manila papers, that he was inspiring at that time just such a campaign as Maj. Waller now lays at his door. The Manila Freedom, printed a dispatch from Tacloban, Leyte, dated Nov. 3, and signed by Max E. Severance, in which Gen. Smith was reported as saying: "The enemy must be made to feel that war is a terrible thing." And then this passage:

"When we went ashore at posts garrisoned by the Twelfth infantry, the general would often stop and say to the enlisted men: 'Do you remember me at Angeles?' 'Yes, sir.' 'Well, then, you know what I want done down here.' and the men's faces would beam with pleasure, for 'Jakey' Smith is the idol of the Twelfth infantry. And truly, those who knew him of yore need not worry aout the situation in Samar, for he is the same 'Jakey' Smith here that he was at Angeles, and no more need be said.

In view of the strong testimony that he gave the orders under which Maj. Waller butchered the natives, a trial by court-martial of Gen. Jacob H. Smith seems to be in order.

PASS THE ORDINANCE.

The Highland Canal and Power company's ordinance will be considered again at the adjourned meeting of the common council tonight. Much time has been expended in the discussion of the various features of the ordinance, and it has been amended to meet all the reasonable objections that have been raised. In its present shape every interest of the city appears to be safeguarded, and there is no good reason for further delaying the passage of the ordinance.

This is a time for taking a broad and liberal view of the whole question. At the last meeting much opposition of a purely factious character was developed. There was a disposition on the part of some people to indulge in quibbling and to raise absurd objections, the product of a narrow-minded view of the great enterprise which means so much for the growth and prosperity of Duluth. If The Herald believed that there was the slightest danger to any municipal interest concealed in the ordinance, it would not hesitate to say that it should not be passed; but when it is apparent to every one who has studied the question fairly and without prejudice that in no respect can the city possibly be injured, while the carrying out of the great enterprise projected must inevitably make Duluth a great manufacturing center, it is inconceivable that a single vote should be cast against it at tonight's meeting of the council.

One has only to glance at the industrial progress already made at the Soo, as the result of water power development, to understand what would be the effect on Duluth of the carrying out of this great enterprise. Already the Soo has become a manufacturing point of importance, although it is not as favorably situated as is Duluth, either for getting the raw material or as a natural distributing center. The total power generated at the Soo is 50,000 horse power, while the plans here call for 250,000 horse power.

With the Cullum amendments inserted at the last meeting of the council, the question of municipal ownership does not arise now. That has been fully guarded by the provision insuring the city power at cost for any plant that it might construct, and by the provision giving the city the right to purchase at any time any light plant established by the Highland company. Indeed, to vote against the ordinance now would be to oppose the possibility of a municipal light plant, because without this cheap power the city could never hope to establish a plant except at a heavy expense that would probably prevent the carrying out of such a plan.

The season is now well advanced, and if work is to start on the power scheme this year, immediate action must be taken by the council. Not only would a further delay endanger the chances of financing the scheme, but it might prevent the making of contracts for the carrying out of the plans this year. If the ordinance should be defeated and the great enterprise blocked, those responsible for placing the obstacle in the way of Duluth's industrial advancement will be held strictly accountable by the people of Duluth, who are overwhelmingly in favor of the passage of the ordinance without further delay.

Another great thinker is at large. He is a man who has discovered that Shakespeare's name is hidden in the forty-sixth Psalm. Ergo, Bacon wrote Shakespeare. Take your Bible and return to the Forty-sixth Psalm. Count forty-six words from the beginning, and what do you find? The word "Shake." Wonderful! Now, if, like a crab, you can go backward, count forty-six words from the end, and, behold, the word "Spear." But where does Bacon come in? Why, Bacon translated the Bible, although others are credited with that work and in this Psalm he hides himself behind Shakespeare. Is not that clear?

It is reported that union bookbinders in a Brooklyn shop have struck because the proprietors are paying some union members of long service and special efficiency more than union wages. This is a case where a union of workingmen acts unreasonably, and cannot be supported by public sentiment. A man is entitled to all he can earn, and his employer to pay him all he earns, and if others admit that they get all they earn, and all they demand, for themselves, they have no ground for complaint.

New South Wales will this month begin, if occasion arises, the New Zealand system of compulsory arbitration, and a member of the court is reported as saying that he expects it "will prove a means of peace to the civilized world." Arbitration of labor disputes, compulsory by moral if not by legal means, is coming steadily into favor and will finally be in force, in this country.

A father has been sued by a bank because in introducing his son to it he neglected to state that the young man had served in the penitentiary. And yet the mission was pardonable on the part of a father.

John Barrett, ex-minister to Siam, has been heard from again. He is on his way to the Orient in the interest of the St. Louis World's fair. May he find the conditions so pleasant in the Orient that he will decide to stay there.

It is significant that the peace conference soon followed the arrival of Lord Wolseley in South Africa. This adds strength to the story that he went there as the personal representative of King Edward to end the war, if possible.

Dr. McClintock, dean of the Chicago university, thinks that children are irreverent because they do not hear nonsense enough at school. But there are many people who will doubt it.

The Portland Telegram thinks that the idea of Gen. Shafter for governor of California is enough to make a Santiago campaign mule bray with laughter.

The Canadians have a chance to carry out Rhodes' idea of a union with America and universal peace, by joining the United States now.

Two South Carolina mobs, bent on lynching, sprinted when the sheriffs fired upon them. Lynching mobs are always made up of cowards.

An English magazine writer states that the elephant is becoming exterminated in Asia. But "the elephant" can still be readily found in Chicago.

Mr. Ware will not write much poetry when he is in the pension office. He will have more than he can do pleasing everybody.

Gen. Miles is increasing in popularity because of the enemies he is making.

A Missouri man proposes to starve out the meat trust by eating sausages.

Penny Wise and Pound Foolish

To the Editor of The Herald:

The time is not far distant when the apparent apathy of Duluth to the plans of the Highland Canal and Power company will seem amazing. We say "apparent apathy," because we believe that it is more apparent than real. There are three leading elements in the growth of cities: Manufacturing possibilities; commercial opportunities; agricultural advantages; and they stand in the order named. Duluth's surrounding country will develop slowly in an agricultural way, but so far as we are depending on that the present dwellers in Duluth were born fifty years too soon.

Commercially Duluth has undoubted opportunities but she is a striking example of the failure of commerce alone, though gigantic in its proportions, to build up a great city. The men who were active in Duluth thirty years ago expected here by the opening of the century at least 200,000 people instead of 53,000. They did not overestimate the commercial advantages of Duluth; they actually, as events have proved, underestimated them, but they expected great manufacturing industries, and in that they have been grievously disappointed. So distant a matter as a war in Europe disastrously affected Duluth's prospects at a critical time; the failure of Jay Cooke and the panic of 1873 threw Duluth into a seven years' Rip Van Winkle sleep; the death of one man turned away from us a promising industry; a nail mill that long before this would in all likelihood have developed into a great iron manufacturing establishment, was a reality but for a protracted stringency in the money market; and these are but samples. There were times when the stars in their course seemed to fight against Duluth. But after all the great obstacle to manufacturing here was the lack of cheap power. For years our eyes were annually turned towards the water power of the St. Louis as our temporal salvation, but like the waters of that stream our hopes gradually dwindled.

Three years ago some men came here from the East to investigate the opportunities for furnishing Duluth with cheap power through a water supply to be gathered from 2-00 square miles of water shed lying a thousand feet above the lake level. They came with no flourish of trumpets, they asked no bonus, they kept their own counsel. After thorough investigation by competent engineers and electrical experts, and the expenditure of ,00,000 they now come before the city council of Duluth and ask for the privilege of installing a plant to furnish 50,000 electrical horse power, and name rates for the same that are reasonable beyond any question. They claim that it would cost in the neighborhood of $3,000,000 to install a plant capable of furnishing this amount of power and that their ultimate plans aim at furnishing 250,000 horse power at a total expense for the plant of $10,000,000. Their success means for Duluth the prosperity and growth she has so long waited for; their failure will bring loss to themselves and their Eastern supporters. So far as Duluth is concerned this city has everything to gain and nothing to lose. But now the amazing thing happens. A franchise is desired because the new company desires the privilege of furnishing electric power for any desired purpose, including power for lighting. The aldermen who thus stand in the way of Duluth's prosperity claim that to grant the new company the privilege of furnishing power for lighting purposes may prevent the city from establishing a municipal lighting plant. They do not, and cannot, make clear how the city would be prevented from furnishing its own light if it should prove to be economy for the city so to do, but suppose they are right, would a municipal lighting plant, saving to the taxpayers perhaps a few thousand dollars a year be worth as much to Duluth as the business that would be attracted to this point by cheap power. To ask the question is to answer it.

WM. S. WOODBRIDGE.

OLCOTT IS PRESIDENT.

New York, April 16.—F. Olcott, president of the Central Trust company of this city, has been elected president of the Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railway company and George J. Gould and H. C. Kouse were elected directors.

RECEIPTS IN PHILIPPINES.

Washington, April 16.—The division of insular affairs of the war department gave out for publication today a statement of receipts in the Philippines as follows: For customs in March, 1902, $7,66,961, as compared with $732,267 for March, 1902. Receipts of the city of Manila during the same months were $56,555 for 1902 as compared with $37,279 for the previous year.

ORDER BY TORRANCE

In Regard to the Proper Observance of Memorial Day.

All G. A. R. Posts Urged to Give It Devout Attention.

Kindred Societies Invited to Unite In the Ceremonies.

Minneapolis, April 16.—Commander Torrance, of the Grand Army of the Republic, has issued the following order regarding the proper observance of Memorial day:

To every patriot, Memorial day is the most sacred of the year, and its proper observance one of the strongest safeguards.

It is the nation's Easter, when the people are summoned to the patriot's tomb; not with power to stir the encampment of the dead, but "by the mystic chords of memory" to resurrect the virtues which adorned their lives.

It is the nation's Sabbath, when, at the shrine of patriotism, all creeds are forgotten and we receive into our hearts a new inspiration to duty—a benediction day to all who observe it in its true spirit and meaning.

No more beautiful or impressive scene could be witnessed than that of a redeemed nation, ceasing from its daily toil and gathering around the graves of its defenders, bearing offerings of flowers, and giving suitable expression of the love and gratitude which a great people feel towards those who gave their lives in defense of their country.

Plutarch tells of witnessing the 600th memorial service in honor of the Athenians who died at Marathon. We are only in the youth of ours, but the memorial is so becoming, and has already been so fruitful in blessing, that it will surely continue to be observed as long as the republic endures.

To every soldier of the Union it is a day filled with sweet and precious memories. Unlike the dead of other wars, the memory of our comrades never fades. Though unseen by mortal eye, they still walk by our side, and their place in our hearts remains unfilled.

We rejoice as the day approaches, and in ever-diminishing numbers lovingly deck with flowers the multiplying graves of our comrades. In broken column and with enfeebled step we still carry the flag they loved so well, and march to the same music to which their loyal feet were attuned, our hearts pulsing with joyous pride as we realize that the memory of those who fell in defense of freedom and the right," is immortal.

Comrades will, therefore, in compliance with well-established custom, fittingly observe Friday, May 30, 1902, as Memorial day.

Post commanders are requested to invite clergymen of every denomination to deliver appropriate addresses on the Sabbath preceding Memorial day, and as far as practicable posts should attend divine service on that day.

Post commanders are requested to ask the schools in their respective localities to hold patriotic services immediately preceding Memorial day, and co-operate with the teachers and school officers in such services. This duty is of special importance, for unless the deeds of the fathers live in the hearts of the children, the altar of liberty will be without incense.

The beautiful ceremony of strewing with flowers the waters that run to the sea in memory of our sailor dead who fell in the cause of the republic is heartily commended. May the myriad streams, as they go laughing and sparkling on their joyous journey to the sea, carry some forget-me-not to those who sleep undisturbed in its restless bosom.

The Woman's Relief Corps, Sons of Veterans, Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic and kindred organizations, and all citizens who sympathize with the spirit of the day, are cordially invited to unite with us in its proper observance.

President Lincoln's Gettysburg address is published herewith, and in accordance with the resolution of the thirtieth national encampment, will be read at all Memorial day exercises held under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic.

ELL TORRANCE,
Commander-in-Chief.

AT THE HOTELS

The hotels are catching a pretty good run of business again, but it is largely of a commercial character. Local traffic is said to be much lighter than it has been, due largely to the fact that the opening of navigation has opened up business cares at home that hold people down pretty well to their normal cares.

Albert Harrington came up from Minneapolis this morning. He is at the Spalding.

Frank Shipley came down from Virginia yesterday afternoon, and is at the McKay.

Superintendent N. Mills, of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railway, is a guest at the St. Louis.

L. C. Nolan, G. N. Johnson, St. Paul; C. A. Bennett, Minneapolis; H. L. Levy, Grand Rapids; George N. McCaskey, St. Paul; A. K. Frank, C. S. Knight, Jr., Robert Griebling, Chicago; H. M. Smith, Toledo, and Nelson Frank, St. Paul, are at the Spalding.

At the McKay are: H. H. Doyle, Chicago; O. A. Wennberg, Wausau; Frank Shipley, Virginia; D. J. Murphy, St. Paul; M. McNeal, Floodwood; Emil Thorson, Black Duck; V. H. Johnson, Minneapolis, and Miss Jennie Glassner, Biwabik.

W. R. Beales, E. S. Goodenough, S. Neuberger, Chicago; Charles Brown, Minneapolis; J. P. Doughty, St. Paul; J. D. Barrett, Minneapolis; C. F. Pearl, Chicago; J. F. Taggart, Turtle Creek; J. J. Madden, Dedham, and Ed Finch, Virginia, are at the St. Louis.

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look;" replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c. Leading stores.

IN MICHIGAN.

Dollarville Man Loses His Money From Satchel Bank.

Newberry—Because Robert Cameron, of Dollarville, a small town near here, chose to put away his savings in an old satchel rather than deposit them in a bank, he is out $950, with practically no chance of ever getting it back. The other evening his wife left the house for a few minutes, and during her absence the thief, who evidently was familiar with the conditions, went through her satchel. The loss was not discovered until morning, when Mrs. Cameron went for money to make a few purchases. No clue has been found.

Houghton—The calendar of the April term of the circuit court, which convenes next Monday, will be one of the longest in the history of the country. There are eighty-five criminal cases to be tried, the great bulk of them being cases against saloon keepers for violation of the liquor laws.

Ironwood—Thomas C. Jacks, of Defiance, Ohio, representing a corporation which has installed several independent telephone systems throughout the country, and which is backed by large capital, has applied to the city council for a franchise. The application will probably be granted. It is the intention to install not only a line here, but at Bessemer and Hurley as well; in fact, to cover the whole Gogebic range.

Something never before equaled in shaft-sinking in the Lake Superior region is the record being achieved at the Ashland mine, near this city. Ground was broken on Sept. 23 last for No. 7 shaft, which is now down to a depth of about 550 feet and has been timbered from surface, twelve men, divided into 8-hour shifts of four men each, doing all the work. At the close of March the shaft was down an even 500 feet; 160 days had been worked, and the daily sinking averaged 3.1 feet. The shaft will be put down to the thirteenth level. Its dimensions, outside of timbers, is 12 by 18 feet, and the angle is 60 degrees.

Menominee—Otto Carlson, who had been recommended by the congressman, has been appointed postmaster at Carney, this county. The significance of the selection is that Carlson is a Democrat and Carney is a strong Republican town. A Republican, however, could not be induced to accept the position, although the office pays $25 a month and can be conducted with other business.

Manistique—Charles Hambly, a 12-year-old boy, of Gulliver, Doyle township, ran away from home ten days ago and has not been seen since, although it is known he was in this city on the day of his disappearance. The boy is very small for his age, and his parents are almost crazed with grief.

Iron River—Isaac White, who has been mail messenger at Stambaugh for ten years, has resigned because of illness. He is aged 87 and is said to have been the oldest messenger of the kind in the service. Every day he was obliged to make three round trips between the station and the postoffice, a distance of about a mile, and during his ten years' term was not absent from his post, winter or summer, more than two or three days.

THE DAKOTAS

Open Switch Causes a Bad Wreck at Iroquois.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Iroquois—A double-header extra freight train of twenty-six cars ran into an open switch near the station at noon Tuesday, ditching nine cars, five of which were completely demolished. The station platform was wrecked and the track torn up for 100 feet. The air refused to work and the train could not be stopped. The train was running fifteen miles an hour when it struck the switch. But no one was hurt. The wreck is such a bad one that it will take some time to clear it, and in the meantime regular trains are passing on the side tracks.

While burning stubble yesterday the 7-year-old daughter of August Lemke was so badly burned that she died in a few hours. While playing near the fire her clothes caught and before she could be rescued her burns were fatal.

Lead—The engine in the Highland stamp mill, one of the plants of the Homestake company, was almost completely demolished owing to the breaking of a six-inch crank pin. The engine is of 350-horse power, and was running under a full head of steam. The connecting rod dropped and began wrecking everything within reach. Both cylinder heads were knocked out, the engine was partly shifted from its bed and the floor was torn up. The engineer had stepped into an adjoining room but a moment before. He hurried back and groping his way through the steam, shut off the supply pipe leading from the boilers, thus stopping the engine. The Highland mill, of 140 stamps, will be closed until a new engine can be procured, which will require several weeks. It is not thought that the old engine can be made serviceable. It had been in use twenty-two years.

Yankton—Night Policeman Gibbish had a narrow escape from being killed by a live wire. The fire bell had worn through the bolt by which it was suspended and dropped to the cupola floor below. Mr. Gibbish, hearing the noise caused by the bell in falling, went up to the roof to ascertain the cause and at once took hold of the bell to move it. As soon as he touched the bell he received a violent electric shock and was hurled against the side of the cupalo with great force. When he recovered he investigated and found that the bell was lying in contact with a live wire, the covering of which had been cut by the sharp edge of the bell in falling.

Deadwood—An Elks' carnival is being arranged to be held some time in August. The exact date has not been set. There are strong Elks' lodges in Deadwood and Lead, and they are assured of the attendance of Elks and their friends from adjoining states.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—Two contracts have been let for brick business blocks on Third street, the aggregate cost of which will amount to $25,000. One is for a two-story dressed stone front, 50x140, a building being erected by J. B. Boyd on the site of his old location. The contract was let for $18,000. Dr. E. I. Donovan doubles the frontage of his brick block this spring with an addition of twenty-five feet at a cost of $7000. The successful bidder in each case was James S. Loynes, of this city. Bids were also received from five or six outside men.

Mayville—Rev. E. G. Zellars, pastor of the Congregational church of this city, surprised his congregation by reading his resignation. He requested that it be accepted on or before May 12. He said that his reason are mainly personal to himself and wife, the main one being that they wish to be nearer their relatives who live farther south. Mr. Zellars has served here three years and his work has been successful. He is an earnest, scholarly young man and his sermons reflect these qualities.

THE SURGEON'S KNIFE

Mrs. Eckis Stevenson of Salt Lake City Tells How Operations For Ovarian Troubles May Be Avoided.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered with inflammation of the ovaries and womb for over six years, enduring aches and pains which none can dream of but those who have had the same experience. Hundreds of dollars went to the doctor and the druggist. I was simply a walking medicine chest and a physical wreck. My sister residing in Ohio wrote me that she had been cured of womb trouble by using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and advised me to try it. I then discontinued all other medicines and gave your Vegetable Compound a thorough trial. Within four weeks nearly all pain had left me; I rarely had headaches, and my nerves were in a much better condition, and I was cured in three months, and this avoided a terrible surgical operation."—MRS. ECKIS STEVENSON, 250 So. State St., Salt Lake City, Utah.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

MRS. ECKIS STEVENSON.

Remember every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

We have a good, old common-sense medicine for those subject to malaria.

The sufferer from malaria is too apt to dose himself with constantly increasing amounts of quinine, which, while it gives relief, is very injurious to the system, as all who have taken it to any considerable degree have found out to their cost.

The way to cure malaria is to drive it out of the system—and at the same time to so strengthen and tone yourself up that malaria will find you immune in the future. The way to bring about this happy condition of affairs is to take

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.

EVERY SUFFERER FROM MALARIA SHOULD TRY IT.

IT IT POSITIVELY GUARANTEED.

This medicine is conceded by all who have taken it to be the one sovereign cure for this much dreaded disease.

This isn't a new medicine, although its name may be new to you. On the contrary, it is very old, having been for many years the standard medicine of Vermont, where its home is. Now a company has taken hold of it, appointed reliable agents throughout the country and placed it within the reach of everybody.

The poisons of malaria, when they once get into the system, must be completely driven out before permanent relief can be hoped for. SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR never fails to do this if taken regularly and persistently. All the noxious, poisonous, malarial taint will be completely removed from the blood, and you will be permanently cured. This is not only by far the best way, but, in fact, the only way to cure malaria.

SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR

will not only drive out malaria, but it is a tonic, strength builder and general cleanser and renovator of the entire system.

We sell it with the strongest possible guarantee—your money back if you are not benefited.

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent.

PALMA EN ROUTE.

New York, April 16.—Tomas Estrada Palma, president-elect to the Cuban republic, left here today for Old Point Comfort on a special car attached to the regular 9:25 a. m. train over the Pennsylvania road. He will sail for Cuba tomorrow on the steamship Admiral Farragut.

COUNTS WILL ATTEND.

Paris, April 16.—The United States embassy has received notice that Count De Rochambeau and Count Gaston Sahune De La Fayette have accepted invitations to be present at the inauguration of the Rochambeau monument at Washington, May 24.

Got a Constant Headache? — Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—6.

Rent a Piano

For your summer home. The rush will be on in a few weeks. Take advantage of our large assortment and SELECT NOW.

Uprights

$3 to $5 a month

Arrangements can be made to apply rents on purchase.

FIFTY PIANOS

To chose from if you do it now.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Solo Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.

Open Saturday Evenings.

Valenza-Tyler Concert.

The following is the program that will be given at the Valenza-Tyler concert at the Armory next Sunday afternoon by Signor and Signora Valenza and George Tyler, assisted by Miss Rena Smith, Miss Mildren Porter and Roy Prytz:

Harp solo—Autumn Fantasia..J. Thomas
Signor S. R. Valenza.

Contralto solo—"Non conosci il bel suol" aria from "Mignon"..A. Thomas
Signor Elettra Armista-Valenza.

Tenor solo—Aria "Mappari" from "Marta" ..... Flotow
George Tyler.

Soprano solo—"Non e' ver!" ..... Mattei
Miss Mildred Porter.

Duet—"Il Trovatore" ..... Verdi
Signora E. Armista-Valenza and George Tyler.

Baritone solo—Recit: "Si guerreir!" Aria "Fu Dio che disse" "L'Ebreo" ..... Apolloni
Roy Pryiz.

Duet—"La Notte" ..... Milliotti
Signora E. Armista-Valenza and Miss Mildred Porter.

Tenor solo—
a. "Non torno" ..... Mattei
b. "Vorrie Morir" ..... Tosti
George Tyler.

Harp solo—La danza delle Silfidi..... Godefroid
Signor Valenza.

Duet—Recitativo ed Aria "La Traviata" ..... Verdi
Miss Rena Smith and George Tyler.

Quartet—"Il Rigoletto" ..... Verdi
Signora E. Armista-Valenza, Miss Rena Smith, George Tyler, Ray Prytz.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19.
"THE VIKING"
A comic opera in three acts, will be presented by the
Roosevelt Marching Club, of Minneapolis.
Good music! Good Dancing! Pretty Girls!
100 —In cast —100.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

Mme. Yale's

Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty, They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic **89c**

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

WIRELESS

Proposition of Germany Accepted By Great Britain.

Berlin, April 16.—Great Britain has accepted Germany's proposition for an international conference to regulate the use of wireless telegraphy. The other powers to which the proposition was made, viz: The United States, France and Russia, have not yet responded, but the officials here confidently expect favorable answers, especially from the United States, which has taken much interest in the matter.

Germany's suggestion embraces merely calling a conference, but without definitely formulating propositions for discussion.

Germany has also asked the powers to set forth in their answers if they wished Germany to formulate propositions to lay bare the conference, or leave the matter entirely to the conference.

ANOTHER COMET.

Prof. Brooks Discovers New Star With Tail.

Geneva, N. Y., April 16.—Dr. William R. Brooks, director of Smith observatory and Professor of astronomy at Hobart college, announces the discovery of a new comet. It is in constellation Pegasus and an observation secured today made its position right ascension 22 hours 8 minutes 10 seconds declination north 27 degrees 25 minutes. The comet has a daily motion of about 3 degrees southeasterly and toward the sun. This is the twenty-third comet discovered by Dr. Brooks.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

ELECTRIC ROADS

Predicted For All of Northern Illinois.

Chicago, April 16.—The end of the year 1902 will see all of the important cities of Northern Illinois connected by electric railroads, representing a cost of $3,000,000, says a Rock Falls, Ill., special to the Chronicle.

The Rock River Valley Electric railway will extend from Rock Falls to Rockford, fifty miles, passing through Sterling and Dixon.

Another road is being planned from Dixon to De Kalb, and from De Kalb to Sycamore. Plans are under way to build an electric road from Rockford to Janesville, Wis. The entire system will cover several hundred miles.

FIGHTING IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—An official dispatch received here from Port Arthur, dated April 12, announces that serious fighting has occurred in the vicinity of the boundary of the provinces of Mukden and Kiran, Manchuria, between Russian frontier guards and Chinese robbers, who had been raiding railway stations. The Russians surrounded 800 Chinese at Kliang Tung Tai and only thirty of them escaped. The Russian losses were very small.

FIRE AT BONNEVILLE, WIS.

Rib Lake, Wis., April 16.—Fire broke out in the new Bonneville Opera house early yesterday and destroyed the hall and saloon underneath, which was heavily stocked with liquors and equipped with expensive fixtures. The loss is estimated at $8000, with no insurance.

BOWERY ROUNDERS

Terrible Condition Now Stares These Gentry In the Face.

Must Go to Work or Get Out of the City.

Not Much Doubt as to Which Course They Will Take.

Bowery rounders must either go to work or leave Duluth.

An ordinance is pending in the council which, when passed, will give the police more power in dealing with men that do not work.

This ordinance, modeled after a measure now in effect in Minneapolis, makes the definition of vagrancy much more comprehensive than the old ordinance and the penalty for being a vagrant more to be feared.

Men that loiter about saloons acting suspiciously toward woodsmen will be guilty of vagrancy, as with men caught with burglars' tools in their possession.

Frequently the police have caught thieves that they knew were guilty of a crime, and yet could not furnish one or two missing links of evidence connecting them with the crime. Such men have been either released or given a short term in jail for a minor offense.

Under the proposed ordinance they shall be guilty of vagrancy and liable to imprisonment for a period of ninety days at hard labor.

However, the ordinance will probably have a greater effect in helping reform the Bowery, for it means that the men that do nothing but beg drinks from woodsmen will be compelled to do hard labor, and the very thought of that is calculated to make them leave Duluth.

Another ordinance pending increases the authority of the city in prosecuting persons that conduct houses for immoral purposes. In the past a person found guilty of conducting a house of immorality was subject to a fine of $100 or imprisonment for thirty days.

Frequently such persons elect to stay in jail for a month rather than pay the fine, though they have the money. The proposed ordinance increases the jail penalty to ninety days.

TO DROP THEM

Central Traffic Association to Abolish Second Class Rates.

A report has reached Duluth that the Central Traffic association roads have decided to abolish second-class passenger fare rates between St. Louis and Chicago and New York. No official information has come to hand, but it is understood that the movement is one that is intended to result ultimately in the abolition of second-class passenger rates on all American roads.

Local passenger department men are at a loss to understand just what the effect of this reported action will be. Said one passenger man this morning:

"There are no second-class rates now between Buffalo and New York. The trunk lines some time ago abolished them. But the central territory lines have put in second-class between Chicago or St. Louis and Buffalo, and through tariffs to or from New York have been issued by all lines concerned based on these rates. According to the latest information, the central lines simply pull out their second-class rates.

"As the tariffs stand today, what are known as the standard lines—the Lake Shore, the Michigan Central and the Pennsylvania—charge $20 first-class fare and $17 second-class, from Chicago to Buffalo. The differential lines, those having the less direct routes, charge $18 and $16. The rate to New York, first or second-class, over standard or differential lines, is determined by adding a $9.25 arbitrary for fare from Buffalo to New Yor. There are no differential or second-class rates in trunk line territory.

"It seems to me that it will be pretty difficult for the St. Louis-New York or Chicago-New York lines to maintain their position not to quote second-class fares as the C. P. R. lines quote them from the Northwest. The South Shore from Duluth and the Soo road from St. Paul and beyond, have always insisted on a second-class tariff. The reason for that position is that the C. P. R. lines run through new territory, which they are anxious to settle up and develop. They can accomplish this much more rapidly by giving intending settlers a second-class rate. The standard first-class fare, Duluth to New York, is $27 and the second-class $25. The differential lines charge $25 and $23.

"To a certain extent this is true of the lines running west from Duluth. There are no longer second-class rates between Duluth and Chicago, Duluth and the Twin Cities, Omaha, St. Louis or Kansas City. But getting farther North into the new country that remains to be developed and the roads quote second-class rates. For instance, the second-class rate from Duluth to the Pacific coast is $10 less than the first-class rate of $50. This is quite an item to the passenger, when one considers that the low-

50c Wash Silks at **39c**

The New Store — HENDREN & TALLANT CO — The New Store

50c Wash Silks at **39c**

Money-Saving Opportunity

SALE CONTINUED

Thursday and Friday.

Tuesday we inaugurated a sale which has saved much for the many who have taken advantage of it. We continue it tomorrow and Friday. Some few numbers have been sold out, but we will supply more. The Hendren & Tallant Co. will never be found second in bargain giving. Visit the store. Roam about at will. You will find what you want and in every instance at a saving in price. We price a few of the good things. The sales-tables contain the remainder. All offerings are new spring goods.

Drug Sundries.

Six bottles of any of the following Standard Patent Medicines—selling regularly at $1.00 a bottle. This sale six bottles for **$4.75** **$4.75**

Peruna,	Hood's Sarsaparilla,
Ayers' Sarsaparilla,	Miles' Nervine,
Wine of Cardui,	Miles' Heart Cure,
Trommer's Extract of Malt,	Maltine Preparations,
Listerine,	Kilmer's Swamp Root,
Cuticura Resolvent,	Warner's Safe Cure,
Green's Nervura,	Shoop's Restoratice,
Pierce's Favorite Prescription,	Duffy's Malt Whisky,
Pierce's Golden Medical Discover,	Paine's Celery Compound,
King's New Discovery,	Pinkham's Compound,
Scott's Emulsion,	Pinkham's Blood Purifier.

Single bottle—each 95c

Mellin's Food, small size	35c
Horlick's Malted Milk, large size	79c
Rose Water and Glycerine, in bulk, an ounce	4c
Colgate's Perfumes, in bulk, an ounce	17c
Colgate's Tooth Powder	15c
Satin Skin Powder	12½c
Satin Skin Cream, large size	35c
Satin Skin Cream, small size	18c
Colgate's Toilet Water	33c
Lavender Cream, 35c size	20c
Tooth Brushes, 10c quality	6c
Pozonis Powder, small size	17c
Seven Sunderland Sisters' Hair Grower	79c
Napier Eau de Quinine—35c size	20c
Satin Skin Cream Soap, regular price 15c	10c
Oatmeal Soap, 3 cakes in box, 15c value, a box	7c
Bay Rum, Maybelle, Celery and Witch Hazel Soap, worth 25c a box—sale price	15c
Richard's Sarsaparilla, $1.00 size	59c
Richard's Liver Pills	13c
Richard's Capsules	8c
White Wheat Malt Whiskey	67c
Liebeg's Beef, Iron and Wine	29c
Seidlitz Powders, a box	16c
5c bottle Vaseline	4c

Shoe Savings.

A Great Saving Opportunity.

Ladies' Vici Kid Shoes, turned and welted soles, kid and patent tips, button and lace, $2.50 and $2.98 shoes, sale price **$1.85** **$1.85**

Ladies' Soft House Slippers—leather or serge—sale price—per pair—only **49c** **49c**

Boys' Calf Skin Shoes—values up to $1.50—sale price—per pair—only **98c** **98c**

Ladies' Stylish easy Oxfords and Strap Sandals—regular price $1—sale price **74c** **74c**

Wash Fabrics.

All Goods Entirely New.

40-inch White Lawn, a Cloth that should sell at 10c, and is worth it—sale price **5½c** **5½c**

32-inch Striped Waist Ginghams —our regular 25c quality—sale price—only **19c** **19c**

30-inch Irish Dimities, hand- some line of patterns—15c qualities—sale price **10c** **10c**

25 pieces New Lawns just received, very pretty patterns, good qualities and colorings—sale price **8c** **8c**

Millinery.

When we opened our new Millinery department we expected some big results. Nor have we been disappointed! The department, when controlled by an outside party, made a good showing, but we have already broken that record, and the department is but ten days old. You will not wonder why when our magnificent new stock (entirely new remember) is seen.

Every hat in stock was made up during the last two weeks and everyone is as desirable as it is new. You'll have no reason to complain of the prices—you will pronounce them very reasonable.

Visit the department—you will never regret the time spent there.

Embroidery!

2½ in. wide Embroidery with substantial and pretty edges—tomorrow's and Friday's sale price only **5c** **5c**

In Suit Room.

Tuesday we did a phenomenal business in the Suit room. Today promises to equal it. A glance at the offerings below will tell "the why." We believe we have enough garments to last through the sale but advise early purchases.

Ladies' Walking Skirts in plaid or plain backs—stitched—perfect fitting—a splendid value at ..... **$2.98** $5.00—tomorrow's sale price only **$2.98**

Ladies' Walking Skirts, in the popular shades of blues, browns and grays, nicely stitched and corded—fancy or strap seams—regular price $7.50—tomorrow and Friday we sell them for only **$4.98** **$4.98**

Ladies' Taffeta or Peau de Soie Silk Skirts, net lace or velvet trimmed—sold regularly at $20.00—Our sale price only **$12.50** **$12.50**

Ladies' Tailored Jackets of Broadcloth, Venetians and Serges, silk lined, flare cuffs, velvet or plain collars, plain or silk faced reveres, yoke effects; colors—black, castors and reds. Sold at $10.00, $8.50 and $7.50—tomorrow's and Friday's sale price will be only **$6.50** **$6.50**

A special value in black Serge or black Broadcloth Jackets—sizes from 32 to 44 ..... **$4.90** **$4.90**

Silk Blouse or Eton Jackets, trimmed with black and white cord, fancy cuffs and collars, regular price $12.50—sale price only **$7.50** **$7.50**

Ladies' Suits in Serges and Homespuns, some with drop skirts, cut with flare flounce, plain or trimmed—Jackets all silk lined—$15.00 and $18.00 values—tomorrow and Friday's sale price **$10.50** **$10.50**

Ladies' Suits, a broken line of sizes—only a few sizes but if we have what will fit you you secure a big bargain—sale price only **$4.50** **$4.50**

Dress Goods.

Prices Exceptionally Low.

Black Fancies in Brilliantines, Pierolas, Serges, Camel's Hair, Cheviots, Poplins, 36 to 42-in. wide; every yard a good black, values up to 69c—sale price **39c** **39c**

Three pieces Priestley's figured Black Goods—45 inches wide—very handsome patterns—sell regularly at $1.39—tomorrow's and and Friday's sale price only **39c** **39c**

40-inch Fancy Worsted Granite Suitings, big ualues at 39c—tomorrow's and Friday's sale price only **68c** **68c**

A WHOLE FORTUNE.

Good Food and Good Health.

This food tale from a trained nurse is worth reading:

"I want to tell you of the curative properties of the good food Grape-Nuts, and will say they are a whole fortune to anyone suffering as I did for years with a stomach so rebellious as to be almost useless to me.

"For years and years I was tortured with flatulency, heart burn, bloating, tenderness of the stomach, and many a time I cried bitterly because of my great distress.

"One never-to-be-forgotten day sister came up from Columbus to visit me. She brought a package of Grape-Nuts to see if the food would agree with me. I found the new food very delicious with cream, and it caused me no pain or disturbance whatever.

"To make a long story short, I have been using Grape-Nuts ever since. Have gained twenty pounds in five months and my health is perfect. It is a pleasure to be plump and healthy and feel well again. I am a professional nurse and naturally appreciate this change in my health." Lucy N. Richardson, Box 164, Logan, Ohio.

er tourist sleeper fare saves him $7 additional.

"It may be that second-class fares are likely to be abolished, on all roads, as is predicted, at an early date, but it seems to me that they will continue in the West as long as the undeveloped area seems to require them."

Purely For Pleasure.

Louis Rouchleau has returned from a month's trip to California. Mrs. Rouchleau accompanied him. Mr. Rouchleau said this morning that he had gone to California with the intention of looking only for pleasure and rest, and that consequently he had paid little attention to business conditions in any line, except that he could not help observing that everything was very prosperous. He said he had visited no mining fields while away or any place that seemed to hold out a threat of work.

MANY WILL ATTEND

The Southern Negro Congress at Galveston, Tex.

Galveston, Tex., April 16.—It is estimated that there will be about 600 delegates at the Southern Negro congress, which will convene in this city July 1-5. Among the number will be some of the most prominent negroes of the Southern states, ten from each congressional district and five at large from each of the states which will be represented.

The first session was held about a year ago at Jackson, Miss.

The object of the organization is to create a better feeling between the races and to foster a move for the uplifting of the race. The chief matters to be discussed will be the importance of education, the question of outrages and lynchings and the negro in politics.

IN OLD CHURCH

Prize Fight Was Successfully Pulled Off.

New York, April 16.—Two hundred sporting men of Newark have attended a midnight prize fight in a building formerly used as a church at Kingsland, near Arlington, N. J. By the dim light of three lamps "Joe" Bateman pounded "Johnny" McDevitt to the verge of insensibility and won the purse of $100. The "tip" was circulated among the pick of the sporting fraternity.

TUBES FOR CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 16.—Postmaster Coyne says that the Chicago postoffice is prepared to lend a helping hand to any committee sent from Washington to lay out a route for the pneumatic tube service. Under the bill now awaiting the signature of the president to become a law, Chicago is entitled to twenty miles of pneumatic tubes. It is thought that if no unexpected delay occurs in making plans and awarding contracts, Chicago will have the service in working order in less than a year.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

The most wholesome and nutritious substitute for coffee and tea.

Made from the choicest California figs, prunes and selected grains.

A delicious, strengthening beverage—holds its delicate flavor to the bottom of the cup.

Physicians recommend Figprune.

All grocers sell it

FIGURING ON POINT

One Railroad Said to Be Considering It For Terminals.

A Local Railroad Man Is Authority For the Statement.

Traffic at Head of Lakes Is Demanding More Room.

Renewed talk about making a government reserve on Park Point inspired a well known local railroad man to observe today that plans of this sort should take into consideration the possibility of the necessity of using Park Point for railway terminals at no distant day.

"I know that one railway system is already considering the feasibility of installing a car ferry service between the mainland and Park Point," said he. "How soon this would come, I can't say, but if the requirements of freight traffic continue to grow as they have during the past five years, it wouldn't be surprising to learn something more definite about it within a very short time. If you stop to consider what a large development there has been along the Duluth harbor front in that time, you will recall that the largest part of the addition to the warehouse capacity has been acquired or built by railways. Of course, the Northern Pacific, with its present holdings is pretty well fixed. But the Great Northern is without adequate facilities here, and there is no question but that it has been proved that Duluth is the actual terminal point at the head of the lakes. There have been some developments in Superior, but these have been largely along the lines of aditional yard, rather than warehouse facilities, since the Omaha built its new warehouses at Allouez bay. The Omaha has none too much warehouse room here for its business.

"I'm not going to tell you what road I have in mind, but I can guarantee you that one of the lines has in contemplation a car ferry scheme for handling freight between the mainland and the point."

THREE HUNDRED STRIKE.

East Liverpool, Ohio, April 16.—Three hundred men at the Chester tin mills struck today about a dissatisfaction with the new scale offered by the American Sheet Steel company.

FUNDS COMING FAST.

Chicago, April 16.—Contributions to the McKinley National Memorial association monument fund continue to come in so rapidly that Chairman Revell, of the Illinois auxiliary is hopeful that the state will be the first to raise its quota of the required amount. The total subscriptions received by the Illinois auxiliary to date is $36,320.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.
435 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

PREPARATIONS

For Installation of Dr. Butler Are Completed.

New York, April 16.—Preparations are nearly completed for the installation of Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler as president of Columbia university. In the gymnasium tomorrow night, a ball will open the ceremonies. Friday will be students' day with an athletic, social and musical program and on Saturday the final installation exercises will be held.

President Roosevelt will be the guest of honor at the luncheon and dinner to be given by the alumni on Saturday, as well as at the afternoon exercises from the gymnasium. Among the other guests will be ex-Secretary of State Olney, Albert Shaw, Bishop Potter, Baron Von Holleben, the German ambassador; John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, Postmaster General Payne and Governor H. Taft, of the Philippines. Many visitors also are expected from seventy-five American universities.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

Condensed Phosphorous Water

will cure any case of **RHEUMATISM** by removing the cause. Apply to JOHN HOERR, 18th and Olive Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE-MARKS.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence
James T. Watson.
Washington, D. C. Established 1865.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable nature. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 5 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

URGE ITS PASSAGE

West End Business Men Want Highland Franchise Given.

Resolutions Adopted and Will Be Presented to the Council.

Will Attend and Urge Their Aldermen to Give It.

The business men of the West End held a meeting in the Sloan building this morning to take the preliminary steps towards the organization of a new Commercial club, to succeed the old club formerly existing in that portion of the city and which was dropped some time ago.

It was a representative meeting of business men, eighteen being present. C. O. Nelson was elected temporary president and R. R. Forward acted as secretary.

The meeting was hardly called to order before the Highland Power canal project was taken up and was discussed warmly at some length. Alderman R. D. Haven was called on to explain the project. He was followed by a number of the business men of the West End, who expressed their views with emphasis in favor of granting the company a franchise.

Capt. D. E. Stevens declared there are certain men in the city who could always be counted on to oppose any scheme that had in it the promise of something good for the city of Duluth. He spoke at some length of the plans of the Highland Power Canal company as he had heard them outlined by Mr. Cokefair.

Capt. J. R. Randall, who claims to have been interested in water power projects before he came to Duluth to live, spoke earnestly for the granting of the franchise to the Highland company. He said that one not acquainted with the big things in store for a locality, with the tremendous power promised by the company, could not begin to imagine what it means to a city like Duluth.

N. O. Nelson made some caustic remarks about certain aldermen who are opposing the passage of the franchise in the city council, and declared that any man with common sense could not oppose a measure that means so much to the city of Duluth.

Dr. Davis, C. A. Britts, M. A. Fedje, C. O. Nelson and others also gave short talks in favor of the granting of the franchise to the power company.

At the conclusion of the argument resolutions were unanimously adopted declaring the sentiment of business men of the West End in favor of the granting of the franchise asked for by the Highland company. The resolutions are to be sent to the city council this evening, together with a petition that it is claimed will be signed by every business man in the West End, asking the aldermen to grant the franchise, at this evening's meeting. Not only will the petition and resolution be sent into the council, but by a unanimous vote it was agreed that every man present at the meeting this morning would be present at the council meeting tonight to give his moral support to the aldermen that favor the franchise.

A committee was appointed to visit Alderman Olson, of the West End, and urge him to stand with those favoring the franchise, pledging him the undivided support of business men of the West End. The committee visited Mr. Olson this afternoon, carrying with them a list of the names of the men at the meeting. Alderman R. D. Haven is this afternoon circulating the petition that will be presented the council this evening.

The matter of the closing of the West End branch of the library was suggested, but as some of the members present are now acting on a committee of citizens to investigate the claim of the library board, it was thought best to take no action other than to endorse the position of those who are holding out to keep the branch in the West End.

C. O. Nelson, who has been foremost in the fight of the West Enders against the Northern Pacific Railway company in the matter of the Twentieth avenue station, reported that he had just received a letter from the governor stating that the case of the state railroad and warehouse commission against the Northern Pacific company had been started, but was adjourned for two weeks, as the counsel for the railroad company claimed that its executive officers are in the West and that the counsel should have time to prepare an answer.

The following committee was appointed on permanent organization: M. A. Fedje, J. J. Moe, N. O. Nelson, R. D. Haven and C. O. Nelson.

The following is the list of names of the business men present at this morning's meeting: N. O. Nelson, C. A. Britts, S. W. Hill, C. O. Nelson, W. H. Leonard, J. J. Moe, N. E. Nelson, J. Moir, Capt. J. R. Randall, G. Erickson, Edward A. Nelson, J. Sundin, M. A. Fedje, A. Freimuth, F. R. Forward, Dr. G. W. Davis, Capt. D. E. Stevens and J. O. Milne.

These are some bargains in fountain pens at Norberg's: $1 pen for 65 cents; $2 pen, $1.35; $4.50 pen, $3; a $6 pen, $4. Every pen guaranteed.

A CREMATORY.

Poor Board to Consider Getting One For Paupers.

The St. Louis county board of poor commissioners, at its meeting last night, discussed having a crematory for incinerating deceased paupers, and the thing looked so feasible that Secretary Cook was instructed to make inquiries regarding cost.

Secretary Cook submitted a report showing that 1000 paupers have been buried in the potter's field at the poor farm since 1892. Overseer Haug said that he had twenty-five bodies at the poor farm in the vault awaiting burial. The bodies are kept in the vault during the winter until the frost makes grave-digging easier.

Overseer Haug caused something of a small sensation by stating that one of the outhouses of the pest house, near the poor farm, is over a creek that runs through the farm and joins Chester creek, which runs down into the city at Thirteenth avenue east. Secretary Cook was instructed to investigate and report to the health department.

Mr. Haug complained also that two of the patients in quarantine at the hospital had come to the poor farm to borrow oil, and stated that they had been sent there by the superintendent of the pest house.

Don't be late to your work when you can get a good alarm clock for 65 cents at A. L. Norberg's.

A LUCKY TRIP.

Mr. Gidding Hit New York Market Just Right.

J. M. Gidding, of the Silberstein & Bondy company, returned last evening from New York, where he had been for some time in the interest of his firm.

Mr. Gidding says that business in the East has been a little quiet since Easter, owing to the unseasonable weather that has been prevailing there for the past week or ten days. Mr. Gidding was thus enabled to get some exceptional values in ladies' suits and coats and in Oriental rugs. The foreign buyer for Stearn Brothers, New York's fashionable store, who is a personal friend of Mr. Gidding, has returned from Europe and through him Mr. Gidding made a purchase of some splendid novelties for the Silberstein & Bondy company, which will be very soon placed on sale here. It is said that the new purchases will be a revelation to the women of Duluth, of styles that positively will not be seen elsewhere at the head of the lakes until next year.

VALENZA-TYLER'S
Grand Italian Concert!
At Armory hall, Sunday, April 20th, 3 p. m. Admission, 50 cents. Tickets can be obtained at Valenza's Vocal Studio, 17 East Superior street, room 9.

NO DEAL MADE.

Several Negotiating For the Eaton Property.

It is said by men that are keeping posted on the Eaton-Merritt-Lonstorf-Fagan and other interests in section 30 that no deal has been made for the sale of the property. It is intimated, however, that several interests have been negotiating for the property. It is understood, however, that this would be in the form of an option, as the present owners are said not to have in their possession any minutes on the explorations that have been carried on upon the property by the other claimants in the litigation recently ended.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Sailor Suits....

Our Sailor Suits for small boys are more graceful and attractive than ever before shown in Duluth.
Dozens of styles and all of them pretty. Different shades of red and blue as well as stripes and mixtures.
Some one of these is just what your boy wants. Prices very low for these high-grade suits.

$3.50, $4.00, $5.00 and up to $8.00.

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY.... 409-411 West Superior St.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

AUCTION AUCTION

Balance of Manhattan Clothing Co.'s stock will be closed out by auction in a retail manner so that single articles may be secured at the one purchase or in quantities to suit purchaser at the Manhattan Clothing Store.

416 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

The entire stock must be positively closed out by April 30th. **Sale commences Thursday at 10 a. m., 2 p. m. and 7 p. m., and will continue at these hours daily till the entire stock is disposed of.**

Duluth Auction & Consignment Co., Auctioneers

ITS LIFE SECURE

Discovery That the Hartman Franchise Is Perpetual.

An Act of the Last Legislature Accomplished This.

The Highland Company's Franchise Expected to Go Through.

It is considered probable that the council will pass the Highland Canal and Power company franchise tonight, and that as passed, it will contain the commercial lighting privilege over which there has been so much discussion and delay.

The franchise has been tied up by the "municipal ownership" aldermen, to a considerable extent on the belief that the commercial lighting privilege was inserted in the Highland franchise for the purpose of perpetuating the life of the Commercial Light and Power company, the franchise of which is supposed to expire in 1904.

The Highland Canal and Power company has maintained from the first that it has no connection whatever with the Commercial Light and Power company, and simply asked the commercial lighting privilege for the purpose of strengthening its position in the floating of the bonds required to carry through the mammoth project of supplying Duluth with cheap water power for manufacturing purposes.

A number of the "municipal ownership" aldermen openly said that they believed that it was a scheme for the benefit of the Commercial Light and Power company's life, despite these denials, but it has now been discovered that the latter company has no need of aid from the Highland Canal and Power company to perpetuate its existence.

A year ago the legislature passed a law which gives the Commercial Light and Power company a perpetual franchise in Duluth, and yet the city officials and others did not discover this until within the past day or so.

This newly discovered perpetual franchise will be found in chapter 301 of the general laws of the session of 1901.

Two aldermen that have been most bitter in their antagonism to the commercial lighting privilege said this morning that the discovery of this feature changed their position, and all they would ask now would be an amendment to the commercial lighting privilege that the Highland Canal and Power company should not do any work on an electric lighting plant until its power system should be complete.

The friends of municipal ownership are somewhat puzzled still over the rights of the city in an electricity generating plant, even for street lighting.

Two years ago the people voted $110,000 in bonds to build a municipal street lighting electric plant. Under a contract made last year with the Commercial Light and Power company, rates for street lighting were made so low that the aldermen concluded not to build the plant voted for.

It is now claimed by some that the $110,000 bond issue authorized is outlawed, and the city could not go in for an electric light plant if so desired.

By adopting the new charter the city took advantage of the enabling act, and this positively prohibits such an issue of bonds to all cities that have taken advantage of it.

The most enthusiastic municipal ownership workers admit that the conditions now confronting the cause, so far as the city's going in for street or commercial electric lighting, is very serious.

The act referred to, chapter 301 of the general laws for 1901, is very broad in its terms. It provides that any persons or corporations now or hereafter organized to improve, develop or use any water power for heat, light or power purposes; or any corporation now or hereafter organized to handle electricity for heat, light or power purposes, is authorized to acquire right-of-way on any lands needed for poles, wires, conduits, etc., and may acquire necessary sites for shops and other buildings. It may enjoy the right of eminent domain, and may condemn private property for right-of-way purposes.

Any corporation thus referred to, the law continues, shall have the right to use the public roads and highways of the state for the purpose of erecting poles or posts, provided travel is not interfered with. The supreme court of the state has already decided that such a law as this includes the right to use streets, and this legislature in this act went further by providing that such corporations are to be subject to reasonable regulations imposed by the governing body of any township, village or city in which the road or highway is situated.

This law will explain what many people have wondered at, why the Commercial Light and Power company has proceeded with extensive improvements just as though it did not know that its franchise from the city would expire in 1904, or if it did know, it did not care about it. The company has rested securely and comfortably in the knowledge that this law does away with the necessity of getting any franchise.

Many people believe that the Highland Canal and Power company could have proceeded under the law without a franchise as well, and the company and its attorneys are said to have been aware of the law for some time, but preferred to make everything right by getting a franchise in the usual way.

Trust Deed Filed.

A trust deed for $100,000 was filed by the Duluth Canal Bridge company in the office of the register of deeds yesterday afternoon, covering an issue of bonds for that amount, and running to the Boston Safe, Deposit and Trust company. The bonds are to draw 4 per cent interest, and they are to be paid up on the installment plan. Three are to be paid each year during the first five years, four each year of the next six years, five each of the next five years and six each year thereafter until paid.

We sat at the table together,
She cast a shy glance over at me,
She certainly looked like an angel
Oh, Charley! Please order me Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

Also Makes the Rate.

It is reported in lake and rail line circles that the Northwestern road has published a 19½ cent tariff on flour, Minneapolis to New York, effective from date until April 30. This is said to be for the purpose of covering shipments contracted for before the 23 cent tariff was agreed upon, the same as in the case of the Milwaukee, which is referred to more fully in another part of today's Herald.

A REWARD

Will be given and no questions asked for the return of the watch and chain to 503 West Third street, which was picked up on vacant lot, corner of Mesaba and Fifth avenue west.

"THE VIKING."

Author Comes From Chicago to Witness It.

The Chicago American of yesterday had the following interesting item in connection with the production of "The Viking" which was presented last evening at Minneapolis by the Roosevelt club, and which will be given at the Lyceum in this city next Saturday evening:

"Theodore Stensland, the talented young son of Paul Stensland, president of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank, has left for Minneapolis, where the comic opera, 'The Viking,' will be played this evening at the Roosevelt club of that city.

"'The Viking,' with music by John A. Loud, was first produced by the Pi Eta society at the Harvard commencement last year, with such success that young Stensland has had many flattering offers since for his lyrics.

At the performance this evening the same costumes which were used at Harvard will be worn. The Roosevelt club is composed of university men, the majority of whom claim Harvard as their alma mater. Before Mr. Stensland's return to Chicago he will have the pleasure of seeing his opera played in Minneapolis, Duluth and Mankato.

"Mr. Stensland comes of a musical family, his sister, Mrs. Carl Sandberg, being one of the finest amateur musicians in Chicago. Notwithstanding his pronounced ability for writing and his early success, Mr. Stensland devotes very little time to it, as he is a lawyer by profession and has charge of the legal department of his father's bank."

A DOCTOR'S SAD PLIGHT.
"Two years ago, as a result of a severe cold, I lost my voice," writes Dr. M. L. Scarbrough, of Hebron, Ohio, "then began an obstinate cough. Every remedy known to me as a practicing physician for 35 years failed, and I daily grew worse. Being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, I found quick relief and for ten days have felt better than for two years." Positively guaranteed for Throat and Lung troubles by W. A. Abbett; 50c and $1.00 Trial bottles free.

Notice Norberg's prices on watches.

AT WEST DULUTH

Public sentiment is much aroused over the proposed Norton avenue extension of the street railway line, and arguments pro and con can be heard wherever there is a group of West Duluthians. The idea of a line for the hillside residents and the abandonment of the West Third street extension is very likely to be one of the special features of the next meeting of the Commercial club, and that body will be asked to lend its support for the proposed line. The residents in the district to be reached by the proposed loop system are very ardent in their support of the proposition. Said one citizen this morning:

"I am not a carpet-bagger. I reside here, I have property, and all my interests are here. I want to see street railway service in my neighborhood, and that is the reason I am out for the proposition. This talk from people that we ought not to urge the matter for fear that we will not get any line is unreasonable. Such people have no right to raise objections to our scheme unless they can propose a better one. There are a lot of people here that cannot for the life of them think of a scheme for good service to the greatest number of people, but they are always ready to work against somebody else who has one."

ATTENTION, 'LONGSHOREMEN

The funeral of George Penhale will take place from Asbury M. E. church, Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. The funeral procession will leave the late residence of the deceased at 1:30 sharp.

MOSE LeFAIVRE,
Vice President Local No. 12.

McGRAW-McDONALD.

Miss Kate McDonald, who for the past three years has made her home with the family of her cousin, Joseph Bellemuer, was united in marriage this morning with Patrick McGraw, a well-known 'longshoreman. The ceremony was performed in the St. James church at 8 o'clock this morning by Rev. James Feehely. It was witnessed by quite a gathering of the friends and relatives of the bride and groom. Miss Bella Bellemuer was bridesmaid and William Godfrey acted as best man. An elaborate dinner was served at the home of the groom on Ramsey street and Fifty-third avenue west, where Mr. and Mrs. McGraw will be at home after their wedding trip.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Emma Aldeen and Otto Herman Leffler will be married this evening at the Third Swedish Baptist church. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. A. Aldeen, a brother of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Leffler will be at home at 608 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

On Friday evening the quarters of the Commercial club will be opened and the club will have a celebration in honor of the event. The directors are to meet this evening and arrange the details of the affair. It is likely that the entertainment will be in the way of a smoker, and speeches will be made by the members.

The tea that was to have been given Thursday afternoon by the ladies of West Duluth hive No. 73, L. O. T. M., has been postponed, out of respect for George Penhale, whose funeral occurs tomorrow afternoon. The decedent was a Maccabee, and Mrs. Penhale is a member of the hive.

The funeral of Mrs. Joseph Hickson was held from the St. James church this afternoon. Interment was made at Calvary.

Ladies of West Duluth Council Degree of Pocahontas

Are requested to meet the Great Sachem at Great Eastern hall, Thursday evening, April 17. Important.

One of the West Duluth cars broke an axle at Twenty-fourth avenue west this morning and tied up the westbound cars for about a half hour.

A boy has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William C. Berglund, of 5202 Ramsey street.

Several West Duluthians left today for Winton, Minn., to work at the Swallow-Hopkins Lumber company's mill.

Dr. Robert Forbes returned yesterday from an extended trip over his district. He will preach at the Endion M. E. church next Sunday.

Mrs. Marguerite Holland has been called to Sandstone by the illness of her sister.

Degree of Honor No. 85 will give a basket social and dance Friday, April 18, at Gilley's hall. Ladies bring baskets. Tickets 25 cents. Good music.

Fillatrault, undertaker, West Duluth. For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

A MEAN JOKE.

Some Friends Have Fun With a Police Officer.

A policeman's lot is not a happy one.

Practical jokers are everlastingly telling the troubles of others to the officers.

Yesterday a man that makes a practice of giving the department "tips" informed an officer of a prospective elopement.

The officer appeared at the Union depot last night as the couple were boarding the train.

He interfered and then blushed and looked embarrassed when he found out that the couple had been married nearly two years.

The practical jokers stood back and laughed and then hastened to tell the friends of the officer.

This particular policeman, however, is putting up a great bluff as follows:

"Yes, it is the most singular case I have had in all my checkered career. That couple has been married for two years and the placidity and happiness of their home life wearing on them, they decided to relieve the monotony by all the features of an elopement. I learned of their intention and was at the depot to tender them my hearty congratulations. They are now off enjoying a second honeymoon, and I wonder why men fond of adventure do not oftener elope with their own wives.

"It is really just as exciting to a fervid imagination and far less hazardous in consequences. I tell you it's a great scheme to relieve the monotony of an even home-life. The wife, closely veiled, could meet the husband down near the canal or in some drug store, a carriage could be in readiness, one rapturous kiss and they whirl to the depot just in time to catch the St. Paul limited or the Fond du Lac accommodation, as fancy may dictate.

"If necessary they could hire some person to chase them and even get arrested. Think of the joy of rising up in court and dramatically proving that the lady is your wife! Then go home and settle down once more. It would be a nice harmless way of working off exhuberant spirits, and the wife would undoubtedly enjoy the trip."

* * *

There was a surprise party in police court this morning. Oliver Surprise was charged with drunkenness. The court, in a neat and appropriate speech of presentation, handed him one of those charming commitments to the county jail for ten days hard labor. The surprise of Oliver Surprise is not yet all over.

Painting and Decorating.
Only the best of material used and most skilled workmen employed. Prompt attention to work. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

Economy
—vs.—
Quality.

There is a point where cheapness ceases to be economy. When you want real quality and real economy come here.

Why?

Because you find skilled experience, modern methods, painstaking and painsaving here.

Duluth Dental Parlors,
3 W. Superior Street,
Near Lake Ave.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.
THE LARGEST FURNITURE STORE, DULUTH. THE BEST

Furniture | Crockery
Carpets and Rugs | House Furnishings
Draperies | Stoves

Baby Carriages and Go-Carts.
Remember we have over 100 to select from. The celebrated Kinley make
Go-Carts from...$4.25 to $47.50
Carriages from...$4.98 to $45.00
Folding Carts...$2.35
We guarantee all Vehicles and sell them on easy terms of credit.

The Imperial *Two best makes*
The Columbia *bicycles on the market.....*
See them before purchasing.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Clara D. Baker applicant to have registered the land described as follows:

Clara D. Baker, applicant to have registered the title to the land described as follows: Lot one (1), block thirty-eight (38), Lester Park, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in which county said land is situate, Plaintiff,

versus

Bruno Werner and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate, described in the application herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 15th day of April, A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk,
By H. A. LIEDEL, Deputy.
(Seal District Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
CORYATE S. WILSON,
DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS,
Attorneys for Applicant Plaintiff,
409-410 First National Bank building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30-1902.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR ALL

BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS,

Sick Headache, Constipation,

Wind and Pains in Stomach, Impaired Digestion,

Disordered Liver and Female Ailments.

The Sale now exceeds SIX MILLION Boxes per Annum.

Prepared only by the Proprietor, THOMAS BEECHAM, St. Helens, England.

Sold Everywhere, in Boxes, 10c. and 25c.

U. S. A. Depot, 365 Canal Street, New York.

NEW GYMNASIUM

Health, Strength, with Invigorating Baths of all kinds,

AT KASSMIR'S Turkish Bath Parlors,

310 West Superior St. and 311 W. Michigan St.

This gymnasium is completely fitted out new and in charge of a competent instructor. There is nothing so refreshing and healthy as a little work in the gymnasium before a good bath. You are invited to call and inspect our new apparatus of all kinds in our new gymnasium. Gymnasium instruction will be given from 4:30 to 6 p. m., and from 7:30 to 9:30 p. m.

Rates—Turkish bath with instruction $5 a month

OUR HARDWARE STORE,
OUR TINSHOP,
OUR BIKE REPAIR SHOP.
} Three in One

LEONARD'S HARDWARE STORE

1910 W. Superior St. 'Phone 424. Duluth.

FUNERAL

Services For Late Dr. Talmage Held at Washington.

Washington, April 16.—Funeral services were held at the Church of the Covenant yesterday afternoon over the body of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage. The large church was crowded to the doors. The funeral services began at 5 o'clock and occupied considerably over an hour. The Rev. Dr. Tunis S. Hamlin, pastor of the church and the Revs. Drs. Thomas Chalmers Eason, of this city, S. J. Nicholls, of St. Louis, and James Demarest, of Brooklyn, officiated. The casket rested immediately in front of the pulpit and over it was a massive bed of violets. The floral offerings were numerous, mostly lilies of the valley and white roses, including a wreath sent from the White House by President and Mrs. Roosevelt. The members of the stricken family occupied pews on the right while across the aisle from them were the honorary pall bearers: Justices Harlan and Brewer of the supreme court of the United States; Senators Cullom, Illinois; Burrows, Michigan, and Dolliver, Iowa; Representatives William Olden Smith, Michigan, ex-Secretary of State, John W. Foster, Revs. Dr. W. Klopsch, of New York, and Bittinger and Fiske, of this city; Dr. Magruder, of this city; E. H. Branch and I. H. Warner, of this city.

After the family had entered the male quartet sang "Lead, Kindly Light," a favorite hymn of Dr. Talmage and during the services sang "Beyond the Smiling and the Weeping," and "It is Well With My Soul." Dr. Hamlin, in his address pictured Dr. Talmage as one of the great clergymen of the century. He said that Dr. Talmage in his marvelous word pictures always bespoke hope and cheer; that he aimed at the hearts and emotions of the people instead of at their intellect. Dr. Demarest referred to the student life of the deceased. He said Dr. Talmage sometimes had been charged with being sensational but he was sensational because he must be and it was natural. He had in his early college life shown the same marks of brilliant, meteoric genius that won him distinction in later life. He said it was too early to measure Dr. Talmage; that death clears our vision, removes our prejudices and obliterates supposed faults. He said no man had lived so apostolic a life since the days of Paul. He said that Beecher, Spurgeon and Talmage were the three greatest preachers of the century, but that the last named was the prince of the pulpit. Dr. Nicols referred to the dead man's philanthropic deeds and characterized him as a brave heart and noble soldier of the cross.

Dr. Hamlin closed the services with a prayer asking the Divine mercy and consolation for the stricken family. Then the immediate relatives, first Mrs. Talmage, on the arm of her eldest son, Rev. Frank Talmage, of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Clarence L. Wickoff, of Utica, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Mangam, New York; and Mr. and Mrs. Donman, of Richmond, and others of the family followed, and passed to their carriages. Following this the crowd within the church passed before the bier. The casket remained in the church until late this evening, when it was placed on a special car attached to the Pennsylvania railway train leaving here for New York at 12:10 o'clock a. m.

THE GREAT DISMAL SWAMP

Of Virginia is a breeding ground of Malaria germs. So is low, wet or marshy ground everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles, and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. "We tried many remedies for Malaria and Stomach and Liver troubles," writes John Charleston of Byesville, O., "but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters." Try them. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction.

BANKRUPTS

Of Minnesota Paid Small Dividends on Their Liabilities.

St. Paul, April 16.—Referees in bankruptcy of the state have filed their semi-annual reports with the clerk of the United States district court, covering the six months ending April 1. Following is a summary of the reports:

William Burns, Winona district—Eight assignments; assets, $1446.52; liabilities, $25,659.46; dividends, $3700.99.

James Flittle, Mankato division—Thirty-two assignments; assets, $18,568.07; liabilities, $259,543.38; dividends, $5174.45.

William L. Parsons, Fergus Falls division—Thirty-two assignments; assets, $19,281.07; liabilities, $59,966.37; dividends, $7215.15.

Ole J. Vaule, Crookston division—Twenty-one assignments; assets, $2,063.62; liabilities, $41,451.60; dividends, $7104.53.

M. Doran, St. Paul division—Forty-seven assignments, assets, $45,037.35; liabilities, $653,736.12; dividends, $56.96.

Ernest W. Campbell, three assignments; assets, $2245; liabilities, $6299.21; dividends, none.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

AROUSED AT LAST

War Department to Investigate Charges of Cruelty.

Peremptory Instructions Issued to Gen. Chaffee at Manila.

Senate Committee Is Officially Notified By Secretary Root.

Washington, April 16.—As a result of the consideration by the cabinet of the charges of cruel treatment of Filipinos by United States soldiers, Secretary Root has made public the following correspondence:

War Department, Washington, April 15, 1902.

My Dear Senator: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your copy of the testimony of Sergt. Charles S. Riley and Private William Lewis Smith, late of the Twenty-sixth infantry, taken before your committee yesterday. I enclose a copy of a dispatch which has been sent today to Maj. Gen. Chaffee, commanding the division of the Philippines. Directions have been given to the judge advocate general of the army to take proper steps in accordance with the dispatch.

The war department will be glad to receive the earliest practicable information of any further evidence which may be elicited by the committee tending to fix responsibility upon anyone in the military service of the United States for any violation of any laws of war, or of the regulations or orders governing the operations of the army of the United States in the field. Very respectfully,

ELIHU ROOT,
Secretary of War.

To Hon. H. C. Lodge, United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

War Department, Washington, April 15, 1902.

Memorandum for the Adjutant General.

Cable Gen. Chaffee as follows: On Feb. 19 a letter was sent you enclosing for investigation copy of charges made by Governor Gardner of Tayabas province, which contained general allegations of cruelty practiced by troops on natives, and generally of an insolent and brutal attitude of the army towards natives.

On April 2 a cable dispatch was sent you urging action with all speed consistent with thorough and searching investigation.

On March 4 a cable dispatch was sent you directing disciplinary measures to procure obedience to the president's instructions subordinating military officers to civil government in pacified provinces, and instructing you to relieve Maj. Edwin F. Glenn and Capt. James A. Ryan for duty and order them to Manila to await investigation into their conduct, in accordance with instructions to follow by mail.

On March 26 instructions were mailed you containing statement of charges against these officers and Gen. Jacob H. Smith as the basis of the investigation ordered by the cable of March 4.

Further instructions in both matters are required by the following facts. Press dispatches state that upon the trial of Maj. Waller of the Marine corps testimony was given by Waller, corroborated by other witnesses, that Jacob H. Smith instructed him to kill and burn; that the more he killed and burned, the better pleased Gen. Smith would be; that it was no time to take prisoners, and that when Maj. Waller asked Gen. Smith to define the age limit for killing, he replied: "Everything over 10."

If such testimony can be given, and the facts can be established, you will place Gen. Smith on trial by court-martial.

Yesterday before the senate committee on Philippine affairs, Sergt. Charles Riley and Private William Lewis Smith, of the Twenty-sixth Volunteer infantry, testified that the form of torture, known as "The water cure," was administered to the presidente of the town of Igbarras, Iloilo province, Island of Panay, by a detachment of the Eighteenth United States infantry, under command of Lieut. Arthur L. Conger, under orders of Maj. Edwin F. Glenn, then captain of the Twenty-fifth infantry, and that Capt. and Assistant Surgeon Palmer Lyon, at that time a contract surgeon, was present to assist them. The officers named, or such of them as are found to be responsible for the act will be tried therefor by court-martial. Conger and Lyon are in this country. Both the Twenty-sixth Volunteer infantry and Eighteenth infantry, having returned to the United States, and most of the witnesses being presumptively here, the secretary of war directs that Maj. E. F. Glenn, Twenty-fifth infantry, be directed to proceed to San Francisco and report to the general commanding the department of California, with a view to his trial by court-martial under charges alleging the cruelties practiced by him upon a native of the Philippine Islands at Igbarras, on the 27th of June, 1900. If you can discover any witnesses still in the service in the Philippines, who can testify in support of the charges, or if Maj. Glenn desires the attendance of any persons now serving in the islands as witnesses for the defense, you will direct them to proceed to San Francisco for that purpose. As the two years allowed for the prosecution by the statute of limitations is nearly at an end, no time is to be lost. You will take such course in advancing or postponing the investigations previously ordered into the conduct of Gen. Smith and Maj. Glenn as shall be required to enable you to execute these instructions. It is believed that the violations of law and humanity, of which these cases, if true, are examples, will prove to be few and occasional, and not to characterize the conduct of the army generally in the Philippines; but the fact that any such acts of cruelty and barbarity appear to have been done indicates the necessity of a most thorough searching and exhaustive investigation in the general charges preferred by Governor Gardner, and you will spare no effort, in the investigation already ordered, under these charges to uncover every such case which may have occurred and bring the offenders to justice.

The president desires to know in the fullest and most circumstantial manner all the facts, nothing being concealed, and no man being for any reason favored or shielded. For the very reason that the president intends to back up the army in the heartiest fashion in every lawful and legitimate method of doing its work, he also intends to see that the most rigorous care is exercised to detect and prevent any cruelty or brutality, and that men who are guilty thereof are punished. Great as the provocation has been in dealing with foes who habitually resort to treachery, murder and torture, against our men, nothing can justify, or will be held to justify, the use of torture or inhuman conduct of any kind on the part of the American army.

ELIHU ROOT,
Secretary of War.

IGLESIAS ACQUITTED.

Supreme Court Allows Labor Agitator to Go.

San Juan, Porto Rico, April 16.—The supreme court of Porto Rico rendered a decision yesterday in the case of Santiago Iglesias, president of the Federation of Workmen of Porto Rico, who was sentenced last December to three years, four months and eight days imprisonment on the charge of conspiring to raise the price of labor in Porto Rico. The court acquitted Iglesias of all the charges against him, thus reversing the decision of the lower court. A fine of $25, however, for contempt of court in not appearing to answer summons was allowed to stand. Fifteen hundred Federation of Labor workingmen paraded through the San Juan streets. They stopped at the palace and saw Governor Hunt, who said a few words to them. Iglesias is now at Ponce, where he has organized several unions. There was a parade at Ponce when the news of the decision reached that place.

DISBELIEF IN ADAM.

Candidate For the Ministry Refused a License.

New York, April 16.—The theology taught at Union seminary received another black eye at the hands of the New York presbytery which refused to license a candidate from the seminary because of his views.

The candidate was Vincent Noll, who has been assisting at the Bohemian church in East Seventy-second street. Mr. Noll, who had just been graduated from Union, applied for examination for a license to preach.

The committee on examination examined Mr. Noll first in a committee room on everything except theology, and reported that he had passed. Following the usual custom Mr. Noll then, by request, appeared before the presbytery, and questions were put to him on disputed points in theology. Mr. Noll answered several satisfactorily. Finally he was asked about a passage in the fifth chapter of Romans, in which Adam was mentioned. He was asked if he believed Adam was a historical person. Mr. Noll shook his head.

"I cannot accept the belief that Adam was a creature of flesh and blood, as a historical person would have to be," said he.

Several ministers at once sprang to their feet. One of the conservatives said, with some indignation:

"If you cannot accept Adam as a person of flesh and blood it means that you practically say that St. Paul did not know what he was talking about."

Mr. Noll had another chance to explain, some of the ministers believing that his replies had been affected by nervousness, but he did not change his answers. It was then voted to refuse a license to Mr. Noll.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

It was announced today that the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks has purchased the Hotel Bedford at Bedford City, and will convert the building into a national Elks' home. Bedford City is on the Norfolk & Western Railway between Roanoke and Lynchburg.

W. H. Means, a farmer, formerly of Lexington, Mo., shot and killed his niece, Miss Lydia E. Means, 30 years old, with whom he had become infatuated. The murder was only discovered when Means surrendered. The body was found in a cottage where the couple had lived.

It is learned that the Northern Pacific wreck at Terry, in Custer county, was an explosive one in more ways than one, in addition to the loss of the mail car, $13,000 worth of bank notes consigned to the First National Bank of Miles City, were burned up.

While a stage was being lowered into the Concheno, Me., mine shaft, the cable broke and the nine occupants fell more than 200 feet. Five of the men were killed outright, and the other four are believed to be fatally injured. All were Mexicans.

Mrs. Lizzie Whitehouse, about 28 years of age, cook in the Highland hotel, Springfield, Mass., was shot and killed by a man dressed in woman's clothing. The murderer made his escape after a struggle with the bartender, Henry Krelbs, in which Krelbs was shot in the hand. The police are looking for Bernard Whitehouse, husband of the woman, who is believed to be the murderer.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had bat-

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M.
Medical Director.

tled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 686 Elektron building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

CANCEROUS ULCERS

develop sometimes from very trifling causes, and when and where you would least expect them. A boil, or abscess, burn, blister, wart, tumor, mole, or the simplest little pimple may be the beginning point of a malignant, frightful looking Cancerous Ulcer.

Apparently there is no difference between a Cancerous and Common Ulcer when they first make their appearance, and for this reason every ulcer, no matter how insignificant or harmless it may seem, and all slow healing sores should excite suspicion and cause alarm, particularly if any of your ancestors ever had Cancer, or you have good reason to think your blood is impure; for the sore, after all, is only the outgrowth, the external evidence of polluted blood, and nothing can check its progress until the cancer tainted, vitiated blood has been purified. All efforts to heal the ulcer by means of salves or other external remedies will result in failure, for such treatment can have no possible effect upon the deadly germs and morbid matter that form in the blood and are carried through the circulation to the sore.

MOTHER, TWO AUNTS, AND ONLY SISTER DIED OF CANCER OF THE BREAST.

I had a Cancer on my left breast, which caused me great pain for three or four years. At times the pains were deep and shooting. The ulcer discharged yellow and rather offensive matter. I had given up all hope, as the doctors gave me no relief.

My mother, two aunts and an only sister died of Cancer of the breast, and I am satisfied that I, too, would have been gone but for S. S. S. I felt some better after the first bottle, and after using only seven bottles, was cured. This was several years ago but have seen no signs of the Cancer since. I would urge all who are suffering from the disease to give S. S. S. a trial.

Belton, Mo. MRS. JAMES CASSELL.

A SMALL SORE CAME ON THE INSIDE OF HIS LIP.

About the first of February, 1899, I noticed a small lump on the inside of my lower lip. It annoyed me considerably; the doctor cauterized it and in a few days it dropped off, but shortly after another came and broke into an open sore, and in spite of the large number of remedies I tried, it would not heal. I then went to another, and he gave me something to put on the sore, saying if it did not cure he would cut the sore out. I used his medicine, but received no benefit. I decided a blood purifier was what I needed, and began to take S. S. S. The ulcer was growing rapidly, with some pain and a crawling, creeping feeling. At first S. S. S. seemed to make the sore worse, but this soon changed, and after I had taken seven bottles the place healed entirely; my general health improved and I am as well now as ever and no signs of the disease have been seen since.

Hollands, S. C. W. P. BROWN.

WOULD SCAB OVER, BUT NOT HEAL.

Mr. Jno. Massie, Owensboro, Ky., writes: "About three years ago a blister came on the right side of my nose. It grew steadily in spite of all efforts to heal it up; the pain was not very severe at first, but increased when the sore began to inflame and discharge matter. At times the place would scab over and appear to be getting well, but the scab would drop off, leaving a red, angry looking ulcer. I had almost despaired of ever curing the Cancer when my attention was called to S. S. S., and after taking a few bottles the Cancer began to gradually grow smaller, the discharge stopped, and I was relieved of the terrible disease."

Cancerous Ulcers can be reached only by a remedy that acts upon and through the blood system, and this is just what S. S. S. does. It goes to the fountain head of the disease, and drives out the germ producing poisons which cause the ulcer, and purifies and builds up again the deteriorated blood. This is the only true and logical treatment for sores of this character.

SSS

By the use of S. S. S. the ulcer is supplied with pure, strong blood, which quickly allays the inflammation and forces out all the irritating poisons, and allows the sore to heal naturally and permanently. S. S. S. acts also as a tonic, and where the constitution has become debilitated and weakened, it restores vitality and strengthens the nervous system, and helps the appetite and digestion. S. S. S. contains no Mercury, Potash or other minerals, but is guaranteed purely vegetable.

Those having a chronic ulcer or sore of any kind that is slow in healing, whether located upon the body or internally, will receive medical advice and such special information as they desire free of cost. Book on Cancer and Other Diseases of the Blood sent free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

TOO FAT

To Slide Down Firemen's Pole With Safety.

New York, April 16.—As a result of the attempt to follow the example of a companion and emulate the firemen in sliding down the poles in the firehouses, Mrs. Sallie Eisler of 82 Riverdale avenue, Yonkers, is confined to her home and will remain there for several days. Mrs. Eisler is a heavy woman, weighing about 200 pounds, although still quite young. Yesterday afternoon, in company with Miss Beiner, Miss Glasson and Miss Kleine, she visited the house of City Hose company and asked permission to inspect the building. This was granted, and Firemen Greenhagh was assigned to conduct the women around. While up-stairs in the main dormitory, Greenhagh was called away for a few moments, leaving the four women alone near one of the sliding poles. In a joke one of them suggested that they all four slide down the poles as the firemen do. Miss Beiner immediately accepted the challenge, and seizing hold of the glistening upright, glided safely down to the lower floor. The challenge was quickly passed to Mrs. Eisler and accepted. As Fireman Greenhagh appeared at the door Mrs. Eisler was seen to quickly grasp the pole and start downward. She proceeded about half way safely and then let go her hold, falling the remainder of the distance. She landed heavily on her side and sustained a number of severe bruises and a compound fracture of the leg.

NEW CRUSOE FOUND.

Cast Away on Island Seventeen Years Ago.

Honolulu, April 8, via San Francisco, Cal., April 16.—By the steamship China comes a story of a real Japanese Robinson Crusoe, who lived for seventeen years on a deserted island near Gensan, off Corea.

The man was seen by the Japanese master of a fishing schooner, who thought him a monster from his wild appearance and did not dare land. He reported to the Japanese government, which sent a torpedo boat in search of the man on the island. He was found and brought back to Nagasaki.

The man had been so long without companionship that he was reduced almost to imbecility. His hair and beard were long and unkempt, and he had almost lost the power of speech. He had been cast away on the island seventeen years ago and had subsisted since that time on seaweed and fish, living in a cave. He was entirely without implements of iron or any means of utilizing the scanty materials of nature which the island furnished.

ROMANCE CULMINATED

In Marriage of Miss Murphy and John Muhlfield.

Chicago, April 16.—A romance extending over a period of several years had its culmination Monday night when Miss Marie Lamour Murphy, an actress formerly with the "Liberty Bell" and other companies, was wedded to John Erhardt Muhlfeld, of Moncton, N. B., superintendent of machinery and rolling stock of the Intercolonial railway in Canada.

The wedding took place in this city, being solemnized at the residence of R. S. Dement, 3433 South Park avenue, an uncle of the bride. The service was pronounced by Rev. Father F. C. Wiechman, of Gas City, Ind., chaplain of the National Military home, who is also an uncle of the bride. The parents of the bride reside at Los Angeles, Cal., but her mother arrived here several days ago to assist in the preparation for the union.

Mr. Muhlfeld and Miss Murphy were both former residents of Peru, Ind., and it was there that they met and were betrothed. Shortly afterward they separated, he going to Purdue university and she choosing the life of an actress.

CABLE FLASHES.

In an article published in the National Zeitung, the earnings in 1901 of the two German branches of the Standard Oil company are shown to have been 44½ and 38 per cent respectively.

A serious fire has broken out on board the British steamer Port Antony, belonging to the Elder Dempster line. She has been berthed at Kingston, Jamaica, and in spite of strenuous efforts the flames cannot be checked. Her lower decks have already burned out. Two seamen were badly burned.

Antonia Bennberg, a well-known author and dramatist, committed suicide at Vienna, by shooting with a revolver. She was disappointed at the failure of three of her plays which were produced at the Deutsche Volks theater last Saturday.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

Price 25 Cents

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

IN CLEANING HOUSE

Which is one of the necessary things at this time of the year, you will find a most valuable exterminator and preventative of offensive insects by using

OUR BED BUG KILLER.

It is guaranteed to do the work, hereby making house-cleaning complete.

Now is the time to store away heavy clothing, furs, etc. Our

Extra Refined Moth Balls

Insures your valuables against moths, as they are the finest and most carefully prepared moth balls on the market.

MAX WIRTH,
Druggist,
13 West Superior St.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seven hundred twenty-four dollars which is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at this date upon a certain mortgage made by Rufus P. Edson and Clara A. Edson, his wife, mortgagors to Fred O. Cooley, mortgagee, dated August 4th, 1893, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 5th day of August, 1893, at 8:10 o'clock a. m. in Book 80 of mortgages on page 163, which mortgage was duly assigned by said mortgagee to W. H. Carey by assignment duly recorded in said register of deeds office in Book 147 of mortgages, on page 243, and which mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by John R. Carey, administrator of the estate of W. H. Carey, deceased, to the undersigned Hattie M. Miller by assignment duly recorded in said office in Book 189 of mortgages on page 43.

And whereas, no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover any part of said debt, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: The undivided one-half of lots number sixty-one (61), sixty-two (62), sixty-three (63) and sixty-four (64), Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Also the undivided one-fourth of the south half of the southwest quarter of section four (4), in township forty-nine (49) north of range fifteen (15) west. Which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 17th day of May, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees as provided in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated April 1st, 1902.

HATTIE M. MILLER,
Assignee of Mortgage.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-2-9-16-23-30-May-7-1902.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Fluctuated Considerably and Finally Closed Lower.

Cables Higher But Uncertainty Over English Duties Continued.

Flax Trading Was Light and Prices Showed a Decline.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 16.—The wheat market started out this morning with some strength on account of the higher cables. It eased off on selling induced by the uncertainty over the English duties and by the news of rains in the Southwest but soon rallied on heavy buying at Chicago. This did not continue, however, and the market again eased off on profit-taking.

Primary receipts of wheat were 253,000 bus, last year 181,000 bus. Shipments 297,000 bus, last year 311,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 407,000 bus.

Corn had a sharp slump in the Chicago market declining 1½@1¾c while oats continued unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 154,000 bus, last year 367,000 bus. Shipments 234,000 bus, last year 177,000 bus. Clearances were 52,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 96 cars, and at Chicago, 48, a total of 144 cars, against 81 last week and 203 last year.

Wheat was active today on the Duluth board. It opened ⅛c off at 73¾c, sold up to 74c at 10:5 and then fell to 73½c at 10:55. From that point it turned upward again, selling at 73⅞c at 11:24. From there it declined to 73¼c at 12:30, sold at 73⅝c at 12:48 and then declined again and closed at 73¼c, a decline of ⅝c. Chicago fell ⅝@⅝c and Minneapolis ⅜@½c.

Cash sales were at May price for No. 1 northern, 2½c under for No. 2 and 4½c under for No. 3. Sales were 5000 bus.

Flax trading was light. The market sold ⅛c down to $1.75⅜ and rallied to $1.77, finally closing there. The September option dropped 5c and October 3c.

Oats fell ¼c, corn 1c and rye was up ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; No. 2 northern, 70½c. No. 3 spring, 68¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 70¾c; May, 73¼c; July, 75⅜-⅝c; Manitoba No. 1 northern cash, 72½c; May, 72½c. No. 2 northern, 69c. Oats, 43½c. Rye, 55c. Flax, cash, $1.76½; to arrive, $1.76½; May, $1.77; September, $1.37; October, $1.32. Corn, 61c.

Receipts—Wheat, 14 cars; flax, 1178. Shipments—Wheat, 174,828; rye, 126,262.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1700 bus.....80.73¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car.....73¾
No. 2 northern, 1000 bus.....72
Flax, 1 car, cash.....1.76

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Higher Cables Cause Active Opening In Wheat.

Chicago, April 16.—Wheat trade opened active and stronger on higher cables, May started a shade to ⅛@¼c higher at 74c to 74⅛c and touched 74⅜c. The feeling was still mixed on the question of the English duties, and on news of rains in the Southwest the crowd sold some easing May to 73⅞c. Commission houses were on both sides of the market. After the first dip, big local buying of a mysterious nature set in and May rallied quickly to 74⅝c and steadied. Local receipts were 48 cars, one of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported only 96 cars, making a total for the three points of 144 cars, against 81 last week and 203 a year ago.

May sold early as high at 74⅝c, on damage reports and a good demand, but when St. Louis began unloading and reports of rains in Iowa were received, there was a bad slump. May sold down to 73⅛c, and closed weak ⅝@¾c lower, at 73¼c.

There was fair selling by scalpers early in the day and prices were pushed back a little from the close of last night. Cables were firm and the wheat strength aided somewhat and prices rallied fairly well. May corn opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 62c to 62⅛c, touched 61¾c, declined to 62⅜c and gradually worked back to a steadier position around 62⅝c. July was bought liberally and held to higher taken well and brought a firm feeling. prices. Receipts were only 34 cars.

Corn turned very weak after the early trading. St. Louis and the Southwest were weak and following that influence, May broke to 61⅜c, closing weak, 1¼c lower, at 61⅝c.

Fairly liberal offerings in oats were Trade was not heavy. July had a fair demand. Some confusion still was experienced because of the new grading of standard oats. May opened unchanged at 43c and sold between 43¼c and 42⅞c, steadying at 43⅛c. Receipts were only 89 cars.

Provisions were liquidated at the opening, especially pork and ribs and on an early weak hog market prices declined. Later hogs steadied, shorts covered and the decline was checked. Brokers were the principal sellers. May pork opened 12c down at 18.85 and sold off to $16.77½; May lard 10 to 12½c lower at $9.67½ to $9.70 and sold at $9.65, and May ribs 10c lower at $9.10.

Close: Wheat—April, 73c; May, 73¼c; July, 74⅛@74¼c; September, 73¾c; December, 75c. Corn—April, 61¾c; May, 61¾c; July, 62½c; September, 61⅝c; December, 48¼c. Oats—April, 42¾c; May, 43c; July, 35½c; new July, 37c; September, 30⅜c; new September, 32⅝c; December, 32c; December, new, 32¾c. Pork—April, $16.87½; May, $16.77½; July, $16.95; September, $17.00. Lard—April, $9.70; May, $9.70; July, $9.90; September, $9.90. Ribs—April, $9.15; May, $9.15; July, $9.27½@9.30; September, $9.35@9.37½. Flax—Cash, $1.78; Southwest, $1.65¾; May, $1.87; September, $1.38. Rye—May, 55½c; July, 56½c. Barley—Cash, 62@68c. Timothy—April, $6.85. Clover—April, $7.50. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 82¼c; No. 3 red, 78@82c; No. 2 hard winter, 76@77c; No. 3 hard winter, 75@76c; No. 1 northern spring, 75¾@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 73½@74c; No. 3 spring, 70@74c. Corn—No. 3, 61½@62¼c. Oats—No. 2, 43@43½c; No. 3, 42¾@43c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was active and irregular. The weather reports from the Southwest show showers in the extreme West. Clear weather is expected, however, and on this there was further covering of shorts, which caused an advance and this brought out long wheat, and the market eased off. The cables did not full show the advance here yesterday. Although the receipts are small and exports large yet it is essentially a weather market. Conditions on whole winter wheat crop reported from day to day seem to be growing less favorable. This is not to be wondered at when it is realized that the whole West has been without adequate rains for more than a year. It will take more than mere showers to relieve the situation and are still inclined to think the wheat ought to be bought on the weak spots.

* * *

A. H. Farnum's morning gossip: Wheat is a little higher than it would be but for the damage already done to winter wheat and the fact that the country is exceedingly dry yet. Still the advance from this cause has been small with no chance and I believe, the prospects for a big advance are good. Any break is likely to be small. The best authorities that we know now set the Oklahoma and Kansas yield at not over 40 over last year.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Our Mr. Theron Logan, who has been as far west as Colorado Springs and has traveled east to Kansas City, wires us from the latter place as follows: "The crop news they are getting here is very sensational. In Kansas and Oklahoma not half a crop is expected, according to letters much of it has already been plowed up they claim and has been put into oats, the acreage of which will be unprecedented."

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 16.—Close: Wheat, spot, steady; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 3½d; No. 1 California, 6s 3½d; futures, steady; May, 6s 5d; July, 5s 11¾d. Corn, spot, steady; American mixed, new, 5s 6½d; American mixed, old, 5s 3¼d; futures, quiet; May, nominal; July, 5s 3¼d; October, 5s.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73½	73¾-½	73⅞-74⅛	80½
High	74	73¾	74⅜-½	80⅝
Low	73½	72	73⅛	79⅝-¾
Close	73¼B	72-1/8	73¼	79⅝
July—				
Open	74¼A	73⅞	74⅞-75⅛	80⅝
High	74⅜	74½	75½	80¾
Low	73⅝-¾	73¼-⅜	74⅛	79⅞-⅝
Close	73¾-⅞	73¼-⅜	74⅝-¼	79½B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	43	63½@63-½	$16.85
High	43¼	63¼	$16.85
Low	42⅞	61⅝	$16.72
Close	43	61¾	$16.77

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 16.—Close: Wheat, May, 72¾@¼c; July, 73¼@⅜c; on track, No. 1 hard, 75½c; No. 1 northern, 73¼@¾c; No. 2 northern, 71¾@72½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 16.—Close: Wheat, May, 79⅝c; July, 79½c. Corn, May, 67⅜c; July, 67c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 71¼-⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅛-⅜c.
Curb, May wheat, 72-1½c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, April 16.—There was a large and active trade in wheat today and the market, after ruling firm early, on further buying by bulls later in the day became weak, and prices broke 1½c from the high point on liquidation owing to disappointing cables from abroad and reported rains throughout the winter wheat belt. The close was heavy at the lowest point of the day. May 74c, July 74c and September 75c lower than last night. Liverpool reported their market ¾d to ⅞d higher. Continental markets were irregular, some higher and some lower. Receipts at Chicago and the Northwest were 144 cars against 81 last week and 253 last year. Cash demand here was very quiet, in fact the seaboard was trying to recall recent purchases. Broomhall cabled the official crop report of India states that rain has improved the crop prospects in that country.

Weather abroad continues favorable, in fact, is all that could be desired for the growing crop. After good rains and warmer weather we look for decided improvement in the crop prospects in this country. The recent advance has been purely professional, no outside support was visible. While we look for a fluctuating market we think the tendency will be toward a lower level, unless we get some unforseen accident to any the growing crops in Europe. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40 cars.

The corn market generally followed the course of wheat. After ruling firm early, later sharply broke on liquidation by longs and the close was weak. May 1¾c and July and September ⅝c lower than last night. Foreign markets were quiet. Liverpool closed ¾ to 1d higher for the day. Country offerings were somewhat larger, cash demand very light. Trade was large all day and the undertone to the market toward the end of the session was decidedly weak, with every indication of a further decline. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 60 cars.

Oats ruled quiet all day within a narrow range and no special feature. May closed practically unchanged from last night, July and September ½c lower in sympathy with the weakness in corn. Country offerings were larger, cash demand fairly good. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 120 cars.

Provisions opened very weak on large receipts of hogs and lower prices at the yards. The market ruled most of the day dull and weak, but was given support and rallied, closing decidedly lower for pork and lard. It was surmised that leading operators were selling lard and supporting ribs. Weakness in grain had a depressing effect on outsiders and they were disposed to sell. We believe that with an abundance of hogs arriving, and those to come forward, and the slack cash demand, that present prices are normally high and that lower prices will rule shortly. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 31,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 16.—Cattle—Receipts, 18,000; steady to weak; good to prime steers, $6.75@7.40; poor to medium, $4.75@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@6.25; cows, $1.40@5.00; heifers, $2.50@6.35; canners, $1.40@2.50; bulls, $2.50@4.15; calves, $2.50@5.25; Texas steers, $3.25@6.25. Hogs—Receipts, 30,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 9000; 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.25@7.40; rough heavy, $7.00@7.25; light, $6.80@7.05; bulk of sales, $7.00@7.25. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000; sheep, strong; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.25@6.00; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.40; Western sheep, $4.75@6.50; native lambs, $4.75@6.50; Western lambs, $5.25@6.45. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 3719; hogs, 20,546; sheep, 15,613. Shipments—Cattle, 2210; hogs, 3153; sheep, 2568.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that buyers from Dakota and local quarters were buying in large numbers farm mares and all other classes moved freely and prices slightly lower on the medium and common grades. Values:

Values, extra	$160@210
Drafters, choice	130@160
Drafters, common to good	115@130
Farm mares, extra	125@145
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

Main Office—333-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—106 West Superior St.

Dealer in **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,

408 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel)

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.

Copper Stocks a Specialty!

Leased wires to New York and Boston.

F. M. Crouch, Manager. Both 'Phones

Edwards, Wood & Co.,

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,

Private Wire.

MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls

A, Manhattan Building, St. Paul. 3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis. Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co

BANKERS and BROKERS,

27 STATE STREET, BOSTON

Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.

Copper Stock a Specialty.

Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.

Will C. Brown, Resident Manager

BOTH 'PHONES.

LAND SCRIP!

Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.

H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

ACQUITTED.

Brunette and McArthur Not Guilty of Firing Jail.

St. Paul, April 16.—A Fergus Falls, Minn., special to the Dispatch, says: The trial of William Burnette and John McArthur charged with burning the White Earth jail, resulted in a verdict of not guilty. The prosecution showed that the defendants had threatened to burn the jail when arrested. The defense rested on their denials and the improbability of the men setting fire to a structure in which they were locked up. Frank Morrison charged with liquor selling on the reservation, was acquitted. Frank Bellcourt, charged with the same offense, was found guilty and given 60 days in jail and $100 fine. Federal court adjourned this morning.

The residence of John Frost in the eastern part of this city was totally destroyed by fire at midnight last night. The family was absent at a dance at the time.

FOR PEACE.

Prospects Are Looking Considerably Stronger In England.

London, April 16.—The British cabinet held another meeting today for the purpose of considering a communication from the Boer representatives, who are now at Pretoria, and a message from Lord Milner, the British high commissioner in South Africa. The session was extremely brief.

After the cabinet meeting, Lord Salisbury, the premier, had an audience with King Edward at Buckingham palace, and stayed to lunch with his majesty. The latter afterwards went to Sandringham.

Later, it was asserted that the communication from Lord Kitchener, considered at the cabinet meeting, contained the first clear statement of the attitude of the Boer leaders, who hitherto had not agreed on the peace terms they would accept.

The St. James Gazette predicts an early public announcement of the progress of the negotiations. The paper says there is little doubt that if the British and Boers arrive at an understanding on the main points of the proposals, peace will ensue, the banishment proclamation will be withdrawn, and minor points, like restoring the farms, will be referred to a board composed of British and Boer representatives.

AFTER DELINQUENTS.

Sheriff to Get After Those Behind on Taxes.

Next week those who have not paid their personal property taxes will hear from the sheriff.

The delinquent lists are still in the hands of the clerk of district court, but warrants are being made out, and next week the lists of backward owners of personal property will be placed in the hands of the sheriff for collection.

So far there has been no actual dunning on the taxes of 1901. They became due in January, the penalty went on March 1, they were turned over to the clerk early this month, and now they will go shortly to the sheriff. It is this officer that does all the dunning on personal property taxes, and he is at liberty to take pretty severe measures in enforcing payment.

ROBBERY.

Those Active Range Criminals Make a Haul at Sparta.

The office of the Sparta Iron company, at Sparta, near Eveleth, was broken into last night and thieves stole a checkbook, containing checks numbered from 7385 to 7707, all made out to the employes, and signed with the name of the president, G. A. St. Clair. The checks were complete with the exception of the dates, and the officials of the company have been sending out notices to the adjoining cities and towns to look out for the checks should any be presented. The checks were all drawn on the First National bank, of Duluth. Up to this noon there was no clue found of the thieves, and it is thought that the burglary was the work of men somewhat acquainted with the office customs.

There is a new theory of the attempted robbery of the station at Eveleth now. It is that instead of making a mistake in judgment and putting too much explosives in the safe, the explosion from the safe jarred and set off a lot of dynamite in the station.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Marked Strength Shown Early But Close was Irregular.

Indications of Important Liquidation In the Steel Stocks.

Expected Smash After the Louisville Rise Did Not Come.

New York, April 16.—There was an excited opening in the stock market today, a number of stocks opening wide on simultaneous sales of several thousand shares. Southern Railway opened at 38½ to 38¾ with 15,000 shares changing hands. Last night's price was 37⅞. The first sales of 2500 shares of St. Paul were at 171½ and 171⅝, compared with 169¾ last night. A sale of 1500 shares of Colorado Fuel was made at 100½ to 101 and afterwards the stock ran up to 105, compared with 99½ last night. The opening in Louisville & Nashville was very feverish, the stock opening unchanged, failing a point and then rallying quickly to a point over last night. International Power jumped 4⅛ and there were gains of a point or more in Baltimore & Ohio, Canada Southern, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville and Sugar. Amalgamated Copper sold at 67¼ to 65 on the transfer of 3500 shares, compared with 66¼ last night. Anaconda dropped 2¼ on the reduction in the dividend. Southern Railway fell off after the opening to last night's level and the market continued very active and feverish. The demand for stocks was very active and varied but it was steadily met by sales to take profits by yesterday's buyers. Stocks which had opened materially higher were carried down under this pressure. Southern Railway reacted to 37 with long strings of transactions in 1000 to 5000 share lots. Colorado Fuel fell back to 99¾ and St. Paul and some of the other active stocks a point or more. Amalgamated Copper fell 1⅜ but met support and rallied 1½ as did Anaconda after a decline of 4 points. There was a number of additional stocks which rose a point or more in the opening dealings, but all gave way to realizing.

Chicago, Milwaukee & Wheeling rose 7½ on a single sale. When Southern Railway rallied it met large selling again, but Chesapeake & Ohio and Norfolk & Western took up the advance, the former rising 1¾ and the market became firm again. Reading common and second preferred, Delaware & Hudson and Erie common and first preferred advanced 1@1½. Southern Railway recovered to 38⅜. Gains of 1 to 2 points were made by a number of conspicuous railroad and industrial stocks. All the local tractions moved up strongly. Metropolitan rising about 2 points. International Power rose to 157⅜ or 5⅜ over last night. Profit taking was resumed before noon carrying the grangers and Pacifics to the lowest. Louisville fell to 126 again and Southern Railway yielded to 37½. The coalers were also affected by the reaction and the market became dull. Bonds were steady at noon.

Losses of from 2 to 2⅜ were made by General Electric, U. S. Rubber preferred and Northwestern before their general decline was checked by the rally in the coalers. This group sold higher than before and infused momentary strength to the railroad list. The Western stocks became reactionary later despite large advances in some of the Junior Vanderbilts. Canada Southern advanced 4⅜, Cleveland, C., C. & St. Louis 2⅜ and New York, Chicago & St. Louis common and second preferred 1½@2½. American Locomotive rose above 34 on large dealings and there was a sharp reaction in Colorado Fuel. The market was spotty and irregular, but inclined to drop. Atchison, Wisconsin Central stocks, Chicago Terminal stocks, Iowa Central preferred, Evansville & Terre Haute and North American rose a point or more and International Power rose an extreme 11⅞ and New York Air Brake 2⅝. Other stocks which had shown marked strength were dull and heavy.

The demand for the Wisconsin Central stocks became urgent, lifting them over 3 points each. Realizing was active at other points, which held prices back. A number of important stocks were below last night, Louisville & Nashville falling 2¼. The closing was active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	66	64⅜	65½
Anaconda	113¼	112	113
Atchison, T. & S. F.	80⅞	79⅜	80⅜
do pfd	98¾	97⅝	98¼
Baltimore & Ohio	109⅝	108½	109
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	68¾	67¾	68¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	48	46⅜	47¾
Chicago & Alton	37¼	36⅞	37
Col. F. & I.	106½	100	102⅞
Chi. Great Western, com	26	24⅞	25⅝
Erie, com	37⅞	37	37⅝
do 1st pfd	69¾	68¾	69
do 2nd pfd	54⅝	53⅜	54
Great Northern pfd	186¼	186	186
Louisville & Nashville	128	124⅜	125¾
Manhattan	127⅝	125½	125⅝
do pfd	84½	84	84½
Manhattan Con.	133⅝	132½	132½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	69½	69	69⅝
do pfd	121	119⅜	121
Missouri Pacific	101¾	100⅜	100⅝
New York Central	163⅞	163	163⅝
Norfolk & Western	57⅝	57¼	57⅞
Ontario & Western	35⅜	32⅝	33
Pennsylvania	151⅛	150½	150⅝
Pacific Mail	43½	42½	43½
People's Gas	102⅝	102	102⅜
Republic Iron and Steel	17¾	17	17¼
do pfd	73¼	72⅞	73
Reading	59¾	57⅞	59⅜
do 1st pfd	83¼	82½	82¾
do 2d pfd	69⅜	68¼	69½
Rock Island	174½	173⅜	174
Southern Railway	38½	37	37
do pfd	97½	96⅛	96½
Southern Pacific	67¼	66⅝	66⅝
Smelter	46½	46½	46½
do pfd	97½	97⅛	97⅜
Sugar	133¼	131½	133
St. Paul	171½	170⅜	171⅜
T. C. & I.	70⅜	69½	69⅝
Texas Pacific	44¼	43	43¾
Union Pacific	103⅛	102	102¼
do pfd	87⅜	87½	87½
U. S. Steel	41⅛	40⅝	41
do pfd	93⅝	93½	93⅝
Wabash	24⅜	24¼	23⅜
do pfd	44½	44	44¼
Western Union	91½	90⅝	91½
Wisconsin Central	27¼	24	27¼
do pfd	50¾	47	49¾
American Ice	17¼	16¾	17¼
Metropolitan	158	153½	154½

The total sales were 1,317,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.: The market is a surprise to those traders who counted on a big smash following the rise in Louisville & Nashville and the feeling in financial circles tonight is that it will continue broad and strong with new leaders to the front in the shape of Southwestern stocks. Of the latter Atchison, Union Pacific and Texas Pacific are prominently mentioned. The first named is being accumulated on improving crop prospects, increasing earnings and the contention that the stock paying 4 per cent is compared with others of its class. It is pointed out that almost without exception the common stocks of big Western and Southwestern railroad systems recognized by the banking interests, in the past ten years, are selling above 90, with stocks like Baltimore & Ohio and Union Pacific quoted above par. In the case of Union Pacific and Texas Pacific, observant brokers think that they see signs of persistent and unostentatious buying of the same interests which have advanced Louisville & Nashville and Southern railroad common. Comment on the speculative system shows that the entire financial community is reassured by the fact that the outcome of the Louisville episode means that Louisville & Nashville and Southern Railway will be operated in closer harmony than ever before.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.: We think that Atchison will be the next stock to show any flurry as that is the only remaining stock that can be acquired by some other line.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The Western contingent seem determined to force a bull movement, working on the theory that the public are sure to come in if they put the prices up and to some extent their theory is correct. I am inclined to think that a prolonged bull market at the present time is not probable. I still think it is safe to keep long of stocks like Baltimore & Ohio, Southern Pacific and Penna. Canadian Pacific should go higher. The steel stocks look like a buy. I think coppers a buy on any reaction.

* * *

Dow, Jones & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The general situation regarding the Louisville & Nashville deal is that Mr. Gates wanted control of the Southern Railway in order that it would work in harmony with the Louisville & Nashville and that he went into the market to buy the stock, which accounts for the sharp advance in Southern Railway yesterday.

* * *

Dow, Jones & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: H. C. Frick has just deposited with J. P. Morgan & Co. one certificate for 100,000 shares of United States Steel preferred. This is the largest certificate in existence and nets Mr. Frick an income of $700,000 annually.

* * *

Logan & Bryan: The stock market is active, but again irregular. Louisville & Nashville and Southern Railway have quieted down. Colorado Fuel was advanced sharply and there is something doing in Wisconsin Central at advancing prices. The list as a whole is irregular. There are light rains West and Southwest, but nothing yet like general rains to afford relief from prevailing dry conditions. Unless this comes soon we are still inclined to think the crop situation will be an important factor in the stock market. Wall street bulled stock last summer long after the corn crop was destroyed, because they did not want to believe it. Steel stocks are heavy and there is every indication that important liquidation has been going on for some time past. We think the outside, while it is inactive, is selling more stocks than it is buying.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22½	23
Arcadian	8	8¼
Allouez	3½	4
Arnold	50	100
Atlantic	28	30
Anaconda	27½	28¼
Amalgamated	65¼	65⅝
Calumet and Hecla	585	600
Centennial	19½	20
Franklin	12	...
Isle Royale	14½	15
Bingham	23¼	23¾
Mass	18¼	18¾
Mayflower	2⅝	3
National	1½	2
Mohawk	36⅜	37
Michigan	11	11½
Old Colony	3½	4
Od Dominion	21¼	22
Osceola	62	63
Parrot	27½	28
Phoenix	3½	4
Quincy	127	130
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1½	2
Trimountain	98	101
Utah	22½	22¾
Victoria	5¼	5¾
Winona	1¾	2
Wolverine	53½	54½
Wyandot	1	1¼
Elm River	3	3½
Trinity	13¼	13¾
Dominion Coal	142½	145
U. S. Mining	21⅜	21½
Copper Range Con.	59¼	59⅝
Calumet and Arizona	35	...

COPPER GOSSIP.

Houghton to Paine, Webber & Co.—The steamer J. M. Nicol is loading 750 tons of copper at the Tamarack smelter. This is the earliest shipment of refined copper in the history of this district. Calumet and Hecla will make a like shipment today.

* * *

Houghton to Paine, Webber & Co.—Baltic openings now are ample to supply 2000 tons of rock daily. No. 3 hoist will be ready today when seven skips will be in operation four are hoisting rock now. The lode is yielding more stamp rock than earlier estimated. No. 3 shaft is sinking to the eighteenth level.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—At the annual meeting of the Franklin Mining company the directors were re-elected by 56,304 shares. In response to a question by stockholders, President Raymond stated that at the present price of copper of 12 cents per pound the company could run its mine without loss as the cost of production in the past three months has averaged about 11 cents. At 14 cents the company would be in a position to pay dividends.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Weber & Co.: Uncertainty as to what the dividend on Amalgamated will be has caused the coppers to be heavier today. The meeting on dividend of the Amalgamated will be held tomorrow and it is quite generally expected that ½ of 1 per cent will be declared. The dividend has sold as high as ⅝ of 1 per cent today. There was excellent buying of Consolidated on the break.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 16.—Cotton opened steady with prices unchanged to 3 points lower on Liverpool weakness. Receipts at the ports and in the interior were heavy and support was tame. May sold at 901, July 900 and August at 883. Liverpool stiffened up part of the close and this gave the local market a rally of 2 to 3 points.

Spot cotton closed quiet, 1-16c higher; middling uplands, 9 5-16c; middling gulf, 9 9-16c; sales, 3875 bales. Citton futures closed quiet and steady: April, 9.14; May, 9.06; June, 9.04; July, 9.01; August, 8.81; September, 8.37; October, 8.16; November, 8.07; December, 8.06; January, 8.06.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 16.—Money on call, firm, at 4@5½ per cent; closing bid and asked 4@4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5¼ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand, and at $4.83¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85¼; bar silver, 53¾c; Mexican dollars, 43c; government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 16.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $177,415,422; gold, $92,917,227; silver, $19,373,719; U. S. notes, $8,769,737; treasury notes of 1890, $173,766; national bank notes, $9,417,756; total receipts this day, $2,964,293; total receipts this month, $24,405,618; total receipts this year, $443,408,498; total expenditures this day, $2,080,000; total expenditures this month, $22,175,000; total expenditures this year $380,019,901; deposits in national banks, $119,843,865.

Virginia Feeling Good.

"Virginia is feeling good this spring," said M. C. Palmer, who arrived at the St. Louis this noon. "There is still too much frost in the ground for free shipping from steam-shovel mines, but preparations for large shipments are going forward at a number of the Virginia mines. The Lincoln, a new mine, will be an active shipper, and the country will soon be on the list. The Auburn is troubled with water. The Commodore probably won't be worked, though some shipments are being made from the stockpile accumulated during the winter. Virginia was quiet for awhile, but now we feel a great deal better. Enough iron has been found there to last for a good many years."

BIG CUT IN RATE

Low Flour Rate Minneapolis to Seaboard By Milwaukee Road.

Is Done to Protect Shippers Who Have Made Contracts.

Road Must Haul to Chicago at Very Low Figure.

Telegraphic advices received from St. Paul this morning bring the news that the Milwaukee road has published a through tariff rate on flour to the seaboard from Minneapolis that cuts the regular tariff 3½ cents per hundred. The tariff is effective at once and until April 30.

At first blush the statement that the Milwaukee has put in a 19-cent rate from Minneapolis to New York looks like a sensational smashup of the tariff that went into effect only yesterday, and which provides for an 18-cent rate lake and rail from Duluth and 23 cents from Minneapolis. This difficulty in the matter is increased by the statement that the trunk lines have refused positively to protect the rate.

At the local offices of the Milwaukee it was explained that while nothing definite was known there about the millers with whom it had made contracts for moving large quantities before the agreement to advance the rate was reached, and at the same time seeking to protect itself from prosecution of the interstate commerce law.

Carrying the business for less than the published tariff rate would be held to be a violation of the law, even though the contracts had been made before the new rates were effective. It is said the chances are that all reductions from published freight rates in future will be published. All the roads are said to be duly impressed with the necessity of getting under cover and regarding the interstate commerce commission with a much healthier feeling of respect than they had for it before President Roosevelt took an active interest in the matter.

It is said that the Milwaukee has always sought a large share of the lake and rail business in flour from Minneapolis. This makes it necessary for future business to carry out its agreements with shippers. The Milwaukee has always routed its flour traffic via Chicago and thence east by lake line. Its traffic arrangement with the Northern Pacific does not permit it to handle via Duluth, lake and rail, or local business originating in the Twin Cities, or this side of there.

The effect will be, therefore, unless the trunk lines conclude to protect the tariff as an emergency rate, that the Milwaukee will have to shrink its proportion of the rate from 7½ to 4 cents. In other words, it will have to haul the flour 450 miles from Minneapolis to Chicago at a loss from tariff of 3½ cents.

It is intimated here that the Milwaukee is not the only initial line that has been caught in the same boat by contracting to move more flour than it could handle before the new tariff became effective.

THE L. & N.

Further Progress In Settlement of the Great Deal.

New York, April 16.—Further progress was reported today in the settlement of the Louisville & Nashville matter. George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co., and John W. Gates, who claims control of Louisville & Nashville were in conference during the morning at the Morgan banking house.

It is assumed that the lines of the agreement between the Gates and Belmont parties were discussed, but on this and all matters dealing with the situation Messrs. Perkins and Gates were silent.

A semi-official statement credited to a member of J. P. Morgan & Co., to the effect that Louisville & Nashville is now a Morgan road and that its policy will be dictated by Mr. Morgan was discredited by one of the latter's partners this morning. Morgan & Co. will act as trustees of the Louisville & Nashville road, said this party.

The regular monthly meeting of the ued for tomorrow in this city. It is al- At the regular monthly meeting of the Louisville & Nashville directors is scheduled together unlikely, however, that the meeting will be held as the directors are scattered all over the country and it will be almost impossible to gather a quorum.

Have your eyes tested by a skillful optician. A. L. Norberg always fits glasses satisfactorily.

SENTIMENT

For the Boers Is Growing Stronger In Washington.

New Orleans, April 16.—Gen. Pearson, the South African burgher, returned from Washington today in response to a telegram from Col. Crowder, who is conducting the government investigation into the alleged British army post at Chalmette. Immediately upon getting here, Gen. Pearson inserted advertisements calling upon all Boer sympathizers who might possess information touching the conduct of the British camp to meet him in the offices of his lawyers. Gen. Pearson said he had been excellently received at Washington and that sentiment there had recently grown very strong for the Boers. Referring to the peace talk in the papers, he said he did not believe there would be any successful issue of the negotiations. Gen. Pearson will see Col. Crowder during the day.

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Herald Wants

One Cent a Word.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

LAKESIDE AND— **LESTER PARK...**

Lots Dead Cheap

In all parts of these suburbs

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments

Miss Marie Johnson

A Young Society Belle of Grand Rapids, Mich.

"I would not have been without Wine of Cardui for any money."

THESE words are as sincere as the statement "health is better than wealth". Those who have always had health are liable to underrate the value of this great blessing, but a little illness brings them to the realization of the fact that life itself without health is worth little. It is human nature to neglect the health until suffering sounds the warning that the body needs relief. Thousands of women have been brought to the consciousness that they were sufferers and needed medical attention. Irregular menstruation has been allowed to run on until the system has become so run down that there is hardly anything to build on. Falling of the womb, leucorrhoea and painful menstruation have fairly driven the sufferer to a physician. After months of treatment the patient fails to improve. She is beginning to appreciate health. Then Wine of Cardui is brought to her attention. The menses are regulated and the other maladies are cured as a natural result. Health comes again with all its delightful buoyancy. Then the patient never tires telling of the success of Wine of Cardui. This is an old, old story which would fit thousands of cases.

Miss Marie Johnson, No. 138 Broadway, Grand Rapids, Mich., is a great favorite among her associates and is active in the social life of the city in which she lives. There are hundreds of persons who know her who can bear testimony that what she writes about Wine of Cardui is true. She gives Wine of Cardui the full credit of her wonderful recovery. She writes:

"Three years ago while out skating I had a severe fall, which caused prolapsus uteri and kept me in bed for several weeks with a sore back. The doctors tried their best to restore me, but nothing gave me permanent relief until reading of your Wine of Cardui I decided to try it. Its effect on me was very wonderful. I gradually grew stronger and better, the muscles which seemed unable to keep in place gained the needed support and within four months I was a well woman once more. I would not have been without your medicine for any money."

That Miss Johnson would not have been without Wine of Cardui for any money is very reasonable to suppose, but can you afford to be without Wine of Cardui now? If you are suffering female weakness it is folly for you to put off the treatment. Your health is worth as much to you as Miss Johnson's is to her. She was cured by taking Wine of Cardui and so can you be. Read what these women say:

Mrs. L. N. Moseley, Lacy, Okla.—"I feel greatly indebted to Wine of Cardui as it has saved my life."

Mrs. Mattie A. Anderson, Benton, La.—"I had been a sufferer with irregular periods for three years. I took Wine of Cardui and now I am in good health."

You cannot afford to ignore such an offer of relief as this. Go to your druggist and secure a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui and it will be only a short time when you will see positive improvement in your condition. Get Wine of Cardui today.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

Women who have suffered and are now cured know how great a remedy this is.

HATTER

To Roosevelt's Family Is Title Claimed By Cuban Merchant.

Havana, April 16.—If Miss Alice Roosevelt has not enjoyed her visit to Cuba, it is certainly not the fault of the Havanese, or of her hosts, the family of Gen. Wood, viceroy and military commandant of the island. The latter would appear to have approved, in one instance at least, the acceptance of the generous gift of a Spanish-Cuban tradesman, who sought the honor of being permitted the pleasure of presenting the "daughter of the White House" with a $150 hat.

In the Havana newspaper El Diario De La Marina," of April 2, announcement is made to the effect that Miss Roosevelt was highly pleased with the present, and that the wife of the military governor called with her upon the enterprising hatter at his establishment in Obispo street to render most expressive thanks for the gift; and to authorize its donor, in response to a note of request he had sent along with the present, to adopt the name "Alice Roosevelt" as a trade mark, to be used upon like hats which he might in future place upon sale in Havana, and at his different establishments in Mexico, Central and South America.

El Nuevo Pais, another leading daily, heads its reference to the incident with the words: "Today, Miss Alicia Received Another Present," implying that other tradesmen of the city had already taken advantage of the presence of the president's daughter in Havana to bring their wares to her attention, under the "patronage" or quasi official sanction of the palace.

Neither of Havana's English newspapers, the Havana Post nor the Cuban Sun, have made any reference to the incident, but paid reading notices in half a dozen native papers, Spanish and Cuban, are already announcing the Obispo street merchant as "Hatter to President Roosevelt's family."

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

"HIS LITTLE WIDOW"

Kept Promise and Married the Victorious Candidate.

Nashville, Tenn., April 16.—A unique wedding occurred at a local Baptist church Sunday when the Democratic nominee for county register, Ben Loftin, a one-legged Confederate, and Mrs. Martha Busher, a striking young widow, were married as the culmination of a recent political campaign.

The young woman promised to be the old soldier's bride should he be the successful candidate for register. The old gentleman won over the other candidate and then claimed his feminine prize.

Sunday they attended church, sat through the services, arose, formally joined the church and were married without moving out of their tracks.

During the campaign, Loftin on the stump often spoke of "his little widow," but the people thought he referred to his former wife.

This is the second venture in the matrimonial field for the couple.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

TOOK HER TICKET.

The Father Didn't Know She Was Honeymooning.

Kenova, W. Va., April 16.—Paul Adkins, principal of the Ceredo schools, and Miss Anna Black, daughter of Capt. John Black, passenger conductor on the N. & W., accompanied Pastor Gladsby home from prayer service at the Congregational church and were married. They imediately repaired to Kenova, where they took the midnight train for Bluefield and left orders that the announcement be made to friends in the morning. Not even the bride's father, who collected their tickets, knew they had embarked on their honeymoon.

TERRORIZED

By Strange Being, Half Human and Half Beast.

Columbus Grove, Ohio, April 16.—A strange being, apparently half man, half beast, is seen in the country round about Rockport and Beaver Dam. The creature puts in an apeparance at or near farmhouses.

For some time the farmers in that vicinity have been troubled by nightly visits, apparently from intruders bent on securing money or other valuables. It was the scheme of the prowler to attempt to open a window or fumble at the door locks, then move on to the rear part of the house, and after giving the gates and such outposts a good shake disappear as quickly as he came. The family of Frank Conkleman left their home because of these visits, and while they were gone the strange being was seen.

The creature is described as resembling a man, although possessed of features coarse and rough, and is said to be covered with hair. The inhabitants of that staid old country vicinity are half crazed with excitement, and the female portion will not venture outside the door after nightfall.

It is firmly believed that the strange creature is an insane person who has been at large for some time. The being is attired in dress more peculiar to one of the male sex, although scantily clad. A searching party will be organized to capture the fellow, if possible, although his fleetness of foot and abilities at fence jumping almost preclude any idea of so doing.

THE GREAT DISMAL SWAMP

Of Virginia is a breeding ground of Malaria germs. So is low, wet or marshy ground everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles, and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. "We tried many remedies for Malaria and Stomach and Liver troubles," writes John Charleston, of Byesville, O., "but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters." Try them. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction.

Now, if you were in the cicada region and desired to see one of the most remarkable phenomena of nature you would keep your eyes open during the evenings of the last week in May—fortunately it will be moonlight then. In Georgia and the other more Southern states the date of this phenomenon may be a trifle earlier, perhaps from the 15th to the 20th of May.

You would select a patch of open soil, preferably under an old orchard tree, and there institute a close watch just as the sun is setting. As soon as that great orb of day shall have hidden its face, the brown, wingless insects will emerge from their holes with a rush and scramble for the nearest tree, bush, weed, pole, stump or fence. In some localities the ground will be literally alive and hidden. By 9 p. m. the bulk of the army will have risen. A few stragglers will continue until midnight. All will fasten themselves to some selected point, preferably a leaf or twig, and within about an hour after settling each will be seen, on close scrutiny, to neatly split his parchment-like shell down the back, from collar to waistband. Forthwith will be seen gradually emerging from this aperture what apperas to be a creamy white worm with pink eyes and heavy black eyebrows. This creature will extract himself by arching his back and finally by hanging head downward until grasping the nearby leaf, or branch. At either side of his neck will be seen two fin-like adornments so small that they might be mistaken for ears. Upon these you must concentrate your gaze. They will perceptibly swell and expand, and before you will have realized the miracle they will spread out into long, transparent, flowing wings with beautiful white veins. Thus they will shoot out, like the petals of the moon flower, until they extend beyond the rapidly transforming insect's tail. "In the moonlight such a tree looks for all the world as though it were full of beautiful white blossoms in various stages of expansion," said Dr. Riley, late chief entomologist of the government.

Only twenty minutes will have elapsed between the splitting of the brown shell worn so many years below ground and the full expansion of the wings. If you will rise early next morning and examine these cicadas before dawn you will discover that during the night they have assumed the dark colors characterizing them in their aerial stage.

This aerial stage will last but five or six weeks. During this short period they will be sluggish and helpless and with an absence of fear, doubtless due to their long life of undisturbed isolation. They will rarely fly and seldom, if ever, take food. The male will be shorter lived than his mate. For four or five weeks only will he sing his song of love and courtship, while she for a little longer period will busy herself plowing the young branches of trees to deposit her eggs, which are to produce the subsequent generation, due in 1919. By the middle of July all of the winged cicadas will have fallen to the ground again, perhaps within a few feet of the holes from which they had issued in May. Meanwhile the next generation will have descended into the earth to begin its seventeen years of subterranean celibacy and seclusion.

This periodical cicada is but one of 500 species of cicadas represented in the world. Of his near kinsmen the most familiar to us is the annaul harvest fly of July and August. The periodical species can be distinguished always by the orange-red color of his eyes and legs and of the marginal veins of his glassy wings.

There are two races of periodical cicadas, viz., the seventeen-year race, limited to the northern half of the country, and the thirteen-year race, confined to the Southern states. The seventeen-year race is the larger of the two. The areas devastated by these two races overlap to a certain extent. One race appears to be the offshoot of the other, the difference in period being due probably to differences in climate affecting the parent stock. Neither race has yet appeared in Northern New England, in the peninsula of Florida or in the region west of the Rockies.

It seems probable to Mr. Mariatt that both the seventeen-year and thirteen-year cicada originally composed one great brood.

Soon after growing his wings Mr. Cicada will be heard to utter a note which can best be written thus: "Phar-r-r-r-aoh." It will sound in mournful cadence and a lowering pitch at its termination. It has been compared with the whistling of a train passing through a short tunnel. Later he will change his not to "tsh-e-e-E-E-E-E-o-ou," continued for from two to twenty seconds. A third note will be similar to the clicking of a chimney swallow or the chirping of a field cricket.

The government entomologists anticipate that sensational reports of painful stings inflicted by the cicada will be circulated during the coming season. So great was the consternation on this account in the great "locust" year, 1868, that people ran in terror from the harmless insects, while fruits and even drinking water were under suspicion of having been poisoned thereby. While these scientists, after continued experiments, have failed to provoke the cicada to sting them, and while he is neither possessed of a sting proper nor any poisonous secretion, he may, rarely, perhaps, and by accident, insert his slender beak into the skin, causing only momentary pain, like the prick of a needle point. The insect cannot defend itself against its insect enemies, much less man.

The greatest "locust year" in the memory of men living today was 1868, when appeared the grandparents of the brood due this spring, together with the largest of the Southern or thirteen-year broods, whose great-grandchildren are due south of Mason and Dixon's line in 1907. Again in 1885 the parents of this year's cicadas appeared in conjunction with the second largest of the thirteen-year broods. But a simultaneous appearance of the largest Northern and Southern broods will not occur again until 2067. We will bequeath the woes of that year to our great-great-great-great--great - grandchildren.

Nursery stock and small fruit trees will fall as the chief victims of the overzeal of Mrs. Cicada to deposit her eggs and thereby effect a general twig pruning, not especially injurious to forest trees.

If you contemplate the setting out of orchards this spring you should ascertain from old residents of your section whether the cicadas appeared in the immediate vicinity seventeen years ago. If this is the case you should by all means delay the transplanting of trees until fall or next spring. In orchards the less pruning done this spring the less damage trees are likely to suffer. Likewise budding and grafting should be avoided. Such is the advice which Uncle Sam's department of agriculture has on tap for all who wisely inquire thereof.

A LOCUST INVASION

Twenty States Will Suffer From a Periodical Visit.

For Seventeen Years Pest Has Lived In the Darkness.

Grows Its Wings In Twenty Minutes--- Minnesota Escapes.

Washington, April 15.—This is to be the worst "locust year" experienced in this country since 1885. Next month will witness the sudden onslaught, in twenty states simultaneously of the largest brood of "seventeen-year locusts" known to science. This vast insect army, numbering countless billions, has been followed in its ravages from the year 1715, since when it has never failed to reappear in the last week of May at regular intervals of seventeen years, wherever it appeared in 1885, the year of its last outbreak, it is practically sure to reappear this year. The entomologists of the department of agriculture are thus able to forecast its field of operations for next month.

The states to be involved are New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Ohio, West Virginia, Virginia, Massachusetts, Vermont, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Wisconsin, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina and Tennessee.

"Locust" is an erroneous name for this remarkable insect. It should be termed the "periodical cicada." "Locust" should be applied only to the grasshopper. The cicada became confused with the migratory locust or grasshopper of the Orient, which appears in vast numbers at long intervals of time.

The periodical cicada is distinctly an American species. It has the longest life period of any insect, and, according to D. L. Marlatt, one of the government entomologists, who has made a special study of its habits, it is the most anomalous and interesting of American insects.

Each individual of the great cicada army to visit us this year is 17 years old. In the year 1885 these myriads of insects entered the earth, and since then they have not beheld the light of day. In June of that year Mother Cicada industriously planted her hundreds of eggs in the green twigs of the trees while Father Cicada sat close by and sang. A few weeks later the ant-like baby cicadas escaped from their shells, fell lightly to the ground and quickly burrowed out of sight, forming for themselves little subterranean chambers or cells adjoining the sappy rootlets of the tree, in the fresh tissues of whose twigs the producing eggs had been deposited for nourishment.

In this underground cell, at first the size of a small grain of bird shot, but gradually growing with its occupant, each cicada has remained within two feet of the surface, through winter and summer, buried from light, air and sun and protected in a manner from cold and frost. It has lived thus in absolute solitude, knowing only its moist earthen chamber, rarely changing its position save as some accident to the nourishing rootlet has necessitated its seeking another. In this sepulchral darkness and solitude it is still patiently waiting for the last week in May, to then emerge from the ground, grow wings and enjoy a few weeks only of the society of its fellows.

Just at the time when this article is published these billions of waiting cicadas are within about a quarter of an inch of the surface of the soil in the twenty states specified—waiting for some mysterious signal to be sounded by nature.

Just before coming to the surface this wingless underground cicada has been known in many localities to erect odd little mud chimneys, projecting sometimes six or eight inches above the surface. These are constructed of soft pellets of clay brought from below and pressed firmly into place. Why the cicada builds them prior to his advent into the upper world no entomologist can explain.

EARRINGS

For These Pet Kittens Will Contain Small Diamonds.

New York, April 16.—Mrs. Anita Comfort, a musical composer of talent and a genius in the art of evolving novel methods of entertaining her friends, is the author of this unique invitation, copies of which she has sent out to about fifty guests who are expected to attend the reception and christening:

"Come to the Punch and Judy christening. We, Punch and Judy, are just two little Maltese kittens. A lot of great big doctors will draw straws to decide which will have the honor of piercing my ears (I am Judy) for diamond earrings. Then we will all join paws and 'cake walk' to the air of 'The Diamond Kat Patrol.'

"Ping Pong, Wednesday, April 16, 9 p. m. Music. The Amsterdam, No. 175 West Eighty-first street."

Among those who are expected to draw lots, Mrs. Comfort says, for the honor of piercing and cauterizing the ear tips of Punch and Judy for the insertion of the spiral screw studs, in which are inserted the four brilliants, are several prominent physicians. Explaining the program of her novel entertainment, Mrs. Comfort introduced the two kittens, which are uncommonly fine specimens, about three months old. They are twins, and they enjoy the freedom of the composer's apartments, which are a veritable curio salon, hung with rare tapestries and garnished with Turkish rugs and a thousand odd souvenirs of the Orient.

"The kittens," said Mrs. Comfort, "will be introduced to the assemblage concealed in bags. Each cat will then be let out of its bag, and the physicians present will draw lots for the operation, which is not a painful one. The diamonds which Punch and Judy will afterward wear in the tips of their ears are genuine, but they are not large, and I do not desire to have my little whim interpreted as an evidence of extravagance or a bid for notoriety.

"I am doing this chiefly to amuse my friends, though I am extremely fond of my pets, which were a present to me about a month ago."

Anita Comfort was a well known society woman of St. Louis with original tastes and ideas. Her husband, from whom she is now separated, was a wealthy capitalist.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

This would be a cleaner, brighter world if every housekeeper used

GOLD DUST

It *Multiplies*—your pleasures; *Divides*—your efforts; *Subtracts*—from your cares; *Adds*—to your life.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.
Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

HOTEL VICTORIA

Broadway, 5th Avenue and 27th Street, NEW YORK.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

In the center of the shopping district.

A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations entirely new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests. 150 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

BROADWAY & 27 ST.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Proprietor.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2776, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: *John L. Lyon*

Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

Here's Health and Happiness

In the renowned brew of "MOOSE BRAND BEER!" 'Tis the beer that cheers the heart bowed down, and the soul of the connoisseur. Has purity, tone and body in perfect degree, and the quality is ever the same. It's the table beer par excellence. Possessing highly nutritious properties, it's a tonic, a stimulant and reviver for the weak and exhausted. Try a case. Price, $2.25, and our "MOOSE BRAND BEER" will hereafter become your favorite brand.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

Either Phone 241.

The Palm Garden,

208 West Superior Street.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Union Label Hats and Caps.

ISSUED BY AUTHORITY OF GENERAL EXECUTIVE BOARD UNITED GARMENT WORKERS OF AMERICA ORG. APRIL 12TH 1891 Henry White GEN. SEC'Y REGISTERED GUARANTEED UNION MADE

Union Label Gloves and Shoes.

Are You After Union Label Clothing?

This store is where you will find the largest assortment of Union Label goods at popular prices. Made by the largest and best manufacturers in the country. We were the **first firm** in the city to introduce the "Union Label" on Clothing.

Splendid Spring Suits---$10, $15, $18, $25

Neat, Snappy Up-to-date **Spring Overcoats---$10, $12, $15, $20**

Two Floors. **C. W. ERICSON,** Perfect Daylight.

219 West Superior Street. Reliable Clothier.

Bids For Fuel And Removal of Ashes.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education of the City of Duluth, at their office, Central High School building, up to 5 p. m., Thursday, April 24, 1902, as follows:

First—For the supply of the best anthracite, bituminous and semi-bituminous coal, required for the public school buildings, during the school year 1902-1903.

Bids must state price per ton, delivered in the school buildings, for slack, egg and lump in bituminous coal; mine-run, egg and lump in semi-bituminous coal; and for dust, cargo-pea egg, stove and nut, in free-burning, white-ash, anthracite coal, which must be fresh and received on dock this year.

The board reserves the right to order, and the successful bidder must agree to supply any quantity of coal mentioned in the bids, that may be needed.

In addition to the above the board desires the bids to state any and all advantages that may accrue to them by different methods of delivery.

Second—For the supply of kindling wood to the several school buildings in the district; bids to state the price of cord for good, dry slab-wood, four feet in length, the same to be delivered into the school buildings.

Also for the removal of ashes from the several school buildings—said bid to state the price per load of one and one-half cubic yards for the removal of such ashes as may be required, for the school year beginning Aug. 1, 1902, and ending July 31st, 1903.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. Bids to be addressed to the undersigned and marked "Bids for Fuel, etc."

By order of the committee.

CHAS. A. BRONSON, Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald April 9-16-23, 1902.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred eighty-four dollars, which sum is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at this date upon a certain mortgage made executed and delivered by John S. Phillips, mortgagor, to William C. Sherwood, mortgagee, bearing date March 8th, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 19th day of March, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 91 of Mortgages, on page 19. Which mortgage was duly assigned by said William C. Sherwood to R. P. Gibson by written instrument, dated March 15th, 1892, and duly recorded in said register of deed's office on March 19th, 1892, in Book 97 of Mortgages, on page 114, and which mortgage was thereafter duly asigned by said R. P. Gibson to George W. Abrams and Purdy L. Hitchcock, trustees, by written instrument bearing date March 13, 1893, and duly recorded in said register of deeds office on March 24th, 1902, in Book 180 of Mortgages, on page 620.

And whereas, no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover any part of said debt. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in St. Louis county, Minnesota, to-wit: The north half of the southeast quarter of section number thirty-two (32) in township fifty-two (52) north of range twelve (12) west, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 17th day of May, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and fifty dollars attorneys' fees, as provided in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from date of sale, as the law provides.

Dated Duluth, March 24th, 1902.

GEORGE W. ABRAMS AND PURDY L. HITCHCOCK, Trustees.

Assignees of Said Mortgage.

RICHARDSON & DAY,

Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, April 2-9-16-23-30, May 7, 1902

Keeping One's Name

Before the Public Is a Part of Advertising, But Telling the Public Why That Name Is Kept Before It Is Generally a More Valuable Part

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$2500 House and lot well situated in East End. All conveniences. Furnace.

$2300 House and lot, very central; water and bath. Easy terms.

$1600 House and lot, very central. Easy terms.

$900 Centrally located building lot. A bargain.

4½% —MONEY TO LOAN— All Privileges— No Delay— **5%**

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
First Floor Lonsdale Bldg.

For Rent Offices in Lyceum
Fire-proof Building, from $6.00 per month up.
LITTLE & NOLTE, Agents,
Under American Exchange Bank.

Bargains in City Property and Farm Lands.
Call and See us—
Forgy & Jacoby,
Real Estate, Loans and Stocks.
200 Trust Building.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Crosby's List:

$12,000 Well now, if you are looking for a fine home, this will buy it—it's on the upper side of First street in Endion—it has hot water heat, open plumbing—a beautiful place.

$8000 Will buy one of the best nine-room houses in Endion; finished in hardwood upstairs and down. It's strictly modern, large lot and good barn.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room modern house near 12th avenue east on Third street; $1000 cash, balance to suit. This house has hardwood floors, stone foundation, furnace heat—and it's new.

$4000 Will take a fine double corner on East First street; street and avenue paved, stone sidewalk. It's on First street, in addition to this we have many fine building sites in Endion.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg., Duluth.
Fire Insurance and Loans.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

The United State Installment Realty association of Minneapolis will buy or build you a home or farm of your own choosing on the following terms:
$1000 home.....$ 7.50 per month
$2000 home.....$15.00 per month
$3000 home.....$22.50 per month
This is not rent or interest, but a direct payment on the home. Call for further particulars. Duluth office, 101 Torrey building. Open evenings.
101 Torrey Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

HOMESTEADS

We can locate you on government land; close to railroads, navigable streams and the rapidly growing city of Koochiching. These claims will all be taken up this summer, so write at once to

GIBSON, HULBERT & CO.,
Koochiching, Minnesota.

Timber and farm lands for sale.
Estimates and reports for non-residents.

FOR RENT.
Houses,
Stores
Flats.
Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

For a few days we will offer the corner of Sixteenth avenue east and Jefferson street, No. 1602, with the elegant 11-room house, modern in all respects, with hot water heat, lot 57 by 100, for $6500. If not sold soon, it will be for rent.

For Rent—318 Third avenue west.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

HOUSE FOR RENT, FURNITURE FOR SALE.

Fine modern house in the East End, beautifully and newly furnished. The house is modern in every way and conveniently located. The furniture is new and rich and includes a number of Oriental rugs. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building.

CHEAP HOMES
On Easy Terms.

A good, centrally located lot, 35x100 feet, with nine-room house, bath room, city water and sewer, and stone cellar.....**$3300**

A seven-room house on Grand avenue at Lakeside. Easy payments.....**$1000**

A six-room house on Colorado street, at Lakeside. Easy payments.....**$1000**

A seven-room house, centrally located, five blocks from Board of Trade building.....**$950**

A seven-room house near car barn and saw mills at West End.....**$1000**

Lots of lots for sale on easy terms. Also MONEY TO LOAN.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.
Torrey Building.

Money on Hand
For a Few Good Loans at
5 and 5½ per cent.
E. D. FIELD CO., 204 Exchange Building.

Park Point
Cottage and lot for sale, located four blocks this side of Ontka Beach Pavilion, on bay side. Five rooms, wide plazas, well built, fine rustic fence. If quick sale—
$750.
See photo of above at our office.
Little & Nolte.

$1600 Takes house and lot on First street near Twenty-second avenue west.

$525 Takes fine corner on Nineteenth avenue east.

$3250 Takes fine new flat building in good location.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio Building.

BARGAINS.

$1400.00 Will buy a 20-acre farm with the following: One small house, one frame barn, shingled, 24x30; one-horse barn, 16x24; one horse, two wagons, plow, harrow and farming tools; 15 acres cleared; 5 acres in wood; 11 acres in hay. This farm is only a short distance from Superior street, with good road.

W. F. LEGGETT, 513 Burrows Bldg.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO GO OUT working by the day. Address 226 East Third street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY. C. 80, Herald.

WANTED—WORK FOR THREE GOOD teams. 1402 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND wife, both good cooks. Address G 77, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK AT CARING for furnished rooms. Address C 78, Herald.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER would like position in or out of city; can furnish references. Address B 60, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper for widower with small family. Address W 48, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS TO DO WASHING and house cleaning. Address C 69, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS WOMAN COOK WANTS work in hotel or restaurant. X 69, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY A NO. 1 engineer; has had fifteen years' experience and strictly temperate, holding first-class steamboat papers. Also Minnesota papers. Adress W 35, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 606 West First street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

We have for sale a three-story business block on West Superior street that will pay more than 10 per cent net on the entire investment, and in five years the lot alone will be worth more than the entire property now costs you.

For Sale A fine double corner, with three houses on Minnesota Point. Big bargain.

$3000 Buys ten-room house; city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation, cellar under whole house, two grates with fine mantels; large lot, in Endion.

We have many bargains in houses and vacant lots for improvement in all parts of the city. You should see us before you buy.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

$850 Will buy fine six-room house, fine mantel and grate and finest double corner on Duluth Heights. One-third cash; balance to suit.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

LADIES, THE BEST PLACE TO BUY hats is at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st Ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—30x50 TENT; WILL pay cash. Address room 21, Saratoga hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—1000 OLD FEATHER BEDS, highest cash price paid. Address L. Baron, general delivery, Duluth. This is my last week in your city.

WE WILL BUY GOOD DRAFT MARES that are in foal. Must be young and sound. The Jean Du-Luth company, 103 Herald building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING: FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, 80c PER LOAD; unscreened sand, 50c per load; gravel screenings, 40c per load. Ticket at 112 Exchange building.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!
No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg
WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

IF YOU WANT RELIABLE WORK IN awning, tent or any kind of canvas work, go to Foirier & Nordstrom, 104 East Superior St. Telephone 735—New.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

FRAMES AND PICTURES AT COST; must close out this week. Temple Art Store 211 East Superior street. Open evenings and fixtures for sale.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art lettered glass. St. Germain Bros, 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CANARIES. I HAVE REceived some fine Hartz mountain canaries; great warblers. 109 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FINE STEEL RANGE, folding bed and square piano. Mrs. Wentworth, 211 West Second street.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2606 Helm street.

FOR SALE — COTTAGE ON PARK Point. Enquire 107 Seventh avenue west.

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, GOOD as new, cheap. 15 First avenue west, upstairs.

SHERWOOD PROPERTY, 313 WEST Superior street, will sell next sixty days. Inquire of George Thompson, 728 East Fifth street.

STEINWAY SQUARE PIANO—$65.00
Good condition, fine tone. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

PANSIES GET YOUR BEDS ready. I will sell all my best Giants 25 cents per dozen, five dozen for $1. Lindsay's Lester Park Greenhouses.

FOR SALE—BAY MARE, 8 YEARS OLD, weight 1550; good single or double. 311 East First street.

FOR SALE—AN OAK BOOK CASE. Inquire 31 West Fifth.

FOR SALE—ONE FRESH MILCH COW and two horses; cheap. D. O'Leary, 17 East Superior street.

$2500 WILL HANDLE ONE OF THE very best paying residence properties in the East End. Good location. Address Owner, Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE — THREE LOTS, 25 BY 140 feet, for sale cheap. Fine lots ready for building. Call at 329 East Seventh street.

PIANO Largest size, Upright Mahogany..... **$165**
Very handsome case, fine tone and action; almost new. Original price $325.00. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL FAMILY Jersey cow. Fresh. E. Downie, 2010 West First street.

FOR SALE — STORE WITH SEVEN rooms above, on Main street in Eveleth; will sell or exchange for Duluth property. Address 614 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. I. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; 40 baths. 531 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND boiler, good as new, 6x14 feet. Inquire at Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., Twenty-ninth avenue west and Helm street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR load fresh milch cows. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

NEXT BIG COLOSSAL
Horse Auction Sale
And Grand Horse Fair
Takes place at our mammoth stables opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1902.

Be on hand early, as the sale positively opens at 10 o'clock a. m. on day and date advertised. We will exert all efforts to make this the banner sale of the season—1000 head of horses of all kinds to answer all purposes, to select from. Some extra fine drivers and family broke horses. Come everybody. A grand gala holiday for all. SATURDAY, APRIL 19th, 1902.

COLS. L. H. WIGGIN AND MAX ZIMMERMAN, Auctioneers.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.
PRIVATE SALES DAILY.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOT OF LIGHT cedar row boats. Patterson boat house, Sixth avenue west, near depot.

PARK POINT—SOME CHOICE LOTS IN the camping district for sale cheap for the next few days. W. F. Leggett, 513 Burrows' building.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 305 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,00 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

LOST.

LOST — BLACK FUR GALLOWAY robe. Return to H. W. Patterson, West Duluth and receive reward.

OPTICIAN.

THOROUGH AND ACCURATE TESTS. Latest improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey Bldg.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BRIMHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—TWENTY-FIVE GIRLS FOR general housework; no charges. Duluth Free Employment bureau, Armory building.

NURSE GIRL WANTED AT 320 WEST Second street.

GIRL WANTED (GOOD PAY) FOR general housework. Good cook. Inquire forenoons or evenings, 629 East First street.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED flannel washers. Lutes' laundry.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRL. MRS. Stanley, over Suffel's, Room 6.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. 1421 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1016 East First street.

WANTED — PARTNER WITH SMALL capital for high-class show; money guaranteed. Address S 87, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR SECOND housework to do. Call 117 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR PRIVATE boarding house. 613 West Superior street. Mrs. Kliesch.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK. 526 WEST First street.

WANTED—TWO LADIES TO TRAVEL with theatrical company; no experience needed; also one comedian, amateur preferred. Call room 21, Saratoga hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED STENographer. 104 Providence building.

WANTED — SCANDINAVIAN GIRL to help with children. 1220 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, $15. Take Woodland car. Mrs. W. E. Culkin, Hunter's Park.

THREE WAIST MAKERS AND SALESladies for millinery department. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—WET NURSE FOR BABY three months old. Apply 120 Fifty-fifth avenue west, to J. McGilner.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Totman, 1415 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD SWEDE GIRL FOR general house work. 508 West Third street.

NURSE GIRL. MRS. JULIUS ABRAhamson, 122 East First street, Ralston house.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIenced nurse maid. Apply 1619 East First street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—SOME FIRST CLASS HARDwood finishers. Will pay 35 cents per hour to the right men. Armour Packing company.

WANTED—AT ONCE—A FIRST-CLASS carpet layer. Apply to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher; good chance for advancement. Audress in own handwriting, stating salary wanted and experience. Address S 86, Herald.

WANTED-A YOUNG WOMAN FOR OUR music department; competent of playing some of the most difficult pieces as well as popular airs. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White company.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

CARPET MAN, PERMANENT POSITION for man familiar with carpets and drapery department business. Must be able to make shades, cut and lay carpets. Address with reference; state experience and salary desired in first letter. Address "Carpets," Herald.

WANTED—TWO BRIGHT BOYS OVER 16 years of age; also one colored door man. Inquire Spalding hotel office.

WANTED—MAN OF GOOD HABITS TO travel, play organ and sing illustrated songs. Long engagement; salary $8 a week and expenses. Fountain Electric Entertainers, Motley, Minn.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; no limit to term, exceptional opportunity for thirty days. Improve your chance, board, tools, diplomas and transportation given. Can earn expenses if desired. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINists and electricians. New 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers. Sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—500 AGENTS TO HANDLE A good seller. Can make $5 a day and half work. 324 Lake avenue south.

TALMAGE—AUTHENTIC LIFE OF the great preacher, author, lecturer. By far the largest, most complete and best illustrated book published. Sells on sight. Competition outstripped and outdone. The only book to sell. Profits unequalled; 300 per cent to agents. Write for free outfit and exclusive territory today. Freight paid. Credit given. Chicago Bible House, 56 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED — LIFE OF REV. T. DeWitt Talmage. Official memorial edition; large book, 80 per cent discount to agents. Outfit free. Address the Wholesale company, 385 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — SIX AGENTS, LADIES OR gentlemen, to travel on salary. E. N. Dickinson, Commercial hotel, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL ON commission an article used in every home during house-cleaning. For particulars address, stating age, experience, etc., A. B., Herald.

AGENTS WANTED—LIFE OF DE Witt Talmage. Largest, best authentic, official book; 500 pages, profusely illustrated. Retail, $1.50. Price to agents 50 cents. Outfit free. Now ready. Credit given. Profit $12 per day. Enormous demand. The Bible house, 21 Plymouth Place, Chicago.

WANTED—LIVE LADY OR GENTLEman to sell article of merit. Large income to hustler. G. L. Train, 216 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — A 3-ROOM HOUSE WITH barn on Seventh street and Thirteenth avenue east. Call at 511 East Fourth street. Carl Hoval.

FOR RENT—HOUSE AND BARN; SOME ground for gardening. D. O'Leary, 17 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Park Terrace; possession May 1. No. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FURnished. Modern. 510 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM; lady preferred; $5 per month. 723 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — TWO ROOMS, MODERN. 618 Third avenue east.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, LIGHT housekeeping; cookstove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 1112 WEST Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 126 East First, with bath.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room; modern conveniences. 205 Tenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room all modern conveniences, 18 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN new house; bath; electric light. 310 West Fifth street; for one or two.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 909 WEST Fourth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FLAT FOUR ROOMS ON SUPERIOR street, furnished. Call on Ferguson, 16 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED "BUFFALO" flat for the summer. Inquire 203 Board of Trade.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH or without board; centrally located. Address F 59, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, A GOOD HOUSE in good location. W. W. Watson, Jr., 619 Lyceum.

UNFURNISHED ROOM, DOWN STAIRS. C 79, Herald.

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. Have dishes and cooking utensils. Address S 85, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL ROOMS WITH board in best locality. All conveniences. Couples without children or single men preferred. Address F 51, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR ONE OR two; board if desired. First class, private, centrally located. Address X 38, Herald.

WANTED — A FEW MORE STEADY boarders at 424 Lake avenue south. Canal hotel.

ROOM AND BOARD, PRIVATE FAMily. 317 West Fourth street.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1063-2, new 1303.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 628 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4369-3.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

LARGEST SELECTION OF WALL paper; best and cheapest work; painting or papering. F. A. Thorwall, 620 East Sixth street, Zenith 'phone 1232.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1195.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works. 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 605.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRIStensen, 327 E. Superior st. Old Tel. 743-3.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1902. Work, third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 14, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Sullson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 23, 1902. Work ——. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave April 15, 1902. Work, Drill. William R. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "Third" Tuesday evening, April 15. Refreshments. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, W.E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WIP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 48, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

12 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | THURSDAY, APRIL 17, 1902. | TWO CENTS.

HITCH AT PRETORIA

Differences Have Arisen Between the Allies.

Transvaalers and Free Staters Cannot Agree.

London, April 17.—Serious differences, it is said, have arisen between the Transvaal and Free State delegates who are discussing peace terms at Pretoria. Gen. Botha and Acting President Schalkburger, it is reported, have given the Free State representatives until April April 21 to come to a decision, threatening that thereafter the Transvaal delegation will continue the peace negotiations independently of the Free State delegates. It is further declared that Botha and Schalkburger had practically agreed upon terms for surrender prior to the visit to Klerksdorp, but that out of loyalty to their allies they insisted on a conference, though with slight hopes that their views would be shared by Gen. De Wet and the other Free State leaders.

MORGAN CONTROLS L. & N.

Authoritative Statement Says There Will Be No Corner Nor Contest In the Management of the Louisville & Nashville.

New York, April 17.—The following authoritative statement respecting the Louisville & Nashville situation was made public today by a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.:

"The public, as well as the speculative community, should bear in mind these three things:

"1—There will be no corner.

"2—There will be no contest for control.

"3—J. P. Morgan absolutely controls Louisville & Nashville.

"The first is assured by Mr. Gates and the manner in which he has disposed of his stock. Mr. Belmont's statements are assurances as to the second and J. P. Morgan & Co. are sponsors for the third.

"Louisville & Nashville will be operated in the future as it has been in the past and there will be no change.

"J. P. Morgan & Co. say positively that the present status of the road is the same as it has been heretofore, except that J. P. Morgan controls and directs absolutely and without question.

"Those who intimate that Mr. Gates might possibly make trouble in the future or that he is in any position to do so are much mistaken. The only financier to be reckoned on in the management of the Louisville & Nashville is Mr. Morgan. If that fact is borne in mind there will be no misunderstanding or guessing. The situation is controlled by him and that should be sufficient guarantee to everybody."

LIGHT ON SPION KOP

London, April 17.—All the official dispatches referring to the defeat sustained by the British troops under Gen. Buller at Spion Kop, Natal, Jan. 24, 1900, were made public today. Those hitherto unpublished only emphasize how hopelessly muddled were the preparations for that engagement.

The controversy between Gen. Buller and Sir Charles Warren was proved to be even more bitter than previously hinted at, a new extract from one of Lord Roberts dispatches brings additional censure on Gen. Buller. Lord Roberts declares that Gen. Buller's endeavor to put responsibility for the defeat on Gen. Warren was not justifiable. Roberts holds that it was Buller's duty to intervene when he saw things were going wrong. This remark was caused by a dispatch from Buller in which he says:

"I saw no attempt on the part of Warren to either grapple with the situation or command his force himself. We lost our chance by Warren's slowness. He seems to me to be a man who can do well what he can do himself, but who cannot command. I ought to have assumed command myself when I saw things were not going well. I blame myself now for not doing so."

Buller explains that he failed to supersede Warren because it might have discredited the latter with the troops, which was an especially serious matter, as if Buller had been shot Warren would have succeeded to the supreme command.

The question of the responsibility for the actual retreat from Spion Kop is shrouded in a mass of disorder, proving that a mistake was made in sending a hellogram and that there was a general desire to shirk the onus. Beyond this washing of dirty linen, nothing appears to have been accomplished by the publication of the dispatch.

GEN. CROZIER RELIEVED

Washington, April 17.—Secretary Root, before leaving for Cuba yesterday, made an order relieving Gen. William Crozier and Capt. I. N. Lewis, coast artillery, from further duty with the board of ordnance and fortification. It is understood that this action was taken out of deference to the military committee of the senate. The adverse report of the committee on the nomination of Gen. Crozier, as chief of ordnance is said to have been largely due to the complaints of inventors having business with the board of ordnance and fortification. Now that the department has given heed to this objection, it is confidently predicted that there will be a disposition in the senate to meet the department half way and confirm Gen. Crozier as chief of ordnance. Maj. Carter Shaler, ordnance department, stationed at Indianapolis, succeeds Gen. Crozier as a member of the board of ordnance and fortifications, and Capt. Harry Taylor of the engineers, stationed at Boston, succeeds Capt. Lewis as recorder of the board, who has been ordered to join his battery.

NO MINNESOTA CANDIDATE

St. Paul, April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Minnesota will have no candidate to offer for the presidency of the General Federation of Women's clubs when the bi-ennial session convenes at Los Angeles, May 1.

Mrs. Lydia P. Williams, of Minneapolis, who is now at Los Angeles, has positively stated within the last few days that she will not permit her name to be used in the convention.

Mrs. Margaret Evens, of Northfield, is equally unwilling to consider presidential honors. Mrs. T. D. S. Denison, first vice president, will be Minnesota's choice when the matter comes to a vote. Mrs. Williams is almost certain to be given the only office she is seeking this year—a place on the board of managers of the general federation.

SHE HAS SERVED HER TERM

London, April 17.—Miss Marie Josephine Eastwick, of Philadelphia, who was sentenced to six months' imprisonment Nov. 18 last, after having pleaded guilty to the charge of forging a $100,000 railroad certificate, will be released tomorrow. Her health has not been affected by her confinement in prison. She found the idleness of Wormwood Scrubs infirmary irksome, and at her own request was assigned to light housework. Miss Eastwick's father is here, awaiting his daughter's release. Both probably will return to the United States.

OPPORTUNITY FOR DUMONT

New York, April 17.—A syndicate, tentatively supported by officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, is preparing to offer Santos Dumont an opportunity to disport himself in American atmosphere. The syndicate, it is said, will raise a fund of $75,000 in order to enable Santos Dumont to navigate a new dirigible balloon out to sea, up the Narrows, round the statue of liberty, up the East river, over the Brooklyn bridge, up to the new East river bridge and back to Brighton beach again.

King Leopold and his Queen

THE DISSOLUTE KING OF BELGIUM AND HIS MANY TROUBLES.

"Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown." With the hand of almost every subject in his kingdom turned against him, at odds with his queen, the beautiful Marie Henrietta, who is said to be dying with heart disease, and thousands of workmen on strike, King Leopold, gayest of all monarchs, is seated on a tottering throne. Having spent the best part of his life in the pursuit of his personal pleasures, Leopold is poorly equipped to meet a great revolution, for the fact cannot be disguised that the people of Belgium are in revolt and only await the time and a leader to make their power felt to overthrow the monarchy and declare a republic.

TO ASSIST.

World's Fair Company Will Aid In Philippine Exhibit.

St. Louis, April 17.—As a result of Governor General Taft's conference with the executive committee of the World's fair, he induced that body to co-operate financially with the Philippine government in the matter of its exhibit. He declared to the committee that its action would have a pronounced moral effect on the Filipino people and would do more toward pacification of the islands than repressive military methods.

The executive committee unanimously agreed to assume a proportion of the expense entailed by the governor general's plan. On his return to Washington he will submit the agreement to Secretary Root for approval.

The exact sum appropriated by the exposition company toward the insular exhibit will not be known until after the approval of the secretary of war.

SMOKE NUISANCE

Will Be Done Away on Lake Shore Road.

Chicago, April 17.—Officials of the Lake Shore have determined to do away with the smoke nuisance on the entire road by the use of a new smoke consuming device.

Tests have recently been made by the management of the New York Central, which have been highly satisfactory, and it is said that with careful firing there is no escape of smoke from the engines.

Regarding the matter an official of the road said: "By the use of the consumers the comfort of the traveling public will be greatly increased, as it will be possible for passengers to open car windows without being deluged with cinders and smoke. We have found that soft coal can be used, as the attachment not only consumes the smoke, but shows a saving of at least one ton of coal on an ordinary run."

WILHELMINA

Passed a Somewhat Less Tranquil Night.

Amsterdam, April 17.—The cause of Queen Wilhelmina's illness is a miscarriage.

An official bulletin published today says her majesty passed a somewhat less tranquil night. The fever, however, has not increased and her condition is comparatively satisfactory.

A bulletin from Castle Loo at 3 p. m. today says: Since morning there has been no change in Queen Wilhelmina's condition. The fever continues."

It was authoritatively declared this afternoon that the report that the queen is suffering from peritonitis and nephritis is untrue. Professor Rosenstern, the pathologist of Leyden university, it is added, was called in for consultation because the attendant physicians feared that pneumonia might set in. The danger is now regarded as passed.

BANK TO BRANCH OUT.

New York, April 17.—It is stated on good authority, says a Montreal dispatch to the Times, that the Bank of Montreal contemplates opening a branch in Havana and other cities in Cuba.

BRONZE GROUP FOR SEARCH.

Indianapolis, April 17.—When the convention of the National Association of Manufacturers opened today, a large bronze group was presented to Theodore Search by members of the association. The group is "Lassoing Wild Boars," by Solon H. Borglum.

Under a resolution proposed yesterday afternoon, the election of officers was changed from this afternoon to this morning.

BEST TIME EVER MADE

Burlington Train Runs at the Rate of Nearly One Hundred Miles an Hour, Breaking All Records.

Denver, April 17.—Details of a run of 14.8 miles on the western division of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway at the rate of nearly 100 miles an hour have been made public by H. S. Eustis, passenger traffic manager of the Burlington line. Present on the train when it was setting a new world's record for fifteen miles and upwards were H. C. Bush, traffic manager of the Colorado Midland railway; Mr. Lindsay, of Pittsburg, manager for Andrew Carnegie, and a party of seventeen, and Arthur Johnson, of Denver. The run was made by train No. 6, east-bound, which left Denver March 24 behind time. A heavy wind prevailed to Akron, 112 miles from Denver, and the train was fifteen minutes behind at that point. In order to make up time a heavy head of steam was put on, and between Eckley and Wray, a distance of 14.8 miles, the remarkable time of nine minutes was made—a rate of 98.7 miles an hour. "It is the fastest time ever made for a run of any length," said Mr. Eustis.

WOMAN GETS MEDAL

Chicago, April 17.—The International Society of La Savateur, of Paris, France, has awarded Emma C. Sickels, a Chicago woman, a gold medal "for exceptional bravery in checking the Indian war of 1890." Miss Sickels was the first to learn of the plan of attack, and the real causes of the outbreak, and at the risk of her life went to Chief Little Wound's camp and persuaded him to come into conference and throw his influence on the side of peace. Miss Sickels' previous position as superintendent of a large boarding school at Pine Ridge gave her knowledge and friendship of the Indians, which made this possible, and she went from Washington to Dakota, authorized by Secretary Proctor, Gen. Schofield and Gen. Miles to use her offices among the disaffected red skins for the restoration of peace. Her success led to the bestowal of the badge of honor.

WIDESPREAD DEVASTATION

Vancouver, B. C., April 17.—Advices from Australla state that on the 10th of last month the New Hebrides islands was shaken by an earthquake. The shocks subsided next day, but at intervals were renewed throughout the week. Six hours after the first trembling the city became a blaze of light, and Albrim, Lopevi and Tingoa volcanoes burst into action, the last named blowing out a new throat into the sea and sending a great waterspout over the land. The devastation caused by the earthquake was widespread.

UP GOES PRICE OF STEAKS

New York, April 17.—Popular price restaurants of this city have advanced prices of steaks and roasts of beef an average of 5 cents, owing to the continued rise in the price of beef. High priced restaurants have made no change, as their margin of profit is larger.

Retail prices for fresh vegetables, butter, eggs, poultry, beans and even canned goods are now quoted at the markets from 10 to 40 per cent higher than a year ago.

N. D. HEROES.

Senator Hansbrough Is Determined That They Be Recognized.

Washington, April 17.—Governor White and Maj. J. H. Fraine, who served in the North Dakota volunteers in the Spanish war, recently wrote Senator Hansbrough relative to a seeming discrimination in the award of medals of honor and certificates of merit to North Dakotans who served in Young's scouts in the Philippines.

Senator Hansbrough investigated the case at the war department and found that fifteen North Dakotans who crossed the bridge across the Cabon river in the face of a fire from 600 Filipinos, were recommended for medals of honor by the late Gen. Lawton. The board in the Philippines which considered the recommendations, presided over by Gen. Bates, recommended medals of honor for the first six who crossed the bridge and certificates of merit for the other nine. The board at Washington, presided over by Gen. MacArthur, recommended a medal of honor for one man, Thomas Sinland, and certificates of merit for Privates McIntyre, Ross, Thomas, Killaine and Hussey.

It appears from the records that the action in the cases of these men was based on the fact that they were commended for gallant and meritorious conduct on two occasions or were among the first six to cross the bridge at the time stated. Senator Hansbrough believes that the other nine men were ignored by the Washington board because of a desire to limit the number of awards for gallantry in action. He believes the other nine men should have been awarded certificates of merit, and if the matter comes up in congress he will endeavor to secure for them the recognition they deserve.

CONFIRMED BY SENATE.

Washington, April 17.—The senate has confirmed the nominations of James R. Garfield, of Ohio, to be United States civil service commissioner, and William Williams, of New York, to be commissioner of immigration for the port of New York.

SQUEALED TERRIBLY

When the Water Cure Was Applied By Soldiers.

More Testimony Concerning Awful Cruelty.

Washington, April 17.—Edward J. Davis, of Greenfield, Mass., who was sergeant in Company M, Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry, was before the senate committee on the Philippines today. He was present in the convent at Igbaras, Nov. 27, 1900, when the "water cure" was administered to the presidente of the town of Igbaras, as testified to by Sergeant Riley and Private Smith. He said: The man's clothing was removed above the waist and his hands tied behind him, then the cure was administered by this detail. "He was then," witness said, "taken to the water tank and thrown upon his back and while an interpreter stood over him, a stream of water was directed into his mouth, which was held open."

"Who gave the command for this treatment?"

"Capt. Glenn."

"How was the man's mouth kept open?"

"By means of a stick, but I could not see just how it was done."

Continuing, witness said that when the victim of the cure was filled with water the members of the detail would force it out of him by rolling their fists over his stomach, and that the process was kept up for about ten minutes.

Mr. Davis said in reply to questions as to the physical effect of the process that the man "squealed" terribly and that his eyes were bloodshot, but that the next day he was able to mount his horse and lead the scouts to the mountains.

The witness also repeated the statement that two police officers of the town of Igbaras had been subjected to the water cure. "There was," he added, "also a native school teacher there who was maltreated at the same time, but the water cure was not administered to him."

WILL NOT CLAIM SEAT

Col. Lynch Not Likely to Appear In Parliament as Government Is Securing Strong Evidence Against Him.

London, April 17.—Although there is no indication that Col. Arthur Lynch, who fought on the Boer side in the South African war, and who was elected to represent Galway city in parliament, in November last, has any intention of placing himself within reach of the British courts, the government is bringing witnesses from South Africa to testify in support of the charges of high treason brought against him. Lewis Handley, an American by birth, but a naturalized British subject and farmer, of the vicinity of Glencoe, Natal, landed in England today. He says Col. Lynch was the leader of a Boer force, principally composed of Irishmen, which raided his farm in 1900, confiscated his stock and other movables, and destroyed his crops. Lynch informed Handley that he (Lynch) was a British subject.

STRUCK WITH A HAMMER

Physical Instructor at Indiana State Normal School Receives Fatal Injuries at the Hands of One of the Track Team.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 17.—Professor J. P. Kimmel, physical instructor at the Indiana state normal school, has been fatally injured by being struck on the head with the 16-pound hammer with which Capt. Beecher of the track team was practicing. The hammer struck Professor Kimmel behind the ear, causing a fracture of the skull and concussion of the brain.

Professor Kimmel came to Terre Haute in 1896 as physical instructor of the Y. M. C. A., and went to the normal two years ago. His home was in Pittsburg.

The state intercollegiate field day meet is to be held in this city next month, under the auspices of the Normal Athletic association, and Professor Kimmel was making an especial effort to prepare a strong team to represent the school.

GREAT STRIKE AVERTED

A Settlement Will be Made Between the Operators and Mine Workers Without Trouble In the Anthracite Region.

Shamokin, Pa., April 17.—Miles Dougherty, member of the national executive board of the United Mine Workers from the Ninth district, has returned to his home here from Indianapolis where he attended the meeting of the board. Mr. Dougherty says the possibilities of a strike in the anthracite coal region are growing less and that within a few days a move will be made towards the settlement of the differences between the operators and mine workers.

From Mahoney City information is received to the effect that a strike has been averted.

John De Silva, a member of the district legislative board said that while he had received no official information concerning the settlement he had reason to believe it was true and that it would be confirmed officially before the end of the week. What that basis of the committee promises, he said, he could not say further than if it was satisfactory to National President Mitchell and the district presidents, it would receive the approval of the rank and file of the organization.

WAS ONCE KING OF SPAIN

Epinay, Department of the Seine, France, April 17.—Don Francisco D'Assiz, the former king of Spain, died here last night at the age of 80 years. He was expelled from Spain in 1868.

Don Francisco D'Assiz, duke of Cadiz, was born at Arangues, Spain, May 30, 1822, and Oct. 10, 1846, was married at Madrid to his cousin, Queen Isabella II of Spain, and was the same day proclaimed king of Spain. Queen Isabella and her husband were expelled from Spain as a result of the revolution of Sept. 30, 1868. She formally abdicated the throne in Paris June 25, 1870, in favor of her son, the late King Alfonso XII, father of the present king of Spain, Alfonso XIII. The latter, who was proclaimed king, under the regency of his mother, on the day of his birth, May 17, 1886, is to be crowned May 17 next.

A VALUABLE PIECE OF PAPER

New York, April 17.—Henry C. Frick, the steel magnate, has deposited at the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co. what is probably one of the most valuable pieces of paper in existence. It is a certificate for 100,000 shares of preferred stock in the United States Steel corporation, yielding Mr. Frick dividends of $700,000 annually. It is stated that the deposit was made for the purpose of exchanging two-fifths of the preferred stock it represents into $4,000,000 worth of bonds of the proposed new issue. The balance in the deal, $6,000,000, will be repaid to Mr. Frick in the shape of a new preferred stock certificate.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MAY CALL FOR VOTE

Municipal Ownership Advocates May Appeal to the Voters.

Truelsen, Richards and Others Are Against That Idea.

Would Cause Delay and Large Expense---Mayor Will Sign.

The action of the council in passing the ordinance granting a franchise to the Highland Canal and Power company, and allowing that company a commercial lighting privilege, may not be accepted as final by some of the advocates of municipal ownership. There is talk today that they will prepare a petition asking that the question be submitted to a vote of the people.

Not all of the advocatees of municipal ownership join in this, for many have favored granting the franchise in view of the great benefit that will accrue to the city from the development of the water power. Nor do all of those who have appeared before the council and argued against the granting of a lighting franchise believe that a special election should be called.

There is a division of opinion among the advocates of municipal ownership. Henry Truelsen, J. B. Richards, S. F. Snively and others took the position that if it was necessary for the company to have the lighting franchise in order to float their scheme, it should be given, surrounded by the safeguards which the council placed in the ordinance. The decision as to whether it was necessary for the company to have it was left to the aldermen.

On the other hand, Alfred Jaques, John E. Davies, John H. Brigham and others were unalterably opposed to granting it, for the reason that they did not believe the company had to grant it. It is possible that these men may get out petitions to push the matter to a vote.

In order to get a vote of the people it is necessary for a petition asking for it, signed by 3 per cent of the voters voting at the previous election, to be presented to the council within thirty days after the ordinance becomes a law. This would mean that somewhere in the neighborhood of 300 will be required.

The sentiment is freely expressed about the city that it would be a mistake to put the matter to a vote, that there is no doubt that it will carry by an overwhelming vote, the city will be put to an expense of about $6000 and the company to a delay of about two months and which would delay the whole project a year.

If Mayor Hugo should not approve the ordinance, the whole matter would take on a new phase, but it is understood that there is no likelihood of this and that he will sign the ordinance as soon as he has had time to look over it.

RAILROAD JOLLIERS.

Several of Them Spend Day In Duluth.

Four traveling passenger agents struck a dry field here for business today. Travel is not nearly as heavy as it has been out of here all winter, and it is thought it will remain a little quiet until after spring business gets well settled in its routine.

A couple of the visitors are laying plans for a new consolidation of railroads. W. B. Dixon of the Milwaukee and H. Cochrane Bailey of the Louisville & Nashville dropped in to see "Larry" Kitchell of the Great Northern and Dixon gave away Bailey's proposed coup, which is to make the Louisville & Nashville a stub of the Great Northern. Bailey insisted, however, that in the new polite official language of the Northwestern, it would be all of an "auxiliary."

Traveling Passenger Agent C. W. Humphrey of the Eastern Illinois was here from Chicago. W. B. Hutter, who used to be city ticket agent of the Great Northern here, came up from St. Paul. He is now on the road for the passenger department of the Lake Shore.

SUCKERS AND TURTLES.

Result of Trip of Ox Creek Fisherman.

The party of trout fishermen that found a mecca at Ox Creek returned last night. The fishermen report the best of luck—with suckers and turtles.

It is said that the party visited the stream just at the right time to find a flood of suckers going up stream to Ox creek to spawn. They are not familiar enough with the habits of turtles to philosophize on their motives or plans. It is understood, however, that Harry Nesbitt, who has abandoned trouting for turtling, will devote the rest of his fishing career to a study and cultivation of this species of fish.

The prize conquerors of the suckers were said to be J. P. Johnson and A. B. Thomas. They simply quit using rods and lines and took up clubs, pitchforks, and spears. Mr. Nesbitt clung, however, to the rod and reel idea, and made a great success in its application to turtles.

Some trout were caught, but it is claimed by the fishermen that the stream was too full of the larger fish to allow the trout any chance or their hook any chance to get to the trout.

Fair luck is reported by fishermen that were down on the Brule. Only one angler, however, has been definite enough about his catch to attempt to speak of it in a numerical way. Thomas Phillips claims to have landed fifty-eight trout in one day's fishing, all of larger size than usual. It is said that the water is too cold as yet for the best fishing.

Duluth as an Example.

In an article in the April number of Home and Flowers, a Springfield, O., magazine, on "The Town's Opportunity," Duluth is referred to as an example of what civic pride and an improvement association can do in the way of beautifying a town. The writer, who is endeavoring to show what can be done in the way of improving the appearance of a city or town, takes a sheet issued by the Duluth Improvement association as a text, and proceeds to show what has been done here. There is a picture of a beautiful park, which appears to be part of Lincoln park, which is shown as "one of the accomplishments of the Duluth Improvement association."

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

RELEASED.

Delayed Timber From the West Is Now Coming In.

The Pacific coast timber that has been delayed in the freight blockades resulting from heavy snows and flood damage along the North coast lines is beginning to arrive. It is said that there will be no delay from this time on, and that timber will come along fully as fast as it can be used in heavy improvement work here.

This news is good news to the three ore-handling railroads here. All of them have suffered as a result of delay in the arrival of timber for their dock work. The Missabe road had its approach trestle pretty well torn out in a couple of places for repairs, and the opening of navigation caught it with this trestle still incompleted, and the timber for the work tied up in the blockade on the Northern Pacific. It was finally necessary to put in a temporary tretsle work of short timbers resting on horizontal timbers, instead of running up from the ground. This left the structure without enough strength to make it seem safe to use the large hill engines, run heavy trains over the trestle, or to proceed with customary speed.

The Eastern Minnesota was found in the midst of extending its ore dock on Allouez bay, and construction operations have interfered somewhat, though not so seriously, as with the Missabe, with the movement of ore to the dock.

As a result of the delay in arrival of timber from the coast, dock No. 4 of the Duluth & Iron Range system at Two Harbors may not be completed until well along toward July 1, instead of by May 1, the contract date.

Up to this time there have been no series results from the delay, except at the Missabe. Ore has been handled at all docks, except for the first week or ten days of navigation at the Missabe, as rapidly as it came from the mines. It will require only a short time to put the latter dock in ship shape, and it will probably be ready to handle the product of the open pit mines soon after the disappearance of frost will allow them to be worked with ease.

WILL WITHHOLD IT.

Resolution as to the Street Drinking Fountains.

Street drinking fountains were ordered open last Monday night by the council.

While Mayor Hugo may not veto this order he will withhold the resolution and ask a reconsideration of it.

The fountains would have been placed in commission several weeks ago without the request of the council had it not been for a request from the board of health.

For some time past Duluth has been threatened with an epidemic of glanders among horses. In fact about a dozen horses were killed on account of this disease.

The health authorities concluding that diseased animals drinking from public fountains would spread the disease, requested the water department not to turn on the water supply for fountains until the first of next month.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Brome-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

An Ancient Lease.

The C. M. Hill Lumber company is the plaintiff in a district court suit to annul a mining lease that is one of the oldest existent in this county.

The suit is against John Mallman and A. T. Bliss, and it is to annul a lease made in 1889. At that time, according to the complaint, Bliss and C. M. Hill were the owners of some lands in section 25, 59-15, and they gave Mallman the lease. Subsequently Hill transferred his interest to the plaintiff. Nothing was ever done under the lease, but it still stands, and as the plaintiff claims it is a cloud on its title it asks that it be set aside. John G. Williams is the attorney.

Residence Sold.

S. R. Wentworth has sold his residence at 211 West Second street to Lawrence Case, of Prairie du Chien, Wis., the deed having been filed for record in the office of the register of deeds this morning. The property consists of two lots with a frontage of 100 feet on the upper side of Second street, between Second and Third avenues west, and the consideration is $13,000. The house is a large one and neat in appearance. The sale was announced some time ago, but the name of the purchaser was not given.

To Speak Here.

Alfred Gabrielson, of Eau Claire, Wis., will be in Duluth this week and will speak Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the new Trinity church, Fifth street and Fourth avenue east and in the evening at the regular service at the Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, First avenue east and Third street. He is comparatively a young man, but has acquired much popularity as a temperance speaker. He represents the Minnesota Total Abstinence association.

CUT OUT THE MEAT

People Eliminating It From Their Diet to Large Degree.

Butchers and Packers Feeling Effect of the High Prices.

Physician Says It Proves a Blessing In Disguise.

The exorbitant and increasing prices of meat are having their natural effect.

People are abstaining from eating meat in a large degree, and meat men say the meat business has fallen off in incredible proportions during the past two or three weeks. Dealers say the retail business has dropped off 50 per cent.

This has been noticeable in both wholesale and retail circles. It is said that wholesalers that used to sell thirty-five carcasses a week have dropped to six or so, and the decrease has been in this proportion all along the line.

The reason for this is that people, appalled by the high prices, have cut short their meat consumption. They are consoled by the thought that physicians and hygienists say that people eat too much meat anyway. When they do eat meat they are buying the cheaper grades, and in this they are backed up by the information from the same source, to the effect that the less expensive grades of beef are more nutritious and wholesome than the fancy cuts.

"It would be a funny thing," said a physician this morning, "if the exactions of the meat trust would turn out to be a blessing in disguise. One of the great crimes of the American people is excessive meat eating. They eat far more than they need, far more than their stomachs can comfortably handle, and the result is a train of stomach disorders. Disorders of the stomach can produce more far-reaching results, physical, mental and moral, than almost anything else one can think of, and a move in the direction of better, sounder, less over-worked stomachs is a move in the direction of better American citizenship. Let the meat trust keep up its good work, and if the ice trust would only take it up and make iced water too expensive to be used, we would have a great country full of healthy stomachs and therefore healthy minds."

The result of the falling off in the consumption of meat is that wholesalers are finding their stocks pile up, while the prices keep right on going up. There has been no reduction in any of the prices, and pork, for instance, is higher than ever before. Predictions are that higher prices still will reign.

BUTCHERS QUIT.

Out of Business Owing to Advance In Meats.

Philadelphia, April 17.—Of the 2000 butchers in this city it is estimated that 200 have been driven out of business since the advance in price of meat. They are for the most part small dealers who found it impossible to sell meat to their customers at the prices the advance made necessary. The meat corner has indirectly caused an advance in the price of nearly every staple article of food. Unable to buy meat because of the prohibitive prices asked for it, the people have been purchasing other kinds of food and the increase in demand has been followed by an increase in price. Butter, eggs and potatoes have shown the most marked advance, but fish and smoked meats are selling at more than normal sales. There is no demand for canned meats.

OSTEOPATHY

Expands the Chest and Makes Consumption Impossible.

Said a patient at the Branch Minneapolis Institute of Osteopathy, 512-14 Torrey building: "Your treatment to expand the chest alone is worth the money." Persons with a tendency to stoop and droop the head should take a course in osteopathy to expand the chest and throw the shoulders back, thereby making lung disease impossible.

GRAND STREET PARADE.

A Fine Display of Horses Will Be Seen Tomorrow.

Tomorrow at 11 a. m. Barrett & Zimmerman, whose stables are on First street west, opposite the postoffice, will give a grand street parade of heavy draft and driving horses, which will undoubtedly be well worth seeing. On another page the firm draws attention to their second auction sale of the season, which takes place Saturday, and which in all probability will prove as successful as the first one, given two weeks ago.

Ladies and children are especially invited to see the splendid street parade tomorrow.

Something to Secure.

A fine reproduction of the latest portrait of Pope Leo XIII, at the novel price of 10 cents each. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

Suit For Divorce.

Andrew J. Anderson, aged 50, has asked the district court for a divorce from Elisa C. Anderson, aged 43, on the ground of adultery. They were married in St. Paul Nov. 6, 1883, and they have three children, 12, 15 and 19 years of age. It is alleged by the plaintiff that his wife committed the crime charged March 15, at 916 Lake avenue south, with one Alfred Olson, and he also alleges that she has been living with Olson for three years. Eckman & Stevenson are the attorneys.

Col. Sowton Visits Duluth.

Col. Charles Sowton, leader of the Scandinavian department of Salvation Army in America will pay Duluth a short visit this week and will speak at the hall on Seventeenth avenue west. Sunday morning he will preach the sermon at the regular services in the Third Baptist church, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street and at 3:30 in the afternoon he will conduct service at the Army hall on Seventeenth avenue west and Superior street.

I Will Cure You of RHEUMATISM

No Pay Until You Know It.

After 2000 experiments, I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn bony joints into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always at any stages, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatism Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and if it does what I claim pay your druggist $5.50 for it. If it doesn't, I will pay him myself.

I have no samples. Any medicine that can affect rheumatism with but a few doses must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs. It is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you, I know it and I take this risk. I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 39 out of 40 who get these six bottles pay, and gladly. I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter. Let me send you an order for the medicine; also a book. Take it for a month, for it won't harm you anyway. If it cures, pay $5.50. I leave that entirely to you. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists

VETOED.

President Stops Another Pension Bill Passed By Congress.

Washington, April 17.—President Roosevelt today sent to the house a veto of the bill pensioning Thomas F. Walter, a lieutenant in a Pennsylvania volunteer regiment during the civil war at $17 per month. The veto message states that the record of the war department shows that this soldier was cashiered by sentence of a general court-martial for disobedience of orders as to going on picket duty, and that this disobedience was admitted.

"To inscribe his name on the pension roll," the message says, "would be to condone an inexcusable offense by a commanding officer, to detract from the high estimate the pension roll ought ever to be held in, and to do injustice to soldiers now on that roll, especially those under act of June 27, 1890, where an honorable discharge from the service is precedent to obtain a pension."

BOY MURDERER

Paroled By Governor and Will Attend School.

St. Paul, April 17.—A Des Moines, Iowa, special to the Dispatch says: Governor Cummins this morning signed the parole for Wesley Elkins, the boy murderer of Clayton county, who killed his parents twelve years ago. He will require that Elkins become a resident of Linn county, where he will attend school for the present at Cornell college.

GOOD STRAWBERRY CROP.

Wisconsin Growers Report That Bushes Wintered Well.

Sparta, Wis., April 17.—Berry-growers in the vicinity of Sparta (the greatest berry-growing center in the Northwest) are in the midst of uncovered strawberry beds and taking up and wiring the bushberry cane. Bushes and vines of all kinds wintered well and are in good shape. The spring thus far has been cold and dry, but with good weather from now on a good crop can be confidently predicted. Hundreds of carloads of berries are shipped from here each year. This industry gives employment for many hundred pickers from June to September.

ELKS' PLANS FAVORED.

State Organization to Be Formed at Ashland.

Ashland, Wis., April 17.—The plan to form a state organization of the Elks, which originated with the Ashland lodge has met with unqualified approval from lodges all over the state, and the preliminary convention to be held in this city April 22, 23 and 24 for the purpose of perfecting such organization bids fair to be the most important gathering of Elks ever held in the state aside from the national meeting held last year in Milwaukee.

PALMA SAILS FOR CUBA.

Hampton, Va., April 17.—President-elect Tomas Estrada Palma sailed on the steamer Farragut for Cuba today. Several hundred people assembled to bid him farewell. He will reach Cuba Sunday afternoon.

CLARKSON FOR SURVEYOR.

Washington, April 17.—The president has nominated James S. Clarkson to be surveyor of customs of the port of New York.

COMBINE DENIED.

Chicago, April 17.—The report that a $12,000,000 combine of sash and door manufacturers is to be formed was denied emphatically today by W. Arthur Wade, secretary of the General Sash and Door Manufacturers' association. Mr. Wade said also that prices would not be raised and that no new conditions would be presented to the dealer or consumer. The association is holding a meeting today.

REIFF MAY RIDE.

London, April 17.—J. Reiff, the American jockey, has been licensed to ride in England.

ROOT SAILS FOR CUBA.

New York, April 17.—Secretary Root started for Cuba today on the steamship Esperanza. Discussing his trip before the steamer sailed, he said: "I am going down to look over the field and lay plans for the withdrawal of our troops from the island on May 20. There is no great significance in my trip. I want to be on the ground and see for myself just what the situation demands before I issue the final orders."

ROBBERS MAKE GOOD HAUL.

Eaton, Ind., April 17.—Robbers here about 2 o'clock this morning broke into a blacksmith shop, secured tools and pried their way into the postoffice. They took $1600 in stamps, $100 in money and $400 in jewelry and escaped. The robbers stole a horse and buggy and drove towards the east.

FITCH IS SILENT

South Shore Official Will Not Announce Coming of Offices.

Declines Absolutely to Discuss the Matter In Any Way.

Officers of Company Said to Know Nothing of It.

Vice President W. F. Fitch, of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, arrived in the city this morning. It is his first visit for about a month. A great many people have looked forward to Mr. Fitch's coming in the belief that he might make a statement as to his intentions concerning the removal of the general offices from Marquette to this city. He said this afternoon, however, simply that there was nothing whatever to say about the matter, and further than that would not discuss it.

As far as can be learned, Mr. Fitch has kept his own counsel regarding his intentions, if he has reached any decision. It is said that none of the officers of the company have any idea what form the announcement will take, or whether there will be an announcement.

It has been said that the general passenger department would be moved here this spring, even if the other general offices were not. Nothing is known or can be learned about this, however.

It is believed that nothing further will be known concerning Mr. Fitch's decision for a few weeks, at any rate.

Concerning his trip South, Mr. Fitch said he had had a fine time, and his appearance is quite satisfactory evidence that he comes back in splendid health.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken. 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Delighted crowds nightly "Jesus, the Door," was the subject on which Rev. Alexander Patterson spoke last night at the Branch Bethel. The men joined heartily in the singing, and paid good attention during the speaking. The old gospel story was clearly and simply set forth. Altogether it was an interesting service. Mr. Patterson speaks again at the Branch Bethel tonight.

Don't fail to see the family of thoroughbred Scotch collies in California Wine House window all day Saturday.

The Crown Lumber company has begun suit in district court against William McKinley and many others to clear title to lot 41, Minnesota avenue, upper Duluth. The plaintiff claims to be the true owner of the lot, and alleges that the defendants have various claims to ownership that cloud its title. M. Douglas is the attorney.

Parlor theater. Latest vaudeville.

The state board of examining barbers is in session in Duluth at 629½ West Superior street and will continue there tomorrow.

Inquiry has been made at the office of the local steamboat inspector regarding the whereabouts of Samuel Reid, an engineer employed on one of the boats in the Duluth-Superior harbor. A telegram was received yesterday announcing the death of his father in Port Huron, Mich., but efforts to locate Reid have been unavailing.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

The last section of the approach to the Missabe ore dock which has been rebuilt will be completed before the end of the week. The reconstruction work has included three long sections and the work has been under way for the past two months.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. D. G. Penny returned yesterday from a visit to Colorado and New Mexico.

Capt. Frank Augustus left last night for Prairie du Chien to join his regiment at Manila and will be in service in the Philippines.

Miss Robinson, of Detroit, Mich., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. George L. Chesebrough.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Parker, of Plainfield, N. J., are guests at the Spalding.

Mrs. C. G. Howard left this afternoon over the Eastern Minnesota for a several days' visit with friends in Minneapolis.

Thomas Rowlands, of Oshkosh, lumber buyer for the great Morgan factories, is at the Spalding.

C. B. Stark left this afternoon for Minneapolis.

John O'Connor, of Virginia, came down this morning and is a guest at the St. Louis.

Miss Nellie Sullivan and Miss Lizzie Sullivan, of Tower, are guests of their sister, Mrs. T. J. Walsh at the McKay.

W. N. Ingalls and J. A. Lapsley will leave over the South Shore this evening for Ishpeming.

T. J. Murfin, of Sleepy Eye, and G. W. Murfin, of New Ulm, are on their first visit to Duluth. They are stopping at the St. Louis.

John Miksak, of the Miksak Lumber company, of Chicago, and C. G. Poggi, another Chicago lumberman, are at the Spalding.

J. F. Zimmerman and C. S. Shea, of Princeton, are at the McKay.

Demand Increasing.

The increasing demand for labor is being felt again and today telegrams have been received at local employment bureaus from outside contractors offering $2 a day and free fare for men. It was expected that the wage scale of $1.75 would advance by May 1, but the rise has come sooner than anticipated. Orders are coming in at a great rate and from thirty to fifty men are being sent out of the city daily.

TRAMP'S REVENGE.

Being Refused Food Threw Dynamite on Stove.

Springfield, Ohio, April 17.—Because he was refused something to eat this morning, a tramp at the home of Joseph Allen, in the absence of the parents, threw a stick of dynamite on a stove surrounded by Allen's six children. A 12-year-old boy made an effort to save the others and grabbed the explosive. His hand was blown off and the other children badly burned about the face. The stove was also wrecked. The tramp escaped.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stopover privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

FURS STORED

Now is the time to have your Furs thoroughly renovated, cleaned and placed in our ***Fire and Moth Proof Steel Vault for the Summer. At a Nominal Cost*** we insure your Furs against moths, fire and burglary, and deliver them to you when wanted in first class order. We therefore take a big responsibility off your hands, and can convince you that your garment is in safe hands by giving you references to our customers who had their garments with us before. Drop us a postal and we will call for them and deliver them when wanted.

Zenith Fur Co.,

Second Ave. W. and Sup. St. Over Suffel's Shoe Store. D. H. CONE, Mngr.

We have just published a NEW MAP OF DULUTH—You need one.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

Established 1869.
MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.
You want the best—We furnish it.
Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

SHE HAS A FORTUNE

Music Hall Girl Was Lodged In Jail But Escaped.

Attorney Looking For Her As She Is An Heiress.

Left Convent School to Enjoy a More Rapid Career.

Portland, Ore., April 17.—Wilfully leaving behind the quiet protection and advantages of a convent school in this city to enter upon a more rapid career of dissipation and pleasure, such as may be had in a common music hall, then suddenly finding herself an heiress in her own right and the world and all its freedom actually hers—such is the chapter of life which intervenes between the dreams and actualities in the career of Ida M. Long.

The story is an interesting one, and, starting from a recent episode in the Portland police court, is substantially as follows:

Ida Long is a half-orphan, her father being dead. Her mother, now living in Los Angeles, formerly conducted a hotel at La Grange, Ore. Last December Ida was placed in a Catholic school in this city by her mother. The girl ran away from this place and sought what are alleged to be wild ways of living. Mrs. Proebstel, said to be a half-sister of the girl, made a complaint to the police, desiring them to arrest and restrain her. The police found Ida and locekd her up. She lay in the Portland police station for three or four days, when Attorney Watts was attracted to her case. He took the matter up for investigation, and insisted on a charge being made against the fair young prisoner, so that she might give bail and be given her freedom.

Accordingly, acting under instructions from Mrs. Proebstel, the deputy city attorney preferred a charge against Ida. Bail of $10 being called for, Attorney Watts himself provided the money. The prisoner came into court to answer the charge and a sentence of sixty days was given her, the sentence being suspended, however, until an arrangement could be completed to place Ida in the Crittenton home. Meanwhile she was liberated.

The girl was bound not to be placed in any of the local asylums for the incompetents, however. She wanted to act for herself, and she quickly gave the officials the slip and escaped not only the police, but the managers of the Crittenton home, who signified that they were prepared to take care of the girl.

Then all trace of her was lost for a time.

Then entered upon the scene one Mr. Zarvis, of Los Angeles. He was a mysterious man, with a mysterious name as well. He was hunting for the girl, who, he confided to the lawyer who had taken care of the case in the police court, was heir to a large sum of money. Mr. Zarvis was said to be acting for Mrs. Long, of Los Angeles. Aside from owning an orange grove, none of the Portlanders who met him could determine whether he was a sleuth or not. At all events, Mr. Zarvis offered money to find Miss Long. Certain friends of hers were visited here in the city, and through the use of money she was located at Aberdeen.

Mr. Zarvis then sent Mr. Watts to Aberdeen to see the girl and induce her to go home, as a fortune was left to her and her presence there was necessary to a settlement.

Although Agent Zarvis promised to pay the lawyer for locating and bringing back the refugee, he failed to pay, and so far as the agent of Mrs. Long is concerned he is out of it.

Miss Long consented to return to Portland, but would not have anything to do with her mother's agent, nor with any one else excepting through her attorney. She made terms. She said she would go to Los Angeles to attend to the settlement of the estate if expenses for herself and her counsel were guaranteed in advance. She refused to meet Mr. Zarvis at all, and D. J. Murphy, a partner of Mr. Watts, said that at this juncture, as Mr. Zarvis was not anxious to pay the expenses of the trip over to the sound, the matter was dropped, and the agent, who offered to tell the girl how the disposal of the Wisconsin fortune stood, went home without accomplishing anything.

Mr. Watts has a letter from Joseph Chase, an uncle of Ida Long's, at Oshkosh, Wis., to their client, under date of Dec. 13. This letter contains the first intimation that the girls says she ever had that any money was coming to her from any source.

SUCCEEDS HIS FATHER.

St. Paul, April 17.—A Madison, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Edward Walker was appointed by Governor La Folette today register of deeds of St. Croix county, to succeed his father, James Walker, who was drowned a week ago.

BRIGADIER GENERALS.

Washington, April 17.—The president today nominated Cols. Carter R. Bird, Simon Snyder and William Auman, to be brigadier generals in the regular army, to fill existing vacancies.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.
Successors to McMARTIN & CO.
METAL CEILING,
Corrugated Iron Roofing,
Steel Brick Siding, Etc.
Pitch and Gravel Roofing,
Cornices and Skylights,
Fireproof Shutters,
Sheet, Iron and Tin Work.
Telephone, call or write for prices.
126-28 E. Michigan St.

REMODELED!
In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.
TURKISH BATH PARLORS,
110 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

The best and only practical optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

May We Assist You to Clean House?

You certainly need our ingenuity to repair the springs in your couch, recover the parlor chairs, sofa, etc. Do you know that we can give you prompt and satisfactory service for less money than any other store in this city. Besides we will sell you furniture coverings and other upholstery materials at prices that beat 'em all.

We will do your work now and deliver any time you say—this or next month.

Our new line of couch covers and draperies are selling fast. The styles, quality and prices never fail to please and we invite you to come in and get posted where to buy.

We have Furniture Coverings for everybody at right prices.

Duluth Upholstery Store,

Next Door Freimuth's Store. 12 West Superior Street.

BURGLAR CAUGHT

Robber of Sheriff Sargent's House Arrested In Sioux City.

Recently Concluded a Term In St. Louis County Jail.

Worked a Great Game In Sioux City Until Caught.

The thief that stole valuable silver plate from the sheriff's residence is believed to be under arrest in Sioux City.

He struck that place on Monday, and learning that the Gindele company, of Chicago, had a contract to build a large new Northwestern depot, he represented himself as superintendent of the Western Construction company, of Duluth, with a sub-contract and ready to begin work just as soon as he could secure laborers at $2.50 a day.

He gave advertisements for men to the newspapers and then visited all the saloons in sight, offering work to all comers. There were many idle men in Sioux City, and an offer of a good job was good for a drink or two to the man that made it.

That was the game of the clever Duluth thief. He was broke, but thirsty, and from all accounts he acquired the most sensational and inglorious jag ever seen in that section of the country, and it did not cost him a cent.

One stormy night last winter this particular thief stole an overcoat from a man named Wind. Learning the name of his victim after arrest, the thief thought to create a remarkable coincidence by saying that his name was Joseph Gale. The police later found out that it was Joseph Groggins.

Last Friday he was released from the county jail, after serving out his time for stealing the overcoat.

When released he did not have a cent. During his imprisonment, however, he cultivated the friendship of a prisoner that had considerable money. This prisoner was released Saturday. Groggins met him at the jail door and told him that he had two good jobs waiting at Mora, Minn., but was broke financially and unable to get to that place. The man just out of jail offered to buy the tickets if he could get one of the places.

He and Groggins went to a local passenger depot and purchased the tickets. Later Groggins got hold of the transportation and took it back to the passenger office, where he told a pitiful tale about a mother dying, but that he was too late to reach her, and had decided not to go after all.

The railroad man took back the tickets and gave Groggin the money. It is supposed that that night he robbed the residence of Sheriff Sargent and got away.

In Sioux City he is going under the name of B. J. McGrath, and cut quite a wide swath hiring men to build the new depot there until the police got on to his game.

Chief Troyer is corresponding with Chief Davenport of Sioux City in regard to him

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look," replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c.

DANDIFIED VAGRANT.

Sports Fine Clothes and Real Diamonds.

John A. Dickerson, the pride of Paradise alley, and acknowledged to be the most correctly dressed and highly cultured colored gentleman in Duluth, was on trial in police court this afternoon for being a vagrant.

Curiously the "vag" wore better clothes than any person else in the room, and "sported" real diamonds arranged in flashlight clusters.

He got into trouble on account of a certain blonde soubrette. There was a flirtation, and the guardian of the white woman intercepted a letter from Dickerson to the girl. As a result the girl has left town.

In defending himself the colored man said that he was a musical composer and a performer on the piano. The case against him was dismissed.

* * *

A. Kramer was fined $5 and costs in police court this morning for leaving his home, which was under quarantine, without permission from the health authorities.

MADE BOGUS COIN.

Appleton, Wis., April 17.—A band of counterfeiters consisting of five men and two women was rounded up today by United States secret service men and were taken before the United States court commissioner and held to the federal court. They will be taken to Milwaukee. Counterfeit coins of the dimension of the silver dollar and half dollar have been circulated in Appleton, Neenah, Menasha and Kaukauna.

BIG LUMBER SALE.

Negotiations For One Are Now Under Way.

Negotiations are said to be under way for the sale of several million feet of the lumber cut this season of one of the head of the lake concerns that has thus far this season been out of the market. The sale, if made, will clean up nearly half of the season's cut of the company, and the prices claimed are very satisfactory. There are several smaller sales pending, most of them being for a special cut of lumber, that is, the purchasers desire the lumber cut just a little out of the ordinary dimensions, and are willing to pay the manufacturer's price. Those lumbermen securing contracts of this nature are rather chary of divulging much information, having an eye out for competition from other concerns.

TOBACCO SMOKED UP.

Mice Start a Eire In Tobacco Shop.

The cigar store of C. G. Johnson, in the basement of the Lyceum building, was badly damaged by fire at an early hour this morning.

A fine stock of tobacco was badly smoked up because some mice preferred to chew matches instead of Piper Heidsick plug.

The matches were stored in back of the show case, and the theory is that the mice set the store in fire.

The damage was most from smoke, and the loss could not be estimated at a late hour today.

A still alarm was turned in this afternoon on account of a fire in the city dump at the foot of Sixth avenue west. The fire was easily extinguished.

STEAMER IN DISTRESS.

Quito Flies Signals Out In Lake—Schooner Returns.

The steamer Quito and schooner Page left this morning for Ashland, light for ore. At a late hour this afternoon the steamer was observed to be flying signals of distress, and shortly afterwards the schooner cut away from the steamer and started back to port under sail. These maneuvers were observed first by the lafe-saving crew and later by many people all over town. A tug left to meet the Page, but up to a late hour had not returned. The Quito was about nine miles out when the Page left her. It is supposed that the Quito's machinery gave way in some manner.

FIRED IN AIR.

Peoria, Ill., April 17.—Professional burglars accomplished three daring robberies early this morning at the residences of Flavel Shurtleff, George H. Littlewood and Dr. George T. Gray, and upwards of $2000 in money and jewelry was taken by them. The two latter burglaries were committed after the police had been notified and were in the vicinity of the first. While going through the house of Shurtleff and Littlewood, the burglars were discovered, but kept their victims at bay with revolvers. Mr. Littlewood is troubled with heart disease and one of the robbers brought him a drink of water while the others watched him. As the burglars were leaving the Gray residence, Dr. Gray fired several shots at them. Mrs. Shurtleff also fired several shots in the air to hurry their departure. The police have no clue.

STILL IDLE.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 17.—A report from the Amalgamated association's contested seats committee is expected this afternoon, and meantime the convention is idle. It is learned on good authority that the committee will recommend a compromise course in regard to the lodges which have failed to pay assessments. The fact is that the number of delinquents is so large that it would not be wise for the convention to ruthlessly turn them down, and at the same time it is recognized the power of the executive board must be upheld.

The committee is now looking for a way to harmonize all opposing interests. It is stated that one reason for the compromise is that the delinquent lodges threaten if turned down altogether, to affiliate with Chicago lodges which have been expelled, and organize a rival order.

INJUNCTION

Washington, April 17.—The recent policy of the postoffice department in excluding publications designated to correct alleged abuses, was the cause of seven injunction suits being filed today against Postmaster General Payne, to restore the second-class rate to the publications of the petitioners. The suits were filed separately in the district supreme court, and the court issued a restraining order on the postmaster general returnable April 25.

BARRY IS PRESIDENT.

Indianapolis, April 17.—D. M. Barry, of Indianapolis, was elected president of the National Manufacturers' association; E. H. Sanborn, of Philadelphia, secretary, and Hamilton Carheart, of Detroit, treasurer.

THE SAME RESULT

Duluth Grain and Flour Shippers' Opinion of English Tax.

Will Come Out of Consumer as Such Taxes Always Do.

Discussion of Agitation Over Wheat and Flour Export Rate.

It seems to be the general impression in the flour and grain trade of Duluth that, like most other things, the war tax just put on wheat and flour by the English government will ultimately come out of the consumer's pocket.

Up to this time, it is said, very little effect has been noted that could be traced directly to the new tax. The market has not suffered much by a falling off in business. This, it is reasoned by local millers, cannot be accepted as an indubitable indication of what the result will prove. They insist that the couple of days that have elapsed since the war tax was announced is not sufficient to determine what the ultimate result will be.

It cannot be denied, however, that the general theory of men that are familiar with the handling of commodities in the open market, particularly with reference to commodities handled on a narrow margin, is that any increased cost or reduced cost affects ultimately the consumer.

"If any proof were needed of the rightful application of this theory to the situation created by the English war tax," said a flour man this afternoon, "it would be furnished by the fact that English flour handlers, at once upon the announcement of the war tax, proceeded to add just that much to the price of their stocks. Of course, a temporarily different situation might be created if cut-throat competition were to ensue. But that would bear no just relation to the war tax. It would work the same results if it had occurred without a war tax.

"But the fact of the matter is that the export flour trade is done on such a narrow margin at every point from mill to consumer, that there is no possibility of anybody but the latter party catching the full brunt of the tax burden. It is said that flour is sold abroad on a margin of 5 cents a barrel. It is surely worked by the mills and by exporters on a very close figure, and always heretofore foreign flour shipments have always enjoyed a differential as against domestic consignments.

"If the consumer did not pay the amount of the tax, it would have to come out of the miller, and the miller would not stand it. He would shut down his mill. Then England would have to look elsewhere for her flour. Where would she find it? She ordinarily gets American flour cheaper than the article can be bought elsewhere. Indeed, it is difficult to see just where England could get enough wheat and flour to feed its people unless it continues coming to America for it. The tax may cause a temporary suspension of buying cables from the other side, but I think it will be but for a short time."

Another grain trade man who has watched the freight situation closely for years says of the movement having for its object the placing of export flour on the same basis as export wheat:

"It's an old question and millers have tried for years to accomplish a parity of freights. They have this much to contend with which underlies the classifying of every commodity that is handled by the railroads.

"First, that wheat is a raw material and flour a manufactured product. That, in brief, summarizes the situation that exists against the millers. It is natural that a differential should be charged the manufactured product. The chief reason is that flour, being package freight, has to be handled by hand and is very much more expensive to transship than wheat, which, being a bulk freight, is transshipped by machinery. Moreover, for the same reason, there are more claims for damage to flour in transit, and owing to the manner in which it is packed, particularly barrel flour for domestic points, the railroad equipment or line boats cannot be loaded as heavily. Last of all, the theory of traffic men is that flour, being a manufactured product, naturally should pay a higher freight than the raw material.

"It is the cost of handling, however, that I think causes most of the difficulty. Anybody that has watched the elevators let down their spouts into the holds of lake vessels realizes what a vast lot of cargo can be loaded with a small expenditure of labor or expense of any kind. If you have watched the hundreds of men wheeling barrels and sacks of flour out of railroad warehouses down on the docks into the holds of vessels, you can easily figure out a great difference in cost."

Wall Paper.

We can show you a large variety in new and exclusive patterns. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

NEW ORLEANS SELECTED.

Indianapolis, April 17.—The National Manufacturers' convention selected New Orleans as the next convention city.

LOAN AT A PREMIUM.

London, April 17.—The portion of the new British war loan offered for public subscription, £16,000,000, has been oversubscribed thirty or forty times, and is now quoted at 1 per cent premium.

JONES HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Detroit, April 17.—William M. Jones was arraigned today in the police court on a warrant charging him with the murder of John M. Heywood, whose body was found a week ago today on the street, a short distance from his home. Jones' examination was set for April 25 and he was committed to jail without bail.

We sat at the table together.
She cast a shy glance over at me,
She certainly looked like an angel
Oh, Charley! Please order me Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

HOUSE WILL ACCEPT BILL.

Washington, April 17.—The members of the house who have been interested in advancing the Chinese exclusion bill, after informal conferences today, decided to accept the senate substitute adopted yesterday continuing in force the present laws, and applying them to our insular possessions.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

SURPRISED.

Governor Wonders Why Machias' Captain Failed to Act.

Colon, Colombia, April 17.—Governor Salazar, who is still at Colon, considers the situation at Bocas del Toro to be serious. He is sending hence additional reinforcements and is doing his utmost to prevent the town from falling into the hands of the liberals. The governor expressed surprise at the report that the commander of the United States gunboat Machias, Lieut. Commander McCrea, had not insisted upon the immediate surrender of the launches, barges, etc., belonging to the United Fruit company, an American concern, and especially in view of the fact that the matter directly affects Colombia inasmuch as the liberals who are located at Old Bank would be unable to attack Bocas del Toro without such means of transportation.

He is bringing the subject to the notice of the Colombian minister at Washington, Senor J. Concha, in order that he may notify the authorities at Washington. It is recognized that it is no easy matter to effect a landing of troops at Bocas del Toro from open launches.

The Machias has not yet returned to Colon.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, April 17.—A special from Stillwater, Minn., says: Rev. F. E. Couture, priest of the French Catholic church at Somerset, Wis., died at 1 o'clock this morning of heart failure. He was 65 years old and for ten years was located at Somerset. He was born at Rimouski, Canada, and educated at the Oxbury college, Canada. His funeral will be held Saturday morning at Somerset.

New York, April 17.—Aaron Lovell, head of the well known publishing house of that name is dead at his home in Brooklyn. He was born in 1816.

St. Paul, April 17.—Emerson W. Peet, of this city, one of the best known life insurance men in the United States, widely known in the Protestant Episcopal church, and in commercial circles, died at his home at noon today, of gastritis, after six months' illness.

Attention Woodmen!

All members of Old Hickory, camp, No. 1555, M. W. A., are requested to meet in the Great Eastern hall, at West Duluth, at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, to attend the funeral of Neighbor S. C. Stewart, which will be held from the Presbyterian church at 100 o'clock.

J. A. SCOTT,
Venerable Counsel.
W. H. SWEET, Clerk.

STRIKERS

In Liege District Now Number Forty Thousand.

Brussels, April 17.—The strikers in the Liege district now number 40,000 and the strike at Verviers has extended to all the surrounding communes. The striking miners at La Louviere, however, declared today that they would resume work shortly. At Herstal 2000 men have returned to work. Quiet prevails everywhere this morning.

METEOR

Has Reached Other Side of Ocean.

London, April 17.—Emperor William's yacht, Meteor III, in tow of the steamer Scotia, passed Prawle point at 8:40 o'clock this morning.

The Meteor, which was built at Shooters island, passed out Sandy Hook under sail at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of April 1. The steamer Scotia was under orders to convoy the yacht on its voyage across the Atlantic.

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Association Elects Officers at Winona Convention.

St. Paul, April 17.—A dispatch special from Winona says: The election of officers took place at the closing business session of the State Sunday School association this morning, resulting as follows: President—Jeff Irish, Detroit; vice president, Lowell E. Jepson, Minneapolis; Charles F. Robel, Duluth; Rev. A. J. Haupt, St. Paul; treasurer, Mr. Avery, Minneapolis; secretary and primary superintendent, Mrs. J. E. Hobart, Minneapolis; field secretary, Jonn Orchard. Directors—L. V. Wilber, Winona; C. L. Dempster, Lake City, E. J. Kraft, Minneapolis; J. K. Francher, Dodge Center; Robert E. Esterley, Minneapolis; J. W. Andrews, Mankato; H. O. Larrabee, Winona.

Jeff Irish was elected member of the international executive committee; George R. Merrill, Minneapolis, vice president of the international committee for three years; D. L. Kiehle, Minneapolis, member nominating committee international convention. C. M. Way, Minneapolis, was elected chairman of the delegation of 22 to attend the international convention at Denver in June. Resolutions were adopted instructing the delegation to work for the retention of the quarterly temperance lesson in Sunday school lessons.

MISSIONARY BISHOPS

Cincinnati, April 17.—The Episcopal house of bishops today selected missionary bishops as follows:

Salina, Western Kansas, Nathaniel Seymour Thomas, rector of the Church of Holy Apostles, Philadelphia, and son of the late bishop of Kansas; Honolulu, Henry Bond Restarick, rector of St. Paul's church, San Diego, Cal.; Porto Rico, James H. Van Buren, formerly of Lynn, Mass., and later of San Juan.

The new bishops cannot be consecrated for two or three months awaiting the approval of the committees. Most of the day was devoted to considering the admission of the Mexican church.

DAY IS ON TRIAL.

Manila, April 17.—The mixed court-martial which tried Maj. Littleton W. T. Waller, of the marine corps, on charge of executing natives of Samar without trial today began the trial of Lieut. John H. Day of the marine corps on the same charge.

HAILED AS A BOON.

Dublin, Ireland, April 17.—The Nationalist papers hail the return of the coercion regime as a boon. The most moderate comment considers that the government has blundered in returning to the methods of the enghteenth century.

CANAL BILL UP AGAIN

Senator Morgan Urges Passage of Nicaraguan Measure.

Investigation Complete and Nothing Gained By Delay.

The House Still Struggles With Cuban Reciprocity Bill.

Washington, April 17.—Soon after the senate convened today a bill authorizing the county commissioners of Crow Wing county, Minn., to construct a bridge across the Mississippi river between Pine river and Dean brook was passed.

Other bills were passed as follows: Granting to the Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City railroad the right to use a tract of land held for lighthouse purposes on Choctaw Point, Mobile county, Ala. Providing for the transfer of the title to the military reservation at Baton Rouge, La., to the Louisiana State university and agricultural and mechanical college.

The resolutions offered by Mr. Culberson (Texas), directing the secretary of war to send to the senate a statement of the money paid by the United States on account of the Philippines commission and a statement of the amount of money expended for sending troops to the Philippines and for their maintenance, were agreed to.

Mr. Morgan (Ala.), chairman of the committee on isthmian canals, at the conclusion of routine business, addressed the senate upon the Hepburn bill providing for a Nicaraguan canal.

Mr. Morgan said the subject could be stated in six propositions. Investigation was complete and nothing could be gained by delay; it was a choice of two routes—Panama and Nicaragua; the controlling factors were the success of construction and the best interests of the United States; the control of selection should not be affected, all things considered, on account of expense, say within a limit of $50,000,000; the practicability of constructing the Nicaragua canal was beyond a shadow of doubt and within the estimates; if the Bihio dam at Panama should fail the only hope of a canal would perish while the failure of one dam on the San Juan river would mean construction at another point.

Mr. Morgan said none of the three commissions had expressed a doubt or apprehension as to the Nicaragua route. The supplemental report of the last commission in favor of Panama, was based upon a supposed gain to the government in cost of $5,630,594.

Mr. Morgan spoke of the clouds of doubt concerning the Panama route. He said the political conditions of Nicaragua and Costa Rica were more favorable than those of Colombia. He said the commission had no authority to accept an offer from the Panama Canal company.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 17.—The house began its session at 11 o'clock today in order to expedite the Cuban reciprocity bill. A veto message was received from President Roosevelt, of a bill pensioning Thomas F. Water and was referred to the committee on invalid pensions.

Consideration of the Cuban reciprocity bill was resumed by Mr. Jenkins (Wis.) on the political status of Cuba, maintaining that there could be no suspended sovereignty and that at the present time Cuba was under the political dominion of the United States. Mr. Jenkins opposed the bill because of our relation toward Cuba were not such as to permit of the proposed reciprocity treaty.

Mr. Gaines (W. Va.) also opposed the bill, declaring that it was unnecessary and unwise.

Mr. Warner (Ill.), who followed, was also against the bill. He insisted that the measure was not along Republican lines and when he declared that at heart a majority of the members on the Republican side were opposed to it, the Republican opponents of the bill gave him a round of applause.

Mr. McAndrew (Mo.) made a speech which attracted much attention. He employed vitriolic comment upon the attitude of members with his accustomed freedom. Calling attention to the fact that members on both sides were they opposed or advocated the measure, justified their course by an appeal to their party principles, he remarked that viewed from these diverse standpoints the measure was indeed a remarkable departure in legislation. He commented upon the statement of Gen. Grosvenor a few days ago that later the high rates of the Dingley law would be reduced and revised by the friends of that act. If the rates were too high, he saw no reason why the reductions should not occur now, and referred sarcastically to the Babcock bill to place steel on the free list. Its author had voted against the bill in committee; and he intimated broadly that the purpose of its introduction was to hold up the steel trust and other kindred trusts for the benefit of his party in the coming campaign.

Speaking of the sugar trust, he observed that to hear members talk, one would think there was nothing so friendless in the house as this trust. "Fortunately," said he, "there will be opportunity later on for members to show by their votes that they have not misrepresented themselves." (Laughter.)

Proceeding, Mr. De Armond explained that later on a motion would be made to amend the bill to take the differential off refined sugar—the differential put in the bill for the benefit of the trust. Then, he said, would come the "beautiful spectacle we have witnessed so often—the rules would stand in the way and members would hide behind the rules."

Mr. Cushman (Wash.) made a breezy speech against the bill.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best, because adhesive, invisible, harmless; flesh, white or brunet. 25c.

DATTOS

Decline to Take Part In Conference With Chaffee.

Manila, April 17.—Gen. Chaffee has returned here from Malabang, island of Mindanao. He says the Dattos have not responded to his invitation to take part in a conference, but the Datto grande came to the American camp and through him Gen. Chaffee sent a message to the other Dattos, assuring them of the friendly intentions of the United States, but warning them that they must deliver up the assassins of the American soldiers.

The general reminded the Dattos that the island of Mindanao has passed into the possession of the United States by the treaty of Paris, and that the Americans intend to explore the country and build roads, etc., peaceably, if possible, but that they will not brook interference on the part of the native chiefs. The general added that the Americans would not interfere with religion, but will unfailingly enforce law and order and protect the American civil and military officials in the discharge of their duty.

A force of 1200 men, under Col. Baldwin, will start April 25 from Malabang for Lanao, Mindanao, leaving behind a reserve of 600 men.

Gen. Chaffee is sending the transport Hancock to Mindanao, in case the Dattos resist, which seems probable, as they must number a total of 20,000 men, of whom 600 are armed with rifles. The remainder are spearmen and bolomen. These natives are a different breed of fighters from the Filipinos. They are religious fanatics, to which death while fighting is regarded as being a passport to heaven. The American officials hope, however, to avert a crisis.

Gonzales, the insurgent leader, has agreed to obey Malvar's order and will surrender.

Gen. Bell wires that no insurgents are left in Batangas or Laguna provinces. The surrender of the insurgents of the island of Samar has been postponed until April 20, on account of the weather making their movements difficult. Acting Governor Wright has returned here. He is enthusiastic over his reception by the friendly natives of Lucena, province of Tayabas.

BIRTHS.

BROWN—A son was born today to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Brown, 123 East Ninth street.

CARLSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Carlson, 1610 East Fifth street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

WE OFFER FOR tomorrow the following unusual values in fine Imported Wool Dress Goods at $1.50 per yard—black and colors—Formerly $1.75 and $2.50—

Black Poplins that sold for $2.00.
Black Zibelines that sold for $2.50.
Black Waterproof Cheviots that sold for $2.
Black Heavy Kersey that sold for $2.25.
Whipcords that sold for $2.00—colors grey, green, plum and wine.
Prunellas that sold for $2.50—colors, navy, royal blue, castor, helio, French grey, and cardinal.
Black Fancy Crepes that sold for $2.50.

We also name special prices tomorrow on all short lengths and remnants left over from the earlier season selling.

Black Heavy Serge that sold for $2.
Black Mohair Suiting that sold for $2.50.
Black Diagonal Suiting that sold for $2.50.
Draps de Alma that sold for $2—colors, tan, blue, brown and cadet.
Camel's Hair Cheviots that sold for $2.50—colors, red, tan and navy.
French Broadcloths that sold for $2.50—colors, navy, brown and tan.
Melton Suitings that sold for $1.75—colors, brown, castor, gray, blue and tan.

At $1.00 a yard—

Black Goods—(formerly $1.25 to $1.50)—Consisting of Sicilians, Canvasses, Hop-sackings, Granites, Clay Serges, French Foules, Mohair Fancies and Prunellas—some of these sold for $1.25, some for $1.50—they will all be on sale at $1.00 the yard.

At $1.39 a yard—

Skirtings and Suitings—This lot includes Meltons, Kerseys, Hop-sackings and Canvasses in the medium and heavy weights—every piece fresh and new. All the choice colors, grays, blues, browns and castors—warranted all wool and 52 to 56 inches wide—on sale at $1.39 the yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

(White Goods Dept—First Floor, Right Aisle)

WE SHALL PLACE on sale tomorrow the following values in white, tan and ecru exclusive Waist Patterns—No two alike.

At 59c for the Waist Pattern—

Of imported Cambrics, Madras, Batiste, plain and fancy Piques, Mousselines, Mercerized Madras, Dotted Swisses and New Ecru Linens.

At 85c for the Waist Pattern—

Of imported Oxfords, plain and fancy Batistes, Imported Mesh—white, ecru and tan Linens, fancy striped Madras, New Cordettes, plain and fancy Piques, and Imported dotted Swisses and Lawns.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Frank Dick and Margaret J. Irwin.
Gust Landin and Alvina Nordstrom.
Zenone Hlenbowicz and Balbina Orshulak.
Arthur Lefebvre and Adrien Lagombe.

DEATHS.

STEWART—Fred C. Stewart, died April 5 at Wrenshall, Minn. Deathe resulted from consumption.

Mr. Stewart was 40 years of age and very well known in this city, especially in the West End where he lived for many years. For fifteen years he was foreman for the Peyton, Kimball & Barber Lumber company. About eighteen months ago he contracted consumption as the result of exposure on the log drives and work in the woods. A trip to Denver failed to relieve him. He is survived by a wife and five children. The funeral service will be held at 10 o'clock Friday morning in the Second Presbyterian church.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1288.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LADIES DOING FINE SEWING OR fancy work recommend Satin-Skin to keep hands soft, supple and white. 25c.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Steamer Lagonda Sinks Barge Wand and Gets Aground Herself.

Tug Strike Matters Awaiting Outcome of Meeting In Cleveland.

Duluth Grain Freights Dull at 2 1-8 Cents to Buffalo.

Port Huron, April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Lagonda, bound up with a cargo of coal, and the steamer Annie Laura, with the barge George Ward in tow, collided on the St. Clair middle ground today and as a result the Ward was sunk and the Lagonda is aground. When the captain of the Lagonda saw that the collision was inevitable he steered on the middle ground to avoid the destruction of the boats ahead of him. The Lagonda ran out about six inches. The steamer does not seem to be injured. The Ward's starboard was crushed in and she sank in a few minutes, the crew escaping in the yawl. Misunderstanding of signals is responsible.

CHICAGO FREIGHTS.

Chicago, April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Some figuring was under way at noon in the grain trade on the basis of 1¼ cents for wheat from South Chicago and the same rate for corn from the south branch. One cargo of wheat at Manitowoc was placed on that basis. The call for boats, however, continued light.

HOPKINS IS REBUILT.

Marine City, April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Mark Hopkins, which was wrecked at Long Point, Lake Erie, last winter and then rebuilt at Detroit, was towed here today for inspection. The Hopkins will go back into service tonight. Repairs have cost about $10,000.

THE TUG STRIKE.

The whole local tug strike situation is hanging on the result of the meeting of the grievance committee of the Firemen and Linemen's Protective association in Cleveland today. The meeting was in progress this afternoon, but up to a late hour nothing had been heard from Cleveland, either by the firemen, the tug companies or the press reports. The feeling was that the matter would be settled up there, and that in a very short time the tugs would be working again. The harvest that the small tugs are reaping now will then cease. Half a dozen small tugs are taking a hand in the situation as occasion offers, and for their size they are doing good work, though none of the tugs used are especially designed for towing purposes.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The lighthouse keeper at Detour light station, Michigan, under date of April 9, 1902, reports the fog signal at his station again in operation.

GRAIN FREIGHTS LOW.

The local freight market is rather dull, though a little business is being done from time to time. The freight rates, which started in on a basis of 2¼ cents on wheat to Buffalo, are now off to 2⅛ cents.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Kaliyuga, 10 last night; Falcon, midnight; Case, Centurion, 9; Advance, 9:30; Morse, Maderia, 11. Down: Hadley, 9:40; last night; Lafayette and whalebacks, 11; Gracewick, Edenborn, 1 a. m.; Sevona, 2; Rees, Norton, 3:20; Mary Elphicke, 4; Carnegie, 5; Auburn, 6; Grecian, Colonel, 7; Princeton, 8; William Palmer, 10:20.

Up yesterday: Oregon, Foster, Miami, Gebhart, 10; Peshtigo, Hayward, 11:30; Mohawk, 12:30 p. m.; Sachem, Owen, Angeline, 1:30; Butters, 2; Cadillac, 4; Albright, 6:30; Helena, Pioneer, Chattanooga, Choctaw, 9:10; Kaliyuga, 10:10; Falcon, 12. Down: North Wind, 8:40; Christopher, Troy, 9:20; Hutchinson, Progress, V. H. Ketchum, 11; Oliver, noon; Nellson, Jenney, 3:30; Genman and whaleback, Marlposa and whaleback, 7:40; Hadley, 9:40; Lafayette and whaleback, 11.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, April 17.—Up: Curtis and consorts, 9 last night; Mauch Chunk (cleared), 10; Berlin, 11; Harlem, 2:20 a. m.; Corsica, Marcia, 3:30; Palliki, 4:20; Uganda, 5:50; Stevenson, 6; Codorus, 7; Bessemer, Shenandoah, 8:10; Saranac, 9:40; Castalia, 10:15. Down: Matoa, Whitworth and whaleback, 1...5 last night; Taomas Wilson, 12:30 a. m.; Iron Duke, Iron Cliff, Maritana and whalebacks, Hackett, 12:40; Amazon, 5:20; London, 5:30; Cartagena, Crete, 9:40; Mather and whaleback, 10:30; North Wind, 11 a. m.

Up yesterday: Arizona and consorts, 2:20 p. m.; Bradley and consorts, 3; Livingston, Lagonda, 5; Thomson, 5:30; S. C. Hall, 7:40; Toledo, Barnes, 6; Rappahannock, Matanzas, Pretoria, 6:40; Maruba, Hoyt, 7:30. Down: Morley, 12; John Ketcham, 12:40 p. m.; Alaska (wood) 1; Ida E. 1:40; Onoka, 2:40; Manola, 3:40; Andrasto, Minneapolis, 6; Denver, 6:20; Appomattox, Santiago, Corona, Corliss, 6:40; Cambria, Black, Manila, 7; Roumania, 7:50; Crescent City, Carrington, 8.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Admiral, 101, 107. Cleared: Heffelfinger, Maunaloa, Thomas, Bryn Mawr, Lake Erie ports.

Erie—Cleared: Coal, Abyssinia, West Superior. Light—Thompson, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Chickamauga, Duluth. Light—John McWilliams, Gratwick, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Macy, Escanaba. Light—Palliki, Michipicoten; Panther, Fort William.

Marquette—Arrived: Warner, Thompson, Presque Isle. Cleared: Warner, Thompson, Ashtabula.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light — Bermuda, Philip Minch, Wells, Duluth.

IN TRACK OF VESSELS.

Buffalo, April 17.—The tug Acme of the fleet of the Great Lakes Towing company, which was sunk five miles from this port Tuesday, while towing the Wilkesbarre through the ice, is considered a menace to navigation. Today a buoy and flag were placed over the sunken tug, which lies in 30 feet of water and directly in the path of vessels entering Buffalo. An effort will be made to raise the tug as soon as the ice is out of the way. Meanwhile a tug will be placed on duty at night warn vessels of the obstruction.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Walter Scranton, Lake Erie, coal; Iosco, Jeanette, Buffalo, light for grain; Northern King, Buffalo, mdse.

Departed—Brower, Buffalo, grain; Gladstone, Coralia, Lake Erie, ore; Quito, Page, Two Harbors, light.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

All the Notable Real Estate Dealers Advertise In the Saturday Herald

IS RESIGNED.

Normal School Student, Convicted of Plagiarism, Admits Error.

Milwaukee, April 17.—"The finding of the committee is just and I have no right to complain. I have made a mistake and will have to suffer for it," said Ambrose Grace, the student of the Milwaukee normal school convicted of plagiarism. His confession yesterday was obtained in response to a question as to his opinion of the verdict rendered Tuesday by the executive committee of the Internormal Oratorical league, which took from him the second rank awarded him on his oration on "Hamilton" at the recent contest at Superior.

Mr. Grace showed evidences of having passed a sleepless night and was pale, nervous and visibly depressed. He spoke tremulously and said he had not expected such a verdict. He had spent Monday at Stevens Point, where he had been in company with President Charles McKenny, of the Milwaukee institution in attendance on the investigation.

"My error was due to a misapprehension rather than to a dishonest motive," continued the young man. "The question hinges on what constitutes plagiarism. After I had been warned to change certain passages I did so as best I could in the two days at my disposal. I had the right to put 200 words in quotation marks and I placed these marks around only seventy-four words. Thus I had 126 words borrowed which are charged against me which need not have been had I used the marks."

While admitting that he had used many more than 200 words allowed under the rules of the contest Mr. Grace declined to say made the expressions his own by study and offered the contention that under such conditions he had the right to use them.

The faculty at the normal school is inclined to the belief that Grace has suffered enough for his indiscretion and he will not be expelled nor will he be disciplined in any way for the offense. He is said to be an earnest student and his only punishment will be that he will be debarred from acting as alternate at the international oratorical contest to be held at Emporia, Kas., and the consciousness that his act is condemned by his instructors and friends.

WITNESS RETURNS.

Detectives Feared She Had Ended Her Life.

Chicago, April 17.—Annie Berndt and her baby disappeared from the Revere house last Sunday and the detectives who are working in the interests of the prosecution of Lewis G. Toombs were fearful for a time that the woman had destroyed both herself and child.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of the woman was cleared up, however, when she returned to her apartments, when she returned to her she had been visiting with a friend.

The Berndt woman lived with Toombs on the steame Peerless until about a week preceding the alleged murder of Carrie Larson, Dec. 30, and was one of the state's witnesses at the first trial of the alleged slayer of the Larson girl.

Do you need a clock? You can get an eight-day clock with strike and alarm for $2.50, former price $6.00. Norberg, 5 West Superior street.

Salient Points About Our Prescription Department.

We doubt if there is anywhere a drug store better prepared than this one to do high grade prescription work. We have practically everything that science has suggested or money can buy in the way of equipment. We have every needed utensil, we have a stock of the finest drugs obtainable, we are adequate reference library, and the prescription department is arranged in accordance with modern ideas.

No one who has a prescription to be filled should be satisfied with anything less than our perfect service.

S. F. BOYCE, DRUGGIST.

CLEANING THE CITY

How and Why Duluth Should Be Made Beautiful.

Work of the Women's Civic Leagues In Other Cities.

Arbor Day Dedicated to Memory of President McKinley.

Washington, April 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—I have read with a great deal of pleasure in the columns of The Herald of the interest the Duluth club women are taking in the proposed cleaning and beautifying of our city. The statement prepared by the Women's Council, with the extracts from the April Century, in its article on "The Beautifying of Village and Town," is most appropriate and opportune. The club women have long been interested in civic beauty and improvement, but have been modest about taking the initiative in public affairs. The spirit with which they have met the present situation is highly commendable, and the manner in which they have offered their services has no doubt been appreciated by the city fathers, since they are working in perfect harmony with them. Not in a spirit of dictating to them or meddling with the work of others, but by lending a hand and asking to share in the work that requires systematic effort from both sexes, and to create among the people a sentiment for cleanly and more beautiful surroundings.

I was sorry to learn that the mass meeting held at the High School, addressed by Mrs. Woodbridge, Bishop McGolrick, Professor Smith, Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Washburn was not more numerously attended. However, from what I can glean from the papers, the speeches were fine and those in attendance most enthusiastic, and no doubt much good will yet come of the meeting.

We have many causes to complain of our unkempt and untidy streets and vacant lots, and now that Duluth is growing to be a summer resort on account of our delightful climate, we must more than ever before exert ourselves to have clean and healthy, if not attractive, surroundings.

* * *

Few of our women are conversant with our civic laws, and not all the men by any means, and we should make it our duty to study them. To be sure, many of our women are already overworked, while many procrastinate, thinking that such matters should be left entirely in the hands of the city fathers. I will quote a few sections of our city laws that seem to me should be familiar to every one of us who has the city's prosperity at heart:

ORDINANCE 31—STREETS AND HIGHWAYS AND SIDEWALKS.

Section 1—Definition.—It shall be unlawful for any person to obstruct or encumber or cause to be obstructed or encumbered, any sidewalk, street, avenue, alley, or any public landing or approach thereto, or any public ground within the limits of the city of Duluth, with any boxes, merchandise, lumber, wood, coal or other material or substance whatever, or for any person to sweep, throw or otherwise place or allow to be swept, thrown or placed, from any building owned or occupied by him, into any street or avenue, or into the gutter in any alley, any dust, sweepings, savings, ashes or other refuse matter of any kind whatever.

Section 1-a.—It shall be unlawful for any person to throw scales, peelings or ice or otherwise place or cause or allow to be thrown, scattered, deposited, left or otherwise placed in any street, avenue, alley or other public highway in the city of Duluth any broken glass, bottles, pottery, nails, tacks, wire, tin, wood, coal or other substance likely to injure a ru...er tire of any vehicle, bicycle or motorcycle or other vehicle, or injure the feet of any animal passing upon such highway.

Section 2—Digging in the streets, etc.—It shall be unlawful for any person to dig up or haul away from any street, avenue, alley or public ground within said city any gravel, sand, dirt or earth, without first having obtained the consent of the common council.

Section 3—Signs, awnings, etc., how erected.—It shall be unlawful within the limits of said city, for any reason to erect or cause to be erected, above, over, across or so as to extend upon any street or sidewalk or avenue, any sign, sign board, awning, swing sign or advertisement or any sign post or bill board whatever, or any cloth awning which is less ...an seven (7) feet in the clear above the street or sidewalk over which said cloth awning is to hang suspended.

Section 4—Penalty.—Any person violating any provision of this ordinance shall, upon conviction thereof, he fined in a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding ten days; and any person failing to remove any sign or awning not constructed in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined the further sum of ... dollars per day for each day such sign or awning shall be allowed to remain after its removal shall be ordered.

* * *

Many of our citizens complain that it is the duty of our policemen to look after the cleanliness as well as the morality of our city, but from the above ordinance it appears to me that it is the duty of everyone of us to lend a helping hand. Upon reasoning over the matter it must be acknowledged that it would take the greater part of a policeman's time to keep a look-out for the thousands of bits of newspapers that deface our streets. When a strong northeast wind blows it is hard to tell from what direction over the hills the papers are blown, and upon whom to place the neglect in allowing them to go astray. It would seem to me that it is not only the duty of the officers of the law, but of every public spirited citizen to keep a lookout for negligence and to report it to the proper authorities. When this is done systematically the cleanliness and beauty of our city will no longer be in doubt.

In a number of cities the women's civic leagues are flourishing. All that seems to be necessary is for the club women to get together and formulate a plan, and success naturally follows. I never was more impressed in my life with what women can accomplish in this line than in Montclair, N. J., where I visited last spring. The streets were not laid off more regularly, or the architecture of the houses more beautifully designed than in many another town, but the boulevards were so smooth, the streets and sidewalks so tidy, the lawns so beautifully kept, and the landscape gardening so picturesque that the whole town to me seemed to blossom like the rose. I learned that this outcome was all the result of women's efforts. This being the home of many well-to-do New Yorkers, with the interests of the men in the large city, the women realized that they must be up and doing or their home surroundings would be intolerable. The women did not stop at improving their own homes and lawns, but appointed committees to look after the isolated and unclaimed parts of the town until no corner was left unbeautified. It has never before been my pleasure to visit a town that wherever I turned or looked about only the beautiful met my eye. And I feel sure that we can do the same in Duluth, for we have every natural advantage of hill, stream and lake shore.

Our club women have fully demonstrated during the past few years that they can work together in harmony. The broad club training has worked wonders, and there no longer exists the petty jealousies among them, but that esprit du corps has grown more and more until each club is willing and anxious to join the other in the general up-lift.

* * *

I have also obesrved in your columns that we claim to be strong on Arbor day in Duluth, and that two days have been set aside for the house-cleaning and planting of trees. This will inaugurate the good work and we may hope that hereafter it will be kept up at intervals so that we may not relax our efforts to add attractiveness to our city.

This Arbor day in Duluth or planting of trees is a beautiful sentiment and should be encouraged, particularly among our school children. The trees not only add to the beauty and attractiveness, but to the healthfulness of our city.

One of our clever little women of Duluth, who is always doing some real service for her fellow women in her modest, womanly way, has suggested to me that this year Arbor day should in some way be connected with the memory of our late lamented President McKinley, and I can think of no more beautiful and appropriate manner of our women showing their respect and love for him.

During Mr. McKinley's last Western tour, on the occasion of his last visit to Duluth, he made an assertion that will ever be held dear to the hearts of our people. When he drove through our streets and beheld our handsome high school building and its beautiful lawn containing hundreds of smiling faces of healthy girls and boys, he remarked that it was the most inspiring picture he had seen during all his round of travels. And again when the dark hour came, these girls and boys were the first to return this interest and to send hundreds of flowers to strew along the pathway to his last resting place. So is it not fitting to call this McKinley Arbor day and on Saturday, April 19, the day set aside by our mayor for its observance, that every school girl and boy in our town aid in planting a tree to be held sacred to this good man's memory? Aside from beautifying our town this observance will encourage in the youth of our country the love and respect for what is beautiful and good and the emulation of the life of a pure and noble man.

MARY BEAUMONT STATHAM.

WATTERSON

Deals Hot Shot to All Connected With Philippine War.

Louisville, Ky., April 17.—In answer to the charge of the Philadelphia Press that he now advocates the policy of "scuttle" in the Philippines Col. Henry Watterson says:

"Is the brute Kitchener to be a model for officers sworn and committed to the noble service of liberty and law, expounded by the constitution of the United States and in the articles of war, exemplified by a long line of brave Christian gentlemen from Washington to Grant, from Mad Anthony Wayne to Nelson Alexander Miles? Yes, scuttle—scuttle is the hot gospelers of the force of fraud, away out yonder in the Philippines, and scuttle to the men behind them in Washington; scuttle to the would-be man on horseback in the White House, the holiday hero of a skirmish, the self-anointed civil service reformer, working the spoils system for all it is worth, whilst using the chance of authority to lord over both his elders and his betters; scuttle to the crawling mendicants for power in office and the party offal who uphold the minister in the policy of suppression and evasion by which these things are to be justified, until irons are forged for the people at home as they have already been fastened upon those poor devils on the other side of the world; scuttle to the whole ship's crew of conspirators in the navy department, the shoulder-strapping line in the war department and the retinue of self-seeking politicians, and self-exploiting soldiers, who, deeply interested in a perpetual state of war, are foully concerned in keeping up disturbance and confusion, who come before us with stories artfully contrived to bolster up a single view and make a single case, whilst urging as a permanent policy the military despotism already existing in the Philippines and leading inevitably to an absolutism equally dangerous at home; scuttle, scuttle, scuttle and that, hark you, P. D. Q."

WAR IN OPERA TROUPE.

Arthur H. Pollard Accused of Striking His Brother.

Milwaukee, April 17—After three days of war peace has been declared in the Pollard Juvenile Opera company between H. J. Pollard and his brother, Arthur H. Pollard. It is alleged that the brothers got into an argument that waxed warmer and warmer last Sunday, until Arthur struck his older brother over the head with a cane. Henry Pollard was taken to the Emergency hospital, where his wounds were cared for, while he nursed his wrath until he had a chance to swear out a warrant for his brother's arrest.

Meanwhile Arthur Polland, who was acting as advance agent of the show, went to Watertown, apparently not thinking his own brother would put him under arrest. Henry, however, saw things differently, and Detectives Schweizer and McManus were sent after Arthur. He was brought back yesterday afternoon, but a friend of his, a Mr. Levi, did the graceful thing in furnishing bail, and Arthur Pollard was spared the humiliation of spending the night behind the bars.

C. A. Pollard, the third brother, returned last night to the city from Chicago, and straightway proceeded to fill in the breach caused by his brothers' quarrel. When the case was called into court today the charge of assault and battery was withdrawn and the incident was brought to a close.

The brothers are all natives of Australia and have traveled over the world together with their troop of children players. They have visited South Africa, being there during the siege of Kimberly; China, Japan and most of the European countries.

RESERVISTS DISBANDED.

Rome, April 17.—The war minister, Gen. Count Di San Martino, has ordered the disbandment of the reservists who were called to the colors, Feb. 23 to prevent the then threatened general railroad strike.

Something to Secure.

A fine reproduction of the latest portrait of Pope Leo XIII, at the novel price of 10 cents each. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

Under-price Friday! Freimuth's Greatest Daylight Store. Under-price Friday!

To Friday's unusual bargain features have been added the Anniversary Sale inducements. Together they will make tomorrow a day of unusual opportunites for all economically minded.

Carpet Snaps. *Friday's Special Prices.*

Extra quality all-wool Ingrain Carpets—assorted patterns and colors—splendid value at 75c—price for Friday ... 50c

Tapestry Brussels—pretty designs and colorings—would be low at 60c—tomorrow's sale price only ... 47½c

Table Damasks, Bed Spreads. *Friday's Special Prices.*

72-in. half bleached Table Damask—Irish manufacture—new patterns—splendid values at 65c—Anniversary sale price—per yard ... 49c

64-inch bleached Table Damask—all linen—good assortment of patterns—cheap at 75c—special at ... 57c

Crochet Bed Spreads—full size—Marseilles patterns—hemmed ready for use—cheap at 65c—sale price ... 65c

Extra size Bed Spreads—beautiful Marseilles designs—pearl hemmed—splendid $1.75 quality—only ... $1.18

Toilet Goods. *Friday's Special Prices.*

Kirks' Fine Toilet Soaps, In all the delightful odors—box of three cakes, usually 25c—tomorrow ... 15c

Carbolic Salve, the great antiseptic—25c Jars—for ... 12c

Witch Hazel, excellent for cuts, burns, soreness, etc., 25c quart bottles ... 15c

Perfumed White Vaseline, 10c Jar for—only ... 4c

Woodbury's Facial Cream—makes skin soft and beautiful, 25c size, at ... 18c

Bradley's Woodland Violet Talcum Powder, regular 25c box ... 13c

Kirk's Violet Toilet Water—regular 35c bottle, for ... 21c

Colgate's Concentrated Perfumes—all floral odors, 50c quality, per oz ... 23c

Wash Goods. *Friday's Special Prices.*

Dimities—dark and light colors—splendid assortment of designs very special tomorrow at only ... 10c

Dress Sateens—dark and medium colors—pretty neat figures on black and blue grounds—low at 18c—this sale ... 12½c

Dotted Swisses—plain and large assortment of new stripes and polka dots—all the novel colorings—regular price 22c—tomorrow ... 16c

Men's Hosiery. *Friday's Special Price.*

10c for 15c Sox—good quality cotton—fast colors—black, grey and a large assortment of stripes—a big bargain at ... 10c

Tooth Brushes. *Friday's Special Price.*

13c for Tooth Brushes, made with the best French and Japanese bristles—sold everywhere for 25c, 30c and 35c—sale price ... 13c

GARDEN AND HOUSECLEANING UTENSILS

Anniversary Sale and Friday's Prices.

Garden Rakes, worth 25c, Friday's special price ... 15c

Garden Hoes, usually sold at 35c, Friday's special price ... 23c

Garden Rakes, 11-tooth, good steel, regularly 50c—sale price ... 48c

Four-line Spading Forks, good at 95c, each at ... 75c

10 Bars of Good Laundry Soap—when we say "good" we mean it—special for Friday—only ... 25c

Window Brushes, always sell at 25c, each at ... 19c

Window Rubbers, always sell at 25c, each at ... 18c

Carpet Beater, good strong rattan, worth 58c, at ... 29c

Long Handle Ceiling Duster, cheap at 35c, tomorrow ... 19c

AT WEST DULUTH

Relative to the discussion that has arisen in the West End of the city over the abolition of the branch library branch there, West Duluthians have been taking more than a little interest in the matter, from the fact that the young lady formerly in charge of the West End branch will be sent to West Duluth to assist in the work at this station. Inquiry among a large number of the West Duluth people indicates that the demand has not been so much for additional help here as for new books. They say the library work at this end of the city has been efficiently handled by the librarian in charge, and it seems rather an injustice to reduce her salary and put an assistant here when one librarian could do the work. The West Duluthians are also in sympathy with the movement begun by the West Enders to protest against the removal of their branch library.

The citizens' committee appointed at the West End mass meeting to investigate the matter have taken no action yet, nor do any of the members yet see a way plain to reach the library board, for that body will not meet again until the first of next month, and the books are already being packed to be taken away. West End patrons of the library say that they were distributed from the West End branch against about 5000 from the West Duluth branch. The idea that the West End branch should be picked out to be closed, and additional help given the West Duluth branch, rather rankles. One West End citizen claims that by reducing the salary of the West Duluth librarian, and installing an assistant there, the library board only saves $15 in room rent per month. He says that the accepted theory of a good library in any city is the placing of books at places most convenient to the people of that city, and that the board here is acting against that theory.

A LARGE FUNERAL.

The funeral of George Penhale, the 'longshoreman, which took place from the Asbury M. E. church this afternoon, was a large one. The 'Longshoremen's local, No. 12, turned out in a body, headed by Lanner's band. The remains were accompanied from the house to the church and the cemetery, burial being made at Forest Hill. The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. W. E. Loomis, pastor of the church.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Anderson met with a peculiar accident this morning. The child was sitting in a high chair when, in some manner, it was overturned and it fell to the floor, a darning needle entering the child's body under the arm. So great was the force of impact that the end of the needle was broken off in the flesh. Dr. Graham removed the piece of steel, and no serious consequences are looked for.

PROGRESSING WELL.

The work on the Wieland & Wade building at the corner of Central avenue west and Ramsey street is progressing very nicely, the excavating being nearly finished. The firm has just opened its uptown place of business on West First street for the summer season. Mr. Wade says that the season thus far has been marked by an unprecedented early demand for bicycles, and the sales for the past month or six weeks have been quite heavy. The firm has the exclusive agency for the Crescent wheel.

IS APPROVED.

The action of the council in granting the franchise to the Highland Power Canal company seems to find general favor among the business men of West Duluth. The action of the council is favorably commented on in many quarters, especially the vote of West Duluth's alderman.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

S. A. Brabant left this morning for the south shore, where he will resume his work with the Red Cliff Lumber company.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the residence of Mrs. Le Duc, 5613 Highland street, Thursday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. The subject to be discussed is "Housekeeping Versus Homekeeping." Mrs. H. Gardner will act as leader.

John Holmwood came down from Scanlon this morning to attend the funeral of George Penale.

Wanted, ten girls at West Duluth Shirt factory.

Miss Emma Aldeen and O. H. Leffler were united in marriage last evening at the Third Swedish Baptist church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. Aldeen, brother of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Leffler will begin housekeeping at 603 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

Beginning with the first of next week the Merrill & Ring Mill company will put on double crews and run the mill day and night. This will mean the employment of about 135 or 150 more men. It is possible that towing from Split Rock will begin within the next week or ten days.

Mrs. D. R. McKinley left last evening for St. Ansgar, Ia., to attend the funeral of her brother, which will take place this afternoon.

The M. S. Shore & Co.'s shirt factory, on Central avenue, is having an exceptional heavy run of business this season, and the force has been increased several times since early spring. The management is planning on increasing the number of girls employed and has advertised for help.

Wallace Lovelace will leave shortly for a visit at Appleton, Wis.

Victor Paradis, formerly of the city, now of Rice Lake, Wis., visited friends here yesterday.

A small blaze at Victor Carlson's store called out the department yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Chaffee left this morning for their home in Michigan, after a week's visit with relatives here.

William Albright returned this morning from a several months' visit in Canada.

The meat market, formerly conducted by Frank Gottwold, Central avenue, was reopened today by C. J. Johnson. Mr. Johnson will carry a fine stock of fresh and salt meats.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

"To remain young you must move about. You must see new faces, new surroundings and rub up against new people," remarked a gentleman comfortably seated in the library buffet smoking car on the splendid Pioneer Limited on the Milwaukee road, Chicago to St. Paul, the other night. "Once you begin to realize that you are in a rut, that your habits are so set as to make it a matter of difficulty to change, depend upon it you are but one remove from the beginning of 'growing old,' and the sooner you 'head it off' the better. I make a point as often as my business will allow to run up into the Northwest for a few days, get a whiff of the bracing air and a change of scene and return home feeling a year younger. Since the Milwaukee road, always noted for its superb service, put on the Pioneer Limited, my trips have been unusually delightful."

ROYCROFTER'S TROUBLES.

Elbert Hubbard Said to Be Delinquent Papa.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 17.—Justice Childs has issued an order compelling Elbert Hubbard, of East Aurora, the editor of the Philistine, to admit in writing that he is able to pay $10 a week to keep a child of which he is alleged to be the father, or appear before a referee and explain his finances.

Wayland H. Woodworth, of this city, sued Hubbard and Miss Alice Moore, Woodworth's sister, for $3500. Woodworth claimed that Hubbard and Miss Moore lived together about 1894 and that in that year they brought to him to keep a child of which they confessed parentage.

Hubbard, Woodworth alleges, agreed to pay at least $5 a week for the child's board, and added that he would pay $10 a week whenever he could. Woodworth says Hubbard paid for a few months only, but the Woodworths supported the child until last summer and then began action.

In his defense Hubbard raised the question of his ability to pay $10 a week. Woodworth pointed to Hubbard's publishing business, the Roycrofs shop, and his lecturing tours.

BITUMINOUS MINERS OUT.

Altoona, Pa., April 17.—A strike has taken place in the central bituminous district. The miners employed by the Webster Coal and Coke company at Ehrenfeld, Cambria county, went out today, alleging that the company does not pay the district scale, does not recognize the miners' organization and refuses to allow the check off. Trouble has been brewing since the company recently discharged a number of union workers.

For a Drink of Good Whisky Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

WOLF AMERICAN and LAOLEDE BICYCLES

Two of the best wheels on the market—

$22 to $40.

ERSPAMER BROTHERS,

104 W. Superior St. All kinds of Bicycle repairing.

Monuments!

A Card Will Bring Us to Your Door With Samples.

P. N. PETERSON GRANITE CO.

217 Manhattan Building.

The Palm Garden,

208 West Superior Street.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

MORRIS RETIRES

Will Not Again Be Candidate For Congress.

Opens Field to a Number of Probabilities.

Congressman Morris has announced that he will not be a candidate for renomination and re-election this year.

In a letter written yesterday in Washington to Frank E. Searle, chairman of the Republican congressional committee, Congressman Morris made this announcement.

It is not a new thing to his closest friends, but it comes as a surprise to others.

It will create an overturning in the political situation all around. Up to this time Judge Morris has stood in the field, a bar to all seekers for the nomination. Now he is out of the way, and the field is clear.

This leaves J. Adam Bede the only active candidate in the field, and as he has been working steadily for some time, with good success, all candidates will have to reckon with him. He will not be allowed the nomination undisputed, of course, for the element in the Republican party that has been behind Judge Morris all through will have a candidate in the field beyond any question. Who that candidate will be is another story.

The reasons that actuate Judge Morris in his retirement are variously stated. His close friends say that he has felt for some time that he could not continue longer in his present position; that he is growing away from his profession, and that when he leaves congress finally, if he continues for a term or two longer, he will be so far away from his practice that it will be uphill work building it up again. That is the explanation that Lee M. Willcuts offered this morning, and it is the one that Judge Morris in his statement leans to.

Others, including many who are friendly to Judge Morris, say that he is retiring because he will be appointed to the new federal judgeship when it is created. This has been a persistent story for some time. Judge Morris, in Washington yesterday, said that this had nothing to do with his action.

At the same time Senator Nelson is to introduce a bill creating a new Minnesota judgship, and it is recognized as almost certain that the judgeship will be offered to Congressman Morris, and that he will not refuse it.

There is nothing in the way of this. He could not, while he is congressman, accept an office created by the congress of which he is a member, but the next day after his term expired he could accept such a position. Most people imagine that this is just what will happen.

L. M. Willcuts said this morning that the announcement was no surprise, though he had not looked for it quite so soon.

"Judge Morris has been thinking of this move for more than a year. Last fall he earnestly wished to make this announcement before he went to Washington to begin the present term, his third. His friends told him there was no hurry, and advised against making the announcement. April 10 he wrote to both Mr. Searle and myself, stating that he wanted to make the announcement, and that he felt like making it then.

"I think it is a great misfortune to the state, to the congressional district, and to the Republican party of the state and nation, that Judge Morris has made up his mind unalterably to retire from the congressional field. On account of his long experience and his excellent record in congress, he will be a great loss. He has made a splendid record, and he has grown into a large influence in congress, which he has used to the advantage of his district and the state. He has passed the local stage, and is taking an active part in national affairs. He has become a larger and stronger figure every year he has been there, and if he could remain there, that growth would continue."

The retirement of Judge Morris leaves J. Adam Bede alone in the field, and while he will not long be alone, the advantage of that state will stay with him, and other candidates must be the aggressors. Among the names that have been mentioned as possible candidates are Mayor Hugo, Senator F. B. Daugherty, Senator McCarthy, of Grand Rapids; Frank E. Searle and W. L. Windom.

Senator Daugherty has probably been discussed as a candidate longer than any other, but it is not settled that he is a candidate. His health has been poor of late, and while he has been accorded some improvement of late, there is doubt as to whether he will feel equal to the strain of a political fight. If he were in his customary physical condition there is little doubt that he would be a candidate, and an active one.

When seen this morning, he said that the announcement had come so suddenly that he would hardly care to say anything as yet as to his position.

Mayor Hugo looked shocked when the subject was mentioned to him, and asked the reporter that interviewed him if there were any signs of insanity glittering in his eye.

Mr. Hugo was caught on Superior street this morning as he was headed for the city hall.

"I would like to ask you," said The Herald representative, "in view of the report from Washington, whether you would like to say something about the persistent reports that you—"

"For one thing," cut in the mayor, "I have not heard of those reports before. Who has been doing that?"

"I give it up," responded the reporter. "They have been common property for some time."

"Now, look me squarely in the eye," commanded the mayor, in his most regal tones, and the reporter tremblingly obeyed, not knowing what the command portended.

"Do I look," said the burgomaster, solemnly and impressively, "as though I had lost what little sanity I used to have?"

Then, with a smile, the mayor bowed and passed on.

The result of this interview might be looked upon as no-commital or conclusive, depending altogether upon the viewpoint.

Senator McCarthy has announced himself as not a candidate for anything this year, but he is still discussed as a possible congressional candidate. F. E. Searle, chairman of the last committee, is credited with ambitions along this line. W. L. Windom, who was a candidate for the legislature two years ago, has been mentioned again this time, in view of the sudden departure of Judge Morris from the field.

Judge Morris' letter is as follows:

"House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., April 15, 1902.

"Hon. Frank E. Searle, Duluth, Minn.:

"Dear Sir: I have determined not to be a candidate again for election to congress; and I think I ought to make my determination known at once. It is not necessary to state the many reasons which I have for coming to this resolution. Suffice it to say that I am not influenced by any feeling that my constituents have lost confidence in me or my ability to properly represent them here, or by any fear that, if I should present myself for re-election, they would fail to endorse me at the primaries and the election.

"As you know, I have not only been thinking of this for a long time, but have been satisfied in my own mind that the time had come for me to announce my intention to retire from congress, and, but for the advice of friends with whom I have talked about it, would have done so many months ago. The more I have considered the matter, the more have I become convinced that I am right in this conclusion, and I have therefore resolved to make it known at once, so that my Republican constituents may have ample time and opportunity to choose a candidate whom they may wish for my successor.

"All will remember that my first nomination was practically a command from the Republicans of the district, and indeed, I might almost say of the country, that I should undertake a contest which was more than doubtful, and which they knew could only be won by a supreme effort and with a candidate whom all could and would, enthusiastically and without the slightest division of any kind, support. Having been elected, I have not in the least underrated the dignity and honor of the place, and I have endeavored to serve the district with zeal, industry and fidelity. But I am now satisfied that it is best for my personal interests to retire, and I think I have earned the right to do so.

"I shall never be able to express or to show to those generous and disinterested men who have stood by me so loyally in all the campaigns which I have been called upon to undertake my heartfelt appreciation of their kindness. No man ever had a better or greater constituency, and no man ever had better friends in that constituency. I have now been nominated and elected three times in elections which have been watched with interest throughout the whole country, and at two of those elections the contest has been so fierce, and the margin so close, that but for the unparalleled loyalty and devotion of the Republicans of the district, success would have been impossible. The Republicans of the district have always expected me to stand and vote upon public matters according to the dictates of my own conscience and judgment and I have sustained them, even though they may not altogether have agreed with me. I regret more than I can tell that I feel compelled to put an end to this relation, which at the end of my present term will have existed between us for six years.

"I write this to you, not only as a friend, but as the chairman of the Republican committee of the district, I will not attempt to express the obligation which I consider, not only myself, but the Republicans of the district, to be under to you, and Mr. Wilcutts and others, for the faithful, diligent, disinterested and efficient services which were rendered to the party by each of you as chairmen of the congressional committee in the three campaigns in which I have been the candidate. I can only say that the knowledge of the character of those gentlemen and myself acquired by the closest and intimate relation thus created between up has made me proud to know that I can number such men amongst my most cherished and devoted friends. Yours most sincerely,

"PAGE MORRIS."

ILLEGAL FISHING.

Wisconsin Game Warden Finds Evidence of It.

Deput Game Warden Blackader, of Wisconsin, made a trip up th St. Louis river to the mouth of the Little Pokegama river yesterday, and confiscated 500 pounds of wall-eyed pike, perch and pickerel, also a quantity of nets that he found there. Th fish were in a box in the water, it evidently being the intention of the fishermen to keep them fresh until ready to bring the fish to the head of the lakes to sell.

The deputy game warden seized but three nets. There were fifteen other nets, but they were on land and could not be taken. The nets taken are known as hoop nets and are said to be very effective in taking the fish that are now going up the river for the bays and inlets to spawn. The authorities found abundant evidences that extensive fishing operations have been carried on at the mouth of the river with nets, but there were no fishermen in the vicinity when the deputy game warden made the raid. The Wisconsin authorities believe that the raid will be sufficient to put a stop to further illegal fishing along the river.

PRO-BOER SENSATION

Created By Speech In the Australian House.

Victoria, B. C., April 16.—News of a pro-Boer sensation in the Australian house was received by the steamer Moana. Senator Higgs made a pro-Boer speech arguing that there was no justification for the sending of contingents to South Africa to aid in exterminating a brave people, and he argued for general amnesty for the Boers, his speech being drowned in the uproar it created.

CORBETT MAY SPAR.

Denver, April 17.—The police will permit Young Corbett to appear in a sparring contest in this city May 23. "Reddy" Gallagher will give a smoker at the Coliseum hall on that evening and it is said Dave Sullivan will be Corbett's opponent.

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

MEANING OF HEALTH

Dr. Morgan Says It Is Interchangeable Term With Holiness.

Holiness But Beginning Instead of End of the Journey.

Each Man Must Work Out His Own Salvation.

It was to an audience that well nigh filled the great auditorium of the First Methodist church that Rev. G. Campbell Morgan spoke last night. "Health" was his theme, and the third chapter of Corinthians formed his main text, though he read from numerous other parts of the scriptures to illustrate, rather than to be illustrated.

At the outset, Dr. Morgan acted the schoolmaster and, with a large blackboard, made diagrams to give to his audience a thorough idea of the definition of health, which he held to be an interchangeable term with holiness. Both were derived, he said, from a common Anglo-Saxon root, meaning "whole." One had come to represent the condition of the body, the other of the soul. From this the significance was deduced that when a man had reached holiness he was but at the beginning, instead of the end, of his journey. Holiness was a preparatory condition, not a consummation. Dr. Morgan said he approached a discussion of the word "holiness" with some trepidation, because of the frequent misuse of the term.

"So many unholy things have been done in the name of holiness," he declared.

When a man had become holy he was ready to let the spirit God had planted in him move him. It was not necessary to try to follow God. Man had but to resolve not to oppose God and God would lead him. It was only when man's opposition to God was broken, when he had become holy, and was ready to be led instead of acting contrarywise that the faith that God had created would assert itself and lead on toward perfected Christianity.

In partial illustration of this, Dr. Morgan said he was asked by many people if he thought it wrong for them to go to the theater?

"I tell them," said he, "that is a question I cannot answer. They must go home and ask God—must work out their own salvation through Him. What might be right for me might be wrong for them, and vice versa. If they were to ask me, is it right for me to go to the theater? I would say that I had seen a higher realm of life and, having seen it, I could not see the lower."

Carrying this idea still farther, with the purpose of following the development of faith or holiness, Dr. Morgan showed that faith was a condition of undoubt. No man could advise another man as to what was right for him to do. If he thought of going to China, and was in doubt about going, "then I would say to him," declared Dr. Morgan with emphasis, "For God's sake don't go." I have had young men come to me and say they felt that they ought to go into the ministry, but they were unsettled in their mind as to whether it was best to do so. 'If you don't feel sure,' I tell them, 'don't go into the ministry. Ask God and He will tell you what to do.'"

In this way the speaker sought to demonstrate, in a forceful and convincing way, his contention that man's conscience, if left alone, would naturally follow God's direction.

The difference between a blameless life and a faultless life was also made clear. "You and I may lead blameless lives, but we can't live faultlessly. Faultless means without a flaw. If we return God's love with faith in Him we live blamelessly, because we try to do the best we can. But if we sin knowingly, we are not blameless. While living blamelessly, we can try to live as faultlessly as possible." The one was a condition of holiness, a condition precedent to perfection, the other perfection itself."

Dr. Morgan will speak again this afternoon and evening. The beauty of his elocution, the purity of his pronunciation and his exquisite inflection, so free from American nasalism, his expressive, but exceptionally well modulated voice, and his swift and graceful minor gestures, climaxed with a sweeping angular movement, into which his head, long neck and body are suddenly shot when a point is driven home, with never a suspicion of rant, would, in the opinion of many that have heard him, make him one of the world's greatest actors if he had chosen that walk of life.

SWEET BREATH

When Coffee Is Left Off.

A test was made to find if just the leaving off of coffee alone would produce an equal condition of health as when coffee is left off and Postum Food Coffee used in its place.

A man from Clinton, Wis., made the experiment. He says: "About a year ago I left off drinking coffee and tea and began to use Postum. For several years previous my system had been in wretched condition. I always had a thickly-furred, bilious tongue and foul breath, often accompanied with severe headaches. I was troubled all the time with chronic constipation, so that I was morose in disposition and almost discouraged.

"At the end of the first week after making the change from coffee to Postum I witnessed a marvelous change in myself. My once coated tongue cleared off, my small appetite increased, breath became sweet and the headaches ceased entirely. One thing I wish to state emphatically, you have in Postum a virgin remedy for constipation, for I certainly had about the worst case ever known among mortals, and I am completely cured of it. I feel, in every way, like a new person.

"During the last summmer I concluded that I would experiment to see if the Postum kept me in good shape or whether I had gotten well from just leaving off coffee. So I quit Postum for quite a time and drank cocoa and water. I found out, before two weeks were past, that something was wrong and I began to get costive as of old. It was evident the liver was not working properly, so I became convinced it was not the avoidance of coffee alone that cured me, but the great value came from the regular use of Postum."

Mirth is an almost infallible sign of good health. A sick woman may force a smile or at times be moved to laughter. But when a woman is bubbling over with mirth and merriment she is surely a well woman.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has made thousands of melancholy and miserable women cheerful and happy, by curing the painful womanly diseases which undermine a woman's health and strength. It establishes regularity and so does away with monthly misery. It dries debilitating drains and so cures the cause of much womanly weakness. It heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures the bearing-down pains, which are such a source of suffering to sick women.

"I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for female weakness," writes Mrs. Susannah Permenter, of Pauls Store, Shelby Co., Texas. "I was troubled with bearing-down pains in my back and hips for six years, and I wrote to Doctor Pierce for advice. I tried his 'Favorite Prescription' and six bottles cured me. I feel like a new person and I thank Dr. Pierce for my health. Life is a burden to any one without health. I have told a great many of my friends about the great medicine I took."

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing "just as good."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

NOT SO SURE.

J. F. Jacobson May Be Candidate For Auditor After All.

The story that J. F. Jacobson will not be a candidate for state auditor, published in the Minneapolis Journal in its political column early in the week, does not look quite so certain as it did when it was printed.

It was published as a certainty by the Journal, and one of the most certain things about it was that Jacobson had told State Auditor Dunn that he was not going to be a candidate, and that they had agreed to support Iverson for the position.

Now Dunn says Jacobson told him no such thing.

This shatters the story considerably, and it would not be at all surprising to find that Jacobson is still a candidate for the Republican nomination for state auditor. It was generally understood during the special session of the legislature last winter that he would be a candidate, and one of the surest things was that he wanted to be one.

It was difficult to believe, after he had been so certainly anxious for the position, that he had abandoned his hope so early in the game, and the story did not receive general credence among those who are familiar with the situation.

The candidacy of Jacobson would be a help, rather than a hindrance, of that of Odin Halden, of Duluth. Both Jacobson and Iverson are from the southern part of the state, where Mr. Halden's hardest fighting ground will be. If both are in the field the tendency would be for them to divide up the remoter counties of the state between them, thus preventing their consolidating on one man against Mr. Halden.

Two candidates from the southern part of the state, which may be considered generally as hard ground for Mr. Halden, means the division of what may in a sense be called the hostile country.

Yet Mr. Halden has many friends in various portions of lower Minnesota, and there are a number of counties there where they expect to line up the delegates for him.

IS VERY LOW.

Water In Cloquet River at Lowest Stage In Years.

Word is brought to this city by settlers along the Cloquet and St. Louis rivers that the water in those streams is at present at a very low stage, much lower, in fact, than it has been at this season of the year for many years past. A settler who came in from the Cloquet river yesterday says at one place in the river about twenty-five miles from this city the river bed is filled for a long distance with logs and there is only about a foot and a half of water in the stream. He says that the people owning the logs are getting anxious to get them down and that every effort is being made to hold the water back in reservoirs pending hoped-for spring rains that will give them an opportunity of rushing the logs on down to the St. Louis river. At one place on the St. Louis river where a contractor has been carrying stone on flat boats, the water has become so shallow that operations have ceased. The same condition of low water is said to be true of the other tributary to Lake Superior, and is due to the light snowfall during the past winter and scarcity of the showers so customary at this season of the year. It is beginning to get very dry in many localities and fires more or less threatening have started up in numerous places.

BRUTAL ASSAULT.

Young Woman at Superior Attacked By Robber.

The West Superior police authorities have been on a still hunt for several days for the desperado that a few nights ago assaulted a formal school girl in that city while she was on her way to her boarding place at a late hour. The matter has been kept quiet for some time in the hope that the police would be able to get a clue as the person committing the deed but thus far no arrests have been made.

The young lady does not reside in West Superior, but has been living with a family there and attending the normal school. On the evening in question she went to the home of some friends near Sixth street to get some money with which to pay her tuition. About 10 o'clock she started for home with about $50 in her purse. She walked up Cumming avenue to Belknap where she was overtaken by a man whom she heard walking rapidly behind her. He struck her a heavy blow on the back of the head knocking her to the ground unconscious. The attack was a brutal one for she received severe bruises on her face in falling, and knocked out three front teeth.

She lay unconscious for over an hour near the corner of Belknap and Cumming and finally dragged herself home in a dazed condition.

It was very late and she did not make her condition known until the next morning. Her purse, with the money intact, was found the next morning on the ground where she fell. The supposition is that her assailant was after the money, but that it was hidden by the grass as she fell, and the man, concluding that his assault had been fatal, fled.

The young lady is about 17 years of age and now able to resume her school work.

SATISFIED.

Board of Health Members Visit Emergency Hospital.

The personal inspection of the emergency hospital made by members of the board of health yesterday afternoon proved very satisfactory.

The hospital, which was said to be excessively filthy, was found to be in a cleanly and sanitary condition.

Members of the board put the patients through a rigid cross-examination and learned that the hospital had been in that condition ever since the change of housekeepers on April 1, and that the cleaning was done at least a week before there was any talk of an investigation.

The members of the board found eleven patients at the hospital. All but one was out doors. Most of them were eating bananas, some were playing ball, and several were sawing wood.

Each patient was questioned closely as to conditions at the hospital and without exception all expressed themselves as thoroughly satisfied with their care, board and general treatment.

Two of the patients that had been in the hospital prior to the first day of April said that conditions under the old housekeeper were very bad during the last days of March but even at that they said their treatment was not quite as bad as reported.

The water supply at the hospital was found to be very inadequate despite the fact that there are two wells on the property. These wells are nearly dry.

There is a creek running along the edge of the hospital grounds which would furnish the most natural drainage for the hospital, but the authorities were afraid that people near the city might be using the water from the creek.

One of the citizen members of the board today said: "I see the morning paper is taking much credit to itself for having the hospital cleaned up. I was one of the many that took some stock in what this paper was saying, prior to my visit out there yesterday.

"I questioned most of the patients and the cleaning was all done a week before this famous 'disclosure' that they are talking about. And as for poor provisions being sent out there, a person has only to look at our grocery bills on file in the health office to see both the quality and quantity of provisions furnished the hospital."

If possible to secure a quorum there will be a meeting of the health board this evening in the office of E. P. Towne, but the purpose of carrying the investigation further.

The board of health yesterday made an examination of a number of buildings located back of the Board of Trade. The owners of one stable and two outhouses were given ten days in which to tear them down or else clean them up under the direction of the health department which would cost more than the buildings were worth.

If your watch is ailing, bring it to me. I learned my trade in Europe and know exactly what to do for broken down watches. A. L. Norberg, 5 West Superior street.

CURES WEAK MEN FREE.

Insures Love and a Happy Home for All.

How any man may cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge small weak organs to full size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 783 Hull building, Detroit, Mich., and they will gladly send the free receipt with full directions so that any man may easily cure himself at home. This is certainly a most generous offer, and the following extracts taken from their daily mail, show what men think of their generosity.

"Dear Sirs:—Please accept by sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy and you cannot realize how happy I am."

"Dear Sirs:—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sirs:—Yours was received, and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed, and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men. I am greatly improved in size, strength and vigor."

All correspondence is strictly confidential, mailed in plain sealed envelope. The receipt is free for the asking and they want every man to have it.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Bargain Friday!

Alteration and Rebuilding Sale!

PRICES are dropped several notches for Bargain Friday. The builders must have room—they won't wait—we are forced to make room and make it quick. There has never been a Bargain Friday in all our history with so many startling bargains offered as you will find at The Glass Block store tomorrow. The crowds have been continuous since the inauguration of the Rebuilding Sale, and there will be crowds tomorrow. But we have provided plenty of salespeople, and expect to serve you as well and comfortably as we did before we began to rebuild. A few bargains for tomorrow:

Laces—100 pieces fine Point de Paris Laces—new patterns—worth 10c yard — on sale tomorrow at---------- 5c

Ribbons—500 Remnants of Ribbons—plaids, stripes, plain — Taffetas, Satin and Gros Grains—Neck and Hair Ribbons—worth up to 25c a yard—Friday at---------- 10c

Baby Bonnets—5000 Muslin Baby Bonnets, worth 15c and 20c each—Bargain Friday's sale price---------- 8c

Ladies' Mackintoshes, worth $8, at $1.95—25 Ladies $7.50 and $8.00 Mackintoshes—some silk lined—to go Bargain Friday at------ $1.95

Children's and Misses' Colored Wash Gingham Dresses, sizes 6 to 14 years old — on sale tomorrow at the special price of---------- 49c

Wash Goods—10 pieces 32-inch Lace Striped Tissues in blue and pink — Friday special, 25c quality at---- 10c

Silk Sale—Fine Pompadour and Print Warp Fancies, goods worth to $1.25 -- Bargain Friday at---------- 59c

Dress Goods — 10 pieces 48-inch Black Silk and Mohair Suitings—our $2.00 quality—special Friday price, only---------- $1.49

Muslins—36-in Bleached Muslins, soft finish, 7c value—limit, 15 yards to a customer—Friday at---------- 5c

Cotton Blankets — 10-4 Cotton Blankets — white, gray and tan—worth 65c — special price for Bargain Friday — per pair---------- 48c

Ladies' 2-clasp "Erminie" Kid Gloves—all colors and black, with gusseted fingers and self or colored embroidered backs—lots of gloves sold at $1 are not as good as these—for Bargain Friday at---------- 69c

Sample Shoes for Women — 355 pairs—the lot comprises the latest spring and summer designs, in light flexible or extension soles, extra fine kid, plain or fancy designs—sizes 4, 4½, 5 and 5½—on sale tomorrow at---------- $1.95

Misses' "Will Wear" Shoes, sizes to 2—lace or button—several styles in different weights to choose from—regular price $1.50—on sale Bargain Friday at only------ $1.00

Great Tooth Brush Sale — We bought ten gross of fine French and Japanese Tooth Brushes from an importer at a very low price—the lot contains 20c and 25c values — Bargain Friday choice for---------- 10c

Wright's Dentomyrh for the teeth —the regular 25c size—special price for Bargain Friday---------- 15c

Woodworth's Perfumes — Nina Rose, the most popular extract in use today—very delicate and lasting 50c per ounce is our regular price—Bargain Friday at---------- 35c

Doctor Groves' Tooth Powder— Regular price 25c a bottle —Bargain Friday's price, only---------- 15c

Wall Papers—Friday we offer a large lot of desirable papers, suitable for chambers, dining rooms and halls — worth 8c per roll—at---------- 4c

Advance announcement Saturday

Entire bankrupt stock of Seekins' potted flowers half price.

Don't forget this sale Saturday. All of Seekins' potted blooming plants at half what Seekin's asked for them. A flower buying opportunity that comes once in a lifetime.

Hyacinths, Tulips, Daffodils, Calla Lilies, Harrissi Lilies—healthy, hardy and beautiful—half prices for Saturday.

Also Cut Flowers—Seekin's Carnations will be 19c per dozen—Seekin's price 60 and 75c—Tulips will be 19c a dozen—Seekin's price 60c a dozen.

Orders may be placed tomorrow for Saturday delivery.

A PROTEST.

Objection at Superior to Dr. Rene as Health Officer.

Dr. J. A. Rene, a member of the Douglas County Medical association, and of the Interurban Medical association, was recently appointed by Mayor O'Hare to be health commissioner of the city of West Superior. Dr. Rene qualified day before yesterday and yesterday a meeting of the county medical association was called to investigate charges made by several citizens that the doctor does not possess the proper medical qualifications to hold the office.

The claim is made that Dr. Rene is not a graduate of any medical college, that he is supposed to be a graduate of a medical college at Toronto, Canada, but that he did not graduate. The charge was made that he is now practicing in West Superior under a permit issued to him by the state board of examining physicians two years ago, and that the permit was issued through a misapprehension of the diplomas which the doctor held.

Dr. Rene has been practicing in West Superior for the past ten years and is well known on both sides of the bay. The charges made have created quite a stir, coming as they did immediately after the doctor had qualified for the position of health commissioner and it is intimated by some that it is a political move.

A committee of the physicians of the county association was appointed to investigate the doctor's diplomas and certificates and will make a report to the association this afternoon.

BEETHOVEN CLUB.

The Concluding Concert of the Winter Series.

A large and intelligent audience greeted the Beethoven club at its third and last chamber concert of the season at the Pilgrim Congregational church last evening. The first number was Arensky's famous trio, op. 32, which was given by special request. The Elegia was especially affecting.

Theodore L. Lammers assisted the club and was welcomed with much enthusiasm. It was some time since he had been heard and his friends and admirers rejoiced at the opportunity of again hearing him. Mr. Lammers is particularly fine in the Schumann and Schubert songs, his method and interpretation being very similar to that of Max Heinrich. Heinrich Meyn and other well known artists. Last evening he sang Schubert's "The Earl King," Schumann's "Dedication" and "The Two Grenadiers."

Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd played two 'cello solos, one of which, "Romanza," was dedicated to herself by Gerard Tonning. Her rendition was very cheerful and spirited.

The program closed with the very pretty trio by Reissiger, op. 25, which was much enjoyed.

The club is a credit to Duluth, and has become an essential part of the musical life of the city.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results (YELLOW LABEL)

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box. 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.

Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 17.—The barometer is low over Northwest Canada and Eastern gulf states, the two areas having moved eastward about a thousand miles since Wednesday morning. Pressures are highest over Southwestern and Pacific coast states. Rather mild temperatures prevail, especially in the extreme Northwest, where it is from 10 to 20 degrees warmer than Wednesday morning. Light rains have fallen over Washington, Oregon, the upper lake region, upper Ohio valley, Tennessee, Missouri, Oklahoma, Eastern Texas and Northern Louisiana. Cloudy weather is the rule in districts north of the fortieth parallel. The winds in the lake region are generally light westerly.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	44	Memphis	48
Bismarck	30	Miles City	50
Boston	42	Milwaukee	40
Buffalo	32	Minnedosa	29
Calgary	32	Modena	36
Charleston	51	Montgomery	60
Chicago	42	Moorhead	32
Cincinnati	38	New Orleans	64
Davenport	38	New York	40
Denver	40	North Platte	36
Detroit	38	Oklahoma	49
Dodge City	36	Omaha	42
Duluth	30	Pittsburg	40
El Paso	52	Port Arthur	60
Escanaba	34	Portland	46
Galveston	62	Prince Albert	28
Green Bay	38	Qu'Appelle	32
Havre	44	Rapid City	40
Helena	46	San Francisco	50
Houghton	34	Santa Fe	38
Huron	26	Shreveport	52
Jacksonville	56	Spokane	34
Kamloops	38	St. Louis	50
Kansas City	38	St. Paul	38
Knoxville	48	Sault Ste. Marie	34
La Crosse	40	Swift Current	30
Lander	24	Washington	44
Los Angeles	50	Williston	30
Marquette	40	Winnemucca	32
Medicine Hat	44	Winnipeg	20

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly showers; moderate temperature; fresh winds, mostly easterly.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 17.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly showers north portion; slowly rising temperature. Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly occasional showers; warmer Friday and west portion tonight. The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly light showers and warmer. Upper lakes—Variable winds becoming fresh southerly; generally fair except partly cloudy on Superior and Northern Huron tonight and Friday.

Pensions In the Life-Saving Service.

The friends of the life savers, who risk their lives winter and summer on the great lakes or sea shores that others may be saved are feeling considerably encouraged over the change of sentiment toward the measure which provides for pensions in the life-saving service, corresponding to those in the military and naval service. Even some of the members of the house who have most vigorously resisted every effort to introduce a pension system into the revenue marine service have offered their support to a measure in behalf of the life savers. One reason for this may be found in the recent disaster at Monomoy, where all but one of the brave fellows who went to the rescue of the wrecked mariners were lost. This case brought home to everyone most vividly the perils daily and nightly faced by the life saving crews during the storm season, and which call for heroic qualities unassisted by dramatic surroundings. The Monomoy disaster was only one of many incidents of like character in the annals of the life saving service, but in one way and another attracted more attention. There is no good reason why such a bill should not be passed, and it is to be hoped it will be favorably reported from the committee.

Financial Disaster In Cuba Feared.

While the Cubans are not given to parading their troubles, there is no doubt that they fear financial disaster in their island and at no distant day. The outlook for practical results from the meager quantity of Cuban reciprocity legislation is not at all cheerful. As a matter of principle, of course, there is but one thing for the United States congress to do—go ahead and pass some kind of a bill, whether it effects any good or not. But that the opportunity for performing at once an act of justice and of grace has passed, is obvious from a letter received from a very trustworthy and experienced student of Cuban affairs, who has been making a tour of the island, visiting the sugar area extensively and a part of the tobacco district. In the course of his travels he has talked confidentially with many planters, merchants and bankers; and he says: "The story is the same everywhere—impending disaster, the probable precipitation of a commercial crisis within the next two months whether concessions are made or not. There are varying degrees of apprehension. Some predict an utter smash and general bankruptcy; others do not go so far as that, but all are gloomy and of feeble hope. I hear very little of politics; that seems to be a minor issue, to which slight attention is paid outside of the office-holding and office-seeking classes. I have nowhere found any visible sign of distress in anything that the ordinary tourist sees or is likely to hear. The Cuban does not wear his bank account on his sleeve for the benefit of strangers. One must get into his private office and make sure of his confidence. "The outlook is emphatically gloomy. Concessions now will make very little difference. Even the sugar producers who are able to hold their products for any advantage that might come, are selling because they are satisfied that the concession will not cover the cost of carrying until it is made. The accepted cost of cane growing for sale to the central mills is $2.50 per ton of cane. Settlements for last month were made at $1.80. That touches upward of 15,000 small and large growers." This undoubtedly will make cheerful reading for Oxnard and his beet root following in congress. They must feel proud of the results of their policy.

THE ORDINANCE PASSED.

The passage by the common council of the Highland Canal and Power company's ordinance meets with the approval of practically every citizen of Duluth. It is generally agreed that the utmost care has been exercised in framing the provisions of the franchise in order that all the interests of the city may be protected. At the beginning of the discussion over the franchise, considerable opposition was offered by various prominent advocates of municipal ownership, but that was removed by the adoption of amendments which will secure for the city all the advantages of the cheap power furnished by the company should the city at any time decide to build a municipal electric light plant. From the standpoint of those who believe that the city should enter this field of public service there is no reasonable obection to the ordinance as finally passed, and as Mr. Truelsen stated in a speech to the council, no obstacle should be placed in the way of this great enterprise, the carrying out of which means so much for the prosperity of Duluth.

The ordinance will be signed by Mayor Hugo and will then go into effect, unless some obstructionists should file a petition asking that the granting of the franchise be submitted to vote of the people at a special election. In view of the very strong popular sentiment in favor of the ordinance and the general hope that the company may be enabled to proceed with its enterprise this year, it would be nothing less than a deliberate attempt at obstruction should any persons ask for a special election. By no possibility could the ordinance be defeated at the polls, and a special election would not only saddle a needless expenditure of about $6000 on the city, but prevent the financing of the company's scheme this year and thus delay the time when Duluth will be able to derive benefit from the cheap power that will be furnished.

WHO TO SUCCEED MORRIS?

The formal announcement by Congressman Page Morris that he will not be a candidate for re-election will surprise many people, although it has been rumored for some time past that he might take this course and receive an appointment as judge of the new federal judicial district to be created in this state. The judge will have served six years in congress at the end of his present term, and will no doubt be glad to get out of the turmoil of politics and settle down in the dignified position of a federal judgeship.

There will undoubtedly be many aspirants for the seat in congress vacated by Judge Morris, and there will be keen rivalry for the Republican nomination. J. Adam Bede is already in the field—indeed he has been conducting a campaign for several years. Mayor Hugo has been talked of considerably, but he denies that he has any ambition in that direction. Senator Daugherty has many friends who would like to see him start in the race, and if the senator's health permitted he might yield to their entreaties. Then there is Frank E. Searle, chairman of the congressional committee, who has at various times been credited with a desire to go to congress. Perhaps William L. Windom, who made a strong run against Judge Morris in Duluth two years ago, may again shie his castor into the ring, while Oscar Mitchell, the present city attorney, Senator McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, Representative Noyes, of Carlton county, and P. Ellard Dowling, of Eveleth, are other names to conjure with.

ARE THEY BRITISH CAMPS?

Under direction of President Roosevelt an investigation has been made as to the statement of the governor of Louisiana that a British military camp exists at the port of Chalmette, in that state. It was also claimed by a Missouri congressman that Lathrop should be included in the investigation as to whether British camps were being maintained in this country in contravention of the neutrality laws. If there are British camps in this country at all, the mule depot at Lathrop, Mo., is the biggest and most important one. All the mules and horses bought by Great Britain in any part of the United States are sent to Lathrop to be subjected to tests for glanders and other equine diseases. A large tract of land is inclosed for the purpose of herding the animals safely until they are ready for shipment. This land, however, is not the property of the British government. It is leased by a Missouri live stock firm which has been doing an extensive business for several years buying up mules and selling them to British purchasing agents. One member of the firm admits that the amount of these transactions will reach far up into the millions. Chalmette is merely a point on the Southern coast where the animals are received prior to being taken aboard the transports. It is not a depot in the important sense that Lathrop is.

The question is one of international law. There are some who insist that our government has not observed strict neutrality in allowing the British to buy horses and mules in this country and ship them to South Africa for military purposes. They contend that these supplies for the British army are contraband and that it is the duty of the government to prevent their shipment from our ports. The state department holds, on the contrary, that the purchase and shipment of horses and mules for use in war is entirely lawful, that so long as the shipments are confined to these supplies, and the port from which the shipments are made is not made the point of departure of a naval or military expedition, there is no warrant for interference, even if the supplies are bought directly by the British government. Still, the attorney general implies that there may be conditions in the present case which would require the government, in observance of its obligation not to aid a belligerent, to interfere. The investigation ordered by the president will disclose whether or not such circumstances exist.

If there can be a British "camp" without the British owning or leasing the land and without British troops or British people controlling it, then there is such a camp at the town of Lathrop. It is the center of the horse and mule trade carried on with the British government and the depot and veterinary camp of the animals collected for shipment to South Africa and India. If the fact that the business is done through an American firm acting in the capacity of a British agency prevents the Lathrop ranch from being a British "camp," then the neutrality law is saved from infraction only through a technicality.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

The consideration of Philippine matters, especially the investigations which are already well under way, will in all probability delay the adjournment of congress some days, if not weeks. The series of sensations has changed all the plans which had been made. Waller's charges, and counter-charges against Gen. Smith, the report of Maj. Gardiner and of the two soldiers regarding the "water cure," have added fuel to the flames.

Senator Hoar is quoted as having said to friends that h purposes to make a thorough analysis of all this Philippine testimony, even if it takes two weeks to do so. While this investigation is not wholly on the lines that he suggested, it is bringing out enough information on the conduct of the war to furnish material for considerable discussion. The Democratic senators on the same committee have all become enthusiasts on this question. They will bring out in the Congressional Record all of the testimony that has been adverse to the imperialistic policy, and the probabilities now are for a prolonged discussion with its necessary effect in delaying adjournment.

Another topic which will occasion some delay is the canal. It has been given place next to the Philippine bill, and that comes up now that Chinese exclusion has been disposed of. Advocates of each of the two canal routes are predicting victory, and it is evident that neither side will consent to defeat till all the resources of argument have been exhausted. The Hepburn bill, for the Nicaragua route, passed the house, and has been accepted without change by the Nicaraguanists of the senate, so if they pass it there it would go direct to the president. This makes the coming action of the senate one of the greatest moment, deciding as it will a question that has been furiously debated for years. That either side will give in without a struggle is not to be expected.

DIFFERING OPINIONS.

Apparently the more we hear about the Philippines the less we know. This has been particularly manifest the past week or ten days in the variety of opinions that have been made public in one way and another. Officers with excellent judgment and sound reputation declare that the natives are a treacherous lot, utterly devoid of all feelings of gratitude, and that they will remain passive only as long as they believe that it serves their interests to be quiet. Such a thing as real and genuine friendship for the United States is declared impossible in the heart of a Filipino. On the other hand, army officers of undoubted wisdom say that wonders have been accomplished in the way of instilling into the Filipinos a genuine love for the United States, and that the government has thousands of devoted friends among the little brown men. It is difficult to judge which of these views is correct; it is likely that both are right to a certain degree.

Unfortunately it is not only concerning the natives that conflicting stories are told. A civil governor of one of the islands makes sensational reports concerning the military, which the general officers declare are unfounded, and that they emanate from jealousy on the part of the civilian force. And so it goes, and the reader of all this testimony is left to wonder where it will all end. An army officer, who has lately made an extended tour of the islands and closely observed the present conditions, gives what would seem to be an unbiased statement, as he has not been called before any committee, or in any way under influence. He says:

"I am convinced that the present generation of Filipinos burn with an undying hatred for the United States, and that the feeling will not change until another generation can grow up under the altered conditions. Wherever the American troops are everything appears to be friendly and contented, and as long as a show of strength is made things will continue so. But I know that deep in the hearts of the people there is an intense feeling of enmity, and that we are all regarded as invaders. The secret society of the Katapanans is responsible for much of this sentiment. The members of the organization are found in every province in Luzon, and probably extend to the other islands as well. The leaders in the society are men of intelligence, and were active in the revolt against Spain. They are full of the Latin idea about the individual rights of man, and, in my judgment, will never be contented under American rule. The salvation of our government exists in educating the next generation to regard us in a different light. The thousand teachers that we sent over are worth everything to us. And one of the most encouraging signs is the way the natives flock to the schools for the purpose of learning. The schools are all filled, and the teachers double their regular salary by giving private lessons at night."

There certainly seems to be a desire on the part of many Filipinos to learn English and acquire an American education, and this may prove the salvation of the great problem.

Following the great combinations in the iron and steel industry there has gone on a notable inpouring of new capital into independent competing plants, and these plants in turn are devising competing combinations. One such, of $200,000,000 capitalization, is to be incorporated this week in New Jersey, and will take in a large number of blast furnaces and steel mills located principally in the Pennsylvania and Ohio coal region, as well as valuable ore properties on the upper lakes. It is said that the new combination includes furnaces which now turn out 60 per cent of the iron used in the Bessemer steel manufacture of the country.

The status of Cuba after May 20, under the Platt amendment, was described by President Roosevelt in his Charleston speech as that of "independence." Now everyone winks the other eye when Cuban independence, under the Platt amendment is spoken of. The fact is that it is not independence, but "autonomy," that Cuba will get, although independence was promised.

A representative of the Milwaukee Sentinel is at Minneapolis trying to discover defects in the direct primary election system. Governor La Follette, of Wisconsin, favors such a law, while the Sentinel and the old Republican machine in the state oppose it. It will be an issue in the coming campaign for delegates to the Republican state convention.

The prince of Wales, in all probability, will not visit the United States this year. The Springfield Republican says: It is only friendly advice to the king, his father, to say that the prince should stay within the dominions of the crown until the Boer war has been ended at least two years.

Since the deplorable accident which occurred at a Glasgow football game recently, it is not improbable that the city will adopt municipal grand stands. The city appears to own or construct about everything else already.

The prediction that the senate would refuse to adopt the drastic anti-Chinese bill has been verified. The Payne substitute, extending the present Geary law until 1904, was adopted by a large majority.

The indications are growing that David B. Hill will be the Democratic nominee for president in 1904.

A London expert says that peace is "within measurable distance." But how far is that?

Mark Hanna evidently intends to save his friend Rathbone whom he believes innocent.

Many congressional lightning rods will soon be in position.

Purely a Business Proposition.

Chicago Post: Chauncey Depew is strongly opposed to the election of United States senators by popular vote. It would cost the Vanderbilts more to control a state convention than a legislature.

Knows Who to Shoot At.

Washington Post: It is true that Gen. Funston is too wise to critticise his superiors. It is much safer for an ambitious officer to blaze away at the people who persist in being traitorous.

A Good Man Suggested.

Chicago News: President Roosevelt is to appoint a chief justice of the international court at Cairo, Egypt. What is the matter with giving the job to the grand old hieroglyphic, James K. Jones.

A Hammock Campaign.

Buffalo Express: It may be assumed that the issue on which Gen. Shafter will run for governor of California will be, Did I or Miles make the Spanish surrender at Santiago?

Rather Robust.

Philadelphia Bulletin: The rumor that Secretary Hitchcock is to resign from the cabinet continues to show a degree of vitality which indicates that it is not in need of a spring tonic.

The People Settle That.

Baltimore American: The continued enthusiasm over Admiral Schley proves that, while departments can make favorites, they cannot force the latter on the people as real heroes.

Putting It Charitably.

Boston Herald: The question seems to be as to whether Brig. Gen. Smith or Maj. Waller has the better memory. There's some painful forgetfulness somewhere.

Room In the Barrel.

Portland Oregonian: If Mr. Hanna becomes a candidate for president he will know what to do with the money he gets out of the subsidies on his ships.

A Chance to Get Even.

Kansas City Journal: Senator Jones may decide to teach those Arkansas voters a lesson by making a good stiff raise in cotton bale prices.

Gold Brick Game.

Baltimore American: The Danish ministry has disowned Capt. Christmas. The impression seems to prevail with some that the gallant captain with the festive name fell among enterprising green goods men.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Vanity is twin sister to selfishness.

The trouble with an income is that it is all outgo.

Usually alimony pays a woman better than matrimony.

It is a wise son that doesn't let the father know he understands what a fool he is.

The man who would think $30 a month was very reasonable pay for a housekeeper will yell murder at half that as a personal allowance to his wife.

Friendship Worth Cultivating.

Cleveland Leader: The value of the agricultural products exported in 1901 was $100,000,000 in excess of that of the same exports for 1900. Altogether farm products valued at nearly a billion dollars were exported. The friendship of foreigners is worth living.

Consider the Expert.

New York Press: Expert testimony in criminal cases is fallen into disfavor. There are other experts, however, which maintain their standing in the community. There are the expert accountants. Do you know, offhand, what an expert accountant is? No? Well—without desiring to be personal—an expert accountant is a person capable of warping the long-established principle that 2 and 2 make 4.

LAUGHING GAS.

Somerville Journal: Hicks—Poor old Bjenkins died Sunday. Will you go with me to his funeral tomorrow?

Wicks—With pleasure!

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I see that the Canadian customs officials have seized $15,000 worth of artificial teeth."

"I'll bet there'll be a lot of international jawing over that outrage."

Philadelphia Press: City Editor—Why do you insist that the colonel is a candidate? Didn't he tell you fellows that he wasn't?

Political Reporter—Yes, but the very next minute he invited us to have a drink.

Atlanta Constitution: "I have a feeling that the devil is present in this meeting today," said the minister.

"Amen!" cried an old brother from a far corner. "You've got him in close quarters. Lock the doors and give him where he come from!"

Chicago Tribune: "If I only had an ambassador at the court of love!" sighed the bashful swain.

"A minister would be good enough for me," replied the demure maiden.

"Arabella!"

"Herbert!"

Philadelphia Press: Mamma—I told you to tell Mr. Softleigh he must say "good-night" to you at 1 o'clock.

Daughter—Yes, ma, and he started in last night.

Mamma—Nonsense! It was after 12—

Daughter—Yes, but he started to say "good-night" at 9:30.

Washington Star: "The members of your legislature stand by you loyally."

"Of course they do," answered Senator Sorghum. "It's another evidence that honesty is the best policy. I never promised a member one cent for going back on somebody else that I didn't pay him."

New York Sun: Madge—The one thing that seems to please her most about her marriage is that it enables her to keep a carriage.

Marjorie—No wonder she's pleased. That girl never could get a seat in a street car.

Chicago Post: "Is he rich?"

"Not very."

"How do you know?"

"He wasn't particularly courteous to the assessor who called upon him, which is a clear indication that he hasn't much on which he ought to pay taxes."

Brooklyn Life: He—Do you mean to say the plumber has not been here yet? She—No; isn't it shameful? And we are such good customers; our plumbing is nearly always out of order!"

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: Willie—Pa, what does "trust" mean, anyway?

Pa—Well, trust means "confidence," for one thing, and—

Willie—Oh! then a trust magnate is a confidence man, isn't he?

Washington Star: "We are continually being misrepresented by the newspapers," said the irate statesman.

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "if the press was successful in its efforts to be absolutely accurate, some of us would never get into office.

SONG OF THE EDITOR.

With spirits weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
Sat a newspaper man, and jumped an inch
At each throb of his aching head.
Pore, pore, pore,
O'er the paper every day.
And as he read, in a voice full sore,
He sang this painful lay:

"Read, read, read,
With attention merciless;
Read, read, read,
Till the old sheet's on the press.
Column and stick and head,
Head and column and stick,
Till the brain is numb, and the soul is dead,
And the heart is faint and sick.

"And what do I find but beats
And wrong-font editor's views,
And sermons long, and speeches weak,
Played up in the place of news?
And captions gone astray,
And headlines out of gear,
And the picture of Roosevelt run above
The name of some pioneer?

"Read, read, read,
Of Sampson, Miles and Schley,
Read, read, read,
As the weary days drag by,
That the king of Spain has a new spring crown,
Prince Henry's hat blown off;
That a Russian force of a hundred horse
Is quartered at Letsgetoff.

"And the same old rumors of war,
And the same old rows at home,
And the same old strikes in the rolling mills
And the same old strikes at Nome,
It is oh, for Mary Jane Holmes,
And the duchess, and Gunter, too,
The Congressional Record's massive tome
Would even look good to you.

"Through the window comes floating in
The perfume of springtime, bland,
You can hear the beat in the busy street
Of the drum of the German band,
But column and head and stick,
And stick and column and head,
Are looking at you, in cold, cold print,
And simply must be read.

"Oh, for a taste of the joys
Of a Mother Goose nursery rhyme;
Oh, for a glance at the wondrous tales
That began: 'Once on a time—'
But there is no time for love,
And there is time for joy,
No time at all, but what's beaten above
By the buck-dancing galley boy.

"Oh, foremen who wildly shout
For copy the whole day through,
You little know as you slice up 'takes'
What a lot of harm you do.
For your minion and nonpariel,
Your agate and bold black face
Are the cruelest things this side of—well,
We trust that you'll see the place."

With spirits weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
Sat a newspaper man and pored and pored
Over single and double lead.
Read, read, read,
Till his brain refused to think,
And before his brain danced a whirling mass
Of type and turned rules and ink.

—J. J. MONTAGUE, in the Oregonian.

Just as Reasonable.

Portland, Ore., Telegram: "Why not vote a direct subsidy to the dairymen, instead of passing the anti-oleomargarine bill?" asks the Duluth Herald. Well, that would be as reasonable and just as voting a subsidy to shipowners.

The Nightmare Governor.

St. Vincent New Era (Rep.): After Miss Portia Minnesota has made her little speech at the nominating convention next fall, to Mr. Shylock Van Sant, who has reached out, with his bond and knife, to cut his pound of flesh nearest the heart of Minnesota's greatest merchant, he will sink ingloriously into oblivion. In the newer and better order of things this nightmare governor will be forgotten.

Doing Good Work.

Indianapolis News: The industrial department of the Civic Federation has settled seven strikes in three months and prevented two strikes that would have rendered idle 200,000 men. The influence wielded by the Civic Federation lies as much in the mutual understanding between employer and employe that it brings about as in anything else. It promises to displace the walking delegate whose interest often lay in prompting trouble and exciting the suspicions of employes.

It Is Up to St. Louis.

St. Louis Republic: The attention of the entire country is fixed upon St. Louis at the present time. The local movement to suppress municipal corruption is of tremendous significance to all other American cities. If this movement is successful, if St. Louis manifests a willingness and an ability to expose and punish her boodlers and to permanently purify her municipal assembly, the city's just renown for such achievement will be widespread and of lasting benefit. If, on the other hand, a definite and convincing victory is not scored, the city must suffer grievously in repute.

Cinderella's Slipper

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

"Here, girls!" cried Nan triumphantly, as she burst into the living room of the fit, flourishing aloft a pair of gray satin slippers, "never say that I can't make a beautiful success of cleaning when I try. Just look, if you please!"

"Splendid," commented Sara, who was cutting out a shirt waist on the sewing table.

Harriet, practicing at the piano, wheeled about suddenly at the interruption.

"Why, they're just as good as new. How did you do it, Nan?" Then, sniffing suspiciously, "Gasoline, I declare! And in spite of all my warning, too. You won't be satisfied until you set the flat afire, Nan. Ugh! Why will you persist in using the horrid stuff?"

"Because it cleans so beautifully," answered the dauntless Nan, eyeing her work complacently, "and there's no danger whatever. I was out on the back porch, in the open air."

"You might have stayed out a little longer," remarked Harriet, her nose still wrinkled disapprovingly.

"Nan is the only one I know who succeeds with gasoline," said Sara. "The best I ever do with it is to spot things up so horribly that they look worse than before."

"Which all goes to prove," laughed the cleaner, "that I have a talent for the business which should be encouraged."

"You might set up a cleaning and dyeing establishment. Nothing like having a diversity of professions, you know.

"No hints, if you please. It may be that I do seem a jack of all trades, but I hope some day to be really good at one. Mrs. Marsden says I am doing wonders with my elocution and physical culture."

"However," said Sara, glancing up with a wicked twinkle of her eye, "I would suggest that there is one profession for which you are particularly fitted, my dear. In fact, I am quite convinced it is your forte. It would give you plenty of opportunities for the full play of all your talents. What more could you ask than to be the inspiration of some adoring man?"

"Now, Sara, how can you!" remonstrated the accused one aggrievedly. "Am I not sworn to a career, even as you and Harriet?"

But there was the gleam of a fleeting dimple in her cheek as she abruptly started from the room.

"What now?" Sara called after her.

"I'm going to give these slippers a good airing," answered Nan, from the parlor. There was the sound of a sash being raised.

"Gracious! Where are you putting them? Not in the front window!" cried Harriet, in alarm.

The sash descended again and Nan reappeared smiling serenely.

"Why not the front window?" she demanded. "No one in the street is going to notice those innocent slippers on a window ledge four stories high. Since the glowing orb of day does not condescend to shine into any of the other windows of the flat at this hour, what else is there to do?"

"Oh, it's all very well to make excuses, Nan. We understand, honestly, now, you wouldn't object strenuously if any one did happen to observe the unusual dimensions of those slippers, would you? Guilty girl! See her blush, Harriet. Never mind, we won't censure you too severely. Its only natural to feel a wee bit vain of such small feet in a city whose women are noted for the generous size of their pedal extremities."

"Thank you, dear sara. For that I'll help you with your waist. Can't I baste it for you."

"What a dear you are. Yes; I would be glad of assistance. You know I must be at the art institute at 3, and I want to get this fitted before I go."

"What has become of the rude young man who stares so when he meets you girls in the hall?" asked Harriet, with sudden irrelevance.

"I didn't say he was rude," spoke up Nan, with another startled blush. "And besides, what has he to do with the subject?"

"Nothing I was just wondering. I wish I could ever discover him in the act of staring. I'd freeze him with such a leek he'd never try it again."

"But he really doesn't stare, Harriet," protested Nan. "That is, he isn't impolite about it. He is—well, he's just simply observant, you know."

"He has no right to be," returned Harriet, severely. "It is unfortunate that we should have him as a neighbor in the flat below us."

"Not just below," corrected Nan. "He's on the second floor. He and his brother have the flat together. They're nice fellows—I'm sure of it. Stanton is the name. One is Jack and the other Raymond. Jack is the one who observes."

"Ahem!" said Sara, teasingly, "It seems to me some one else must be observing things besides the Stanton fellow."

Harriet was aghast with dismay. "For pity's sake, you haven't been inquiring about them, I hope?"

"Certainly, not. Aren't the names in full view on the letter box in the hall? And I heard the janitress talking to him one day about a package that was meant for him. So that's how I know which one is Jack."

Harriet's face grew exceedingly sober. "When girls are 'batching it' as we are in a city like this, they have to be very cautious about such things," she observed with unabated severity.

"Now, Harry, dear, don't mount the platform, please," came Sara's coaxing request. "You really frighten us, you know. And you're trampling all over poor Nan's feelings."

The latter laughed good-naturedly. "There is no immediate need for Harriet's anxiety," she said. "I have no intention of doing anything very dreadful."

"Oh, of course not," cried Harriet hastily. "I know you wouldn't flirt or anything of that sort. But you really ought to make him aware of his rudeness, you know."

"Perhaps," murmured Sara, faintly, a furtive glance at Nan's flushed countenance, "the opportunity will arrive for one of us to do so."

But Nan said nothing. She bethought her of the gray slippers on the front window ledge and disappeared to investigate.

Sara and aHrriet heard a quick exclamation of alarm, then a little stifled laugh.

"Come here, Sara!" called Nan, in a tone of muffled mirth.

Sara hurried into the parlor. Nan held one slipper in her hand. She was laughing softly, while she pointed out of the window.

"It's gone," she whispered mysteriously, "the wind must have blown it off."

"Can't you see it anywhere? What will you wear tonight for the recital?" questioned Sara, in dismay.

"Oh it's perfectly safe," Nan hastened to assure her. "That's where the joke comes in. I really don't see how it did happen, but—just look and you'll see."

Sara did as she was bid. "I declare, if it isn't too funny," she cried, as she drew in her head and faced the dancing-eyed Nan. "His window ledge! How in the world do you suppose it happened? It seems impossible, don't it, and so romantic! Will we dare to tell Harriet?"

"Of course we'll tell her."

They proceeded to the sitting room at once.

"Something very amusing must have occurred," remarked Harriet, as they entered.

Nan explained.

"I hope you don't intend to go down after it, that would be highly improper."

"What shall I do? I need the slipper tonight."

"The janitress can get it for you."

"Oh, of course."

However, Nan seemed in no haste to consult the janitress. "Wasn't it the oddest thing!" she exclaimed. "What a strange trick for the wind to play."

"That's one advantage we've gained by living in the Windy City," observed Sara.

"Advantage!" repeated Harriet.

"I mean disadvantage," confusedly murmured Sara.

"No, you don't. You mean advantage. I suppose both of you girls would consider it perfectly delightful if—" She left the remark unfinished and went in search of the janitress.

It so happened, however, that that individual could not be found.

"You might try again later," suggested Sara, as she departed for her art lesson.

When she returned at 5 o'clock conditions had not improved.

"We'll have to wait till the young men come home before we get the slipper," announced Nan, sweetly. Harriet deigned no remark.

"It was half past 5 when the bell rang. Sara answered the summons. She was startled and yet not surprised to see Jack Stanton in the doorway with the slipper in his hand.

Over Sara's head he caught sight of Nan setting the table. He smiled. She came forward at once.

"Oh, my slipper! How good of you," she said, gratefully. "It fell from the window ledge this morning. Thank you so much." She dared not say more, conscious of Harriet in the background. But her smile was cordial. Harriet could not see that.

No doubt it might seem highly satisfactory to all concerned if this story should relate how, at the right moment, it was discovered that Jack Stanton was well acquainted with relatives of the young woman, that he suddenly had a fortune left him by an uncle who died most opportunely. But as this narrative deals with plain facts, it must simply be recoorded that from the incident of the slipper an acquaintance grew, then a friendship and then—— But you know the rest.

Stanton neither proved to be an old friend of the family, nor did he suddenly acquire wealth. Yet Nan married him, nor did she ever have cause to regret her choice. Sara married the brother, Raymond.

Harriet is still content to study music.

AT THE HOTELS

At one of the local hotels last week was a guest who for five days had tried to make a 9 o'clock morning train. The bracing air of the Duluth climate, added to by a little extraneous stimulant, had left his ability to carry out his plans a little weak. Every night he went to bed with the best resolution in the world, every morning he got up with just as firm a resolve. But the approach of 9 o'clock always found him predisposed to postpone departure for another day. He might get his grip as far as the door on his way to the depot, but the conclusion would always be reached that it was too late to make the train. On the evening of the sixth day, the gentitman of not inflexible resolve, struck a brilliant idea. He would take a night train while his resolution was bright and lusty in its diurnal infancy, and before cankering doubt assailed him. By carefully allowing himself to follow this inspiration, he finally reached a 11 o'clock train, and his period of uncertainty was at an end.

• • •

Rev. A. H. Carver, now of Brainerd, is a guest at the McKay. He is accompanied by Mrs. Carver. Mr. Carver came up to attend the Morgan meetings. He was formerly pastor, for a number of years, of the Lakeside Presbyterian church.

• • •

Master Mechanic H. S. Bryan, of the Duluth & Iron Range road, is at the Spalding.

• • •

L. C. Saunders and wife, of Eveleth, are stopping at the McKay.

• • •

William O'Brien came up from St. Paul this morning, and is at the St. Louis.

• • •

E. J. O'Rourke came up from the Twin Cities this morning on his way home. He is a Virginia business man, and is at the Spalding.

• • •

Former Mayor Tallboy, of Eveleth, is at the St. Louis.

• • •

At the Spalding this morning there were the following arrivals:

Henry S. Martin, Dunkirk, N. Y.; C. B. Wilbur, C. W. Kaupner, Chicago; Charles W. Humphrey, St. Paul; W. S. Cleggett, Jefferson City, Mo.; S. T. Rose, Chicago; B. H. Leffert, New York; Joel Schoenburg, G. E. Moore, Chicago, and L. P. Sigbee, New York.

• • •

The St. Louis register gives the following among recent arrivals: E. G. Henry, St. Paul; H. H. Wells, Minneapolis; J. C. Schulte, New York; B. G. Hardwicke, W. C. Anderson, Minneapolis; I. A. Norberg, Ely; E. D. Johnson, Grand Rapids; J. F. Taggart, Turtle River; E. J. Shaughnessy and Terry Naughton, St. Paul.

• • •

At the McKay are: G. W. Budd and wife, V. A. Johnson, M. J. Fraser, Minneapolis; Thomas Owens, S. G. Abriel, Two Harbors; Louis H. Blender, Stillwater; Joseph Lindberg, Knife River, and A. McInnis, Milwaukee.

Doing It Up In Style.

Boston Herald: It looks as if the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight would come off down in Ben Tillman's state, where striking out from the shoulder is reckoned senatorial.

Thievery Under Another Name.

Chicago Chronicle: A return to a common butter dish, to the rejected castor, with the salt, pepper, mustard and other supplies, is predicted as a necessity enforced upon restaurants and hotel keepers by the souvenir fiends who carry off the "individual" butters, salts, etc. If there be no remedy found for this vulgar mania society may be driven to the old style of having all the food in a single dish in the middle of the table, everybody grabbing for himself. The souvenir mania affects chiefly the pretentious, the well-to-do and the professedly honest. A few doses of quick policemen with snap-shot cameras might prove a cure.

May Balk the Project.

New York Mail and Express: Mr. Bryan has been kind enough to name Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, to be New York's next governor. Mr. Bryan has failed, however, to get the consent of the governed.

Familiar With the Wires.

Chicago News: Mark Hanna's presidential boom is getting so well broken in that it no longer shies at the cars.

His Experience More Ripened.

Washington Post: It is a serious mistake to assume that Hon. James K. Jones has been the least bit impaired as a Bryan campaign manager. Bryanism is never injured by defeat.

Making a Bad Case For Mark.

Detroit Free Press: All of Roosevelt's enemies may support Hanna for president; but it is certain that all of Hanna's enemies will support Roosevelt.

Never Figured In a Conspiracy.

Anaconda (Mont.) Standard: Gen. Miles may be cranky, but at all events he rejoices in an untarnished name and uniform.

The Lone Barrier.

New York Press: With a visit to America planned by the prince of Wales, the only thing that stands between "a good understanding between England, Germany and the United States" is boracic acid.

Perils of Close Inspection.

Chicago News: Investigators of that alleged British camp at New Orleans should be careful not to venture too close to the heels of the mules if they care to come back with an exhaustive report.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19.
"THE VIKING"
A comic opera in three acts, will be presented by the
Roosevelt Marching Club, of Minneapolis.
Good music! Good Dancing! Pretty Girls! 100—in cast—100.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LABOR IS WINNING

Peaceful Revolution Has Begun In State of Connecticut.

Three Municipal Elections Have Been Carried By Workingmen.

A New Order of Things Which May Spread Everywhere.

Hartford, Conn., April 17.—Staid old Connecticut has become the new battle-ground of labor and capital. Labor has won thus far.

A coal shoveler, a mechanic and a dry goods clerk have within a few weeks been made mayors of three of its most important cities.

Danbury is next to vote for a hatter for mayor, and Meridian for a wage laborer.

The whole state is stirring with the peaceful revolution which threatens to deliver the machinery of government of all the cities of the state into the hands of workingmen.

They are confident of electing the governor this fall.

It is a clear-cut fight all over the state between the corporations and the forces of labor.

The deep-moving current of rebellion was seemingly without concert. It all came from a common cause. It began in a half dozen towns and set to working with results unequaled in any attempt of workingmen to control municipal politics before.

This is the score up to date:

Bridgeport, mayor, Dennis Mulvihill, stoker.

Ansonia, mayor, Stephen Charters, mechanic.

Hartford, mayor, Ignatius A. Sullivan, dry goods clerk.

Not a defeat has been chalked up. The eyes of the workingmen of the nation are upon the experiment. Many believe that the movement in Connecticut marks the beginning of a complete revolution in the relations of the workingman toward public affairs.

Mayor Sullivan, the new mayor of this wealthy and aristocratic city, is not a dreamer, but he declares Connecticut has found the secret of success in politics for the workingman. He says that the American workingman has only to take lessons from Connecticut to dominate the municipal politics of the country.

"I have only this fixed determination in mind, to give the city an honest, impartial administration, guided by good common sense. Common sense is hard to beat," said he today.

"The league has a platform, which will be followed. It mentions a few specific matters, but it may be summed up in the pledge to give the city an honest and economical administration.

"I want to bring labor and capital nearer together. That shall be the aim of my administration. A better understanding is all that is needed. Half the problem would be solved if we could only beg them to understand each other. Then would come sympathy.

"Abraham Lincoln is my model and ideal," added the mayor. "Right here in Hartford, in a speech he made during the great shoe strike at Lynn in 1861, he said: 'I thank God for labor unions. I thank God that there are men who know when to stop.' I wonder why they have left that out of Lincoln's speeches?

"Working men have been impotent in politics heretofore. On election day I have seen workingmen hard at work at the polls. Working for what? Working for the ticket that somebody else put out. It occurred to me that if workingmen could do such effective work for others they could do it for themselves. They have the power. The problem is to discover how it may be used. The intelligent workingmen of Connecticut have found the way.

"The only real clear-cut victory on the straight issues was here. At Bridgeport the issue was a corrupt administration. At Ansonia the injunction issue decided the election. One corporation owned the town and ruled—by court injunctions.

"Here it was a straight-out issue of securing the recognition due to the workingmen and long denied.

"We thought the city administration here was bad. Not only were workingmen unable to get out of it what they thought right; but it was believed that money had passed hands among city officials. These things finally led the workingmen to assert themselves."

Good features are not possessed by all—unhappily. But all good people, regardless of features, can avail themselves of the most luxurious features of modern railway travel by using the Milwaukee's Pioneer Limited between the Twin Cities and Milwaukee and Chicago.

The Kind that's Right.

BLATZ BEER

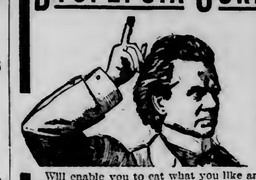
MILWAUKEE

enjoys a reputation never before attained by a product of its kind. A perfect brew, with a natural, delightful flavor.

Different brands adapted to different tastes. Try a case. You'll not regret it.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.
(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

MUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA CURE



Will enable you to eat what you like and all you like. Cures dizziness, constipation, nervousness and sleeplessness; makes old stomachs almost as good as new. Makes good rich blood and builds up the whole system.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.

Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

SHE TOLD

Editor He Would Not Win and He Did Not.

Jackson, Miss., April 17.—Believers in the esoteric in Mississippi will find their faith in clairvoyants considerably strengthened by the testimony of Henry Crosby, recently an applicant for the position of commissioner to the St. Louis exposition. By a fortuitous combination of circumstances Mr. Crosby was led to inquire of one of these wierd sisters what the issue of the race would be and she forecasted the result in general terms, it is true, but with sufficient detail to indicate that her second sight was still in good repair.

Mr. Crosby, who is the editor of the Greenville Times, was sitting in his editorial sanctum one day not long ago when a woman entered whose appearance foretold her profession before she had spoken word. She was at Greenville for a few days, long enough to remove all the clouds from the future for several years to come, and wished to insert an advertisement in that paper. At that time Mr. Crosby had been balancing his chances for the position for which he was a leading contestant most anxiously, and though not yielding implicit faith to the lady's professional claims, it occurred to him that perhaps she might get a communication with a few political spirits who kept au courant of Mississippi affairs and who might not be unwilling to reveal the result. This vague idea prompted him to remark:

"Madam, if you will tell me the result of this commissioner fight I will insert your advertisement free. Can you do that?"

"Why, certainly," was the response, in the assured tone of one to whom such little tests were of no concern whatever.

"All right" was the hopeful response, "get to work then."

The lady got to work. She sat in a chair for some minutes in mute meditation, like the priestess of Apollo, waiting for the Pythian inspiration to come. Her eyes were fixed, as if looking into futurity, and in her absorption her wig removed perhaps a quarter of an inch to the rear of her head. At last from the tense expression of her face it was evident she was en rapport with the spirits and the free advertisement.

"The spirits are speaking to me," she said encouragingly.

"Give me a literal translation," remarked the expectant applicant.

"They are saying that you have all of your opponents beaten except one man, and he is very close to the governor. No, you will not succeed, that man will get it."

It is needless to say she was charged full rates for her advertisement.

After the result of the election here had been declared, the unwelcome prediction recurred, and Mr. Crosby himself told the story to some friends at the capitol. It is true that several days later the lady dropped around to the office and informed him that she had taken further counsel and that his prospects were growing brighter. But this was clearly a mere concession to expediency and policy, whereas the first response was prophecy unadulterated and, in the vernacular of the eclipse, "hot from the griddle!"

A MYSTERY.

Bookkeeper and Stock Disappears From Banking House.

New York, April 17.—Ames, Swan & Co., bankers and brokers, asked the police to aid them in clearing up the mystery of the disappearance from their office yesterday of 100 shares of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul stock, said to be worth about $17,000. The firm also asked that the non-appearance of their confidential bookkeeper, Allen F. Hedges, be looked into. Mr. Hedges entered the firm's employ about a year ago. He went out at about his usual time for luncheon yesterday and a minute later a member of the firm had occasion to ask for the 100 shares of stock which had been bought in from A. Sealand & Co. The cashier happened to be out when the stock was received and it did not pass through his department. When inquiry was made for it no trace of the shares was to be had and Hedges did not come back from lunch.

Inquiry was made at both the stock and consolidated exchanges and from the latter word was received that the shares had just been handled there and sold to Zimmerman & Forshay, bankers. That house was notified and further sale of the stock stopped until the mystery could be explained. The stock had not been purchased outright, but had been taken as collateral for a loan of $5000 and no greater sum was involved as far as loss to Ames, Swan & Co. might be considered.

Expert accountants were at once put to work on the books of the firm and worked through the night to see if any other losses could be traced. Up to a late hour no additional losses could be found.

During the year Hedges had been with the firm he had handled large sums of money and was considered honest. He is 45 years of age, married and lives in Brooklyn.

The Milwaukee's Pioneer Limited.

"Nothing richer has ever been produced by any railroad."—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

"It's a world beater."—St. Paul Globe.

"The 'best thing' the railroad world can produce."—St. Paul Dispatch.

"Prominent and discriminating people marvel at the creation of elegance and comfort wrought by modern car builders."—Minneapolis Tribune.

"The Pioneer Limited stands today perfect in construction, gorgeous in finish and the acme of luxury and comfort."—Minneapolis Journal.

"The closest inspection bewilders and takes the breath away, for the magnificence and beauty of it all is simply tremendous."—Minneapolis Times.

RED HAT EXPECTED

By Three Candidates In Canada For the Cardinalate.

Some Years Have Passed Since Last Cardinal Died.

Archbishops Duhamel, Paul and Fabre Expect the Honor.

Quebec, April 17.—Quietly, but none the less seriously there has been a bitter struggle going on for power among the supporters of at least of high dignitaries of the Roman Catholic church in Canada.

And, as ever, the mildly delusive cardinal's hat is to be the prize of he who wins.

Although it is some years since the last cardinal (Cardinal Taschebeau) died, the possibility, nay probability, of the hat being again offered to Canada has been borne in mind continually and a great deal of wire pulling has ensued.

Archbishop Duhamel of the diocese of Ottawa, a charming man and much beloved, is the oldest of the present archbishops in Canada, and thinks the honor should go to him, and many of the faithful think so, too.

But there again a number of the influential people of the diocese of Montreal who favor the elevation of that bright, nervous little man, Paul, archbishop of Montreal.

He is the youngest bishop in Canada, and was for some years one of the secretaries of his grace, Archbishop Fabre. Like some of the older gentlemen attached to the archiepiscopal household, has was offered opportunities of advancement, but he declined them upon some pretext or another and remained faithfully in his position till the archbishop died and he was appointed in his place. He is clever, apparently liberal minded, and has done without apparent effort a great deal to create better harmony between the small Protestant minority and the overwhelming Catholic majority in his diocese.

One of these three will surely obtain the red hat.

Mgr. Begin, of Cyrne, administrator of the late Archbishop O'Brien, is also a candidate.

WILD GOOSE

Farm Is Being Run By a Man In Virginia.

Richmond, Va., April 17.—Capt. Joshua D. Whealton, of Chincoteague, Va., enjoys the novel distinction of being the only wild goose farmer in the world. Capt. Whealton engaged in this means of livelihood for something more than novelty, and the "wild goose" experiment has proved a success from a financial viewpoint.

While Capt. Whealton's specialty is wild geese, he also is a successful raiser of brant, Japanese ducks, marsh hens and various other wild birds.

After experimenting with the raising of wild fowls for a short time Mr. Whealton found that the industry could be made a paying one. Accordingly, he purchased 100 acres of land skirting the coast of Chincoteague sound and engaged in the business altogether. Geese come to the island once a year in great droves to lay eggs and hatch their young ones. Mr. Whealton was enabled to get any quantity of half-grown birds with little or no difficulty. When they became old enough to fly he clipped their wings, thus rendering them captives. On his land along the shores of the sound he erected long rows of roosts and the birds, finding themselves shorn of their means of flight, soon took to the places of shelter provided for them and laid and hatched their young in them.

Many of the geese at first persisted in wandering away, but being unable to fly, invariably returned and little or no difficulty is now experienced in this direction.

There is no cost attached to the feeding of the geese. Their clipped wings do not interfere with swimming, and they go out on the sound and feed the same as their wild companions.

Mr. Wheaton has experimented with feeding the geese on corn and other cereals. About one dozen were placed in a pen and fed in this manner for two or three months. The experiment showed, however, when fed thus the fowl lost its richness and flavor.

Capt. Wheaton, at the end of two years' experience with the wild goose industry, found the business such a profitable one that he purchased additional land along the sound and began on a larger scale. He now owns about 250 acres of land and has over 1500 fowls. These he ships alive to northern markets and derives handsome profits from their sale. The majority of the geese are shipped upon special orders and bring $5 a pair.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., April 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—A collision occurred between two heavily loaded trains in the railroad yards here Tuesday afternoon. One engine was badly damaged and traffic delayed for some time. The accident is attributed to failure of the brakes to work.

Rev. Sykes and Rev. Heard went on a fishing expedition to Blackhoof Monday. They returned Tuesday night with 70 of the shining beauties.

The Johnson-Wentworth mill has started up on a day and night run.

Work commenced at the boom yesterday. The river is very low however, and there is no telling when the Northern and Cloquet companies' mills will be able to start.

The Clio club banquet on Saturday evening was a very swell affair. The refreshments were served by the ladies of the M. E. church.

The Red Men's hall last evening was a great success, both as to numbers attending, and social enjoyment.

The tin roof on the Library building is nearly completed. It is hoped the building will be ready for occupancy in June.

Hedenstrom Bros. are going out of business on account of the health of H. G. Hedenstrom. The climate is too severe for him.

Joseph Vlaveaux is erecting a new store building on Cloquet avenue.

J. E. Lynds and wife returned from Davenport, Iowa, on Monday last.

Jessel & Lalonde have re-opened the pool room in the Bouchier block, lately occupied by Boyd Bros. The place has been newly painted, and a fresh stock of candies, cigars, fruit and soft drinks always on hand.

She was sitting up with a sick man,
No professional nurse was she,
Simply sitting up with her love-sick lover,
Giving him Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

GENUINE

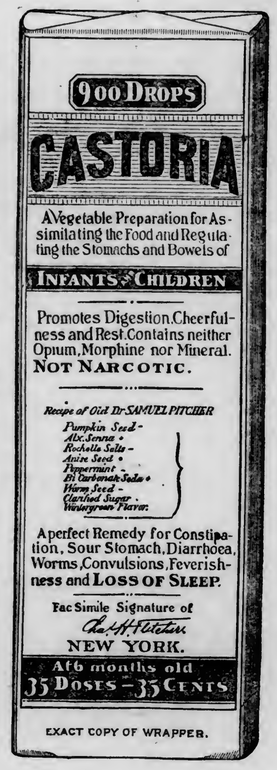
CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

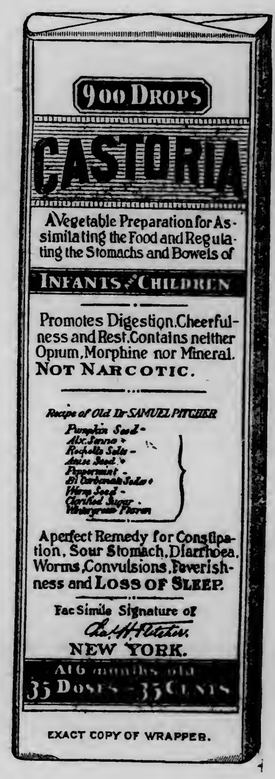
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE MANUFACTURERS of Castoria have been compelled to spend thousands of dollars to familiarize the public with the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. This has been necessitated by reason of pirates counterfeiting Castoria. This counterfeiting is a crime, not only against the proprietors of Castoria but against the growing generation. Mothers should be careful to see that Castoria bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher if they would guard the health of their children. Parents, and mothers in particular, ought to remember that the wrapper of every bottle of genuine Castoria bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, under whose supervision it has been manufactured continuously for over thirty years.
—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

In Use For Over Thirty Years.

THE GENUINE

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

HIGH COST OF LIVING

Belief That the Higher Prices Have Come to Stay.

Likely to Go Still Higher In the Near Future.

Butchers Find That Trade In Meat Is Falling Off.

New York, April 17.—Higher prices for various foods, particularly fresh meats and butter, which are regarded in this flourishing country as necessaries of life, although looked upon as luxuries in some others, have not only come but they are here to stay. Moreover, according to expectations of men in the trade, they are likely to go higher still in the near future.

It is not only beef that has advanced almost sensationally in price within a few weeks. Lamb and mutton have gone up, as have hog products, and so also have poultry and butter. Lard has been advanced from 1 to 3 cents a pound within a few months and it has become known that there has been formed some sort of a working agreement between the great producers, who have held meetings in Western cities, the last meeting, it is said, at the Iroquois hotel in Buffalo on April 4, to come to understandings as to the conduct of their business profitably in view of the gradually advancing prices all along the line from hog to lard.

The rise in the price of butter is said to be chiefly speculative, not as turning upon any attempt to corner the market, but owing to a belief among the dairymen that congress will pass the proposed law prohibiting the manufacture of oleomargarine. The advance in the price of poultry is a sympathetic one, consequent upon the high beef market. The price of beef in the carcass, as the butcher buys it, is now about 3 cents a pound higher than six months ago.

One of the large marketmen, who supplies a well-to-do clientele, said that even in his custom there had been a very heavy decline since the advance in prices. Families who used to buy meat for three meals a day bought now for only two, or in some instances for only one. In the case of butchers catering to the poorer people, he said, the fall in trade had been anywhere from 25 to 50 per cent.

It is asserted that a lard trust, as well as the one in beef, has been formed and that the leaders in it are the big Chicago manufacturers. A local paper quotes an unnamed business man as making the following statement:

"A combination of the manufacturers of lard throughout the United States has been formed—has been in existence for four months past, and, while there is no regular corporation, or so-called trust, there is an intimate trade understanding for the control of prices. Regular meetings are held in various parts of the country—the last one was held in Buffalo—the object being the regulation of prices, compound, pure lard and cotton-seed oil. The combination was formed by Swift & Co. and Armour & Co. and other manufacturers in various parts of the country have and are being forced to enter the combination.

"Up to date the combination consists of Swift & Co., Armour & Co., N. K. Fairbanks & Co., W. J. Wilcox & Co., the Central Lard company, Nelson Brothers & Co., G. H. Hammond & Co., Fowler Brothers, Southern Cotton Seed Oil company, American Cotton Seed Oil company, Jacob Dodd & Co., and many others. The date of the meeting was April 4 at the Iroquois hotel, Buffalo. Other meetings have been held at Cleveland and Chicago. The secretary's name is Albright, with headquarters at Chicago. Since the combination has been formed, prices have gone up from 1 to 3 cents at various times."

THE DAKOTAS.

Postal Clerk Allison's Life Was Saved By Friend.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Postal Clerk Allison, who was injured in the Northern Pacific wreck at Terry, Mont., was brought to Jamestown Tuesday evening. Allison was cut about the head and received burns on the body. His life was saved by Clerk Teeple, mail weigher, who was in the car with him. Teeple dragged his companion from the car, which was wholly consumed by fire soon after the accident.

McHenry—The local champion foot racers of this section met here and after an unusually close contest the championship was awarded to "Nips" Fred Potter. Nips is a very small man, but spry and strong in all of his muscles, and it is expected that with another year at the work he will surprise many of the aspirants of North Dakota. Cruden went lame in the race.

Fargo—Fargo is to take a whirl at the free text book system. The advocates of that place Tuesday won out at the school election. It was bitterly opposed by the taxpayers on account of the already high rate of taxation. Mrs. E. M. Darrow, who ran on the stickers, was the leading candidate. The other new members of the board of education are O. Shadland and J. F. Paul Gross. The election of Mrs. Darrow keeps two ladies on the board. Mrs. Roberts and Mrs. Deienrecic had been on the board, but the latter refused to become a candidate again. Mrs. Darrow has always been prominent in city club circles and educational work.

Lisbon—John Dwire, a well-known citizen of this county, residing near Englevale, died of heart failure. The remains were interred here Wednesday. He was a brother of Representative Dwire.

Dickinson—Wednesday the state lands in Stark county were leased and brought many anxious stockmen to the city. The bidding for some tracts of lands was very spirited.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—The city election in this city resulted in the election of the entire Republican ticket. A. S. Reed, Republican, received a majority of 232 over Wood Harrington, so-called non-partisan, but really Democratic. All other candidates for city office, for member of the board of education and aldermen, were elected by good majorities. License carried by 130 majority, against eight last year. Reed's majority is the largest given for a candidate for mayor for several years. The total vote cast was 1280, much larger than any vote ever cast in the city.

It is understood here that the contracts for the grading of the Milwaukee extension from Eureka to Linton, sixty miles, will be signed on Monday next and the agreement provides that the work shall begin within five days thereafter.

Huron—Two engines hauling a freight train of twenty-six cars on the Chicago & Northwestern ran into an open switch at Iroquois at noon yesterday. None of the trainmen were injured, but the engines and nine cars were thrown from the track.

Sioux Falls—The annual municipal election held here was a very quiet one. Burnside, Republican, was re-elected by an overwhelming majority, receiving over 1100 of the 2000 votes cast. His only opponent was L. C. Campbell, a Socialist nominee.

ANOTHER RAILROAD

Has Been Secured By the Crystal Company.

New York, April 17.—Reports of the purchase of the St. Louis, Memphis & Southeastern railway of the Crystal railway from the Pittsburg Plate Glass company, are confirmed, says the Times, by President Newman Erb, of the acquiring company. The property acquired since the beginning of the year includes the Southern Missouri & Kansas, the Hozzie, Pocahontas & Northern, the St. Louis & Memphis, the Chester, Perryville & Genevieve roads with a mileage of 368.5.

The plan is for a line between Memphis and St. Louis. At the latter place the terminals of the St. Louis & San Francisco will be used.

You will be making photos this summer. Supply yourself with materials while you can get them cheap at A. L. Norberg's.

The Majority of People Have Impure and Poisoned Blood Coursing Through the Body in Springtime.

Paine's Celery Compound

Is the Fountain of Health From Which the Disease Laden May Draw a Fresh Supply of Vitality and Health.

A Cure of Blood Poisoning That Has Commanded the Attention of Thousands.

Is your blood impure, poisoned, or sluggish? It must be if you have eruptions, boils, pimples, blotches, running sores, eczema, or salt rheum. With such troubles and ailments the blood is fast carrying disease and death to the body.

To be clean, sound, vigorous, healthy, and happy, you must use Paine's Celery Compound before the advent of the hot summer days. At this time the vitalizing and health giving work of Paine's Celery Compound shows quickly upon the blood, which is purified and made rich with nutriment that builds up the nerves and tissues.

Remember that "Paine's" is the kind that cures. At all times refuse the something just as good offered by some dealers.

Thousands of sufferers burdened with some form of disease, the result of impure and poisoned, impure or sluggish blood, will thank Heaven that their attention has been directed to the great fount of healing after a perusal of the following letter written by Mr. J. Argetsinger, of 2722 14th Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.:—

"Last winter I had blood poisoning, caused from a cut on my finger. This formed an abscess under my arm, and I was in the hospital for three weeks. At times I felt as though I was going out of my head. When I touched the end of my spine, I felt the shock in my head at once. My memory was poor, and I sometimes forgot my neighbors' names. Sometimes I had pains in my left side, just below my heart, and a presentiment of evil was continually with me. Paine's Celery Compound has given me a new lease of life, and I hope others will try it."

Diamond Dyes color feathers and ribbons. Easy. Excellent. Economical.

RADICALS PLEASED

With Assassination of Minister of Interior of Russia.

The Victim Was a Tool of the Reactionary Party.

His Death May Affect Chances of Pittsburg Contractor.

St. Petersburg, April 17.—Although M. Sipiaguine, the minister of the interior, who was assassinated April 15, was not actually the leader of the reactionary party in Russia, he was the tool of those who, in the opinion of many, were responsible for the prevailing situation. His assassination, easily explicable in the present political condition, was hailed with joy in radical circles.

For a month there had been daily rumors of Sipiaguine's impending resignation, owing to disagreements with the governor general of Moscow, the Grand Duke Sergius, who has been supporting the novel policy towards the working classes instituted by M. Trepoff, the police prefect of Moscow, which includes the organization of labor unions under police control. The murdered minister's name was also mixed up with the stories of financial irregularities alleged against so many officials at present. Sipiaguine spent immense sums in redecorating his residence. A single chandelier alone cost 50,000 roubles, and he was accused of appropriating 500,000 roubles from the secret service funds. The deceased was by no means talented and owed his position to influential friends, especially to Count Shermeteff the bosom friend of Czar Alexander III and to the dowager czarina, who is largely under Count Shermeteff's influence.

Shortly before Sipiaguine was appointed minister of the interior, he married the elder sister of Count Shermeteff's wife, the Princess Vlazemsky, a brilliant woman, 36 years old, who is now a warm friend of the czarina.

The death of Sipiaguine may materially affect the chances of Murry A. Verner, the millionaire Pittsburg contractor, of securing the St. Petersburg tramway franchise, as the deceased was a notable supporter of Mr. Verner's proposition, and overruled the committee which had recommended the Westinghouse offer. The matter possibly, is now indefinitely postponed.

Many people think that the death of Sipiaguine will help the aspirations of M. Witte, the finance minister, who has long been ambitious to become imperial chancellor or, at least, obtain control of the ministry of interior.

Unusually grave labor troubles are reported at Yekaterinostav, Poltavano, Voronej and Tambov. The details are rigorously suppressed.

FELLOWSHIPS

In Columbia University Have Been Awarded Thirty-Eight.

New York, April 17.—Annual fellowships in Columbia university have just been awarded for the academic year by the university council. Thirty-eight were awarded, each carrying an annual stipend of $500 or more. The successful candidates come from twenty states and territories, almost half of them west of the Mississippi river.

Among the awards are: University fellowships in chemistry, Hal Beans, of Moscow, Idaho; in administrative law, Harold Bowman, of Des Moines, Iowa; in European history, William Boyd, of Durham, N. C.; in metallurgy, William Campbell, of Kempsey, England; in economics, Walter Clark, of Delaware, Ohio; in Greek, Steven Hurlburt, of Madison, Wis.; in geology, Douglas Johnson, of Albuquerque, N. M.; in physiology, James Miner, of Berlin, Wis.; in constitutional law, Samuel Orth, of Akron, Ohio; in psichology, kRamond Osborne, of Fargo, N. D.; in German languages and literature, Charles Turrell, Arkadelphia, Ark.

PRIEST IN HIDING.

Companion Scandal to the Famous Kelley Case.

Tyndall, S. D., April 17.—Tyndall was thrown into a high state of excitement and rage when it was found that its much-respected Catholic priest, who for seven or eight years has ably guided the affairs of the local church, Rev. Thomas A. Blly, had turned out worse than the celebrated Father Kelley, of Elk Point.

Blly's first act was to bring ruin upon the 15-year-old daughter of Peter Schaffhausen, a respected farmer of this county. It was not until the other day that the girl revealed who the father of her 2-months'-old child was.

Blly's second act was to telephone to the Security bank for a loan of $1500 on the pretense of closing up a land deal. The banker said he ought to have some security on such a large amount. Blly promised to come to the bank and fix up the security. Schaffhausen soon appeared at the bank and got his check cashed.

Blly's third act was to hand over to the church authorities the keys of the parish house, call up a livery and drive to Tripp, where it is supposed he took the train for parts unknown.

STRANGE SCENE

To Take Place In a Philadelphia Church.

Philadelphia, April 17.—A strange scene will take place in the basement of St. Peter's Roman Catholic church next Tuesday. For years the church has daily been the goal of many pilgrims, who come daily to pray at the tomb of Bishop Neumann and to ask intercession for some special favor from God.

The pilgrims are of all ages and conditions. So many remarkable cures were said to have been effected that the church authorities in Rome appointed a committee to investigate the matter. For several years the process, which has already led to Bishop Neumann being declared 'venerable,' has been going on, and it is believed by many that he will eventually be pronounced a saint. The inquiry has been conducted by a special ecclesiastical court, which met recently. All the officers of the court and the witnesses have been sworn to secrecy, but the obligation of secrecy will cease in two weeks.

It has been decided to have Bishop Neumann's tomb opened in the presence of the court next Tuesday to ascertain in what state of preservation his body is and to obtain a description of it so that in future years it can be recognized as the true body of Bishop Neumann. After this inspection the coffin in which it will be placed will be sealed with Archbishop Ryan's seal and the tomb again closed.

Many witnesses have been called before the court to testify regarding the cures alleged to have taken place through Bishop Neumann's intercession since his death in 1852. Their testimony will be forwarded to Rome.

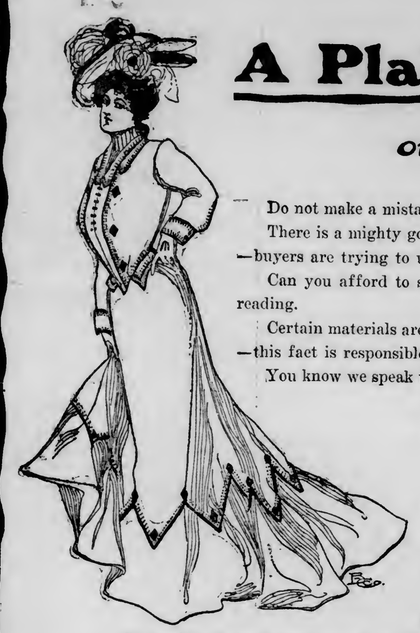
IMMENSE

Quantities of Steel Are Being Purchased Abroad.

New York, April 17.—The purchase of steel in Great Britain and the continent for use in America, has attained great proportions, says a Herald dispatch from London.

The markets of Great Britain and Germany are being stripped of all their surplus products. A considerable quantity is being purchased in Germany. The purchasers are not of the finished product, but in the shape of slabs and billets.

President Schwab of the steel strust refused to discuss the above, but large purchases of steel billets have been reported from time to time, although not on so extensive a scale as alleged in the London dispatch.



A Plain Talk on Suits and Wraps

Do not make a mistake in buying your new spring suit.

There is a mighty good reason for all the "suit sales" now in progress throughout the country—buyers are trying to unload their mistakes.

Can you afford to suffer for the mistakes of others? If not—this will prove profitable reading.

Certain materials are extremely stylish—others are almost ignored by those who study the styles—this fact is responsible for many so-called suit bargains.

You know we speak the truth when we tell you that the etamines—the veilings—the voiles, the mistrals—the wool crashes, and the Panama, the basket and lattice cloths are the season's reigning fabrics.

Your fashion books speak of nothing else!

Now here is a question—can you find assortments of suits of these materials at other stores?

And aren't other stores loaded up on suits of other and less favored materials, and don't you think they are more than anxious to unload?

But is a garment cheap no matter what its price—if it is not thoroughly stylish—and isn't the fabric the very foundation of style?

So don't put your good money into a poor style—It is the thinnest stuffs that are fashionable—and when less particular stores tell you otherwise—just bear in mind what we've said—recall what your fashion books have told you—and pass the suits made up of "off style" materials.

When we were buying suits—most of the makers talked against thin stuffs—Good reason why—they were loaded on heavy weights—and the market was bare of desirable thin stuffs. Most stores took what was offered them—but we didn't. We insisted on thinnish materials—and we got them and this season we have been showing the only complete stock of truly stylish suits in Superior and Duluth.

We have more strictly stylish suits than any two other stores at the head of the lakes combined.

Our styles are exclusive—and more than that our prices are so reasonable that so far this season we have not been asked in a single instance to quote a lower price. You see, we have marked all garments—novelties and all—at prices which will irresistibly attract all thrifty style-lovers to our store. You can positively save from $5.00 to $15.00 on most of our garments.

Although we take such pride in our high-grade suits—there are equally good values in the more practical suits at $10.50, $12.50, $15.00, $16.50 and $18.50.

And even at these prices we give you stylish materials and fully nine-tenths of the styles are exclusive. But should you find the same style in these lower-priced suits—you'll find ours marked at a worth-while saving of several dollars or more—and as we've said before of our suits at $20.00 or over—none such elsewhere at any price.

A P. S. on Silk Coats.

All that we've said about exclusive styles and money-saving prices on suits—applies with equal force to our suberb stock of Silk Coats.

Come here to see the Du Barry—the Pompadour—the Monte Carlo—the Matinee—the Paletot and the Silk Raglan.

All are here in charming and exclusive styles—

Don't say you don't want a Silk Coat because you are afraid they'll be "common"—come here and choose from ultrafashionable effects that are "different."

You'll get most style for least price every time you come here.

Paris styles in Petticoats—and Paris-made model skirts are also here as nowhere else—'tis a treat to see them and economy to buy them.

Spicer-Fanning Co.

The Northwest's Greatest Store.

1501-1507 Tower Avenue. West Superior, Wisconsin.

CASTRO SUBMITS

To Congress New Law For Government of Foreigners.

They Shall Enjoy Same Civil Rights as Venezuelans.

Shall Be of Two Classes Domiciled and In Transit.

Caracas, Venezuela, March 19.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The new law defining the duties and rights of foreigners who may be found within the territory of Venezuela has just been submitted to congress by President Castro.

In substance, it is as follows: Foreigners shall enjoy the same civil rights as Venezuelans, as determined by the constitution of the republic. They shall be considered either as domiciled or as in transit.

Domiciled persons are all who have acquired domicile in accordance with the provisions of the civil code.

All who have resided within the territory voluntarily and uninterruptedly for upwards of two years without a diplomatic character, or for purposes of trade or any other industry, provided they have a permanently established home, although they may even be invested with a consular character.

All who possess real estate within the territory of the republic or who have established their permanent residence there.

All others found within the republic who are not included in the foregoing provisions shall be considered as foreigners in transit.

Domiciled foreigners shall be subjected to the same obligations as regards both their persons and property, as Venezucians, but are not subject to military service nor to the payment of any contributions in case of war.

Foreigners shall not mix in the public affairs of the republic nor in anything relating thereto, either publicly or through the press.

Resident foreigners who violate the last named provision in whole or in part, shall lose their condition of foreigners and shall be subject to the responsibility, etc., which may attach to nationals. Foreigners in transit who may similarly transgress the provision shall be expelled from the country forthwith.

The penalty for the violation of the last named provision shall not be inflicted without due legal proceedings and there shall be no resort to the diplomatic channel, except when, having exhausted all legal means before the competent authorities, it clearly appears that there is a denial of justice or notorious injustice.

Foreigners, like Venezuelans, have the right to claim for the government by way of indemnification all losses or damages which might be occasioned to them in time of war by legitimately constituted authorities, but they cannot claim compensation for loss or damage by the agents of armed bodies in the service of any revolution.

The executive decre of Feb. 14, 1813, concerning the duties and rights of foreigners, and the executive decree of July 30, 1897, which relates to the meddling of foreigners in the electoral business of the country are repealed.

IN MICHIGAN.

Hancock—After deliberating all day on the proposition to divide Hancock and Portage townships, the board of supervisors late Tuesday afternoon went into executive session, finally taking a vote, which resulted 9 to 2 in favor of dividing Hancock township, according to the provisions provided in the petition. The new township will be named "Stanton." It is understood the Hancock officials will take the matter to the supreme court.

Calumet—F. G. Coggin, one of the best-known mining men of copperdom, died Sunday morning at Calumet at the age of 65. For twenty years Mr. Coggin was superintendent of the Calumet & Hecla stamp mill at Lake Linden, resigning about two years ago on account of failing health. He leaves a wife, two daughters and one son, the latter, F. B. Coggin, of Redridge, superintendent of the Atlantic mill. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

Sault Ste. Marie—At a meeting of the Retail Clerks' Protective association, a resolution was passed to the effect that on and after Sunday, April 20, the association will prosecute all merchants of the Soo who keep their places of business open in violation of the state statute. This means that the Soo will be practically a closed town on Sundays if the determination of the clerks is strictly adhered to, and they say that it will include all classes of business. The saloons have been closed Sundays for six weeks.

Houghton—The Atlantic Mining company has filed an amendment to its articles of association in the office of the country clerk. The capital stock is increased from $1,000,000 to $20,000,000, and the numbers of shares from 40,000 to 100,000, par value of $25.

Ishpeming—Fire was discovered Monday noon in the second level of the Cleveland Cliffs company's Lake mine. The blaze started in the timbers some distance from the shaft. The first intimation of the fire was obtained by the workmen below, who soon detected the heavy volume of smoke. Immediately an investigation was made and it was discovered that a good-sized blaze had started. The flames were making rapid headway. Within an hour after the fire started the workmen were compelled to leave the levels below. Capt. Arthur Collick and seven of the workmen ventured below. At times they were almost overcome with the smoke, but succeeded in getting hose to within a short distance of where the fire was raging. Later on it was found that the fire could be reached from a rise some distance above the flames. A strong current of air swept through the drift, taking a goodly portion of the smoke away from the men. Smoke helmets from Marquette came up on the evening train, and these were used to great advantage by the men who fought the fire. The fire was under control at midnight. About fifteen men fought the flames all Monday night. All the other men employed at the mine are out. The force at the Lake mine numbered 500 men.

DECLARE A DIVIDEND.

New York, April 17.—The directors of the International Power company today declared a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock. This is the first dividend declared on the common stock.

Silverware and cut glass make nice wedding gifts. You can get the best at A. L. Norberg's, at one-third less than the original price.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 16th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Emma C. Gilbert, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Carl B. Gilbert, administrator, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell lot one, block 4, First Addition to Proctorknott, and lot 13, block 12, of the townsite of Proctorknott, St. Louis County, Minnesota. And it appearing, by said petition, it is for the best interests of said estate to sell all of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court on the 9th day of May, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court house in Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell the above described real estate of said deceased.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 16th day of April, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-1-1902.

SCENES FROM "THE VIKING"

Which Will Be Presented at the Lyceum Saturday Evening By the Roosevelt Club of Minneapolis.

The "Viking," which will be produced at the Lyceum Saturday evening by a company of 100 members of the Roosevelt club, of Minneapolis, was given at Minneapolis Tuesday evening and the rush for seats was so heavy and so many were disappointed at failure to get admission that an extra performance had to be announced in spite of the fact that three had originally been provided for.

The production made a tremendous hit and was a revelation. The music was fine, the comedy element is well distributed throughout and the costuming and general staging were as near perfection as is ever attained.

Duluth people will welcome the opportunity to witness this unique production. Many of the people who take part are personally known to a great many people here and it will undoubtedly be made a conspicuous society event.

COUNCIL PASSES IT

Highland Canal & Power Company Gets Its Franchise.

New Minor Amendments Made and Thirteen Aldermen Favor It.

Truelsen States Position of Municipal Ownership Advocates.

The city council last evening passed the ordinanec granting the Highland Canal and Power company a franchise, carrying with the right to furnish electricity for power purposes, the right to also do commercial lighting.

When the result was announced the council chamber rang with applause which continued for about a minute. When the meeting adjourned there were cheers and the aldermen who had voted for it were surrounded and congratulated. The attendance was the largest there has been at any of the meetings and all classes were represented, real estate men, grain men, lawyers, bankers, merchants, laboringmen, etc. The attendance from the western end of the city was particularly large. There was general jubilation among those who believe the development of the system means a new era for Duluth.

Three aldermen voted against the franchise, Messrs. Mannheim, McEwen and Tischer. The entire council was present and the number of votes in its favor was thirteen.

When the question was taken up for consideration several amendments were offered. Alderman Tessman secured the adoption of an amendment to the effect that the company shall not begin work on the erection of an electric light plant until the council declares by resolution that the water power system is substantially completed. This was afterward changed on the suggestion of Alderman Mannheim to read "ordinance" instead of "resolution."

Alderman McEwen offered several amendments. One was to the effect that the granting of any rebate or concession to any company competing with the city of Duluth in the electric lighting business should work a forfeiture of the franchise, and another, that any claim the city of Duluth might have against the company should be a preferred lien on its property. These were adopted.

Another amendment was that the cost of acquiring the plant, of the city should purchase, should not in any event exceed the cost of duplication at that time.

S. T. Harrison suggested that as in other franchises the addition of 10 per cent was provided for. It was hardly fair to have the company work up the business and turn it over to the city at the bare cost of duplication.

Alderman Cullum agreed that Mr. Harrison was right and that the provision is found in other franchises, the West Duluth Water company's, the telephone, etc.

This was inserted and the resolution adopted.

This placed the ordinance in shape for the final action of the council. Alderman Cullum asked that ex-Mayor Truelsen be heard, and he was given the floor.

Mr. Truelsen said the advocates of municipal ownership had been called mossbacks and pinheads because of their attitude on this matter, and he wished to define their position. He said they are as anxious as anyone to see this power developed, but they are anxious to see this franchise granted for power only. Meetings have been had with the members of the company and they say they do not think they will be able to arrange their finances without a lighting franchise. They said it might be possible, but it would delay work seriously in any event to go East and ascertain. The friends of municipal ownership stand where they did before; they wish to eliminate the lighting franchise, but they are somewhat divided. If it is possible to get the development of this plant without the lighting franchise they do not want it granted; but if it is necessary to the development of the water power, no man will stand in its way. While they are for municipal ownership, they realize that the development of the water power will be of even greater benefit to the people than municipal ownership.

Mr. Truelsen then referred to the statement he made at a previous meeting that the people of the city were paying $80,000 more to the Commercial Light and Power company than they ought to pay. He reiterated the statement. The rate on street lighting had been reduced, but where they saved the city $1 the people had to pay $10. He presented figures showing how he arrived at the result which he claimed, and they were based on a statement of the company made in 1897. Users of light had told him that their bills had been increased in the last year 50 per cent and even as high as 100 per cent. He quoted some special instances to prove this.

He then produced a letter from A. W. Hartman giving figures to refute the statement the speaker had made at a previous meeting. This showed the increase in receipts in February, 1902, to have been $435.66 over that of February in the year before, and the increase in discounts to have been $1588.53.

"I have no doubt this is true," said Mr. Truelsen, "but why is it that some people are charged so much more, and yet the company is making no more. It is because the company has some favorites and they get better rates than others. Those who can use either gas or electric light get better rates."

He referred to the corrupt influence of companies that own franchises, and told of a representative of the Hartman company going to a meeting at a Polish church in the last campaign and telling them that if Mayor Hugo was elected they would get free lights this year. The Hartman company, he said, will never allow the city to go into the lighting business if it can prevent it.

"And it is for these reasons that we wish if possible to have this ordinance passed without the lighting franchise included. We realize your position and we know that you fear if you object to this the scheme may fail. You must act as your best judgment tells you to. So far as we are able to see, the ordinance is protected as well as it could be. You have done everything that is reasonable. You have shown that your desire to work in the city's interest is as sincere as ours. Today the only danger is that a council may be elected the members of which will not be servants of the people and will not permit the city to go into the lighting business. I have the greatest of admiration for Mr. Cokefair, but he is not the only one in his company, and we may yet have a fight to get the right to own our own lighting plant. That is why we oppose this lighting franchise. The question is not a political one. Republicans and Democrats feel alike on this question of municipal ownership.

"We should like to see this lighting franchise eliminated, as I have said, but if it is necessary to give it to get this power development that will mean so much to us, adding enormously to our population and making us a manufacturing center, I say grant it. I would never forgive myself if through any instrumentality of mine this power scheme was defeated, for I believe it will mean so much to Duluth. The question is up to you, gentlemen, to determine whether this lighting franchise is necessary."

A petition was then read from West End citizens asking for the adoption of the franchise as amended Monday evening. This was the petition which was started at the meeting yesterday morning, and it was signed by a large number of West End business men.

Alderman Barnes responded to Mr. Truelsen's criticisms of the action of the council in awarding the lighting contract. He said the city was not in shape to go into the commercial lighting business, the rate was reduced to a very low figure, and the company which was furnishing very poor service was enabled to do better, without in any way getting an extension of its franchise. He did not believe the matter had in any way influenced the charges of the company to private consumers; that it would have raised them just the same even had the city been furnishing its own light.

As to the franchise before the council, he said he would not vote for it if he did not feel that it is necessary for the company to have the lighting privilege. He was doubtful of the company's ability to float the project, and he believed that it was necessary for it to have everything possible to float the scheme at all. The horse power used here now is limited in amount, and the company needs to make the strongest showing it can. The city has been a failure thus far as a manufacturing center. Beyond the lumber industry there is little in the way of manufacturing in the city. These people have given the people more reason for hope that water power will be brought to the city than any that have ever before been heard from, and he believed they should be extended every encouragement that the city can consistently give.

Alderman Kern asked for a recess of five minutes. There was some question as to the necessity for it, but it was finally given.

When the council came together again the ordinance was immediately put to a vote and it resulted as follows:

Ayes—Aldermen Barnes, Cullum, Kern, Krumsieg, Moore, Neff, Olson, Schaffer, Swenson, Tessman, Trevillion, Wing, Haven—13.

Noes—McEwen, Mannheim, Tischer —3.

The announcement gave great satisfaction to the audience, and after the adjournment, which immediately followed the vote, the aldermen and the Messrs. Cokefair were congratulated.

STRICTURE

"I cure Stricture without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

HAVE YOU ANY OR ALL OF THESE SYMPTOMS ?

Tenderness in urethra, at times accompanied by dull or shooting pains; frequent desire to pass urine, but not able to empty the bladder; voiding the urine at frequent intervals during the night; a gradual decline of virility, resulting eventually in complete loss of power. The physical suffering is equalled only by the accompanying mental distress, which generally takes the form of gloomy forebodings, and feelings of impending disaster.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT

Will promptly correct this serious trouble. It acts immediately and directly upon the stricture, dislodging and completely removing all diseased tissue, allaying all irritation and inflammation; restores the sexual powers completely, and leaves the urinary canal entirely free from obstruction, and in a healthy and sound condition.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***LEGAL CONTRACT*** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave. Duluth, Minn.

References—Best banks and leading business men of the city. **Consultation Free and Confidential** Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

EXCLUSION EXTENDED

New Drastic Chinese Measure Was Killed By Senate.

The Amendment Offered By Senator Platt Substituted.

It Extends the Provisions of the Present Law.

Washington, April 17.—The drastic Chinese exclusion measure, originally framed by the senators and representitives of the Pacific coast met defeat yesterday, and in its place was substituted a measure offered by Mr. Platt (Conn.), extending the provisions of the present exclusion law and also applying that exclusion to all insular territory under the jurisdiction of the United States.

The vote by which the substitute took the place of the original bill was yeas 48 to nays 33. Once the substitution had been made, all senators joined in its support with the single exception of Mr. Hoar, the substitute being passed, 76 to 1. The friends of the substitute showed their strength throughout the voting on amendments that preceded final action and succeeded in preventing any material change in its features. Some minor changes were made admitting Chinese persons connected with national expositions and providing for certificates of identification of Chinese in our insular possessions. Otherwise, however, the substitute was adopted substantially in the form that Mr. Platt presented it. The senate after disposing of the Chinese exclusion bill, made the Philippine civil government bill the unfinished business.

The senate failed to substitute the enacting clause of the house measure for the senate measure so that bill will now go to the house as an original measure and from a parliamentary standpoint will have to be acted on and treated the same as though the house had not passed a Chinese exclusion bill already.

BOARD OF CONTROL

Enjoined In Matter of Girls' Training School.

St. Paul, April 17.—Sheriff Lindquist, of Goodhue county, yesterday afternoon served on the state board of control an injunction issued by Judge Williston, of the Goodhue county district court, temporarily restraining them from selecting a site or proceeding with the erection of a separate state training school for girls, as provided in the laws of 1901.

The board is ordered to appear in court at Red Wing, May 2, and show cause why the injunction should not be made permanent. The injunction is issued upon complaint of Wm. Colville, a citizen of Red Wing, who owns twenty acres of land between the 400-acre site of the present training school and the city of Red Wing, which he claims was greatly increased in value by the location of the school at that place, and is now worth $2500; that if the purpose of the law is carried out, and the girls' training school located elsewhere, fully $1500 will be taken from the value of his land; that his assessment for taxes will be greatly increased and that he will suffer great and irremediable damage and pecuniary loss. The complaint alleges that the act is defective in that it does not repeal the law making the present location of the training school the permanent site for the Minnesota State Training school for boys and girls.

NOT ALARMED.

Millers Do Not Worry Over British Tax on Flour.

Minneapolis, April 17.—The announcement that American millers and grain shippers will have to share about one-half of the war revenue tax on breadstuffs imported into England is not received by local interests with apprehension.

"What we want now," said the president of one of the local milling companies, "is a complete readjustment of the tariff laws in our own country and legislation that will protect the interests of the millers and flour shippers in foreign countries levied by our own railroads, various assessments for storage and cartage before shipment to foreign countries, the same in harbors where flour is stocked before being put on the market, together with adverse legislation are a few of the opposing factors which confront the American, and especially the Northwestern miller, today.

"Compared to this the charge of a few cents tax per barrel on flour does not appear objectionable, inasmuch as half the mills are not shut down, and if the demand does not pick up there is a possibility of the other half doing the same.

"The issue at stake in connection with the British war tax, however, is this: Can the British government levy a tax of 10 cents a hundred weight on flour, nearly all of which must be imported and over one-half of which comes from the United States? This is a financial as well as a political issue with the government of England, and it is not for the people involved in this country to cross the bridge before they get to it. It is true that the United Kingdom is the biggest buyer in the world, but it does not appear reasonable that we must, at our own sacrifice, assume any part of her national financial obligations."

Other millers were reluctant about expressing any views on the question.

If more favorable concessions are not made by the railroads and the tax should be levied, they say, it will either cause a marked curtailment in the output of flour from this point, or it will raise the price of that commodity to an almost prohibitive point.

HEAVY ALIMONY.

Wanted From Col. George Bethune of Montana.

New York, April 17.—Mrs. Helene Bethune has brought suit against Col. George A. Bethune, of Butte, Mont., to recover $21,600 cumulative alimony awarded her by the San Francisco courts nine years ago, when she obtained a divorce. Bethune made a fortune in Montana mines.

Painting and Decorating.

Only the best of material used and most skilled workmen employed. Prompt attention to work. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

PIG IRON BUYING

Is Now Restricted to the Most Urgent Requirements.

Most Foundries Have Covered Necessities Far Into Future.

Very Favorable Reports In Finished Iron and Steel.

New York, April 17.—Buying of pig iron is restricted, says the Iron Age to urgent requirements, since the greater number of the foundries have now covered their requirements far into the future. In some cases apparently, the profit obtainable by reselling is too tempting, and order lots are coming into the market in that way. In both foundry and Bessemer iron prices are from $2 to $3 above the "official" figures, which have ceased to be any basis of current transactions. The attempt to feel the foreign market by inquiries for a round lot of Bessemer pig has developed the fact that no iron can be laid down in this country, duty paid, at prices anywhere near the market, and the effort to seek relief in that direction has been abandoned.

The steel rail situation is well reflected by the fact that recently a 10,000 ton order was placed in Germany for a trolley road in New York state, the rails fetching $33 ex-ship, as against $28 at the mill—the "official" quotation. As a matter of fact, rails for relay have been sold by railroads at $28. There have been large offerings of old steel rails from Europe.

In the heavy line of finished iron and steel the reports continue extremely favorable. The tonnage of structural work which is being closed is large. This, this week, seven new buildings in Philadelphia, Pittsburg, New York and Brooklyn call for 12,000 tons of material, and some large additional contracts are in sight. The plate mills, too, are being pushed. Orders are being placed, in some instances for 1903 delivery. In the pipe trade, an interesting contract involves 11,000 tons of pipe for an oil line, which is to be followed by 3000 tons more. Pressure for deliveries of bars, sheets, wire and other lighter lines continue.

CONTRACT AWARDED

For Building Big Hammond Packing Plant.

Chicago, April 17.—The G. H. Hammond company has awarded the contract for constructing its great plant at the Union stock yards, and work will begin at once. The contract provides for buildings aggregating a cost of about $2,000,000. The plans provide for five structures, embracing every department of the packing business. It is hoped to complete the plant within ten months. It is expected to employ at least 3000 men.

All goods at one-third off from the usual price at Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

BABE BLIND.

Exposed to Severe Cold By Its Depraved Parent.

Clinton, Iowa, April 17.—A new chapter in the case of James Gillapp, of Rock Island, Ill., and Mrs. Amanda Skinner, of Hampton township, has been disclosed, which reveals a life of terrible depravity and the mistreatment of an infant child.

W. F. Rose, pastor of the Free Methodist church of Freeport, has taken the little child to Moline and has turned it over to State's Attorney Wold. The couple were bound over several weeks ago to the grand jury on the charge of illicit relations, their conduct having been brought to the attention of the authorities on account of a report that they had made away with their child.

This did not prove true, as the authorities learned Gallapp had taken the infant to Freeport the day after its birth, Feb. 4 last, and had turned it over to his sister, a Mrs. Richards, who, in turn, had surrendered it to an orphanage. However, late developments have shown that the child would have been much better off had its young life gone out, as it is now totally blind in consequence of its exposure to the zero weather less than twenty-four hours after its birth.

Gallapp placed the child in a market basket and carried it, only slightly protected from the cold, from the Skinner farm to Watertown station, a distance of two miles, where he boarded a train for Freeport. The day was one of the coldest of the season, and after Gallapp reached Freeport he traveled about town for some time in search of his sister, who received the cold and hungry babe, but was unable to give the child the care it should have had.

The condition coming to the attention of a charitable association at Freeport, Rev. Mr. Rose induced the woman to place the child in a mission at Woodstock, Ill. Those in charge of the Woodstock institution noticed the child's eyes were diseased, and when it became apparent the child was totally blind, it was returned to Mrs. Rose, as the Woodstock institution is not an orphanage, but is designed to find homes for neglected children.

Knowing it would be impossible to find a home for the blind babe, it was returned to the minister. It was at once taken to Moline and placed in a mission, but the parents will be compelled to support it.

TWO COURT DEATH.

Magazine Writer Dead and Wife Nearly So.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 17.—E. Percival Baker, magazine writer and his wife, attempted suicide with chloroform at a local hotel.

Baker is dead and his wife is very low. Baker was arrested a few weeks ago for impersonating a government officer and his prosecution was repeatedly delayed in the federal court because of his pleas of illness. Baker represented himself as a federal inspector and in this way secured a photograph of the diminutive foot of a Chinese lady, which he sold to an Eastern magazine.

When the article appeared the husband of the Chinese woman made a complaint and Baker was arrested. It is supposed the worry over this case and the lack of means prompted suicide. Baker for two years was a stenographer in the office of the San Francisco surveyor of the port.

CABLE FLASHES.

W. W. Astor has given £20,000 to endow those professorships in the University college of London which are today without endowment.

A banker named Von Badenbruns, who is on trial at Oldenburg, charged with irregularities in connection with the Vereins Bank, entered the residence of the presiding judge, Herr Becker, and shot him dead.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A claim for indemnity from the Chinese empire for $25,000 on account of the death of Rev. Dwight Howard Clapp, who was killed by boxers during the uprising in the summer of 1900, was sent to Secretary of State Hay. The claim is made by relatives at Paynesville, Ohio. Rev. Mr. Clapp was a congregational minister and he and his wife were killed at Tai-Ku, China.

The village of Metapadia, on the line of the Inter-Colonial railway, just across the Restigouche river, in Quebec, was swept by fire Wednesday afternoon. Ferguson's and Gills' hotels and stores, with contents, the postoffice, the Catholic chapel and the Inter-Colonial railway snow shed were burned.

A message from Hilburn, I. T., states that ex-Governor Palmer Mosley, of the National party, was nominated for governor of the Chickasaw nation at the convention held at Sandy, defeating Col. Richard McLish by a majority of six votes. Governor Mosley belongs to the full blood element.

William J. Bryan and a party of pro-Boer sympathizers will inspect the alleged British remount station at Lathrop, Mo., according to a dispatch received by one of Mr. Bryan's friends. Mr. Bryan will visit the camp at the solicitation of friends of his in congress, who will follow his advice in the matter of bringing congressional action.

Henry Cross, the negro who was recently indicted for murder in the first degree for beating an adopted child to death, probably fatally stabbed his wife and attempted to kill himself at the county jail Wednesday evening. Mrs. Cross went to the jail to see Cross and was left alone with him for a short time, while the jailer was gone Cross attacked his wife with a barlow knife, stabbing her many times, and cutting his own throat. The woman will die, but Cross will probably recover.

Judge Kelley overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Louis Russe, found guilty at Waterly, Iowa, last week of the murder of his wife and then attempting to burn her body. He then sentenced the prisoner to be hanged in the state penitentiary at Anamosa, April 17, 1903.

Jack Spratt could eat no fat,
His wife could eat no lean,
But a bottle of

made everything serene.

Bottled at the Brewery.

Fred Miller Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

E. C. HAUSER, Agent.
Both 'Phones. 47 Railroad Street

WHY?

IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 385 West Superior st., Duluth.

PIPE DREAMS

People who take morphine and opium have them.

Their dreams are only dreams, but the after effects are most awful realities.

Nerve murder—nothing less.

Opiates take all the vitality out of the nerves.

PALMO TABLETS

will restore the worst wreck ever laid low by these drugs, alcohol or abuse, to perfect mental and bodily health.

They cure all kinds of nerve decay.

We refund your money if they fail.

50 cents, 12 boxes for $5.00. Guaranteed. Book free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 14th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Loulan, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of William Loulan, deceased, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to Francis Loulan,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 15th day of July, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated Duluth, this 14th day of April, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. B[illegible]AM, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, April 17-24, May 1, 1902.

A BULGE IN WHEAT

The Market Starts Higher and Advances With a Rush.

Damage By Frosts In the Wheat Belt Is Reported.

Flax Trading Was Quiet and the Market Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 17.—The wheat market started out this morning with a very bullish sentiment prevailing. The weather map was the chief cause of the strength, as it showed less rain than expected and frosts in some sections of the wheat belt. There were also reports of severe damage by continued cold weather. On the other hand the bears claimed excellent crop conditions and prospects of large crops and more liberal deliveries by Northwest farmers were reported. The market advanced sharply in the first half hour and then gradually receded about ½c. In the last ten minutes of the session there was a sudden up-turn and the market gained practically all that it had lost.

The Liverpool market closed ¾-½d higher, Paris was ¼-½c lower and Antwerp 1¼c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 297,000 bus, last year 361,000 bus. Shipments 403,-000 bus, last year 177,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 247,000 bus.

Corn in the Chicago market advanced ¾-⅞c and oats ½c. Primary receipts of corn were 116,000 bus, last year 350,000 bus. Shipments 215,000 bus, last year 170,000 bus. Clearances were 2000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 161 cars, and at Chicago, 46, a total of 207 cars, against 164 last week and 272 a year ago.

Trading in the Duluth market was active and the market strong. It opened ⅜c up at 73⅝c, sold at 74¼c at 9:45, at 74⅜c at 9:52, at 74½c at 9:57 and then fell off to 74¼c at 11:25. It rallied to 74⅝c at 11:35 and fell to 74c at 1:05. From that there was a sudden advance to 74½c at 1:10 and the market closed at that prices, an advance of 1½c. Chicago advanced 1¼c and Minneapolis 1¼-⅝c.

Cash prices were unchanged at May price for No. 1 northern, 2½c under for No. 2 and 4½c under for No. 3. Sales were 2 cars.

Flax trading was quiet and the market steady, selling at $1.77, which was yesterday's close and closing there. Oats declined 1c.

Corn and oats advanced 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

The close: Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; No. 2 northern 72c; No. 3 spring, 70. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; May, 74½c; July, 75c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern, cash, 73½c; May, 73½c; No. 2 northern, 70¾c. Oats, 44c. Rye, 55c. Flax—To arrive, $1.76½; cash, $1.76½; May, $1.77; September, $1.37. October, $1.31. Corn, 61½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 22; last year, 30; oats, 1; barley, 1; flax, 1.

Receipts—Wheat, 16,350; flax, 5735. Shipments—Wheat, 207,600; rye, 36,837.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.
No. 1 northern wheat, 9 cars $0.74

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Bulls Forced Wheat Up on Weather Conditions.

Chicago, April 17.—Bulls had the better of the weather argument at the opening today and with it pressed wheat prices higher. The weather map showed less rain than had been expected and in sections of the wheat belt frosts were reported. A prominent statistical journal reported damaging effects from the continued cold weather. On the other hand bears were claiming favorable conditions and almost bumper crops. Cables were lower but the crowd wanted to buy and May wheat opened ½c to ⅝c higher at 73¾c to 74⅛c and with a rush went to 75c. Northwestern farmers were said to be delivering wheat more liberally and May eased to 74⅛c and steadied. Local receipts were 46 cars, 1 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 161 cars, making a total for the three points of 207 cars, against 164 last week and 272 a year ago.

Heavy selling for profits, both by locals and for the St. Louis account, depressed May wheat to 73⅝c. The crowd, however, still remained rather bullish and on a rally May closed strong, 1¼c higher at 74½c.

Corn had little new reason for higher prices save the influence of the wheat bulge but May opened 5c to 5½c higher at 61⅞c to 62¼c. Ground breaking was reported going on well and cables were slightly lower—probably not low enough to respond to our weakness yesterday. The general opinion prevailed that country offerings of the cereal were becoming freer. In spite of these bearish factors the bulls had matters well in hand early. Shorts covered and May corn sold up to 62⅝c. Receipts were only 56 cars.

May corn sold down to 61¾c when wheat was liquidated, but the tone was strong, May touching 62⅝c and closing firm, ⅜c higher at 62⅝c.

Oats had some bullish crop news in the matter of poor growing weather to help prices. May opened ¼c to ⅜c higher on this and the other grain influence, selling between 43¼c to 43⅝c. Offerings were fair and prices eased off to 43c and steadied. Receipts were 121 cars.

Provisions were strong again at the opening after yesterday's liquidation. The hog run was small and pork and ribs were in demand. Packers supported. The trade was fair. May pork opened 10c up at $16.87½ and advanced to $16.95; May lard started unchanged at $8.70 and gained 2½c, and May ribs 5c to 7½c up at $9.20@9.22½.

Close: Wheat—April, 74¼c; May, 74½c; July, 75¼c; September, 75c; December, 76⅜c. Corn—April, 62c; May, 62⅝c; July, 62⅜@62¾c; September, 62⅝c; December, 48¼c. Oats—April, 43¼c; May, 43¼c; July, 35⅞@36c; new, 37⅝c; September, 31½c; new, 33⅜c; December, 32c; new, 30⅜c. Pork—April, $16.91½; May, $16.92½; July, $17.12½; September, $17.1½. Lard—April, $9.72½; May, $9.72½; July, $8.85; September, $9.05. Ribs—April, $9.25; May, $9.25; July, $9.40; September, $9.45. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.79; Southwestern, $1.69; May, $1.69@1.71; September, $1.36. Rye—May, 55@56c; July, 56½c. Barley—Cash, 63@68c. Timothy—April, $6.85. Clover—$7.90. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 82½@83c; No. 3 red, 77½@78½c; No. 2 hard winter, 74½@77½c; No. 3 hard winter, 73½@77c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 74½@74½c; No. 3 spring, 70@74½c. Corn—No. 3, 60½@61¼c. Oats—No. 2, 43¼@43½c; No. 3, 43c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat, influenced by the cables and shorts covering, who had put out a large line of wheat yesterday before the close on reported rains in Iowa and Nebraska, the market shortly after the opening, had a sharp rise. On the advance the Southwest sold heavily, causing the market to ease off to about the opening prices. Some complaints came from Kansas about the weather being too wet and that seeding would be very backward. The news from winter wheat continues unfavorable and until something radical occurs in the way of relief we favor the long side of wheat.

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: Cool weather is retarding wheat growth and to some extent is regarded as prejudicial, but the general situation continues fair. Moisture is deficient. Weather is unfavorable for oats, but conditions are fair. The ground is breaking well for corn. The interior gain movement is light.

* * *

Bartlett, Frazier & Co.: Our German office writes as follows: "The Elkhorn officials report general rains over Nebraska along their system of from ⅛ to ½ inch south of Platte territory. Lincoln had a heavy rain. Reports on wheat in Nebraska are fairly satisfactory up to the present time and with occasional showers and warm weather we see no reason why we should not expect a bountiful harvest."

* * *

A cable from Bremen, Germany, says: "The German sailing ship Nesa arrived here from Portland, Ore., with a full cargo of Oregon wheat. This is ... first shipment of the kind. A local mill has installed machinery for the purpose of grinding the hard grainee product of the American new wheat, which will hereafter be regularly used in making flour for the German market. The cargo is in excellent condition."

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 17.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 74⅝@75¼c; May, 73¾c; July, 74⅝@75c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 74⅝@75¼c; No. 2 northern, 73¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73⅝B	72⅝	73¾-74¼	79⅜
High	74½	73½	75	79⅜-⅞
Low	74	72⅝	73¾	79¾
Close	74½B	73⅝	74½	80⅜B
July—				
Open	74⅛B	74	74¾-75⅛	80
High	75¼	74¾	76	80⅞
Low	74⅛B	74	74¾	80
Close	75B	74⅝-¾	75½	80⅞

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	43¼@43⅜	61⅞@62¼	$16.90
High	43½	62⅜	16.92
Low	43	61⅜	16.90
Close	43¼	62⅜	16.92

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 17.—Wheat, spot steady. No. 1 northern spring, 6s 4½d; No. 1 California, 6s 4½d. Futures steady. May, 6s 1½; July, 5s 11¾d. Corn, spot steady. American mixed new, 5s 6½d; American mixed old, 5s 7d. Futures quiet. May, nominal; July, 5s 3¼d; October, 4s 11d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 17.—Close: Wheat—May, 80⅝c; July, 80⅞c. Corn—May, 68c; July, 67⅞c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 72¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅞c.
Curb, May wheat, 73⅝c asked.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, April 17.—There was a very large and attractive trade in wheat all day and a great deal of it seemed to be of professional character. The market ruled very nervous after advancing sharply early on the absence of rain, later reacted on free realizing, but shortly before the end of the session advanced again in sympathy with the late strength in corn and close was firm, 1¼c to 1⅜c higher than last night. Foreign markets after opening lower in sympathy with our easier closing of last night, later rallied and closed firm. Liverpool reported their market as closing ¾d to 1d higher for the day. Continental markets were quiet. There was a moderate demand for cash wheat by local millers but the export demand both here and at the seaboard was quiet. The rains reported in the grain belt yesterday proved to be only showers and quite insufficient, and predictions for tomorrow are for fair weather. The market is entirely in the hands of bulls who can do what they please with it anyway until the weather changes. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 35 cars.

Corn after ruling firm early, later in the session declined on selling by longs as well as by local shorts. The crowd evidently got short on the break, and on quantity being taken for shipment, which, however, could not be confirmed. They tried to cover and found little for sale. Prices sharply advanced and the close was firm, ⅛c to ⅝c higher than last night. Foreign markets were generally quiet. Liverpool closed ¾d to 1d lower for the day. The decline was chiefly caused by pressure for the sale of Argentine corn, now being loaded. Country offerings were moderate, although some increase was reported. Receipts at primary points were 116,000 bus, against 240,000 bus last year. Clearances from Atlantic seaboard were 2,740,000 bus. Shipments were 215,000 bus, compared with 170,000 bus a year ago. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 60 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in oats and the market ruled firm all day and closed, May ½c, July ⅝c higher than last night. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand fairly good. Charters were reported for 140,000 bus to go to Buffalo. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 130 cars.

Provisions opened firm on lighter receipts of hogs and ruled very dull all day, but at the closing time we had the usual support and prices closed higher. Strength and activity of grains imparted some strength to this market but also took away some trade. This was not an attractive market. Conditions which ought to govern prices have no effect, bears are scared out and bulls are afraid of getting the leaders' product on any strong market. We look for dull markets and small trade. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 21,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 6500; steady; good to prime steers, $6.75@7.30; poor to medium, $4.75@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.50@6.00; heifers, $2.50@6.35; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@5.50; calves, $2.50@5.25; Texas-fed steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 22,000; tomorrow, 20,000; left over, 9341; steady; mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.20@7.35; rough heavy, $6.90@7.15; light, $6.75@7.00; bulk of sales, $6.85@7.20. Sheep—Receipts, 11,000; sheep, strong; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.25@6.00; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.40; Western sheep, $4.75@6.00; native lambs, $5.25@6.90; Western lambs, $4.75@6.85. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 20,436; hogs, 34,543; sheep, 13,002. Shipments—Cattle, 3569; hogs, 6192; sheep, 1529.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the most active bidding at the auction that was had this season. The attendance was large and in good buying spirit. Besides the easy movement on farm chunks, good heavy team horses and delivery horses had a better sale than heretofore this year. Values:

Drafters, extra	$155@210
Drafters, choice	135@155
Drafters, common to good	115@135
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	100@130
Farm mares, common to good	85@100

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 17.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $178,422,-010; gold, $92,285,445; silver, $19,256,408; United States notes, $8,329,680; treasury notes of 1890, $458,170; national bank notes $8,-231,332; total receipts this day, $1,689,015; total receipts this month, $26,104,637; total receipts this year, $445,107,519; total expenditures this day, $1,565,000; total expenditures this month, $22,740,000; total expenditures this year, $381,584,901; deposits in national banks, $119,714,975.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost of delivery, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

Creamery, fresh prints	32
Creamery, tubs	31
Dairies, fancy	26
Packing stock	22
EGGS.	
Fresh	15
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	13
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 11
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	13½
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars	
stranded, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	1
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Coco nuts, per doz	50 @ 60
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50 @ 8 00
Apples, per bbl	4 75 @ 5 50
Apples, per box	1 85 @ 2 00
Aples, N. Y. varieties	5 50 @ 6 50
California figs, per box	90 @ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	4 00
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 75 @ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 25
Navel oranges	3 50 @ 3 75
Cranberries, bus boxes	2 50 @ 2 60
Strawberries, Florida, qts	45
Strawberries, Louisiana, pts per case	2 50 @ 2 60
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	45
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00 @ 3 25
Beets, per 100	1 40
Carrots, per 100	1 35
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60 @ 1 75
Potatoes, per bus	80 @
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65 @ 2 75
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25
Turnips, per 100	70 @ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Oyster plant, per doz	55 @ 65
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
California celery, per bunch	20
Lettuce	1 25
Green onions, per doz	30
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 00
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	30
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75 @ 85
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50 @ 60
Parsley, per doz	35
Pie-plant, per pound	8
New beets, doz bunches	85
New carrots, doz bunches	85
Shallots, doz bunches	85 @ 90
Water cress, doz bunches	65
Spinach, per doz	1 00
Asparagus, doz bunches	1 75
New potatoes	2 75 @ 3 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50
Fruit juices	4 00
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3½@ 4
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	12
Spring chickens	13
Geese	10
Turkeys	14 @ 15
Ducks	10
MEATS.	
Mutton	10
Lamb	12
Veal, good	8
Veal, fancy	8½@ 10
Dressed beef	8
Hogs	7½
Pork loins	12
Lard	10½
Lard, compound	7⅞

IN CHICAGO.

New York, April 17.—Butter, receipts, 3102 packages. Market, firm. State dairy, 27@32c; state creamery, 28@33c; renovated, 24@30c; factory, 24@29c; imitation creamery, 20@30c. Cheese, receipts, 1135 packages. Market firm. State full cream small early make, fancy colored and white, 12@12¼c. Eggs, receipts, 13,351 packages. Market strong. State and Pennsylvania, 17@17½c; Western at mark, 16¾@17¼c; Southern at mark, 15¾@16½c.

SWISS PILGRIMS SEE POPE.

Rome, April 17.—The pope this morning received in audience a large number of Swiss pilgrims. Owing to the diplomatic rupture between Italy and Switzerland a hostile demonstration against the pilgrims was feared, but it was prevented by the military precautions taken by the government.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—306 Wood Superior St.
Dealer in **A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1173.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel)
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Copper Stocks a Specialty!
Leased wires to New York and Boston.
F. M. Crouch, Manager. Both 'Phones.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

BONDS, ALSO **Mortgages** FOR SALE.
Bearing 5 and 5½ % INTEREST.
W. M. Prindle & Co., First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Dealings on a Large Scale and Price Movements Feverish.

Quarterly Dividend of the Amalgamated Was Reduced.

It Was Heavily Bought and Advanced But Reacted.

New York, April 17.—Enormous buying orders were executed in various stocks notably amongst the coalers and Wisconsin Central and prices rose throughout the list. Opening sales of Reading were of 25,000 shares at 69¼ to 69½, compared with 59½ last night and 12,000 shares of Wisconsin Central were sold simultaneously at 28½ to 28 compared with 27¼ last night. Colorado Fuel opened wide at 104 to 106, compared with 102⅞ last night. International Power jumped 6 and Iowa Central preferred 2¾ and there were gains of a point or upwards in a number of other stocks. Amalgamated Copper opened down a sharp fraction, Northwest a point and Southern Railway a quarter, but this did not affect the general strength of the market.

The opening stocks showed effects of profit-taking, Wisconsin Central reacting 1⅜. Sugar nearly a point, and St. Paul selling under last night. The coalers held well, Reading rising to 69⅝, but the Pacifics, the soft coals and some of the Southwesterns yielded. There were gains of between 1 and 2 points by some less active stocks, the more important of which were Canadian Pacific, Tennessee Coal, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, Cleveland, C. C. & St. L., the Chicago Great Western stocks and the Chicago Terminal stocks. The United States Steel stocks were taken up after a long period of neglect and gained about a point each. Amalgamated Copper recovered its decline and Manhattan rose nearly a point. American Express gained 3, United States Express and North American 1½ and Dakota Central preferred extended its rise to 3. Fort Worth & Denver City stamped rose 2¾. International Power continued its remarkable rise to 18⅝. Louisville & Nashville was sold down to 2⅝ to 122½ and the Southern Railway stocks were quiet and a shade lower. Northwestern lost 2 points. The high-priced coalers came into the advance, Lackawanna jumping 6¼, New Jersey Central 4 and Delaware & Hudson 2. Rock Island was also lifted 1½ and Atchison 1. Selling of Amalgamated Copper carried it below 64 and weakened other stocks. Southern Railway fell to 36 on the decline in many other prominent stocks was wiped out or reduced. International Power broke 8. Bonds were irregular.

The Monday dealings were on an unusually large scale and the price movement was very feverish. The leading stocks were bought in immense blocks and reached their top level, the common touching 61¾ and the second preferred 70⅝. International Power rallied 5 points to 153 and Colorado Fuel was pushed up again to near 106. Ontario & Western made a gain of 1½ but the high priced coalers were lower. Louisville & Nashville spurted from 122¾ to 126¼ and large blocks of Southern Railway were bought bringing it above 37. Heavy buying of Amalgamated began simultaneously with the announcement of the reduction of the quarterly dividend to half of 1 per cent and the stock mounted to 66. Traders sold Sugar, the Pacifics, Manhattan and the grangers under cover of this strong movement and drove St. Paul down to 163¾.

The market became quieter and there were some reactions, Amalgamated after touching 66¼ fell back below 65, Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis was pushed up 6 points and New York Air Brake 6¾, Denver & Rio Grande 2½, Pittsburg, C., C. & St. Louis, American Locomotive and International Silver 1½@2. Salt declined 2 and Pullman 1½. There was some recovery in prices, Reading rising to 62.

There was a pretty general reaction on profit taking notwithstanding advances of 3½ in Snuff, 3 in Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg and of 1 to 2 in Denver & Rio Grande preferred, Locomotive preferred, Western Union and some minor stocks. Wisconsin Central fell back below last night. International Power and Rubber Goods lost 3 and Reading, Locomotive, Denver & Rio Grande, Colorado Fuel, Wisconsin Central preferred and Tennessee Coal reacted a point or more. There was afterward a strong rally in Colorado Fuel to 107½, Louisville & Nashville to 125⅝ and Atchison to 84. This checked the decline elsewhere, but did not cause any material recovery. The closing was active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	66¼	63¾	64⅜
Anaconda M. Co.	111¾	110¼	110¼
Atchison, T. & S. F.	84	80¾	83¾
do pfd	99½	98⅜	99¼
Baltimore & Ohio	109⅞	108⅝	109⅝
do pfd	97	96½	96½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	63⅜	62¼	62¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	47¾	47⅜	47⅝
Chicago & Alton	37¼	37	37¼
do pfd	107⅝	106¾	107⅝
Chi. Great Western com	26⅜	25¾	25¾
Erie com	38⅝	38	38⅝
do 1st pfd	69⅞	69	69½
do 2nd pfd	55	54½	55
Great Northern pfd	180½	180¼	180½
Louisville & Nashville	125¾	122½	125⅝
Leather	13	12¾	13¾
do pfd	84¾	84⅝	84¾
Manhattan Con.	133¾	133	133⅞
M., St. Pa. & S. Ste. M.	61¾	61	61
do pfd	122	122	122
Missouri Pacific	101¼	100⅜	101
N. Y. Central	164	163	163¼
Norfolk & Western	58	57⅝	58
Ontario & Western	34⅛	33¼	34
Pennsylvania Ry.	151½	150⅝	151¼
People's Gas	102½	102	102⅝
Republic Iron & Steel	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝
do pfd	74	73½	73½
Reading	62	60⅝	61½
do 1st pfd	84	83¾	84
do 2d pfd	71	70⅝	70⅝
Rock Island	175	173½	174
Southern Railway	37½	36	36¾
do pfd	96½	95¼	96¼
Southern Pacific	67	66¼	66½
Smelter	46⅞	46¼	46⅞
do pfd	97	97	97
Sugar	132⅜	132½	132⅜
St. Paul	171⅜	169⅝	170⅜
T. C. and I.	71	70	70⅝
Texas Pacific	44	43¼	43¾
Union Pacific	102⅜	102⅛	102½
do pfd.	88	87½	87½
U. S. Steel	42	41	41⅜
do pfd.	94½	93½	94¼
Wabash	25¼	24⅝	25
do pfd	45	44½	44½
Western Union	93	91	92⅞
Wisconsin Central	28¾	28¼	28⅝
do pfd.	50½	48½	49
American Ice	17⅛	16¾	16¾

The total sales were 1,399,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—The feeling among large operators tonight again reflects great confidence in a further rise in prices, with speculation growing broader owing to increasing public interest. Money is distinctly easier. This is gratifying and surprising. Large houses say that leaders are more liberal in their rates than at any time for over two months. Notwithstanding the greater activity in the market a good bank statement is looked for at the end of the week, for the reason that the money that is being used in current operations at the stock exchange was borrowed more than a month ago. Hence the predictions of an enormous increase in loans in the next bank statement may not be verified. The talk of Sugar is again strong; the bigger bulls on this stock are the men who know most about trade conditions and outlook for earnings. Sentiment on Atchison and Union Pacific common is very optimistic. Insiders on the former say they will go permanently in the eighties very soon. Baltimore & Ohio common is also a strong favorite with shrewd speculators who think they see daily evidence of accumulation of these shares by important capitalists of the Southern stocks Texas Pacific is said to be the coming card and followers of the aGtes crowd are predicting that it will cross 50 this month. The fact that big blocks of Louisville & Nashville recently bought by Gates have lodged in the Morgan control is regarded as confirmatory of the theory that the enormous absorption of Southern Railway will be followed, provided the Northern Securities decision is favorable to the railroads by a merger of Southern Railway interests.

* * *

Town Topics—As a result of developments in connection with Louisville & Nashville the market position has been improved and speculative sentiment is more confident than for many weeks. Interest today will center in the meeting of Amalgamated Copper directors at which the question of a dividend on the stock will be acted upon. General expectation is for ½ of one per cent, but it is possible 1 per cent will be declared, and if so one stock will advance.

* * *

Ridgely to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The market is rather puzzling. I think it best to avoid Louisville & Nashville and St. Paul for the present. Union Pacific and Southern Pacific appear higher on this movement. Baltimore & Ohio will sell higher. Missouri Pacific and Coppers look like a buy on this break. People's Gas, Manhattan Consolidated and Rapid Transit should be bought. W. C. and C. G. Ware stocks which have been steadily accumulated for control. Erie should sell above 40.

* * *

New York to B. E. Baker.—Call and time money will gradually work easier. Approximately $68,000,000 is being disbursed this month in the way of interest and dividends. Such an important factor cannot long be disregarded and with the flow of money coming from the South and West rates will ease off. Time money is offered at 4½ per cent.

* * *

Boston, to Paine, Webber & Co.—Amalgamated strong in the face of cut in dividend. We are told in New York it is going to have a very sharp rise. It looks to us as if this was about the end of the raid on it and it should be bought.

* * *

Strong & Sturgis to B. E. Baker.—Rates for money decidedly were easier yesterday and under this influence the present week will probably open strong and will probably continue throughout the day, but after such a continued rise as we have had we think it the part of wisdom to take profits while the demand exists.

* * *

Falk to Paine, Webber & Co.—Buying of Pacific stocks by anybody and without any qualification in the interest of the Pennsylvania. I state this without fear of contradiction if you want to make money buy Reading common and stay with it. It will treat you well and may be surprising.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.—I am told that the Standard Oil people were heavy buyers of Amalgamated yesterday, it looks like a bad gamble to go short of the stock.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 305 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22½	23½
Arcadian	8½	9
Allouez	3½	4
Arnold	50	100
Atlantic	28	30
Anaconda	27	28
Amalgamated	64⅞	56⅛
Calumet and Hecla	585	590
Centennial	19¼	20
Franklin	12	
Isle Royale	14	15
Bingham	24	25
Mass	18½	19
May Flower	2¾	3
National	1½	2
Mohawk	36	36½
Michigan	11	11¼
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	21½	22
Osceola	61½	62
Parrot	27	28
Phoenix	3½	4
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2½	3
Tennessee Copper	11	12
Santa Fe	2¾	3
Tamarack	175	178
Tecumseh	1½	2
Tri-Mountain	98	101
Utah	22¾	23
Victoria	5¼	5½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	54	54½
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	3¼	3¾
Trinity	13¼	13¾
Dominion Coal	139	140
U. S. M.	21	21½
Copper Range Con.	59½	60
Calumet and Arizona	40	

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Amalgamated dividend was only half of 1 per cent, but the stock had a good rally after it was announced and there was good support at the close. There seems to be ground for believing that all bad news on copper has been discounted and that from now on the market for copper stocks will do better. The market for the metal steadily improving. We believe all the good copper stocks should be bought.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 17.—Cotton opened steady with prices unchanged to 2 points higher and became firm on active near months covering. May sold at 9.06 and July at 9.03 in the early trading and climbed to 9.16. A sensational advance in New Orleans where May soared to 9.27 and July to 9.36, and strong late cables from Liverpool, combined to strength bull confidence.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16c higher. Middling uplands, 9⅜c; middling gulf, 9⅝c; sales, 59 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. April, 9.22; May, 9.14; June, 9.11; July, 9.06; August, 8.88; September, 8.37; October, 8.14; November, 8.06; December, 8.04; January, 8.04.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 17.—Close, money on call steady at 3@5 per cent; closing bid and asked, 5%; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand and at $4.83½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½ and $4.85½. Bar silver, 52⅝; Mexican dollars, 42½c. Government bonds, irregular; state bonds, firm; railroad bonds, irregular.

Herald Wants
One Cent a Word.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

I have option on a tract of 3500 acres choice farming land in Douglas county, Wis., at $3 per acre if taken before May 1. This includes timber.
A. W. Hepworth,
212 Exchange Bldg.

Herald Wants
One Cent a Word.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

The Normal School
Will offer exceptional advantages for the schooling of your children. You should secure these by making your home in that vicinity. That locality is already supplied with water and sewer and is so controlled that only a desirable class of houses will be permitted.
We Offer Great Inducements
To those who will build good homes.
Examination will convince you that this is destined to be the
Choicest Residence District in the City.
We loan money and buy mortgages.
Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

Home for Sale
Double House 221-223 East Third Street.
Eight-room House 426 East Third Street.
Eight-room House and Barn 1018 East Third Street.
Eight-room House 2028 East Superior Street.
Nine-room House 222 Third Avenue West.
Partial payments. Possession May 1st.
John Stephenson,
Providence Building.

CHEAP REAL ESTATE.
$900 Seven-room house near Twenty-eighth avenue west.
$900 Four-room house near Twenty-eighth avenue west; city water, street graded, sidewalks, all improvements made.
$3200 Nine rooms, water, sewer, bath, stone foundation, corner lot, upper side street, location very central. A genuine bargain.
$1200 Eight room house 35x140; Fifth street near Sixteenth avenue E.
T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building

These Are Cheap:
Eleven-room house on First avenue east, with water and sewer $3200
Twelve-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $2250
Eight-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $1600
Seven-room house on Seventeenth avenue east, with water and sewer $1500
G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

Money Loaned
on improved city property at
**

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed in a plant as clean as the cleanest home kitchen—always open to your inspection—58,971 visitors last year.

Oil, Copper and Iron Stock
Certificates. We make them.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.
Old Phone 166-5. Zenith Phone 336. *Moved to Providence Bldg.*

WALL PAPER SALE IS NOW ON IN FULL BLAST
SUTTON'S. 14 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

QUEER PRANK.

Experience of a Tennesseean In Recent Flood.

Tullahoma, Tenn., April 17.—Apropos of the recent great flood in this section, the raging waters cut some mighty queer pranks. Joseph Sublett, who had a home near the banks of a tiny rivulet, discovered on Friday evening at dark that the water had reached his corn crib, so he hastened to the place to endeavor to save his corn. On his arrival at the stable he saw his wagon just starting on a voyage down the stream. He rushed into the angry current, grabbed hold of the tongue and tried to pull the wagon back, but the water was too much for him. As he and the wagon floated down the stream, his wife, who had arrived on the scene, heard the doughty Sublett crying out, "Whoa! whoa! I tell you!" But the wagon would not "whoa," and he was compelled to let go and seek safety for himself. It was fortunate for him that his wife and baby followed to the barn lot, as before he reached the bank he built a log cabin home in the "sticks" came floating down, with all his household goods on board. The remnants of his wife's work were found strewn a few days later, for several miles along the banks of the creek. Mr. Sublett states that the next cabin he builds for a domicile will be perched high upon some mountain cr...

Another instance which shows how sudden was the rise in the streams, was that of Robert Pitts, who did live—he does not live there now—near the Garrison's Fork. His wife was sick in bed, and Friday evening the family retired early, Mr. Pitts had only been in bed a short time when he thought that something was wrong. He started to get out of bed, when he discovered that the water lacked only a little bit of being up to the bed on which he was lying. Hastily he gathered his 4-weeks-old child in his arms and assisted his wife out of the house. They had to wade fifty yards through the water in the darkness, and remained out in the water till morning, ...en daylight came there was not a ... slightest vestige of where his home had been. As Mr. Pitts is a poor man, but stands well, the people of the neighborhood have taken up a collection for his benefit. It is hoped that child and mother will recover.

There are numerous instances of the above kind, and it will be many months before the damage done by "the flood" will have been repaired.

Discovery of Oil.

When the news is heralded throughout the country that oil has been found in a certain place, thousands of persons rush there in the hope of being among the lucky few who are fortunate enough to strike a paying well. In their haste, health is neglected until they are completely broken down, and then what avail is wealth when their health is gone. Protect your health with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and you will always have the wealth. There is no medicine in the world so good as a tonic for the run-down system, or to cure headache, belching, indigestion, dyspepsia, liver complaints, la grippe, or malaria, fever and ague. Don't fail to try it, but insist on having the genuine. It will do you good.

DIAMONDS FOUND

In a Steer's Stomach After Two Years.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 17.—An owner for the diamond brooch found a few days ago in the stomach of a steer slaughtered at the packing house of Nelson, Morris & Co., has been located. She is Miss Margaret Carroll, of Baltimore.

During the summer of 1900, Miss Carroll, with a party of friends, went to California in a special car.

In one of the cars ahead a young mother was struggling w... fretful c... and Miss Carroll too... the child back into the special car to quiet it.

She bought for it a toy balloon and the child fastened the string to the diamond pin worn by Miss Carroll.

In a little while the balloon sailed out at the open window of ...e car, and the speed of the train caused it to wrench the pin from its fastenings.

At the next station a telegram was sent back asking that the pin be found, and a reward was offered. The pin was not found and Miss Carroll gave it up for lost. When she heard that a brooth had been found in the stomach of a steer in the packing house here, she sent a description of the one she had lost. It answere.. that of the brooth found in the steer's stomach and it will be sent to Miss Carroll.

CANNOT MARRY.

Young Scotchman Prevented By His Uncle's Will.

Morganfield, Ky., April 17.—Warren M. Dent, the young Union county man, who recently inherited a big fortune in Scotland, is in a quandary. He can neither spend the money in this country, nor can he marry. In the meantime, pending the time when the estate shall be turned over to him, he is quietly driving a laundry wagon in Morganfield.

Mr. Dent is in communication with the administrator of his deceased uncle's estate. From him he learns that the value of the estate left by his uncle is $158,800, of which $140,000 is in cash. This he advises Mr. Dent to invest in bonds that bear 3 per cent. The provisions of the will are such that this money must be invested in Scotland, and before Mr. Dent can get absolute control of the same he will be compelled to give a bond that he will never marry. Should he marry then the money goes to charitable institutions in Scotland.

In regard to his, aunt's estate, Mr. Dent's lawyer says he has located $91,000, but he does not yet know whether that is all of it or not. Mr. Dent will make a trip to Scotland next fall, leaving here in November.

The two estates will put him in possession of a quarter of a million dollars, or, to be exact, $249,800.

COOKS' PICKETS

Must Not Come Within Block of Restaurant.

Minneapolis, April 17.—In the federal court yesterday Judge Lochren granted the request of Wong Guy, the Chinese restaurant keeper, for an injunction to prohibit the Cooks' union from operating within a reasonable distance of the restaurant. One block is mentioned as such a distance.

Furthermore, the pickets are forbidden to approach the employes of the restaurant.

Wong Gup, however, fails to gain his point to have the Cooks' union prevented from appealing to purveyors to stop selling supplies to the restaurant.

The injunction will be made permanent if the suit in equity on which hinges the injunction is decided in favor of the complainant.

TRIED BY HIS WIFE.

Husband Given Limit By Justice of Peace.

Oswego, N. Y., April 17.—Mrs. Esther Morris, whose death has just occurred in Cheyenne, Wyo., was born and lived for many years in Oswego. She was known as the mother of woman suffrage in Wyoming, and she held the office of justice of the peace there, the only woman that ever held that office.

She was noted for the impartiality of her administration. Her own husband was once brought before her for a slight infraction of the law. The court room was crowded, as it was expected that she would show favor in his case. After a severe cross-examination she gave him the severest penalty of the law for the offense, and then lectured him on the enormity of law breaking.

At her death she was 88 years old.

IDEAS OF RUSKIN

Are Being Applied In the Town of Trenton, Mo.

Socialists Are Buying Up All the Business Houses.

Owners Are Made Managers and Customers Stockholders.

Trenton, Mo., April 17.—Is Trenton to be co-operated?"

This question is being passed from lip to lip by the 6000 persons comprising the population of the Missouri town bearing that name. Walter Vrooman, a disciple of Ruskin, and his associates composing the membership of the Western Co-operative association, is strongly of the opinion that Trenton is to be "co-operated" on a broad scale. Business men and residents of the town are not sure that he isn't right, for he certainly has made a strong start in this direction.

Trenton is the home of Ruskin college, which has been going along in a quiet educational way without exciting anything more than passing comment. But now it is different. Walter Vrooman and his associates, who have been dubbed the "Co-ops," recently swooped down on the unpretentious village and announced in an unconcerned way that they were there to do all the business in the town. Already they have bought three grocery stores, a hardware and drug store, and have leased another big building for a department store. They paid cash for everything and incidentally deposited $300,000 in the three banks of the town, with the assurance that there was a million more coming.

That is why it looks to the people of Trenton as though the town is to be "co-operated." The "Co-ops" are giving free entertainments in the Trenton theater and in many other ways are opening the eyes of residents. Still Mr. Vrooman says it is but a beginning.

"We have started a movement here that will spread over the entire United States in five years," he declares. "We are simply putting humanity into business, giving profits to those who make them possible—the people who buy. The managers and employes are paid good salaries. We are trying to buy out the business men of Trenton in order to operate their stores on the co-operative plan. We pay a man just what his stock is worth, but never give up anything for good-will. Good-will belongs to the people, not to the merchant.

"I may say also that we are in politics from the start. Within two years we will make every legislator and member of congress pledge himself that as a rule of procedure every measure on which he will ballot will have to be subject to a vote of the people on a 3 per cent petition. The initiative and referendum will undo the corruption of legislative bodies."

The most conspicuous signs in Trenton today are large white banners announcing in black letters "Bought by the Co-operative Store," and it begins to look as though most of the residents of the town were to be made stockholders in the various business enterprises. Merchants are at a loss when asked to foretell the results and the whole town is considerably wrought up over Mr. Vrooman's co-operative scheme.

"It is our purpose to give the old merchants of the town a chance," he says. "We make them an offer on their stocks and make them managers when they sell. If they refuse we rent a store and buy a new stock. Then they must look out for themselves."

Anyone can become a stockholder in the co-operative association by paying $10, and is then entitled to a certain per cent of the profits of the business done in the stores of the organization. That is why the business men of Trenton are alarmed. Mr. Vrooman says in explanation of his novel scheme:

"I am trying to save wastes which make millionaires and paupers. The colony plan always has been to withdraw from civilization. This is an unnatural movement. Civilization is here, belongs to us, and it is our aim to improve it. To do this we have made a combination of the practical and real facts that have been proved in the study of sociology.

"We are not against any creed. All religions teach 'Thou shalt not steal,' but we want less Sunday bubble and more of the workday practice. Anyone may buy in our stores, but only members of the Western Co-operative Association are given dividends. A membership costs $10. Now, if a member buys $300 worth of merchandise before the end of the year, and the association has made 5 per cent profit on its sales above expenses, the member is paid a dividend of 5 per cent on the amount he has purchased. In this case the dividend would amount to $15. Aside from my wife and children all members of his family under 21 years of age are given free admission to all concerts, theatricals and other entertainments of the association. We have now a dramatic company which put on a new play every week or two. In the summer we will have picnics, excursions and entertainments. We want the people to be happy and contented. I started the movement in Trenton because it is near the center of the United States and because it is in the country. From here we expect to spread."

Vrooman says there is plenty of money in sight to float his novel sociological scheme. He says he has received many pledges from his wealthy friends interested in the social movement. These pledges have come from different parts of the country, including New York and Chicago. Vrooman's investments about Trenton up to the present time amount to $125,000. He has bought a 200-acre farm adjoining the town. On this farm he will grow material to supply the canning factory owned by the citizens and Ruskin college. At another plant ax handles are made, and the citizens of Trenton supplied about $15,000 of the $17,000 worth of stock. Vrooman has offered to buy the plants outright for 60 cents on the dollar cash.

The head of this unique movement republates both philanthropy and charity in connection with his plan. "We simply believe that the interests of the people are identical with the interests of the whole," he says.

Cured After 10 Years of Suffering!

MEDERINE

CURES	CURES
All kinds of Blood Diseases, Catarrh Troubles, Rheumatism and Gout.	All forms of Liver Complaint, Chronic Constipation, Malaria, Kidney Diseases.

Eczema of Ten Years Standing.

DUBUQUE, IA.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,

GENTLEMEN:—In September, 1900, I began taking MEDERINE for Eczema of ten years' standing, which had almost disfigured my body. I took six bottles, and now there is not a spot on me. It has now been seven months since I quit, but there is not the slightest evidence of a return of the disease. I lose no opportunity to recommend your MEDERINE for Eczema.

(Signed) J. M. DICKINSON.

MEDERINE acts directly on the blood, curing skin and blood diseases, all kinds of catarrh, rheumatism and gout troubles, when other remedies utterly fail to give relief.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDERINE is the only remedy that cures sick Stomachs and Morning Coughing and Vomiting Spells. Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Stomach is the cause, 1 to 3 bottles does the work. Write for Mederine Journal of Health. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

SENSATION

May Be Caused By Order of a Cabinet Official.

Washington, April 17—One of the cabinet officers, a man who believes with President Roosevelt in establishing reforms in the departmental service of Washington, is considering a proposition, which, if carried into effect, will create a great sensation.

The secretary is thinking seriously of issuing a circular order to the effect that no employe under his jurisdiction shall visit saloons or buffets, and if this rule is not complied with, a third offense will warrant dismissal.

The very thought of such a sweeping order would send a chill over official Washington, and the contemplation of it has already caused great apprehension.

It cannot be said that the drinking habit and intemperance prevails to any great extent among the employes of the government. But it exists to some extent. Frequently discharges are made for intoxication. One rather prominent case was that of a man who was an assistant auditor of the war department. He was so constantly "under the influence" that it became common talk among the employes. His political backing was such that he held his position for some years, but finally he had to resign in order to escape dismissal.

At one of the large departments, the pension bureau, three men were suspended not long ago for conducting a "speak easy" within the purlieus of the office. A speak easy in Washington is the same sort of a thing as a "blind pig" in St. Paul.

The drink habit, however, does ... prevail in Washington to the point of anything like general intoxication or intemperance, but at the same time there are many cases where men, and some women, indulge to excess.

There are big clubs and little clubs, where the quality of the best liquors is daily and nightly tested by government employes, and it is said that the order will also taboo employes from visiting clubs.

Low Rates West Via Great Northern Railway.

Round-trip homeseeker tickets on sale Tuesday, April 15, at one fare plus $2, to points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and California. Good for twenty-one days returning. One-way tickets every Tuesday to Minnesota and North Dakota points for $6. Low one-way rates every day to all points West. For full information call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel block.

SITS WITH THE DEAD.

Pathetic Scene In a Vault at Brooklyn.

New York, April 17.—With feeble, tottering steps Jonathan Reed made his way through Evergreen cemetery, Brooklyn, yesterday, to the tomb which rests the body of his wife. There have been few days since she died, nine years ago, that he has not made the journey, but his long pilgrimage is near an end. It took all of his strength yesterday to open the granite door and enter the vault. Then he walked to the hermetically sealed coffin in which his wife's body lies, and said:

"Good morning, Mary; I've come to sit with you all day."

Every morning it is the same. Never does he fail to greet her and talk to her just as he did in life. Nearly every day he lifts the silk crazy quilt that covers the coffin and looks through the glass cover upon the face that has lain there still and dead for so long.

Yesterday morning he looked at her face until the tears blinded him. Then he walked to the door of the tomb.

"She is just as pretty as ever," he said sobbingly. "She was always the prettiest woman in the world."

Death will not be unwelcome to the old man who lives his life there by the body of the woman he loved. He says he is 69, and will be with Mary soon. His coffin is ready for him by the side of the one in which she rests.

For the nine years since they were parted by death he has made his home in her tomb. He would sleep there if he could get permission, but this has been denied. Sometimes he remains until nearly midnight. All the pretty things, all the trinkets she had, he has carried to the tomb. Tapestries and hangings, paintings, curios, books and cushions fill nearly all the space not taken by the two coffins. Above the coffin of his wife, swinging in a little cage, is the canary bird that sang to her when she was dying.

TEDDY'S TERRORS

Have Invited President to Visit Los Angeles In May.

Invitation Written on the Tanned Hide of a Calf.

The Unique Idea of the Most Unique Political Club.

Los Angeles, April 17.—Theodore Roosevelt will soon receive the queerest invitation card ever sent to a president of the United States.

It requests the pleasure of his presence at the annual Fiesta de los Flores, to be held in Los Angeles in May.

Two months ago the stationery upon which this invitation was written was bellowing across the cattle ranges of Southern California, with no intention of sacrificing itself for White House etiquette. In short, the invitation is written on the tanned hide of a young gentleman cow.

It is the unique idea of the most unique political club of the United States—Teddy's Terrors.

As a Western ranchman, by brevet, the president will doubtless appreciate it as an extraordinary example of tanning. For two months one of the leading taxidermists of the West has been at work on it.

The hide is reddish brown in color, and has been worked until it is as soft as the cheek of a girl. The calf's head has been retained on the hide, and by the cunning of the taxidermist the glass eyes look as gentle and soft as a fawn's. Near the shoulders the hair has been scraped away, leaving a fine, even parchment for the wording of the invitation.

It is in the characteristic style of the busters:

"Los Angeles, Cal., March 30, 1902.—We're going to have a roundup and we shore want yer mighty bad. Feed and water plenty; stock's fat. Brandin' irons ready when ye git here. Come on, will yer? TEDDY'S TERRORS."

"For Theodore Roosevelt, the President, Washington, D. C."

On the flank side of the hide are the three brands used on the Roosevelt stock farm on Mr. Roosevelt's cattle ranches in the Northwest—the triangle, the elk horn and Maltese cross.

The Terrors had to appeal to the president himself to find out his cattle brands. The Terrors' request for the brands was forwarded through Senator Perkins, and the president sat down one day and scratched off the three brands himself. The letter was placed among the treasured archives of the Terrors.

On the scraped patch of hide is a cartoon of the president coming to Los Angeles.

In the distance is the dome of the capital receding, and in the foreground is Teddy himself, mounted on a grizzly bear, which is hitting the high places along a road, marked with a signboard, "To Los Angeles."

Teddy's face wears a look of wild determination; his pistol holster flaunts out behind and his sombrero flaps recklessly.

The Terrors are now having an envelope made for the invitation. It will be a flat box, made of polished California woods and bound with silver. As soon as it is completed it will be forwarded to Washington, to Senators Bard and Perkins, with a request that they present it to the president.

If the president accepts the invitation, the first lady need have no nervous apprehensions. He will not be lynched, nor will he be in danger of being lassoed or shot. The Terrors are not as wicked as they sound.

The Terrors were organized during the McKinley-Roosevelt campaign of 1900. They dress in cowboy costumes, with big sombreros and blue shirts, and they march armed with gigantic revolvers. They go campaigning with a whoop and a howl. Their war slogan is the "Hi Hi" of the cattlemen to the moving stock.

Their political debut was made in a flying trip through Southern California on a route famous as the "Kite Shaped Track." They went dashing madly through the citrus belt on a special train, "shooting up the country" like cow punchers on a tear. In each of the small towns along the road the train would come to a halt amid a roar of small arm firing, and the inhabitants would tumble out in time to hear a five-minute speech from the back platform; then the train would go plunging on.

The funny part of it is that the "Terrors" are made up of the "solid" men of the community.

There are a good many million dollars represented whenever the "busters" start out. One of the most desperate and wild of the busters is a dear little lawyer, as mild and sunny as a morning in May. He looks like a pirate when he gets into the war paint, but his wife comes down to the station to see that his neck handkerchief is tied warmly about his throat and to beg him to be careful and shut his eyes when he shoots that awful pistol. Now, if that isn't pretty rough on a man who is trying to be bad!

Another bold character is a careful, precise and dignified railroad man. Go into his office 200 days of the year, and he will fix you with a stony, electric glare and beg you to "cut it short," and that is after you have run the gauntlet of the stenographers and secretaries. But when the "busters" are out he decorates himself with a piece of light artillery, and a Comanche Indian would slink off ashamed to hear him yell.

But when the "Terrors" go down the street on the political parades, with every one of the hundred pistols popping and the men howling and yelling, the town begins to be aware that there is "something doing."

The club is said to have had a great political influence in Southern California during the last campaign.

Since the election the organization has been perpetuated in the form of a club, with souvenirs of the great Teddy.

A Pleasant Duty—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. James Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years' standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street—7.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

Mother's Friend

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492-Old
'Phone 767-Zenith
210 W. Superior St

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching Of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Impart Vigor and potency to every function. If you get disgusted, a cure is sure. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail, a written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. **Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.**

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE

SAPOLIO.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Frederickson and Clara M. Frederickson, his wife, J. F. (or John F.) Fredin and Anna Fredin, his wife, and C. W. Wilson and Augusta Wilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank L. Murray, mortgagee, bearing date April fifth (5th), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April tenth (10th), 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty (80) of mortgages, on page four hundred eighty-four (484); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from April 5th, 1894, and also in the non-payment of taxes upon the premises described in said mortgage for the year 1894 and subsequent years, which said mortgagors had covenanted to pay in said mortgage, but which became delinquent, and which said mortgagee was compelled to pay, and did pay, as follows: On April 25th, 1899, the sum of $21.96; on May 31st, 1899, the sum of $8.79; on May 31st, 1900, the sum of $7.75, and on May 31st, 1901, the sum of $8.25; no part of which principal, taxes, or interest thereon has ever been paid.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, at the date of this notice, upon said mortgage debt, the sum of two thousand seventy-nine and 10-100 ($2079.10) dollars, principal, taxes paid, and interest.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-nine (49), in block fifty-seven (57), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; also lots numbered seven (7) and eight (8), in block six (6), in Martin's division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the fifth (5th) day of May, A. D. 1902, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said taxes and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated, March 20th, 1902.

FRANK L. MURRAY,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-20-27-April-3-10-17-24—1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 3rd, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Lukkarila, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Oscar Lukkarila, of the county of St. Louis, representing among other things, that Charles Lukkarila, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1902, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Alexander Remlund granted;

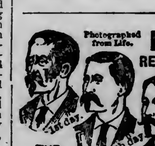
It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, buy publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald-April-3-10-17-1902.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

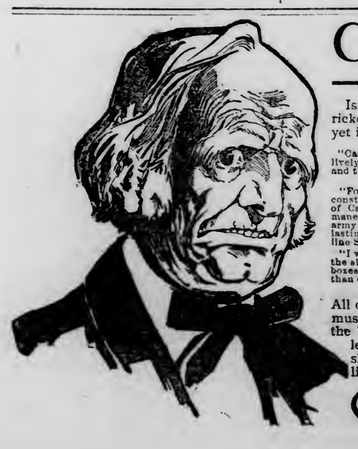
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
353 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.



Constipated Old Age

Isn't it too bad that so many people, when they get old, get cranky and rickety and mean, and don't feel right toward themselves or anybody else; yet it need not be so.

"Cascarets make me feel so light-hearted and lively, that though I have seen three score and three, a few more scores I yet may see."—James S. Millar, Villa Park, Cal.

"For many years I have been troubled with constipation. I used one 25c and two 50c boxes of Cascarets and they have effected a permanent cure. Since my discharge from the army in 1865, I have never before found a lasting remedy."—H. J. Mesgwern, 949 Chapline Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

"I was troubled with something that baffled the skill of physicians for 35 years; I used five boxes of Cascarets and am in better health than ever before."—C. C. Redick, Chase City, Va.

"Six month's ago I took Cascarets for constipation contracted during the War of the Rebellion. The result is wonderful and I advise all old soldiers to try them."—Jas. Putman, late Capt. 3rd Ill., Haney, Wis.

"I was feeling bad, losing flesh, had dull headache, cold feet, and couldn't sleep well. I took Cascarets, and in four weeks gained 12 pounds. Am feeling fine now."—A. B. Story, veteran Mexican and Civil Wars, Epworth, Ia.

"I have been using Cascarets for some time for constipation, and their greatest benefit has been to cure me of asthma. I am in my 86th year and had been suffering with asthma for years."—T. M. White, Bob Lee, Georgia.

All old people's muscles get weak and flabby, and it's the same with the muscular walls of their intestines as with the muscles of their arms. When the bowels grow weak, the old folks get constipated, bilious, sick, helpless, irritable, and that's the chief cause of their death. Old folks should take Cascarets Candy Cathartic bowel tonic, keep their liver lively, their bowels regular and strong, and live to be a hundred.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y. 811

Keeping One's Name

Before the Public Is a Part of Advertising, But Telling the Public Why That Name Is Kept Before It Is Generally a More Valuable Part

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and Building Loans. **4½%**

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg **5½%**

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

For a few days we will offer the corner of Sixteenth avenue east and Jefferson street, No. 1602, with the elegant 11-room house, modern in all respects, with hot water heat, lot 57 by 100, for $6500. If not sold soon, it will be for rent.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

We have for sale a three-story business block on West Superior street that will pay more than 10 per cent net on the entire investment, and in five years the lot alone will be worth more than the entire property now costs you.

$3000 Buys ten-room house; city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation, cellar under whole house, two grates with fine mantels; large lot, in Endion.

PARK POINT.

3 COTTAGES Each has four bed rooms, large sitting room and kitchen has refrigerator, pump and sink; large porch. Will sell cheap if taken at once.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

$850 Will buy fine six-room house, fine mantel and grate and finest double corner on Duluth Heights. One-third cash; balance to suit.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

BARGAINS.

$1400.00 Will buy a 20-acre farm with the following: One small house, one frame barn, shingled, 24x30; one-horse barn, 16x24; one horse, two wagons, plow, harrow and farming tools; 15 acres cleared; 5 acres in wood; 11 acres in hay. This farm is only a short distance from Superior street, with good road.

W. F. LEGGETT, 513 Burrows Bldg.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

LADIES, THE BEST PLACE TO BUY hats is at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st Ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED, 209 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WE WILL BUY GOOD DRAFT MARES that are in foal. Must be young and sound. The Jean Du-Luth company, 103 Herald building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING; FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg
WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

IF YOU WANT RELIABLE WORK IN awning, tent or any kind of canvas work, go to Poirier & Nordstrom, 104 East Superior St. Telephone 735—New.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

FRAMES AND PICTURES AT COST; must close out this week. Temple Art Store 211 East Superior street. Open evenings and fixtures for sale.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art lettered glass. St. Germain Bros. 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

OPTICIAN.

THOROUGH AND ACCURATE TESTS. Latest improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey Bldg.

LOST.

LOST—LADIES' GOLD WATCH, WEST End. Return to West End fire hall and receive reward. Martin Johnson.

LOST—BLACK FUR GALLOWAY robe. Return to H. W. Patterson, West Duluth and receive reward.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING; silver grey Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 per 13. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—BAY MARE, 8 YEARS OLD, weight 1550; good single or double. 311 East First street.

FOR SALE—INDIAN BLOOD REMedy. Readings free. 411 East Superior street.

A GOOD CHANCE—KITCHEN UTENsils, range, etc.; dining room furniture and silverware, all nearly new, at a bargain. Address H 89, Herald.

FOR SALE—CANARIES. I HAVE RECeived some fine Hartz mountain canaries; great warblers. 109 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FINE STEEL RANGE, folding bed and square piano. Mrs. Wentworth, 211 West Second street.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 Helm street.

PANSIES GET YOUR BEDS ready. I will sell all my best Giants 25 cents per dozen, five dozen for $1. Lindsay's Lester Park Greenhouses.

FOR SALE—AN OAK BOOK CASE. Inquire 31 West Fifth.

$2500 WILL HANDLE ONE OF THE very best paying residence properties in the East End. Good location. Address Owner, Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE — THREE LOTS, 25 BY 140 feet, for sale cheap. Fine lots ready for building. Call at 329 East Seventh street.

PIANO Largest size, Upright Mahogany **$165**
Very handsome case, fine tone and action; almost new. Original price $325.00. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE — STORE WITH SEVEN rooms above, on Main street in Eveleth; will sell or exchange for Duluth property. Address 614 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. I. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; 40 baths. 531 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND boiler, good as new, 5x14 feet. Inquire at Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., Twenty-ninth avenue west and Helm street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR load fresh milch cows. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

NEXT BIG COLOSSAL
Horse Auction Sale
And Grand Horse Fair
Takes place at our mammoth stables opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1902.

Be on hand early, as the sale positively opens at 10 o'clock a. m. on day and date advertised. We will exert all efforts to make this the banner sale of the season—1000 head of horses of all kinds to answer all purposes, to select from. Some extra fine drivers and family broke horses. Come everybody. A grand gala holiday for all. SATURDAY, APRIL 19th, 1902.

COLS. L. H. WIGGIN AND MAX ZIMMERMAN, Auctioneers.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Horse Market opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.
PRIVATE SALES DAILY.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOT OF LIGHT cedar row boats. Patterson boat house, Sixth avenue west, near depot.

PARK POINT—SOME CHOICE LOTS IN the camping district for sale cheap for the next few days. W. F. Leggett, 513 Burrows' building.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,00 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

EXPLORATION WORK ON IRON properties will be done by undersigned for share in property. Outfit now near Biwabik. Address S 81, Herald.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO GO OUT working by the day. Address 226 East Third street.

WANTED—WASHING BY THE DAY. C. 80, Herald.

WANTED—WORK FOR THREE GOOD teams. 1402 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND wife, both good cooks. Address G 77, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY A NO. 1 engineer; has had fifteen years' experience and strictly temperate, holding first-class steamboat papers. Also Minnesota papers. Adress W 35, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—NEAT DINING ROOM GIRL. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of children and assist with housework. 212 Eleventh avenue west.

WANTED—A DISHWASHER AT ARLington hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in private boarding place. 313 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK; ALSO reliable nurse maid. Mrs. N. J. Upham, 1523 East Third street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT THE Colson house.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 120 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL FOR GENeral housework, or nurse girl. 616 East Sixth street.

GOOD WAGES PAID TO GOOD GIRL to help with housework. 2106 East Water street. Mrs. Sterling.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. 222 West Second street.

WANTED-A YOUNG WOMAN FOR OUR music department; competent of playing some of the most difficult pieces as well as popular airs. Apply at once to superintendent. Panton & White company.

WANTED—TWENTY-FIVE GIRLS FOR general housework; no charges. Duluth Free Employment bureau, Armory building.

GIRL WANTED (GOOD PAY) FOR general housework. Good cook. Inquire forenoons or evenings, 629 East First street.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED flannel washers. Lutes' laundry.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRL. MRS. Stanley, over Suffel's, Room 6.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1016 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR SECOND housework to do. Call 117 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR PRIVATE boarding house. 613 West Superior street. Mrs. Kilesch.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK. 526 WEST First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, $17. Take Woodland car. Mrs. W. E. Culkin, Hunter's Park.

THREE WAIST MAKERS AND SALESladies for millinery department. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Totman, 1415 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD SWEDE GIRL FOR general house work. 508 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIenced nurse maid. Apply 1619 East First street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED HARDWOOD WORKERS! Good wages to right men year round — none but good men need apply.
PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

Wanted
At once—a first-class Carpet layer. Apply to superintendent.
PANTON & WHITE CO.

WANTED—GOOD BOY, SCANDINAVlan preferred; can get a permanent situation at the White Swan Drug store.

WANTED — PARTNER WITH SMALL capital for high-class show; money guaranteed. Address S 87, Herald.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS FURNIture salesman. Address Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn., P. O. Box M.

WANTED — TINSMITH, ONE WHO can clerk. Good wages and steady work to the right man. Use of intoxicants strictly prohibited. E. M. Osborn, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED — QUARRYMEN AND LAborers; wages $1.75. Kettle River Quarries company, Sandstone, Minn.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY ABOUT 16 years of age. Duluth-Superior Traction company.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN BOOKKEEPer or stenographer. Apply to R. M. Newport, 302 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SOME FIRST CLASS HARDwood finishers. Will pay 35 cents per hour to the right men. Armour Packing company.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher; good chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, stating salary wanted and experience. Address S 86, Herald.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers, 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

CARPET MAN, PERMANENT POSITION for man familiar with carpets and drapery department business. Must be able to make shades, cut and lay carpets. Address with reference; state experience and salary desired in first letter. Address "Carpets," Herald.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINists and electricians. New 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers. Sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—200 AGENTS TO HANDLE A good seller. Can make $5 a day and half work. 324 Lake avenue south.

AGENTS WANTED—LIFE OF DE Witt Talmage. Largest, best authentic, official book; 500 pages, profusely illustrated. Retail, $1.50. Price to agents 50 cents. Outfit free. Now ready. Credit given. Profit $12 per day. Enormous demand. The Bible house, 21 Plymouth Place, Chicago.

WANTED—LIVE LADY OR GENTLEman to sell article of merit. Large income to hustler. G. L. Train, 216 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — A 3-ROOM HOUSE WITH barn on Seventh street and Thirteenth avenue east. Call at 511 East Fourth street. Carl Hoval.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Park Terrace; possession May 1. No. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished rooms all modern conveniences. Gentlemen preferred. 312 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS FURnished. Modern. 510 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM; lady preferred; $5 per month. 723 East Fourth street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, LIGHT housekeeping; cookstove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 126 East First, with bath.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN new house; bath; electric light. 310 West Fifth street; for one or two.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 909 WEST Fourth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE SPACE FOR cigars, periodicals, drinks, etc. Waterman Bowling Alley, 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FLAT FOUR ROOMS ON SUPERIOR street, furnished. Call on Ferguson, 16 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED "BUFFALO" flat for the summer. Inquire 203 Board of Trade.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT

A SMALL HOUSE OR FLAT; NO CHILdren; possession wanted May 1. Address Professional, Herald.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH or without board; centrally located. Address F 59, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, A GOOD HOUSE in good location. W. W. Watson, Jr., 619 Lyceum.

UNFURNISHED ROOM, DOWN STAIRS. C 79, Herald.

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. Have dishes and cooking utensils. Address S 85, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—SEVERAL ROOMS WITH board in best locality. All conveniences. Couples without children or single men preferred. Address F 51, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR ONE OR two; board if desired. First class, private, centrally located. Address X 35, Herald.

WANTED — A FEW MORE STEADY boarders at 424 Lake avenue south. Canal hotel.

ROOM AND BOARD, PRIVATE FAMily. 317 West Fourth street.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street; horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 628 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4359-3.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

LARGEST SELECTION OF WALL paper; best and cheapest work; painting or papering. F. A. Thorwall, 620 East Sixth street. Zenith 'phone 1332.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1108.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works. 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia I. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTENSON, 327 E. Superior st. Old Tel. 743-5.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1902. Work, third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 14, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 23, 1902. Work ——. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave April 15, 1902. Work, Drill. William H. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "Third." Tuesday evening, April 15. Refreshments. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 417½ East Sixth street

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Hallaway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HAPPENS EVERY DAY.

Moore & McHardy Lumber Co.,
. . . MANUFACTURERS OF . . .
PINE, OAK AND BASSWOOD,
ALSO PINE AND CEDAR SHINGLES.
M. J. Moore. J. McHardy.

COHASSET, MINN., April 16, 1902.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD:
Dear Sirs—Please take our "ad" out of your paper, as we have received more letters than we can answer.
Yours truly,
MOORE & McHARDY LUMBER CO.

For Rent Offices in Lyceum
Fire-proof Building, from $6.00 per month up.
LITTLE & NOLTE, Agents,
Under American Exchange Bank.

Bargains in City Property and Farm Lands.
Call and See us—
Forgy & Jacoby,
Real Estate, Loans and Stocks.
200 Trust Building.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

The United State Installment Realty association of Minneapolis will buy or build you a home or farm of your own choosing on the following terms:
$1000 home.....$ 7.50 per month
$2000 home.....$15.00 per month
$3000 home.....$22.50 per month
This is not rent or interest, but a direct payment on the home. Call for further particulars. Duluth office, 101 Torrey building. Open evenings.
101 Torrey Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

Buy Lands

now while they are cheap. They are sure to advance and will prove a most profitable investment. I have them in all directions and at low prices.
GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE!
Modern eight-room house in East End.
Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

Best Bargain in Town.
$775 For eight-room house in good condition, 25-foot lot, good clean barn, coal and wood shed. On small payment down and easy monthly payments.
CALL 618 MANHATTAN BUILDING.

HOUSE FOR RENT, FURNITURE FOR SALE.

Fine modern house in the East End, beautifully and newly furnished. The house is modern in every way and conveniently located. The furniture is new and rich and includes a number of Oriental rugs. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building.

FOR SALE
$3800 —9-room house, East End.
$7000 —9-room steam heat, &c., East End.
$1250 —8-rooms centrally located.
Farm Lands in Northern Minnesota Cheap.
A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.,
305 Providence Building.

$1600 Takes house and lot on First street near Twenty-second avenue west.
$525 Takes fine corner on Nineteenth avenue east.
$3250 Takes fine new flat building in good location.
A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE.
$3000 Will buy an eight-room dwelling in the East End, stone foundation, full basement, concrete floor, hot water heat, electric lights, city water, bath, etc. Inside finish, first story quarter-sawed oak, except floors, which are maple. Storm windows, screens, and everything complete. House in first class condition. This is a bargain.
$4000 Will buy one of the finest lots on Second street, 50x140 feet. Centrally located
$4000 Will buy sixteen lots on Sixth street, near Portland Square. These lots will double in value in the next year or two; $1000 cash, balance easy terms.
$1500 Will buy a lot, 50x140, on First street, near Eighteenth avenue west. Biggest bargain in the West End.
$750 Will buy lot, 25x140, on West First street. Street, avenues and alley improve, with sewer, gas and water. All assessments and taxes paid in full to date. A bargain.
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 West Superior Street.

FOR RENT.
Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.
Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x450 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of
O. H. CLARKE, Room 5 Trust Building.

16 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 16 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1902. | TWO CENTS.

TREATY IS VIOLATED

Strong Argument Against British Traffic.

A Demand That Laws Shall Now Be Enforced.

Chicago, April 18.—Peter Van Vlissengen, who has been one of the most active friends of the Boers in Chicago, today sent President Roosevelt an open letter advancing an argument against the British mule traffic in the United States. He declares that the traffic is in violation of the treaty of Washington.

"Article 6 of that treaty," the letter reads, "lays down three rules by which arbitrators are to be governed. The second rule declares 'A neutral government is bound not to permit or suffer either belligerent to make use of its ports or waters as the base of naval operations against the other, or for the purpose of renewal or augmentation of military supplies or arms or the recruitment of men.'"

Further along the letter says: "Great Britain made no scruple of asserting the terms of the treaty of Washington against this country from the first and only occasion when our government was at war with a foreign state. April 26, 1898, the day after war was declared between the United States and Spain, Queen Victoria issued a proclamation of neutrality, insisting upon the observance of the treaty.

"Great Britain insists that her ports and waters shall not be used to abet the military activity of belligerent powers, and we now request the enforcement of this rule."

By the classification prepared by the state department, published by Secretary Long June 20, 1898, in his "instructions to blockading vessels and cruisers" (general order 492, paragraph 19), horses are designated as "absolutely contraband of war."

"If additional argument were needed to prove that horses have been considered contraband of war by the United States government, the following instances in which they have been so classed might be cited:

In the treaty between the United States and Bolivia (treaties and conventions 1889, page 90) article 17, horses with their furniture are comprehended as contraband of war.

In the following other treaties, a similar specification is made:

Treaty between the United States and Brazil (treaties and conventions 1889, page 105), article 16.

Treaty between the United States and Colombia (treaties and conventions 1889, page 186), article 17.

Treaty between the United States and Hayti (treaties and conventions 1889, page 551), article 20.

Treaty between the United States and Peru (treaties and conventions 1889, page 1191), article 18.

Treaty between the United States and Sweden and Norway (treaties and conventions 1889, page 1042), article 9.

Mr. Van Vlissengen has been at work for months preparing material for this letter. He concludes with a request that the president give the matter "earnest consideration and early attention."

THREE BROTHERS TO DIE

The Van Wormer Boys Found Guilty of Murdering Their Uncle and Sentenced to Death In the Electric Chair.

Hudson, N. Y., April 18.—The jury in the case of Burton, Willis and Frederick Van Wormer, charged with the murder of their uncle, Peter A. Hallenbeck, today returned a verdict of murder in the first degree against all three of the accused.

The death sentence was pronounced a few minutes after the jury brought in its verdict. The crime was committed last Christmas eve. Early in the evening of that day the three brothers and Harvey Bruce, their cousin, who is also under indictment for participation in the murder, drove to the Hallenbeck home at Greenport, this (Columbia) county. The young men wore false faces and also wore their coats turned inside out. Hallenbeck, who was a very old man, opened the door in response to their knocks, and as he did so they fired upon him, inflicting wounds from which he died in a short time. At their trial, which lasted about two weeks, the accused men declared they went to Hallenbeck's house merely for the purpose of frightening him, with no thought of injuring him. Bruce, who secured a separate trial, testified against the brothers.

METEOR WAS IN DANGER

Emperor William's New Yacht Had a Hard Passage Across the Atlantic, But Behaved Splendidly In the Gales.

London, April 18.—The voyage from New York of the German imperial yacht Meteor III, which anchored off Hythe, in Southampton waters, yesterday evening, was by no means uneventful. She had plenty of bad weather, and once even the safety of the wacht was endangered. Lieut. Commander Karpf, Emperor William's representative on board the Meteor, in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press, said:

"With a strong northwest wind the yacht proceeded under her own canvas for the first couple of days, leaving the steamer Scotia behind and ultimately losing sight of her altogether. During the night of April 3 we again picked up the steamer by means of night signals, and April 4 we were taken in tow until April 8, when, owing to a heavy swell, the tow rope carried away. Towing was resumed on the following day, when the wind had fallen. The tow rope again parted April 10 in a hard westerly blow. On April 11, while again towing a hard easterly gale sprang up. Owing to the heavy seas the Scotia was only just able to keep steering way. The seas broke over her continually. At 4 o'clock in the morning of April 12 the Meteor's bobstay carried away. We cut the tow rope, hove to and tried hard to secure the bowsprit, but we found that to be impossible, and the bowsprit was ultimately carried away, seriously endangering the safety of the yacht and all on board of her. We manager, however, to recover the spar.

"The weather became so bad that we were obliged to heave to for twenty-four hours. Thereafter the weather was generally fine. We towed the rest of the way to port.

"The Meteor behaved splendidly and remained dry throughout the bad weather. She is a fast sailer."

BOERS ARE TO CONFER

London, April 18.—The government leader, A. J. Balfour, in the house of commons today, made the following important statement:

"After two conferences between Lord Milner, the British high commissioner of South Africa, and Lord Kitchener and the Boer delegates at Pretoria, Lord Kitchener, while refusing to grant an armistice on military grounds, has agreed to give facilities for the election and meeting of representatives of the various Boer commands to consider the position. The Boer leaders have, therefore, left Pretoria, to carry out this plan."

Mr. Balfour added that it was not expected that communication between the British and Boer leaders could be resumed in less than three weeks' time.

SMUGGLER RECOVERS GOODS

Houlton, Me., April 18.—Frank W. Burns, of Fort Fairfield, a deputy collector of customs, was probably fatally injured during last night by an alleged smuggler at Hodgdon near the New Brunswick line. The deputy had seized a team loaded with contraband goods just after it had crossed the boundary line and was driving it towards this town when he was set upon by a man and knocked from the wagon, beaten with a club and left lying in the road apparently dead. The man drove away with his recovered outfit.

RUPTURE PROBABLE

At the Convention of the Amalgamated Association.

Will Come on Reinstating of Delinquent Lodges.

Feeling of the Delegates Is at White Heat.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 18.—At today's session of the Amalgamated association convention the report of the committee on contested seats is being made. It is a compromise report in the interest of harmony, but there is a possibility of a rupture in the organization over this very matter. There are lodges which have instructed their delegates to withdraw from the convention if any concessions whatever are granted the delinquent lodges. This puts a serious phase on the situation, and adds much interest to the convention proceedings today. While it is hardly probable that the delegates instructed to withdraw will adopt such extreme measures, they are apt to stir up a row. The feeling in the convention is at a white heat on this, as well as other questions, and stormy times are ahead.

There are many evidences that since the strike organizers of the Amalgamated Association have been actively at work among the non-union mills. Proof of this is in the fact that there are several delegates in the convention whose lodges and addresses are not made public, for fear the mill owners will become aware of the lodge's existence. A boom for Thomas Williams, of Zanesville, one of the veterans of the association, has been started for president. President Shaffer and Assistant Secretary Tighe are the principal candidates. Columbus delegates are making an active campaign for their town. They have distributed red and blue streamer badges bearing the legend "Columbus 1903." The convention will probably adjourn tomorrow at 11 o'clock, to allow the delegates to take the excursion on the City of Wheeling to Sisterville.

STARVING.

Acute Suffering In Famine Stricken Districts of Russia.

St. Petersburg, April 18.—The reports received here from the famine-stricken districts of Russia more than justify the anticipations of acute suffering in those localities. Scurvy and typhoid fever are devastating the peasantry throughout the whole of the Altai (highlands) of Siberia region, formerly the chief granary of Siberia. The starving people there have consumed even the last remnants of their seed grain, and no spring crops have been sown. The last wheat sold in Altai fetched 2¼ roubles per pood, against the normal price of 16 to 20 kopecks per pood. In some places the scarcity of fodder is so great that half the houses have been unthatched to save the lives of the cattle and horses.

The gravity of the situation is evidenced by the latest disease statistics. At Menezlinsk, government of Cufa, there have been upwards of 4000 cases of typhus, hunger and scurvy; at Belbeisky 682 cases have been reported, and at Akmolinsk over 1900 cases have occurred. Similar reports come from Voronej, Kazan and Saratof.

The Red Cross society is furnishing all the aid at its command in the way of free kitchens and medicines.

ARE ABSURD

Says Dr. Hertz of the Stories of British Cruelty.

New York, April 18.—Rev. Dr. Joseph Hertz, who was a member of Lord Milner's high or advisory committee in South Africa, and chaplain of the Rand rifles, has arrived in this city, his former home. When the war broke out Mr. Hertz was expelled from Johannesburg by Mr. Kruger for being an Uitlander. He has since visited many of the British concentration camps in South Africa. Of these camps and on kindred subjects Mr. Hertz says: "The stories of the British cruelty toward the wives and families of the Boers in the concentration camps are absurd. It is not the fighting Boer who makes these charges, but the stay-at-home. Why the Boer in the field sends his family to the British to take care of them. While there were but 9000 children attending school in the Orange Free State before the war started, there are now 14,000 at school under the British governmental rule."

BUTTER WAY UP.

Price of Dairy Product Is Very High.

New York, April 18.—Butter has reached the highest price of the year in this city, the fresh table article having advanced to 33 cents a pound wholesale, or with 2 cents a pound of the record price in the spring of 1895.

SONS OF REVOLUTION.

Washington, April 18.—The tri-ennial conclave of the General Society, Sons of the Revolution, convened here today. President Roosevelt received the delegates at the White House at 9:30 this morning, and half an hour later they left for Mt. Vernon, where a business meeting was held.

REV. DR. FRANK DE WITT TALMAGE, WHO WILL CARRY ON HIS FATHER'S WORK.

From his pulpit, the Jefferson Park Presbyterian church, Chicago, Rev. Dr. Frank De Witt Talmage will endeavor to carry on the work done by his world famous father, the late Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage. Young Dr. Talmage is a native of Philadelphia and in his thirty-fifth year. He is a graduate of New York university and Union Theological seminary and as clergyman and lecturer has spoken in the leading cities of the country with marked success.

NEW TARIFFS APPROVED

Revision of Trans-Continental Schedules, the First In Four Years Favorably Acted Upon By Interested Roads.

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representatives of the Northern trans-continental lines held an all-day session at the Great Northern headquarters with Robert Countiss, of San Francisco, general agent and secretary of the trans-continental freight bureau. The new trans-continental tariffs were approved. The publication will follow in a few days.

At the recent session of the trans-continental convention in Portland a month was spent in rechecking the trans-continental freight rates. No revision of the tariffs has been made during four years, and several thousand items needed attention. The work was then turned over to Mr. Countiss, who has since put the rates into form for publication.

The present conference took up several matters upon which there had been differences, among them rates to Alaska and Hawaii, which have not been shown in the previous tariffs.

Missouri river lines have already approved the tariff, and this conference terminates the work preparatory to their publication, except for the action of the Soo, which is expected soon.

STRIKE GROWING SERIOUS

Waterloo, Iowa, April 18.—The strike situation in the Illinois Central shops here is daily assuming a more serious phase. Business Agent Roderick of the International Machinists' union has arrived and is endeavoring to adjust matters. He states the situation is more serious than he expected, and unless the company settles the strike here the shops of the entire system may be called out. He is holding a conference with all organizations. The company has imported a few men to make light repairs.

The unions have forced the local stores to quit furnishing goods to the company, and it is shipping them in. A large force of special agents is guarding the Central's property, although thus far the men have been quiet.

SPINAL CORD WAS SEVERED

St. Paul, April 18.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Four physicians who were called in consultation last evening in the case of Thomas Crystal, who was shot last Friday by J. S. Keerl, former president of the Montana Engineers' society, are unanimous in their finding that Crystal's spinal cord was completely severed by a bullet, an injury that usually causes instant death. The physicians declare that it is a most remarkable case. It was agreed that an operation would be useless as well as extremely dangerous. Aside from this very serious injury, Crystal's condition is not dangerous. His temperature and pulse are not normal, but neither indicates that there is danger of death in the immediate future.

QUICK CHANGE FOR ACTRESS

Chicago, April 18.—Miss Sybil Clifton, one of the five flower girls in "The Chaperons" is heiress to a fortune of $100,000 in oil lands, left by her uncle, Huntington Hale, who died near Beaumont, Texas, two days ago, and willed his estate to his niece. Miss Clifton has received a telegram notifying her of her good fortune.

Her uncle went to Texas twenty years ago and bought land which of late has turned out to be rich in oil. Miss Clifton has ambitions for a musical training, which her parents were too poor to give her. She says she will first provide for her parents and will next year go to Europe to study music.

THEY EMBALMED THEIR BEEF

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The wholesale meat dealers arrested at the instigation of the retail dealers have been arraigned on the charge of using borax as a meat preservative. They demurred to the charge, and their cases were continued until April 29. A case similar to these is now pending in the supreme court, and it is expected that a decision will be rendered before the date of trial. Testimony was introduced in the Minneapolis case, tending to prove that the use of borax is not injurious. On this point the decision rests.

AN AGED COUPLE DIVORCED

Jefferson, Wis., April 18.—Willard Landfare, aged 84 years, and his wife, Catherine, aged 66, appeared in the county court here and secured a divorce. Both agreed it was no longer life are parted. The case is one never well for them to hold the tie of marriage, and after fifty years of married before equalled here, and considering all the circumstances has probably not been paralleled in this country.

IN FAVOR OF KINNEY

William L. Windom Will Not Run For Congress.

Believes O. D. Kinney Should Be Nominated.

William L. Windom will not allow his name to be used in connection with the Republican congressional nomination. He declares himself in favor of O. D. Kinney as the successor to Judge Morris at Washington.

A rumor to this effect became current yesterday afternoon and evening. The unexpected withdrawal of Judge Morris had created so much interest in the matter that the news spread perhaps a little more suddenly than had been thought. At any rate, Mr. Windom looked surprised this forenoon when a Herald reporter asked him to discuss the matter, and said he would have something to say a little later. When informed, however, that the report had gained quite general circulation, Mr. Windom decided to make a public statement of his position.

Viewed purely from a selfish point of view, Mr. Windom believes that business prospects here are too promising for him to engage in politics at this time. He feels that he owes it to himself and his family to keep out of the impoverishing game of politics. Mr. Windom said in discussing the matter:

"I am not a candidate for congress. I do not desire a nomination for, or an election to, the office. I highly appreciate the good will of my friends in constantly mentioning my name whenever the question is brought up. I am not sure, however, but that instead of being a benefit to me personally, as they intend, it actually works an injury. I have no political ambition for the present. I am attending to the law business exclusively. My ambition lies in that direction.

"Why not nominate O. D. Kinney? He can be elected easily. This district needs a man like Mr. Kinney to represent it. He is 'on to the ropes.' He has the necessary acquaintance and wealth to represent the district with the dignity it deserves. This is a district of large and intricate business interests. Mr. Kinney has demonstrated in his private affairs that he has the ability to handle such affairs successfully. Our business men should push him into the race for the nomination. He has always been a consistent Republican. He has always believed in Republican principles. He can be depended upon to remain so to the end. He is a first-class campaigner. He can spare the time and money. Congressional duties would be a serious matter with O. D. Kinney. We need such a man in congress just now."

The suggestion of O. D. Kinney's name at this time will arouse great interest in the Republican party of the district. Ten years ago, before the late Mrs. Kinney's health became seriously impaired, he was the idol of his party in the district. But for the rising star of Charles A. Towne, he would have been nominated for congress on the Republican ticket, when the latter made his first run. It is even declared to this day that but for Mr. Kinney's refusal to persist in a position that might cause a schism in the party he would have been nominated at that time. The fight was made in the Republican county convention, held in the old Temple theater. It was over electing delegates from this county to the congressional district convention. Mr. Towne had considerable strength in the city, but Mr. Kinney was strong in the county. It was very close, very hot, and Mr. Kinney's consideration for his party's welfare led him to retire and leave the field clear for Towne. Mrs. Kinney's poor health, his close attendance upon her, and her subsequent death, followed by ill-health on his own part, have prevented him from playing the public part in politics he formerly did. He is now said to be fully restored to health, he has placed himself on a material basis that will permit him to take the time without worrying about the consequences to his private affairs, and his friends, it is said, will make a strong effort to induce him to consent to the use of his name. It is feared that he will demur, but exceptionally strong and general influence will be exerted in the hope that he may be induced to give in. Mr. Kinney is now in the East on his way home to Duluth, after spending the winter in Florida.

FREEDOM WILL BE BRIEF

When the Prison Doors Open to Release Bellwood He Will Be Arrested on Charge of Embezzlement In France.

New York, April 18.—When Louis Alfred Balensi leaves Sing Sing, next Saturday, he will have served a six years' sentence made shorter by commutation, for misappropriating $25,000 worth of jewelry.

His freedom will be brief, according to the Herald. At the door of the prison he probably will be served with a federal warrant, charging him with embezzlement of approximately $1,560,000 in France.

Louis Alfred Balensi, or, as he is known in this country, William A. Bellwood, was born in Paris 39 years ago. In 1891, he organized the "Societe Francaise de Banque et de Change," purporting to do a general stock exchange brokerage business. Balensi was the managing director.

All went well for five years, then Balensi disappeared. Two weeks later the tribunal of commerce of the Seine declared the society bankrupt and a similar judgment was pronounced against Balensi. Investigations proceeded, and finally the chamber of indictments of the court of appeals of Paris declared, on July 16, 1897, that Balensi had not only misappropriated 1,560,000 francs but also had converted to his own use a large quantity of valuable jewelry which had been intrusted to his care. His arrest was ordered.

Balensi located in Philadelphia, where, under the alias of William A. Bellwood, or William S. Redwood, he opened a jewelry store. Early in 1897 Bellwood obtained $25,000 worth of jewelry from a New York firm on a memorandum and proceeded to hypothecate it at one of the largest pawnbroking establishments in the metropolis. He was arrested and sent to Sing Sing for six years.

It had been discovered in the meantime that Balensi and Bellwood were identical, and during his incarceration a United States marshal hovered nearby with a federal warrant, which had been issued after an investigation had been made of the embezzlement charges in France by the United States ambassador, Gen. Horace Porter.

MONEY TO BE DIVIDED

Nearly Half a Million Dollars Remaining In the Columbian Exposition Treasury Will Be Handed Out to Stockholders.

Chicago, April 18.—The $450,000 which remains in the treasury of the World's Columbian Exposition company probably will be divided next week among the 20,000 shareholders. The last lawsuit against the company has been decided, and the board of directors has concluded to distribute the money as soon as preliminary work can be accomplished. The dividend, it is estimated, will amount to about 45 cents a share. Shares were sold for $10. About one-fourth of the 20,000 stockholders held one share each.

The city will get about $225,000 as its dividend on the $5,000,000 bonds issue. The funds have been tied up all these years by litigation against the World's Fair company. About 200 suits were brought for damages, the claims aggregating nearly $500,000 and the money was held to meet possible judgments. Most of the cases were decided against the complainants, however, judgments being secured for less than $15,000 of the entire amount.

GROCER HAD MANY PENNIES

Indianapolis, April 18.—Herman Boyce, a German grocer at Goshen, Ind., has made a rule of saving pennies for the last twenty years. The quantity become so great, that he had no safe place to keep them and he has deposited them in a bank. There were 19,700 pennies in the accumulation, and the bulk of copper was so heavy that he had to take it to the bank on a dray.

CHURCHES THEIR SPECIALTY

New York, April 18.—Louis Lester and Thomas Riley, the former claiming Galveston, Tex., as his home, have been arrested with articles in their possession which had been stolen from churches. Lester has, according to the police, made a confession in which he said they had started in the burglary business at Pittsburg, making a specialty of looting churches. He estimated they had stolen valuables from the altars of more than 200 sanctuaries throughout the country.

Burrows' Clothes — Superior to All Others.

MANHATTAN SHIRTS.
Spring styles and patterns — cuffs attached or detatched — largest assortment we have ever shown—
$1.50 and $2.50

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST 3rd AVE. W.

M. S. BURROWS.
Leader Since 1890.

Best on Earth For the Price—
Burrows Regent Shoes
For Men and Women,
$3.50

Spring Fashions In High-Grade Suits for Men

Not the kind that is generally sold throughout the city, but the choicest products of wholesale tailors who are universally known as the most thorough and reliable in America.

Men's Fine Suits

Made of the best imported and domestic worsteds, vicunas and tweeds — containing only the newest and most fashionable patterns — usual prices, $18.00 and $20.00—special price for tomorrow, only---------- **$15**

Men's Blue Serge Suits

All cut in the latest shapes from the most desirable fabrics fine double worsted serge lining and hair cloth fronts — a regular $15.00 quality — special tomorrow---------- **$10**

The stylish **"Ellsmere"** short top coat — hundreds of patterns in Whipcords, Vicunas and Coverts---------- **$10 to $35**

The swell **"Stroller"** 48-inch long overcoat in many patterns—cut in the fashionable style —prices---------- **$15 to $35**

Your choice tomorrow of 1000 pairs of **Men's Fine Union-Made Trousers**—in the most up-to-date fashions—see them in our avenue window---------- **$1.50 to $5.00**

Spring Novelties For the Boys

All the richest products of the finest tailors in America—low prices for high-grade materials—our second floor is devoted to the boys, and here we have the most complete boys' clothing department in Minnesota.

Youth's Suits—ages 15 to 20—two-button double-breasted, military and regular cut, swellest new spring suitings made by the best of boys' tailors—blacks and blues of the most dependable qualities, extraordinary variety of styles... $7.50 to $22.50

Special—Black Clay Diagonals and blue serges—sizes 14 to 20 years—and many small lots of nobby spring colorings—were $10, $12 and $15—your choice at-------- **$8.50 and $7.50**

200 Waists and Blouses — sizes 10 to 15 years—they sell regularly at 50c—special price for Saturday---------- **25c**

Boys' Soft Hats in all the newest spring colorings---------- **$1.50 and $1.00**

Children's Pajamas, Knee Protectors, Night Shirts, Kid Gloves and Everything Needed for the Little Folks.

Boys' Knee Suits—ages 5 to 17—single and double-breasted—with and without vests—also popular Norfolk suits—same material, style, cut and high-grade tailoring as swell young men's suits—prices---------- **$2 to $12**

Children's ultra fashionable wide hats and swell Tam O Shanters **48c to $4**

Boys' Negligee Shirts, with two collars and one pair detached cuffs---- **50c**

Youths' Swell Trousers—28 to 33 inch waist and length—elegant new imported and domestic trouserings—extreme and conservative styles—a large variety of colorings—our special prices---------- **$2.95 to $5**

Boys' Pure Worsted Jersey Sweaters, fancy stripes and plain---- **$1 to $2**

All the latest styles and creations in Boys' Silk Neckwear---------- **25c**

Stylish Headwear for Spring.

We cordially invite your inspection of our new "Harriman," the swellest soft hat of the season—if you prefer a stylish derby, ask to see the "Gates"—either of these is the newest creation of the hatmaker's art and is the equal of any $3 hat on the market—Burrows' price---------- $1.90

Stetson's superior styles in derbys and fedoras are always on display at The Great Eastern —all colors and a hundred styles to select from—no better hats at any price---------- **$3.50**

Outing Caps, in all the fashionable materials—school, Eton, golf and Rob Roy shapes, plain and fancy patterns---------- **50c**

Choice of 500 Taffeta Silk Umbrellas—26 and 28 inch steel rods—natural wood handles—Burrows' price---------- **$1.50**

APPEAL TO CONGRESS

Millers Talking of That to Get Desired Rate on Flour.

Comment of Lake and Rail Men on the Situation.

Cost of Handling Flour Greater Than That of Wheat.

"I would like to see the millers get the same freight rate on export flour that grain shippers get on export wheat," said a lake and rail line man today, "but I'm afraid they have a well-night hopeless cause as far as our route is concerned."

The question is again made a live one by the great agitation the millers are making. It has been taken up actively by millers all over the country, and there is some talk of an appeal to congress. The Minneapolis millers are foremost in the general movement, and Duluth millers also are in full sympathy with it up to the point of going into congress. Both propose to stop there.

"If you will remember, the millers at the head of the lakes once organized a steamship line themselves with the chief purpose of overcoming this differential against flour. The line did not last long, and I think the millers found out a few things at that time that materially broadened their views on this subject. Of course, I don't blame them for trying to get all the concessions they can. They wouldn't be business men if they didn't.

"But the millers learned at the time they referred to that there wasn't so much actual differential against flour after all. They leased boats, and if necessary chartered additional boats for single trips. It was easier to charter tonnage for this purpose at that time, because there was an overplus rather than a shortage of vessel tonnage on the lakes at that time.

"The fact of the matter is that flour and a few scattering small jags of wheat are pretty nearly all the east-bound cargoes the line boats get. We can't abandon a trip, as railroads do with freight trains if there isn't enough tonnage for making the trip, and we can't cut off the expense by leaving off a few cars. We have to carry just so much capacity, anyhow, and we have to make our regular trips. As a general thing it comes in lumps—a big rush just after the opening of navigation and another big one just before the close.

"Wild tonnage, such as wheat is shipped in, can be turned into any bulk cargo market that offers the best rate. We are limited practically to package commodities and grain. If we can't get one or the other, the boat goes out light or practically light, as the case may be. If the wild boat can't get a full cargo it is tied up until one is found for it. In these times none but the line boats catch such luck as partial cargoes.

"Now, this is a phase of the situation that cannot be figured on by prediction or theory in its effect on the earning power of the boats per season per ton of freight. Only experience can give anything to work on. I have brought it out first, not so much because it is the most important, as because it is generally disregarded altogether. The average man, including the miller, says to himself: 'The flour rate is so much and wheat is being carried at so much; why should there be such a difference?'

"With no wheat tonnage in demand, the going rate from Duluth to Buffalo is 2¼ cents per bushel. Handling and elevator charges at Buffalo in elevating and loading out again and freight to New York amount to 4½ cents. A bushel of wheat weighs 60 pounds, so that 6¾ cents at present represents the freight cost of carrying two-thirds of a hundredweight of wheat from Duluth to New York. This is equal to about 10 cents per hundredweight. This is 8 cents less than the present per bushel lake and rail rate per hundredweight of flour, Duluth to New York. It must be borne in mind that the flour freight cost covers possible upturns in freight. The wheat freight cost represents conditions in a dull market, with tonnage offered but not taken. A brisk demand for wheat tonnage—as large a movement of wheat as there now is of flour—would cause an advance.

"But it must be remembered that the lake lines have to truck the flour out of the railroad warehouses into the vessel at Duluth by hand. Then they have to trim the cargo, which costs more than to trim a bulk cargo. Arrived at Buffalo, the vessel has to unload into warehouses, again by hand. At each end the wheat cargo is simply poured down into the hold through spouts, carried by its own weight. At the other end 'legs' are again dropped and endless belts operated by steam carry the grain up into the elevator. There is the same relative difference in the cost of loading the cars at Buffalo and unloading them at New York. I don't believe the lake lines net $1 a ton on this business at the 18-cent rate, deducting the cost of handling from and to dock. That is none too much, considering the greater delay in loading and unloading, and the fluctuating tonnage of the traffic. It was this fluctuating tonnage that made the millers' lake line a failure."

Flaaten's Swell Headgear...

Correct hats for dress, exclusive styles and richest materials, and prices that will appeal to the most discriminating shopper.

Be Sure and examine our splendid showing of Ready-to-wear Hats, and we know that the special line we quote for tomorrow is the prettiest and the most attractive ever shown at the prices.

Flaaten's
29 West Superior St.

THE LOCUST INVASION.

Ashland Man Says There Will Be None.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I have just read your Washington article on the coming of the 17-year-locusts this year in twenty states, including Ohio.

I was born in Southeastern Ohio in 1844. Two years later the locusts appeared. In 1863 we had them again, and there were millions of them. I had returned from the army about four weeks prior to their uprising, and remember trees and fences literally covered with them, while the cry of Phoroal almost deafened one.

They repeated their visit in 1880, although in greatly reduced numbers, yet theer were so many that millions of twigs on the trees were punctured and bunches of dead leaves could be seen in a few days. I was not there in 1897, but learn they were promptly on time.

They will not appear there this season—your scientists to the contrary notwithstanding. Yours,

N. B. WHARTON.

Ashland, Wis., April 17.

DEMOCRATS

Favor the Removal of Differentials on Refined Sugar.

Washington, April 18.—The Democrats of the house, at a caucus held last night, by a very large majority, estimated at 3 to 1, adopted the following resolution introduced by Mr. Swanson, of Virginia:

"Resolved, that we favor the removal of the differential on refined sugar, both from Cuba and elsewhere and believe that such amendments are properly in order, and we insist that it is the duty of all Democrats to vote, whenever opportunity is given, to have these amendments added to the pending bill providing for Cuban reciprocity. We are opposed to the adoption of the previous question when the bill is reported to the house until it shall have been properly amended in committee of the whole, as this will prevent an opportunity for just and proper amendments with recorded votes on the same.

"Resolved, further, that the action of this caucus is binding."

From the very outset the caucus was of an exciting character. Mr. Underwood, of Alabama, threw a bomb shell into the meeting by announcing that overtures had come to him from the Republican side by which it was to be agreed that the Republican leaders would abandon the Crumpacker resolution to investigate the Southern election law if the delegation from the states concerned (North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Virginia) would aid the majority to close debate, and would vote against the appeals which will be taken from the decisions of the chair when the motions to open up the bill to general amendment are offered. Mr. Underwood declined to name the Republican from whom these assurances regarding the abandonment of the Crumpacker resolution came.

The Democratic vote on Wednesday to close debate came principally from the states mentioned above. Mr. Swanson, of Virginia, offered the first definite proposition for the caucus to consider, in the shape of a resolution declaring it it to be the sense of the caucus that the Democrats should vote solidly against the demand for the previous question in order to permit the admission of amendments to reduce the tariff and upon the question of the germaneness of such amendment, if necessary, to overrule the chair. To this resolution Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, offered a substitute to bind the Democrats to vote for all propositions involving a reduction of the tariff, but to leave every Democrat free to vote his convictions upon questions of parliamentary procedure.

During the heated debate that followed, Mr. Burleson, of Texas, asked Mr. Underwood if the Republican leaders had not silenced Mr. Crumpacker and his friends on the Republican side who were opposed to the reciprocity bill, by agreeing to report the Crumpacker resolution and if they were not now trying to create a reflection on the Democratic side by offering to kill the resolution.

The caucus was rather turbulent during the early part of the evening, but toward the close the differences disappeared and it broke up amid evidences of harmony and good feeling.

The action taken last night binds the Democrats to vote to abolish the differential on refined sugar and against the previous question.

A TIME OF DANGER!

Thousands in Peril From Blood Diseases and Nerve Troubles Developed During the Winter Months.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

The Great Spring Blood Purifier, Nerve Bracer, and Health Builder.

Paine's Celery Compound is the wonder of the age! Its marvelous virtues are discussed amongst interested medical men, and its cures are talked of at every fireside.

As a spring health giver, Paine's Celery Compound stands far ahead of all other known remedies; it has no worthy competitor in the vast field of medicine.

To a large extent, the present popularity of Paine's Celery Compound is due to the fact it has accomplished some of its most astonishing cures in the spring season—a time when men and women usually complain of ill health, loss of vitality, tired feelings—a time when people feel dull, listless, despondent and ambitionless.

Today, there are thousands of business men, mechanics, farmers, and dear wives and mothers too, who, though able to walk around, are nevertheless sadly "out of health."

At this season, Paine's Celery Compound is the great health restorer and strength giver for the "out of health" people—for those who are perilously nearing some organic disease. Paine's Celery Compound used at once, will quickly remove every trace of poison from the blood, brace up the weak nerves, build up the tissues, and tone the digestive organism.

If you, dear reader, feel that your health is not as robust and vigorous as it should be, let us honestly suggest the use of Paine's Celery Compound that has so wonderfully blessed your neighbors and friends. Be assured, "it makes sick people well."

Ink 10c a Quart Diamond Dyes make the best inks.

REMODELED!

In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.

TURKISH BATH PARLORS,
110 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

The beverage made from Figprune Cereal is smooth, palatable and nutritious. Because of the large percentage of natural saccharine matter in figs and prunes, Figprune requires less sugar than any other cereal coffee. All Grocers Sell It.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

THEY DIFFER.

Different Stories From Men and Women at the Investigation.

According to the evidence at the emergency hospital investigation last evening it seemed to the investigators that only patients not sufficiently interestd in keeping their own rooms clean made complaint about "shameful neglect and shocking conditions of filth."

The investigation was conducted in the office of E. P. Towne and Dr. Robinson presided. Mr. Towne, at the request of other members of the board, conducted the examination.

An odd feature was that all the men before the board complained of general uncleanliness in their ward, while all the women gave directly opposite testimony in regard to conditions in their ward.

In trying to reconcile such widely separate testimony it developed that the women assisted in taking care of their ward, while the men did not.

The men testified that the food was rancid and improper for use and the women eating the same food said that it was simply improperly cooked.

The persons in charge of the emergency hospital admitted that the cook was incompetent but that this was not reported to the proper authorities until March 20 when the cook was given notice to leave on April 1.

Most of the complaints referred to time after the cook had received notice that her services were no longer desired.

The witnesses before the board were: H. A. Hutter, John Gillis, Edward McCue, W. J. Scott, Charles La Selle, Patrick White, T. F. Murphy, Joseph Gwatkin, Dr. Clarence Taylor, Deputy Health Inspector Kitchen, and Mrs. James Dingwall sent in a signed statement.

The first witnesses reiterated the published statements of general uncleanliness and the three women testified that the hospital so far as they knew was clean and orderly and the provisions were ample though sometimes very poorly cooked.

Mrs. James Dingwall in a signed statement said that conditions out at the hospital were far better than she expected to find them and that she was well cared for and had plenty to eat.

The men and women witnesses differed materially as to the bathing complaints. Most of the men said that they were unable to bathe. The women witnesses testified that they had no such trouble.

The witnesses that had the longest complaint to make against the management of the hospital admitted that they had not complained to the health commissioner or any member of the health board.

It was also brought out, in connection with the "body lice" complaint that there was at all times a good supply of cedar oil and insect powder in the hospital free to all persons that cared to use it.

Dr. Clarence Taylor, the physician directly in charge of the hospital admitted that he had relied entirely on his own judgment in managing the institution and had not reported the incompetence of the former housekeeper to Dr. Robinson till March 20.

The board of health will make a report of its findings to the mayor and council at the council meeting on Monday evening.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwall, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

IS FOR BEDE.

Auditor Dunn Comes Out For Him In His Paper.

J. Adam Bede is, temporarily at least, the sole figure in the field for the Republican nomination for congress, and he has taken hold with renewed energy.

He claims the support of the friends of Judge Morris because of what he has done for the judge in the past, and he is getting what he claims in many cases.

One of his latest converts is State Auditor Dunn, who telegraphed his paper yesterday to come out for Bede. His paper is the Union, published at Princeton, and it came out for Bede according to program. One of the leading editorials is on Morris' retirement, and it states that "as matters now stand it would seem that Mr. Bede is the logical successor to Congressman Morris for the Republican nomination. He has by his loyal work for the party proved himself worthy of some substantial recognition."

Mr. Bede said in St. Paul that he believed he could count upon the support of the Duluth Republicans. He had practically been a resident of Duluth for sixteen years, he said, and had helped many in political fights. Many firm friends of Judge Morris had told him often that they would support him if Morris was not a candidate, and he believed they would keep their word.

Congressman Morris has endorsed J. M. Smith for another term as receiver of the United States land office at Duluth.

The letters of protest against the appointment that The Herald referred to are still going in, and it is quite possible that they will have enough weight so that the congressional endorsement will not avail.

Dr. Eklund's is a new name that has been mentioned for the congressional nomination. The mention comes from the Morris organization. Dr. Eklund is a magnet for votes in Duluth, and those who mention him say he would be equally strong throughout the district.

Wall Paper.

We can show you a large variety in new and exclusive patterns. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

A Philippine Railway.

An entertaining letter from one of the Minnesota boys at Manila tells about the Manila and Dagupan railroad, the only railroad in the Philippine islands. It runs from Manila to Dagupan; distance, 195 kilometers, or 120 miles. He recently covered the line on its one daily through train and, in measuring the difference between the civilization and enlightenment of the people of the Philippines and those of the United States he points to the difference between this train with its primitive and meager accommodations and the Milwaukee's splendid Pioneer Limited, running between the Twin Cities and Chicago. One raw and crude and unpromising and the other the perfection of modern progress.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

WELL KNOWN HERE.

Emerson W. Peet, Who Died at St. Paul.

Emerson W. Peet, one of the foremost insurance men of the country, who died at St. Paul yesterday, was well known in Duluth business circles, and was highly esteemed.

Mr. Peet was born in Euclid, Ohio, Oct. 16, 1834, of revolutionary stock, his father being Rev. Stephen Peet. His mother was directly descended from John Howland, of the Mayflower.

Emerson Peet received his literary education in private schools, Beloit college and Amherst college, graduating from the latter institution in 1856. After leaving he became, from necessity, a teacher, being engaged in that profession at Milwaukee and Oskosh. In 1860 he removed to Texas and engaged in land surveying, at the same time continuing the study of law.

In 1864 he became a special agent for the Mutual Life Insurance company, and three years later he became a superintendent of agencies.

Later he founded the National Life Insurance company and championed the stock plan of insurance. For sixteen years he held the position of special examiner for the insurance department of Pennsylvania.

He removed to St. Paul in 1885 to undertake the general management of the Mutual Life of New York for Minnesota. He has been director of the St. Paul & Duluth, a trustee of Amherst college, director of the St. Paul public library, president and terasurer of the Associated Charities of St. Paul.

Mr. Peet was reared in the Presbyterian faith, but became an Episcopallan in 1872. Politically he was always a Republican. In 1862 he was married to Emma J. Fellows, who died in 1866, and in 1872 he was wedded to Miss Amelia K. Eastman, at Rochester, N. Y. He has one son by his first wife, William F., who was associated with him in business. Mr. Peet had a high social and business standing in St. Paul.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Children's and Misses' Coats and Dresses.

New and stunning styles for the little tot of 3 to the miss of 16.

Coats with lace collars—coats with velvet collars—in tan—navy—red—brown—etc.—

$3.75 and $5.75

Beautiful Silk Coats for Children.

Of Black Taffeta—handsomely trimmed—at $8.75 and $10.50.

Children's Suits or Dresses

Of Wool or Cotton materials—beautifully made and trimmed. **Of Cotton**—$1.75 and $2.25—and even as low as 75c. **Of Wool**—3.50, $4.75, $6.25, $6.75.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

We Offer Tomorrow—

Twenty-five Beautiful Hats—Trimmed with fine materials—and designed from high priced French model hats, values $8.50 to $10.00 at—

$7.50

We also offer tomorrow **many original creations in Shirt Waist Hats** from our own workrooms — no two trimmed alike—values from $4 to $5, at $3 75.

Children's Hats—

A new invoice has just been opened—beautiful styles for the little ones at **$1, $1.50 and $2.**

High Class Novelties at $2, $2.50, $3.50, and up to $10.

Children's Straw Sailors at 50c.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$20.00 to $25.00 Beautiful Tailor-Made Suits $11.75

Is a gilt dollar as good as a gold dollar? It looks like a gold dollar, but just test it, and you'll soon find the difference!

Two tailored Suits or Jackets may be made from the same fabric or pattern, and yet be as unlike as a gold dollar and a gilt one!

The skill and labor of the designers, cutters and tailors make the difference! The fabric is merely the material upon which they operate!

We show tomorrow new styles in Belts, Belting and Belt Buckles, DuBarry Shirt Waist Sets, Novelties in Wrist Bags, and Chateline Bags, and the very newest effects in Women's Neckwear, in silk or washable materials—We also offer special values in Summer Underwear and Hosiery for women, misses and children—and many new novelties in Muslin Underwear.

Cheap designers, cheap cutters and underpriced tailors may be relied on to turn out unsatisfactory clothes!

As for ourselves, we discard all cheapness except such as results from any special trade event. Such as **for instance a purchase of high grade tailor-made suits that enable us to retail them at $11.75.** Under ordinary conditions they could not be sold for less than from $20 to $30. But by being on the spot at a time when the market was dull and few buyers, our representative was able to pick up this remarkable lot at less than half their original value.

And mind you every garment is high class, made by a house located on Fifth Avenue, New York, and who are famous for fine garments throughout the land. The styles are new and exclusive, the fabrics of the very best, and the shades are the most popular of the season, such as tans, browns, greys, oxfords, castors, navys, and black--with a sprinkling of novelty shades such as green and red. We pledge our reputation on these garments and want you to compare them with any sold elsewhere throughout the city at from $20 to $30.

Some have Eton jackets, some have blouses—some of the jackets fit in the back, all are lined with silk. The skirts are good, some flare, some are pleated, and some are lined with silk. The suits are both plain and fancy.

SPECIAL NOTE—On account of the exceptional values of this special purchase of suits we have decided to include many garments from our regular lines that have retailed at $15, $18 and $20 and offer them at one price **$11.75.**

Alterations charged for on this special lot.

New Novelty Tailored Suits $18.50, $22.00, $25.00 and up to $75.00.

Most of these new comers are entirely different from those shown by us earlier in the season, a slight change here or there, but different. And you'll not see them like at any other store in this section of the Northwest, at any price. Those that put off their suit buying will have the satisfaction of getting the very newest Eastern ideas. We shall not attempt to describe them; a visit to the store is much more satisfactory. Commence at $18.50, and by jumps of a dollar or two can go to $75.00, or even more.

New Styles in Jackets and Long Coats of silk and cloth for women, misses and children.

If you come to the store tomorrow you will see dozens of new thing—novelties, in Jackets and Long Coats of silk or cloth that have just arrived from the East. Of course the good selling, earlier season numbers are alwaysretained.

Beautiful Long Silk Coats—handsomely tailored, $19.50. Pleated back, lace collar and of heavy quality silk. Then $21.50, $23.50, $25, $30 ane up to $75 for rich novelties.

Handsome Peau de Soie Silk Blouse Jackets at $15—perfect fitting, vesting front lined with white taffeta. Then $16.50, $18.50, $20, $22 $25 and up to $45 for high novelties.

Blouse Jackets of Cloth at $8.75—Of black cheviots and unfinished worsteds, tan and castor venetians, broadcloths, etc., silk or satin lined. Then $10, $12, $13.50 and up to $35.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

TRAFFIC IS LIGHT

Westbound Freight From Trunk Line Points Coming Slowly.

Lake Superior Freight Tariffs Are To Be Maintained.

Iroquois, White Line's Big Boat, Expected April 26 or 28th.

Lake and rail men report that as yet the movement of westbound freight from the trunk line points has not been exceptionally large. Navigation opened so much earlier than had been expected or than shippers believed would actually be the case, that a large part of the traffic that is moving now is thought to have been routed via all-rail lines. More orders that were placed for lake-and-rail routing were given with instructions to ship after the opening of navigation as soon as it occurred.

It is understood here that the new 19½-cent tariff published by the Milwaukee and Northwestern roads, covering flour shipments from Minneapolis to New York, and effective until April 30, has been protected by some of the trunk lines, though, perhaps, all of them have not yet joined. This action simply means two weeks more of low rates, in order to protect the two roads referred to in their contracts, which were made with millers before the advanced tariff was agreed upon. If it had not been for the new order of things due to President Roosevelt's interference with the interstate commerce commission, these two roads would probably have carried out their previous contracts while maintaining the new tariff on new business. Forced to publish a rate as soon as it was quoted or used, however, all traffic that was handled had under the new conditions to be carried on the same footing.

It is believed that freight rates between Duluth and the copper country will be well maintained this summer. Capt. Singer's accession of control of the Lake Michigan and Lake Superior line is said to give him a strong additional sustaining power over freight rates. Moreover, all parties are anxious to maintain the tariff. It is supposed that the lake and the all-rail lines have gotten together during the past winter and effected an understanding in this respect. The lake men will not discuss the matter, except to say that they believe rates will be maintained this season.

The steamer Iroquois, the new express boat for the White line, is expected to leave below for Duluth about April 26 or 28.

CLINCHES IT.

J. Adam Bede Says He Is Certain To Be Nominated.

"O. D. Kinney will not run for congress," confidently asserted J. Adam Bede this morning. The publication of Judge Morris' letter withdrawing from the race is thought to have brought Mr. Bede up from Pine City on one of his periodical visits.

"No, sir," he continued emphatically. "I know Mr. Kinney too well, and understand his preferences too well to believe for a moment that he will go into politics.

"Judge Morris' letter? Well, that simply clinches my certainty of getting the nomination. I had it anyway, but it gives all the boys a chance to get on the band wagon in a graceful way. The fact of the matter is that the country part of the district will come up pretty solidly for me. I have campaigned throughout the district all the time. I knew everybody in the district, understand them and what they want and need. They know that, and now that Judge Morris' withdrawal leaves his appointees free to act, they will go to their second choice, which is Bede.

"You see, I feel about this congressional nomination that my wide and intimate acquaintance with the people and interests of the district, and my three seasons at Washington as correspondent, have fitted me for the office. Then I feel that I have earned the nomination in my work for the party and I feel also that I am going to get it this time."

THE OPENING.

Slight Change In Plans For Opening New Carnegie Library.

By a change of plan the new Carnegie library will be opened formally at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening. The doors will be thrown open for an informal public inspection tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The library will not be open for strictly library purposes until Monday morning, consequently books will not be exchanged tomorrow.

The formal ceremony tomorrow evening will be very brief. The program announced is that, first the secretary of the library board will read Andrew Carnegie's letter making the original donation to the city of Duluth. The architect and builders will then present the building to the library board. The board will return the trust to the city, and Mayor Hugo, representing the city, will return the custody of the building to the board.

There will be no set speeches or other ceremony likely to tire the spectators, but it is desired that all citizens turn out for this short dedication ceremony and also to inspect the handsome new library, which is acknowledged one of the best of its kind in the United States.

THE POLICE COURT.

Frail Females Before the Bar of Justice.

A very sad thing happened in police court this morning. Carrie Landt and Annie Hazen were put on trial simply because one large blonde detective intimated that they were not members in good standing of the Order of the Pure White Lilies.

Miss Dell Miller was to have been tried with them, but the case against her was dismissed. At a late hour the hearing was still on.

* * *

Little Julia McComb was fined $2 and costs for stealing a broadcloth skirt from the last place where she worked. In default of the fine she was to spend five days in the county jail.

* * *

Fred Krause, strolling up the Bowery one day last fall, noticed that his feet were cold and his trousers worn out. He forged an order on a Bowery clothing "emporium," signing the name of a well-known liveryman. On the strength of this order he was given new shoes and a pair of overalls. Krause lives out in the country and that probably accounts for the fact that he was not arrested before. He says he was forced to forge for the clothing in order to keep warm.

Special Sale of Men's Fine Suits and Spring Overcoats Saturday at the Big Duluth.

$15.00 for your choice Saturday of 1000 men's fine suits and spring overcoats that are as stylish and as well made as any high grade custom tailor would ask you $28 to $40 for. All the swell new materials and colorings in an immense assortment of beautiful styles and fabrics at $15.00.

Ely Election Expenses.

Some Ely men who were candidates for election to various offices at the recent municipal election there have filed certificates showing what their runs cost them. Mostly they were not very expensive, running from $3 to $21.70, as follows: Thomas Jury, assessor, $16.50; Alford Bedford, special municipal judge, $4; F. L. Cowen, treasurer, $16; Louis Eisenach, alderman, $4.25; A. D. Ellefson, alderman, $3; Joseph H. White, alderman, $4; Charles Galowosky, alderman, $3; M. E. Gleason, mayor, $21.70; Olaf Knutson, alderman, $3.25; Peter Schaefer, city clerk, $18.

FIRE AT APPLETON.

St. Paul, April 18.—An Appleton, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The plant of Stannard & White, manufacturers of locomotive cabs and seats was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning.

VERDICT AFFIRMED

Supreme Court Upholds Verdict Against City of St. Paul.

Technical Objection to An Assessment Is Turned Down.

New Trial Is Granted In a Brown County Case.

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Justice Lewis of the supreme court today affirmed a verdict of $1200 in favor of Martin Welser against the city of St. Paul for personal damages.

Justice Collins affirmed an order of the Hennepin county district court confirming an assessment against the property of John Blake for the construction of two bridges on Central avenue, Minneapolis. Blake fought the payment of the assessments on technical grounds, alleging that only one report of the improvement had been made to the city council and that there should have been two. The court holds that this did not hurt Blake, and he must pay.

In the case of Peter Peterson and Fred Brederson, respondents, vs. Henning Landahl, appellant, Justice Collins affirms the order of the Morrison county district court setting aside a transfer of land on account of fraudulent representations on the part of the seller, and ordering the $200 paid on first installment refunded.

The order of the Brown county court is reversed and a new trial granted in the case of W. O. Merz, appellant vs. Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company, appellant. Merz wanted $1935 from the company; $1850 representing the value of some cattle which the company failed to deliver at Monticello and the remainder being damages and costs. Merz bought thirteen head of blooded cattle of Nels O. Lind, Rolfe, Iowa, and gave a note in part payment. Merz delivered the cattle at the railroad yards in Rolfe and arranged for their shipment to this state. At Elmore he found that Lind had replevined the cattle, having decided to keep the cattle. At the trial in the court below, the court accepted what purported to be a copy of a judgment issued by the Iowa court, but this was not certified, and the supreme court holds that its acceptance as evidence was a reversible error.

Justice Lewis affirmed the order of Goodhue county district court in the case of the Avery Planter company, respondent, vs. Elmer L. Peck, appellant, a suit to recover the price of a machine sold to appellant, who claimed that it was defective. He also affirmed the order of the Traverse county district court in the case of J. I. Case Threshing Machine company, appellant vs. Charles Hoffman and Robert Wilson, respondents, suit over a threshing machine.

RED CROSS

Order Closes Its State Convention Held at Rochester.

St. Paul, April 18.—A Rochester, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The state convention of the Ancient Order of Red Cross closed last night in this city. A large delegation gathered, called for the purpose of electing a delegate to the supreme convention, to be held in Waverly, Iowa, in June. E. A. Sanford, of Dodge Center, was elected. The high authorities of the order are negotiating the consolidation of the red cross with some other lodge at the coming supreme meeting. The Minnesota convention is not in favor and will fight it. A standing committee was elected to investigate conditions and the opinion of the lodges of the state, composed of C. J. Pickett, of St. Charles, W. H. Kock, of Utica, E. A. Sanford, of Dodge Center, and Mrs. Elizabeth Woodford, of Rochester. The gathering closed with a banquet and reception.

COLOMBIAN SOLDIERS.

Colon, Colombia, April 18.—A thousand government troops from the department of Santander reached Colon last night, under command of Gen. Luis Morales Berti. At Barranquilla he has 2000 additional soldiers ready to send to the isthmus at the first opportunity.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Delighted crowds nightly. Don't fail to see the family of thoroughbred Scotch collies in California Wine House window all day Saturday.

The McGregor Manufacturing company has been incorporated here to engage in the manufacture of wagons, sleighs and other vehicles. Its articles of incorporation were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds by Allan L. McGregor, Bert Fesler and William O. Fesler. The company is capitalized at $50,000, and its limit of indebtedness is $10,000.

All women interested in the study of parliamentary law are asked to meet at the parlors of the Spalding hotel at 10 o'clock Saturday.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Charles West, who renounces allegiance to the czar of Russia.

The steamer Hunter and the tug Crosby were inspected by the local board of steamboat inspectors today.

Parlor theater. Latest vaudeville.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

"Not Far from the Kingdom" was Rev. Patterson's subject last night at the Branch Bethel. There was a large crowd of men out, and good attention. Saturday evening at the Branch Bethel, Jim Burwick, the railroad evangelist, will speak. "Brother Jim," as he is called is an interesting talker.

PERSONALS.

George C. Howe will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for the East.

Rev. J. M. Duncan leaves over the Northern Pacific today for Minneapolis.

D. L. McKay, a Chippewa Falls logger, arrived at the St. Louis this morning.

Frank A. Greene has returned from a trip to Chicago.

Vice President Fitch of the South Shore went to Minneapolis last night. Before leaving he said that, as intimated in The Herald several times, the general offices of the road would not be moved here until the officers and employes could get houses. His investigations yesterday afternoon caused him to conclude that there was little chance of this at this time.

E. F. Bradt, of Sault te. Marie, Ont., is at the Spalding.

C. P. White left for St. Paul today over the Eastern Minnesota.

Z. D. Scott has returned from California, and E. M. Graff, who has been here to direct the Scott-Graff company during his absence has returned to Pennsylvania.

William Wiffenbach, of Chicago, is visiting friends in the city.

D. J. Hayes and W. R. Parker, of Two Harbors, who represent the trainmen of the Duluth & Iron Range in the negotiations regarding the new wage schedule, returned home today. It is understood that the negotiations are practically closed, though not formally so, and it is denied that there has at any time been any prospect of trouble between the road and the men.

Thomas H. Glaskin, vice president and manager of the Thompson-Glaskin company, has gone to Chicago on a business trip.

Mrs. G. G. Hartley has returned from a trip to Boston.

J. G. Ellis took this morning's Northern Pacific for La Moure, N. D.

John Misak will return to Chicago this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Shaw, Jr., arrived at the Spalding this morning on their return from Florida, where Mrs. Shaw spent the winter. Mr. Shaw joined her a month or six weeks ago.

Superintendent C. L. Newberry, of the Ely public schools, arrived at the St. Louis this morning.

Ira E. Bush, of Ewen, is a guest at the McKay.

Miss Sabin returned today from Chicago, where she has been spending the winter.

William Davis left today for Fargo, going via the Northern Pacific.

J. G. Ketchum will take this afternoon's Fast Mail for Chicago.

James Bale and Mrs. Bale came down from Ely this morning and are at the St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS FAIR.

People Will Make It a Great Success.

H. W. Austin, formerly in a law firm at Superior, now of St. Louis, Mo., was in the city on a business trip today. Mr. Austin is the assistant claim agent of the Wabash road, and makes his headquarters at St. Louis. Relative to the preparations going on in the Southern city for the fair scheduled to be held there in 1903, Mr. Austin says that St. Louis people are determined to make the fair one that will eclipse all similar efforts of American cities, and are spending vast sums on the fair grounds, which will be very beautiful. Mr. Aust in says he frequently hears of Duluth and its prestige, and says that in the South the impression is gaining that the Zenith City is fast increasing in importance over either St. Paul or Minneapolis.

Not the Duluth Boy.

The authorities are well satisfied that the body now held in the medical department of the Iowa State university is not that of John Brandeine, formerly of 222½ East Third street.

The description of the dead boy is that he is 5 feet 11½ inches tall, which is fully three inches taller than the missing Duluth boy. The teeth of the dead boy are said to be in perfect condition, while that of young Brandeine were not. The missing boy had a large vaccination scar, while there is not a scar on the body now held by the Iowa university.

Wants a Change.

Joseph Fostofsky has asked the district court to cut the last syllable off his name, making it "Fostof," which he thinks will be an improvement.

He is 39 years of age, has lived here ten years, and runs a clothing business on the Bowery. He says that the name of his paternal ancestors for a great many generations was "Fostof," and that by right that should be his name also.

He does not state how the transformation took place, but he asks the court to give him his ancestral name again. Alexander Marshall is his attorney.

Will Be Rebuilt.

D. L. McKay, of Chippewa Falls, buyer for the Chris Mueller & Sons Lumber company, of Davenport, Iowa, arrived in the city today to look after the company's timber interests in Northern Minnesota. The company has been rebuilding its mill that burned down last fall, and expects to operate more heavily than before. The new mill will have a larger capacity for turning out lumber than the old one, as it is equipped with all the modern mill machinery. The Chris Mueller & Sons Lumber company has in past years cut a large amount of white pine from Northern Minnesota, and its operations here will be as active this season.

ABDUCTION

Charged Against Husband of Fifteen-Year-Old Girl.

St. Paul, April 18.—A Fergus Falls, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: William Oakes and Emma Erickson, of Clitheral, this county, eloped Monday, crossed over into North Dakota and were married there. The bride is only 15 and on their return yesterday her irate father took her home and coming to this city swore out a warrant for Oakes charging him with abduction. The young man was captured here this morning, taken before Justice Cowing and bound over to the grand jury, bail being fixed at $500. The parties are neighbors and the case has aroused great interest.

WILHELMINA

Has Typhoid Fever Which Complicates Her Illness.

The Hague, April 18.—An official bulletin was issued this morning from Castle Loo stating that Queen Wilhelmina passed a fairly quiet night. Her fever continues. The alarming fever which complicated the queen's condition is now officially admitted to be typhoid. A special edition of the official journal this morning publishes the doctors' statement as follows: "The supposition, entertained by the queen's physicians since the commencement of her majesty's illness has become a certainty. It is now established that the queen is suffering from typhoid fever. Up to the present time the malady has run its ordinary course."

Berlin, April 18.—The Cologne Gazette today revives the report of the probable convocation of the Dutch states general, in order to establish a regency in Holland, on account of Queen Wilhelmina's illness.

DEATH LIST.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, April 18.—George R. Bentley is dead at his home here from dropsy, aged 70. He was one of the builders of the Iowa Central railroad, was largely interested in the development of Iowa coal fields and later successfully operated in Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek mining properties.

El Paso, Texas, April 18.—James McDaniels an old-time theatrical manager and actor, died today at the age of 63. McDaniels was at one time manager of John McCullough's theater in San Francisco, and later owned the McDaniel's block at Cheyenne, Wyo., which was burned, leaving him penniless. His only support in recent years was an allowance from the actors' association. He at one time played with Clara Morris.

New York, April 18.—Georgius Lemay, a French Canadian musician, for sixteen years organist of the Roman Catholic church of Ste. Jean de Baptiste, this city, died yesterday. He was born in St. Paul, Minn., forty-five years ago. His parents moved to Canada when he was very young and he became a musician and composer.

Phoenix, Ariz., April 18.—O. S. Kimball, aged 59, a member of the Emerson Piano company, of Boston, died Wednesday night on a ranch near Phoenix, of consumption, from which he had suffered for years. Interment will be in Boston. Only twenty hours before his death, while dissolution was hourly expected, Kimball was married to Miss Lottie I. Wells, aged 41. She had been a member of his family for several years.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H. C. Holbrook and Ella Cattenach.

BIRTHS.

LARSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Larson, 1609 West Michigan street.

ERICKSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Erickson, 1821 West Second street.

NELSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Nelson, 2922 Huron street.

ERSPAMER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Erspamer, of 25 East Third street.

DEATHS.

DOLSON—Julia Dolson, wife of Joseph Dolson, of Duluth Heights, died last night at St. Luke's hospital. The funeral service will be held from Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment Park Hill cemetery.

WALIN—Lillie Walin, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank O. Walin, of 331½ West Third street, died yesterday. The funeral service will be from the family residence tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in London Road cemetery.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1388.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

AS IT LESSENS DEFECTS, INTENSIFIES attractiveness, Satin-Skin Powder pleases all users. 25c. Flesh, white or brunet.

FICTION READING

Dr. Morgan Says Something of It In His Discourse.

Christians Are Getting Too Far Away From Their Bible.

Calls Denominational Dissension Curse of Christianity.

"I've known of young people that read six verses of the Bible and then read sixty pages of the latest novel," said Dr. Morgan, at the First Methodist church last night. He had the largest audience of the series of meetings thus far. The subject treated was "Growth," following in a sequential way that of the night before, "Health." Tonight he will discuss "Food."

It was in talking about Bible study that the doctor made one of his quick oratorical dashes at modern fiction reading. He declared that Christians were getting too far from their Bible. They must live on it if they were to grow. The child period was likened to the brook, the youth to the stream and maturity to the ocean. The Christian had not reached the harbor when he reached holiness; he was just setting out on his voyage.

Dr. Morgan declared that there was more in the Bible than anybody could dream. He said he had been reading the minor prophets for four months in preparation for a series of lectures at the Northfield conference this summer, and he now realized that it would be possible for him by that time only to learn what he did not know about them.

A great many people asked him how best to study the Bible. That was something that each must determine for himself. The profitable method for one would not be so for another. Each should work out a system, but that system should contemplate the reading of a book at one sitting. He declared that while the Bible was the work of God, as an inspiration, each writer had fastened his individuality upon his work. The doctor then quoted the relative treatment of certain subjects by several of the apostles and made deductions that threw light upon the character of each.

"This isn't such a large book, although there is so much in it," declared Dr. Morgan. "If you don't believe it can be read in sixty hours, try it, and if it isn't true write me that you have failed. I will then at least know that you have read it through once."

A New York man, a lawyer, had heard him make the statement that the Bible could be read through in sixty hours, had doubted, read and the other day wrote that he had accomplished the reading in that time.

Denominational dissension came in for rigid treatment. Dr. Morgan declared the differences that had grown up over different points of view to be the worst curse of Christianity. What these various parts of the whole church today should seek to should be to grow up in the likeness of the Master.

"Let me choose somebody in this corner, somebody else in that corner and another in that corner," said Dr. Morgan, 'assuming that they do not know one another, and try to get two over to the other's corner. It would be difficult. But let me say to each of them: 'Won't you all come down here in the center of the auditorium and get close to the Master,' and they would all move at once. You can get closer to one another in this work by growing up to Christ. He will bring all together. We can't all look at things from the same angle, and we can't grow together by trying to do so. We must forget the personal side of the matter, and as we grow up in his perfect love that development will bring us together in ecclesiastical polity. The most graitfying feature of these union meetings is a unity of spirit and interest that is lacking in denominational work."

In accordance with an intimation of the evening before, Dr. Morgan prefaced his address last evening with an exposition of the Northfield movement. Its plan as described is the application of much the same as the Chautauqua summer gathering idea to the study of the Bible. At the summer conferences at Northfield, Mass., daily lectures on various parts of the Bible are delivered by masters of the subject, and the aim is to have a great gathering there every summer that shall be devoted to practical and inspiring interpretation of Holy Writ.

NEW TIMBER.

Loggers Are Looking Forward to Opening of Chippewa Reservation.

Minnesota loggers are looking forward to the opening of the timber lands on the Indian reservations that are expected to be open by next fall should there be no obstruction to the Morris bill, which has been favorably reported on by the house committee. A prominent Minnesota lumberman who was in the city yesterday said:

"Everything now seems to point to the placing on the market next fall of a large amount of timber that has hitherto been where it could not be touched. Not only that, but a large area of agricultural and cut-over lands, after the timber is removed will be open for settlement if nothing comes up to hinder the Morris bill. I believe the outcome will be one of the best things that has ever happened in the Northern part of this state for the general benefit it will be to Minnesota interests.

"There has been some excellent agricultural lands and some good timber tied up in the Indian reservations for a long time, and it has delayed the development of Northern Minnesota. As I understand the purpose of the bill, it is not intended to provide a way for the cutting of all that is to be sold at once, but assurance is given to the lumbermen who have invested thousands of dollars that they will be able to get pine timber in the future when they have cut their present holdings.

"Of course there have been objections and much has been said in favor of the bill. Some amendments have been made and accepted by the author. I do not believe that all were exactly to his liking, but they certainly were not very objectionable. To me the most acceptable feature of the new law will be the way it puts out of all possibility to keep in vogue the old method of cutting dead and down timber and which methods have always been the source of trouble.

"Briefly, the Indians are to be taken care of by allotments which the secretary will complete before the agricultural lands are opened to settlement. One amendment provides that the ti...es to islands in Leech an... Cass lakes and certain peninsulas shall remain with the Indians, under the control of the secretary of the interior. I believe there are reasons why the amendment providing for the sale of timber on the stump instead of the bank scale should not have been accepted by the committee. There are also objections from lumber interests to the amendment providing for sealed bids for timber. The lumbermen would have been better satisfied, generally, to have the timber sold at auction. The publicity of open sales would tend to an avoidance of much of the trouble usually arising over the sale of Indian timber.

"If the Morris bill passes, and I can see no good reason why it should not, there is a possibility that the agricultural lands will be opened by next fall and some of the timber could be put on the market for logging operations next winter. According to provisions of the bill the timber must be advertised for six months preceding the date of sale. General satisfaction, so far as I can learn, is expressed by the citizens of Walker, Cass Lake and Northern Minnesota over the favorable report of the bill. The people that have been in favor of large park reservations do not get all they asked for, but they get enough concessions to provide for the preservation of large tracts of forest and the scientific logging of other large tracts in which the mature timber only will be cut."

IN CLEANING HOUSE

Which is one of the necessary things at this time of the year, you will find a most valuable exterminator and preventative of offensive insects by using

OUR BED BUG KILLER.

It is guaranteed to do the work, hence making house-cleaning complete.

Now is the time to store away heavy clothing, furs, etc. Our

Extra Refined Moth Balls

Insures your valuables against moths, as they are the finest and most carefully prepared moth balls on the market.

MAX WIRTH,
Druggist,
13 West Superior St.

Something to Secure.

A fine reproduction of the latest portrait of Pope Leo XIII, at the novel price of 10 cents each. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

A FINE ENTERTAINMENT.

Good Program Presented By Bishop's Club.

The entertainment given by the Bishop's club, in the Association hall last evening proved a great success, a large audience being present and pleased with the musical and literary program. The program was rendered under the direction of Miss Laura Krankenfield. Miss Ruby Seymour, a promising young player, gave a piano selection from Nelly. Recitations were rendered by Grace Daw, Helen Daw and Eva Sawyer. The youthful speakers showed evidences of careful training and their recitations were pleasing. Oliver Colbertson played a violin solo from De Berlot, for which he was warmly applauded. Miss Mary Shesgren gave a characteristic Gaelic reading. Miss Iva Evered gave a piano selection and little Miss Effie Brotherton recited.

One of the scenes from Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice," was ably presented by Miss Mary Hollenbeck as Portia, and Miss Mabelle McKeekin, as Nerissa. This was followed by a solo by Miss Allie Piper, who responded to an encore. Miss Anna Knauf gave a delightful character sketch and Charles Dorrance and Jess Frankenfield closed the entertainment with a laughable sketch entitled "A Pair of Lunatics."

The proceeds of the entertainment will go toward the purchase of a large window which is to be placed in the cathedral in honor of Bishop McGolrick.

THE NEW DUTY

On Flour Causes Increase In Price of Bread.

New York, April 18.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is quoted as having said that the duty of three pence a hundred weight on grain and five pence on flour will amount to an insignificant fraction of a quarter loaf, says a Tribune dispatch from London. The bakers, however, frightened by the rise in the price of flour, have in some cases put an extra penny on the loaf. The Bobden club is trying to arrange a demonstration in Free Trade hall, Manchester, against the tax. Mincing Lane dealers claim that the impost will produce £2,000,0000 or £3,000,000 more than the chancellor of the exchequer estimated.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 7; Philadelphia, 0.
At St. Louis—Pittsburg, 1; St. Louis, 0.
At Cincinnati—Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 1.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; Boston, 1.

SUCCEEDS SIPIAGUINE.

St. Petersburg, April 18.—Senator Von Plehwe, secretary of state for Finland has been appointed minister of the interior, succeeding the late M. Sipiaguine, who was assassinated April 15.

EVER GET "FULL?"

On Other Things Than Liquor.

It is profitable for anyone to study food in order to regulate the health, not with medicine, but by building up healthy nerve centers with good food.

A man who has made something of a study on this line writes from Iowa City: "When I first tried Grape-Nuts it was at the table of a prominent state official and the remarkable taste attracted me. I afterwards investigated the subject carefully and discovered that Grape-Nuts contains dextrose sugar. The starchy part of the food is transformed into starch sugar or dextrose. Those same results are produced by the digestive organs by the action of the saliva and the pancreatic juices on starchy foods. These facts convinced me that Grape-Nuts is a natural, pre-digested food and just what I required and needed.

"I had been suffering from a full feeling after meals and generally more or less headache. All this trouble left when I quit using white bread, warm biscuits, etc.

"It was about this time I came home from school, broken down physically and mentally. I only weighed 120 pounds. At my earnest request mother began serving Grape-Nuts every meal and she said she had never eaten anything that agreed with her physical condition as did my "new food" as she termed it.

"In five weeks I weighed 133 pounds, a gain of thirteen pounds, and I feel so strong that I have been able to do from ten to fifteen hours of hard work daily. My mind has never seemed so clear before and I am thoroughly convinced that there is no food like Grape-Nuts to produce health and a strong and clear brain." Lee Arlington, box 1755, Iowa City, Iowa.

CHANGED THE SPOTS

On Cards and Got Money of Colorado Young Men.

Hypnotic Poker Player Is $4000 Ahead of the Game.

Persuaded a Hotel Clerk That His Bill Was Paid.

Trinidad, Col., April 18.—Professor B. O. Keller, hypnotic poker player, has disappeared. The young men of Trinidad are coming out of their trances and searching themselves for the $4000 Professor Keller persuaded them he won from them. The clerk of a local hotel, freed from the spell cast over him by the professor, rushed to the police station and swore out a warrant charging Keller with beating a board bill of $40, which Keller, by hypnotic suggestion, persuaded him was paid.

Last week a well-dressed young man appeared in Trinidad and said he was Professor B. O. Keller, hypnotist. He arranged a series of exhibitions. Every evening, after persuading his subjects they saw rabbits and things, Professor Keller sat in a little game of draw. The men who played with him now charge Keller used his hypnotic powers in the game. When the young men held full houses Keller calmly raked in the chips, and, by hypnotizing his opponents, he convinced them they held fours and sevens. No hand was good against him. Merely by a pass of the hands before the eyes of a man holding four of a kind Keller made him see spots until a royal flush confronted him.

Professor Keller could not use except when he elected to lose. Two passes and a presto doubled his pile of chips. His victims stood for hypnotic poker until the professor accumulated $4000 of their money. Then they talked of vengeance. Seeing the spell was departing, Professor Keller hurried to the hotel, hypnotized the clerk into the belief he had paid his bill, and departed eastward.

Any stranger who hereafter makes any passes with his hands over the cards will take a big risk.

AT THE HOTELS

L. S. Merritt, who is stopping at the McKay, claims that the farming country in the vicinity of this new town on the line of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railway is as good as there is on earth. He declares that there is a 5-foot layer of rich loam soil over all the surface of that district. Mr. Merritt tells of one farmer whose place adjoins his who cut 150 tons of hay from 160 acres of land, not nearly all of which had been cleared up. He says that there is not an acre of land in the township in which he lives that has not been taken up. Mr. Merritt is keeping a stopping place at Ash Lake, which it is expected will be the largest town for a time on the line of the new road. He has lived there about six years. As yet, the construction work on the road has not reached the new city, but it progressing rapidly.

* * *

Robert Jardine, of Chicago, western manager of the New England Factory Mutual Insurance companies, was at the Spalding this morning for a short time. Mr. Jardine manages the writing of insurance in most of the factory mutual fire insurance companies whose headquarters are located in Providence, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore and other New England cities. He could not be found to throw light on the cause of his brief visit, but it is intimated that there may be a movement in this part of the country to take out mutual insurance, as a result of the recent advance in premiums by the board companies.

* * *

W. A. Gould, a Minneapolis lumberman, who is operating in the vicinity of Hibbing, arrived at the St. Louis this morning on his way to the range.

* * *

William Sauntry arrived at the Spalding last night from Stillwater.

* * *

P. R. Vail, of Ely, is at the St. Louis. He says Ely is lively as a result of early shipping operations at the steel corporation mines in that vicinity. Mr. Vail looks for early and extensive exploratory operations on the Vermillion range. He says with iron ore in such great demand, and so much unlocated iron on the Vermillion range, there is every reason in the world why explorers should get busy.

* * *

H. M. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health, arrived at the Spalding last evening.

* * *

P. A. Smith, of the Rat Portage Lumber company, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

This morning's arrivals at the Spalding include: C. E. Van Court, Chicago; Miss Holbrook, Minneapolis; J. D. Bacon, Grand Forks; W. W. Ketcham, Chicago; E. F. Peabody, Jr., David P. Brown, Minneapolis; J. Blath, New York; A. N. Ogle, J. G. Miller, Two Harbors, and George J. Lonstorf, Milwaukee.

* * *

L. A. Legg, St. Paul; Mose Zimmerman, St. Paul; M. H. Schussler, Floodwood; B. A. Smith, St. Paul; T. I. Pearce, Chicago; Ed St. John, Stillwater; H. Eves, St. Paul; J. E. Neiss, Grand Forks; James Dunphy, Carlton, and Hartley McGuire, Minneapolis, are recent arrivals at the St. Louis.

* * *

At the McKay are: L. P. Dresser, Chippewa Falls; C. P. Nettleton, Boys, Wis.; B. Edwards and wife, Washington; John A. Siple, Beltrami; F. S. Riely, W. P. Finnegan, Minneapolis; W. Atkins, St. Paul, and A. Putnam, Minneapolis.

LAST BODY

Of Victims In Negaunee Mine Disaster Recovered.

St. Paul, April 18.—A special to the Dispatch from Negaunee, Mich., says: The body of Angelo Carrill, the last victim of the Negaunee mine disaster of Jan. 7, was recovered today. The body was found within twenty feet of the shaft where most of the other bodies were located. The miners worked in the wrong direction in search for the body for a month past.

Silk Headquarters at the Head of the Lakes.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

The Anniversary Sale and Red Letter Week has been a phenomenal success. Each day's sales exceeded those of the previous day. New and powerful inducements full of pocket-book interest will make tomorrow the crowning day of the week.

$20 to $25 Ladies' Suits at $15.

It is a clearing up of manufacturers' samples and single and odd suits of our own stock. The lot does not contain any antiquated style. Not one garment that is not up-to-date, for they are mostly single suits from regular stock, chosen with particular regard for every detail of style and finish, only one size of a kind—we cannot fit every figure in every style, but we have every size in some good style. If you find a style to suit your figure in the lot take it at $15.

$15 $15

Ladies' Suits, highly tailored—made from Etamine, Venetian, Cheviot and Broadcloth—Silk and Percaline Drop Skirts—very elaborately trimmed, with fancy Mohair braids and Moire Silk bands. Regular value $30.00 to $32.50. Choice of the lot Saturday, $22.50

Ladies' Dress Skirts, made from good, all-wool Cheviot and Broadcloth, nicely trimmed with either silk bands or fancy Mohair braid, lined with good Percaline—perfect fitting. Regular price $5.75 and $6.00—Saturday price..... $4.98

Young Ladies' Skirts for 10 to 14-year-old girls, made from Broadcloth, in red, blue and brown—Silk Taffeta band, trimmed flounce, percaline lined and perfect skirts in make and fit—cheap at $4—Saturday price.. $3.00

Ladies' Walking Skirts with ten rows stitching on bottom, made from good Melton Cloth, in brown, tan and oxford grey—regular value $3.25. Special Saturday price..... $2.48

Ladies' Walking Skirts with corded flounce, made from all-wool Covert Venetian Cloth, in brown, blue, gray and black. Good value at $5.50. Special Saturday price $4.48

Ladies' Dress Skirts, made from all-wool black Cheviot, graduated satin flounce, with four rows of Taffeta bands—lined with good mercerized Taffetine—regular price $6.50. Special Saturday price $5.50

Children's Jackets—$3.00 to $6. kind—Saturday at..... $1.98

New Gibson Blouse Jackets of fine imported Cheviot—revere, sleeve and waist trimmed with Peau de Sole—silk trimmed belt fastened with cut steel buckle—Taffeta lining. A very nobby up-to-date coat and only... $15.00

Girls' Sailor Blouse Suits, made from all-wool Serge Cheviot, trimmed with wool soutache braid, in blue, red and brown—sizes 4 to 12 years. Regular value $6.00. Special Saturday $4.50

About three dozen Children's Coats, 12 to 16-year sizes—made from fine grade materials—well trimmed with braid. Sold at $5 to $6 each. To close out Saturday. Your choice at..... $1.98

Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, made of fine quality Coverts—the new Russian blouse style, and ruffle back and rows of tucks down the back and front—satin lined—a very stylish coat at $12.00. Special Saturday price..... $9.00

Charming Hats

FOR LADIES—
At Anniversary Sale Prices.

Novelties in tailor-made Hats—several very handsome creations in fancy soft braids, trimmed with lace and buckle, velvet and fancy wing; were $5 and $5.50. Your choice..... $3.98

Ladies' Trimmed Hats—Of pretty braid, trimmed with chiffon, lace and flowers. The stylish and nobby hats usually sold for $6 to $7. Tomorrow your choice at—each..... $5.00

Ladies' Street Hats—Nobby, up-to-date shapes—prettily trimmed—regular price $2.50 and $2.75—Saturday..... $1.98

A delightful new lot of floppy-shaped sailor Hats for little misses. They include all the latest ideas as to style, braid and trimming. Prices rise in easy steps from 98c, $1.25 and up..... 98c

Children's new Sailor Hats, in plain white, blue and white and brown and white, in new 1902 shapes, made from pretty, strong straw braid—at, each..... 50c

Shoe Inducements.

In the front rank stands our shoe department. Best quality stock—newest lasts—the most swagger styles fresh from the Eastern factories. Each and every one has that individuality known only to Freimuth's Shoes.

$5.00—This line includes all the new lasts for spring and summer in patent leather, vici kid or heavy dongola for street wear, hand turned with extension sole and Cuban, Opera, Military or Louis XV. heel. For wear and style they are unequalled..... $5.00

$3.50—The Volga—The elite of footwear for ladies—made of kid or patent leather with extension sole and choice of several new heels. Comfort-giving and handsome—the Volga leads all $3.50 Shoes in every detail. All sizes and lasts..... $3.50

MONEY SAVING SPECIALS—Child's Dongola Lace Shoe—patent tip, sizes 8 to 11—a splendid wearing shoe, regularly sold at $1.50—tomorrow..... $1.00

Boys' Dongola Lace Shoe—extension sole—rope stitch, good strong sole. A fine school shoe. Always $2.50—tomorrow..... $2.00

Muslin Wear, Corsets.

Corsets—$1.25 and $1.50 kind at 75c.

An assorted lot of Royal Worcester Corsets, in white, black and drab. Regular price $1.25 and $1.50. Choice tomorrow— 75c

Ladies' Muslin Night Gowns, made from good quality Muslin, nicely trimmed with Embroidery and Torchon Lace—about half a dozen styles to select from—regular value 95c Special tomorrow..... 79c

Ladies' Night Gowns, made from fine grade Cambric and Muslin—elaborately trimmed in half a dozen new styles—worth $1.19 and $1.25—special $1.00

Ladies' Muslin Umbrella Drawers, trimmed with lace tucking and pretty hemstitching—cheap at 35c—Saturday, special— 23c

Ladies' Muslin Skirts, with three rows of hemstitching, deep flounce—dust ruffle—regular price $1.35. Special Saturday— 98c

An Umbrella Sale.

Several Very Special Items In This Department Will Prove of Interest To You.

$1.50 for Ladies' $1.98 Umbrella—26-inch tight roll frame—covered with fine Union Silk, Taffeta case and tassel, steel rod, Paragon frame and automatic runner. Beautiful pearl handle, mounted in silver or gold. A handsome Umbrella at the regular price, $1.98. A bargain at..... $1.50

Ladies' all silk twill Umbrellas—colors, navy and maroon; steel rod, Paragon frame, automatic runner, close roll, assorted shapes of Congo wood handles. An excellent umbrella for $2.75. Very cheap for $2.25

Ladies' or Gentlemen's 26 and 28-inch close rolling Umbrellas—covered with fast black mercerized twill of excellent quality. Steel rod, Paragon frame, good assortment of Congo wood handles. Excellent quality for $1.25—special at 98c

Children's Umbrellas—24-inch frame with good mercerized twill fast black cover. Steel rod. Paragon frame, assorted handles. Regular price $1.00. Tomorrow 75c

Men's Wear.

That $1 Shirt we've spoken of before is the best one on earth for the price. All the most novel and fetching patterns and colors; in oxford, madras and cheviot—made in comfort-giving negligee, with detached cuffs—all sizes at..... $1.00

Men's Night Shirts—made of twill cotton—fancy embroid'ry front and cuffs—full length, all sizes—price $1 at 75c

Balbriggan Underwear; mercerized finish, edges trimmed with silk, French neck, pit, tail and cuffs, double seat, all sizes, regular 75c garment; this sale per suit $1; garm't 50c

An elegant new line of men's fancy lisle thread hose—all the latest shades and novelties—in stripes, checks, etc., some very swell effects at, per pair..... 50c

Silks—Dress Goods.

This department carries the richest and most bewitching line of dress goods and silks ever shown in Duluth. Its popularity has well been proven this week. The latest continental novelties in silks and dress goods—the most exclusive in weave and colors are found here. No wonder this is known as "silk headquarters at the head of the lakes." New inducements each day lend new interest. These suggestions for tomorrow:

Silk Department.

22-INCH BLACK TAFFETA—Always 75c a yard. Anniversary Sale price— 59c

36-INCH BLACK TAFFETA—All Silk, with no dressing. A good wearer, worth $1.19 a yard. Anniversary Sale price..... 79c

BLACK DRESS SILKS—24-inch Black Armure—24-inch Bias Gros Grain—$1.25 values. Anniversary Sale price 85c

NEW COLORED MOIRE VELOURS—In shades of blue, castor, brown, old rose, white, reseda, gobeline and cardinal. Sale price..... $1.00

NEW BENGAL PONGEE—A new arrival of this very popular fabric—an extreme novelty for summer gowns and extremely serviceable—will wash nicely—comes 24-inch wide and the price is reasonable—per yard 75c

Dress Goods—black and colored.

Black Cheviots, black Granite Cloths, black Habit Cloths, all wool fabrics, 44 to 52 inches, 85c and 98c qualities. Anniversary Sale price..... 65c

An exceptionally choice selection of fine wool Dress materials at 79c, consisting in part of Etamines, Poplins, London Twines, Fancies, two-toned Suitings, Silk and Wool effects, etc., worth up to $1.50 a yard. Anniversary Sale price..... 79c

54-INCH STORM SERGE—In blue only, made from hard twisted Mohair Yarns, for exceptionally hard wear. Worth $1.50 a yard. Anniversary Sale price $1.15

Sheer lightweight materials for spring and early summer gowns, consisting of silk warp Poiles, London Twines, Etamines, in all the desirable shades. Per yard..... $1.25

Underwear-Hosiery

Three Specials at 25c.

Ladies' Vests of Combed Peeler Yarn—high neck, long sleeves—or low neck and no sleeves. Knee pants with lace bottoms—same as vests. Regular price 35c per garment — price for tomorrow..... 25c

Union Suits — 100 dozen manufacturers' samples have been secured at less than actual cost to producers—made of good quality yarn in low neck, short sleeves and knee length. pants — originally 50c goods—special at 25c

Ladies' Black Lace Lisle Hose—full regular made foot — 20 styles from which to select—the prettiest stocking ever sold for the price..... 25c

New Belts.

An entirely new showing of satin folded and elastic silk Belts, with beautiful new style buckles and back pieces of oxidized silver and gold ..... $1.25 to $3.50

A special lot of fine satin and moire plaited belts, 2 inches wide, with pretty oxidized silver buckles—regular price 65c, tomorrow... 50c

Ribbons.

A new lot of fancy neck ribbons — 4 to 5 inches wide—in plain colors, grounded with brocade patterns of bow knots and floral designs — also in fancy corded stripes—regular 32c and 35c goods—at... 25c

100 pieces of fine Satin Liberty Ribbon — 3 to 4 inches wide, in all the season's colorings. A very high grade ribbon and will make beautiful stock collars. Regular price 48c—Saturday special.... 39c

MORE BASEMENT BARGAINS.

Hard Fiber Lunch Boxes—each..... 8c
Table Mats—per set..... 25c
Hardwood Knife Boxes..... 10c
Family Scales—24-lb limit, regularly $1.29—tomorrow..... 89c
Silver's Pat. Egg Poacher—worth 29c..... 19c
Hardwood Hat Racks—large size, worth 50c— 39c
Small size, worth 15c —at..... 10c
Enamelline Stove Blacking—10c box at..... 7c

No. 8 steel Frying Spider, sells at 35c—tomorrow..... 23c
Mirrors, size 9x12, good hardwood frame, and silvered glass, usually 39c—tomorrow..... 25c
Enamelline Stove Blacking—5c box at..... 3c
Kalsomine—all colors—always sell at 35c—tomorrow—per pkg..... 25c

Crockery Dept.

Crystal Glass Celery Dish—regular 25c kind—tomorrow..... 15c

7-inch glass Fruit Dishes, worth 10c each... 5c
Red Glass Night Lamps—complete with burner and globe to match—the 50c kind..... 29c
100-piece Dinner Set, nicely decorated—our regular $16, set, tomorrow— only..... $7.98
100-piece Dinner Set, done in White and Gold, regularly $13.75—Saturday —per set..... $9.98
Colored Glass Vases, Rose Bowls, Olive Dishes, Baskets, etc., worth 25c —at each..... 10c

Crystal Glass Vases—Extra tall kind, at..... 65c

7-inch decorated Jardiniere, with 9-inch pedestal, worth 65c; special—per pair..... 48c

Crystal Glass Vases—15c kind, at..... 10c
Crystal Glass Vases—25c kind, at..... 18c
Crystal Glass Vases—50c kind, at..... 35c

Decorated Earthen Cuspidors—sells at 15c— this sale..... 10c

HIGH AND HIGHER

That Is Story of Prices In Micnigan Street Market.

The Advance In Meat Has Been the Most Severe.

Butter and Eggs at Stiff Prices---Strawberries Lower.

High prices.
Higher prices.
Highest prices.

That is the story of Michigan street these days and naturally it is the story of Superior street also, because wholesale prices cannot climb the scale without keeping the retail prices along with them.

These are terrible times for the thrifty housewife that has been trying to make both ends meet. She can make neither end "meat" now, if such a serious matter is proper subject for jesting. Such a housewife has a narrow margin to go on. The income is not large, and it must be carefully and judiciously apportioned to various purposes—so much for rent, so much for clothing, so much for the table, so much for emergencies, so much to be saved if possible.

With prices creeping—or rather jumping—all around, that item of "table expenses" is getting higher all the time. It is encroaching constantly on the other items, wiping out one after the other. The allowance for clothing is crowded to the wall, the allowance for emergencies is wiped out, and when the housewife thinks of trying to save anything she gives a shrug of mingled dismay, despair and amusement. The rent, of course, is a fixed charge, and even the table expenses cannot encroach upon it.

There is not the slightest sign of anything different on the horizon. Unless people quit eating meat so generally that it will become a drug on the market, there does not seem to be much hope for lower meat prices. The meat trust continues to talk despairingly of the scarcity of stock, and puts the prices up. They deny that there is any such thing as a combined effort to arbitrarily raise prices, because they need the money, but others are unable to figure out any other reason for such high prices.

While people are regarding meat prices with much interest, in the same way they would regard anybody doing a surprising acrobatic feat, direct interest in meat is growing less, as The Herald stated yesterday. People are not buying meat as they did a few weeks ago, by 50 per cent, the butchers say. The restaurants have been compelled to raise prices, and they notice a falling off in meat consumption, which makes their demands on the butchers smaller.

Meat prices hold their own all around, and several of them have gone up. Lamb has gone from 12 to 13 cents per pound, wholesale price, hogs have increased from 8 to 9 cents, and pork loins have climbed from 12 to 13 cents. The cheapest thing on the list is the poorer grade of veal, which is 8 cents per pound.

People that have taken refuge in eggs are being driven from that haven as well. They have been fairly cheap at 15 or 16 cents a dozen for several weeks, but so many people have been buying eggs instead of meat that they have gone up to 17 cents—wholesale.

"That is only one reason," said a commission man yesterday. "The storage men are after eggs now, for next winter's use. The eggs that are stored are bought in April and May, and the more of them that are acquired in April the better. The summer eggs do not keep so well. So the storage people have their buyers out everywhere, and this has sent the price up."

Butter has not increased any further in price, but it is holding its own pretty well. Creamery in prints is quoted at 31 and 32 cents, and creamery in tubs is quoted at 31 cents. Fancy dairies are higher, and are bringing 27 and 28 cents.

There is something that is cheaper, however. It is strawberries. The Louisiana pints have dropped from $2.50 and $2.60 per case down to $2.25 and $2.40. Lettuce, green onions, tomatoes, pieplant, parsley, shallots and asparagus are all cheaper than they have been. This is only what is right, however, because the weather is warmer and the season farther advanced. Even these things are higher than they usually are at this season.

THE OPENING.

Library Will Be Formally Presented Tomorrow and Open Monday.

The new library building will be formally presented to the city tomorrow afternoon by the library board. This will be done at 2 o'clock. It will be accepted by Mayor Hugo, who will return it to the charge of the board.

The library will be open, but patrons cannot get their Sunday reading then tomorrow afternoon. No formal program has been arranged, and the ceremony of presentation will not be elaborate. A number of people will be there besides the members of the library board and the mayor. The library board will be open for public inspection during the entire afternoon. The books have been arranged, and the library will be ready for business, but it will not be open to patrons until Monday.

A NEW MILL.

One Coming In to Cut Dead and Down Timber.

There is said to be a movement under way by two or three loggers from the southern part of the state for the establishment of a sawmill near the St. Croix & Duluth Logging railway, about ten miles southeast of Dedham, Wis., to cut the dead and down timber in the St. Croix district. One of the men said to be interested in the scheme was in the city this week but he refused to say anything regarding the scheme except that it was feasible, that there is plenty of this sort of timber on the cut over lands in the district to make it a paying venture if the cost of putting in a mill would not be too great.

Two years ago J. H. Kunselman, a Stillwater logger, operated a portable mill in the dead and down timber in the vicinity of Dedham and made a good profit in the business. At that time Mr. Kunselman considered a proposition to move his mill further into the St. Croix district, but there was a decided slump in view for that grade of lumber and he gave up the project.

During the past two years several small mills, none of them with a manufacturing capacity of over 20,000 feet per day have been started up in localities in Northern Minnesota that have been cut over in the past and on which there remained considerable timber which the lumbermen, in flush times cast aside. When pine timber was more plentiful than it is now, lumbermen were more particular of their stock and often they would take out only the best logs leaving the smaller manufacturers go over the same ground and pick up the timber rejected years ago. The lumber from the dead and down logs is not nearly so valuable as the good, live, sound pine timber, and there is a large amount of waste in cutting. There are uses for the lumber, however, and ready sale is found for it. It is said that much of the lumber manufactured from dead and down timber is taken by the box manufacturers by whom it is said to fill requirements and is cheaper than the better grades.

One of the largest of these mills that have been operated in dead and down timber, was that of Simon Anderson, of West Duluth, who operated near Cloquet. He finished his cut there some weeks ago and will soon move his mill to a convenient point on the Duluth, Virginia & Rainey River road.

Anxious For Improvement.

The fact that the street railway company has already begun work on the rebuilding of the track from West Superior to South Superior is causing much inquiry as to when the company will get at the improvement of the East and West Fourth street and Woodland lines. President Goodrich announced when in Duluth several weeks ago that these lines would be rebuilt this summer and it is generally agreed that there is no part of the company's line that is more in need of it.

MORRIS BILL

Substituted For Clapp Bill By the House Committee.

Washington, April 18.—The house committee on Indian affairs has directed Representative Curtis to report the senate bill for the amendment of the Nelson act with directions to strike out all after the enacting clause and substitute therefor the house bill already favorably reported.

This is simply a parliamentary move to put the bill in a good position. It will enable the house to consider a bill which has passed the senate and it will go to conference after it is disposed of in the house, instead of being sent to the senate for consideration again.

Senator Clapp and Representatives Morris, Curtis and Brown had a conference before the committee met. The Minnesotans wanted the bill amended so as to permit the sale of logs at public auction instead of by sealed proposals. The other men would not consent to that or any other changes. If the lumbermen want to continue the plan of the present act to continue the sale of pine on the stump it will have to be done in the house. Friends of the bill say it will not be done, and that the provision for sale on bank will be adopted.

THEY WERE MARRIED

After the Judge Did Some Lively Hustling.

Milwaukee, April 18.—Through the good graces of Judge Paul D. Carpenter, Mary Peterson, a 16-year-old girl of Milwaukee county, and Frank Russet, of Michigan, were made man and wife yesterday.

As the bride was a minor and an orphan, it was necessary to appoint a guardian who would consent to her marriage. These stumbling blocks were removed without much difficulty. The sister of the bride was the spokesman and addressed the judge. Judge Carpenter, after learning the circumstances of the case, granted the dispensation and then appointed Mr. Hennessey general guardian of the bride-elect.

Armed with the papers certifying his appointment, Mr. Hennessey marshalled the wedding party into the county clerk's office and formally gave his consent to the issuing of a marriage license to the bride and bridegroom.

KILLED HIS BROTHER.

Tragedy Among Hanleys, Well Known In Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., April 18.—Edward Hawley, aged 41, was shot and instantly killed by his brother, James Hawley, who is about 60 years of age, in their saloon here last night.

Edward, James and Luke Hawley are well known river men, owners of a tug line and other vessel property, also the saloon in which the shooting occured. The three brothers were engaged in an argument about a vessel just purchased by Edward and Luke, and the latter was trying to induce James to take a share in the new boat. James accused his brothers of trying to "bluff" him into the deal. Edward then playfully brushed James' face with a bunch of shrubs. James warned him not to try it again or he would shoot. He repeated the act, and James shot him in the right breast. Edward died in a few minutes, and James surrendered to the police.

At the police station James said: "They forced me to do it."

NO CONTEST

Was the Decision In Santry-Sullivan Bout.

Chicago, April 18.—In the Santry Tommy Sullivan contest at Apollo hall, Referee Johnny McInerny decided it was "no contest."

After about a minute and a half of boxing in the third round Santry fell out of a clinch to the floor and Sullivan fell on top of him. Santry could not arise and the referee picked him up and held him. Sullivan tried to continue the fight but the referee pushed him away and called a halt. Santry was unable to continue, saying Sullivan put his knee into his groin, disabling him. A doctor found him injured as he described. Santry had to be carried from the ring. Up to the time of the accident Santry had all the better of the boxing and was slamming Sullivan around at a lively rate.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Second Week of the Alteration-Rebuilding Sale

A FORCE of carpenters were at work on your home tearing out the front and wrecking thinks in general, you would be inclined to remove your furniture, pictures, draperies and carpets to some safe place for protection against dust, dirt and damage. This is precisely our predicament. Goods are in the way of the builders, and they are liable to great damage. We've no place in which to store them away. Our regular space is too small to allow any more crowding. Our only relief is to invite the public to take the goods away. Thousands are profiting tremendously by the unusually low prices we are placing on much of the season's newest and best merchandise. Only a small part of the special Alteration and Rebuilding Sale prices to be found in this store are mentioned in this advertisement. Come to the store tomorrow and see the great cut prices for yourself.

Seekins' Tulips On sale tomorrow at the Flower Counter at — per dozen ---------- **19c**

PEYTON & WHITE COMPANY THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Seekins' Carnations On sale tomorrow at the Flower Counter at — per dozen ---------- **19c**

Bargain Counter 1.

White Goods at 10c.

Another case of those White Goods, same as we sold last Saturday at 10c. White Madras, Mercerized Madras, Dimities, Stripes, Checks, etc. —worth from 25c to 50c a yard. No more after these are gone. Saturday will undoubtedly see the whole lot sold. Come early. Your choice for---------- **10c**

Bargain Counter 2.

Fans, Gloves and Umbrellas.

300 black, white and colored Ostrich Fans — satin, silk, and gauze hand painted—that have been marked until this sale at $1.25 to $18.50 each. We place them on sale Saturday at---------- **Exactly Half Price**

Ladies' two-clasp Kid Gloves, all colors, gusseted with self or colored backs—sold every day for 89c per pair—reduced for this sale to---------- **69c**

Ladies' and Men's English Twilled Umbrellas—26-inch size — steel rods—a variety of handles—a good 50c umbrella cut to the tempting price of---------- **39c**

Bargain Counter 3.

Seekins' Potted Plants.

Tomorrow we will dispose of the bankrupt stock of Seekins' Potted Flowers at prices that will allow every flower-loving home in this city to own one or more beautiful blooming potted plants. Priced at half and less Seekins' prices. These specials for tomorrow—

Dutch Hyacinths — Seekins' price 25c per pot—our special price, 13c—two for---------- **25c**

Tulips—Six in each pot—Seekins' price 50c—our special price tomorrow---------- **25c**

Daffodils — Six in each pot — Seekins' price 50c — our special price tomorrow---------- **25c**

Calla Lilies—Seekins' prices $1.00 and $1.25—our special price for tomorrow---------- **50c**

Sheffield's Dentifrice.	Eyebrow Pencils.	Hand Mirrors.	Blood Tonic.	White Rose Soap.	Chamois Skins.	Horn Combs.	Sheet Music.	King Dodo.	King Dodo Score.	Royal Rogue.
25c size—Saturday for—	Black or brown—Saturday for—	White enameled handles with beveled edge plate glass—regular price 45c—Saturday for—	Madame Yale's Blood Tonic—renovates and enriches the blood, invigorates the system—$1 bottles for—	Kirk's White Rose Soap, pure and sweet—makes a fine lather—regular price 10c a cake—Saturday—	A fine piece of Chamois for the toilet—the size we always sell at 10c—Saturday for—	White metal backs—well finished teeth—our regular 15c combs — Saturday for—	"The Mansion of Aching Hearts," by the author of "A Bird in a Gilded Cage,"—published at 50c—sale price—	"They Gave Me a Medal for That," as sung in King Dodo—published at 50c—sale price—	The entire musical selections of King Dodo Opera—published at $2 a copy—Saturday special at—	Selections—published at $1.00 a copy—Saturday, at the special price of—
17c	**7c**	**28c**	**75c**	**5c**	**5c**	**9c**	**13c**	**15c**	**$1.19**	**25c**

Rapidly Reducing the Suit, Silk Waist and Skirt Stocks.

The builders are at work overhead the Cloak and Suit department. This is the first department in the store to be seriously inconvenienced by the rebuilding, and consequently price cutting is particularly fierce here. We have made several changes to accommodate the contractors, and are pinched for room. We must reduce this stock quickly. Every garment we offer at this sale is from our regular lines, which insures beauty, style, quality, and at the prices quoted are unusual bargains.

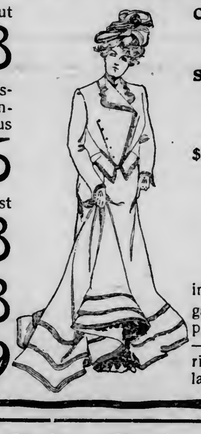
Ladies' Tailored Suits in grey, blue and brown—$15.00 values—just about a dozen suits in the lot—Gibson blouse effects—nobby skirts with deep flounce—tomorrow they will sell for---------- **$8.98**

Ladies' $19.50 Tailor-made Suits at $11.95—An exceptionally choice assortment—materials alone worth almost as much as we ask for the finished garments—splendid styles, all new, and made expressly for us—Gibson, Eton and other blouse effects—all colors and all sizes—Alteration and Rebuilding Sale price only---------- **$11.95**

Ladies' Suits worth up to $30.00 Selling at $14.98—This is the greatest line of suits for the price ever seen in America—Jackets alone worth more than we ask for the entire suits—Alteration and Rebuilding Sale price---------- **$14.98**

Ladies' Dress Skirts—Made of fine taffeta silk, elegantly trimmed and made—Alteration and Rebuilding Sale prices $14.98, $12.50 and---------- **$9.98**

Children's Reefer Coats—Loose back, sailor collars fancily trimmed in blue and red—sizes 2 to 6 years—prices $1.98 and---------- **$1.49**



Children's and Misses' Jackets, Coats Reefers, and Raglans—in all colors and styles—Reefers up from $2.98—Raglans up from $4.98—Jackets up from---------- **$4.98**

Silk Waists worth up to $9.00 for $4.98—They come in all the newest creations—pink, blue, red, rose, lavender, green, white, yellow and black—sale continued tomorrow in cloak department---------- **$4.98**

$5.00 Silk Waists for $3.49—Neatly tucked and trimmed all colors—black and white—Alteration and Rebuilding Sale price---------- **$3.49**

A New Shirt Waist Department.

We've given up the reception room on the second floor and turned it into a shirt waist department. No room in the cloak department for these garments while the building operations are under way. Here are displayed mountains of the most tempting and beautiful shirt waists imaginable—made in innumerable new spring styles, from the most bewitching fabrics. A rousing opening tomorrow in this new shirt waist department—the largest and most complete ever seen in this city.

Remnants of Ribbons.

500 remnants of Ribbons—every color, including black and white—odds and ends of 1 to 2 yards long, widths from 3 to 6 inches—values from 30c a yard up to 75c, to clean up we offer the entire lot tomorrow at, yard---------- **23c**

500 remnants hair and neck ribbons, all styles and qualities, tomorrow's price, per yard---------- **5c**

350 pieces wash lace for trimming summer dresses, 2 to 5 inches wide, Torchons, Point de Paris and Plat Vals, values up to 20c at, per yard—5c and---------- **7c**

200 pieces dress trimming Laces Point de Venice, Chantilly and Irish Point in bands, wave Galoons, Beadings, etc—colors black, white, butter and Arabian—per yd at 10c to---------- **$2.50**

100 pieces Embroidery Edges—fast edges — good quality of cloth—special at only—per yard---------- **5c**

250 pieces Embroidery Beadings and Insertions—cambric, nainsook and Swiss edges to match—4c, 5c, 7c, 10c, 12½c and up to---------- **35c**

Silk Sale.

The great silk sale announced to commence Thursday morning will be repeated with greater vigor tomorrow. Scores of beautiful pieces to choose from.

Pompadour Fancies, worth $1.00 and $1.25.

Moire Velours, worth 89c and $1.

Print Warp Taffetas and Foulards, worth $1.00 and $1.25.

Your choice from the entire magnificent lot at per yard—

59c

Gorgeous Millinery Expose.

Elegance, beauty and economy is nowhere so thoroughly embodied in Millinery as at the Glass Block. We are constantly bringing out new creations, copying the finest French and American productions, and embodying the ideas of our own tasteful designers. Tomorrow we will show hundreds of new hats.

100 elegantly trimmed hats in all the latest materials—chiffons, fancy braids, ornaments and flowers—swell styles at from $35 down to $8, $7.50, $6, $5.50 and---------- **$4.95**

150 new suit hats, trimmed with velvet, ribbons, pompons, ornaments and chiffon—very dainty patterns at from $5.75, down to $3.50, $3, $2.50 and---------- **$2.00**

200 Children's Hats, trimmed in flowers, chiffon and ribbon—during our Alteration and Rebuilding sale the prices range from $5.50 down to $1.98, $1.75, $1.50 and---------- **$1.25**

300 Ladies', Misses' and Children's Untrimmed Hats—black, blue, brown, white, tan and red—all the latest styles to choose from at $2.50 down to 95c, 69c, 50c and---------- **39c**

150 Chiffon Hat in every style and quality from $1.00 up to $8.00 each—black, white, tan and brown.

Dress Goods.

$2.00 extra fine Imported French Voiles in brown, cadet, cardinal, grey, castor, navy—yard **$1.49**

50-inch black lace striped Etamines, $1.75 quality at---------- **98c**

54-inch mixed Suitings, 70c values, Saturday at---------- **49c**

36-inch Worsted Plaids, 25c values, Saturday at---------- **19c**

Wash Goods.

36-inch fine imported Persian Percales, all the newest designs, special for Saturday at---------- **15c**

34-inch Covert Suitings, especially adapted for Outing Skirts—per yard---------- **15c**

Plain and Fancy Crash Skirting, grey, tan, navy, special at—per yard---------- **19c**

Two cases of 10c plain and fancy Ginghams, special for the sale---------- **7c**

Princess Lawns, warranted fast colors, over 100 different designs—10c quality—Saturday for---------- **5c**

Spring and Summer Shoe Styles

High-grade shoes for women and children—finest produced. We are the acknowledged shoe style center, patronized by the best dressers—complete spring assortments, immense varieties.

Colonials, buttons, Oxfords, Low Lace Shoes, elastic front or side slippers, fancy strap sandals, in all the new leathers and lasts. Prices from—**$1.25, $1.50, $2, $2.50 to $5**

Wright & Peters' celebrated foot-form shoes for women — new Spanish Arch street and dress shoes---------- **$5.00**

We are sole agents for Colonial Boots, the great $3.50 shoe for women—have on display twenty styles.

The New Colonial Oxford.

Vassar Boots for Women—price 2.98—30 new lasts shown in this well-known shoe—smartest and best fitting we have ever shown. Price of any style—per pair---------- **$2.98**

Boys', Youths' and Little Gents' Footwear—In no department in the Glass Block are sales increasing more rapidly than in this section. We have gathered from the best makers in the country a variety of school and dress shoes in all the old reliable, as well as the latest leathers and lasts. Unsurpassed in quality at the prices—**98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 to $3.50.**

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY.

Misses' spring heel kid lace shoes, sizes to 2, in either light flexible or heavy extension soles, patent or kid tips, regular price $1.50, on sale at---------- **$1.00**

450 pairs Women's new opera toe, patent tip, medium weight, flexible sole, kid Lace Shoes — all sizes — value $1.50—on sale at—per pair---------- **$1.00**

Boys', Youths' and Little Gents' Box Calf Lace Shoes—newest mannish shapes — the well-known Phoenix brand, value $1.50 and $1.75 at---------- **$1.15**

Boys' Clothing.

Three-piece Suits, spring styles, 3 to 8 years---- } All at Half Prices
Two-piece Suits, spring styles, 7 to 14 years---
Boys' Pants----------
Boys' Covert Top Coats.

Original prices are still on the tickets, and marked in plain figures. Not one has been altered. You buy at just one-half the marked prices.

Men's Goods.

Men's and Boys' soft Percale Shirts, new patterns—collars attached—at---------- **25c**

Men's Laundered Fancy Percale Shirts—medium and dark patterns, collars attached, new goods, sizes 14 to 17 years, worth 75c, now---- **50c**

Men's spring-weight natural wool Shirts and drawers—shirts 34 to 50, drawers 28 to 48—any size for---------- **50c**

Men's and Boys' new Spring Neckwear—bats, clubs, four-in-hands, Tecks, Imperials and Bows---- **25c**

$2.50 No Cheaper | Neat, Snappy Shoes for Men Strictly Guaranteed—You can at all times find at the | $3.50 No Steeper

BROCKTON SHOE CO.

Legitimate Shoes at Legitimate Prices, Not Inferior Shoes at Enormous Prices.

The Brockton Shoe Co.,

$3.50 No Steeper | 311 W. Superior Street. The Only Exclusive Men's Shoe Store in the City. | $2.50 No Cheaper

NEBRASKA IN LEAD

Outranks All States In Low Percentage of Illiteracy.

Iowa, Washington, Kansas, Utah, Minnesota and Wyoming Next.

Naturally the South Carries Off Palm For Illiteracy.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is somewhere near fifteen years ago that Gen. Manderson, of Nebraska, succeeded in securing a writ from Justice Miller of the supreme court in a murder case by pleading the educational standing of his state. It seems that a man out there once shot another for spelling the word "pedlar" with two "d's." On the first trial he was found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to a long term in prison. His attorney, against the protest of his client, appealed the case and secured a new trial for him, which resulted in conviction and a death sentence. The attorney was almost frantic. He exhausted every legal means to save his man without success and finally urged Manderson to attempt to get the case before the supreme court on the plea of "twice in jeopardy." Justice Miller, to whom the appeal was made, laughed at the idea but when Gen. Manderson said in a joking manner: "Mr. Justice, Nebraska ranks next to Iowa in the small percentage of illiterates. The victim of this unfortunate affair insisted upon spelling pedlar, p-e-d-d-l-e-r. And of course he was shot."

"In that case," said Justice Miller, "I will grant the writ."

The census figures showing the educational standing of the various states demonstrates that today Nebraska in the matter of low percentage of illiteracy has gone to the front, outranking every state in the Union in this respect. Only 2½ per cent of the total population of Nebraska was set down as illiterates. Iowa is a close rival with 2.7 per cent. Next rank the states of Washington and Kansas with 3.4 per cent each; Utah, 3.7; Minnesota, 4.1; Wyoming, 4.3. These figures of the Western states make an inviting letter showing for that section of the country than can be made by any other group. Naturally the South, with its large percentage of colored people born in slavery carries off the palm for illiteracy. Of the total population of Louisiana, for instance, 37.6 per cent are unable to read or write. In the group of Southern states, West Virginias population is the best educated, the figures showing but 12.9 per cent of illiterates.

It would naturally be expected that in the Eastern group, embraging all the states between Maine on the north and Maryland and the District of Columbia on the south, that Massachusetts would make the best showing, but such is not the case. For New York outranks them all with only 5.9 per cent of illiterates in its vast population. Next come Massachusetts and Maine with 6.4 each, followed by Connecticut with 6.8; New Jersey 6.9; Pennsylvania, 7.7; Utah and New Hampshire, 7.9; Rhode Island, 9.2; Maryland, 12.5; Delaware, 14, and the District of Columbia, 18.4.

The tables published by the census office indicate very clearly that there is a woeful lack of education among the native whites as well as among the native blacks in the Southern states. More than 10 per cent of the native whites of Arkansas, more than 12 per cent of Georgia, South Carolina and Virginia have not even the rudiments of an education. Fourteen per cent of the native white population of Alabama and Tennessee, 15 per cent of Kentucky and 20 per cent of Louisiana are in the same condition. Against these figures the New England states and the Eastern group show up in marked contrast. Only 1 per cent of the native born population of Massachusetts are marked as illiterates. Some and three-tenths per cent in Connecticut, 2 per cent in New York and New Hampshire and but a fraction over three in Pennsylvania and New Jersey are recorded as illiterates. In fact, throughout the entire group of Northern states where the negro is not a factor in the population the element of illiteracy is small in the extreme. Eliminating Delaware, Maryland and Missouri the highest percentage among the native born population who are not able to read and write is found in Indiana with 5.1 per cent.

The figures are interesting as showing that the native born whites of the United States, especially in the region north of Mason's and Dixon's line, seem to take kindly to the efforts of the local governments to force education upon the people. In the South the natural indolence of the "cracker" together with the lack of school facilities undoubtedly accounts for the bad showing of the native white population. In the North, too, as it was natural to expect, the states which have the largest foreign element in their population and those which are sparsely settled —where schools are few and far between—are those which fail to maintain the standard which makes the United States the ranking country of the earth in the matter of educational intelligence of the people.

SHOT AT MAYOR.

City of Hudson, Wis., Has a Little Sensation.

Hudson, Wis., April 18.—An unsuccessful attempt to assassinate Mayor-elect Frank McGuire, of this city, was made Wednesday night, shortly before 11 o'clock. The assailant, E. Huffe, has evidently laid in wait in a secluded spot, and as Mr. McGuire came along, opened fire on him with a revolver, but missed. Mr. McGuire started to run, and was pursued by Huffe, who kept up his firing, but without effect, until the St. Croix hotel was reached. Huffe then fled, but was later arrested. He was arraigned in court yesterday afternoon and held to the grand jury. Huffe has recently been discharged from Mr. McGuire's employ, and this is the only reason given for the attack.

ARE MIRTH INCITERS

Southern Congressmen Make Fun For Denizens of Capital.

Recent Function at a Hotel That Caused Much Scandal.

Every Member of Congress and the Orchestra Disappeared.

Washington, April 18.—Southern congressmen, their ways and their clothes, afford no little amusement to the more advanced among their colleagues, especially those from the big cities. The average Southern congressman does not feel quite at ease unless arrayed in such manner as to leave no doubt that he comes from a rural district, or a very small town. When they get beyond that stage their constituents get sore upon them and elect someone else.

Repreesntative Dinsmore of Arkansas who has just been defeated in the primaries held in this district, fell a victim to the evening suit habit. Dinsmore is a good looking man, is popular in society, and as he was once appointed by Cleveland to represent the United States in Korea, he also classes as a diplomat. Accordingly the practice of wearing an evening suit came easy to Dinsmore. No one had to put a halter on him and back him into it, as has been done in some cases, nor has he refused to accept any invitations to dinner, because of his antipathy to the conventional evening garb of gentlemen, as Bailey, of Texas, once did.

But Arkansas has learned of Dinsmore's conduct, and Arkansas will have no more to do with him than it will with Senator Jones. The latter has made money, and Dinsmore dresses well, and both are crimes in the eyes of Southern constituencies.

It is a fact that when former Secretary of the Navy Herbert was making his campaign for congress in Alabama he made a practice of wearing two red flannel patches in the broadest part of his trousers. When he would stop for the night at a house of a friend he would remove the patches in order that he might ask the woman of the household to sew them in again, and thus gain favor both by his condescension and evident poverty.

* * *

The headquarters of the Southern congressmen is the Metropolitan hotel. Col. William Green Sterett explained the circumstance by saying it is the nearest approach to a tavern with a wagon yard to be found in the city of Washington. However this may be, the Metropolitan is where they like best to stop.

More Southern dialect can be heard there than in any one place in the United States, and the older among the Metropolitan hotel's patrons can tell what state a man comes from by hearing him speak once.

It is the custom to hold social entertainments at the Metropolitan hotel every Saturday evening, where the wives of members stopping there act as hostesses.

This is not as popular as it was, because one Saturday night recently the function led to much scandal.

It had been arranged that each member of congress in the house should be assessed $1 to pay for a bowl of punch and for an orchestra. The fund raised was not large, but Representative Robertson, of Louisiana, who had charge of the money, because he is a member of the ways and means committee of the house of representatives, avoided all possible criticism of his management by devoting most of the money to the punch and employing a very small orchestra.

The entertainment, so far as the women and the young people were concerned, was to be a dance, and it started off very well. The musicians were doing the best they could, and in the general exhilaration attending the first waltz it was not noticed that every member of congress had disappeared.

The disappearance, as it was afterward explained, was due to the fact that the punch bowl, instead of being located in the room adjoining the ballroom, had been taken to the room of Representative Cooper of Texas. Mr. Cooper, knowing that the supply of money placed in Mr. Robertson's hands was small, had generously provided, upon his own account, a few bottles of whisky for those who did not like punch.

The absence of the congressmen did not affect the dancers, but while the evening was yet young, the orchestra disappeared also, and this brought matters to a standstill. A few moments later the most doleful strains of music were heard issuing from Repreesntative Cooper's room, followed soon by a general chorus of male voices, singing a song, known to the Southern Confederacy as the Guerrilla man.

It had been introduced in Washington by Col. Sterett, who sang it with much feeling and effect.

The first verse runs like this:

She took me in the parlor,
She held me by the hand.
And she whispered low in her mother's ear,
I love that Guerrilla man.

The effect of this sentiment upon the congressmen's wives was to cause some of them to shed tears. Others looked angry, but said nothing, and the invited guests, finding there was little chance for the orchestra's return, departed in much wonder.

In the meantime the proprietor of the hotel, mistaking the singing for something worse, had gone to Mr. Cooper's room and had demanded admittance. Mr. Cooper replied through the door that a congressman's hotel room is his castle, and that the proprietor was insolent.

To this the proprietor had no reply ready, and he, therefore, left the singers to indulge themselves to the limit with the said refrain, "I Love that Guerrilla Man."

Of course the dance was a complete failure, and just as naturally the congressmen's wives were furious Cooper, being an unmarried man, was selected to make the explanation next morning, for the singing was continued until so late an hour that explanations were deferred until after daylight, when it was thought they would sound better.

It is not known just what Cooper said, but the explanation which afterward reached the hotel management was this: While sampling the punch in Cooper's room Representative Robertson, in an unguarded moment, admitted that he could play upon the violin. It was promptly suggested that the musicians be invited in to have a drink, and while they were being refreshed Mr. Robertson could give an exhibition of his skill. To this proposition not a dissenting voice was raised except that of Mr. Robertson's, and he was overruled.

Accordingly the musicians were ordered up, and as soon as the Southern men present heard the first strains of "The Guerrilla Man" from the violin under Mr. Robertson's skilful manipulation, they could not restrain themselves, and at once burst into song. "So you see," Mr. Cooper was reported to have said to the fellow-members, "there is no particular blame properly attaches to anyone, for, under the influence of that sweet Southern melody, we all forgot there was any dance in progress."

* * *

In the old days when Judge Culberson was the acknowledged leader of the Texas delegation the entire state representation in the lower house, numbering thirteen members, used to walk from the capitol to the Metropolitan hotel in single file, like Indians with Judge Culberson in the lead and setting the pace. Every man was apparently absorbed in his own thoughts, for they spoke to no one. Occasionally Judge Culberson would turn into a saloon at the corner of Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania, and the whole procession would follow him, still walking in the same slow, calm, thoughtful manner which characterized the Judge himself.

The delegation never realized it was funny, nor that its humorous aspect was increased by the extreme gravity with which they entered the "grocery store," as Judge Culberson called all saloons, but other members did.

When Reed was speaker no one would walk down to Four-and-a-half street just on the chance of seeing Judge Culberson piloting the Texas statesmen to a drinking bar, and he felt regret for the exercise if he witnessed the spectacle as often as once a week.

There are few of the older Southern men left in the house, but the younger men have inherited the peculiar customs of their fathers even to a greater extent than they have inherited their ability.

Probably the most often repeated story ever told by Senator Vest was one he told in connection with the passage of the Dingley tariff law in the senate, and it is its application to the proceedings of legislative bodies under the control of partisan management which makes it funny.

Someone said to Vest respecting the sugar schedule of the bill: "This is infamous."

"That reminds me," said Vest, "of an incident I witnessed in a music hall in a small mining town of the West.

"The manager of the place came out on the stage and said: 'Miss Birdie Annandale the peerless songstress of the Sierras, will now sing 'Down in the Valley.'"

"Immediately a rough-looking man arose in the audience and proceeded to say things about Miss Annandale which could not have been said anywhere else. It all related to the past history of the young woman, and was recited to show that the peerless songstress' description hardly suited her.

"The manager waited until the stickler for truth got through. Then he said with great calmness, but much emphasis:

"'Nevertheless and notwithstanding, Miss Birdie Annandale will now sing 'Down in the Valley.'"

Shirts. The newest novelties in bosom Shirts in figures and narrow stripes—$1.50 quality at— $1.00

KENNEY ANKER & DENNY

409-411 West Superior Street.

Underwear. Medium weight of fall and winter Underwear, an excellent assortment—75c qualities at— 50c

STYLISH-GOOD-CLOTHES

The peerless values offered by us have practically centered the whole of the clothing business here. Absolute satisfaction assured. Money Cheerfully Refunded.

MEN'S STYLISH SUITS.

An immense assortment of Suits, made of the finest imported and domestic Worsteds, Vicunas and Tweeds, and cut in the most fashionable styles. Your choice tomorrow at— $15.00

A large assortment of patterns in spring Suits, including the new green, brown and gray mixtures; they are the best selections from this class of goods and are desirable—you can have one for only $10.00

MEN'S STYLISH TOPCOATS.

Tan Covert Topcoats, not the light, flimsy kind, but a weight which will wear well and retain its shape, well made and lined—at— $15.00

A splendid assortment of Topcoats at $12, probably the largest line of the new short Topcoats in the city at this price; ours plenty of them in medium and long lengths, in whipcords, coverts, Vicunas, etc., many silk lined throughout—at..... $12.00

Furnishing Goods. 25 dozen of Fancy Colored Shirts—in all sizes—good patterns—$1.50 qualities at $1.00

Hat Department. Everything new and up-to-date can be found in our hat department. Particular attention is called to our celebrated K., A. & D. hat, both soft and stiff at $2.00

Shoe Department. We not only claim to, but sell the best $3.50 shoe in the market. Try a pair. $3.50

STOLEN AS A BABE.

Son Meets Mother After Thirty-Six Years.

Marysville, Ohio, April 18.—At the Ohio Central depot, upon the arrival of the train from Columbus, William L. Phipps, of Leesburg township, and his mother, Mrs. Lucy McCurdy, of Glenwood, Noble county, saw each for the first time in thirty-six years. Thirty-six years ago Phipps was a mere baby. His parents, Johnson and Lucy Phipps, separated. Three months later the father stole the son from the mother and came to Union county, where, on Feb. 18, 1870, he obtained a divorce.

By the time the child was old enough to realize what had taken place the father had lost trace of his former wife, and all subsequent efforts of the son to locate her were without avail. At one time the boy spent eighteen months roaming about the country in a fruitless search for his mother. For years he had given her up for dead.

Recently some of Phipps' neighbors were in Glenwood on a visit, and accidentally mentioned his name. This led to the discovery that his mother was a resident of that town and to the happy reunion.

Mrs. McCurdy was accompanied here by her husband. The son is now a middle-aged man, with a wife and eight children. His father, Johnson Phipps, resides within a few miles of the son.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Yee Lee, a Chinaman was found hacked to death in his home in New Orleans. A knife was left sticking in his body. The object of the murder was robbery. Lee was well to do. Several negroes have been arrested.

The fire insurance agents, all of whom suspended business several days ago on account of the alleged unsatisfactory condition of the fire department at Vicksburg have resumed, Assistant Fire Chief Henry Marks having tendered his resignation to the council and a reorganization of the fire department being assured.

Because Mrs. Molly Eady Duncan, on trial for the murder of her husband became hysterical and her screams had reached the ears of the jury after they retired, Judge Candler in the criminal court at Atlanta, Ga., ordered a mistrial in the case, saying the occurrence affected him and must certainly have affected the jury.

Susie Taylor, 10 years old, while going home from school at Tacoma, was attacked and outraged by a masked man. The citizens are hunting for the girl's assailant, and threats of lynching are made. The child was seriously injured.

According to general orders issued by Department Commander A. H. Degraff the date of the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic of Wisconsin will be held at Stevens Point, June 11 to 13.

The Brannock bill making it unlawful to trap shoot any living bird or fowl in Ohio is now a law. The penalty of the law is a fine not exceeding $100 or imprisonment for not more than thirty days or both.

The lake-built steamers Northwestern, Northeastern, Northman and Northtown, which came to the coast from the lakes last fall to engage in the coal carrying trade to Boston and other ports, have been chartered for a term of five years for the Texas oil trade, and are to be fitted with tanks for carrying oil in bulk.

MURDER

Charged Against George Ladue and John Berry at Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., April 18.—The coroner's jury found George Ladue and John Berry guilty of murdering Eugene McGlauchlin on April 5, by giving him knockout drops containing fishberry. The stomach of the victim was examined by the state chemist and found to contain poison.

George Ladue was born in St. Cloud 31 years ago, but his parents soon moved to Little Falls, where they died some years ago. He spent most of his life there and has held several positions of trust under loggers for whom he worked. He comes from a highly respected family. He has two brothers, leading citizens of their respective cities. Joe Ladue is the local Little Falls agent for the Minneapolis Brewing company, and Frank Ladue is a wealthy contractor of Duluth. His reputation for a dozen years has been clouded. Tending bar was his regular vocation. Last year he was arrested and taken to Fergus Falls on the charge of selling whisky to Indians on the Cass Lake reservation. March 21, of this year, he was arrested in Bemidji on the charge of doping a lumberjack, but was not indicted. He had been ordered out of town here several times by the local police.

John Berry is 42 years old, and is also a Frenchman. He was born in River Falls, Wis., and has spent most of his life in the lumber camps of Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, making Brainerd his home until the past two years. Little is known of his family, although he has distant relatives in this county. While he has not been above honest work, his character is not good. He is a heavy drinker.

FIERCE ATTACK

On Speaker and Rules of the the House.

Washington, April 18.—F. W. Cushman (Wash. Rep.) an "insurgent," created a sensation yesterday afternoon when he attacked the method of doing business in the house.

"To do any business in the house," he said, "a man must first make terms with the speaker. All glories that cluster around the Holy of Holies of Solomon's temple look like 39 cents when compared to the jobbing department of this government, the office of speaker of this house—aye, like 29 cents.

"Why am I so thin? Because the people of my state are asking me to promote certain legislation. That is what is pushing me from the rear. Then I get up against the speaker and the committee on rules—a stone wall. That is what pushes me from the front. And that is why I now look as flat as a cancelled postage stamp.

"Why is it that the people of Washington are now paying 50 cents in coin of the realm to see a performance here by a company of Lilliputians? My God, what a waste of money! Why don't they come to the house galleries and see us for nothing? When I get an opportunity later I will make another speech on the rules of the house, which, I promise you, will be so hot it will have to be printed on asbestos paper to keep it from burning."

Mr. Cushman was frequently interrupted by uproarious laughter, and often his words were drowned by tempestuous applause on both sides.

50 YEARS OF SUCCESS.

THIS MEDICINE

Has been before the public for 50 years, bringing good health to thousands of people who had almost lost hope of ever getting well again. It has therefore been thoroughly tested and found reliable. Then do not experiment with unknown remedies when the Bitters will cure you.

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters

Will cure BELCHING, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION and BILIOUSNESS, also prevent CHILLS and FEVER and MALARIA, FEVER and AGUE.

Smithfield, N. C.
Dear Sirs—I have used your Bitters and can truthfully say it is the best medicine I have ever used for chills and fever.
M. NEEDHAM MUNDEN.

New York, N. Y.
Dear Sirs—I have used your Bitters and found it very beneficial while suffering from malaria and general debility.
C. F. HURST.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY IT. IT WILL SURELY DO YOU GOOD.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall Family Pills are the best.

GRAND CHORUS AND ENSEMBLE OF "THE VIKING."

"The Viking" will be presented at the Lyceum tomorrow evening by the Roosevelt club, of Minneapolis, 100 young men taking part in the production. It has made an immense hit in Minneapolis, four performances being given to packed houses, one more than had been intended, the fourth being made necessary by the demand from the very large number of people who were unable to get seats at any of the first three performances. At Mankato also, where the performance was given Saturday evening, there was an immense audience and the production was received with great enthusiasm.

BRIGHT RED THE REIGNING COLOR

Toreador Red and Poppy Red With Bright Geranium Toques---Red Pipings on White Shirtwaists---Lovely Net Boas.

New York, April 16.—Given a flower toque, a tulle neckbow and a net and ribbon boa, even Noah's wife herself, in otherwise antediluvian attire, would be considered presentable and modish this spring. Without all or one of this trio of essential details no woman is entitled to consider herself a fit representative of fashion. The flower toque is no novelty, save in its size and the glory of its coloring, for just after Christmas women began to anticipate spring by wearing very large Marie Antoinette hats of white roses and green leaves. The Marie Antoinette is a genuine toque developed to an abnormal size, worn a good deal over the eyes, and with a double jabot of lace or a sash of panne ribbon against the back hair. White rose toques, deepened to pink rose copies, those were succeeded by red rose affairs, and now a wide, flat crown, with a blunt bowed poached brim, solidly made of the most fiery geraniums that blow, is the ideal gain counter loaded with red ribbons, red flowers, or red silk blouses will gather a crowd of eager women in ten minutes.

Models are shown in a leading store of well-designed spring hates in two types and tones of red veiling relieved with black. A plain veiling forms the upper half of the skirt, lower half of the waist and the main portion of the sleeves of this suit. The color of this material is technically termed toreador red; that of the black striped and figured veilings allied with it is pure poppy red. Toreador red taffeta bands, hand worked in French knots, supplies a third decorative element in this suit, and the parasol used with it is of very soft black peau de soie, pierced with round holes, to show dots of the poppy red silk lining.

To return to the tulle bows and the net boas and ruffs. It is the custom to wear both of these airy ornaments together, and, with the growth of the season, they have increased in size, until, with some pretty, but diminutive women, the individuality of the wearer is lost in a prodigious mass of fluffy flowers. The tulle bow is white or scarlet, plain or powdered with big black chenille dots, and it is worn directly under the chin or at the back of the neck. Over the shoulders of every shopper and caller then falls layer upon layer of lace figured net; black net figured in white, or between the black net flounces is sandwiched one of white chiffon, dotted in black. Every flounce is treated with fine double bouillonnis of a net of contrasting figure, or with tiny chiffon roses, or with frills upon frills of gauze ribbon. So important has become the trade in net boas that in all the larger retail shops a long counter is devoted to their display and sale. Their values run all the way from $2 to $35. The milliner buys an ecru silk net boa incrusted with insets of organdie flowers that are framed in Venetian gimp and gilt thread, while the long tie ends, which, by the way, never tie, are two superb Burano scarfs. The smart shopper from the country goes a bit further along the counter and buys three-quarters of a yard of black and white Brussels net flouncing, and then a couple of long sash ends to

CHIFFON BOA WITH VELVET SPOTS.

Boa of tucked white chiffon spotted with black velvet. Hat of white satin straw with lace falling from edge and sprays of pale pink roses and leaves on upper brim.

top knot for seven women out of ten.

The remaining three in the ten relieve this sanguinary coloring with velvety green leaves or moss, or a tasteful admixture of pink or white geranium flowers. These last are certainly more agreeable to the eye when worn in the street, nevertheless the authority of the majority obtains as a rule, and those women who do not wear toques made wholly of red geraniums have bought equally impressive structures of scarlet begonia blossoms, or darling hibiscus flowers. As all these artificial blossoms are made of velvet, and as stems and leaves seldom alternate with the riot of red, the effect of the new millinery is hot and heavy to the eye.

Nevertheless, red as a color is reigning at present and evidently is going to exert a marked influence through the season. A good half of the straw hats are adorned with bows of scarlet ribbon, bunches of crimson berries, russet rose slips and grapes that never grew in any but chromo lithographic landscapes. White pillow case linen shirt waists are piped with red, and the dry goods men affirm that a bar-

DAINTY BRUSSELS NET WAIST.

White Brussels net waist, cool, dainty, and chic. It is finely tucked and ornamented in yoke effect and down the front of blouse with delicate lace medallions. From Marshall, Field & Co.

match, and putting them all together her neck is as effectively glorified as the millionadress and her purse is very little lighter for the purchase.

For use with dimities and muslins the shops offer the most taking little kerchief boas frilled and flounced and generously rosetted. These are made of white, solid pearl pink, pistache green, black and white striper net, and in all the tints of blue, silk muslin, organdy, wash silk, etc. The way to utilize such dimities is successfully displayed in a model of an April gown. White silk mercerized lawn, which looks like a lovely and impossible crisp white china silk is the goods, and imitation escurial lace is the decoration. A pistache green kerchief, with shell in a leading establishment in corroboration of this fact. One model shows how a rosy wash foulard, figured in pale green vine trails, decorated with a few yards of imitation cafe au lait point d'Arabe and shoulder straps of black baby velvet ribbon, effectually realized the ideal of a quaint, gay little summer dancing dress.

A white habutail wash silk, its double flounce heads and bodice top garnished with bands of cream Valenciennes lace laid upon broad crimson wash ribbon, is the second sweet evening frock that can pack about in a dress suit case, make occasional trips to the laundry, and yet be always freshly in evidence, and worry over no more costly foundation than a 10-cent a yard white lawn slip.

The third pretty dress is a pale blue cotton Canton crepe, trimmed with bands of dark blue Hungarian linen, cross-stitched in a quaint pink and blue design. A collar of blue Venetian beads strung with bright jet beads to form a sort of pattern, is the inexpensive but most becoming ornament worn with the modest and charming frock.

With such gowns as these selling in the shops no busy woman of limited means can fail to find something to suit her needs and social occasions and if she wishes effective ornaments with which to increase their festive appearance she can buy two yards of coral beads so cleverly copied from the real that none but an expert could detect the fraud, and twist and knot them about her neck. She can also buy a yard of white tulle and make elbow bracelets of the same with huge bow ends sticking out from the joint of her arm and suggesting coquettish wings.

Gloves with such gowns can be white suede, if you like, but there has lately been introduced a new white silk and lisle glove that washes like a handkerchief, and is intended for summer evening wear. Such gloves can be had in lengths from eight to twenty-four button; they are woven to fit the hand as perfectly as costly spun silk stocking fits the foot, and many of them are beautifully laced, worked from the knuckles to the shoulder.

Wash silk madras is one of the season's materials that have been enthusiastically adopted by the makers of little girls' gowns and, with plentiful tucking and application of embroidered bands, the most elaborate plans of decoration are triumphantly carried. A typical little girl gown on this order is copied from a model of clear salad green wash madras. The whole ruched ends, and two big green ribbon roses fastening it to the corsage, is the shop made and delightful adjunct of a charming gown.

Openings, of domestic and imported gowns are the excitement of the hour to the shopper; though many splendors of real lace and hand embroidered silk beguile the fancy, to the woman of modest means and artistic aspirations in dress, the most important discovery was that of many enchanting little American made evening costumes built of the least expensive materials and yet reaching a high plane of sartorial art. A group of three typical and economical toilets are shown of the frock, with the exception of a front panel, is sun plaited. Heavy ecru linen embroidery, finished in arrowhead points, garnishes the fancy collar, sleeves and skirt front, and all the fullness of the sun plaiting is caught in at the waist line by a sash of soft moss green taffeta.

A smart shirt waist is shown in two shades of linen. This is, of course, a

Convinced by Printed Testimony—of the hundreds of the cured, Mrs. Benz, of 418 East 8th street, New York, who was for years a great sufferer from Catarrh, procured two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and it effected an absolute cure in a very short while. One puff through the blower will clear the head and stop headache. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—8.

16x32 Huck Towels SATURDAY 9c

The New Store HENDREN & TALLANT CO The New Store

20x38 Huck Towels SATURDAY 12½c

Spring Shoes.

Our Spring business is the most satisfactory yet. Our purchase of the celebrated makes of reliable Shoes is doing wonders in the way of giving the people greater bargains than they ever expected. *Our business is to sell high qualities cheap.*

Ladies' "Belmar" Shoes, stylishly shaped, perfect fitting lasts, best qualities of leathers, welted or turned soles. Is not surpassed by any $3.50 shoes — $2.98

Ladies' dressy Shoes, finest vici kid vamps, mat kid lace stays; you will pay $2.50 for an equal — $1.98

Infants' soft sole Shoes, assorted colors, fancy trimmings; sizes 1 to 4 — 23c

Misses' Spring Shoes, plump dongola tops, lace and button; sizes 11½ to 2 — 98c

Boys' school Shoes, double soles, calfskin tops; sizes 2½ to 5½. A genuine bargain — $1.25

Royal Gloss Shoe Dressing. "shine your own shoes." Special price — 9c

Children's Hats.

Special Showing Saturday.

Saturday will be Children's Day in our new Millinery Department. We place on sale for this day a most beautiful line of children's school sailors and a swell line of children's trimmed hats. Every hat will be sold at reduced prices Saturday

Children's school Sailor Hats —All colors, our regular 50c quality, Saturday's special price — 35c

Children's Trimmed Hats, every new effect is represented. Prices $7.50 to — $1.50

Children's Coats

And Some Economical Offerings for Ladies.

Offerings for Saturday we are certain mothers will appreciate. The garments are stylish, neatly trimmed and perfect fitting.

Children's Box Coats in all prevailing shades, collar and cuffs neatly trimmed with silk braid or Taffeta—ages 3 to 9. Prices $3.98, $2.98 and — $1.50

Children's Automobiles or three-quarter lengths, every good shade, wide sailor collar trimmed with lace or braid, ages 3, 4, 5 and 6. Prices $5, $3.50 and — $2.98

Children's Automobiles and Box Coats, ages 8 to 12. Plain or velvet coat collars and fancy stitching, $6.50, $5.50 and — $4.00

The bargains in Suits, Skirts and Jackets advertised in Monday's and Wednesday's HERALD will be continued Saturday.

Ladies' and Misses' Jackets advertised for our special sale Monday and Tuesday will be continued Saturday. Sold regularly at $10, $8.50 and $7.50, Saturday — $6.50

Another number advertised for these sales was a black serge Jacket at $4.90. We continue it Saturday at — $4.90

New Babies' Coats.

A New Line Infants and Children's Coats, cape and bottom of coat embroidered. Saturday's special prices from 98c to — $2.50

Desirable Petticoats.

Black and White Striped Cotton Skirts —a very neat and desirable Skirt—Saturday's very special price — $1.50

Black and White Mercerized Striped Skirts, two accordeon pleated ruffles and extra dust ruffle—Saturday — $2.00

Polka Dot Mercerized Skirts with deep pleated flounce. We sell it regularly at $3.50, but Saturday the extra special price is — $2.50

Men's Underwear

Other Necessary Furnishings.

Ladies who buy their husband's Underwear and men who buy their own Underwear should be sure to see our superb line. The Spring lines are now complete and prices were never equaled.

Men's Balbriggan Under- wear, doubled seated drawers, full sizes — 25c

Men's French Balbriggan Underwear, fine thread; a very durable garment — 50c

Men's Worsted and Camels' hair light-weight Summer Underwear; well made in every particular. $1.50 & — $1.00

Our "Admiral" Suspender, the only difference between it and the "President" suspender is the name. Price — 39c

Men's Colored Shirts, stiff bosoms, detatched cuffs, sold at 50c — Saturday's low price — 39c

Men's fancy Socks, all colors and stripes, good wearing qualities — two pairs for 25c - or, a pair — 15c

"Corless Coon" four-ply Linen Collars, not a better wearing collar made —correct styles—2 collars for 25c—or, each — 15c

70c Carpets 49c

Startling Low Prices Saturday.

Every lady having a carpet to purchase this spring should, in justice to herself, see this exceptional offering.

Not a lot of old patterns, but the newest and choicest ones our stock affords. Don't be skeptical because the price is low, it is but our manner of advertising a department, which gives you the benefit. Come early Saturday and secure our regular 70c Tapestry Brussels Carpets, the best wearing carpet on the market at the price—Saturday — 49c

See East Window—Carpets and Drapery.

California.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

The first and third Tuesdays during March, April and May the Northwestern line will sell round trip homeseekers' tickets to points in California at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

Tickets good for twenty-one days from date of sale with stop-over privileges at pleasure in homeseekers' territory.

Remember the dates and route and secure tickets at 405 West Superior street, or Omaha depot.

"FRENCHY" PARDONED.

Life Prisoner Freed By New York Governor.

New York, April 18.—Governor Odell pardoned Amer Bon All, better known as "Frenchy," who has been serving a life sentence in the Matteawan hospital for insane criminals for the murder of a woman called "Old Shakespeare," in this city, in 1891. The pardon was granted because the governor believes theer are grave doubts of the prisoner's guilt, much of the testimony being of a peculiar character, and "Frenchy" being unable to speak English.

The pardon was asked for by several influential and prominent men, including Jules Cambon, the French ambassador; Frederick R. Coudert, J. B. Martin and others.

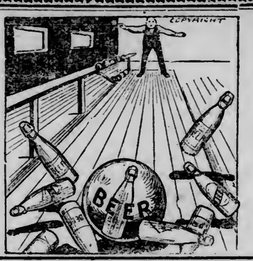
The crime was committed shortly after the publication of descriptions of the numerous murders in the White Chapel district in London, and at the time it was supposed that Jack the Ripper had come to New York city. "Frenchy," who was in the hotel that night, was arrested, tried and convited on circumstantial evidence.

STOLEN BY A DOG

Payroll Was Missing and the Regiment Nearly Mutinied.

Thief's Trained Dog Stole It From an Unwatched Office.

Owner Found It When He Got Over a Drunk.



New York, April 18.—Four men were sitting over their coffee and cigars at the Waldorf the other day, when one of them who had been a lieutenant in one of the Spanish-American volunteer regiments—one that never saw Cuba—in glancing out of the window saw something which made him jump to his feet and exclaim: "By the rules and regulations, if that isn't Rhody it's his double!"

In answer to the question of his companions who had noted his action with surprise and curiosity, he told the following story:

"Rhody was only a mongrel mangy, nondescript of a dog, but it was due to him that the men of the —d at one time mutinied, ndaf or a day refused to obey a single order. It was at one of those isolated Southern camps. The —d was a tough proposition from the start.

"After the capture of Santiago and the destruction of Cervera's fleet we saw that the game was up. The enlisted men began to clamor for discharge. One month after the paymaster did not get around at all and the conduct of the men became such that the officers would not ignore it. At last the month was up and word came that the paymaster would be on hand Saturday, would inspect the pay roll Sunday and pay the men Monday.

This news worked a revolution in the disposition and comfort of the regiment, much to everybody's relief. All the rolls were in the adjutant's office by the designated time. The mounted orderly was to ride into C— after dinner and deliver the rolls to Maj. Dodge.

The adjutant told the sergeant-major he could go to dinner, as he went out with the colonel, bound for the headquarters mess. There were two clerk corporals in the office, so the sergeant-major went to mess, leaving them in charge. They passed down the pleasant duty until the office was empty.

As the last one passde out, he passed Rhody, a dog which followed the regiment and attached himself to Private Gallagher, of Company F. Gallagher spent most of his time in the guardhouse, and handled a shovel oftener than he did a rifle. The dog, despite his want of breeding, was a knowing one, and clever. Gallagher had taught Rhody to sneak into the boys' tents and steal whatever he could sink his teeth into. When anyone lost anything the first place in which he looked for it was in Gallagher's tent, and he was generally sure of finding it there.

Presently one after the other got back from dinner and the adjutant told the sergeant-major he could rent the mess-

orderly back to C— with the pay rolls for Maj. Dodge, the paymaster.

But there was no payroll to be found. Everybody looked high and low without avail. At last the lieutenant placed them all under arrest and reported the situation to the colonel, and there was trouble right away. Of course duplicate payrolls must be made out at once. But there was not another blank in camp. Application showed that neither was one to be had at brigade, division or corps headquarters, and the trouble got very big right away. The streets of course soon knew there was no expectation of being paid on Monday and the men set authority at defiance. It was a sleepless night for every officer in camp. The colonel called a consultation and the feasibility of sending word over to brigade headquarters and asking for the arrest of the entire regiment by the other two regiments of the brigade as the only means of preventing an open rebellion was discussed. It was decided to await the morrow and see what it would bring forth.

"Then Private Gallagher brought up in camp, after a series of long tacks, with a skinful of corn whisky and with two pint bottles of the same in his pockets. He flung the bottles under the bunk and was soon snoring in drunken slumber. When he awoke the next morning he felt under his bunk for a fresh bottle and—pulled out a round bundle, with a big red wax seal marked U. S. on either end, addressed to Maj. Dodge, paymaster. Private Gallagher also noticed the prints of a dog's teeth on the outside of the wrapping paper, and it pleased him to think that Rhody paid attention to business when his master was not around to direct operations.

"Gallagher had been out of camp the day before, so he was not aware of the full merits of the situation and didn't know the payroll had been lost. But he recognized that he could not pawn his find, so he took the bundle to the first sergeant of his company, and told him that he had found it in his tent. The sergeant saw what it was, and took it to the adjutant's tent. The adjutant was taking his morning tub. The sergeant passed the bundle in through one of the apertures of the closed tent flaps. A second afterward he heard a wild yell, and presently the adjutant clad only in a pair of pajamas, rushed forth from his tent with wildly waving hair. He burst into the colonel's tent with: "We've found it! We've found it!" Officers' call was sounded, and soon the entire regiment knew that the lost payroll had been found in Private Gallagher's tent, and that it had been stolen out of the adjutant's office by Rhody.

"There was no more trouble. The adjutant kept that roll in his hand until he delivered it personally to Maj. Dodge, and the men were paid off on the following Monday. The entire regiment was out gunning for Gallagher and Rhody for two days, but both had deserted."

VANDERBILT'S TAXES.

After proving to the satisfaction of the tax board that he was liable to assessment upon $11,000, instead of $1,000,000, in personal property, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, youngest son of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt voluntarily had himself assessed at $250,000, "just to show that he had no desire to evade any of the responsibilities attached to the holding of great wealth," says the New York Herald.

"Mr. Commissioner," Mr. Vanderbilt began, "I was 21 years old on Dec. 19 last. At that time I received a part of my share of my father's estate, but not all of it.

"After advising with counsel I find that my assessment of $1,000,000 on personality is far too high, and that in fact I am liable for taxation on only $11,000. This is according to the fact that many of my securities are non-assessable for local purposes."

Then Mr. Vanderbilt told the tax commissioner what stocks and bonds he owned, and the commissioner, after computing them, acknowledged that his visitor was entitled to the remission of $850,000 of his assessment and told him so. Mr. Vanderbilt appeared to be pleased that the tax commissioner should have so promptly coincided with his own views. Then, to the surprise of the commissioner, he continued:

"I am aware of the responsibilities attached to the holders of great wealth, and I have no desire to evade any of them. I will, therefore, consent to have you place my personal assessment at $250,000 and shall gladly pay taxes upon that amount."

This announcement, which has had few precedents in the history of the local taxing authorities, astonished Mr. Gillespie, who has frequently seen men of great wealth "swear off" with equanimity every cent of personal assessments. After a moment's pause he turned to Mr. Vanderbilt and exclaimed with warmth:

"I want to congratulate you, sir. You have shown the right spirit. I wish there were more like you."

Mr. Vanderbilt flushed and simply remarked, "You're very kind," and then, with his companion, took his leave.

The estate of Cornelius Vanderbilt, which comprises trust funds for the benefit of his widow and children, is assessed at $8,000,000. Of this estate no small part will eventually come to Reginald Vanderbilt, who is, consequently, paying taxes largely in excess of the amount individually assessed against him.

This year's tax rate will probably equal that of last year, which was $2.31 on each $100 of valuation. At that rate Mr. Vanderbilt will pay $575 in taxes for personal property alone.

HE WAS EMBARRASSED.

J. Edward Weld, the artist, and a member of the Harvard club, loves a good story, says the New York Times, even if it happens to be at his own expense, as the following that he tells certainly is:

"While off on my vacation last summer I was asked by a young lady at the hotel if I would mind doing a small favor for her.

"'Certainly not,' I said eagerly; 'what is it?'

"'Thank you so much!' she exclaimed gratefully. 'I wish you would stop at Mrs. Gannon's little shop and get three large bone buttons—the kind with two small holes in them. They're for my new bathing suit, you know. You needn't pay for them—just tell her who I am and it will be all right.'

"Now, I'm a bachelor and had never bought anything but collar buttons before. So on my way to the store I kept repeating the instructions I had received. Eager to relieve my mind, I rushed up to Mrs. Gannon and reeled off this surprising speech:

"'I want three bone buttons for a small bathing suit with two large holes in it. Just tell me who I am and it will be all

Every Time!

Our "MOOSE BRAND BEER" is put in competition with other beers. It alone stands the test—the rest are knocked out. Has a reputation gained solely on its merits. Noted for purity, tone and strength, and universally popular. Highly beneficial for the invalid. Equally so as a table beer. Stimulating, health-giving, palatable. $2.25 for a case of 2 dozen bottles.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

Either Phone 241.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 18.—The low pressure area central Thursday morning over Western Assiniboia has moved to Southern Minnesota, causing light rains over Michigan, Iowa, Northern Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, and warmer over the Mississippi and Missouri valleys and Southwest. The Pacific coast "high" has moved to Manitoba and is accompanied by much cooler weather in Northwest Canada, falling to 16 degrees at Minnedosa and 10 to 20 degrees at Prince Albert. "Lows" over North Pacific and South Atlantic districts are causing light rains in those sections. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh southerly.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	50	Medicine Hat	24
Battleford	38	Memphis	54
Bismarck	42	Miles City	36
Boston	40	Milwaukee	46
Buffalo	44	Minnedosa	14
Calgary	29	Modena	34
Charleston	54	Montgomery	48
Chicago	50	Moorhead	36
Cincinnati	40	New Orleans	58
Davenport	48	New York	42
Denver	38	North Platte	40
Detroit	42	Oklahoma	50
Dodge City	40	Omaha	50
Duluth	26	Pittsburg	42
Edmonton	20	Port Arthur	26
El Paso	52	Portland	44
Escanaba	34	Prince Albert	16
Galveston	64	Qu' Appelle	26
Green Bay	38	Rapid City	36
Havre	30	San Francisco	46
Helena	44	Santa Fe	42
Houghton	32	Shreveport	54
Huron	28	Spokane	38
Jacksonville	58	St. Louis	52
Kamloops	46	St. Paul	36
Kansas City	52	Sault Ste. Marie	32
Knoxville	44	Swift Current	30
La Crosse	44	Washington	38
Lander	20	Williston	28
Los Angeles	52	Winnemucca	34
Marquette	34	Winnipeg	20

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Saturday; cooler tonight; cool Saturday; brisk and possibly high northwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 18.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday with showers east portion this afternoon and possibly tonight; cooler Saturday and west portion tonight. Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; cooler south portion tonight. The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; cooler tonight. Upper lakes—Light southeast winds, shifting to brisk northwest on Michigan and Superior tonight and Huron Saturday; cloudy with showers tonight and on Huron Saturday.

A Good Ending of the Exclusion Problem.

The practically unanimous vote in the senate on the Platt amendment to the Chinese exclusion bill, which in fact was merely a substitute measure providing for a continuation of the present law, was no surprise to those who understood the real feeling in regard to Chinese exclusion. For months before congress met the Pacific coast was passing resolutions for the re-enactment of the present Geary law; to that there would have been little objection, but the labor agitators became unwilling to let so good an opportunity to pass unutilized, and so they came forward with the announcement that the present exclusion measures were not half drastic enough, although under them the Chinese population is rapidly diminishing and certain industries of the coast seriously threatened in consequence. The labor people sent a committee to Washington to explain the drastic provisions which they desire to have enacted. The Pacific coast statesmen bowed solemnly in approval of this program as if they believed in it, but in private conversation acknowledged that they did not. When the bill got over to the senate committee it was decided by a unanimous vote to report it, although practically none of the members believed in it; they did this as a courtesy to the Pacific coast and the labor interests, and with the understanding that each member should be at liberty on the floor to offer such a debate as he saw fit. They did as they saw fit and as a result there was but one vote recorded against the amendment in the senate. The Platt amendment provides for continuing the present laws in full force until Dec. 7, 1904, and beyond that, in case that treaty is not terminated, until a new treaty between this country and China respecting the coming of Chinese persons into the United States shall be concluded and carried into effect. The house has already informally agreed to accept this bill and there is no doubt that it will become a law. It is undoubtedly the best solution of the exclusion problem which could have been made.

Outrageous Treatment of Chinamen.

An outbreak is threatened by the Chinese—not in the Flowery kingdom but in San Francisco, where ninety-eight Chinese immigrants have been confined in the detention pen for many months. The collector of customs has notified the secretary of the treasury at Washington that unless something is done concerning these Celestials they will break loose. It appears that the men are immigrants who came bound for Mexico and proposing to make their journey through the United States to their destination. The collector, not being satisfied that they were prospering in good faith to remain in Mexico, but suspecting that they intended recrossing the border into this country, surreptitiously refused them the privilege of transit, and as the steamboat company refused to take them back they were confined in a detention pen till a test case could be made up for appeal from the collector's decision. The cases of two immigrants were thus carried up and are now pending for final judgment in the supreme court of the United States. Meanwhile more than one hundred Chinese were thus locked up. Some escaped, and the present residue of ninety-eight have been in confinement for periods ranging from three to nine months. Their quarters are very uncomfortable and unfit, but both government and steamship company are stubborn in maintaining their respective sides in the controversy. The secretary has telegraphed the collector to serve upon the steamship company a peremptory demand, in writing, for the reconveyance of the detained immigrants to China and to warn the company that the government will prosecute it for connivance in illicit violation of the exclusion law in the case of every Chinaman who escapes as a result of the present situation. The objection of the company to carrying the Chinese back is not so much to that simple thing, but the danger that the deported immigrants when they get home will circulate there the story that the steamship people are unable to land their passengers, even those bound for Mexico, and that thus further passenger traffic will be discouraged. It seems incredible that such a condition of affairs could exist. That there is gross negligence somewhere is apparent. That these Chinamen should be thus confined is an outrage. If the contention of the collector is correct they should be put on board ship forthwith and sent back. If he is wrong the man should be allowed to proceed to Mexico, their destination.

WHO FOR CONGRESS?

With the retirement of Judge Morris from congress, speculation is rife as to his successor, and budding statesmen are appearing on every hand. In the new Eighth district the Democratic candidate will have only a fighting chance, judging from the vote at previous elections, and therefore many are inclined to regard the Republican nomination as equivalent to an election. Yet they may be mistaken. The Republican leaders' policy on several public questions has alienated some members of the party, and the large independent vote in this district, and especially in Duluth, is an uncertain quantity. Much will depend upon the qualifications and popularity of the Republican candidate.

These reflections have suggested the idea that in looking for a strong candidate the Republicans might find the natural successor to Judge Morris in the person of the Hon. Levi M. Willcuts. For many years Mr. Willcuts has taken a prominent part in the election of congressman and members of the legislature and county and city officials, and has been eminently successful. If he could elect others, some of them undeniably very weak candidates, why could he not be elected himself? It is true that Mr. Willcuts now holds a highly remunerative position in the federal service. The collector of customs is one of the best offices in the state from a financial point of view, but there is vastly more honor and a higher salary attached to the position of congressman. As the Republican Warwick of the old Sixth district, Mr. Willcuts has gained an acquaintance that would give him a great advantage over almost any other candidate at the primary election, and if he would consent to enter the field, he would probably distance all competitors.

The Herald, after a hasty survey of the field, cannot discover a more resourceful candidate on the Republican side than the Hon. Levi M. Willcuts. Why not nominate him?

RETIRING GEN. MILES.

Dispatches from Washington state that the general order which will be issued by the adjutant general by the direction of the president, retiring Gen. Miles, will be accompanied by a statement of alleged specific and long-continued acts of insubordination and violation of army regulations. A record of his official misconduct, going back to a time prior to his succeeding Gen. Schofield as senior major general in command of the army, has been prepared and will be made public in such a way that the country will understand the nature of his alleged offenses and the reasons why the administration feels compelled to rebuke them.

A spokesman of the administration recently tried to smooth the way for the unusual course of retiring the general commanding the army by claiming that Gen. Miles had no right to complain, because he had several officers retired in order that he might be promoted. These statements were emphatically denied. Friends of Gen. Miles say in regard to his promotion to Gen. Ord's place that the spokesman of the president misrepresented the previous situation. In the first place, Gen. Miles was not instrumental, as was stated, in having Gen. Ord arbitrarily retired to make way for himself. The story is one of politics rather than military intrigue. Near the close of the Hayes administration Brig. Gen. Myer, for whom Fort Myer, Va., was named, and who was known as "Old Probabilities," on account of his being the chief signal officer and head of the weather bureau, died, leaving a vacancy in the grade of brigadier general, for which Miles, then a colonel, was a candidate. He desired to become chief signal officer, believing that he could increase the importance of the signal corps and the weather bureau, then under one head. Miles had seen fourteen years' service as a colonel on the frontier, and was at the height of his fame as an Indian fighter.

Garfield was anxious to have Gen. Hazen, a brother-in-law of John R. McLean, of Ohio, appointed as chief signal officer, and a deal was effected between Hayes and Garfield by which if Hayes would appoint Hazen to a brigadier generalcy, Garfield would put Stanley Matthews on the supreme bench. A short time before, Gen. Ord in Texas sent a telegram to Gen. Hancock in New York congratulating him on his nomination as a Democratic candidate for the presidency in behalf of Texas, and Hayes summarily retired that army officer for making a spectacle of himself in politics. It was to this place that Miles was appointed, without the knowledge of Miles and against the protest of John Sherman, an uncle of Mrs. Miles, who did not wish Gen. Ord retired and who said that Miles could wait.

Reference has been made by the president's spokesman to the case of Gen. Brooke. That officer has not been since the war senior to Gen. Miles, and the services of the two officers are not to be compared, as is shown by a glance at the records of each, Gen. Miles having seen much more Indian service than Gen. Brooke. Another reference was to the case of Col. Noyes, who was said to be similarly retired at the instance of Gen. Miles. He was retired at the instance of the secretary of war for personal reasons, which might have gained for him, in the opinion of army officers, according to the records, a court-martial instead of retirement.

The forcing of Gen. Miles to the retired list will be a mistake that the administration may have cause to regret. Had the president promptly, on Gen. Miles reporting in his second Philippine memorandum, issued an order retiring him from active service, under the clause which permits him to put on the retired list an officer who has attained the age of 62, the act might have been regarded as simply a disciplinary measure, one to be judged simply as such. It would have stood by itself. Now the situation is somewhat different. The recent reports from the Philippines furnish ample support to Gen. Miles' assertion that the war in the Philippines is being conducted with undue severity. If the president retires Gen. Miles now, many will say that he was punished for being right in his statements to the great inconvenience of the war department, for saying something the public has a right to know and the war department has no right to suppress. And they would not be far from right, either.

THE SUGAR QUESTION.

The house of representatives will vote at today's session on the Cuban reciprocity bill and the various amendments proposed to it. The indications are that the amendments will fail and the bill be passed as it came from the hands of the ways and means committee. It provides for a reduction of only 20 per cent in the Dingley tariff on Cuban products coming to this country. This reduction is manifestly inadequate, but it is probably the greatest that could be obtained from congress at this time and must be regarded as a step in the right direction.

In this connection, a statement issued by the treasury bureau of statistics showing the sugar consumption and production of the United States is timely, because it clearly exposes the hollowness of the pretensions of the "beet rooters" in congress who have been making every effort to defeat the policy of reciprocity with Cuba. This official report states that the consumption of sugar has increased from thirty-three pounds per capita in 1870 to sixty-eight pounds per capita in 1901. To make an absolutely fair comparison, however, only the statistics for the last ten years should be considered. During that period, speaking broadly, the domestic sugar growers have had the benefit of high bounties or excessive protection. In spite of the extraordinary encouragement given them by the government, the cane sugar growers have barely held their own, their output fluctuating from year to year, but showing no steady tendency to increase. In fact, for the eight years from 1890 to 1899 they produced on the average about one-fourth more sugar annually than they did in 1899 and 1900. Last year, together with the beet growers, they furnished only about one-sixth of the sugar consumed in the United States.

Until 1892 no beet sugar worth considering was manufactured in this country. That year the domestic product amounted to only 12,000 tons as against a total consumption of 1,853,370 tons. Last year, after ten years of careful nursing by the government and strenuous booming by factory promoters and owners of Western lands, their output had risen to 124,859 tons, about one-nineteenth of the total consumption. Taken by itself, this would appear to be a remarkable showing. But the real point to be considered, in view of the beet sugar manufacturers' extravagant claims, is, how long will the tens of millions of consumers have to pay a protective duty of nearly 2 cents a pound before the domestic sugar growers will be in a position to supply the home market?

The cane growers are barely holding their own, so that if the situation is to be relieved it must be done by the beet sugar people. In the last ten years, however, according to the United States treasury statistics, the beet and cane interests combined have only increased the domestic product 191,000 tons, while the total consumption has grown 483,463 tons a year. Conditions could not have been more favorable for them, but they are steadily falling behind. Yet the beet sugar men have the "nerve" not only to say that the Cubans, to whom we have voluntarily assumed the most sacred obligations, must be made to pay the full import duty, but to demand that special tariffs shall be enacted to keep out the product of our own possessions. All this time the people of the United States are importing from foreign countries two-thirds of the sugar they use and paying a needlessly high price for it.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch finds that prosperity and the drink habit rise and fall together. Thus in 1878 the per capita consumption of beer was 6.68 gallons. It rose steadily until 1898 when the consumption was 16.20 gallons. After the panic of that year the national thirst declined, keeping pace with the business depression until 1897 when the consumption was 14.94. Then it rose and in 1901 was 16.20, just the quantity consumed in 1893. Of spirits the per capita consumption in 1893 was 1.52 gallons. It fell off, reaching the lowest point in 1896, when only 1.01 gallons were consumed. Since then the allowance has gradually increased, in 1901 being 1.33 gallons.

Jacob Riis, who has been tendered the position of governor of the Danish West Indies, may decline the appointment. He says newspaper men should not go into politics or hold office. In Carlyle's "Heroes and Hero Worship, Lecture V.," we read: "Edmund Burke said there were three estates in parliament, but in the reporter's gallery yonder there sat a fourth estate more important far than they all."

The dress coat is included in Professor Starr's crusade against "relics of barbarism." He says it is nothing less than the hunting coat of our ancestors, who divided the tails of the long frock coats, cut away the front, sewed buttons in the back to hold up the tails, and used the coat for a hunting jacket. But, then, are we not "relics of barbarism" ourselves?

It is said that residents of St. Louis are preparing to rent out their homes and take a long vacation abroad during the progress of the World's fair. If this shall prove true it will be a source of great disappointment to their friends and relatives who hope to make them a long visit during fair time.

The Canadian government, at the request of the imperial authorities is sending forty young women to South Africa to act as nurses in the concentration camps. That is better than sending soldiers to wage war on the liberty-loving Boers.

New York has a new building under construction covering a plot 200 by 200, and costing $175,000, that will be used exclusively for playing the Spanish game pelota. The ping-pong enthusiasts will consider this a great waste of money.

President Kruger said the war in South Africa would "stagger humanity," and it certainly has staggered the British people who are facing a big deficit in the treasury and burdensome war taxes.

The king of Belgium is not making any pleasure trips to Paris at present. He is having plenty of business at home, trying to hold on to his crown.

Speaker Henderson thinks that congress is liable to sit until August. The people would not offer any opposition to an adjournment May 1.

Women kiss the hands of Paderewski and Kubelik, but you never heard of a man doing such a foolish thing.

Freddie Funston says Aguinaldo is the man who made him. That is tough on Aguinaldo.

Remember that tomorrow is the day to "clean up" the city. Let every householder do his duty.

Michael Przybylowiczks, city clerk of Leavenworth, Kan., is a bachelor. What girl would want to take such a name?

M. Santos is the proper way to abbreviate the name of the daring navigator of the air.

This is Arbor day. Plant a tree!

RETIREMENT OF MORRIS.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: Hon. Page Morris, in a letter to the chairman of the Republican committee of his district, announces his determination not to be a candidate for renomination by the Republicans of his district. This will be generally regretted, not only by his friends in the Sixth district but by the people of the state at large. It will be felt as a distinct loss by his colleagues on the Minnesota delegation and by his associates in congress generally. For Judge Morris is one of the ablest and most respected members of the Minnesota delegation, and in fact belongs to the class of superior men in congress. He had gained a position of influence and usefulness in congress which it is a great pity is to be lost to the state and to the Republican party.

Minneapolis Journal: It has happened that the Journal has very often been opposed to Congressman Morris. It has been and is now our opinion that he has not always represented the public opinion of his state or district. But there has never been any question of the congressman's sincerity and political integrity. His position has always been clean cut. There has never been any difficulty in locating him. He has always been commendably brave in public life.

St. Paul Dispatch: Congressman Morris announces that he is out to play his farewell engagement. This looks suspicious. What has the courtly Page up his sleeve now? Is it governor, senator, or a foreign appointment? Let us keep our political ears close to the ground, and maybe we will hear something drop on the Duluth rocks.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Give a man a chance to gamble and he will do it even if it is as risky as marriage.

The average man has about as much chance of getting rich as of going through the eye of a needle.

Women will wear pretty stockings without low shoes, but they will not wear low shoes without pretty stockings.

There is more eloquence in one kiss that comes from pretty lips than in all the oratory that has fallen from them.

Oh, How Cruel!

St. Peter Journal: Of all the inhuman monsters of modern times this man Jim Hill appears to be the worst. Here he has the opportunity to furnish the material upon which Governor Van Sant could be renominated and re-elected, and he positively refuses to do it. All he would have to do would be to discharge his lawyer, go into court and confess judgment for the $400,000,000 of the Northern Securities stock, and the trick would be done. Is there another man in the state who would be so brutally selfish? Would the proprietors of the Minneapolis Times and Journal and the St. Paul Dispatch hesitate to make such a trifling sacrifice? Not for a minute! They would jump at the chance to ruin their business in the interest of the governor. It is difficult to understand how Mr. Hill can be so callously selfish, so cruelly unappreciative of the merits of the only great and good man who jarred the dollar bone of "Mr. Prince." And all for a paltry $400,000,000 matter! No wonder the governor and his organs are surprised and pained. For shame, Jim Hill!

A Good Thing.

Princeton Union: The proposition to establish a school of mines in St. Louis county is a good one. The bill was introduced at the special session of the legislature but was not passed. An effort will be made to have the bill enacted into a law at the next session of the legislature.

Effect of Experience.

Washington Post: Mr. Bryan writes entertainingly on the subject of graves and their care, but that doesn't necessarily mean that the Democratic party will stay buried.

Takes Care of Number One.

Brooklyn Eagle: Cecil Rhodes leaves his money to England. England will get it. They haven't the habit over there of blackening a relative's character in order to get the money.

Store Closed Every Day at 6, except Saturday at 10:30.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

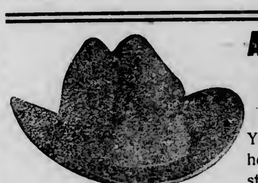
Williamson & Mendenhall.

Store Closed Every Day at 6, Except Saturday at 10:30.

Special Sale Saturday of Men's Fine Suits and Spring Overcoats $15

For Gentlemen's Suits and Spring Overcoats, that are as stylish as any high-grade custom tailor would ask you $25 to $40 for. All the swell new materials and colorings in an immense assortment of beautiful styles and fabrics. This will be a great sale of Stylish Suits and Spring Overcoats

WE CLOTHE THE BOYS AND CHILDREN As carefully as we clothe the men, and in more correct styles than one store in a hundred gives—and for less money. This season introduces new fashions, new fabrics and new colorings—we show them all—special attention is directed to our immense line of Norfolk Suits and to the great variety of handsome novelties in children's outfits—all tastes and prices were considered in selecting. $1.95, $2.45, $2.95, $3.45, $3.95, $4.95



And In HATS You will find here the latest styles in Soft Hats and Derbys—all correct colors—all the leading shapes— $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4.00.

AND IN SHOES We're exclusive agents in Duluth for the Bostonian Shoes, price $3.50. You can't buy a better shoe elsewhere at $5. Other men's shoes at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Boys' and Children's Shoes At 98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50.

A Plantation Sermon

By Martha S. Gielow.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

"'Er White Horse Turnt Loose."

(A plantation sermon preached at the Bethlehem Chapel near Greensboro, Ala. Notes taken by a friend).

De tex uv my summon dis evening, my brederin, is tex number two uv de Revelation.

Er white horse turnt loose in hebben an' de reins thowed over his nuk, an' you ken hyear de soun' uv his hoofs echoin' to Gosnum.

My Brederin' I know ye all ain' gwine be satisfied wid my preachin, ter night, fur I is sufferin' wid de hoseness uv my throat.

Kase I done preached at Cedarhill las' night, an' night befo', so you ken see dat I is putty well wo' out. Now, my Brederin an' my sistren, John, he was de great Revealer. Ef de Lord hadn't said, "John, seal up an' doen write no mo', I am satisfied dat we'd er knowed de ve'y hour, yes, me Brederin, de ve'y minist, we was gwine ter die.

Now de Lord, he mounted de horse wid de seven horns an' rode thoo de streets uv hebben, an' I see er thone wid fo' an' twenty elders er sittin' roun' an' I hyear de beas' hoofs echoin' thoo' de streets unto Goshum.

Now, my Brederin, Lord he made all de beasts and things, an' he sut man on de ve'y top uv de ladder, an' he was de mos' disobedienus uv 'em all. He made man wid 208 bones, an' 43 elementry sounds, an' 3 senses an' He completed man by makin' him de third pusson in de Frinity.

An' as de beas' rode on de white horse, wid de reins thow'd over his nake, an' his hoofs echoin' to Goshum, he seen de 208 bones, an de 43 elementary sounds, an' de 3 senses.

My Brederin, hit would be ompossible for us to pitur in our mines how dem Postles an' seints uv de ole times suffered.

Dem folkses what lived in dem times comed erlong, day did, an' went up to one Brer Thomas wid er tommy-hock in hees hou's, an' dey sez 'Ole Thomas, what def does you wanter die?" On' ole Thomas he sez, "I doan make no difference to me how I dies. I jes soon die by de tommy-hock as any other way, an' my Brederin, dey tommy-hocked ole Thomas to def an' dey gitted him. Den day comes up to ole Bren' ePter, an' sez, "What def does you want to die?" an' ole Pete he sez, "I doan keer,—hit doan make no difference to me how I dies," An' dey kilt ole Peter.

Den, they comes up to John, de Revealer, an' ast him, "What def duz you wanter die?" And ole John sed he was ready to go when de Lord called him.

An' den my Bredern dem peoples took John de great Revealer an' dey hung him into er pot uv biling oil an' ev'y time de gret Revealer bob'd up, an' befo' dey could push him back wid dey pitch-forks, he lif his voice up to hebben an' say "Lord hit doan make no diffunce to me how I die."

But dey couldn't kill dat gret Revealer, kaze while dey wan' lookin' ole John lipt out uv de pot an' runned off to Pattymos.

Now my Bredern and Sistern, when ole John got to Pattymos, he seen wife beases tearin' up an' down an' all 'roun' 'im an' he lif up his voice to de Lord agin an' sez "Lord nit doan make no diffrence to me how I dies."

An oh! my frens, de Lord he hyeard ole John, an' he sat down or parrit wid fo' hosses, an' cotched him by de robes, an' snatched him right up into Hebben.

But my frens an' hearers, de short time dat John de Revealer was in Pattymos, he seen his bes' fren' ole John Bunyans.

Now de Revealer he stopt fer to see his fren' John Bunyan an' dey set down on a log on de roade-side an' talked erbout dot widder what lived in de Bible. My Brederen an' my Sistern, 'specially de sistren, I wants to pletur to yo' mines dat ve'y wildder. Her onlies' son was gwine to be hung, an' she begged 'um not to kill 'im, but dey pay no 'tention to her, so she runned here over to de king, an' she runned day an' night tell she got dar.

An' she tole him all 'bout her son, an' he give her a stone wid his name wrote on it. Den she thanked de king an' hugged an' kissed his feete.

An' she runned all de way back, an' she got to de gallus, an' seen her son, jes two minits befo' time fer him to die.

An' she said "Jes lem me kiss my son an' chuck his han's wonst befo' he dies."

An' she wouldn't show de stone ter any uv 'um, fer she know'd dey would take it fum her.

An' she got up on de gallus wid her son an' she gave him de stone wid de king's name writ on it. An' he holded up de stone, an' sez, "I'se saved! I'se saved!" makin' him de third pusson in de Frinity.

Now my Bredren, has any uv you got dat stone in yo' hearts, wid de king's name writ on it? Ef you aint, you'd better put it dar at wunst.

O Aimighty Gord! we ast dee ef it is du holy an' ergranted will to give us pure hearts fur Jesus sake, an' lead us all back to Jesus if it is dy holy an ergranted will. An' keep us all well to do dy work ef it is dy holy an' ergranted will.

(Loud groans and "Amens" came in volumes from the aged brethren in the left-hand corner, and tremulous wails from the sisters, and continuous rocking and swaying of their bodies).

Brother Diver seemed to realize the deep impression which his words had made—he mopped his brow, cleared his throat and renewed his efforts.

"O my Bredern, I is glad to see dat you all is makin' up—fer you didn't seem to hab no reprehension uv de trouble uv sin.

"Hit is time fer to make to de fac's for' hit gets too late.

Now, my Bredren, dar is three steps leadin' up to Hebben, Faif, Hope an' Charity.

"Faif goes wid you thoo dis life, an' stops wid you at de grave. Hope does de same. But Cha'rity goes 'long wid you into Hebben.

"I tell you ergin, Bredren, dar is three steps er leadin' into Hebben.

"Faif sez, 'Enter in.' Hope sez, 'enter in,' but Cha'rity takes you by de han' an' leads you in.

"Now, Bredren, you knows I's 'parin' you fer de love feas' we's er gwine ter have ter night."

(At this point one of the brethren came in with a bag of soda crackers and a pitcher of water for the love feast).

"You all puts er piece uv de bread in yo' mouts an' takes er piece uv gread in yo' han's, an' den we all breaks it together at wonst. But, my Bredren, I'm er feared we ain' gwine ter hab much uv er love feas' hyear ter night, fer I kin tell fum yo' peerments dat my sermon aint teched yo' hearts in de right place.

"But I is done my best.

"Now, my Bredren, I wants to tell you one mo' thing an' dat is dis—Dar is three things what is necessary for a preacher to hev fer to preach de gospel. Knowledge in de head, de sperit in de heart, an' money in de pocket.

"Now, I is got de knowledge in de head, an' de sperit in de heart, but, Bredren, I ain' got no money. I is preachin' kaze hits my callin', but den, Bredren, I is bleeged to have dem three requiremints, an' I only calls on you fer to s'ply one uv um.

"I will now call fer de third requirement, an' I hopes you will shell out de nickels an' de dimes in Bro' Perry's hat.

"Broder Perry, will you please to step er roun' an' take un dat requirmint—what is comminly called de collectium."

Heroes of the Seacoast.

New York Tribune: The recent deaths of life savers on the Atlantic coast in heroic endeavors to save the lives of shipwrecked sailors suggest the question whether there is any class of men employed by the federal government so poorly paid and so ungenerously treated for services of the greatest difficulty and danger. Our life savers ought to fare better.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19.
"THE VIKING"
A comic opera in three acts, will be presented by the
Roosevelt Marching Club, of Minneapolis.
Good music! Good Dancing! Pretty Girls! 100 —in cast —100.
PRICES—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

Jap Rose
[TRADE MARK]
Soap

one-sixth pure glycerin, and containing vegetable oils, is transparent.

Carries the perfume of natural flowers. Most delightful for toilet.

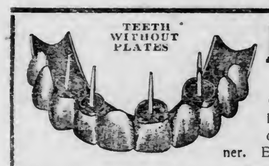
A trial of it will convince you that nothing better can be made for use on skin or hair.

AA JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

Kirk's Rain Water Maker—Softens the Hardest Water
Send ten cents postage for free sample

OUR HARDWARE STORE, OUR TINSHOP, OUR BIKE REPAIR SHOP. } Three in One

LEONARD'S HARDWARE STORE
1910 W. Superior St. 'Phone 424. Duluth.



JOHNSON & KAAKE
DENTISTS.

Our offices are equipped with all the latest electrical appliances for performing operations in a speedy and painless manner. Examination free and all work guaranteed.

Gold Crown (best quality)-------$7.00 | Gold Fillings, up from-------$1.50
Porcelain Fillings---------75c | Silver Filling, up from---------75c

MESABA BLOCK, 402-11 West Superior Street, DULUTH. OPEN SUNDAYS, 10 to 12. ZENITH PHONE, 168.

DOG DIES

In an Effort to Save His Young Master.

Chicago, April 18.—Pat, an Irish setter which had been the life companion of 8-year-old Irwin Williams, was killed while attempting to save its master and three playmates from the perils of the St. Paul grade crossing in Edgebrook.

The children had been forbidden to cross the tracks, but neither Irwin Williams, the son of Grant Williams, division freight agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, nor Francis, Olive and Howard Sprogle, children of Assistant State's Attorney H. O. Sprogle, remembered the warning when they climbed into a farmer's wagon and were driven toward the grade crossing.

The dog ran along contentedly at the wheels of the wagon until it approached the tracks, then set up a howl of protest. Running in front of the horses the dog barked at their heads in an effort to stop them. A train from the city was passing and the farmer drew rein as it whizzed by. Another train was approaching from the other direction and Pat was in a frenzy of excitement. The horses moved as if to start, and the dog leaped forward just as the train reached the crossing. An instant later the faithful animal was dead.

The dog will be buried as a hero should. For eight years it has been known to almost all the residents of Edgebrook, who now are relating a dozen deeds of heroism it accomplished in caring for its youthful charges.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

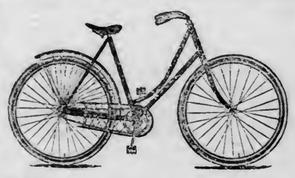
ORE TRADE.

Movement May Not Be as Large as Early Esfimates.

Cleveland, April 18.—The Iron Trade Review says: The shipment of ore to Lake Erie ports is fairly under way, barring some difficulty with frozen ore at the upper lake docks. The new ore is coming to docks carrying heavy stocks from the season of 1901. It is found that Lake Erie docks contain fully 1,000,000 tons more of ore than it was estimated at the close of navigation they would have at this time. The serious interruptions to furnace operations throughout the past winter are responsible for the disappointing movement of ore from docks to furnaces. In addition to the ore on docks, there is a large tonnage in furnace yards.

The result will be that while the consumption of Lake Superior ores in the next twelve months will doubtless be greater than in the past year, the movement of ore from Lake Superior may not be as large as some estimates, based on the increase of the past few years, have made. In the case of the United States Steel corporation it is a question if any more ore will be brought down the lakes this season than in 1901. All told, there is now probably 2,000,000 to 2,500,000 tons of ore on Lake Erie docks and in furnace yards, over and above what would be considered, in ordinary times, a proper safeguard against dock strikes, late opening of navigation and other contingencies.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.



Imperial and Columbia
Wheels.

With a large stock of wheels on hand, we are now prepared to quote you prices that are fully 25 per cent. under the market value anywhere. No place can you obtain such bicycle bargains as we offer.

Bicycles Sold on Easy Payments.

Where else can you buy a Columbia Chainless for----$39.50
Highest quality Imperials with cushion frame and coaster brake for----$42.50
$40.00 Model Imperial with 1902 Improvements for----$30.00
Imperial Chain Wheels, the $35.00 models for----$25.00
Highest quality Imperials, with coaster brake, late model— for----$39.50
$35.00 Model Imperial with Morgan & Wright tires, for--$27.50

Out of town people should take advantage of these special reduced prices and sent in their orders.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.
Complete House Furnishings. Duluth, Minn.

STUDENT TROUBLES

Are Still Far From Settlement In Russian Cities.

St. Petersburg University Opens With Very Small Attendance.

Bottles of Ill Smelling Chemicals Opened In Class-Rooms.

St. Petersburg, March 12.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The St. Petersburg university was reopened yesterday. The attendance was light and bottles of ill-smelling chemicals were opened in many of the lecture rooms.

Student reports give the total number of arrests in Moscow during the last two or three weeks as 1800. They anticipate the exile to Siberia of the greater part of the 400 students who offered the government armed resistance in the university of Moscow.

Professor Timiriasieff at Moscow is reported to have refused to co-operate in meting out punishment to students, on the ground that his lecture room had been filled with strange persons, whom he took to be spies, while his former diligent students were nowhere to be seen.

The turbulent elements continue to utilize the theaters as places for the distribution of revolutionary literature. At Nijni Novgorod, during the recent celebration of the birthday anniversary of Gogol, the Russian author, leaflets were thrown from the gallery of a theater at a moment when the place was darkened. The ushers picked up the packages and began distributing them, thinking they were theatrical notices.

From many towns it is reported that political prisoners are generally resorting to starvation tactics in order to force their release or obtain a hearing. Forty-eight persons thus secured their release a short time ago from a detention prison in this city, where they had been held for nearly a year. In the great transport prison for condemned criminals here, which is now filled with political prisoners, the wardens are seeking to dissuade their charges from refusing food by promising their release shortly.

Many students are preparing to go abroad for study. It is said that this action has caused more serious attention to be given to the project attributed to the finance minister, M. Witte, to increase the fee for the issue of a passport to go abroad from 15 roubles to a sum possibly many times larger than this amount. General report has it that Minister Witte seriously proposed to charge all Russians who desired to go abroad 300 roubles for the first six months and 200 roubles for each additional half year. Fiscal as well as political reasons are urged in favor of this project, complaint being made that rich Russians are wasting the wealth of their country in Paris and Monte Carlo. The passport fee was increased about two years ago from 5 to 15 roubles per half year, the addition being for the benefit of the Red Cross society. Foreigners continue to pay 5 roubles for permission to cross the Russian frontier.

IN MICHIGAN.

Independent Telephone Company Wants Franchise at Ironwood.

Ironwood—Thomas C. Jacks, of Defiance, Ohio, representing a corporation which has installed a number of independent telephone systems throughout the country, has applied to the city council for a franchise. The application will probably be granted. It is the intention of the company to cover the whole Gogebic range.

Sault Ste. Marie—M. P. Grover, a prospector, who has been in the Michipicoten, Ont., mining field, reports the discovery of a big deposit of iron ore on the north shore of Lake Superior, forty-five miles west of Michipicoten. The ore assays 65 per cent.

F. M. Shumway, Charles W. Giddings and Secretary Reardon of the state board of pardons were here investigating the case of Leslie Moffatt, who applied for a pardon. Moffatt was convicted in 1897 of criminally assaulting his 12-year-old step-daughter. He was sentenced to twelve years in the Marquette state prison. The crime was an atrocious one and indications are a pardon will not be granted. The board left for Marquette where there are thirty cases to be taken up at the prison.

Lake Linden—The Schoolcraft board, at a meeting Tuesday evening at Lake Linden granted a franchise to Faucett Bros., of Larium, who are at the head of the new street railway project, for the line through the township. Everything is progressing favorably for the new road. The construction work will commence within two months and the line will be in operation between Hancock, Lake Linden and Laurium by fall.

Houghton—Game Warden Buchanan returned from the Entry after seizing three fish nets at that place. The officer does not know to whom the nets belong but will have them brought to Justice Brand's court room at Houghton where the men who own them can claim them. It is now illegal to fish with nets, and if the guilty persons can be apprehended they will be arrested. The nets are big ones and worth considerable money, and the owners will be out just that much if they do not claim them. At the same time they will be arrested for a violation of the fish laws. Warden Buchanan, who is always on the alert for violators of the game and fish laws, will continue his search for nets and the practice of fishing with them is sure to stop.

MARCHIONESS WAS GUILTY.

London, April 18.—The Marquis of Downshire was granted a divorce today because of the misconduct of the marchioness, who was a Miss Hare, with Capt. Joseph Laycock of the Yeomanry. The case was not defended, counsel for the co-respondent admitting the truth of the charges made.

THE GREAT DISMAL SWAMP

Of Virginia is a breeding ground of Malaria germs. So is low, wet or marshy ground everywhere. These germs cause weakness, chills and fever, aches in the bones and muscles, and may induce dangerous maladies. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malarial troubles. They will surely prevent typhoid. "We tried many remedies for Malaria and Stomach and Liver troubles," writes John Charleston, of Byesville, O., "but never found anything as good as Electric Bitters." Try them. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett guarantees satisfaction.

Removal Sale
of Shoes
for
Men, Women and Children.

Every pair of Shoes in the store is Reduced in price. Only a few days more and this sale will be a thing of the past.

BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

The FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

19c
Ladies' small sized House Slippers. Removal price, 19c.

Ladies' Shoes. 49 cents
50 pairs Ladies' $2.00 and $3.00 Shoes, odd kinds and small sizes—removal price 49c.

98c
200 pairs Ladies' $1.50 extension sole, fair stitch, patent tip, lace shoes. Removal price, 98c.

$1.48
Ladies' $2.00 Lace Shoes, kid or box calf, heavy soles—removal price $1.48.

$1.69
100 pairs Ladies' $2.50 Kid Shoes, patent tips, new extension soles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.98
Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 shoes, vici, box and velour calf, light or heavy extension soles. All sizes. Removal price, $1.98.

$2.48
100 pairs Ladies' $3.50 and $4.00 hand-turned shoes, new styles and nearly all sizes. Removal price, $2.48.

59 cents
Ladies' 90c 3-point House Slippers, all sizes. Removal price, 59c.

98c
Ladies' $1.25 and $1.35 House Slippers, Oxford or one-strap style; all sizes. Removal price, 98c.

50c
Colonial Slippers for evening and Oxfords for street. The new Colonial attachment for Oxfords makes an evening slipper of your Oxfords. Price only 50c.

MEN'S SHOES.

$2.48
Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Box Calf, Vici or Enamel Shoes, new styles—removal price $2.48.

$1.69
Men's $2.50 Satin Calf or Vici Kid Shoes, good styles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.48
Men's $2.00 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes, two different styles—removal price $1.48.

$1.98
Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Box, Chrome or Satin Calf Shoes, heavy or light soles—removal price $1.98.

$2.98
Men's $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes, new styles, all the latest leathers—removal price $2.98.

98 cents
Men's $1.50 Satin Calf and Grain Working Shoes, large sizes—removal price 98c.

$2.98
Men's $5.00 Russia and Leather-Lined Blucher Shoes, also English enamel double sole, good styles—removal price $2.98.

89 cents
Boys' and Youths' $1.25 and $1.50 Satin Calf, broken lots—removal price 89c.

39 cents
Child's Goat Shoes, in button only, sizes 5 to 8—removal price 39c.

Boys' and Youths' Shoes 89 cents
100 pairs Little Gents' $1.25 Box Calf Shoes, sizes 8 to 13—removal price 89c.

98 cents
Little Gents' $1.25 Steel Shod Shoes, 10 to 13—removal price 98c.

$1.19
Boys' and Youths' $1.50 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes—removal price $1.19.

$1.39
Boys' and Youths' Calf Shoes, worth $1.75 and $2.00—removal price $1.39.

$1.48
Boys' Keith Calf Shoes, broken sizes. Removal price $1.48.

$1.69
Boys' best calf shoes, worth $2.50. Removal price, $1.69.

$1.48
Boys' $2.00 seamless cut, waterproof shoes; sizes 13 to 5. Removal price, $1.48.

Misses' and Children's Shoes. 13 cents
Infants' Button Shoes, sizes 2 to 5—removal price 13c.

23c
Infants' 40c soft sole shoes, button or lace, in colors. Removal price, 23c.

49 cents
Child's 75c Kid Shoes, button or lace, sizes 2 to 6—Removal price, 49c.

69 cents
Child's $1.00 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip—removal price 69c.

79 cents
Child's $1.00 Dongola button Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11—removal sale 79c.

59 cents
Misses' $1.00 Goat Button Shoes, sizes 9 to 2—removal price 59c.

98 cents
Misses' $1.25 and $1.50 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip, all sizes—removal price 98c.

CHILLED BY POETRY

Chicago Man Sought to Please His Wife With Rhymes.

Now He Is Defendant In a Suit For Divorce.

Buys Bicycle, Gets Whipping, But He Loves Her Still.

Chicago, April 18.—When Mr. and Mrs. Alfred W. Nieman fell out Mr. Nieman tried to patch things up by quoting poetry. He even went so far as to buy a crayon portrait of his mother-in-law and present it to his wife.

In Mr. Nieman's efforts lurks a warning. Instead of soothing Mrs. Nieman, the poetry grated on her nerves. The picture, too, was resented—not because it was not a faithful likeness, but because of Mr. Nieman entertained lingering doubt as to the sincerity of the giver.

So, between poetry and picture, Mrs. Nieman turned to the divorce courts, and the case was on trial before Judge Willis yesterday.

Mr. Nieman, who lives at 1407 North Sawyer avenue, related his grievances with a long face.

"Why should I be sued when I am the one who has suffered?" he asked.

No one ventured to supply the information.

"Once my wife sang: 'I don't know why I hate you, but I do,'" continued Mr. Nieman, his voice trembling.

Mrs. Nieman, sitting a few feet away, tossed her head.

Then Mr. Nieman, prefacing his recital with the declaration that he loved his wife, faults and all, went on to tell about the poetry.

"May 17 of last year was my wife's birthday," he said, "and I determined to give her a fine present and write her a nice letter, so that she would open her heart again to me. I put forth my best efforts and had a picture of her mother enlarged and placed in a rich frame. I put the picture on an easel in the house and wrote her as nice a letter as I could compose."

The letter, which was read in court by Nieman, was as follows:

"This is with kind remembrance of the thirty-first anniversary of your birth. This picture and frame is a beautiful work of art. It should recall to you the life and memory of the past and remind you of the shortness and uncertainty of all earthly things. May you never stray from the pathway of duty. Always remember the immortal words of Louis XIV: 'There are no rights without duty and no duties without rights.' Remember the greatest success of a woman's life is to be a faithful and devoted mother. It is on them that rests the success of the future generation. The world looks to them to guide on the road of righteousness and humanity the future men and women. Remember your mother and be faithful to her teachings, because I feel that she was a good mother. Look at your little ones and think of them, and if ever your life burdens get hard think of these beautiful lines:

"Time gilds with gold the iron links of pain,
There is on endless joy, no endless pain;
A dark today leads into a bright tomorrow;
Remember this, all ye who walk in sorrow!"

"ALFRED W. NIEMAN."

Jealousy also entered Mr. Nieman's heart.

"I bought my wife a bicycle in the spring of 1900, hoping that she would be benefited by the exercise," he declared. "It was not long afterward that I saw her riding in company with another man. Soon after I caught her and her sister riding on their bicycles one evening with two men. I followed them, and I stopped one of the men and knocked him off his bicycle. A fight followed, and, with the assistance of the other man, he gave me a severe beating. When they had finished pounding me they rode away on their bicycles with my wife and her sister.

"I got up and went home. When I spoke to my wife afterwards about the matter she told me that I ought to have had more sense."

THE DAKOTAS.

Society Women of Miller Are Threatened With Boycott.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Miller—The Jackson club, composed of society women of this town, proceeded in Judge Gaffy's court against Capalan & Erickson for maintaining a nuisance in the heart of the city in the shape of cattle yards. The ladies won their case. Now the defendants say they will boycott the women by refusing to sell them ice or meat this summer.

Deadwood—Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Corrick, who came to Deadwood from Omaha, lost their 10-year-old son, Leslie, scarlet fever being the cause of death. Mr. Corrick is manager of the Deadwood depot of the Cudahy Packing company.

Mellette—George A. Little, a farmer living southwest of Mellette, was badly gored by a bull. The animal sprayed onto Mr. Little's farm, and when he attempted to drive it away he was attacked. He suffered the fracture of several ribs, but it is thought he will recover.

De Smet—Mrs. James Morrison died very suddenly Wednesday afternoon while returning from an Aid society meeting. Rev. J. G. Morrison, of Fergus Falls, is one of her sons.

Sioux Falls—Information has reached here to the effect that the United States circuit court of appeals, in the case of Clark G. Coats, of this city, against the Great Northern Railroad company, has affirmed the decision of the court. In the summer of 1899 Mr. Coats, who owns the fair grounds in the southeastern portion of the city, suffered a severe loss by fire. Coats claimed that the fire was started by a spark from an engine on the Great Northern road. He instituted a damage suit in the United States court. The first trial resulted in a disagreement of the jury. At the second trial the jury returned a verdict awarding Mr. Coats damages to the amount of $11,000. The railroad company appealed the case, with the result above stated.

Madison—Edward Holmes, late bookkeeper at the Milwaukee station, who was stricken with paralysis some three weeks ago and soon recovered, received a second stroke and lived only a few hours. His remains were sent to Primghar, Iowa, for interment near his old home. He left a wife and son of 15 years. Mr. Holmes was an upright, honest citizen and his sudden demise was due in part to his devotion to his duties with the railroad company.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan—The trial of ex-Constable Clark for libeling Agent Bingenheimer, of Standing Rock Indian reservation, is now being had before Judge Glaspell. Clark has been complaining in letters to the papers that he could not get a speedy trial and when the case was called yesterday he wanted a delay. He asked for a change of venue, which was refused, and submitted technical objections to the grand jury without avail.

Fargo—O. M. Thune, a prosperous farmer of De Lamere, recently died in the station at Oakes. He had been to South Dakota to consult a physician and was on his way home when an attack of consumption proved fatal.

The managers of the J. I. Case company have finally closed a deal for a site for the new building to replace the one destroyed by fire. The location will be on the site of the present Chesley lumbey yard. The new structure will be 129 by 140 feet, four stories high. The site adjoins sidetracks from both the Northern Pacific and Great Northern and is on a large lot, which will admit of the construction of thirty feet of platforms around the entire building. The new offices will have the largest floor space of any building in Fargo and will be excellently located for the wholesale headquarters of the state.

BILL DEAD.

House Leaders Decide to Shelve Ship Subsidy Bill.

Washington, April 18.—It has been decided at a conference of Republican leaders of both houses to shelve the ship subsidy bill recently passed by the senate. Two propositions looking to this end are under advisement; one is to allow the bill to die quietly in the committee on merchant marine and fisheries, where it now is, and the other is to report it back with a motion to proceed to its consideration in December next. The result of either plan will be the same, as the subsidy bill will not be considered at this session, and that means practically that it will not be passed by the present congress, as the second session, which meets the first Monday in December next, will expire by operation of law the fourth day of March next, leaving but three months, including Sundays, Christmas and holidays, and the numerous other days when congress will not be in session.

Even should the bill be reported from the committee it will be accompanied by so many amendments that it will be impossible to secure action at this session unless it should be made a party measure. This could undoubtedly be done if the Republican leaders desired to make an issue of the bill, but it is the majority opinion that it would be better to allow it to go over until after the congressional elections. A few Republicans think that it would be the wiser plan to dispose of the bill before election and thus let it be known that the party is opposed to it, but it has been determined otherwise.

Representative Grosvenor of Ohio is chairman of the committee having the bill in charge. Speaker Henderson, following the lead of the Iowa senators, who voted against it, is opposed to its passage, so that it is safe to say the subsidy scheme is dead.

"WILD BILL" IS DEAD.

Chicago, April 18.—"Wild Bill" Hanrahan, the pugilist, died at 6 a. m. today at the county hospital after several days' illness of pneumonia. Hanrahan was about to enter the ring when it was discovered that he was sick. A doctor was called and discovered that the fighter had a temperature of 104. He was immediately sent to the hospital.

FUNCTIONS OF THE ARMS.

It is pointed out that in walking or running, the arms and legs produce a "balancing" like that of the reciprocating and revolving parts of a locomotive, says the Youth's Companion. The movements of the legs react upon the trunk and tend to rotate it, in alternate directions, about a vertical axis. But the swinging of the arms, each in unison with the opposite leg, produces an opposing mechanical couple, the effect of which is to rotate the trunk in the other direction, thus balancing, in part at least, the rotating action of the legs.

"Facial skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food. 25c.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Mme. Yale's

Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty. They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic ---------89c

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
10 DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Men's Spring and Summer Suits.

You will find our clothing just right for style, quality and price, and know that what we offer is the best made clothing that won't pull out of shape and look shabby. Price per suit

$5.00 to $25.00.

YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS.

The Banner Brand--The best made in popular priced Children's Clothing we can buy. Every pair of pants guaranteed not to rip.

2 Piece Suits 98c to $6.00.
3 Piece Suits $1.25 to $7.00.
Boys' Waists 25c, 35c and 50c.

Sold for Cash or On Easy Weekly Payments.

Gately Supply Co.

Open Saturday Evening Till 10:30.

8 East Superior St.

AT WEST DULUTH

About 10 o'clock last evening fire destroyed the slaughter house at Ironton, belonging to Frank Gottwald, who formerly conducted a meat market business in this part of the city. Besides the slaughter house itself, a cold storage plant, sheds and fences were burned, the loss on the plant being complete, in the neighborhood of $5000, and not insured. The slaughter house was built seven or eight years ago by K. O. Balstead, and at that time was equipped with all the modern appliances. For the past few years it has not been in use, and Mr. Gottwald expected to close a deal today for the sale of the property to parties that intended reopening the house for business. The exact cause of the fire is not known, but it is surmised that fire from burning grass in the vicinity communicated to the fences, and thus reached the buildings. It is very doubtful if the property will ever be rebuilt for slaughter house purposes.

DO NOT LIKE IT.

A protest is being made by West Duluthians over the change of librarians at the branch library here. Miss Lowe, of the West End branch, which was recently abolished by the library board, has been been put in charge of the West Duluth branch, and Mrs. Helen Stewart, the former librarian, has been offered the position of assistant. Mrs. Stewart has been librarian ever since the branch was established, and as she has given excellent satisfaction, the idea that she should be designated as assistant does not meet with popular favor.

At the meeting of the West Duluth branch of the W. C. T. U. yesterday afternoon resolutions were passed commending Mrs. Stewart's work, and asking that she be retained as librarian. A committee was appointed to wait on the library board and use its influence to have Mrs. Stewart reinstated. The Commercial club here will also be asked to take the matter up. The ladies claim, as was stated yesterday, that the need of a branch here is more books rather than extra help.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Business is said to be getting lively again at Proctorknott. One of the railroad men from there said this morning that the ore crews are being doubled, the repair work is rushed and, beginning Monday morning, the engine crews will be doubled. Heavy hauling of ore over the Missabe road is expected to begin next week, as the approach to the old dock will then be completed.

Mrs. Riopel, of Carlton, has been visiting Mrs. John Leidinger, of Fifty-sixth avenue, for the past few days.

At the Asbury M. E. church, Sunday morning, Rev. W. E. Loomis will preach on the topic, "Obedience is Better Than Sacrifice." In the evening his subject will be "Fastings Endured." One of the special features of the evening service will be the singing by Professor C. A. Heath of Philadelphia. On Monday evening the Epworth league will have a musical entertainment, at which Mr. Heath will sing.

A. C. Cameron and J. P. Murray, of Proctorknott, will leave Monday morning to begin their work with the steam shovels in the mines at Virginia.

Henry Young was taken to the Red Cross hospital this morning to undergo an operation. His condition is regarded as serious.

Patrick Bissonnette returned this morning from Split Rock. He says log towing will probably begin from Split Rock inside a week.

West Clement had his hand injured yesterday at one of the mills.

The Rathbone Sisters of Duluth were at West Duluth last evening and attended a social dancing party given after the meeting of Kitchi Gammi lodge, K. of P. Music was furnished by Lanners' orchestra. The orchestra is very popular for West Duluth entertainments, and will play for a Degree of Honor party this evening, a Forester party Monday evening.

The funeral of F. C. Stewart, formerly of West Duluth, who died at Renshall, Minn., was held this morning from the Second Presbyterian church, near Seventeenth avenue west and Superior street. The funeral was held under the auspices of the West Duluth camp of Modern Woodmen. Mr. Stewart died of consumption. He leaves a wife and family.

Complaint is being made by rental agents of West Duluth that mischievous boys here are making a practice of getting into vacant houses and damaging the property. It is intimated that unless a stop is put to their pranks some arrests will follow.

Don't forget the basket social and dance tomorrow night at Gilley's hall.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Try A. J. Bergstrom & Co. for your furnishings. All the latest styles in men's and boys' neckwear, dress shirts, underwear, socks, gloves, headwear and footwear.

IT WILL MAKE YOU JUMP

with joy to see the wheel bargains we are offering—not old rattletraps, bone-shakers, sold cheap to clear 'em up—but good, staunch, reliable, easy-running bicycles. There's nothing better made than our CRESCENT at $25.00 and $35.00 and our TRIBUNE at $40.00 and $50.00. Our guarantee with either one. We also have bicycles at $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $20.00 that are the equal of any supply house wheels.

Lowest prices on bicycles supplies.

WIELAND & WADE,

Duluth Store—310 West First Street.
West Duluth Store—317 Central Avenue.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

We offer for Saturday's sale one new lot of Ladies' Shirt Waists, at—each **69c**

One lot fancy Percale Shirt Waists, at—each **98c**

Special Corset sale of five dozen 75c Corsets, black or grey at—each **48c**

One lot of $1.00 to $1.25 Corsets, to be closed out at—each **75c**

Special Saturday sale of Ladies' and Children's Hose, at—a pair—

10c, 15c and 19c

Do not fail to see the new styles in our Millinery Department. Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats at lowest prices.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.

DERANGED

Husband Stabs His Wife and Then Killed Himself.

Cleveland, April 18.—Albert Fienh, a wire drawer, living at 25 Collister street, early today attacked his wife with a knife, and after stabbing her many times, committed suicide by cutting his throat from ear to ear. The woman, though badly injured, may recover.

It is supposed that Fienh's mind became deranged through brooding over his inability to meet a payment due on his home.

BOOTY

Secured By Robbers In Peoria Has Been Recovered.

Davenport, Iowa, April 18.—The police today secured all the booty of the robbers who went through three fine residences in Peoria Wednesday night. The articles had been placed in sacks and scattered through a car of shelled corn consigned from Peoria to the glucose works at Davenport, Iowa. In the lot were four gold watches, five diamond rings, a diamond brooch, diamond pin and three unset diamonds, the whole valued at several thousand dollars. Two men taken from the same car at Rock Island this morning by Officers Barney and McCabe, overpowered the latter and escaped, but one was recaptured.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

IN LARGER QUARTERS.

Hoare Music Co. In New Home —Frank Hoare Returns.

The Hoare Music company have just moved into their new store at 307 West Superior street, where they have greater room and increased facilities for conducting business.

Under the management of M. M. Hoare the firm has shown a steady and favorable growth.

While the principal trade of this concern is the handling of pianos, they carry the largest stock of small instruments, sheet music and books at the head of the lakes.

Mr. Frank E. Hoare, well known in musical circles in Duluth as violinist and orchestra director, will return to Duluth and again engage in musical work. He will be principally occupied with the violin and mandolin business of the Hoare Music company, where his professional knowledge will be of great assistance to both the house and its patrons.

ATROCITIES

Committed By the Macabebe Scouts In the Philippines.

Washington, April 18.—Official reports have been received at the war department showing that Macabebe scouts, under command of American officers, have committed revolting atrocities in the Philippine islands. Because these reports were not specifically called for, they have not been transmitted to the senate committee on the Philippines.

They are said to be even more sensational than the charges already made public. One instance which was cited today and which indicates the general character of these reports was to this effect:

A detachment of Macabebes, desiring to elicit information in regard to the whereabouts of a body of insurgents, seized a woman and demanded that she disclose their position.

The woman failing to comply with the demand, the "water cure" was employed. This was ineffectual and then some of the men jumped on the woman, who lay on the ground with water exuding from her lips.

From what can be learned, the Macabebes are said to be most savage in their treatment of natives, displaying barbarous methods not only in dealing with Filipinos not of their tribe, but with their own people.

There are thirty-nine companies of Filipino scouts, ten of which are Macabebes, numbering about 500 men. All of the Masabebes are stationed in the island of Luzon.

AN ANSWER

To Lawyers Who Are Pushing Spanish War Claims.

New York, April 18.—Lawyers of this city, who are pushing various claims against the government, growing out of the war with Spain and the Cuban insurrection preceding it, have received a brief on demurrer to their petitions, in which the federal lawyers assert that Capt. Gen. Weyler's reconcentrado order was justifiable under the rules of civilized warfare.

The plaintiffs in the case claim that while they were citizens of the United States their sugar plantations were destroyed by the Cuban insurgents. The United States government is looked to for reimbursement because of the agreement with Spain for the mutual relinquishment of claims on Spain because of claims of their citizens, growing out of the war with Spain and the announcement that the United States would settle the claims of its citizens against Spain, so relinquished as set forth in the peace treaty.

The government's main contention is that a state of actual warfare obtained in Cuba at the time of the alleged losses, that therefore under another provision of the treaty it is not liable.

COW STOPPED TRAIN.

Bovine Was Tightly Wedged In the Engine.

St. Paul, April 18.—A Jordan, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Omaha train No. 8, eastbound, was suddenly stopped while going at high speed this morning, between Henderson and Blakely, by the carcass of a cow that became so tightly wedged in between one of the drive wheels and the air brake as to make the wheel slide.

LET ALL CLEAN UP

Saturday Is the Day Designated For Scouring the City.

City Officials Anxious That People Show Right Spirit.

City Departments Will Lead Movement With Large Forces.

Clean up your yard tomorrow!

It is a designated day for scouring up the city.

The government forecast official predicts generally fair weather.

The city officials predict a generally fair observance of the day.

The mayor is particularly anxious that the citizens generally should observe the day.

This morning he made anxious inquiry as to the sentiment in various parts of the city in regard to cleaning day, and received encouraging replies in nearly every instance.

In all the schools today the teachers endeavored to impress the pupils with the necessity of cleanly yards in order to make a beautiful and healthy city.

The idea of neighborhood cleaning parties has taken exceptionally well, and a number of these parties are said to be organizing throughout the city.

Participation in the municipal cleaning movement is not compulsory. Civic pride is appealed to more than anything else, and from all accounts the mayor's appeal has not been in vain.

It is figured that if all citizens get out and hustle tomorrow the city will present a greatly improved appearance by Sunday.

The health department and the department of public works will lead the movement, as both departments will have forces out tomorrow cleaning up the streets and alleys.

Mayor Hugo, in speaking of the cleaning up movement, said:

"It is incumbent on all citizens to join heartily in this effort to have Duluth properly cleaned.

"The city as a city would not be able to do it properly without consuming a great deal of time and going to a large expense. However, if all the people will see to it that their yards are clean by tomorrow night, the end for which we are striving will be attained much more quickly, satisfactorily and economically."

It is probable that the cleaning up movement will be hindered somewhat by the scarcity of teams. The building operations in Duluth at present furnish nearly all teamsters with steady work at good pay, and they do not care to leave these jobs for a day to tackle the less remunerative job of hauling away garbage.

SMALLPOX JOKES.

Some Samples That Are Floating About Town.

At St. Luke's hospital yesterday, a little girl was very sick. A minister called to see her and during the visit asked:

"Were you ever baptized?"

"Yes, I was baptized twice," said the little patient, "but it didn't take either time."

* * *

"I see you are trying to make smallpox patients work for their board," said the Republican alderman of the Fourth ward to Health Commissioner Robinson.

"Yes," said the doctor, "when they are able to work and unable to pay."

"Take my advice and give up the idea," continued the alderman.

"Why?" asked the commissioner.

"Well, if you don't, every union in town will be after your scalp for employing 'scab' labor."

BUYS INTEREST.

Geo. W. Power Now Manager of Duluth Hardware Co.

George W. Power, until recently with the Kelley Hardware company, is now in business for himself. He has just purchased a controlling interest in the Duluth Hardware company, whose place of business is at 113 West Superior street, and will manage the store. Mr. Power will devote his whole time to the business and will undoubtedly infuse into it such life as will make this store a leader in the hardware line. He has been in the business here for twelve years. The company's name will remain the same and there will be carried a full line of heavy and shelf hardware, lumbermen's supplies, etc.

The store is now being remodeled. There is being put in a new front and steel ceilings and the interior is being otherwise remodeled. It will be one of the handsomest hardware stores in the city, will carry as complete a stock as can be found anywhere, and will be given a good active business management. Mr. Power's long and extensive acquaintance has made him exceptionally fitted for such a place, and his popularity insures success.

A Denial.

To The Editor of The Herald:

The colored musicians of Duluth desire a correction which we think is due us of the statement that John A. Dickerson is a musician or composer as he states. This is not correct, as he is not employed as such, and we do not wish the public at large to judge the colored musicians of Duluth as flirters with blonde soubrettes of the city. And oblige,

THE COLORED MUSICIANS OF DULUTH.

Duluth, April 18.

The Saturday Club.

The Saturday club will hold its last regular meeting of the season tomorrow afternoon at 2:45 at Elks' hall. The program is of unusual interest, on "Birds and Bees," followed by a dialogue in eight parts, written in blank verse by Will Carleton, the farm ballad poet. Members of the Saturday club, assisted by the Unity Dramatic club, will take the parts in character. The club will serve punch to its friends.

LITTLE NOTIONS AT TINY PRICES.

Spool Silk—100 yds **2c**
Basting Cotton **1c**
Hump Hooks and Eyes, two doz..... **2c**
Pins, 100 in paper **1½c**
Pearl Buttons, 1 doz.. **1c**
Iron Wax—a stick **1c**
Curling Irons—5c ones—..... **2c**
Dress Stays—10c ones—..... **5c**

"FAMOUS FOR LOW PRICES."

STACK & CO

BARGAINS GREET YOU

In every department of our store tomorrow. The quality of the goods and prices are sure to be desirable—all we ask of you is to come and see them—we know your verdict will be: "They are just as advertised."

SMALL THINGS AT LITTLE PRICES.

50 dozen Children's handker chiefs, worth 3c each—at— **1½c**

100 cakes of soap—bought cheap, worth 5c at **2½c**

Brush braid, the same as others sell at 10c a yd—at..... **5c**

Scissors, nickel plated, the regular 25c value **14c**

Laces and Embroideries.

Another one of those sensational bargains that Ladies talk about.

2000 yards Embroideries in Swiss and Hamburg—values ranging from 15 to 25c a yard—your choice of the lot at..... **10c**

Valenciennes Laces—100 pieces from a large New York importer at 50c on the dollar—positively the biggest values ever seen in Duluth at the following prices—per yard—

2c, 3c, 5c, 7c, 10c, 12c and 15c.

Enormous Purchase—Gigantic Sale of Hosiery

For Men, Women and Children. We buy in wholesale house quantities for cash. Read the offerings, see the goods, buy a season's supply. The values are unprecedented.

90 dozen Boys' heavy ribbed black cotton hose—worth 25c a pair, at **15c**

Ladies' fancy Hosiery—a beautiful assortment of stripes and dots — 25c values, tomorrow at— **12½c**

100 dozen Misses' fast black cotton Hose, a value at 12½c a pair, at..... **7½c**

Ladies' imported hosiery—a large assortment of fancies, black and white effects, drop stitch lisles—all 50c values at 25c..... **25c**

Men's black and tan hose, worth 15c a pair, at only— **10c**

Men's imported fancies—worth 48c a pair, at— **25c**

BEDDING SUPPLIES

Bed Pillows, 6 lbs to pair, good quality feathers, covered with best ticking, worth 75c.. **49c**

Pillow Cases, size 36x45, made of good quality, soft finish Muslin, torn and hemmed, worth 12½c **8½c**

Bed Sheets, full size, bleached, of extra heavy quality sheeting, worth regularly 65c..... **48c**

IMPORTANT TOWEL SALE

10c for large size Huck Linen Towel, extra heavy, with pretty borders, worth 15c.

9c for extra heavy Turkish Towel, two-thread, large size, worth regularly 12½c.

4c yard for heavy twilled cotton crash, 18 inches wide and worth 6c a yard.

LACE CURTAIN SALE

50c for good Nottingham Curtain, in ecru and white, full length and worth 63c.

98c for large size Nottingham or ruffled Curtain, 3 yards long, of fine material, worth $1.39.

$1.98 for Lace Curtain, 3½ yards long, 60 inches wide, pretty new designs; worth $2.75.

Other Specials at—
$2.50, $3.00 and $4.00

Black mercerized satin waists, worth $1.98; marked down to— **$1.00**

Corsets in pink, blue, grey, white and black; great value at— **48 cents**

Ladies' Percale Shirt Waists— **33 cents**

White Aprons, worth 35c each—a lot to go at— **25 cents**

Wrappers, good as others sell at $1.00—for— **79 cents**

$10.00 For a Silk Skirt, nothing like it anywhere for the money. Walking Skirts, worth $3.50—at— ***$1.98***

Black Silk Shirt Waists, worth $3.50—at— ***$1.98***

The best all-wool dress skirt in town at— ***$5.00***

Sateen Underskirts, accordeon plaited flounce, worth $1.50—at— ***$1.00***

MEN'S SHIRTS AT HALF PRICE.

Men's fancy bosom, laundered shirts, Wilson Bros.' make, worth $1.00 and $1.50 each—at... **50c**

Men's Suspenders, a manufacturers' lot of samples; 50c values at..... **25c**

Men's Working Shirts—25 doz. at 50c on the dollar—50c Men's Working Shirts at..... **25c**

LADIES' BELTS AT HALF A DOLLAR. WORTH DOUBLE

20 dozen Ladies' Belts, the newest shapes and creations just arrived for this sale. Not a belt in the lot that isn't good value at 75c and $1.00. The first come, first choice at **50c**

Belt Buckles—a new line in gilt, silver and oxidized, worth 35c and 48c each—at 25c and..... **19c**

OUR RIBBON DEPT.
Is Packed With Dainty Ribbons—Never So Cheap.

All silk Baby ribbon, worth 2c a yard—at **1c**

All silk Satin Ribbon, No. 3, worth 5c, at..... **2c**

Taffeta Silk Ribbon, No. 5, worth 10c a yard—at..... **5c**

Taffeta Silk Ribbon, Nos. 10, 16 and 22, worth 15c, 19c and 25c a yard. Choice at **10c**

Special For Saturday 5c

Fine quality soft finish muslin, 1 yard wide, full bleached. On sale all day. Equal to regular 8c goods.

GREAT VALUES IN OUR SKIRT DEPARTMENT

$7.98 for all silk taffetta Skirt, elegantly trimmed with two rows gauze ribbon, made with full flare flounce, and lined throughout with finest percaline.

$3.75 for black Cheviot Dress Skirt, made with flare flounce and finished with two rows silk, worth regular $5.00.

$5.00 Special assortment of new skirts, latest modes, in Cheviots, Venetian and broadcloth, in black and new shades of brown; worth $7.50.

$1.98 for black Silk Waist, back and front neatly tucked, perfect fitting, neatly finished, worth $3.00.

$2.95 for Taffeta Silk Waist, tuck back and front, in black, Night stripes in colors, of pink, blue, elegantly finished; worth regularly $4.00.

Rug Spec'l $1

For Smyrna Rugs, made by the Lowell & Robertson company, largest manufacturers of Smyrna Rug in this country. This rug is 30x60 inches, very handsome patterns and is the same on both sides, worth $1.98.

WASH GOODS DEPT. THREE EXTRA SPECIALS FOR TOMORROW

6½c yard for 32-in. Dress Percale very suitable for Ladies' Wrappers and Children's Dresses; worth regularly 12½c.

5c lemon and natural color; worth 10c.

7c Clearing sale short ends Organdies, Dimities, India Linens and Etamines—they are worth up to 25c a yard.

INTERESTING BARGAIN ITEMS.

Big Bargains in Useful Articles.

Kettle Knobs, all sizes, each **1c**

5c Cold Handle Stove Lifters **2½c**

5c Cake Turners, nickle plated—each **3c**

5c House Numbers, full size, each **3c**

5c Asbestos Matts nicely bound **3c**

One package Washing Powder—only **3c**

5c roll of perforated Toilet Paper **3c**

17c wire Photo Holders—only **10c**

10c lace Shelf Paper, 20 yards, only **5c**

10c Iron Handles, Madame Potts', for **5c**

10c brass Cage Hooks, big size, each **5c**

15c pound can Chloride of Lime—only **10c**

10 bars of Happy Day Laundry Soap **25c**

25c Bread Knives, special—only **12½c**

25c Parlor Brooms (4-tie) special **17½c**

Granite Ware Flyer Specials.

10c Granite Pie Pans, each only **5c**

1-quart Granite Milk Pans—only **7½c**

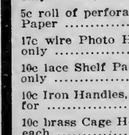
2-quart Granite Milk Pans—only **10c**

Small handled Sauce Pan, like cut, only **10c**

25c Granite Dust Pans—large size—only **15c**

25c Milk Pans, in granite—only **19c**

65c Granite Chambers, white enamel **43c**



35c Granite Coffee Pots, like cut Saturday only **25c**

12½c Granite Cups, special **7½c**

Large Iron Mail Boxes—Japanned **43c**

25c Coffee Mills, guaranteed to grind **19c**

$1.45 Meat Choppers, work perfectly **$1.12½**

Large size Iron Lawn Rake, only **21c**

Boys' Iron Wagons— **59c and upward**

Saturday's Tinware Bargains.

12½c Cake Molds—3-quart size—for **5c**

10c Dover Egg Beaters, special, for **5c**

10c Dippers, large size, only **5c**

20c Water Pails, like cut, special Saturday **12½c**

14-quart Dish Pans, 25c kind. **12½c**

14-quart Bread Raisers—45c kind—only **25c**

69c nickel plated Tea Kettles **53c**

Galvanized Wash Tubs—only **47c**

Wash Boilers, galvanized, $1.00 kind—for **69c**

Paints and Varnishes.

25c can best Varnish Stain—for **16c**

39c can of Enamel China Finish for **29c**

Ready Mixed Paints, best made, at special prices tomorrow: 1 qt., 31c; ½ gal., 63c; 1 gal..... **$1.15**

POSTPONED.

Action Taken at Secret Meeting of St. Louis Fair Directors.

St. Louis, April 18.—At a secret meeting of the directors of the St. Louis World's fair, it was definitely decided to postpone the exposition until 1904. This decision was made after a careful canvass of the contracts still to be let for the fair, which was conducted in the very "sanctum sanctorum" of the exposition management and the secret is being jealously guarded at present, but will be officially announced in a few days.

This information was given by one of the directors who, for obvious reasons, does not want his name published. Speaking of the action taken he said:

"It has been felt for some time by a number of us that it would be impossible to complete the exposition in the time expected, but because of the date having been so widely advertised all of us were loth to consider a postponement.

"Another reason why we were exceedingly unwilling to postpone the date was that most of the directors are men of large affairs. The work and time necessary for making the fair the success we expect it to be is a great strain on them and they were decidedly averse to continuing it for another year.

"Take ex-Governor Francis, for instance. He already has two ordinary men's work to attend to in the different enterprises in which he is interested. And there are others who are equally busy men. The work and attention demanded by their position as directors of the fair results in positive pecuniary loss to them, not to speak of the physical and mental strain of carrying on a great public enterprise like this.

"But when the entire situation was gone over, it was found that it was simply a material impossibility to complete the exposition and have it what it should be in the allotted time.

"The public may rest assured that the exposition will be all the greater when it is given, and that St. Louis will maintain its time-honored reputation of doing nothing by halves. There will be nothing about it but what is conducted on a colossal size and in keeping with the city's pride in its greatest public enterprise."

MERITS

Of the Various Railroad Schemes Discussed By the Lords.

London, April 18.—During the course of today's session of the select committee of the house of lords, appointed to inquire into the merits of the various proposed railroad schemes for London, the opponents of some of Charles T. Yerkes' plans objected to the introduction of capital, contending that all orders for the machinery and equipment for Mr. Yerkes' schemes were going to the United States. Lord Kutaford, a member of the committee interposed and remarked that the committee did not care whether the capital was American or British, so long as the committee was satisfied that the line would be properly financed.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

The best Shines in the city for ladies or gentlemen 5c

PHILLIPS & CO.
218 West Superior Street.

Popular Styles
Popular Prices.

NEW SWELL
SPRING SHOES

MEN'S Patent leather and Enamel heavy sole Shoes, worth $5, only **$2.98**

Gentlemen:

We have in our new spring line of fine dress and street shoes in light and medium weight, high and low shoes, in patent kids, patent calf, velour calf, vici kid and canvas—made by
Strong & Garfield,
Stetson,
Schwab Bros.,
Excelsior Shoe Co.,
Johnson & Murphy—
the very latest, from—

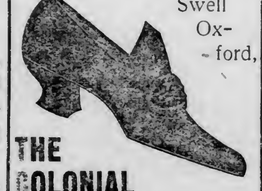
$3.50 to $6

MEN'S Patent and box calf, double deck sole—swell shoes, were $5, only **$3.50**

MEN'S UNION MADE SHOES of all descriptions, prices
$1.98, $2.50, $3, $4

THE PRINCESS $3.50
20 new and snappy styles.

Ladies, for a swell dress or Street Shoe, there are none like the PRINCESS for fit and durability; all kinds of leathers.



The new Swell Oxford,

THE COLONIAL
—For street and dress—all kinds—
from $1.98 to $5.00

LADIES' Extension sole, lace Shoes, with patent tip or kid tip—swell, up-to-date Shoes—all sizes at **$1.98**

LADIES' Double sole patent leather Bals—new last—only ..... **$.2.48**

IMPERIAL—all kinds and styles of these Shoes—per pair **$3.00**

Little Folks Shoes.

Boys' durable and dressy Shoes—
$1.25 to $3.00
Misses' Shoes from—
98c to $3.00
Children's Shoes, 6 to 8—
69c to $1.25
Little Gents' Shoes—
89c to $2.00

Foot-form Shoes for Children.

Phillips & Co. 218 West Sup. st.

DESERTER IS KILLED

Fagin, the Giant Negro Who Left the American Forces.

Lured By Love of Woman and Promises of Rank.

Killed By Native Troops and Head Brought as Trophy.

Washington, April 18.—David Fagin, the gigantic negro who deserted the Twenty-fourth United States infantry, joined the Filipino forces and fought with desperation, has been killed. He successfully eluded the regular forces of the United States, and the honor of his killing rests with the native troops, who shot him and then brought in his head as a trophy to substantiate their story.

No other man that ever deserted from the United States has been so relentlessly hunted by his comrades as Fagin. Particularly have the men of the Twenty-second United States infantry been after him, as he is believed by them to have killed Capt. Godfrey, of that regiment, near Mount Corrona. Fagin and a band of Filipinos had intrenched themselves along a road on which Capt. Godfrey and his company were coming.

Capt. Godfrey was at the head of his men and was the first to see the insurgent trenches. He dismounted and was standing by his horse when suddenly his men saw the gigantic figure of Fagin rise from behind the trenches, and, standing, take deliberate aim at Capt. Godfrey, and fire. At the instant he fired, there was a volley from the trenches, and while it is not known for a certainty that Fagin killed Capt. Godfrey, his men all believe that he did.

Love for a native Filipino woman was the cause of Fagin's desertion and consequent loss of his head. She held out promises to him of advancement in the insurgent forces if he would desert, and after a protracted "vino" debauch he left his regiment and joined the insurrectionist force under Col. Padillo, then operating in the northern section of the island of Luzon. Padillo commissioned him a second lieutenant and gave him a separate command.

Fagin soon became a hero in the eyes of the Filipinos, and was eventually the last to leave the trenches after his men had taken flight. Col. Padillo became discouraged at the progress made by the revolution and came in and surrendered. His wife was being brought down to Manila on a river gunboat when Fagin and his band attacked the boat. In the melee which ensued Col. Padillo's wife was shot through the shoulder by Fagin's band and came near losing her life.

It was Fagin's band that captured Lieut. Alstatter of the engineer corps, and kept him prisoner for several months. Fagin took Lieut. Alstatter's class ring. The men who brought in Fagin's head also brought in Lieut. Alstatter's ring, which is regarded as conclusive proof that Fagin was killed as the natives reported.

Fagin knew that he would never be allowed to surrender, as were the Filipinos. Even though some officer had been present to protect him, the troops would have killed him without the formality of a trial. Had he been captured alive he would undoubtedly have been shot as a deserter who had joined the enemy.

The latter part of Fagin's operations were in the district commanded by Brig. Gen. Funston personally. Upon one occasion when Funston was in the field Fagin sent him a challenge. The deserter asked that Funston place himself at the head of a given number of men and that he, Fagin, would do the same with his men, and they could fight it out. The negro also offered, if Funston preferred, to meet between the two forces and have a personal encounter.

Gen. Funston became greatly angered at this, and every command in his brigade received orders that Fagin was to be killed or captured at any cost.

Fagin was trailed about the country by Maccabees, Illiconas and Americans, but always managed to escape. At one time Sergt. Walter Cox, Twenty-second infantry, and Fagin stood up at a distance of less than fifty yards and emptied their magazines at each other. Neither was hurt.

After Funston had succeeded in pacifying his territory, Fagin disappeared and went up into the mountain fastness of the island. Although no reward had been offered by the army for the capture of Fagin, it was generally understood that the regiment that killed or captured him would stand high with the commanding officer, and for this reason Fagin was sought as never was a deserter before.

THE EAGLE

HAS THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTION OF

UNION LABEL SUITS AND TOP COATS FOR SPRING WEAR

The choicest patterns of all wool goods only, made up to perfection in right and up-to-date designs.

There is a financially substantial reason why you should buy your Clothing of us, as our prices are as low as can be consistent with reliable goods.

We are offering some especially remarkable bargains for tomorrow at—

$7.75, $9.98, $12 and $15

Come in and be convinced that we can please you better than any other store in town.

Everything in Men's Shoes, Hats and Furnishings at Trade-winning prices.

321 W. Superior St.

BRIEF BLISS

Of a St. Louis Couple Married In an Automobile.

St. Louis, April 18.—Brief was the domestic bliss of Professor Christopher B. Greenup, of 2717 Washington avenue and his wife, to whom he was married Feb. 23 last, in an automobile, while crossing the Eads bridge.

Professor Greenup has just filed suit for divorce, alleging among other things that within ten days of the wedding ceremony his wife deserted him.

Further the petition recites that on one occasion when he (the professor) spoke to her "gently" she packed her trunk and said she would leave him then.

To every strategy the plaintiff ayers did he resort in an effort to conciliate his young bride, but all to no purpose.

The petition was filed personally by Mr. Greenup. Mrs. Greenup, who prior to her marriage was Miss Fannie C. Carson, has retained Attorney Max. F. Ruler to contest the suit.

"I think," said Mr. Ruler, "that it is my client if either who has a right to seek a legal separation. Greenup was jealous of her, she declared, and made several unpleasant accusations.

"Mrs. Greenup has serious doubts as to whether the person who married her was a minister, and the ceremony legal. I asked Mr. Greenup about this and he said that I would find the clergyman's name on the records at Belleville. I shall go over there as soon as possible to find out if the certificate is on file.

"As far as I can see there is nothing whatever in this petition on which divorce proceedings can be based."

Mrs. Greenup is a native of Sweden, but came to America when very young, and up to a short time ago made Chicago her home.

Upon coming to St. Louis she went to live at 2635 Olive street.

Being engaged in educational work she soon became acquainted with Professor Greenup, who conducts a school of mathematics at 2834 Olive street.

The courtship quickly ripened into love. In February the pair decided to marrry. The perplexing problem was as to the time and place.

The professor wanted to be married in St. Louis, while his bride desired to have the ceremony solemnized on Illinois soil.

Finally they compromised by planning to become one near the center of the Eads bridge, just touching the Illinois side of the river.

They acquainted the Rev. James Daugherty, of 2839 Olive street, with their plans and he agreed to perform the ceremony.

The trio, together with Professor O. D. Norton of the Mound City Business college, journeyed to Third street and Washington avenue, where they boarded an automobile.

The driver was instructed to sound the gong when they reached the middle bridge span. This was the signal for the ceremony to begin, and as the machine sped along the minister pronounced the vows which united the couple as man and wife.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distress. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

LOOK AT SITE

For a Proposed Steel Plant at Marietta, O.

Marietta, O., April 18.—Representatives of Puttsburg, New York & Philadelphia capitalists are here today inspecting a 500-arec tract of land, which they optioned for the purpose of erecting a mammoth iron and steel industry. The representative will make application to the board of trade to locate here. The plant is to cost over $2,000,000, and is for the purpose of supplying independent concerns. They want to be in operation this winter.

CULTIVATING BANANAS.

A Fruit Industry of Very Great Magnitude.

The magnitude of the banana industry is not realized by the consumers of that succulent fruit in the states. When we buy of the street stands we never stop to think how they are supplied. Few of us know that one company alone has sixty-seven steamships engaged exclusively in the banana-carrying trade, says Leslie's Weekly.

Bocas del Toro, republic of Colombia, the scene of a recent revolutionary attack, is the largest banana port in the world, and probably the only city that may be said to exist entirely by that industry.

And this brings us to Chiriquicito plantation. This immense farm, lying on Chiriquicito Lagoon, was started a few years ago by L. H. Hein and later bought by M. T. Snyder. The Snyder company enlarged it as they improved other properties, which were finally merged into the United Fruit company, known as the Banana trust.

This process has gone on steadily until Chiriquicito now has 5793 acres under actual cultivation. To facilitate the handling of the fruit from this vast area there are seventeen miles under construction. The trains are drawn by three locomotives of the most approved type and manufactured in the United States. The output is at present from 55,000 to 60,000 bunches per month, and requires an army of 800 men to handle. Bananas recently planted will begin bearing in a few months, and bring the total production up to 90,000 to 100,000 bunches and require the additon of 200 men, raising the army to 1000.

For housing the present force and for administrative purposes 145 buildings were erected. To supply these men four large commissaries are operated.

A recent flood washed away a steel bridge that carried the railway across the Guaramo river, which runs through a plantation. The line of the railway has been slightly changed and this bridge is being replaced by a new steel structure, one span of which measures 370 feet; there are also four shorter spans.

Chiriquicito is administered by a force of fifteen white men. The majority of these are Americans. In addition to splendid salaries they receive their expenses and medical attendance at an up-to-date hospital erected by the company, near Bocas del Toro. This force consists of the manager, assistant manager, bookkeepers, storekeepers, civil engineers, conductors, engineers, foremen, etc.

The history of a bunch of bananas until it reaches the states is one of many handlings. To begin at the beginning:

Underbrushers go into the virgin jungle with machetes and clear away the undergrowth. Engineers follow and run the lines for the windrows—usually from 20 to 30 feet wide, while the plants are from 6 to 8 feet apart in the rows. These are usually north and south, that the sun may reach both sides of the plants. Bananas grow about thirty feet high, so require this distance to prevent shading the roots. As soon as the stakes are set planting begins. "Suckers," or bulbs dug from the roots of older bananas, are placed in small holes at each stake.

The axmen follow the planters and fell the trees. This is not done sooner as the timber is so thick it would seriously handicap the movements of the engineers. Here the labor is suspended except road-building, for six months. If there is little rain the fallen trees soon dry and are sometimes burned as they lie, though the usual method is to allow them to rot on the ground, a process accomplished very quickly in the tropics. At the end of this six months the plantation is given a thorough cleaning with machetes, and then another at the end of the second six months, by which time the first bananas can be cut from the trees.

These trees are called "suckers" and bear one bunch each. The cutting is done with long, sharpened sticks, which are jabbed into the sucker a few feet below the bunch. The weight of the fruit then causes the stem to bend over until it falls within reach of the cutter, who severs it with a sharp machete, afterward cutting down the now useless sucker. As several suckers are allowed to grow at each root and as they are "limited" at each cleaning, a constant supply at all stages of growth is kept up in the plantation, thus enabling them to cut two or three times per week. Plowing is only done at the end of ten or twelve years, when replanting is needed.

The fruit is "backed" out to the bridlepaths by men who follow the cutters. Here it is packed on horses to the railroad. The cars are open and are carefully matted with banana trash or old banana leaves to prevent bruising the fruit. The trains are rushed down to the pier, where the bunches are quickly transferred to lighters. By the time these are loaded the steamer arrives and large naphtha launches tow them alongside. The bunches are always laid flat when handled in the plantation, but in stowing the stevedores on the steamers place them in an upright position.

At the steamers they are classified as wholes, halves and quarters, having nine, eight and seven "hands" respectively. Fruit is bought in the open market at steamer of about 22 cents per bunch.

The majority of the laborers are Jamaican negroes, though quite a number of natives and even a few Indians are employed. The average wage is about 60 cents per day, except to the Indians, who receive about 25 cents.

There are other large and numberless small plantations about the lagoons near Bocas. The planters receive notices from the fruit offices in Bocas when to cut. These are based on cables from the states stating the arrival of the steamers. These cables are brought down from Port Limon, Costa Rica, in dugout cayucas, frail craft with a penchant for capsizing, which cover the sixty miles of open sea in almost any weather.

A steamship pier is being constructed at Chiriquicito, and when completed a steamer can be loaded from this one plantation. The loading will be done by machinery that will transfer the bananas direct from the car to the hold of the vessel.

Chiriqui Grande, a village of 1000 population, has sprung into being near the pier at Chiriquicito.

The exportation of banans from the port of Bocas del Toro now amounts to upwards of 300,000 bunches per month, and with new land already planted will reach the 500,000 mark in a few months.

ANTARCTIC GLACIERS.

The elevation is notable, peaks reaching 14,000 feet above the sea while mighty glaciers descend by a very steep gradient toward the sea. The glaciers are cut through by yawning crevasses, ready to devour any careless traveler who ventures upon them, writes C. E. Borchgrevink in the Outlook. "One of my Norwegian Laps fell headlong into one of these crevasses. He fell sixty feet, and was then jammed at a narrow place in the crevasse. Had he fallen a little more to the right of where he was, he would undoubtedly have been lost. These glaciers are, in my opinion, nothing more or less than mighty rivers draining the vast ice fields which cover the land. I mean to say that the glaciers within the Antarctic as well as the Arctic regions take the place of rivers in the warmer lands. Many suggestions have been made as to the thickness of this ice cover. I do not think that, as an average, it is much more than fifty feet on the big flats, but undoubtedly tremendous ice masses accumulate in the glacier beds in the same way as does the water in river beds. The fact that ice descends toward the sea only comparatively very slowly, rubbing over the uneven rocks, makes the ice heap together for thousands of feet. The icebergs discharged from the glaciers show this of themselves. The highest I have seen was about 200 feet, but according to the specific gravity of sea ice, they extend below water in a proportion of more than eight to one. Thus, an iceberg 200 feet high would have a depth of 2400 feet.

END OF WAR

Would Give Great Pleasure to English, Says Hogg.

New York, April 18.—Former Governor James S. Hogg of Texas, who has just arrived from London, where he has been since February, will remain here a week or more before continuing his journey to Texas. Mr. Hogg laughingly refused to discuss the "knee breeches" episode, but consented to express himself on the Boer war.

"The end of the trouble in South Africa," he said, "would gratify every Englishman, especially as the coronation is so near. The people do not want to celebrate while blood is being shed."

$50 Round Trip San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Via the Great Northern railway, account Federation of Women's Clubs. Tickets on sale April 20 to 27, good returning until June 25. Tickets via circuitous routes at correspondingly low rates. Full information, through railroad and sleeping car tickets, at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel block.

A GEORGIAN'S INVENTION.

Car Brake May Yield Him Independent Fortune.

Montgomery, Ala., April 18.—B. S. Cobb is a Cuthbert, Ga., man who married a girl of 16 when he was only 17 and went to Texas to make his fortune. He got work in the Texas & Pacific shops and rose to the place of locomotive engineer.

In 1894 he began to invent a brake, and has been spending everything he could make on it ever since. He got some of the roads out there to try his invention, but none of them has yet adopted it.

He drifted to Montgomery some time ago searching for success with his invention, and with a wife and five children to support, went to work as a motorman on the street car line. He persuaded the street car company to try his brake, and they put it on the worst car they had. It was a success.

Some months ago he was offered $25,000 for his patents, but refused it. Later he was offered $50,000, and refused that. Now M. A. Baldwin, president of the First National bank, of this city, has taken it up. He first went with Mr. Cobb to Birmingham and other cities on an investigating tour, and satisfied himself regarding the brake. He has taken a fourth interest in it, put up the money to place it on the market, and Mr. Cobb, instead of being a motorman, now busies himself with his brake at a handsome salary.

Mr. Baldwin is himself in New York arranging either to sell the patents, which Cobb refuses to sell for less than $100,000, or to arrange for getting the brake into use on the roads of the country.

The invention is called the Cobb beamless brake. The claim for it is that it costs less by $10 than the old beam brake, and that it does away with the danger of the beam which causes nearly all accidents from the brake that occur. It is adjustable to any car.

HAS HEARD NOTHING.

The Hague, April 18.—A. D. W. Wolmarans, the Boer delegate, said today that he had no knowledge whatever of any particulars regarding the South African peace negotiations, nor of the report published in Amsterdam to the effect that the negotiations had been broken off.

SCHOOL FOR OWATONNA.

St. Paul, April 18.—An Owatonna, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The board of education held a special session and voted bonds for $10,000 for the purpose of erecting an addition to the first ward school building. The addition will contain four rooms, which have become a necessity.

Low Rates West Via Great Northern Railway.

Round-trip homeseeker tickets on sale Tuesday, April 15, at one fare plus $2, to points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and California. Good for twenty-one days returning. One-way tickets every Tuesday to Minnesota and North Dakota points for $6. Low one-way rates every day to all points West. For full information call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel block.

Painting and Decorating.

Only the best of material used and most skilled workmen employed. Prompt attention to work. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

DEWEY

Invited to Attend Banquet In Honor of Funston.

Denver, April 18.—Admiral Dewey has been invited to come to Denver and be a guest of honor at a banquet which the First regiment, Colorado National Guard, will give to Gen. Frederick Funston, commander of the department of Colorado, at the Windsor hotel on May 1, the anniversary of the battle of Manila bay.

The invitation was sent to Admiral Dewey yesterday by Col. Verdeckberg of the First regiment and Capt. Ellison of Company E, both of whom are on the committee which has charge of the banquet and reception.

Letters have been written the Colorado representatives in Washington, requesting them to call upon Admiral Dewey and urge him to accept the invitation.

ALCOHOLISM

Was Undoubtedly Cause of Death of Peter Mintel.

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Peter Mintel was found dead at 7 o'clock this morning in the first basement of the St. Paul steam dye house. The body was discovered by a sister of the proprietor who came to work.

Mintel's dead body was lying at the foot of the steps in an outstretched position. The body was still warm and could not have been there more than an hour.

The body was ordered to the morgue and an autopsy held.

Mintel was known as a hard drinker. He very frequently returned early in the morning, after an all night spree, and, it is thought, he must have returned from one of these when the hand of death seized him.

It is thought that he had returned either to go to sleep or to build a fire in the second basement, when he was taken with a fit or stroke of heart failure and fell down the steps. He must have fallen twenty feet.

She was sitting up with a sick man,
No professional nurse was she.
Simply sitting up with her love-sick lover,
Giving him Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

Something to Secure.

A fine reproduction of the latest portrait of Pope Leo XIII. at the novel price of 10 cents each. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

RATHBONE'S

Friends File Writ of Habeas Corpus In His Behalf.

Havana, April 18.—Counsel for Estes G. Rathbone, the former director of posts in Cuba, who was sentenced recently to undergo ten years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $5,324 for connection with the postal frauds, have filed a writ of habeas corpus asking the Audencia court to show why their client has not been admitted to bail, pending the hearing of his appeal.

The Post says the court has accepted the bond of $100,000 offered by a fidelity company for Rathbone's appearance, but that before acting, it sent the prosecuting attorney to consult with Governor General Wood.

STRANGE ANSWERS.

According to the St. James Gazette, London, the historical and other facts given here are taken from schoolboys' examination papers:

Of whom was it said, "He never smiled again?" William Rufus did this after he was shot by the arrow.

My favorite character in English history is Henry VIII, because he had eight wives and killed them all.

Alexander the Great was born in the absence of his prents.

What followed the murder of Becket? Henry II received whacks with a birch.

The principal products of Kent are archbishops of Canterbury.

The chief clause in Magna Charta was that no free man should be put to death or imprisoned without his own consent.

Where were the kings of England crowned? On the heads.

What were the three most important feudal dues? Friendship, courtship and marriage.

What do you know of Dryden and Buckingham? Dryden and Buckingham were at first friends, but soon became contemporaries.

What is Milton's chief work? Milton wrote a sensible poem called the "Canterbury Tails."

An optimist is a man who looks after your eyes and a pessimist is a man who looks after your feet.

THE OPOSSUM.

The American opossum, says A. C. Haddon in the Youth's Companion, is one of the most curious animals living in the United States. It is the only one that carries its young in a pouch like the kangaroo. It is the only animal that can feign death perfectly. It is remarkable for hanging by its tail like a monkey. It has hands resembling those of a human being. It's snout is like a hog's, while its mouth is liberally furnished with teeth. Its eyes are like a rat's and it hisses like a snake.

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

The **BEST** and only practical optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

For a Drink of Good Whisky
Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Those very fashionable

TopCoats

You see about town are from our store. Most men think they are merchant tailor productions. They are here ready to go on sale at—

$10 $12.50 $15 $20 and $25

Extra Special for Saturday—Top Coats in olives, tans and oxford greys—medium lengths—our regular high grade garments go on sale tomorrow at great reductions because we carried them over from last season.

Top Coats made to sell at $13.50—for ---------- $9.75
Top Coats made to sell at $18.50—for ---------- $13.75
Top Coats made to sell at $25.00—for ---------- $18.75

Men's Suits for Spring Stylish, perfect fitting—all the newest fabrics—perfect tailoring—at prices that defy competition---------- **$10 $12.50 $15 $20 $25**

Stetson Derbys $3.50

Floan, Leverooš and Co. 225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Gordon Derbys $3.00

IN AID OF CHILDREN

Children's Home Society of State Issues Annual Report.

Many Cases Relieved, Eighteen Being From St. Louis County.

Money Is Being Raised For a New Receiving Home.

The following is a summary of the work done by the Children's Home society of the state for the year ending April 1, 1902, as reported at the annual meeting held in St. Paul yesterday:

The number of children in charge April 1 was 30; number received for the first time, 130; number returned for replacement, 35; total in charge during the year, 216; placed in homes during the year, 106; replaced, 41; total, 147; number returned to relatives, placed with other institutions and otherwise provided for, 35; number in charge April 1, 1902, 34; total cared for since organization, Sept. 11, 1899, 1793.

Seventy-two of the children were under 1 year; 58 were older; 39 were received in Minneapolis, 23 in St. Paul, 18 in Duluth and St. Louis county, and the remainder from twenty other counties of the state, and they have found homes in forty-three counties.

Some peculiarly distressing cases have been looked after. One of the most notable cases of the year was that of the deserted baby from Hastings.

A woman with a babe came from the southern part of the state and stopped at the Hotel Hastings. A man came on the train from the north and also stopped there. On a Sunday they left the hotel at different times, but took the same train for St. Paul, leaving the babe in their room, unknown to the landlady. Evidently the child had been given something to make it sleep, for it was not disturbed for several hours after they left. The parties, who were stylishly dressed, were traced to St. Paul, where they took dinner at the Merchants' hotel, and then departed, and no further trace could be found of them. The babe was brought by the landlady to the home on Monday. It had several convulsions that seemed to indicate that it had been poisoned, and died in two days.

The mystery that surrounds it has not yet been solved.

Rev. A. H. Tebbets, Mrs. J. Thompson and Mrs. Savage, who were in the employ of the society last year, have continued in faithful service.

In 1898, before anything had been done beside an occasional mention of the desirability of a "receiving home," W. P. Remple, of St. James, said, "If you build such a home, I will give $500.

On July 5, 1899, the board voted to raise $10,000 for such a building. A canvass for subscriptions began. Rev. J. C. Hoblitt, of Minneapolis, assisted the superintendent in the canvass, and more recently Mrs. E. E. Lundgren, of St. Paul, has canvassed St. Paul, Winona and other places.

Joseph Elsinger, of St. Paul, gave a site for the building, delightfully situated in St. Anthony Park, near the state agricultural college, and has been a most zealous friend of the effort, helping to enlist the interest of a great many persons in it.

Capt. John Martin, of Minneapolis, in December, 1901, offered to erect the building complete at a cost of not less than $20,000 upon condition that an endowment fund of not less than $20,000 was secured by June 1, 1902. Subscriptions to that amount have already been secured and are being collected.

J. B. Gilfillan, of Minneapolis, has offered $1000 upon the condition that the amount shall be raised to $25,000, and it is hoped that this can be accomplished.

Capt. Martin has signified his purpose to proceed immediately with the erection of the building, and it is expected that the work will be begun speedily.

According to the financial statement the total receipts for the year amounted to $12,013.84, of which the contributions footed up to $11,706.52. The disbursements were made up as follows: Receiving, placing and supervision of children, $6239.30; care of children while in charge of society, medical attendance, etc., $4996.41; miscellaneous expenses, office rents, printing and incidentals, $888.29; publishing the Home Finder, $394.05; total, $11,498.05.

POSTPONEMENT

Of Examination In Andrews Case Was Refused.

Detroit, April 18.—Justice Whelan today denied the request of the attorneys of Frank C. Andrews and Henry R. Andrews, vice president and cashier respectively, of the suspended City Savings bank, for a three-weeks' postponement of their clients' examination on the charge of wrecking the bank, and ordered the examinations to proceed.

Attorney John Beaumont filed a personal affidavit in making a showing for an adjournment, declaring that in the examination of the books and records of the bank's books and records of the City Savings bank, it was found that the conditions of the bank's accounts was chaotic and precarious "long before the defendant had any connection with the bank."

GJERTSEN ACCEPTS

Pastorate of Bethany Church at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 18.—Rev. M. Falk Gjertsen, at the regular meeting of Bethany Norweglan Lutheran church, Wednesday evening, was elected permanent pastor. Mr. Gjertsen has served in a temporary capacity since the split in Trinity church occurred three months ago.

In accepting the pastorate, Mr. Gjertsen said that he could only accept a call from a congregation of 225 that had stood so nobly by him through the most trying experience of his life. The call expressed the love and steadfast confidence that the congregation bore him, as they had taken up his battles and made them their own.

SEEKINS

We have decided to not have a store down town for a while and are going to try to do our Cut Flower business at the greenhouses. The expense to do this will be comparatively nothing and we are going to give our customers the benefit. Note our prices for Saturday:

Big fancy home-grown Carnations, per doz ---------- 40c
Single Tuleps, per doz ---------- 30c
Double Tuleps, per doz ---------- 40c
Roses, per doz ---------- 50c to $1
American Beauties, doz. ---------- $1.50 to $3
Violets, per bunch ---------- 25c
Sweet Peas, per doz ---------- 20c

We are prepared here to do everything in DESIGN WORK at a good deal less than our down town prices. Plants and Flowers delivered any place in the city.

Greenhouses: 921 East Third Street. Zenith 'phone 903.

A GREAT CHANGE

Northern Pacific Yards Will Be Best West of Buffalo.

Company Will Fill Up Three Hundred Feet of the Bay.

Plat Showing Improvements Is To Be Filed Very Soon.

Within a few days the Northern Pacific railroad will file at the court house a plat showing what Rice's Point will look like after the new Northern Pacific improvements are completed.

A good deal has been said from time to time about the improvement that the Northern Pacific has been planning for the west side of Rice's Point, but according to what a Duluth man, who has looked over the plans says, few people have any idea of what an immense enterprise it is.

It is said that there will be room in the new yards for 7000 cars, and that the yards will be the biggest and finest owned by any railroad west of Buffalo.

The new round house and machine shops are already built, and the next thing is the filling in of a large tract along Rice's Point, 300 feet wide, which is to be filled in with tracks and warehouses later. The whole west side of the point will be a mass of tracks, set as closely together as possible, and the system will care for an immense number of cars without crowding.

Another change that is to be made is that all of the tracks crossing Garfield avenue are to be moved up under the viaduct. Now there are several crossings below the viaduct, but these are to be taken up, and all cars will cross under the viaduct in a short time.

RETURNS FROM WEST.

Judge Carey Is Home From California Trip.

Judge J. R. Carey has returned from a six-weeks' trip to Auburn, Cal., and other points on the coast.. He went out over the Omaha, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, and returned over the Santa Fe to Kansas City, thence via Omaha home.

Judge Carey says that everywhere on the coast business was in a most prosperous condition. He met former Duluthians at a number of points. At San Francisco, John Rustgard, the former assistant city attorney, stepped up and spoke to him. Mr. Rustgard is now located at Roscoe, B. C. He has quit the law and is engaged in promoting new enterprises, developing out of the opening up of that new country. In San Francisco, also, he met Martin O'Meara, who was formerly in the grocery business here. He is now engaged in ladies' tailoring there and has a very swell establishment. He is a brother of P. O'Meara, who still lives here.

Judge Carey says that the project of building an addition to the Wright-Clarkson-Jones Grocery building, on West Michigan street, has not been given up or postponed. He adds that it will be carried out this summer, and as soon as some pending matters have been adjusted. The Norton estate, which owns the building, has acquired fifty feet additional frontage adjoining the building, on the east, and at least that much more room will be provided. At one time it was intended to add this fifty feet and to put another story on the whole building, but the latter may not be carried out this summer. There will be no unnecessary delay, however, in beginning building operations.

DERAILED.

Train Meets With a Bad Accident Near Charlera, Pa.

Monongahela, Pa., April 18.—Passenger train No. 10, on the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston railroad, was derailed near Charlera, Pa., this morning and a number of passengers injured, onne fatally. Those most seriously hurt were: Elija Hazelbacker, California, Pa., right leg crushed and head badly lacerated; J. E. Masters, Coal Center, Pa., left leg crushed and cut about face and hands; William Phillips, baggagemaster, Pittsburg, left leg broken, hands mangled and brused about body; Lee Van Freiman, Charlera, cut about face and hands; James Nastiegel, Homeshead, Pa., back hurt and cut about face and hands; F. A. Etheman, residence unknown, cut about face and hands.

The accident, it is thought, was caused by the shoe brake catching on the rail and tearing the front truck off the tender.

Traffic was suspended for several hours.

ON MONDAY

Senate Committee Resumes Hearings on Philippines.

Washington, April 18.—The senate committee on Philippines did not hear testimony today because of a witness' failure to arrive. This expected witness is Grover Flint, of Cambridge, Mass., who spent some time in the Philippines, and who is reported to have stated that he has seen the "water cure' administered. He will be heard Monday. On motion of Senator Beveridge, the committee by a party vote of 5 to 4 adjourned until Monday, although Senator Carmack stated that he had requested Edward Atkinson to come to Washington for the purpose of testifying tomorrow.

STATE BOARD OF PARDONS.

Pardon Granted to One and Refused to Another.

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state board of pardons has pardoned Charles William Hatcher, of Wabasha county, from the state prison, on condition that he abstain from liquor. He got into a fight on the depot platform at Winona last November, and slashed his opponent with a knife. He was sentenced for four months.

A pardon was denied Bert Schilling, who shot his wife in the restaurant over the California wine house.

HEAD DOWNWARD.

St. Paul Boy Was Dragged Two Blocks.

St. Paul, April 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fred Fortier, a 10-year-old boy, living at 954 Woodbridge street, was nearly killed in a runaway, near his home.

The lad was dragged head downward by a wildly galloping horse a distance of two blocks. He was unconscious and bleeding from numerous wounds when rescued.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

THREE ITALIANS DROWNED

Tried to Cross Illinois River In High Wind.

Spring Valley, Ill., April 18.—The bodies of three Italians, Francesco Cisca, Barney Pomotto and Frank Fenoglio, drowned in the Illinois river at this place a month ago, were found today about fifteen miles below here. The coroner found nearly $100 in their clothing. They were drowned while trying to cross the river at midnight to get to a bumboat on the Putnam county bank of the river during the prevalence of a high gale of wind.

FOR

WEDDING PRESENTS

You will find the largest and best selection of Silver Wedding Gifts. The designs and patterns get more dainty every day, at

J. GRUESEN,

31 West Superior Street, Hunter Block.

REMEMBER We have a large and complete stock.

WIELAND SHOE CO.

IF the Shoe isn't in the WINDOW, it is INSIDE our spacious store

Ideal Shoes for Ideal Days

All the leading and best products of Footwear fresh from the factory.

OUR PRICES ARE MADE FOR ECONOMY

Wieland's $3.50 Shoes. are snappy and stylish—sell easy because they are comfortable.

$3.50

Gentlemen's Spring Styles

In Stacy, Adams & Co.'s fine Shoes. They give comfort and satisfaction---once you wear them you will know their good qualities.

$5.00 and $6.00.

Men's Walk Easy $3.00 Shoes the best made for the price ---------- $3

SPECIAL---

Men's stylish Shoes bought to sell at ---------- $2.50
Special price for a leader at ---------- $2.00

OROSIS SHOES...

The Standard of Shoes for ladies

Are as comfortable as a $5.00 shoe—Always retain their shape and look well—Made in different shapes to suit the different types of feet—Thirty styles to choose from—Price always

$3.50 A PAIR

LITTLE FOLKS' SHOES.

Boys' and Girls' durable and dressy Shoes $1.50 and $2.00
Little Gents' Shoes---$1.00 to $2.00
Children's Dressy Shoes, sizes 6 to 8---$1.00
Children's Shoes, 90c grade ---------- 75c
Infants' Shoes and Moccasins, 25c-75c

Ladies' Oxford Ties and Colonials — the newest styles just in—prices $4 to ---------- $2

Ladies' $3 Shoes — Extension sole and plain, swell shoes at ---------- $3

Quo Vadis $2.50 Shoe—For ladies—extra quality, per pair ---------- $2.50

Ladies' $2 Special — Light or heavy soles, new styles, $2.50 Shoes, our special price—only ---------- $2

ROMANCES

Told of the Greasy Oil Fields of Texas.

Of all the wonderful stories that have come out of the Beaumont (Texas) oil region none can compare with the bald facts in the case of D. R. Beaty, says the New York Herald. He leased a patch of land for $10. It sold within a few weeks for $1,000,000. Somehow the public has come to believe there is more froth than substance in the talk of oil and that about a bubble a mighty turnoil has been raised. There was froth and there is substance. The volume of froth can be measured only by the duration of the craze that makes Beaumont the Mecca of tens of thousands of fortune hunters.

The substance is measured by hundreds of thousands of barrels of oil that are shipped each month, by the multitude of manufacturing establishments which depend upon Beaumont oil for their fuel, by the hundreds of locomotives that use oil instead of coal and by the seemingly ceaseless flow of wealth from the wells in the proven field.

It is less than a year since the first car of oil was sent from Beaumont station; it is little more than a year since the first gusher "came in." From March 3, 1901, the date of the initial shipment, to Jan. 20, 1902, the railroad statistics show, 10,801 cars, containing 1,633,202 barrels of oil were shipped. And, in addition, it is estimated 100,000 barrels were used in Beaumont and its vicinity, that there were 2,500,000 barrels in the storage tanks on Jan. 10 last, and that 1,000,000 barrels were wasted before the various gushers could be capped or controlled.

It is contended by many of the Beaumont men that the skepticism about the new oil field is due to old established oil concerns, who see in the Texas gushers rivalry that threatens their supremacy. Mere baneful, however, have been the dozens of swindles launched by unscrupulous men, who saw in the excitement in the Beaumont region an opportunity to sell shares in companies that never owned an acre of land and never will produce a gallon of oil.

Beaumont is still an overcrowded, boisterous town, with more raucous voiced enthusiasts to the square inch perhaps than any other place on earth. Every train brings a lot of newcomers, but the real season of activity, or activity, has been built at Sour lake, in Hardin county, and traces of oil had been discovered in many places. In addition, stories had been told by seafaring men of an oil pool in the gulf, about fifteen miles southwest of Sabine Pass.

But the refinery at Sour Lake burned before any proof of the worth or utility of the oil there had been obtained. The men who had invested lost all, just as had those who were before them in that field. Oil was there, beyond a doubt, but, although many holes were drilled, a big vein never was tapped. Conservative men smiled at Higgins' talk of oil on Spindle Top. If oil was to be found anywhere, they contended, Sour Lake was the place. The outcroppings there were unmistakable. Rivulets of oil flowed into Pin Island bayou, at Sour lake, and sooner or later oil would me struck there in paying quantities. It was absurd to talk about oil on Spindle Top.

But there was one man who listened to what Higgins said and who had faith in his theory. That man was George W. Carroll, president of the Beaumont Lumber company and one of the wealthiest residents of the city. He furnished a part of the money with which Higgins went to hunt for oil. On the knoll called Spindle Top, Higgins in a crude, old-fashioned way, sank a well to a depth of 450 or 500 feet. Then he encountered quicksand and could proceed no further. There was such a showing of oil, however, that they were led to try again near by. Once more they struck quicksand after getting evidences of oil.

Higgins had no more money and Mr Carroll was tired. So the work was abandoned, and the wiseacres, who had smiled before, now laughed and joked about the "folly" of Higgins and Carroll.

There was a man who didn't think Higgins & Carroll had failed. His name was Lucas. He got a lease to a small patch of ground and sank a well 600 feet. Then he, too, had to abandon it on account of the treacherous quicksand. But he had obtained better evidence of oil than had Higgins, and, although he had little money, he was of undaunted spirit and supreme faith. He went to Pittsburg and laid his proposition before many oil men.

On every side he was repulsed until he met Messrs. Guffey & Galley. They listened patiently and promised to investigate. Investigation confirmed all that Lucas had asserted and they agreed to furnish the capital, with which Lucas could obtain the most improved drilling machinery and sink a well 1000 or more feet. Mr. Lucas made a contract with Hamill Bros., of Corsicana, who with rotary drills, sank many of the wells in that field. They began operations on the Lucas tract, went through the quicksand, and then they struck what is claimed to be the greatest vein of oil the world has ever known. In a night Beaumont went crazy.

To the influence of his wife may be ascribed the advent of Charles L. Wallis into the oil business. Mr. Wallis is a son of the senior member of the firm of Wallis, Landes & Co., of Galveston, Tex., one of the wealthiest concerns in the Southwest. Like his father, the younger Mr. Wallis is a conservative business man. He was content to manage his department in als father's firm, and when the news of the discovery of oil at Beaumont spread, and men, women and children in Galveston talked of nothing but oil, and the chances to make a fortune, his blood didn't circulate any faster or his pulse beat more rapidly. If there was any speculating to be done, he was willing to allow some other person to take the risk.

But the oil fever wasn't confined to the streets. It got into the homes. The wives and mothers talked oil in the parlors and the negro women talked oil in the kitchens. No fever is so virulent or contagious as oil fever. Mrs. Wallis caught it. She talked oil at breakfast, luncheon and dinner, and she suggested that her husband buy some stock. Mr. Wallis told her most of the companies organized were fly-by-night affairs, and the stock was worthless; that men were taking advantage of the excitement and the credulity of the public, and he wouldn't buy oil shares with Confederate money.

Mrs. Wallis has great respect for the business judgment of Mr. Wallis, and the fever subsided for a short time, but upon hearing how some woman friend had bought stock at 15 or 20 cents a share and sold for a great deal more, it returned. Once more she broached the subject of buying stock, and again her husband gave that good, sound advice, but by this time the fever had taken too strong a hold to be thrown off by simple argument. Logic could make no impression against the fact that her friend Mrs. So-and-So had made money. Finally Mrs. Wallis said to her husband: "I have $2500 of my own money. I never will be satisfied unless I invest. Now be a good boy and tell me what is best to buy."

Unable to move his wife from her resolution Mr. Wallis invested her $2500. He exercised the utmost care. Within a month or two the stock which he bought for his wife was worth $25,000, and Mr. Wallis, who had started to make investigations to safeguard his wife's money, had caught the fever, too. He is today the head of one of the largest, if not the largest, oil companies in the Beaumont district, and ships thousands of barrels of oil. It is true he has made a great deal of money, but this is a rare instance. Those who lost outnumber those who gained.

There is a story told of a thick witted farmer who didn't know the difference between an option and a sale. He had a patch of prairie land, a miserable cabin, a few scrawny horses, some antiquated farm implements. He was miles away from the "proven" district. It was at the time when the wildcat element needed only some sort of a claim or a hole in the ground to exploit their schemes, and a party of adventures went to him and offered $10,000—$1000 cash and $9000 in notes for an option on his land. They shook yellow bills in his face, told him they had to have an answer in ten minutes, and so startled the agriculturist that he had signed before he knew what he was doing. The boomers returned to Beaumont, had a company under way before nightfall and had orders issued for the printing of $500,000 in stock.

A prairie schooner, driving through the straggly streets of Beaumont, the next morning attracted the attention of one of the boomers. On the seat sat the farmer he had negotiated with the day before. By his side was his wife, a careworn, faded creature, whose face showed she had seen little of the sunlight of life. A few ragged children were sprawled inside the wagon among the wretched sticks of furniture and complement of kitchen goods that made up the family's possessions.

"Where in the world are you going?" inquired the boomer.

"Louisiana," replied the farmer.

"What are you going there for?"

"Sold you uns the farm."

"Why, we just took an option," explained the boomer.

"Look'er here, stranger," said the farmer, in a harsh voice, "a trade's a trade. You uns made yer own terms and yer can't git out ur it. I got you uns money and you uns got ther farm."

Then he ordered the scrawny horses to "Geet up!" The cranky, protestant joints of the wagon added their discordant noises to the rumble and roar of the boom town, and the farmer and his brood were soon lost to view in the pine woods that fringe the banks of the Neches.

"Driller's luck" is what they call the experience of W. B. Sharp. In 1893 he sank a well on Spindle Top. He got down 500 feet. Then his money and his credit gave out. He couldn't get assistance from any one in Beaumont. When he left, in disgust, he didn't have enough money to buy a postage stamp to write to his wife and tell of his failure. The morning after the Lucas strike he returned to Beaumont. As employe for Guffey & Galley he sank a well within 100 feet of the one he had abandoned years before and he "brought in" one of the greatest gushers in the field. He organized the Drillers' company and now is wealthy.

A Few Spot Cash Prices at the Old Reliable Cash Grocery

D. O'Leary, Prop.

17 East Superior Street.

Both Phones. Prompt Deliveries Everywhere.

Bananas per dozen	15c	Navy Beans per lb	3c
Pineapples each	35c	Baking Chocolate per lb	25c
Grape Fruit 3 for	25c	7 lbs Tapioca	24c
Choice Table Apples per peck	60c	10 bars Soap	25c
A choice lot of Fresh Vegetables at very lowest prices.		10c p'kgs Baking Soda each	5c
		4 lbs Soda Crackers	25c
Choice Tomatoes per lb	10c	4 lbs Oyster Crackers	25c
Choice Asparagus bunch	10c	3 cakes Sweet Chocolate	20c
6 bunches Green Onions	10c	1 lb Ground Cinnamon	20c
Fresh Pie Plant per lb	5c	1 lb Ground Allspice	20
Guaranteed Flour per cwt	$1.90	1 lb Ginger	20c
Maple Syrup qt 20c Gal	75c	Pure Baking Powder—lb	25c
Cooking Molasses per gal	25c	5-lb cans Baking Powder	50c

If you want a delicious cup of coffee, buy our three-pound can for **85c**

A full line of Garden Seeds, in bulk, consisting of Sweet Corn, Early Minnesota Sweet Peas, Lawn Grass, Wax Beans, etc. Nasturtium Seeds in bulk, all new.

VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

GASSER'S MARKET

Many retail markets are complaining about a large decrease in business since the late advances in meats, and we learn that some were obliged to give up business entirely. Not so with us. We are doing more business than ever. And why? Because our meats please and our assortment is complete.

Grocery Department.

10½-LB. SACK GRAN. SUGAR	$5.30
ROLLED OATS—3 pkgs for	25c
10 BARS LAUNDRY SOAP—for	25c
APRICOTS—2-lb can	15c
3-LB. CAN BLACKBERRIES—for	15c
GRATED PINEAPPLE—2-lb can	12c
PEARS—2-lb can	12c
PLUMS—3-lb can	12c
TOMATOES—per can	10c

209-211 W. Superior St

Good Coffee.

Nothing is more generally desired or appreciated; nothing harder to find, than a uniformly good cup of Coffee. It is a whole breakfast in itself. By placing your order for coffee with us, you are guaranteed as perfect an article as nature and skill can produce.

Our Saturday Prices:

EXTRA CHOICE Golden Santos, regular 20c quality... 18c
Six pounds for $1.00

OUR CHALLENGE COFFEE—A Java blend, regular 25c quality—per lb..... 22c
Five pounds for $1.00

EXTRA FINE O. G. Java and Mocha, 35c quality..... 33c
3½ pounds for $1.00

SUN-CURED JAPAN TEA—regular 50c quality..... 40c

SUN-CURED JAPAN TEA—40c quality..... 35c

We also make special prices on all Ceylon Tea, English Breakfast Tea, Young Hyson, Gunpowder Tea —for tomorrow— 35c, 45c and 55c

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—which are second to none in quality and strength—per bottle..... 10c, 25c

Malcomson Tea Co.
8, 1st Ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

PEARSON GIVES EVIDENCE.

New Orleans, April 18.—Gen. Samuel Pearson, the Boer commander, who is fighting the exportation of horses and mules to the British army in South Africa, finished his testimony today before Col. Crowder, U. S. A., the investigating officer, and furnished him with additional evidence in support of his contentions.

GULLED THE PUBLIC.

Berlin, April 18.—Herman Ganswindt, whose so-called flying machine has attracted wide attention here and abroad, was arrested today for protracted deception, forgery and gulling the public into subscribing for shares of an aeroplane company.

RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials

INCLUDING A FULL LINE OF NEW SPRING VEGETABLES AT POPULAR PRICES.

Honey Cured Hams, sweet and tender —per lb—
13 cents

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!
Price is advancing. Patent Flour—
98-lb sacks— $1.90
49-lb sacks— 95c

Best Quality Lard—per lb—
11 cents

Best Quality Strawberries, large direct shipment—2 boxes—
25 cents

Yerxa Bros.' Hoffman House Java and Mocha Coffee—per lb—
30 cents

Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee excels all other brands—per can—
85 cents

If you want a nice selection of vegetables for a small amount of money, give us your order. Our assortment includes Wax Beans, Head Lettuce, Green Beans, Leaf Lettuce, Cucumbers, Round Radish, Oyster Plant, Young Onions, Egg Plant, Celery, Cauliflower, Rhubarb, Spinach, New Turnips, New Beets, New Carrots, Parsley, Mint, Water Cress and Asparagus.

Jersey Sweet Potatoes—4 lbs—
25 cents

Kirks' Laundry Soap—10 bars—
25 cents

Best Quality Cocoanut in bulk— 2lbs—
25 cents

Sweet Juicy Oranges from—
20c to 40c per dozen

SPECIAL SNAPS IN CANNED GOODS.

3 small cans Salmon	25c
3-lb cans of Pears and Plums in light syrup, 2 cans	25c
3-lb cans Peaches, Pears and Plums, in heavy syrup, per can	28c
3 cans Corn, Peas and Beans	25c
2 cans best Corn, Peas and Tomatoes	25c
3-lb cans Asparagus	25c
3-lb cans Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce	25c
6 cans Domestic Sardines	25c
2 cans Imported Sardines	25c

Best Quality Creamery Butter—per lb—
32 cents.

RATHBUN'S,
29 East Superior St.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.
25 West Superior St.
Home Baking and Candy Making

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box..... 25c
Assorted Nongates per pound..... 25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound..... 25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb..... 25c
Assorted Cream Patties any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb..... 25c
We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz..... 25c
Lady Locks—per doz..... 25c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, dozen..... 10c
WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES

WILL BE PUSHED

Highland Company To Work As Rapidly As Possible.

Condemnation Proceedings Will Be Begun Without Delay.

Time Lost Will Be Overcome as Much as Possible.

Now that the Highland Canal and Power company has been granted its franchise, the Messrs. Cokefair are arranging their plans so as to as far as possible overcome the delay that they have been put to by reason of the long time consumed in getting their franchise.

The condemnation of the land necessary for the system will be begun as soon as the papers can be prepared. To gain time there will be several applications for condemnation instead of one. Under this plan there will be separate actions, the territory being divided into districts. Commissioners will be appointed for each district, and thus all can be working at one time, whereas, if there was one general action, and the same commissioners appraised the valuation of all the lands, it would take considerable time.

The company will also go before the council of the city of Superior and ask a franchise. An agent of the company at Superior will probably be first legally designated. The franchise which Superior will be asked to grant will be on about the same lines as that granted by the Duluth council.

The company will be formally organized in a short time and C. C. Cokefair will go East and arrange the financial affairs of the company for active work at once. He is practically assured already of getting the bonds of the company floated, the franchise being substantially upon the lines laid out when he was last before the bankers.

Since the passage of the franchise there have come to the company many evidences that substantial people in both cities believe the project is to be carried out and without delay. Inquiries are also received from outside industries as to the cost of power when the system is installed. Pulp and paper mills are represented to the largest extent in these inquiries and it is in these lines that the company has reason to expect the greatest immediate industrial increase for Duluth by reason of the installation of the power.

City Engineer Patton was in the office of the company this morning looking over its plans, getting data to be used in the conference of the mayor, city attorney and himself over the franchise before the mayor attaches his signature to the document.

GETS MONEY.

The Archdeacon Appleby Raises It For White Earth Hospital.

Archdeacon T. H. M. Villiers Appleby returned this morning from the East and temporarily is stopping at the St. Louis. He was accompanied by Mrs. Appleby and Miss Appleby on his trip, and they are with him at the hotel. They will remain there until a house can be obtained.

Archdeacon Appleby said that he had spent the winter in New York, Boston, Providence, Washington and Philadelphia, making his headquarters in New York. His errand was in behalf of the support of mission work in the Duluth diocese.

"I found a general impression," said the archdeacon this afternoon, "that Duluth and Minnesota were very prosperous. In fact, this impression was so strong that people seemed surprised to be informed that the missions in this diocese needed help. While away I succeeded in getting a subscription of $3000 for the purpose of rebuilding the hospital at the White Earth reservation agency, which burned the 20th of January. This with the $2500 insurance gives us a little over $5000 and a new building will be erected at once."

Archdeacon Appleby will leave this evening for a trip through the missionary parts of the diocese.

INCREASED.

Iron Range Road Now Running Eighteen Ore Trains Daily.

The Duluth & Iron Range increased the number of ore trains run to its docks to Two Harbors yesterday to eighteen. The trainloads are ranging from 2500 to 2900 tons each, and a fair average, it is said, would be about 2700. This would make yesterday's movement of ore about 50,000 tons. The receipts therefore were exceptionally large for this season of the year.

Regarding the claim that has been made that the air will not work to advantage on trains of seventy or eighty cars, a railroad operating man, who is not connected in any way with the Iron Range, says that the contention has no foundation.

"Eastern roads," said he, "have been running these long trains for five years. It has gotten past the experimental stage so far that Western roads are spending millions of dollars to prepare their systems for hauling heavy trains also. The plan is somewhat new up here, but it is no longer an experiment. The air works all right on long trains on other roads, and there is no reason why it should not on the Iron Range as soon as matters have been given a chance to work down to a systematic basis."

ABSOLUTELY UNFOUNDED.

London, April 18.—It is officially asserted that the continental statements to the effect that the Boer leaders went to Pretoria at the suggestion of the British authorities are absolutely unfounded. The offer of the Boers was entirely spontaneous.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 18.—Judge Seaman today appointed J. W. Meiklejohn, of New London, Wis., receiver for the H. Andrae company, a lumber concern of New London. The debts approximate $100,000 and assets $82,400. The secured debts amount to $13,878. The principal assets are book accounts amounting to $48,000.

FERRY BIDS.

Board Receives Figures For the Ship Canal Service.

The board of public works today opened bids for the Park Point ferry service.

Capt. Walter Lloyd offered the tug Carrington for $32.50 a day, which included free service of the tug in case of fire along the harbor front.

The Carrington throws two two and a half inch streams of water and is said to be one of the best fire fighting tugs now in the Duluth-Superior harbor.

Capt. M. J. Ryan offered the Estelle at $27 per day. This is the same boat that has held the contract during the past year and the bid is $1 a day cheaper than during the past season. The Estelle, at present, is docked at West Superior for an extensive overhauling. The Mayflower is in the Park Point service temporarily.

The tug Sarah Smith was offered by Smith & Ackley for $30 a day.

The members of the board of public works will make an inspection of all the boats and award the contract subject to the approval of the council next Monday.

The department is also contemplating the purchase of two new road rollers. One is to be the largest ever brought into this country, weighing 30,000 pounds. By exchanging the two old rollers now in the service the board could get two modern new rollers for $3800.

Not Badly Hurt.

John Patyk, a timber cruiser, fell off train No. 2 on the Eastern Minnesota near Hinckley this morning. The train was moving at a fairly rapid rate of speed and the crew after stopping the train, went back with the expectation of picking up a dead man.

Patyk was found to be in a fairly good condition aside from the fact that he was intoxicated, earing internal injuries he was taken to St Mary's hospital where he was reported getting along all right this afternoon.

Urged To See It.

A number of members of the board of trade today received messages from E. J. Phelps and others advising them to see the performance of "The Viking" at the Lyceum tomorrow evening without fail, assuring them that it was a meritorious production from every standpoint and a fine evening's entertainment.

HONEST

But Had Poor Judgment Is Verdict Against Osceola Managers.

Boston, April 18.—"Bad judgment in selling copper" on the part of the management of the Osceola Mining company is the finding of the committee appointed by the stockholders to investigate the affairs of the concern at a recent meeting. In other respects the management is declared to have been efficient and the affairs of the company to have been honestly conducted. The committee was appointed by President A. S. Bigelow; because of the great dissatisfaction expressed by some stockholders at the unfavorable report made of the year's business. The report further said that the operations of the company in 1901 resulted in a loss because of the holding of the greater part of the year's product above the market in expectation that it could be sold at 17 cents—a result which was not realized; because of increased cost in mining expenses over former years, and because of the expenditure of $493,000 in the construction of a new stamp mill and sinking equipment of new shafts, which have practically made a new mine. The committee recommends that hereafter the annual report shall give fuller details of the items of receipts, expenditures, assets and liabilities, instead of giving statements that, although correct, do not give full details; that at all times the management shall be prepared to furnish full information that is not incompatable with the interests of the company; that the accounts be audited annually; that the expenses of administration be reduced wherever possible.

A statement of assets and liabilities presented by the company shows cash at Boston, $49,367, and copper on hand at estimated value of $970,000. The total liabilities are $1,667,212. Of this amount $832,538 is due the United Metals Selling company.

TWO MORE

St. Paul, April 18.—A Bemidji, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: After listening to the evidence of Professor H. A. Carel of the state university, who made an analysis for the state of the contents of the stomach of Eugene McGlachlin, John Berry sent word to County Attorney Street that he wished to make a statement. He was permitted to sleep over it, and this morning after La Due was bound over on a separate examination, Berry's statement was taken and immediately afterwards C. A. Williams and Joseph Seyan, two bartenders in the saloon, visited by Berry, La Due and Glachlin, were taken into custody by the sheriff on complaint of the county attorney, charging them with complicity in the crime.

NO REVISION.

Brussels, April 18.—The chamber of representatives today, by 84 to 64 votes, rejected the proposal to revise the Belgian constitution so as to provide for universal suffrage.

TO CONTINUE STRIKE.

Brussls, April 18.—The general council of the labor party met this morning and decided to continue the strike, but peacefully. Numbers of strikers, however, are resuming work and tranquility is reported from all parts of Belgium.

GETS HEAVY DAMAGES.

New York, April 18.—Mrs. Lottie G. Dimon, widow of Henry G. Dimon, who was killed in the Park avenue tunnel accident on the New York Central road several months ago, was awarded $60,000 damages against the railroad company by a jury in White Plains today.

ELLIOTT NOMINATED.

Washington, April 18.—The president today nominated Clark Elliott, of Minnesota, as second lieutenant of infantry.

RELATIONS RESUMED.

Caracas, Vez., April 18.—The congress of Venezuela having yesterday adopted the French protocol providing for a renewal of diplomatic relations between France and Venezuela, the protocol was signed by the French charge and Senor Panoco, the Venezuelan minister of foreign affairs. This terminates the suspension of relations between France and Venezuela, which were broken in 1895.

READY FOR THE VOTE

Argument on Cuban Reciprocity Bill Concluded In House.

Morris Offers Amendment to Remove the Sugar Differentials.

Is Opposed By Payne On a Point of Order.

Washington, April 18.—When the house met today at 11 o'clock there was a prospect of a memorable session ahead. The general debate upon the Cuban reciprocity bill was to close at 3 o'clock, and it was the intention of the leaders, if possible, to hold the house in session until the final vote was taken. The action of the Democratic caucus last night, which decided to vote solidly for the removal of the differential on refined sugar, gave the leaders much concern, as they were unable to figure out exactly what strength the proposition would command on the Republican side. The disclosures of Mr. Underwood last night relative to overtures made to the Democrats on the basis of an abandonment of the Crumpacker resolution added a new complication to the situation, and there seemed a likelihood that it might figure in the debate today in a sensational fashion.

The whole atmosphere of the house, in face, was charged, and presaged a coming storm. Mr. Richardson (Tenn.), the Democratic leader, was the first speaker today. He made a careful, dispassionate speech, explaining why he had voted in favor of reporting the bill. He stated frankly that he doubted whether the enactment of the bill would do much to bring about the reciprocal trade relations between Cuba and the United States, which was earnestly to be desired, but he had voted for it in the hope that it might accomplish something. It would at least reduce by 20 per cent the outrageously high rates of the Dingley law so far as Cuba was concerned. Those high rates could not stand, and he said Mr. Grosvenor's speech a few days ago was a warning of the coming storm. He thought the time for a revision of the tariff was at hand.

Mr. Richardson called attention to the action of Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, endorsing the latter's bill to remove the duty from steel and amid Democratic applause said the Democrats proposed to give Mr. Babcock an opportunity later on to vote for the bill his constituents had endorsed.

He also outlined the Democratic platform relative to the abolition of the differential duty on refined sugar. If this amendment carried, he said, $5,000,000 or $6,000,000 would be taken from the sugar refiners and given to the consumers.

Just before Mr. Richardson took his seat, Mr. Brodwell (Ohio) asked him this question:

"Does the gentleman from Tennessee know anything of a reported bargain between leaders on this side and the Democrats in the house by which the Crumpacker resolution is to be smothered in order to aid the passage of the pending bill?"

"Absolutely nothing," replied Mr. Richardson.

Mr. Fordney (Mich.) declared that not a single Cuban appeared before the ways and means committee in favor of the bill. Every one of the witnesses for it, he said, was either an American citizen owning sugar land in Cuba or indirectly or directly representing the interests of the trust.

Mr. Hepburn (Iowa) aroused considerable excitement by bringing forward the revelation made in the Democratic caucus last night concerning the alleged overtures made from the Republican side to abandon the Crumpacker resolution if the Democrats from the state threatened would vote against overruling the chair. After reading the account of the caucus in a morning paper, he proceeded with great emphasis to declare that the charge is true, or the statement if made, was of a very serious character.

"It charges some members of this house with attempting to traffic with the legislation before this body," he said. "It charges them with a willingness to shelve legislation which members here consider very important in order to secure the ultimate triumph of this bill. I don't believe it. I think the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. Underwood) must have been mistaken or misinformed. But, nevertheless, I think it his duty, to be more explicit and to locate this offense where it properly belongs."

With great earnestness, Mr. Hepburn continued to express his doubt whether such alleged methods would be resorted to pass a bill which he was convinced 90 per cent of the Republicans were indifferent or opposed to. He held up to ridicule some of the most ardent friends of the measure. He quoted from the speech of Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) the statement that Mr. Grosvenor declined to support a bill for a 50, 40, 30 or 25-cent reduction. It was only when the concession was reduced 5 per cent further that he was induced to support it. In other words, said Mr. Hepburn, had it not been for the last nickel of reduction, the gentleman from Ohio, to quote his own language, would today have been with the insurgents attempting to divide the Republican party and to destroy it. "Great God," exclaimed Mr. Hepburn, "on what a slender thread hang everlasting things." (Great laughter and applause.) Mr. Hepburn also satirized the two and one-half-hour speech of Mr. Long (Kans.), which he described as a "great physical effort" which befitted the Kansas statesman for a championship in the prize ring under the Marquis of Queensberry rules. He denounced the feature of the bill to compel Cuba to accept our immigration laws when the greatest need of Cuba today was labor. If the Yankee was what he was sometimes said to be—cunning, grasping, avaricious and adroit—then he would say this section of the bill had been written by a Yankee."

The remaining time after Mr. Hepburn concluded—two hours and twenty minutes—was divided equally between Mr. Tawney (Minn.) who closed the debate against the bill and Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) who concluded for the measure. Mr. Tawney at the outset defended the course of those on the Republican side, who had not surrendered their convictions that thrift might follow fawning. He pointed to illustrious instances in the past where Republicans had opposed measures advocated by a majority of their colleagues, notably the case of ex-Speaker Reed in the congress when he voted to issue gold interest bearing bonds. He declared that those of his colleagues who believed as he did had been denounced as traitors, their motives had been impugned and they has even been insulted because they had dared to assert an define what they believed to be to the interest of their party their constituents and their country.

Mr. Tawney argued that if the beet sugar industry was properly protected in a few years it would supply the entire domestic consumption. It was for this reason, he declared, that the sugar trust was seeking through the agency of this bill to cripple and destroy its great rival of the future.

Mr Tawney in conclusion said that this was the time Republican leaders had proposed to depart from the protective theory. The Republican party was bound in honor to keep faith with those whom it had induced to enter the beet sugar industry. If the United States owed a debt to Cuba it should be paid out of the public treasury by the whole people and not alone by the farmers who were growing sugar beets. Mr. Dalzell concluded by saying the differential in the Dingley bill was placed there for the benefit of the beet sugar growers. Soon after 3 p. m. the bill was read and considered under the 5-minute rule.

When the Cuban bill was read Mr. Morris (Minn.) offered an amendment to remove the differentials on refined sugar. Mr. Payne made the point of order that it was not germane and entered into an argument on the subject.

Mr. Littlefield, in replying to Mr. Payne, alluded to the talk of the Crumpacker resolution in the Democratic caucus last night and said it was intimated that an offer had been made of "unholy, ungodly and infamous alliance to sacrifice human rights for the benefit of an aggregation of capital."

Mr. Underwood (Ala.) denied that he had ever made any charge that had been implied to him either in the caucus or elsewhere.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, April 18.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today, consideration of a bill to provide for a union railroad station in the District of Columbia, was begun. After the bill had been read and several of the amendments had been adopted, it went over on the objection of Mr. Jones (Ark.)

A bill was passed granting certain lands to the city of Colorado Springs, Col., for the purpose of water supply.

Other bills were passed as follows: To provide a committee to obtain designs for a monument of memorial to Abrahaun Lincoln and appropriating $25,000 for the purpose, the commission to consist of the chairman of the library committee of the house and senate and the secretary of war; authorizing the United States and West Indies Railroad and Steamship company of Florida to construct a bridge across the Manatee river in Florida; to prevent and consular officer of the United States from accepting any appointment from any foreign states as administrator, guardian or to any other office or trust without first executing a bonds with security to be approved by the secretary of state; appropriating $60,000 for enlarging the public building at Kalamazoo, Mich.

Mr. Cullom then presented the conference report upon the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and the report was agreed to without comment.

A bill fixing the terms of the circuit and district courts in and for the district of South Dakota was passed. At 2 o'clock the unfinished business, that for government in the Philippines, was laid before the senate.

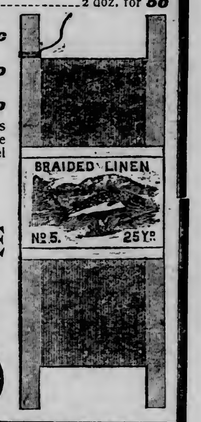
Fishing Tackle

We can sell you Tackle at these prices:

75 foot Braided Silk Line, in black, reg. price 50c—now... 15c
40 foot Braided Cotton Line, white, reg. price 15c—now... 8c
15 foot Twist Cotton Line, white, reg. price 5c—now... 1c
3 foot Single Gut Leader, reg. price 10c—now... 5c
3 foot Double Gut Leader, reg. price 20c—now... 10c
6 foot Double Gut Leaders 6 foot Single Gut Leaders
Brass Fishing Reels, some sell at 25c—now... 10c
Mixed lot of Gut Snelled Hooks, reg. price 25c doz.—now 10c
Ringed Hooks, all sizes, 1 to 12... 2 doz. for 5c
Ringed Hooks, all sizes, 1-0 to 6-0, per doz... 5c
Trout Flies, mixed, reg. price 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c each, now... 2 for 5c
3-jointed Fishing Rod, reg. price 25c, now... 10c

We carry a complete line of all kinds of Tackle, from the cheapest to the best, and do all kinds of rod and reel repairing.

Fish and Game Laws Free.



CITY GUN STORE
402 W. Superior St.
R. C. KRUSCHKE.

LATEST BUNKO TRICK.

Kansas Farmers See Gold Extracted From Goldfish.

Joseph P. Ryan, the ticket agent of the Desbrosses street station of the Pennsylvania railroad, listened to a story which exemplifies the ingenuity of the "bunko man," says the New York Times. He says that two Kansas farmers, John H. Williams and James P. Simpson, who conduct a large farm about twenty miles south of Topeka, Kan., while buying tickets for their home yesterday confided to him that they had been swindled out of $200 in a scheme which was to realize the philosopher's dream in extracting gold from goldfish, and that though he advised them to tell their story to the police they were only too glad to leave New York on the earliest possible train.

According to their story, they had both spent their lives on a large farm outside of Topeka, and for the past ten years had bent all their energies toward the accomplishing of their ambition to visit this city, and about ten days ago decided that their finances were in a condition to allow of the coveted trip. The least thing they feared, they said, when starting out, was the wiles of the confidence man, the trader in green goods or gold bricks, or the proverbial bunko-steerer, for they had pursued a course of reading of all the literature obtainable containing warning to the bucolic adventurer in the great cities.

"When we arrived in New York last Tuesday," said in substance Farmer Simpson, the older of the two (neither was apparently over 35 years of age), "we went to a Broadway hotel, and registered under assumed names, giving our residence as Washington, D. C. We did this so that it might not be known that we were farmers, and thereupon be tracked wherever we went by some smooth-tongued rogues. We spent all day Tuesday, and the greater part of Wednesday morning, seeing the sights, going up and down the elevators of the tall buildings, and visiting the wax works on Twenty-third street. We evidently attracted no notice, and soon became confident that there was nothing in our appearance to proclaim the tiller of the soil.

"While sitting in the hotel parlor on Wednesday afternoon we noticed an old man of venerable appearance, absorbed in a huge volume from which he occasionally took notes in strange characters. He had an air of great wisdom, and from our observations we took it that he was probably some celebrated scientist. We thought no more of him, however, and on Thursday morning we visited the aquarium. We were standing in front of one of the glass tanks filled with goldfish, when our attention was attracted to a figure that we immediately recognized as the venerable gentleman we had seen in the hotel parlor the day before. He still carried his book, and his eyes were bent with deep earnestness on one of the smaller but most brilliant fishes in the tank. Then he suddenly exclaimed:

"'To think of the simplicity of it! Well, though it was the work of a lifetime, it certainly has been rewarded beyond my most extravagant dreams.'

"Then he began to mumble and chuckle to himself in a manner that made us all curiosity to know the occasion of his delight, and I ventured to ask him the cause of it. He started back suddenly, and eyed me in a suspicious manner. Then, looking about him to see that we were the only ones within hearing, he whispered:

"'My lifetime's work has been rewarded,' and now I am on the road to princely wealth. I have discovered the secret of the goldfish's color. Further than that I have discovered that through the peculiar chemical process of the goldfish's digestion seven grains of pure gold are made and dissolved in his body each day. The dissolution is effected by the scintillation of color. These discoveries I made years ago, and since then I have sought day and night for a process by which scintillation could be impeded and entirely stopped. This formula I have accomplished through the aid of liquid air. By my process scintillation is stopped completely and without any injury to the fish, the gold becomes incrusted in the scales and fins, and a little fish which, when proper facilities for breeding are obtained, costs practically nothing, can be transferred into a nugget of gold in a few weeks.'

"He seemed so sincere and interspersed his explanations with such convincing scientific phrases and references that we were deeply impressed by what he said and accepted his invitation to visit his laboratory on South street. We were soon in a ramshackle building, the lower portion of which was taken up by a large fish market. He led us up two flights of tumble-down stairs and into a small back room, which, with the exception of a deal table and two broken chairs was entirely bare. Unlocking a closet, he brought out an assortment of strangely contrived little boxes and bottles, a small bowl containing a half dozen goldfish, and a gas burner and tube, which he attached to a fixture just above the table. There was such an air of enthusiasm and mystery about these proceedings that we never doubted for a moment that we were about to witness a great discovery.

"After he had completed the arrangement of his bottles and boxes and lighted his gas burner, he took the cover from a little iron box, into which he poured a few drops of a whitish mixture from a tiny vial. Immediately there was a sizzling in the bottom of the box. Then he took one of the smaller fish from the bowl and placed it in the box.

"'This fish,' he said, 'has been subjected to the process for ten days, and, consequently, there are seventy grains of gold incrusted in its scales and fins.' As he finished speaking there was a great sizzling and bubbling in the bottom of the box. Then he set up a small, thin steel plate over the gas burner, which in a few minutes was white hot. Then he took the fish from the little box and laid it on the steel plate, where in a few seconds it was transformed to a white cinder, which floated away and crumbled into dust. But where the cinder was on the steel plate was a small bubble of what appeared to be pure gold. Turning off the gas burner he poured some ice-cold water over the steel plate, and then, with a pair of tweezers caught up the little nugget of gold and handed it to us.

"'Take that to any jeweler,' he said, 'and learn if it is not pure gold.' We left him then, promising to meet him in the hotel that night, and went immediately to a jeweler with the little nugget of gold. The jeweler told us that it was pure gold and worth about $4.

"Well, to make it short, we met our scientific friend that night and were readily persuaded to enter into partnership with him in a gigantic scheme to convert goldfish into gold, and as a guarantee of our good faith each gave him $100 to bind a partnership agreement. He told us that he would meet us in the hotel parlor the next morning, when we would talk over the plans for launching our great enterprise. That night we both dreamed of untold wealth. The next morning we were in the hotel parlor at the appointed time, but there was no sign of the venerable scientist. We waited for an hour, and still he did not come.

"It was not until we had waited for two hours that we awoke to the fact that we had been beautifully bunkoed. We inquired of the hotel clerk about our venerable friend, but he had not seen him and knew nothing about him. So we started for the laboratory on South street, but as we had not thought to take the number of the house, and as most of the houses look alike, our search brought no results. Then we decided that we had seen about all of New York that we cared to, went back to our hotel, and packed up, arriving at the conclusion that Kansas was about our limit."

With a sigh and a solemn "Good-by" to the ticket agent, the two Westerners picked up their grips and soon disappeared on the ferry boat.

DO YOU NEED A WATCH?

IF SO, SEE

THOS. A. PINTO,
2004 W. Superior St.

WEATHER MARKET

Wheat Is Controlled By Conditions In the Crop Sections.

Cables Are Lower and the Argentine Shipments Larger.

Wheat Exports Fairly Large For Week---Flax Stronger.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 18.—The wheat market started out weak here this morning, though strength was exhibited at Chicago owing to excited buying because of continued absence of rain in the Southwest. The cables were lower, and the Argentine shipments showed an increase, being 992,000 bus for the week against 744,000 bus last week. The market is almost entirely governed by the weather influences. Toward the close there was heavy selling that carried the market down considerably.

The Liverpool market closed ½d lower. Paris was unchanged to 5c higher, Antwerp unchanged and Berlin ¼c higher.

Primary receipt were 1,000 bus, last year 391,000 bus. Shipments 666,000 bus, last year 466,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 450,000 bus. Bradstreet reported exports of wheat and flour for the week of 4,118,000 bus, last week 5,342,000 bus, last year 3,305,000 bus. The total from July to date were 206,890,000 bus, against 167,004,000 bus a year ago.

Corn was weaker in the Chicago market selling off ¾c. Primary receipts of corn were 146,000 bus, last year 244,000 bus. Shipments 170,000 bus, last year 296,000 bus. Clearances were 40,000 bus. Bradstreet reported exports of 400,000 bus for the week as compared with 159,000 bus last week and 2,126,000 bus a year ago. The total from July 1 to date is 25,295,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 88 cars, and at Chicago, 38, a total of 126 cars, against 197 last week and 206 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was light and the market weaker, it opened unchanged at 74½c, sold at 74¼c at 10:45 at 74¾c at 11, rallied to 74¾c at 11:35, dropped to 73¾c at 1:12 and closed at that price, a decline of ¾c on Chicago fell 3¾c, and Minneapolis ⅝c.

Cash wheat sold at May price for No. 1 northern, 2½c under for No. 2 and 4½c under for No. 3. Sales were 10,000 bus.

Flax trading was light but the market was strong under the influence of an advance in the price of oil. The market sold late up to $1.78 and closed ½c up at $1.77½. Cash and to arrive seed also advanced 1½c. The September option was up 1c and October 1½c.

Corn fell ¾c, but oats advanced in spite of the decline in Chicago.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat: Cash—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 74¼c; No. 3 spring, 69¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; May, 75¾c; July, 74½c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern cash, 72¾c; May, 72¾c. No. 2 northern, 69¾c. Oats, 44½c. Rye, 55c. Flax—To arrive, $1.77; cash, $1.77; May, $1.77½; September, $1.78. October, $1.32½. Corn, nlc.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 10; last year, 22; oats, 1; flax, 4.

Receipts—Wheat, 7841; rye, 570; flax, 156. Shipments—Wheat, 215,486.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$ 0.74½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	73¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	73⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car	73
No. 3 spring, 1 car	70⅝
No 3 spring, 1 car	71

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Fear of Shorts Caused Excited Buying In Wheat.

Chicago, April 18.—Continued absence of rain sufficient to relieve the drouth conditions in the Southwest brought excited buying in wheat at the opening today. Cables were a little lower, but no attention was paid to them. Trade was heavy for a time and nearly every one in the pit wanted to buy stuff. Kansas was promised no rain today or tomorrow by the weather bureau; and this added to the fear of the shorts. Short sellers of the last few days in July options hurried to cover their lines and there was a good upturn in that delivery. May started ⅝c to ¾c higher at 74⅝@74¾c, but the demand fell off soon, and May slipped back for a moment to 74¼c. Later the price began to work upwards again and May sold at 74¾c. Local receipts were 38 cars, none of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 98 cars, making a total for the three points of 136 cars, against 197 last week and 300 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 992,000 bus for the week, against 744,000 bus the same week last year.

Weather conditions continued to govern the market throughout the session. Bullish reports came in but on light showers and predictions of more there was liberal selling. May declined and closed weak, ⅝@¾c lower, at 73⅞@¾c.

Corn opened strong but nervous. Cables were higher, the Southwest was bullish and bought liberally in this market, and fear of a damaged hay crop because of the dry weather reacted on corn. Receipts continue small, commission houses bought freely and yesterday's good cash demand was still apparent. May opened ⅛@¼c up at 62⅝@62¾c, shipped off on brisk local selling and rallied sharply to 62¾c. At that price trade quieted. Receipts were 66 cars.

Corn fluctuated unsteadily after wheat and sold as low as 61⅞c, closing weak, ⅜c lower, at 62c.

Oats had a big general trade at the opening and were strong. The weather means more to oats than to any other grain and drought damage fears filled the minds of the shorts. The sentiment was bullish and nervous, the strength in other grains aiding in the early upturn. July and September options were bought liberally by receiving and commission houses. May was still a question to the trade. May opened ½c up at 44c, eased to 43¾c and rallied to 43⅝c. Receipts were 126 cars.

Provisions were quiet. Opening prices were firmer on grains and a steady hog market. But offerings took some of the gimp out of the market. May pork opened 2½c up at $16.95 and sold off to $16.87½; May lard 2½@5c higher at $9.75@9.77½. There was little business in ribs. July opening 5s lower at $8.40.

Close: Wheat—May, 73¾@¾c; July, 74⅜@⅞c; September, 74@⅞c; December, 75⅜@¼c. Corn—April, 62c; May, 62c; July, 62¾@¾c; September, 61⅝@62c; December, 48½c. Oats—April, 42¾c; May, 43c; July, 35⅜c; July new, 31½c; September, 31½c; September new, 30½c; December, 30½c; December new, 30¼c. Pork—April, $16.90; May, $16.80; July, $17.09; September, $17.07½. Lard—April, $9.55; May, $9.75; July, $9.85; September, $9.85. Ribs—April, $9.20@9.22½; May, $9.20@9.22½; July, $9.37½@9.37½; September, $9.32½. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.80; Southwestern, $1.80; May, $1.80½; July, $1.78; September, $1.38. Rye—May, 55¾c; July, 56¼c. Barley—Cash, 63@68c. Timothy—April, $6.35. Clover—Cash, $7.90. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 68¾c; No. 3, 75@82½c; No. 2 hard winter, 76¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 75¼@76¼c; No. 1 northern spring, 75½@75¾c; No. 2 northern spring, 74¼@75¼c; No. 3 spring, 70@74½c. Corn—No. 3, 61@63½c. Oats—No. 2, 43¾@44c; No. 3 43¼@43½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 18.—Close: Wheat—May, 80c; July, 80¾c. Corn—May, 67½c; July, 67c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 18.—Close, wheat, cash, 74¼c; May, 72¾c; July, 74⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; No. 2 northern, 72¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	74¼B	73¾-⅝	74⅝@75	80¾
High	74⅛	73¾-⅝	75	80¾
Low	73¾	72¾	73⅜	78⅞-80
Close	73¾	72¾	73¾-⅞	80A
July—				
Open	75B	74⅞	75⅝-76	80⅞B
High	75	74⅞	76	80⅞-81
Low	74¼B	74	74⅜	80-⅛
Close	74¼B	74⅛	74⅝-⅞	80⅛A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	44	62⅝@62⅞	$16.95
High	44	62⅝	15.35
Low	43	61⅝-62	16.80
Close	43	62A	16.80A

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 18.—Wheat, spot, quiet. No. 1 northern spot, 6s 3d; No. 1 California, 6s 4d; futures, quiet; May 6s 4d; July, 6s 1½d. Corn, spot, steady; American mixed, new, 5s 9⅝d; American mixed, old, 5s 7d; futures, steady; May, 5s 8d; July, 5s; October, 5s. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 38,400 centals, including 38,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 200 centals. Weather, clear.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago.—There has been important buying of corn for several days in private advices of the poor prospect for hay. This latter is the important crop of the country, not appreciated, however, by the ordinary speculator. Those who know most about the situation say that the hay crop is made or unmade in April. All who have inquired say the outlook at present is for a very light crop. Those who have been influenced by this news to buy the coarse grains have taken the position that if shortage in hay crop which becomes available this summer would throw a new demand upon the very small reserves of coarse grains the oats and the corn.

• • •

Kansas City wires.—There are sensational reports this morning. In addition to dry weather they report high winds blowing and also some reports come in saying that bugs infest many fields and are likely to be a factor in showing damage to the already poor crop.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago.—Wheat—Dry weather was again the feature in the early trading and all the early advices were maintained. The Modern Miller said moisture is lacking over the largest part of the winter wheat territory. The only rain so far of consequence have been in the Southwest. The general condition of the crop is unfavorable. Speculative trading today was rather nervous with local operators on both sides. Around 75c for July there appeared to be a good demand for wheat. We still feel that in the absence of general rains wheat should be bought on the breaks.

• • •

Broomhall Cables.—The present visible supply of wheat in chief ports of Argentine is 1,004,000 bus, a week ago 1,238,000 bus, a year ago 3,497,000 bus. The Argentine wheat markets are practically unchanged from last week, the tone being steady with a moderate demand for export. Arrivals from the interior moderate, and the quality gives satisfaction. The tone of the corn market is steady with a moderate demand for export. Arrivals from the interior are small and satisfactory as regards condition.

• • •

Snows' crop report says: The winter rainfall was only 50 to 60 per cent of the normal in the winter wheat belt, and less than normal since March 1. There has been little growing weather and the wheat condition is problematical with some deteriorations in the past two weeks. The Kansas crop is 5 to 10 points lower than April 1. Showers are insufficient. Iowa and Nebraska have drouth injury to grain and grass and damaging to oats where they are late.

• • •

Rycroft, of Chicago—I have just seen a telegram from Oklahoma saying the prospects of the wheat crop have improved largely since the rains.

• • •

Chicago—Yesterday's charters were 415,000 bus of corn and 140,000 but of oats. A cargo of wheat at 1¼c was refused and the vessel went to Duluth for one at 2½c. It is said Duluth shippers could use a good deal of space if they could get the boats.

• • •

Modern Miller—Moisture is lacking over the largest part of the winter wheat territory. The only rains of consequence during the week have been in the Southwest.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—326 West Superior St.
Dealer in **A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
420 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel).
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Copper Stocks a Specialty!
Leased wires to New York and Boston.
F. M. Crouch, Manager. Both 'Phones.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls.
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

LAND SCRIP!
Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.
H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

Reports of damage and deterioration in the condition of the crop are increasing. The general condition is less favorable. The increased acreage should, however, offset the loss by damage up to the present time. Insect life has appeared but no damage indicated therefrom as yet. There is little winter wheat moving.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 72⅝-¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 73⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 73c asked.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 607 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, April 18.—While there was a fairly large trade in wheat, still it was mostly all of a professional character, and there was very little outside interest in it. The market ruled nervous but the undertone was generally heavy, and shortly before the end of the session prices sharply broke on reported rains and prospects of general breaking up in the drouth. The market closed ⅞c to ¾c lower than last night. Foreign markets did not respond to our firm close of yesterday. Liverpool reported their market as quiet, ¼d lower for the day. Continental markets were also lower. Cash demand here was very quiet and the seaboard reported no demand for export, as the foreigners are not willing to follow any advance made on this side as long as their crop prospects continue so favorable. The course of the market depends a great deal on the weather. If we have good general rains prices undoubtedly will go very much lower, but if the rains are only in the shape of showers and insufficient, prices will go up again, although we think there is plenty of time for rain up to May 1. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 40 cars.

The corn market after opening firm in sympathy with wheat, later declined on liquidation by longs and in absence of outside speculation. There were also some reports of increased country offerings. The market closed with May 8c, July and September, ⅝c lower than last night. Foreign markets were steady; Liverpool closed ¾d higher for the day in sympathy with our advance of yesterday. Trade was fairly large all day, but the market acts tired and if we have good general rains we think prices will go lower. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 145 cars.

Provisions opened steady on hogs and lighter receipts, but soon gave way to weakness on selling by brokers, the close was weak for everything. The pork seems entirely unprotected and there was heavy selling today by good men in the trade. Lard was comparatively firm on account of the strength in hogs, were without the usual support and there was some selling by holders to realize profits. The market is supposed to be controlled by pork and bulls on this line is having trade away. Nothing legitimate seems to have any influence. We do not believe prices in any way legitimate, but concede the power in the market to run things for a while. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 16,000 hogs.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market. Jobbing dealers are under to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	31	@	32
Creamery, tubs	31		
Dairies, fancy	27	@	28
Packing stock	22		
EGGS.			
Fresh	17		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	13		
Twins, full cream, old	10	@	11
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	16		
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Limberger, full cream, choice	13½		
Primos	13		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	12	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	1		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00	@	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	60
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	13		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50	@	8 00
Apples, per bbl	3 75	@	5 50
Apples, per box	1 50	@	1 90
Apples, N.Y. varieties	5 50	@	6 50
California figs, per box	90	@	1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	4 00		
California lemons	2 25	@	3 50
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@	4 00
Dates, Fard, per box	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	1 25		
Navel oranges	3 50	@	3 75
Cranberries, bus boxes	2 50	@	2 60
Strawberries, Florida, qts	45		
Strawberries, Louisiana, pts per case	2 25	@	2 40
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	45		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 50		
Beets, per bbl	1 40		
Carrots, per 100	1 35		
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60	@	1 75
Potatoes, per bus	60		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65	@	2 75
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Spanish onions, per crate	2 00		
Turnips, per 100	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@	65
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
California celery, per bunch	20		
Lettuce	1 00		
Green onions, per doz	25		
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 25		
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Mint, per bunch	30		
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	65	@	75
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50	@	60
Parsley, per doz	30		
Pie plant, per pound	6		
New beets, doz bunches	85		
New carrots, doz bunches	85		
Shallots, doz bunches	65		
Water cress, doz bunches	85		
Spinach, per doz	1 00		
Asparagus, doz bunches	1 50		
New potatoes	2 75	@	3 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50		
Fruit juices	4 00		
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3½	@	4
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens	12	@	12½
Spring chickens	13		
Geese	10		
Turkeys	14	@	15
Ducks	10		
MEATS.			
Mutton	10		
Lamb	13		
Veal, good	8		
Veal, fancy	8½		
Dressed beef	8½	@	10
Hogs	9		
Pork loins	13		
Lard	10½		
Lard, compound	8½		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 18.—Butter—Receipts, 4238 packages, market firm; state dairy, 27@32c; state creamery, 28@33c; renovated, 24@30c; factory, 24@26c; imitation, 24@30c; factory, 24@29c; imitation creamery, 26@30c. Cheese—Receipts, 1249 packages; market, firm; state full cream, small early made, fancy colored and white, 13@13¼c; do large, 12@¼c. Eggs—Receipts, 10,104 packages; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 17½c; Western at mark, 17@¾c; Southern at mark, 16@¼c.

The total sales were 1,531,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgely to W. H. Laidley & Co.—A very good judge tells me that the stock market is going higher. This is rather a high level from which to start a bull movement, and it is best to be a little cautious except in instances where stocks are going below their value. Baltimore & Ohio, St. Paul and Canadian Pacific are bound to go much higher. I think the bull side is the best, buying only on weak spots, however. A great many stocks have been standing still. These ought to come to the front. The purchase of stocks on any reaction seems safe.

• • •

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—Speculative views are favorable and the consensus of opinion tonight is that notwithstanding heavy profit taking, the tendency of prices for some time to come will be upward. The biggest capitalists in Chicago and Pittsburg seem to be allied on the long side with the most powerful banking interests in New York. Commercial business shows a further increase and money rates a further decline; call loans being made today at 4 per cent as against 5½ and 6 per cent on the opening of the week. In fact, there is a general marking down of loans, a feature which is believed to be indicative of rising bank reserves. But apart from the above encouraging condition, the greatest importance is attached to the sudden change in tone of the market for United States Steel shares. There is little doubt that this foreshadows the early announcement and success of the plan of conversion of the preferred stock into 5 per cent bonds. Bulls in Atchison say it has only begun to move up, that the Berwyn interest is confident of the crop outcome and regard a banner corn crop as a ten to one chance. They predict that the stock will continue a leader and Atchison preferred will cross 100. In Reading the feature of trading is further heavy buying by the West. It is said that this absorption is for keeps and that the biggest holders of Reading common expect to see is quoted this year higher than the preferred. Other stocks which are finding increasing favor with the public are Baltimore & Ohio, Wabash stocks, Texas Pacific, C. & O. and Norfolk.

• • •

Wortley to B. E. Baker—The movement in St. Paul and Union Pacific is attributed to the Harris-Gates clique and the public is following their lead.

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Buying Orders on An Enormous Scale at the Opening.

Market Became Spotty and Closing Was Irregular.

Violent Advances In Specialties But Railroads Barely Steady.

New York, April 18.—Buying orders on an enormous scale were executed all through the list at the opening. The opening quotations were wide in a number of cases on running sales of several thousand shares. There were 30,000 shares of Reading sold at 62 to 63 compared with 61½ last night and 7000 shares of Colorado Fuel, at 109½ to 105¾, compared with 105¾ last night. First sales of American Locomotive were of 7000 shares at an extreme advance of a point, the preferred also rising 1⅝ and of Atchison 6300 shares at an advance of a point and of 6000 shares of United States Steel. There were sales of 1000 to over 4000 shares of other stocks and gains of from 1 to 2 points were made by Louisville & Nashville, Denver & Rio Grande, Illinois Central, New York Air Brake and Louisville & Nashville down from 1 to 2¾. Few favorites included Brooklyn Transit, Manhattan, Erie second preferred, Canadian Pacifics, Rock Island, Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Tennessee Coal, Hocking Valley, New Jersey Central, Western Union, People's Gas and Wisconsin Central which advanced from 1 to 3¾. Union Pacific common sold ex-rights at 100 to 100⅞ and reacted below 100. The rights brought 4⅜. Fort Worth & Denver City Stamped rose 3½. Amalgamated Copper was weak and fell to 63¾. The market at 11 o'clock was very feverish and inclined to sag. The pressure against special stocks relaxed and the market hardened when the Southwestern group was advanced. Kansas & Texas preferred rose 2 points. All of the soft coals ruled lower, led by Hocking Valley, which advanced 2¾. Many notable gains were made by the specialties, North American rising 5¾, American Snuff 4¼ and the preferred 2¾. Toward noon large blocks of United States Steel, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific were bought, the last named reaching 68¾. C. C. C. & St. L. rose 4¾ from the best. The coolers and Colorado Fuel were reactionary and affected the market generally. Bonds were steady at noon.

There was a rise of 2¾ in St. Paul, during the noon hour, but very little effort was produced elsewhere. There were advances of 7⅜ in Snuff, 3¼ in Nashville, Chicago & St. Louis, 2⅜ in New York Air Brake and over a point in Colorado Southern. St. Paul fell off 1¼ on realizing, but there was a rapid advance in Union Pacific. This stock touched 103 with blocks of from 1000 to 5000 shares changing hands frequently. Other leading railroads did not move to any extent, but there were some wide fluctuations in the specialties. Western Union rose, 1⅝.

There were violent advances in the specialties, but railroad stocks were quiet and barely steady. International Power rose an extreme 10¾, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville rallied 4. Illinois Central recovered 1⅜, and Rubber Goods, Canadian Pacific and Linseed pfd gained 2 to 3. Colorado Fuel fell a fraction below last night. Sugar over a point, and General Electric, 1⅜, and Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, 10 points. Colorado Fuel rallied over a point, but the closing was irregular and active.

Stock quotations reported fo: The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	64⅞	63⅜	64¾
Anaconda M. Co.	111	110¼	111
Atchison, T. & S. F.	84½	83⅝	83⅝
do pfd	100⅝	99¾	100⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	110	109¼	109¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67	65¾	66¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	49¼	47⅝	48¼
Chicago & Alton	37⅝	37⅛	37¼
Col. F. & I.	109½	107	109
Chi. Great Western com.	29¼	28⅝	29
Erie com	39¾	39	39¼
do 1st pfd	70¼	69¾	69⅞
do 2nd pfd	56	55¼	55¼
Great Northern pfd	183½	180½	183½
Louisville & Nashville	129½	126⅝	128
Leather	13½	13	13
do pfd	85	84¼	84¼
Manhattan Con.	134⅝	134	134½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	61¼	60	61¼
do pfd	120	120	120
Missouri Pacific	102¾	101⅛	102
New York Central	156⅝	155	156
Norfolk & Western	58⅞	58¼	58⅝
do pfd	90¾	90¾	90¾
Ontario & Western	34⅛	34⅛	34¼
Pennsylvania	151⅝	151	151¾
Pacific Mail	43¾	43¼	43½
People's Gas	106	102⅞	104
Republic Iron and Steel	18	17½	18
do pfd	74	73½	74
Reading	63	61⅞	62¾
do 1st pfd	84	84	84
do 2nd pfd	71½	70¾	70⅞
Rock Island	175	174	174
Southern Ry	37⅝	37	37¼
do pfd	96½	95¾	95⅞
Southern Pacific	68⅝	67⅛	69
Smelter	47	46½	46⅞
do pfd	97	97	97
Sugar Refinery	133	131⅝	132
St. Paul	173⅜	170⅝	172
T. C. & I.	73⅞	73	73¼
Texas Pacific	44¼	43½	43⅝
Union Pacific	105	103¼	104⅞
do pfd	88¼	87⅞	88⅜
U. S. Steel	42½	42⅜	42⅝
do pfd	93⅛	92⅜	92⅝
Wabash	25¼	24⅞	25
do pfd	44⅞	44¼	44⅝
Western Union	94¼	93	94⅛
Wisconsin Central	27½	26⅝	26¾
do pfd	49¼	48½	48⅝
American Ice	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞
Metropolitan	154⅜	154	154⅜

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22	22½
Arcadian	8	8⅛
Allouez	3¾	4
Arnold	50	100
Atlantic	28	30
Anaconda	27½	30
Amalgamated	64½	65
Calumet & Hecla	580	590
Centennial	19	19½
Franklin	12	12⅝
Isle Royale	.....	14
Bingham	38¾	39½
Mass	18½	19
Mayflower	2⅞	3⅛
National	1½	2
Mohegan	35	35½
Old Colony	3¼	4
Old Dominion	21⅝	.....
Osceola	61½	63
Parrot	26½	28
Phoenix	3½	4
Quincy	122	125
Rhode Island	2¼	2¾
Tennessee Copper	11	12
Santa Fe	2⅞	3
Tamarack	175	180
Tecumseh	1½	2
Tri-Mountain	98	101
Utah	22½	23¾
Victoria	5¼	5¾
Winona	1¼	1½
Wolverine	53	54¼
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Elm River	3	3¼
Trinity	13	13¾
Dominion Coal	140½	143½
U. S. Mining	21½	21¾
Copper Range Con.	59⅛	60
Calumet & Arizona	50	.....

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The coppers have had a waiting day, traders being disposed to wait and see what Amalgamated is going to do. On the whole, however, the buying has been better than the selling and prices have held firm. The feature of the market was the 5-point rise in Bingham. The firmness of Amalgamated is unquestionably due to purchases for interior account, the very indication favors a big market in coppers next week.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 18.—Cotton opened steady with prices 3 to 7 points higher in response to cables and the strength of Liverpool. After the call the whole list advanced rapidly on general buying led by shorts. Nearly all news favored a strong market, the cheering nature of South African advices reassured the trade in Liverpool and here. All the forenoon trading was active.

Spot cotton closed dull, 1-16c higher; middling uplands, 9 1-16c; middling gulf, 9 11-16c; sales, none. Cotton futures closed: April, 9.21; May, 9.21; June, 9.23; July, 9.16; August, 8.94; September, 8.42; October, 8.16; November, 8.06; December, 8.04; January, 8.05.

TREASURY BALANCED.

Washington, April 18.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $177,976,514. Gold, $92,062,609. Silver, $15,547,729. U. S. notes, $8,257,349. Treasury notes of 1890, $183,501. National bank notes, $9,259,936. Total receipts this day, $2,255,577. Total receipts this month, $23,360,215. Total receipts this year, $447,236,610. Total expenditures this day, $1,935,000. Total expenditures this month, $25,675,000. Total expenditures this year, $383,519,901. Deposits in national banks, $120,065,632.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 18.—Close, money on call steady at 4@5 per cent; closing bid and asked 4¢4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5¼ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼@4.87⅝ for demand and at $4.85¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4.87; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85. Bar silver, 52¾c. Mexican dollars, 42¾c. Government bonds, irregular; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 18.—Cattle receipts, 1500, steady; good to prime steers, $6.75@7.25; poor to medium, $4.65@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@6.25; cows, $1.50@6.75; heifers, $2.50@6.25; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2.50@6.50; calves, $2.00@5.50; Texas fed steers, $5.25@6.30. Hogs receipts today, 18,000 tomorrow, 12,000; left over, 9352; steady to strong; mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.30; good to choice heavy, $7.25@7.40; rough heavy, $6.90@7.15; light, $6.75@7.00; bulk of sales, $6.95@7.20. Sheep receipts, 4000; sheep, steady; lambs, strong, 10c higher; good to choice wethers, $5.25@6.00; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.40; Western sheep, $4.25@6.00; native lambs, $4.75@6.85; Western lambs, $5.60@6.90. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 3686; hogs, 22,621; sheep, 8525. Shipments—Cattle, 3696; hogs, 7274; sheep, 2313.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the market favorable with the supply of available horses of all classes. Heavy team horses and delivery horses seemed to be in the leading demand today. Local consumers were buying heavily, which brought prices up a little over the prevailing values of the opening of the week. Values: Drafters, extra ..... $160@225
Drafters, choice ..... 140@160
Drafters, common to good ..... 125@140
Farm mares, extra ..... 125@150
Farm mares, choice ..... 100@125
Farm mares, common to good ..... 50@100
Plugs ..... 50@ 80

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 18.—Butter, steady; creamery, 25@29c; dairies, 25@28c. Cheese, unchanged; twins, 12c; daisies, 12¾c; young Americas, 13c. Eggs, firm, at mark, cases included, 15¼@15c.

BOYS ARE SCHEMERS.

Stratford-on-Avon is full of children playing on the streets in an apparently aimless manner, but as soon as an American tourist appears the boys gather around him and begin a recitation in chorus of wistful singsong, save the New York Tribune. They start in with a little valuable information about the life of Shakespeare, the dates of his birth and death are given, and half a dozen judiciously-selected dramas are named as best representatives of his work.

The performance closes with a rendition of the famous quatrain over the grave—"Cursed Be He"—delivered in a tired voice. The mass play is perfect: not an infant gets out of time. When they have finished they continue standing in a ring, mute and pleading, and the appeal of their eyes will haunt the visitor unless he gives a penny right around the circle. During all the time of one's stay in Stratford a group will instantly form whenever the tourist shows himself. Every boy in the village is equipped with the minatory rhyme and the biographical facts.

FLAT CAR WHEELS MUST GO.

At a meeting of the New York board of health a resolution was passed calling on the Metropolitan Street Railway company to remove flat wheels from its cars, as the result of numerous complaints received by Commissioner Lederle from residents, who allege that the noise made by the flat wheels is nerve wrecking, that dishes have been thrown from shelves, and in many cases chandeliers shaken. President Vreeland has told the board that in the month of December 462 flat wheels were removed, and in the first two weeks of January 154.

MARINE NEWS.

Still Waiting to Hear From Tug Firemen's Committee.

People connected with the vessel towing business at the head of the lakes, except the tug owners, who are temporarily reaping a harvest, put in another twenty-four hours of suspense yesterday and today, waiting for news from Cleveland of the action of the grievance committee on the firemen's strike at Duluth. Capt. Hill, assistant manager of the tug trust, is there, having been called home by the company to assist in the negotiations. H. G. Inman, local manager of the company, is in charge of the local business, but he is not taxed with work, as there is no local business. Even the clock in the tug office has st

ORDER EARLY...

Don't fail to place your Flower and Plant orders early at **EISCHEN BROS.'** and avoid the rush. We will have a full line of

BEDDING PLANTS FOR LAWNS, WINDOW BOXES, ETC.,

When Spring weather opens and will be prepared to artistically plant same to please all. Drop in and see our new Novelty Bedding Plants just out. Also full line of the latest seeds. Our Sweet Pea seed in bulk cannot be beat. Liberal discounts on all large orders. Out of town patronage solicited. **A large display of Cut Flowers Saturday.**

Eischen Bros.

129 West Superior Street. Both 'Phones.

The **KENMORE**

RATHER difficult to put more style into a suit than is found in K. N. & F. sacks. This is a good example. K. N. & F. *always* stands for quality.

One hardly looks for more than this in any suit. If you like them ask for clothes with this label—

K. N. & F. Co.

Kuh, Nathan & Fischer Co., Chicago.

K N AND F

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 735, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

STUDIES IN THE BOOK OF ACTS

PETER AND CORNELIUS.

International Sunday School Lesson For April 20th, 1902.

Acts 10:34-48. "And Peter opened his mouth, and said, Of a truth I perceive that God is no respecter of persons, but in every nation he that feareth Him, and worketh righteousness, is acceptable to Him. The word which He sent unto the children of Israel, preaching good tidings of peace by Jesus Christ (He is the Lord of all) that saying ye yourselves know, which was published throughout all Judea, beginning from Galilee, after the baptism which John preached; even Jesus of Nazareth, how that God anointed him with the Holy Ghost and with power; who went about doing good, and healing all that were oppressed of the devil; for God was with him. And we are witnesses of all things which He did both in the country of the Jews, and in Jerusalem; whom also they slew, hanging Him on a tree. Him God raised up the third day, and gave him to be made manifest, not to all the people, but unto witnesses that were chosen before of God, even to us, who did eat and drink with him after He rose from the dead. And He charged us to preach unto the people, and to testify that this is He which is ordained of God to be the judge of quick and dead. To Him bear all the prophets witness, that through His name every one that believeth in Him shall receive remission of sins.

While Peter yet spake these words, the Holy Ghost fell on all them who heard the word. And they of the circumcision which believed were amazed, as many as came with Peter, because that in the Gentiles also was poured out the gift of the Holy Ghost. For they heard them speak with tongues, and magnify God. Then answered Peter, Can any man forbid the water, that these should not be baptized, which have received the Holy Ghost as well as we? And he commanded them to be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ. Then prayed they Him to tarry certain days."

Golden text: God is no respecter of persons." Acts 10:34.

REVERENCE AND RIGHTEOUSNESS.

God does not judge men by their external appearance or by their environment. He sees what a man is and accords him a place among moral beings according to his true character. James indicates clearly that for one person to treat another disrespectfully merely on account of some incident of life constitutes a sin, but to love one's neighbor is to obey the royal law of love, and leads to fellowship and brotherhood of the most sincere sort.

Reverence and right doing commend a man to God regardless of that man's race, creed or creedal training. There is no respect of persons with God. This idea is repeated numbers of times in the Bible. "God will render to every man according to his works." Even that by patience in well doing seek for glory and honor and incorruption, eternal life; but unto them that are factious, and obey not the truth, but unrighteousness, shall be wrath and indignation, tribulation and anguish, upon every soul that worketh evil."

There was a centurion whom Jesus met in Capernaum and commended with the words, "I have not found so great faith, no not in Israel." In like manner the devoutness of Cornelius is commended. He is called "A devout man, and one that feared God with all his house, who gave much alms to the people and prayed to God always." In studying the New Testament one must not forget that in and around Palestine there were a large number of persons who had felt the spiritualizing influence of the religion of the Jews. Some of these persons had become proselytes to Judaism. Others of them had gone no farther than the acceptance of the spirit of the worship of Jehovah, without having observed the formal rites of that cult. This influence of Judaism was a very beneficent one and marks one of the most important phases of the preparation for the coming of Christ. For there were many persons outside of the Jewish religion who had come to believe in the one God of the Jews, and were thus in readiness to accept and appreciate the truth about the Son of God in the person of Jesus of Nazareth.

There have been some teachers of the Christian truth who have seemed to teach that a natural morality is not a desirable quality in a person before he becomes a Christian, almost if not quite saying that actual wickedness renders it easier for a person to present himself humbly before God as a suppliant for his gracious favor. In fact, some teachers have gone so far as to hold that there can be no righteousness acceptable to God that a person not a Christian obtains through his own moral efforts. But such ideas are far astray from the significance of such a passage as this one which indicates that God looks upon the moral efforts of his creatures with the utmost concern and rewards their feeblest struggles toward the light of divine light. Of course, it would do injustice to the passage of Scripture before us did we not observe that it teaches us that the best that man by himself accomplishes in his upward struggles is but an humble beginning when he stands in the open door of faith before the possibilities of the Christian life. This is a truth which the best men who enter the fold of Christ are accustomed to acknowledge, with gratitude to the Savior who gives them the larger blessing.

THE FRIEND OF HUMANITY.

When Peter stood before Cornelius, he appealed to that human's knowledge of Jesus and the gospel. The gospel tells us specifically that the fame of Jesus was spread throughout all Syria, so that from every region they brought to him the afflicted for his blessing. In another instance it is said of him that he went into Tyre, and desired to keep the fact of his presence from the people, but he could not do so: among others who came to him on that occasion was the Syro-Phoenician woman who wished her daughter healed. It is not, then, surprising that Peter assumed that Cornelius knew much about Jesus. In fact, Philip had preached the gospel in Caesarea, and it is not unlikely that Cornelius had heard him.

Jesus did many wonderful things; but he was much more than a wonder-worker. He was the friend of humanity. If a man needed his help, Jesus wanted no further introduction to him. Persons who were possessed with evil spirits, or had grievous diseases, or were oppressed with sorrows, found in him a mighty helper. He gave his power freely to all who sought it righteously, and rejoiced that his father had endowed him with such ability to be of service to his fellowmen. He taught that the very things which he did for the benefit of the people indicated that the long-looked-for day of Israel's blessing had at last come. He said, "If I by the Spirit of God cast out devils, then is the kingdom of God come unto you." The one word, Immanuel, tells the tale of his unique power. He himself said, "Believest thou not that I am in the Father and the Father in me? The words that I say unto you I speak not from myself: but the Father abiding in me doeth his works."

The world has produced many persons who have been friends of humanity. We usually call them philanthropists. With their limited abilities they serve their day well, giving money and time for the alleviation of the ills of their fellow men. There are some persons of very ordinary financial resources and of the commonest native abilities who, out of the kindness of their hearts, minister to the needs of their fellows in such a way as to cause them to be accounted friends of humanity. But Jesus combined all the resources of heaven with the sweetest humility of earth, and poured out to man in unstinted measure the richest tokens of friendship man ever received.

The finest thing about the friendship of Jesus is that his helpfulness was not limited to the day in which he lived among men, but he so imbued others with his fine fervor of brotherly kindness that this characteristic has been passed on down to the church and to the world as a permanent legacy from him. Today the sufferers and the lonely in the world find a refuge in the helpful friendship of those who learned their brotherliness from the man of Galilee. No more beautiful tribute an be paid to any man than to apply to him the words Peter used about Jesus, "He went about doing good." This story of the works which Jesus did constituted an important part of the gospel message which Peter preached to Cornelius.

The message which Jesus had preached was one of peace. Zacharias had prophecied of him that "the day-spring from on high shall visit us * * to guide our feet into the way of peace." The angels' song said at the birth of the child of Mary, "On earth peace among men in whom he is well pleased." Jesus said to his disciples at the end of his ministry, "Peace I leave with you; my peace I give unto you." Jesus' great invitation said, "Come unto me * * * and I will give you rest." This gospel of peace is not of an outward or political peace, but of that quiet and sure confidence of spirit that enables one to have a calm in his soul, no difference how turbulent the waters of life may be on the outside. It includes the forgiveness of sins and the approval of a good conscience void of offense toward God and man. It rises in its consummation to the joy of obedient and dutiful children of the Father in heaven. This is the gospel that is to be preached to all men, regardless of race, nationality or other accidental conditions of life.

"A LITTLE GOSPEL."

Peter and his companion apostles were appointed witnesses of the facts of the life of Christ. They had heard him teach, and they were required to remember what he said to them. Jesus himself promised them the Holy Spirit to quicken their memories and to show them the meaning of the things they had remembered. These teachings were seconded by the wonders Jesus wrought and the interest He manifested in the present welfare of mankind. There were many witnesses of His death; but certain men were especially chosen to be witnesses of His resurrection. In His resurrection body Jesus appeared "not to all the people," but to such groups as the two disciples at the sea of Galilee, and to the five hundred brethren. These became commissioned witnesses of the essential gospel facts.

But the apostles and evangelists were much more than mere formal witnesses; they were ardent preachers of faith in Jesus as the Messiah and as a personal Savior. They were brought forth from the Hebrew Scriptures the testimony of the prophets and preached that through faith in Him remission of sins might be obtained. Peter laid especial stress on this part of his message to Cornelius. But Christ is our Judge as truly as he is our Savior; and men must answer before His bar, whether they live or die. He Himself once said that this is the judgment, that light is come into the world and men loved darkness rather than light. He taught, again, that the words of truth which he spoke formed a judgment upon His hearers, for they passed judgment upon themselves by either accepting or rejecting the truth he spoke to them. But in this passage Peter also referred to the general judgment, for he spoke of the judgment of the dead. The preaching of the judgment has largely dropped out of the message delivered by the modern pulpit; but it was clearly an important part of what the early preachers of the gospel emphasized in their call to repentance and faith. The idea that God loves all men should not be permitted to hide the other thought that He hates sin and all wickedness and sends forth His terrible judgments against the evildoers.

Peter's words were abundantly blessed that day, for, as he preached, the Holy Ghost fell upon those who heard him, and the Jewish brethren who had accompanied him from Joppa were amazed to witness the gift of the Holy Spirit unto the Gentiles. Then Peter broke still farther away from his old prejudices, and directed that Cornelius and those with him should be baptized. He did not want to keep them for an instant from the enjoyment of any outward religious privileges, seeing that God had blessed them with the choicest of his favors in the gift of the Spirit. It is a mark of close spiritual contact with Jesus for one to be able to respond as quickly as did Peter to the leadership of spiritual events in the kingdom of God.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

Settlers' Rates to the West

Daily during March and April the Northern Pacific railway will sell one way tickets to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon as follows: Helena and Butte, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and all points on the Southern Pacific south of Portland to and including Ashland, Oregon, $25. On certain days in March and April low rates will also be made to Minnesota and Dakota points. For tickets and full information sall at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

AIRSHIP CONTESTS

Santos-Dumont Will Have Strong Competition at St. Louis Fair.

American Aeronauts Who Have Solved the Problem.

Alanson Wood Regarded as the Most Formidable Contestant.

St. Louis, April 18.—Santos Dumont, the "wizard of the air," who is now en route to St. Louis to confer with World's fair officials on the subject of the airship races to take place during the progress of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, may find warmer competition among the American aeronauts than he anticipates at this time. Many American inventors, with plenty of money to back them up, are laying plans to dispute the Brazilian's title to being the "all of it" when it comes to navigation in the clouds. The dirigible airship is M. Santos-Dumont's special hobby, and his sail around the Eiffel tower and the later successful flights over Monaco bay, have no doubt created a general impression that he will probably have an easy time of it walking off with the $200,000 prize offered by the Louisiana Purchase exposition for this sort of flying machine. That impression is an erroneous one. There are others, and there are Americans among them. When the airship races at the World's fair are over, M. Santos-Dumont and those who expect to see him an easy winner may find themselves on the wrong side of the guessing contest. They may have another guess coming. It certainly looks that way at this distance.

* * *

Probably the most formidable contestant Santos-Dumont will have for the big prize will be Alanson Wood, the Toledo, Ohio, inventor, who, with his partner, made a fortune in twelve short months from his invention—the roller coaster. Mr. Wood is now completing the detail work on an airship, with which he will compete for the prize at the St. Louis World's fair for the best dirigible airship. Mr. Wood has been steadily at work for months past and his plans have reached a stage where there is, according to his own statement, no further doubt as to his final success from outside parties. The trial tests, of which he speaks with confidence, will be made in Toledo. One idea included in Mr. Wood's airship, he says, has been completely overlooked by all other inventors, and it was purely through accident that he happened across this strange and exceedingly important idea. It is the one thing necessary to the successful operation of an airship, and without having it embodied in their models inventors can never hope to succeed. It does away with all thought of the lifting capacity of the airship, and through it Mr. Wood can lift 25,000 pounds with the locomotive force he intends to employ on his ship. Practical tests given his apparatus have demonstrated to the inventor that his machine will be a success. He can see nothing now but the big prize at St. Louis and the wealth which will follow the solution of a problem that has vexed men for ages past.

* * *

Leo Stevens is the name of another airship builder who has a flying machine within sixty days of completion. He has his workshop on the second floor of 291 Eighth avenue, New York city, and says he will contest for the big prize at St. Louis. His machine, he thinks, is an improvement on the Santos-Dumont machine. He expects to make his first trip through the air over the tops of New York's sky scrapers.

"I had hoped to have Santos-Dumont one of the first to see my machine," said Mr. Stevens in conversation with a reporter a few days ago. Then he explained briefly the plan upon which his airship is constructed. The frame-work is made of steel pipe manufactured especially for it. The gasoline engine is also put in place in the frame. The entire weight of the frame-work will be only 108 pounds, although it is about 85 feet long by 15 feet high. The engine will be seven and a half horse power. It will be propelled by wings very much the same as the Santos-Dumont machine, but, as Mr. Stevens explained, he has been watching Dumont's work closely and has taken advantage of every weak spot that was revealed in Dumont's work.

In Stevens' machine, to begin with, there will be two gas "envelopes," or balloons, instead of one, a smaller one being built within the large one. In this way he will prevent his main balloon from becoming flabby and unwieldy, when the gas escapes, by forcing air into the cylinder and by its expansion force the remaining gas in the big cylinder into smaller compass, thereby keeping the main balloon full and shapely.

He also has added a water ballast attachment, constructed on a sliding track, so that he can move it back and forth at will and keep the equilibrium of the machine perfect. But what he considers his greatest improvement over Dumont's machine is the addition of two automatic wings attached to the balloon, which will fold up when the balloon shoots upward and open as it descends, acting on the parachute principle and thereby preventing him from coming down to the earth too rapidly as has been the experience with Dumont. The balloon will be above the steel frame the same as in Dumont's machine, but the frame-work will be much better supported and the machine in every way will be under better control of the navigator.

* * *

Alvin W. Van Dorston, of South Bend, Ind., a skilled mechanic and pattern maker, has a patent pending for a flying machine with which he hopes to carry off the World's fair prize. Dorston's flying ship is to be operated by gasoline. The body of the vessel is 100 feet long by 37 feet beam in the widest place. The total weight of the machine will be 1600 pounds. The lifting surface is 2500 feet. Included in this lifting surface are ninety-six lifting wheels, forty-eight on each side. "The essential principles necessary to successful aerial navigation are aeroplane force, buoyancy and lifting wheels," he says in explanation. "If a successful airship cannot be produced by the use of these principles, there will be but little use to attempt aerial navigation along other lines."

* * *

Inventor Gustave Whitehead, of Bridgeport, Conn., is also working on a dirigible airship with the intention of meeting Santos-Dumont in the balloon race at the World's fair. Whitehead recently conducted a series of trial tests with his machine at Charles Island, Milford. He is elated over the success of the trials. He asserts that he made a complete circuit in the air, covering an area of about a quarter of a mile, returning to within fifty feet of the starting point, when the machine descended and dropped lightly to the sandy shore.

* * *

Hermann Ganswidt, a noted Berlin inventor, is coming all the way from Germany to race with his airship in the aerial contests at the Louisiana Purchase exposition. For ten years Ganswindt has been experimenting and has finally produced an airship which flies successfully by means of a motor and without the use of a balloon. Ganswindt has repeatedly demonstrated the practicability of his invention before the chief of the general staff of the German army. Several officers of the airship division of the German war department have expressed themselves most enthusiastically about Ganswindt's invention and consider the same both practical and feasible.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT Is a SURE CURE for **Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles.** It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, gives instant relief. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities, **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

Thousands of sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 60 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for pamphlet circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

SHEEDY

Barred From Hot Springs Games, After Losing Big Rolls.

New York, April 18.—Pat Sheedy has reappeared on Broadway after a season at Charleston, a peep at St. Louis and a summer at Hot Sphings. "Wherever I go I get new experiences," said Mr. Sheedy. "At Hot Springs I was barred because I lost. Few men get it that way. After a few days at the Springs I thought I'd make a play. I bought $500 worth of checks in a club house and lost it. Next day when I went in, the proprietor said: 'Mr. Sheedy, I'm an old man and I have to sleep nights. I'd rather you wouldn't play at my house.'

"So I went to another club and dropped another $500 bundle. When I was going out I said to Al Smith: 'I'll bet they'll hand me a piece of ice here tomorrow. I made the mistake of losing.' Sure enough, next day I was approached by a diamond-bearing gentleman, who assured himself of my identity, and then told me the house could get along without my custom at the faro bank.

"'May I play the wheel?' I asked. 'Yes, I gues you can play there, if you like,' said he.

"'But I'm not old enough nor strong enough for the wheel, you know.'

"'Two more clubs I visited, and in each made a losing, then was barred. Al Smith said: 'Well, if they bar you for losing they must be cheating me.'

Mr. Sheedy said there was lots of gambling at the Springs. "All hawks, no chickens," is the way he described the patrons.

A DOCTOR'S SAD PLIGHT.

"Two years ago, as a result of a severe cold, I lost my voice," writes Dr. M. L. Scarbrough, of Hebron, Ohio, "then began an obstinate cough. Every remedy known to me as a practicing physician for 35 years failed, and I daily grew worse. Being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, I found quick relief and for ten days have felt better than for two years." Positively guaranteed for Throat and Lung troubles by W. A. Abbett; 50c and $1.00 Trial bottles free.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

NEW MACHINE

Said to Be Superior to the Mergenthaler.

Berlin, April 18.—Schuckert & Co., German electrical manufacturers, are shipping to the nUited States for exhibition a typesetting machine called the "electro-typograph," which is declared to be as much superior to the Mergenthaler as that machine is to hand typesetting.

The machine is the invention of a Hungarian engineer named Rozar. From a perforated paper ribbon produced on an ordinary typewriter the electro-typograph automatically casts and sets single type. The ribbon is capable of transmission by telegraph. It is said that the superiorities of the new machine over the linotype include ability to correct individual letters without recasting whole lines, the capacity to create the ribbon on an ordinary typewriter, proofs before casting, setting and justifying the lines by touching a key. The speed of the machine is about equal to that of the linotype.

IN A FRUIT JAR

Plaintiff In Divorce Suit Found Love Letters.

Marysville, Ohio, April 18.—Mrs. Daisy Parish, who is the plaintiff in a sensational divorce case now pending here, made a rather peculiar find. While at the barn she claims she found hidden under a manger a self-sealing glass fruit jar full of love letters written by the co-respondent in the case, Miss Etta Langstaff, to her husband, John J. Parish, a school teacher. Miss Langstaff was his pupil.

Parish is now serving a sentence in the Columbus workhouse for assaulting Miss Langstaff's father, J. K. Langstaff, a school director, who took Parish to task for paying attention to his daughter. The letters which Parish wrote to Miss Langstaff are now in the hands of Judge Dow of the common pleas court.

We sat at the table together,
She cast a shy glance over at me,
She certainly looked like an angel
Oh, Charley! Please order me Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

Rheumatism

The liniment bottle and flannel strip are familiar objects in nearly every household. They are the weapons that have been used for generations to fight old Rheumatism, and are about as effective in the battle with this giant disease as the blunderbuss of our forefathers would be in modern warfare.

Rheumatism is caused by an acid, sour condition of the blood. It is filled with acrid, irritating matter that settles in the joints, muscles and nerves, and liniments and oils nor nothing else applied externally can dislodge these gritty, corroding particles. They were deposited there by the blood and can be reached only through the blood. Rubbing with liniments sometimes relieve temporarily the aches and pains, but these are only symptoms which are liable to return with every change of the weather; the real disease lies deeper, the blood and system are infected. Rheumatism cannot be radically and permanently cured until the blood has been purified, and no remedy does this so thoroughly and promptly as S. S. S. It neutralizes the acids and sends a stream of rich, strong blood to the affected parts, which dissolves and washes out all foreign materials, and the sufferer obtains happy relief from the torturing pains.

SSS

S. S. S. contains no potash or other mineral, but is a perfect vegetable blood purifier and most exhilarating tonic. Our physicians will advise, without charge, all who write about their case, and we will send free our special book on Rheumatism and its treatment.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST BEAR SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

Price 25 Cents

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WAS DYING OF HUNGER.

Sad Condition of a Formerly Wealthy Woman.

Sandusky, Ohio, April 18.—Lying on a heap of straw on a bed roughly constructed of boards, and covered with nothing but a few old coffee sacks, Mrs. Elizabeth Neiding, once wealthy, was found by some charitable ladies who called at her home. She was nearly dead from privation, hunger and illness. In one little room, barely furnished, she lay, with nothing but a few dried crusts of bread for sustenance. Her hair, which had been cut short, was matted and tangled, and dirt was encrusted upon her. The ladies who found her were horified, but when they attempted to relieve her, Mrs. Neiding fought as desperately as her strength would permit. Men were called in, and the woman was overpowered and removed in an ambulance to the Emergency hospital. She refused to go to the infirmary, but was taken there later in the day. When an attempt was made to wash and dress her she fought desperately. She was given broth and medicines, and is not thought to be in a serious condition.

Mrs. Neiding was once the wife of a wealthy Kelly's Island resident, who has been dead for a number of years. From her conduct it is believed that she has money hidden somewhere in the house, and a search will be made. Her son, who has lived with her, has nothing to say regarding the wretched condition of the woman.

DUKE'S RIGHT RESTORED.

London, April 17.—In the house of lords today official announcement was made of the annulment of the bankruptcy of the Duke of Manchester, enabling him to again take his seat among the hereditary legislators of the British empire.

WROTE OBSCENE LETTERS

Which Will Be Given to Federal Authorities.

Toledo, Ohio, April 18.—"I shall not only grant a divorce, but I shall turn these letters over to the United States authorities," said Judge Kinkade. "The author ought to be behind prison bars. I don't see how any woman who is the mother of such a pretty child as the one in court could make herself so low as to write such stuff."

That is what Judge Kinkade said in the divorce case of Henry Theophel, of the Empire orchestra. The case was an unusual one. Mr. and Mrs. Theophel were skilled musicians, and during the absence of Mr. Theophel at the Elks' reunion at Milwaukee two years ago the wife sold all the furniture and Theophel's valuable musical instruments, and with the proceeds took flight to Indianapolis with their 8-year-old daughter.

Lately it appears Mrs. Theophel began writing a series of obscene letters to her husband, and these are the basis of Judge Kinkade's appeal to the United States court. Mrs. Theophel, in Indianapolis, has been arrested for taking money from a party she fell in with.

Great Northern Railway Cheap Settlers' Rates.

Only $6 to Minnesota and North Dakota points on April 15, 22 and 29. Only $22.50 to Spokane and $25 to Seattle or Portland every day in April. One fare, plus $2, round trip to points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana; Washington and Oregon on April 15, May 6 and May 20.

Call on or address city ticket office, Great Northern railway, corner Spalding hotel, for details, limits, stopovers, etc.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 250 boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
425 West Superior St. • Duluth, Minn.

Keeping One's Name

Before the Public Is a Part of Advertising, But Telling the Public Why That Name Is Kept Before It Is Generally a More Valuable Part

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Rent Offices in Lyceum

Fire-proof Building, from $6.00 per month up.

LITTLE & NOLTE, Agents,
Under American Exchange Bank.

Bargains in Houses in the East End.

Call and See us—

Forgy & Jacoby,
Real Estate, Loans and Stocks.
200 Trust Building.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

The United State Installment Realty association of Minneapolis will buy or build you a home or farm of your own choosing on the following terms:

$1000 home.....$ 7.50 per month
$2000 home.....$15.00 per month
$3000 home.....$22.50 per month

This is not rent or interest, but a direct payment on the home. Call for further particulars. Duluth office, 101 Torrey building. Open evenings.

101 Torrey Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

BARGAINS.

$1400.00 Will buy a 20-acre farm with the following: One small house, one frame barn, shingled, 24x30; one-horse barn, 16x24; one horse, two wagons, plow, harrow and farming tools; 15 acres cleared; 5 acres in wood; 11 acres in hay. This farm is only a short distance from Superior street, with good road.

W. F. LEGGETT, 513 Burrows Bldg.

Crosby's List:

$12,000 Well now, if you are looking for a fine home, this will buy it—it's on the upper side of First street in Endion—it has hot water heat, open plumbing—a beautiful place.

$8000 Will buy one of the best nine-room houses in Endion; finished in hardwood upstairs and down. It's strictly modern, large lot and good barn.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room modern house near 12th avenue east on Third street; $1000 cash, balance to suit. This house has hardwood floors, stone foundation, furnace heat—and it's new.

$4000 Will take a fine double corner on East First street; street and avenue paved, stone sidewalk. It's on First street. In addition to this we have many fine building sites in Endion.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg., Duluth.
Fire Insurance and Loans.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

BARGAINS IN FARM LANDS. CARLton county—160 acres with 5000 cords birch and maple, three miles from five brick yards, $8 per acre; 40 acres for truck farm, one mile from railroad, two miles from Wrenshall, $8 per acre; 80 acres partly cleared with house and barn, $950, part on time; 640 acres first-class land, with $1500 worth of timber, $6.50 per acre. Tracts of 40, 80, 120 or 160 acres good land, well watered and timbered, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, $1 per acre cash, balance on time; 120 acres partly cleared, good house, barn and root cellar, fine spring, $900, $250 cash, balance easy terms.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

For a few days we will offer the corner of Sixteenth avenue east and Jefferson street, No. 1602, with the elegant 11-room house, modern in all respects, with hot water heat, lot 57 by 100, for $6500. If not sold soon, it will be for rent.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

HOUSE FOR RENT, FURNITURE FOR SALE.

Fine modern house in the East End, beautifully and newly furnished. The house is modern in every way and conveniently located. The furniture is new and rich and includes a number of Oriental rugs. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building.

$1600 Takes house and lot on First street near Twenty-second avenue west.

$525 Takes fine corner on Nineteenth avenue east.

$3250 Takes fine new flat building in good location.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio Building.

Your Rent is Going To Be Higher!

Why? Because the present rents paid does not cause any one to build to supply you with equal accommodations for the rent you are paying. The rent that caused the house to be built that you live in was considerably higher than you are paying now.

More people are coming to the city who will be willing to pay more than you are and the first thing you know you will be moving further from the center of the city than you are at present living.

Houses and lots are still being offered at less than it cost to build the house. It is not too late to buy at low figures.

We have about thirty houses and lots for sale which have been practically rebuilt in the last four years, taxes and assessments all paid, which we offer to sell for $100 to $150 down and the balance to be paid on terms that are no easy to pay as rent and you are in the way of getting a home. We refer you to those who have bought of us and are getting homes of their own. We have a list of over fifty at the office, at

No. 100 Torrey Building,
First Floor, Near Elevator,
Chan Smith, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zen th 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg

WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

LADIES, THE BEST PLACE TO BUY hats is at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st Ave. W. 'Phone 1093.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St

OPTICIAN.

THOROUGH AND ACCURATE TESTS. Latest improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey Bldg.

HAPPENS EVERY DAY.

Moore & McHardy Lumber Co.,
... MANUFACTURERS OF ...
PINE, OAK AND BASSWOOD,
ALSO PINE AND CEDAR SHINGLES.

M. J. Moore.
J. McHardy.

COHASSET, MINN., April 16, 1902.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD:

Dear Sirs—Please take our "ad" out of your paper, as we have received more letters than we can answer.

Yours truly,
MOORE & McHARDY LUMBER CO.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

We have for sale a three-story business block on West Superior street that will pay more than 10 per cent net on the entire investment, and in five years the lot alone will be worth more than the entire property now costs you.

$3000 Buys ten-room house; city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation, cellar under whole house, two grates with fine mantels; large lot, in Endion.

PARK POINT.

3 COTTAGES Each has four bed rooms, large sitting room and kitchen has refrigerator, pump and sink; large porch. Will sell cheap if taken at once.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$520	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

$850 Will buy fine six-room house, fine mantel and grate and finest double corner on Duluth Heights. One-third cash; balance to suit.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

DRIVING HORSE; MUST BE SOUND and safe for a lady to drive. Address K, Herald.

WANTED — TO BUY, 2000 OR 2500 pound fire-proof safe at once. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WE WILL BUY GOOD DRAFT MARES that are in foal. Must be young and sound. The Jean Du-Luth company, 103 Herald building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING; FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 18, 1902. Work, third degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 28, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 23, 1902. Work — M. M. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave April 22, 1902. Work, Drill. William H. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS, ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the "Third" Tuesday evening, April 15. Refreshments. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street. Thursday, April 24, election of delegates to Grand Aerie.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—OAK LUNCH COUNTER and table cheap. S. Schleck.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, COMplete, for sale cheap, 1201 West Third street, upstairs.

$1300 BUYS HOUSE AND LOT, TWO blocks from cathedral; only $500 down. House vacant May 15. 627 Manhattan.

FOR SALE — $700 STOCK OF TAILORing cloth, trimmings, etc. A great bargain if taken at once. Also about $900 worth of men's furnishing goods and store fixtures; first-class location. This is a great opportunity for a person with a small capital. Address C 81, Herald.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, HOUSEHOLD furniture complete, of 9-room house. 9 West Second street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING; silver grey Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 per 13. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—INDIAN BLOOD REMedy. Readings free. 411 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FINE STEEL RANGE, folding bed and square piano. Mrs. Wentworth, 211 West Second street.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2008 Helm street.

PANSIES GET YOUR BEDS ready. I will sell all my best Giants 25 cents per dozen, five dozen for $1. Lindsay's Lester Park Greenhouses.

FOR SALE—AN OAK BOOK CASE. Inquire 31 West Fifth.

$2500 WILL HANDLE ONE OF THE very best paying residence properties in the East End. Good location. Address Owner, Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE — THREE LOTS, 25 BY 140 feet, for sale cheap. Fine lots ready for building. Call at 329 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — STORE WITH SEVEN rooms above, on Main street in Eveleth; will sell or exchange for Duluth property. Address 614 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. I. Levine, 821 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; 40 baths. 531 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND boiler, good as new, 5x14 feet. Inquire at Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., Twenty-ninth avenue west and Helm street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR load fresh milch cows. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald

NEXT BIG COLOSSAL
Horse Auction Sale
And Grand Horse Fair
Takes place at our mammoth stables opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.
SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1902.

Be on hand early, as the sale positively opens at 10 o'clock a. m. on day and date advertised. We will exert all efforts to make this the banner sale of the season—1000 head of horses of all kinds to answer all purposes, to select from. Some extra fine drivers and family broke horses. Come everybody. A grand gala holiday for all. SATURDAY, APRIL 19th, 1902.

COLS. L. H. WIGGIN AND MAX ZIMMERMAN, Auctioneers.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite Postoffice, Duluth, Minn.
PRIVATE SALES DAILY.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOT OF LIGHT cedar row boats. Patterson boat house, Sixth avenue west, near depot.

PARK POINT—SOME CHOICE LOTS IN the camping district for sale cheap for the next few days. W. F. Leggett, 513 Burrows' building.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 306 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,00 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER would like position. Can give good references. Address P 70, Herald.

WANTED — A SITUATION BY MAN and wife; man a good meat cook; woman good on pastry; also a first-class laundress. Address S 84, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS TIMEKEEPer, or could assist in office, by steady sober man of 36. S 82, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS MEAT COOK. Best of references. Address P 54, Herald.

EXPLORATION WORK ON IRON properties will be done by undersigned for share in property. Outfit now near Biwabik. Address S 81, Herald.

WANTED—WORK FOR THREE GOOD teams. 1402 West Superior street.

WANTED — SITUATION BY A NO. 1 engineer; has had fifteen years' experience and strictly temperate, holding first-class steamboat papers. Also Minnesota papers. Adress W 35, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — HOUSE MAIDS, $20; cooks, $35; watresses, $18; nurse maids, $14; second girls, at Mrs. Stone's Employment office, 17 Second avenue east. Girls, call quick.

WANTED — CHAMBER GIRL, ONE not afraid of work; either white or colored; $5 per week; one living at home preferred. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED — COOKS, $35 AND $40 PER month; dining room girls, kitchen girls, girls for general housework. Mrs. P. H. Kiely, Employment office 225 East Superior street, Duluth.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages. 1412 East Second street.

WANTED — A NURSE 16 years. 117 West Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 609 East First street.

WANTED—NEAT DINING ROOM GIRL. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—5000 LADIES, MARried or single, to join the Home Co-Operative company. Get a home of your own. 410 Palladio building. M. O. Davis, manager.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of children and assist with housework. 212 Eleventh avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in private boarding place. 313 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK; ALSO reliable nurse maid. Mrs. N. J. Upham, 1523 East Third street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT THE Colson house.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 120 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL FOR GENeral housework, or nurse girl, 616 East Sixth street.

GOOD WAGES PAID TO GOOD GIRL to help with housework. 2106 East Water street. Mrs. Sterling.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. 222 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED (GOOD PAY) FOR general housework. Good cook. Inquire forenoons or evenings, 629 East First street.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED flannel washers. Lutes' laundry.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRL. MRS. Stanley, over Suffel's, Room 6.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK. 526 WEST First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, $15. Take Woodland car. Mrs. W. E. Culkin, Hunter's Park.

THREE WAIST MAKERS AND SALESladies for millinery department. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Totman, 1415 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIenced nurse maid. Apply 1619 East First street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — BOY TO LEARN PRESSwork. North-Land Printery.

WANTED — MAN EXPERIENCED IN real estate and insurance business; good inducements offered to right party. Inquire 101 Torrey building.

WANTED — WAREHOUSE MAN; steady work. Apply 11 o'clock Saturday morning at 241 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—A BRIGHT BOY IN OFFICE and warehouse. Apply 2 o'clock Saturday, 241 Lake avenue south.

WANTED — ELEVATOR BOY, EXperienced. Room 2, Exchange building.

WANTED — HOUSEMAN AT SPALding hotel. Apply to Housekeeper.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND general office assistant; young man preferred. Address 106 West Michigan St.

WANTED — JANITOR. INQUIRE OF janitor of Manhattan building.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper under 25 and single. State salary and when and where employed last five years; give three references; permanent position. Address E. L. M., Herald.

WANTED—10,000 MORE MEN, MARried or single, to join the Home Co-Operative company. Get a home of your own. 410 Palladio building. M. O. Davis, manager.

WANTED—GOOD BOY, SCANDINAVian preferred; can get a permanent situation at the White Swan Drug store.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS FURNIture salesman. Address Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn., P. O. Box M.

WANTED — TINSMITH. ONE WHO can clerk. Good wages and steady work to the right man. Use of intoxicants strictly prohibited. E. M. Osborn, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED — QUARRYMEN AND LAborers; wages $1.75. Kettle River Quarries company, Sandstone, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN BOOKKEEPer or stenographer. Apply to R. M. Newport, 302 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SOME FIRST CLASS HARDwood finishers. Will pay 35 cents per hour to the right men. Armour Packing company.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

CARPET MAN, PERMANENT POSItion for man familiar with carpets and drapery department business. Must be able to make shades, cut and lay carpets. Address with reference; state experience and salary desired in first letter. Address "Carpets," Herald.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINists and electricians. New 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers. Sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be resodded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 403.

FOR RENT — PARK POINT, 5-ROOM cottage for season. Inquire Camp Dellwood, near Thirtieth street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN ROOMS, STEAM heat, furnished, hot and cold water, gas range, modern conveniences, centrally located. Will rent from May 1 until Sept. 1. S 83, Herald.

FOR RENT — SEVEN ROOM, FURnished house with large yard. $37 per month. Call 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — A 3-ROOM HOUSE WITH barn on Seventh street and Thirteenth avenue east. Call at 511 East Fourth street. Carl Hoval.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Park Terrace; possession May 1. No. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ONE OR TWO FRONT rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Board if desired. 1816 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — ROOM AT 30 WEST First street; gentleman, with or without board. Apply at 15 Lake avenue north.

FOUR OR FIVE ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping, with or without range; modern improvements. For rent to family without children. 1201 West Third street, upstairs.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room with all modern conveniences, centrally located, private family; gentleman. Address G 78, Herald.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM FOR man and wife or two ladies. Light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS IN MODERN house. Will allow light housekeeping. Inquire 508 West Third street.

UNFURNISHED ROOM, DOWN STAIRS. C 79, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished rooms all modern conveniences. Gentlemen preferred. 312 Third avenue east.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, LIGHT housekeeping; cookstove. 309 West Superior street.

FO. RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 126 East First, with bath.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 909 WEST Fourth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE SPACE FOR cigars, periodicals, drinks, etc. Waterman Bowling Alley, 210 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. P. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT

A SMALL HOUSE OR FLAT; NO CHILdren; possession wanted May 1. Address Professional, Herald.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH or without board; centrally located. Address F 50, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR ONE OR two; board if desired. First class, private, centrally located. Address X 38, Herald.

WANTED — A FEW MORE STEADY boarders at 424 Lake avenue south. Canal hotel.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 333 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 628 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4859-3.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

LARGEST SELECTION OF WALL paper; best and cheapest work; painting or papering. F. A. Thorwald, 620 East Sixth street, Zenith 'phone 1232.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter, 301 East Fifth street.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works. 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior St. Old Tel. 733-5.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BRINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art lettered glass. St. Germain Bros, 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

FRAMES AND PICTURES AT COST; must close out this week. Temple Art Store 211 East Superior street. Open evenings and fixtures for sale.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington

LOST.

LOST — MARTEN BOA, NEAR HIGH school. Return to 320 West Second street and receive reward.

LOST — BLACK FUR GALLOWAY robe. Return to H. W. Patterson, West Duluth and receive reward.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

IF YOU WANT RELIABLE WORK IN awning, tent or any kind of canvas work, go to Poirier & Nordstrom 104 East Superior St. Telephone 735—New.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 521 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

AGENTS WANTED.

LIFE OF TALMAGE. BY HIS SON. Large. Fully illustrated. Low prices. Best terms. Freight paid. Credit given. Outfit free. P. W. Ziegler & Co., 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—500 AGENTS TO HANDLE A good seller. Can make $5 a day and half work. 324 Lake avenue south.

AGENTS WANTED—LIFE OF DE Witt Talmage. Largest, best authentic, official book; 500 pages, profusely illustrated. Retail, $1.50. Price to agents 50 cents. Outfit free. Now ready. Credit given. Profit $12 per day. Enormous demand. The Bible house, 21 Plymouth Place, Chicago.

WANTED—LIVE LADY OR GENTLEman to sell article of merit. Large income to hustler. G. L. Train, 216 West Superior street.

You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through Herald Wants

SOCIETY.

20 PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 12

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MILES IS TO REMAIN

General Will Stay at the Head of the Army.

President Yields to Advice of Senators.

Washington, April 19.—Gen. Miles has been given a reprieve. President Roosevelt has determined not to retire the lieutenant general commanding the army, for the present at least. This was the immediate result of a visit made at the White House by Senators Allison, Hoar and Hale, reinforced by Senator McComas, who called about another matter, but remained to participate in the conference.

President Roosevelt listened attentively while the three oldest and most respected Republican senators—Allison of Iowa, Hoar of Massachusetts and Hale of Maine—urged that the forcible retirement of Gen. Miles at the present time, within the year and a half of his limit of legal service, would precipitate upon the country another military controversy similar to the Sampson-Schley disturbance, which would scarcely fail to have a disastrous effect upon Republican prospects in the next congressional campaign. The president said frankly it had been his intention to retire Gen. Miles, and it was admitted that the statement made by the press last Sunday night was by authority.

In view of the personal and political pleas made by the three distinguished senators the president stated that he would delay matters at least for the present, and if he could see his way clear would permit Gen. Miles to remain at the head of the army until retired by law in August, 1903, unless the general should in the meanwhile voluntarily apply for retirement, which he can do by law. The conference between the president and senators was entirely friendly throughout. The senatorial visitors did not deny that Gen. Miles might have frequently made himself obnoxious, but they urged first of all that Gen. Miles was entitled to great consideration because of his splendid record in the war between the states as well as in serious fights with the Indians.

They represented that much of the friction between the lieutenant general and the civilian secretary of war was due to the system rather than to the individual, and they showed that Secretary Root's bill clearly demonstrated this fact. It was urged that Grant, Sherman and Schofield had all had serious differences of opinion with the war department, and even with the chief executive. The point was also brought out that the retirement law, under which the president would have to retire Gen. Miles, was not intended as a weapon to punish an officer, but merely as a means of forcing the retirement of some army officer who was notoriously incompetent through physical or mental weakness, and yet who refused to apply for retirement voluntarily.

MOST THRILLING RACE

Between Runaway Car and Engine Down a Mountain Side Results In Close Victory For the Locomotive.

Victor, Col., April 19.—A thrilling race down a mountain side saved a trainload of passengers by a margin of four seconds. At Eclipse, on the Florence & Cripple Creek road, a loaded freight car broke loose, with Brakeman Lund on top. As Lund applied the brake the chain broke and the car started again at a terrific clip.

Conductor Blondy, on an engine directed by Engineer Rush, undertook to capture the car to prevent a collision with a suburban train, due to leave Anaconda about the same time.

After wrapping a message around a lump of coal, Blondy hurled it through the window at Eclipse station. The operator succeeded in holding the passenger train as it was pulling out of Anaconda.

The pursuit of the freight car was now on in earnest, engine and car taking the serpentine track at full speed, although it seemed impossible to hold to the rails on the sharp curves. The car was overtaken four seconds from Anaconda. Conductor Blondy made a coupling from the pilot, the air brake was applied and the runaway was brought to a stop.

WILL MAKE NO FIGHT

Report That Bay View and Other Lodges Would Struggle For Reinstatement In Amalgamated Association Is Denied.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 19.—The Amalgamated Association held a short session this morning, at which the reports of officers were taken. Shortly before noon the convention adjourned until Monday morning, and this afternoon the 223 delegates and friends will take a trip down the river to Sistersville.

The statement that the Bay View and other lodges in the neighborhood of Chicago suspended by President Shaffer for refusing to strike last summer intended to make a fight in this convention is erroneous, according to officials.

The official statement of the press committee was that the contested seat committee made no report on the Chicago lodges in question, because the matter was not brought before them, and that it is not being considered in any way in the convention. It appears that they have not applied for reinstatement. It looks as if Columbus has the call for the next convention. This is one of the matters which will come up in the closing days of the convention.

After the reports of the officers have been received, which will consume until at least next Tuesday, the committee will get to work. It will be the latter part of the week before the question of the scale will be raised, and it looks now as if the convention will run into the first week of May.

TO ENFORCE THE BLUE LAWS

New York, April 19.—Boston will be right in the clutches of the old blue laws on Sunday, says a dispatch from that city to the Times. No meats, fruits or confections of any kind will be allowed to be sold. No Sunday shaving will be allowed in hotels, and no bakery can remain open after 10 o'clock in the morning.

The police board has sent out the strictest orders to the various police captains, instructing them to arrest all violators of the law. The motive behind the enforcement is believed to be an effort to force the legislature to repeal the ancient laws.

MAD LOVER USES DYNAMITE

Ada, Ohio, April 19.—This morning at 2 o'clock an attempt was made to wreck the home of Professor F. Magiott of the Ohio normal university by dynamite. A stick of the explosive placed under a window sill destroyed the front of the residence and wrecked the furniture. A jealous lover of a domestic employed by the professor is charged with the crime. He cannot be found.

NEARLY 5000 ARE NOW OUT

Schenectady, N. Y., April 19.—About 1200 more of the employes of the General Electric company left their work today. They were the members of the Drill Punchers, Blacksmiths and Armature Winders' unions. A conservative estimate places the number of men now out at 4800. The shops today are practically tied up. The strikers declare that over 1000 girls, who are employed in various departments, will not return to work next Monday. The company has a large number of printers and pressmen in its employ, and effort is being made to have them go out in sympathy. The various unions have a strong line of pickets, and thus far have prevented any non-union men going to work. The officials of the company, however, assert that they will fill the strikers' places in a short time.

STEEL IS ADVANCED

Manufacturers Again Increase Prices For Immediate Delivery.

The Scarcity of Material Is Now Keenly Felt.

Wants of Railroads Will Necessitate Very Large Importations.

New York, April 19.—Structural steel manufacturers have advanced prices for immediate delivery $3 to $5 a ton over quotations recently current, says the Journal of Commerce, and the supply of steel billets throughout the country is so small that manufacturers are still compelled to go abroad to purchase supplies for their mills. There is no famine as yet, although prevailing conditions, it is reported, make an approximation to the same. The scarcity of material is particularly felt by small manufacturers, although the United States Steel corporation also feels that lack of a necessary supply of billets.

The situation has a particular bearing on the question of steel rails. It is stated that the wants of the railroads will necessitate a much larger importation of rails this year than for some years past.

All the mills are practically booked for the entire year, and it will be found that more business will be carried from this year's books into 1903 than was carried from last year into 1902. The rail pool shows no intention at present of advancing prices.

MORE WIND.

Jeffries Sends Message to Fitzsimmons Concerning the Fight.

New York, April 19.—Robert Fitzsimmons today received the following telegram from Jeffries in reply to his message of Thursday last:

"Los Angeles, Cal., April 19.—Robert Fitzsimmons, care the New York Evening Journal, New York: Your telegram received and I sincerely trust you are in earnest, and that you mean business. Without wasting words, you make a big mistake in not accepting Los Angeles' offer, as everything was fair and just to you. Your acknowledgement that a contest is impossible in the East is only a repetition of my action toward their b... Your actions toward the California bids led me to believe you were trying to avoid a meeting. We pledged mutually to agree on the best bid on a certain date and at that time the East had not been heard from and you refused to accept anything here. I don't want to dictate anything but want mutual financial interests and will therefore communicate with clubs in California, which will doubtless insist on deciding what is the best date and we must agree on something. You deposit $2500 now with the Examiner, I will do likewise. I am sincere in all I have done and sorry you have not realized the same.

"JAMES J. JEFFRIES."

"A BAS LOUBET."

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Create Demonstration.

Paris, April 19.—While President Loubet was visiting the exhibition in the Jardin Des Tuileries this morning, an individual posted at a window of a hotel opposite, attempted to start a demonstration against the president. His cries of "Abas Loubet," ("Down with Loubet!") however, only endangered himself, as the crowd present started a counter demonstration and advanced threateningly in the direction of the hotel. The disturber of the peace was arrested, but later he was released from custody.

TARIFF PROPOSALS

By British Commissioner For China Not Opposed.

London, April 19.—A dispatch to a news agency from Shanghai under today's date, says the foreign merchants there are increasing their opposition to the tariff proposals of Sir James L. Mackay, the British tariff commissioner, which include the abolition of the Likin and the increase of the import duties. The American and British commissioners met and fully discussed the question. Subsequently the American commissioner announced that his decision was against Sir James' proposals. The Japanese commissioner also condemns them.

LEO'S SUCCESSOR.

Importance Attached to Remarks of the Pope.

Rome, April 19.—Considerable importance is attached to a recent remark of the pope, who in conversation with Father Lorenzo Perosi, the Italian composer, asked him for news of his friend Cardinal Giuseppe Sarto, the patriarch of Venice. "Hold him very dear, Perosi," said his holiness, "as in the future he will be able to do much for you. We firmly believe he will be our successor."

Cardinal Carto is an Italian. He was born in 1835 and was created a cardinal in 1893.

GAME A DRAW.

London, April 19.—The football game at the Crystal palace resulted in a draw, each of the teams scoring a goal.

BALL GAME TODAY.

BostonA, lirpshrd shrdlu shrdl shu pm Boston, April 19.—First game, 13 innings: Brooklyn, 3; Boston, 1.

From photo by Falk.

JOHN W. GATES, THE MOST SENSATIONAL OPERATOR IN WALL STREET.

The most talked of man in the financial world of America today is John W. Gates, whose coup in Louisville and Nashville made such a stir in Wall street. He was born on a farm in Illinois and has been clerk, grain merchant, hardware dealer, iron and steel manufacturer, trust organizer and Napoleon of finance. He is a crack billiard player, a great amateur trap and wing shot, a lover of fast horses and a devotee of poker. As an evidence of his determined character it is related that he hunted the murderer of his elder brother for twenty-eight years and finally brought him to justice.

ROCKS GROWING HEAVY

Terrible Position of Miner Who Lies Face Downward Covered With Tons of Earth and Still Lives.

St. Paul, April 19.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Thomas Mooney, a miner in the Granite mine near Philippsburg, was buried by a cave-in of several tons of rock Thursday. Several hundred men for thirty hours have been endeavoring to rescue their comrade, and they were able to converse with him. A second cave-in precipitated a great quantitity of loose earth over that covering Mooney, and narrowly missed entombing some of the rescuers. Mooney said he was lying face downward, and he believed that one leg was broken. He said the weight of earth was becoming very oppressive but was urged to have good cheer. It will be impossible for the mine officials to reach him before this afternoon. Mooney is 40 years old, a native of New York and a man of wonderful physique, which leads to the belief that he will yet be rescued.

SEQUEL TO CROSS CASE

Scanlon-Gipson Lumber Company Sues Germania Bank to Recover $4050, Drawn Out By Firm's Former Employes.

Minneapolis, April 19—(Special to The Herald.)—A sequel of the arrest of James and Fred Cross, at the instance of the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, two weeks ago, was developed yesterday, when the company named brought action against the Germania bank to collect $4050. This money, the lumber company claims, had been given the bank that it might be placed to its credit. The bank asks for a bill of particulars. The complaint does not claim specifically whether there were any acts of forgery or not.

The Cross boys, it will be remembered, were in the employ of the Scanlon-Gipson company, one of them being a trusted accountant. It is claimed that he forged the firm's name on checks given to the Germania bank. When the brothers were arrested it was stated that they had secured a very considerable sum in this way, but no definite amount was given. It is now supposed that the Cross boys, who have been indicted, secured the amount mentioned in the complaint filed by the Scanlon-Gipson company yesterday.

DEAD MAN A TRAIN ROBBER

San Antonio, Tex., April 19.—Mrs. L. A. Cox, of Abilene, Texas, has arrived in the city and further identified the man killed by Officer Pink Taylor, Wednesday morning, as her son, Orland Camillo Hanks, the alleged train robber. On the body of the dead man was found between $400 and $500 in bank bills, of the National Bank of Montana, which has been identified as money taken from the Great Northern express train at Wagner, Montana, July 3, 1901.

FALLING OFF

In the Enrollment at University of Michigan.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 19.—The official figures for the enrollment in the University of Michigan this year have just been given out. The grand total is 3709, which is just three less than last year. The regular session shows a net gain of 26 and the summer session a loss of 29. The literary and engineering departments are where the only gains have been made. The loss in medical and dental schools are due to the increased requirements for graduation. Michigan furnishes 2162 students.

MORRIS OUT FOR GOOD

Under No Circumstances Will Be Candidate.

States That the Field Is Now Open to All.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—"The action of the house on my amendment to the Cuban tariff bill yesterday will have no effect upon my determination to retire from congress on March 4 next," said Representative Morris to The Herald correspondent this afternoon.

"I am not a candidate and shall not be a candidate for re-election. I reached this determination more than a year ago and should have announced myself then, but for the desires of my friends.

"As it is, I made the announcement when I did, so as to leave no reason for any one to assert that my course was actuated by anything which the house might do on the Cuban question. If my amendment had been defeated before the announcement was made, it might have been charged that I was influenced by the action of the house. I am not a candidate and the field is open to all."

KINNEY IS RETICENT

Has No Desire to Become Active In Politics But May Yield to the Solicitations of His Friends.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—O. D. Kinney, of Duluth, left for Philadelphia yesterday morning. During his stay here some of his friends urged him to make the race for the Republican nomination for congress now that Judge Morris has decided that he will not stand for re-election. Mr. Kinney was non-committal as to what he might do, and while he said that he had no desire to become active in politics, and was not a candidate in any sense of the term at the present time, his friends gained the impression that if it was shown that he could be of great service to the Republican party and to Duluth in congress, he might waive his personal preferences and yield to the solicitations of his host of friends and admirers in the Eighth district.

NEGROES MURDER TWO

Highwaymen Hold Up a Party Returning From a Dance and Kill Two Well Known Young Men.

Greensburg, April 19.—While a number of young people were returning from a dancing party early this morning, two masked negro highwaymen held up the party in the lead, at the point of revolvers overpowered Charles McQuillis and forced him to turn over his money and watch. Meanwhile Miss Annie Hill, who was with him, ran back and notified the others, who hurried to the rescue. The highwaymen immediately opened fire and Alexander McNaught and Frank McQuillis were shot dead. The robbers then fled to a thicket and have not yet been captured. A reward of $500 has been offered for their apprehension, and officers are searching the country. It is believed they were miners from the Jamieson coal works, where scores of negroes are employed.

MAILED IN ENGLAND

Treasury Officials Will Put a Stop To a Little Scheme of Some American Merchants To Save Postage.

New York, April 19.—It seems hardly creditable that business circulars of firms in the United States should be sent to England to be mailed here to addresses in the United States for the purpose of saving postage, yet this is the actual fact, according to the Herald correspondent at London. This curious state of affairs is said to have been revealed at Liverpool by the treasury instructions to the customs officers located there.

These officers have been ordered to seize large consignments of circulars sent by business men in the United States to their Liverpool agents. These firms receive circulars in bulk, which are then addressed, have a ½ penny stamp put upon them and are dropped into the Liverpool postoffice, to be carried back to America in the mails. The postoge rate under the laws of Great Britain for such circulars is a ½ penny for two ounces in all countries in the postal union, but in the United States, the postage is 2 cents, equivalent to 1 penny. It is therefore obvious that business firms who send out thousands of circulars each week save money by shipping them in bulk at a low rate of freight to Liverpool and then having them sent back to the United States.

The attention of the treasury officials was called to this matter by an official in the Liverpool postoffice, who noticed that several large consignments of American trade circulars addressed to parties in the United States had been posted in Liverpool.

He investigated the matter and found that the practice had been in vogue for some little time.

The result of his investigation is that immediate steps have been taken to stop the business.

OBJECT TO TRANSFER

Attorney-General Douglass Will Appear Before Judge Lochren And Ask That Merger Suit Be Remanded to District Court Again.

St. Paul, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Attorney General Douglas will appuear next week before Judge Lochren in the United States court to move that the suit of Minnesota against the Northern Pacific and Great Northern and Northern Securities company, which Judge Otis yesterday transferred to the federal court, be again remanded to the district court of Ramsey county.

Mr. Douglas expects at that time to ask leave to strike from his bill of complaint all allegations of violations of federal statutes.

This has not been finally determined upon, but is under consideration and this action is probably a step likely to send the case back to the state courts.

Mr. Douglas expects that when the matter comes up before Judge Lochren, the attorneys for the merger will again renew their motion made before the case was transferred from the district court to declare void the service on Mr. Hill as president of the Northern Securities company on the ground in his official capacity he is not a citizen of Minnesota. It is possible too, that the entire question of jurisdiction may be raised when the motion to remand is made before Judge Lochren.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

20 PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 12

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MILES IS TO REMAIN

General Will Stay at the Head of the Army.

President Yields to Advice of Senators.

Washington, April 19.—Gen. Miles has been given a reprieve. President Roosevelt has determined not to retire the lieutenant general commanding the army, for the present at least. This was the immediate result of a visit made at the White House by Senators Allison, Hoar and Hale, reinforced by Senator McComas, who called about another matter, but remained to participate in the conference.

President Roosevelt listened attentively while the three oldest and most respected Republican senators—Allison of Iowa, Hoar of Massachusetts and Hale of Maine—urged that the forcible retirement of Gen. Miles at the present time, within the year and a half of his limit of legal service, would precipitate upon the country another military controversy similar to the Sampson-Schley disturbance, which would scarcely fail to have a disastrous effect upon Republican prospects in the next congressional campaign. The president said frankly it had been his intention to retire Gen. Miles, and it was admitted that the statement made by the press last Sunday night was by authority.

In view of the personal and political pleas made by the three distinguished senators the president stated that he would delay matters at least for the present, and if he could see his way clear would permit Gen. Miles to remain at the head of the army until retired by law in August, 1903, unless the general should in the meanwhile voluntarily apply for retirement, which he can do by law. The conference between the president and senators was entirely friendly throughout. The senatorial visitors did not deny that Gen. Miles might have frequently made himself obnoxious, but they urged first of all that Gen. Miles was entitled to great consideration because of his splendid record in the war between the states as well as in serious fights with the Indians.

They represented that much of the friction between the lieutenant general and the civilian secretary of war was due to the system rather than to the individual, and they showed that Secretary Root's bill clearly demonstrated this fact. It was urged that Grant, Sherman and Schofield had all had serious differences of opinion with the war department, and even with the chief executive. The point was also brought out that the retirement law, under which the president would have to retire Gen. Miles, was not intended as a weapon to punish an officer, but merely as a means of forcing the retirement of some army officer who was notoriously incompetent through physical or mental weakness, and yet who refused to apply for retirement voluntarily.

MOST THRILLING RACE

Between Runaway Car and Engine Down a Mountain Side Results In Close Victory For the Locomotive.

Victor, Col., April 19.—A thrilling race down a mountain side saved a trainload of passengers by a margin of four seconds. At Eclipse, on the Florence & Cripple Creek road, a loaded freight car broke loose, with Brakeman Lund on top. As Lund applied the brake the chain broke and the car started again at a terrific clip.

Conductor Blondy, on an engine directed by Engineer Rush, undertook to capture the car to prevent a collision with a suburban train, due to leave Anaconda about the same time.

After wrapping a message around a lump of coal, Blondy hurled it through the window at Eclipse station. The operator succeeded in holding the passenger train as it was pulling out of Anaconda.

The pursuit of the freight car was now on in earnest, engine and car taking the serpentine track at full speed, although it seemed impossible to hold to the rails on the sharp curves. The car was overtaken four seconds from Anaconda, Conductor Blondy made a coupling from the pilot, the air brake was applied and the runaway was brought to a stop.

WILL MAKE NO FIGHT

Report That Bay View and Other Lodges Would Struggle For Reinstatement In Amalgamated Association Is Denied.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 19.—The Amalgamated Association held a short session this morning, at which the reports of officers were taken. Shortly before noon the convention adjourned until Monday morning, and this afternoon the 223 delegates and friends will take a trip down the river to Sistersville.

The statement that the Bay View and other lodges in the neighborhood of Chicago suspended by President Shaffer for refusing to strike last summer intended to make a fight in this convention is erroneous, according to officials.

The official statement of the press committee was that the contested seat committee made no report on the Chicago lodges in question, because the matter was not brought before them, and that it is not being considered in any way in the convention. It appears that they have not applied for reinstatement. It looks as if Columbus has the call for the next convention. This is one of the matters which will come up in the closing days of the convention.

After the reports of the officers have been received, which will consume until at least next Tuesday, the committee will get to work. It will be the latter part of the week before the question of the scale will be raised, and it looks now as if the convention will run into the first week of May.

TO ENFORCE THE BLUE LAWS

New York, April 19.—Boston will be right in the clutches of the old blue laws on Sunday, says a dispatch from that city to the Times. No meats, fruits or confections of any kind will be allowed to be sold. No Sunday shaving will be allowed in hotels, and no bakery can remain open after 10 o'clock in the morning.

The police board has sent out the strictest orders to the various police captains, instructing them to arrest all violators of the law. The motive behind the enforcement is believed to be an effort to force the legislature to repeal the ancient laws.

MAD LOVER USES DYNAMITE

Ada, Ohio, April 19.—This morning at 2 o'clock an attempt was made to wreck the home of Professor F. Magiott of the Ohio normal university by dynamite. A stick of the explosive placed under a window sill destroyed the front of the residence and wrecked the furniture. A jealous lover of a domestic employed by the professor is charged with the crime. He cannot be found.

NEARLY 5000 ARE NOW OUT

Schenectady, N. Y., April 19.—About 1200 more of the employes of the General Electric company left their work today. They were the members of the Drill Punchers, Blacksmiths and Armature Winders' unions. A conservative estimate places the number of men now out at 4800. The shops today are practically tied up. The strikers declare that over 1000 girls, who are employed in various departments, will not return to work next Monday. The company has a large number of printers and pressmen in its employ, and effort is being made to have them go out in sympathy. The various unions have a strong line of pickets, and thus far have prevented any non-union men going to work. The officials of the company, however, assert that they will fill the strikers' places in a short time.

STEEL IS ADVANCED

Manufacturers Again Increase Prices For Immediate Delivery.

The Scarcity of Material Is Now Keenly Felt.

Wants of Railroads Will Necessitate Very Large Importations.

New York, April 19.—Structural steel manufacturers have advanced prices for immediate delivery $3 to $5 a ton over quotations recently current, says the Journal of Commerce, and the supply of steel billets throughout the country is so small that manufacturers are still compelled to go abroad to purchase supplies for their mills. There is no famine as yet, although prevailing conditions, it is reported, make an approximation to the same. The scarcity of material is particularly felt by small manufacturers, although the United States Steel corporation also feels that lack of a necessary supply of billets.

The situation has a particular bearing on the question of steel rails. It is stated that the wants of the railroads will necessitate a much larger importation of rails this year than for some years past.

All the mills are practically booked for the entire year, and it will be found that more business will be carried from this year's books into 1903 than was carried from last year into 1902. The rail pool shows no intention at present of advancing prices.

MORE WIND.

Jeffries Sends Message to Fitzsimmons Concerning the Fight.

New York, April 19.—Robert Fitzsimmons today received the following telegram from Jeffries in reply to his message of Thursday last:

"Los Angeles, Cal., April 19.—Robert Fitzsimmons, care the New York Evening Journal, New York: Your telegram received and I sincerely trust you are in earnest and that you mean business. Without wasting words, you make a big mistake in not accepting Los Angeles' offer, as everything was fair and just to you. Your acknowledgement that a contest is impossible in the East is only a repetition of my action toward their b... Your actions toward the California bids led me to believe you were trying to avoid a meeting. We pledged mutually to agree on the best bid on a certain date and at that time the East had not been heard from and you refused to accept anything here. I don't want to dictate anything but want mutual financial interests and will therefore communicate with clubs in California, which will doubtless insist on deciding what is the best date and we must agree on something. ...ou deposit $250 now with the Examiner. I will do likewise. I am sincere in all I have done and sorry you have not realized the same.

"JAMES J. JEFFRIES."

"A BAS LOUBET."

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Create Demonstration.

Paris, April 19.—While President Loubet was visiting the exhibition in the Jardin Des Tuilleries this morning, an individual posted at a window of a hotel opposite, attempted to start a demonstration against the president. His cries of "Abas Loubet," ("Down with Loubet") however, only endangered himself, as the crowd present started a counter demonstration and advanced threateningly in the direction of the hotel. The disturber of the peace was arrested, but later he was released from custody.

TARIFF PROPOSALS

By British Commissioner For China Not Opposed.

London, April 19.—A dispatch to a news agency from Shanghai under today's date, says the foreign merchants there are increasing their opposition to the tariff proposals of Sir James L. Mackay, the British tariff commissioner, which include the abolition of the Likin and the increase of the import duties. The American and British commissioners met and fully discussed the question. Subsequently the American commissioner announced that his decision was against Sir James' proposals. The Japanese commissioner also condemns them.

LEO'S SUCCESSOR.

Importance Attached to Remarks of the Pope.

Rome, April 19.—Considerable importance is attached to a recent remark of the pope, who in conversation with Father Lorenzo Perosi, the Italian composer, asked him for news of his friend Cardinal Giuseppe Sarto, the patriarch of Venice. "Hold him very dear, Perosi," said his holiness, "as in the future he will be able to do much for you. We firmly believe he will be our successor."

Cardinal Carto is an Italian. He was born in 1835 and was created a cardinal in 1893.

GAME A DRAW.

London, April 19.—The football game at the Crystal palace resulted in a draw, each of the teams scoring a goal.

BALL GAME TODAY.

BostonA, lirpshrd shrdlu shrdl shu pm

Boston, April 19.—First game, 13 innings: Brooklyn, 3; Boston, 1.

From photo by Falk.

JOHN W. GATES, THE MOST SENSATIONAL OPERATOR IN WALL STREET.

The most talked of man in the financial world of America today is John W. Gates, whose coup in Louisville and Nashville made such a stir in Wall street. He was born on a farm in Illinois and has been clerk, grain merchant, hardware dealer, iron and steel manufacturer, trust organizer and Napoleon of finance. He is a crack billiard player, a great amateur trap and wing shot, a lover of fast horses and a devotee of poker. As an evidence of his determined character it is related that he hunted the murderer of his elder brother for twenty-eight years and finally brought him to justice.

ROCKS GROWING HEAVY

Terrible Position of Miner Who Lies Face Downward Covered With Tons of Earth and Still Lives.

St. Paul, April 19.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Thomas Mooney, a miner in the Granite mine near Philippsburg, was buried by a cave-in of several tons of rock Thursday. Several hundred men for thirty hours have been endeavoring to rescue their comrade, and they were able to converse with him. A second cave-in precipitated a great quantitly of loose earth over that covering Mooney, and narrowly missed entombing some of the rescuers. Mooney said he was lying face downward, and he believed that one leg was broken. He said the weight of earth was becoming very oppressive but was urged to have good cheer. It will be impossible for the mine officials to reach him before this afternoon. Mooney is 40 years old, a native of New York and a man of wonderful physique, which leads to the belief that he will yet be rescued.

SEQUEL TO CROSS CASE

Scanlon-Gipson Lumber Company Sues Germania Bank to Recover $4050, Drawn Out By Firm's Former Employes.

Minneapolis, April 19—(Special to The Herald.)—A sequel of the arrest of James and Fred Cross, at the instance of the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, two weeks ago, was developed yesterday, when the company named brought action against the Germania bank to collect $4050. This money, the lumber company claims, had been given the bank that it might be placed to its credit. The bank asks for a bill of particulars. The complaint does not claim specifically whether there were any acts of forgery or not.

The Cross boys, it will be remembered, were in the employ of the Scanlon-Gipson company, one of them being a trusted accountant. It is claimed that he forged the firm's name on checks given to the Germania bank. When the brothers were arrested it was stated that they had secured a very considerable sum in this way, but no definite amount was given. It is now supposed that the Cross boys, who have been indicted, secured the amount mentioned in the complaint filed by the Scanlon-Gipson company yesterday.

DEAD MAN A TRAIN ROBBER

San Antonio, Tex., April 19.—Mrs. L. A. Cox, of Abilene, Texas, has arrived in the city and further identified the man killed by Officer Pink Taylor, Wednesday morning, as her son, Orland Camillo Hanks, the alleged train robber. On the body of the dead man was found between $400 and $500 in bank bills, of the National Bank of Montana, which has been identified as money taken from the Great Northern express train at Wagner, Montana, July 3, 1901.

FALLING OFF

In the Enrollment at University of Michigan.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 19.—The official figures for the enrollment in the University of Michigan this year have just been given out. The grand total is 3709, which is just three less than last year. The regular session shows a net gain of 26 and the summer session a loss of 29. The literary and engineering departments are where the only gains have been made. The loss in medical and dental schools are due to the increased requirements for graduation. Michigan furnishes 2162 students.

MORRIS OUT FOR GOOD

Under No Circumstances Will Be Candidate.

States That the Field Is Now Open to All.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—"The action of the house on my amendment to the Cuban tariff bill yesterday will have no effect upon my determination to retire from congress on March 4 next," said Representative Morris to The Herald correspondent this afternoon.

"I am not a candidate and shall not be a candidate for re-election. I reached this determination more than a year ago and should have announced myself then, but for the desires of my friends.

"As it is, I made the announcement when I did, so as to leave no reason for any one to assert that my course was actuated by anything which the house might do on the Cuban question. If my amendment had been defeated before the announcement was made, it might have been charged that I was influenced by the action of the house. I am not a candidate and the field is open to all."

KINNEY IS RETICENT

Has No Desire to Become Active In Politics But May Yield to the Solicitations of His Friends.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—O. D. Kinney, of Duluth, left for Philadelphia yesterday morning. During his stay here some of his friends urged him to make the race for the Republican nomination for congress now that Judge Morris has decided that he will not stand for re-election. Mr. Kinney was non-committal as to what he might do, and while he said that he had no desire to become active in politics, and was not a candidate in any sense of the term at the present time, his friends gained the impression that if it was shown that he could be of great service to the Republican party and to Duluth in congress, he might waive his personal preferences and yield to the solicitations of his host of friends and admirers in the Eighth district.

NEGROES MURDER TWO

Highwaymen Hold Up a Party Returning From a Dance and Kill Two Well Known Young Men.

Greensburg, April 19.—While a number of young people were returning from a dancing party early this morning, two masked negro highwaymen held up the party in the lead, at the point of revolvers overpowered Charles McQuillis and forced him to turn over his money and watch. Meanwhile Miss Annie Hill, who was with him, ran back and notified the others, who hurried to the rescue. The highwaymen immediately opened fire and Alexander McNaught and Frank McQuillis were shot dead. The robbers then fled to a thicket and have not yet been captured. A reward of $500 has been offered for their apprehension, and officers are searching the country. It is believed they were miners from the Jamieson coal works, where scores of negroes are employed.

MAILED IN ENGLAND

Treasury Officials Will Put a Stop To a Little Scheme of Some American Merchants To Save Postage.

New York, April 19.—It seems hardly creditable that business circulars of firms in the United States should be sent to England to be mailed here to addresses in the United States for the purpose of saving postage, yet this is the actual fact, according to the Herald correspondent at London. This curious state of affairs is said to have been revealed at Liverpool by the treasury instructions to the customs officers located there.

These officers have been ordered to seize large consignments of circulars sent by business men in the United States to their Liverpool agents. These firms receive circulars in bulk, which are then addressed, have a ½ penny stamp put upon them and are dropped into the Liverpool postoffice, to be carried back to America in the mails. The postage rate under the laws of Great Britain for such circulars is a ½ penny for two ounces in all countries in the postal union, but in the United States, the postage is 2 cents, equivalent to 1 penny. It is therefore obvious that business firms who send out thousands of circulars each week save money by shipping them in bulk at a low rate of freight to Liverpool and then having them sent back to the United States.

The attention of the treasury officials was called to this matter by an official in the Liverpool postoffice, who noticed that several large consignments of American trade circulars addressed to parties in the United States had been posted in Liverpool.

He investigated the matter and found that the practice had been in vogue for some little time.

The result of his investigation is that immediate steps have been taken to stop the business.

OBJECT TO TRANSFER

Attorney-General Douglass Will Appear Before Judge Lochren And Ask That Merger Suit Be Remanded to District Court Again.

St. Paul, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Attorney General Douglas will appear next week before Judge Lochren in the United States court to move that the suit of Minnesota against the Northern Pacific and Great Northern and Northern Securities company, which Judge Otis yesterday transferred to the federal court, be again remanded to the district court of Ramsey county.

Mr. Douglas expects at that time to ask leave to strike from his bill of complaint all allegations of violations of federal statutes.

This has not been finally determined upon, but is under consideration and this action is probably a step likely to send the case back to the state courts.

Mr. Douglas expects that when the matter comes up before Judge Lochren, the attorneys for the merger will again renew their motion made before the case was transferred from the district court to declare void the service on Mr. Hill as president of the Northern Securities company on the ground in his official capacity he is not a citizen of Minnesota. It is possible too, that the entire question of jurisdiction may be raised when the motion to remand is made before Judge Lochren.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Who Needs My Book?

Please Tell Me Some Sick One
Who Feeds My Help.

No Money is Wanted.

Have you a friend who needs help?
Will you spend a penny to cure him or her?

I ask only a postal card.

Just the name and address of some sick one; tell me which book to send.

I will furnish him the best help that medicine can give. I will offer it in such a way that he cannot decline it.

There will be nothing to pay if I fail.

I will even do this:

With the book I will send an order on your druggist for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I will authorize your druggist to let the sick one take it for a month. If it succeeds, the cost is $5.50. If it fails, I will send your druggist my check for it.

I will leave the decision to the person who is sick.

Please note what that means.

Suppose you were sick, and common treatments had failed with you. Suppose you were discouraged.

Suppose a well-known physician came to you and said: "Here is a remedy that I spent a lifetime in perfecting. I have tested it in more than 600,000 cases, and I know what it will do. Take it at my risk, and if it fails I will pay for it."

When this physician showed such faith as that, would you neglect his offer?

No; and your sick friend will not.

I do not always succeed.

Some conditions have causes, like cancer, which I cannot cure. But such conditions are so rare that I take the risk with all.

My records for years show that 39 in each 40 who get those six bottles pay for them, because they get well.

That is a remarkable record.

It results from the fact that I have learned how to strengthen the inside nerves. I don't doctor the organs that are weak. I bring back the nerve power which operates those organs. I give them the strength to do their duty, and that is all that is needed.

My books explain all. But the great fact is this: Anybody may test my treatment without risking a penny, and 39 in each 40 who test it get well.

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book No. 2 on the Heart.
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys.
Book No. 4 for Women.
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed.)
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

IT IS NOT NEEDED

Northern Pacific Tells Why It Closed West End Station.

Denies Claims of Mandamus Suit --- Station Not Necessary.

Shows What Vast Sums of Money It Is Spending Here.

The case of the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners against the Northern Pacific railroad, to compel the road to reinstate its station at Twentieth avenue west, came up in special term of district court this morning, but it was not heard.

The company demanded a jury trial, but this demand may not be insisted upon. It was agreed that if the demand for a jury is waived, the case will come up before the court April 28. If it is insisted upon the case cannot be tried until May.

The company filed its answer to the mandamus proceedings in the office of the clerk of the district court this morning, and asks that the writ be quashed.

The substance of the company's answer is that the station is not needed, that the company is not by law required to keep it up, and that the company has done already a great deal for Duluth in the way of improvements and better service.

In its answer the company denies that the growth of the business center in the neighborhood of Twentieth avenue west was attributed to the existence of the station, and alleges that it is a natural result of the growth of the city of Duluth, which on account of the topography of the land was obliged to extend and naturally did extend westward from the center of the city along the level ground between the high bluffs on one side and Lake Superior on the other.

It is alleged that the main business street of the city runs parallel with and only a block from the defendant's road from the Union depot to Twentieth avenue west, a distance of 1.3 miles, and that west of Twentieth avenue only four miles, the company has another station, at Fifty-ninth avenue west.

It is claimed that the change whereby the trains run first to Superior and then back to West Duluth has resulted in very much better service, and that it complies with the old St. Paul & Duluth charter. The train stops to let off passengers and take them on at Twentieth avenue west and delivers freight in car lots there.

The answer shows that the company has increased its terminal facilities in Duluth, built a new freight house at Fifth avenue west at a cost of $40,000, a shed 884 feet long by 60 feet wide; that it has built a new roundhouse and has in process of construction on Rice's Point very large yards at a cost of $250,000; that it has spent $8600 in filling and making tracks between the Union station and Garfield avenue; that it has built a viaduct on Garfield avenue at a cost of $85,000.

Since the purchase of the St. Paul & Duluth road the company claims it has spent more than $300,000 in improvements in the Duluth terminals and service. It thinks, in view of the nearness of other stations to the Twentieth avenue station, that no station need be operated there. It claims that the board's order to open the station was unreasonable, unlawful and void, and that that is the reason it did not obey it.

J. L. Washburn is the Duluth representative of the road in the suit.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

Is Now In Syracuse.

Gaston Borch, who was for some time a resident of this city and a valued member of Flanten's orchestra by reason of his fine ability as a 'cellist, is now in Syracuse and is the director of a symphony orchestra there. It gave its first operatic concert recently and was favorably commented on by the newspapers, the conductor coming in for much credit. Mrs. Borch sang and was given a fine reception.

MURDERER

Of Nora Fuller Was C. B. Hadley, An Accountant.

San Francisco, April 19.—Chief of Police Willimann officially announced this morning that the murderer of Nora Fuller was C. B. Hadley, for fourteen years accountant in the business office of a local newspaper. On Jan. 16, the day of the disappearance of Nora Fuller, C. B. Hadley disappeared and he has not been seen since. Theodore Kilka, the handwriting expert, declares that the hand which wrote the name Charles B. Hawkins to the reply to the advertisement luring Nora Fuller to her death was that of C. B. Hadley. Nora Fuller, a 16-year-old girl, left her home Jan. 16, to answer an advertisement for a nurse girl. A month later her nude body was found in a vacant house on Summer street. She had been murdered.

Diamonds
THAT ARE DIAMONDS.

Few people are familiar enough with diamonds to buy them intelligently. It's almost always a matter of confidence in the Jeweler

Our reputation, standing and future compel the strictest honesty of representation and fairness of prices. Our stock is selected with great care, and we charge the same percentage of profit as on other gems. Prices start at $3.50 and run up to $250.00, each piece being the finest that could be produced to sell for the money asked.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.,
334 W. Superior St. Providence Bldg.

ENTERS A PROTEST

A Merchant Objects to the Advance In Mercantile Insurance.

Claims Duluth Has Shown No Losses to Justify It.

Duluth Should Not Pay as High Rates as Does Superior.

"I see," said one of the largest merchants on Superior street, this morning, "that the insurance company managers are talking of reducing the commissions paid to their agents for writing risks. It seems that this reduction, as I gather it from publications on the subject, is to apply only to the commission paid for writing dwelling risks.

"Now, I don't pretend to know much about the inside of the insurance business, but it strikes me that if any advantage is going to be given any class of risks in this town, it ought to be mercantile risks. That class has surely suffered enough in the way of constantly being boosted during the last few years. It was only a few months ago that we were advanced 50 or 60 cents. The large furniture stores were raised 50 cents, the department stores 60 or 70 cents, one clothing house 50 cents, and there are numerous instances of advances of 25 or 30 cents.

"Now, it is a fact, I believe, that we are charged as much for insurance as is Superior. There is no comparison of the safety of mercantile risks here and in Superior. The wooden building district there is much larger, and our brick buildings are of a much better class than Superior's. Moreover, there is no comparison between the relative facilities of the two cities for fighting fires. The Superior department has 32 men on its pay roll. Our department has 89. We all know, or believe, at least, that Chief Black is one of the very best fire fighters in this country. He surely has a more efficient organization than the town across the bay.

"There is that much discrimination against us right here at home. It surely ought not to exist. It isn't right in theory or application.

"Now go a little farther from home, but stick to our own state. The annual report of the state insurance commissioner shows that the fire losses incurred all over the state each year for the past five years have averaged 53 per cent. The same report shows that Duluth's precentage of loss to premiums paid for the same period has been only 37 per cent.

"Right on the surface, therefore, we find a palpable discrimination against Duluth, as compared with Superior in hazard of risk and facilities for fighting fire, and also in actual results as compared with the whole state of Minnesota.

"But if we go a little deeper into the subject we find that pretty well one-half the total loss incurred in Duluth in all of the large loss years has been due to losses of an industrial character. There have been no mercantile losses of any extent in Duluth during the last five years. Our total loss in 1900 was only 17 per cent of the amount of premiums paid here to the insurance companies. It was only 35 per cent in 1898 and 23 in 1897. The loss in 1901 was swelled by the state normal school and pavilion fires. Both of these were beyond the water limits, and surely they were not mercantile risks. In 1899 the loss total was swelled by large sawmill and sash factory fires.

"Now, in the first place, I don't believe Duluth should suffer as a whole because Superior is a worse risk and because Superior doesn't afford adequate fire fighting facilities. Nor do I believe we should suffer because the rest of Minnesota, as shown by premium and loss returns, make a poorer showing than Duluth. That seems like arguing by inversion. Still, it appears to be a favorite method with the insurance companies, and perhaps we shall have to pass that along.

"But coming down to the very point I raised in the beginning, why should the merchants of Duluth pay for the liability that is created by other classes of risks. Insurance men tell you that they can't draw the line so fine as to discriminate between various parts of their so-called districts, meaning collections of cities and territory. But they show by their action in frequently raising various classes of risks—as a class and in an individual way—that they do feel at liberty to classify various properties. They raise me 40 cents; they raise another man 25 cents or 5 cents and they raise still another 5 cents or 60 cents. So, it would appear to be not an act that would violate their sacred faith if they were to give mercantile risks the reduction they deserve. Because Philadelphia department stores had suffered large fire losses, was there any particular reason, district or otherwise, why Duluth merchants should be raised? Now that they have advanced other classes of risks, is it not a confession that we were raised without reason?

"If there is going to be a reduction in agents' commissions, and the insurance companies feel that they must continue to discriminate against merchants in their schedules, let them cut first the commission for soliciting business risks."

THE BILL MAY DIE

Cuban Measure May Not Get Out of Senate Committee.

Senators Think Differential Amendment Will Kill It.

Payne Says Amendment Takes Off Countervailing Duty.

Washington, April 19.—High tension was manifest among the members of the house today as a result of the action of the house last night in overriding the ways and means committee on the Cuban reciprocity bill. Chairman Payne took the reverse philosophically. He pointed out that the effect of the amendment was to take off not only the differential on sugar, but also the countervailing duty provided by the Dingley law, a result not intended by the author of the amendment.

Mr. Morris (Minn.), who framed the amendment is examining the Dingley and other laws to determine whether Mr. Payne's point is good. Mr. Morris said from his inquiry so far, he did not think the claim was good, but if it was the matter could easily be remedied by amendment.

The senate is by no means decided as to what it will do with the measure. The measure reached the senate a few minutes after that body convened today and was received with exceptional interest which was made evident by the private comment of senators.

The bill goes to the committee on relations with Cuba, which is composed of seven Republicans and four opposition senators, Mr. Platt (Conn.) being chairman. When asked today if he felt disposed to outline his view of the probable course of the committee with reference to the measure, Senator Platt declined to say more than that a meeting would be called at an early date to decide upon a course of action, merely adding, "we are not going to lose our composure, but will consider the question carefully." The best opinion is that the bill will remain committee for some time and a Republican senator suggested the possibility of an investigation into the question of probable beneficiaries under the proposed reduction if made.

If the bill had been passed the house without an amendment removing the differential on refined sugar it would have received the support of two of the four opposition members of the committee. These are Messrs. Money and Simmons and they are now more than ever pleased with it. On the other hand, at least two of the Republican members, Messrs. McMillan and Spooner, oppose the bill. The indications are that the Democratic strength of the committee will now be thrown to the support of the differential amendment. Hence it seems probable that the character of the report to be made to the senate, if any is made will depend upon the other Republican members of the committee, Messrs. Platt, Aldrich, Cullom, Deboe and Burnham.

Senator Teller says he will support any action calculated to kill the bill in the senate and he is inclined to think that the house adoption of the amendment for the removal of the differential will have that effect. There are not a few senators who predict that the bill will be allowed to die in committee.

NEW TARIFF.

Transcontinental Rate on Lumber Is of Much Interest.

The new transcontinental class tariff will be made effective June 1. This tariff will make general changes throughout the list of merchandise, and is of great interest to Duluth, particularly to the Marshall-Wells Hardware company. The changes have been under investigation and consideration for a number of months.

The two north coast lines in conjunction with the Burlington have, it is said, announced a through rate on Pacific coast lumber to Chicago that is equivalent to 8 cents as its share for the haul from Minnesota Transfer to Chicago. The effect of this will probably be, if the tariff is left in, to result in an open local tariff from Minneapolis to Chicago of 8 cents. The Minneapolis & St. Louis put in the rate in the first place. The other roads exerted influence to induce it to withdraw, and it did so, but not until the Burlington had met the cut from 10 cents.

It now turns out that the north coast lines and their ally have decided to conciliate coast lumbermen by giving them a better rate into Chicago than Duluth gets. The coast lumbermen were angry when the published tariff from Duluth to Chicago was reduced to 10 cents, though all the time for some years nothing more than this rate had been quoted on the quiet. The demoralization that was looked for in the first place is again predicted. It is claimed that if Minneapolis gets an 8-cent rate to Chicago, Duluth should also have it. During the open season of navigation it makes little difference to this city, except in its tendency to prevent an exorbitant advance in the lumber lake freight market.

At $2.50 or less the lake freight on rough lumber is probably lower than an 8-cent rate by rail would be, for 3000 pounds is considered a fair average weight of a thousand feet of lumber, though some extra dry will weigh as low as 2500 pounds, and the vessels at their price pay for the loading.

TELEPHONES.

We will have to admit that our service is not what it ought to be, but it is gradually improving. We cannot expect to give first-class service until we get our new board installed. The manufacturers are under heavy penalty to deliver this board by June 1st and installed and in complete working order by July 15th, 1902—two months sooner than we had figured on. Bear with us and our operators and we will do the best we can to furnish you service, and your patience will be rewarded when we get our new central installed.

Our toll line business is showing an substantial increase. One trial leads to continual use. With reasonable rates and good service we command the business. Have you used it yet?

ZENITH CITY TELEPHONE CO.

KEEPING OUT OPIUM

Time Has Come When Opium Trade Should Be Suppressed.

Three Residents of San Francisco Now Get All Profits.

Awful Spread of This Asiatic Plague In United States.

From The Herald
Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 19.—(Spcial to The Herald.)—A few days ago Senator Foster of Washington, acting for Senator Mason of Illinois, who was temporarily absent, presented a petition from the Chinese Empire Reform association, urging the enactment of a law to absolutely prohibit the importation of opium for smoking purposes into the United States.

It would appear that the time has come when congress should act, if a tithe of the reports concerning the opium traffic in this country are true.

A brief history of the negotiations between China and America for the suppression of the trade is interesting.

In the year 1880 a treaty was formulated between the governments of the United States and China, and, in accordance with a stipulation to that convention, marked "Article two," it was agreed that no citizen of the United States, nor any subject of the emperor of China, should enjoy the commercial privilege of trafficking in opium between any of the open ports of China, and it was further provided that no citizen of the United States should engage in buying opium in any of the above-mentioned open ports.

This treaty was proclaimed by the president of the United States in 1881. Congress in 1887 passed an act to provide for the execution of the provisions of this treaty. Thereupon, the clause relating to this subject became the supreme law of the land immediately upon the consummation of this act of congress by the president's signature.

No person of well-balanced mind will doubt for a moment the good faith and purpose intended by both nations in framing this highly moral bit of international law. It was evident that the intention was to prevent further trade between the two countries, in an article which was rapidly destroying the physical and moral standard of China, and had already gained a dangerous foothold in America. But on account of the limited control the United States may have over foreigners residing in this country, the treaty and the statute became but blank cartridges so far as the opium trade was concerned, for they only served to transfer the traffic from the Chinese and American traders into the hands of foreigners.

Under the present conditions the wonderful profits that are known to accrue from the sale of this pernicious drug in the United States are divided, strange as it may seem, between three prominent residents of San Francisco. When it became evident to the Chinese merchants that it would be unsafe for them to attempt the importation of opium, they cast about for some foreigner who might be induced for a heavy consideration, to act as their agent. He in assume, before our customs authorities that he was the sole importer, and that he was in no way connected with Chinese or American traders. They found such an agent in H. G. Plapfair, an English banker residing in San Francisco.

Of course this was a mere subterfuge, calculated to dodge the law, but it worked most satisfactorily to all concerned. There is one agency for the great opium firm of Macao, China, in San Francisco. That firm substantially imports all the opium that is sold in this country. This, of course, must be done through the connivance of their English go-between. The foreign agent receives a commission of $5 on each case of opium imported. This accounts for two of this trinity. Now for the third. Of course, there must be some one to act as customs broker. This has been intrusted to one of the most prominent brokerage firms of that city.

Such Chinese as are engaged in the retail opium trade of the coast, declare that they receive no profit worth mentioning from the sale of the drug. Besides all well-thinking Chinese are more than anxious that opium be placed on the list of contraband articles. It may seem astonishing and serve as a kindergarten lesson to the good citizens of the United States when they are told that the toy kingdom of Hawaii many years ago forbade the importation of opium to the islands, realizing that the use of the drug meant the certain destruction of the Hawaiian race, and it seems almost incredible that with all our boasted civilization the lawmakers of free America have never shown that same regard for the morality of our citizens as was evidenced by this semi-civilized monarchy in the Pacific isles.

It must be palpable to all right-thinking Americans that there is crying need of national legislation to check the awful spread of this Asiatic plague, opium smoking, among our own citizens; it must be palpable, for the reason that nearly every municipality of importance in the United States has passed most stringent laws to exterminate the evil, and it would certainly occur to an observer that these laws would hardly be necessary did the evil not exist.

In the city of San Francisco, it has been stated that there are, at the lowest estimate, at least 10,000 white persons who are confirmed opium smokers. This form of dissipation, if the curse may be dignified by such a name, is about as well known in Chicago, Denver and New York as it is there, and there is scarcely a village on the Pacific coast without its resort for white opium smokers. Even some of the small towns in New England have found it necessary to drive these degenerates across their municipal lines as a protection against the spread of the opium plague among the young men and women there.

Realizing the demoralizing influence and effect of this decidedly un-American vice, Senator Mason, of Illinois, has introduced a bill in the senate, and a similar bill has been introduced in the house, by Representative Blakeney, of Maryland, which will put an end to the importation of opium to this country as soon as either of the bills become a law.

A rather respectable lobby has arrived in Washington, presumably looking out for the interests of the San Francisco opium agents, as two of the men who have been haunting the committee rooms asking for information regarding the bill mentioned, are known to be from that city, and in all probability these men will use every effort to defeat the bill. Both Senator Mason and Representative Blakeney declare that it will require small effort on their part to pass it, as consideration in committee will scarcely require more than five minutes of time.

* * *

Representative Grosvenor of Ohio is making a strong effort to get through congress at this session what is known as the Hoar-Grosvenor anti-injunction and anti-conspiracy bill. This bill is far-reaching in its effects, as it will restrict and regulate, by limiting the meaning of the word conspiracy, the use of restraining orders in strikes without giving aid or encouragement to law-breaking. Every combination, agreement and conspiracy to do any unlawful act, criminal when committed by one person, that will interfere with or obstruct interstate commerce will be illegal, and the making of such an agreement or combination will remain an offense. All criminal and unlawful acts committed or threatened in restraint of such commerce will be enjoinable the same as now. The advocates of the bill say its enactment will give assurance to laboringmen that they will not be subjected to injunctions and restraining orders and contempt proceedings for alleged disobedience to orders of a court, couched in legal and intricate phrases, to which they have never intended disobedience, and at times when they have not done any act except to counsel with their fellow-workmen and agree on a course of action in contemplation of or during trade disputes.

"This bill," said Mr. Grosvenor, "will permit men in large bodies in the employ of railroads and transportation companies doing an interstate business to combine or agree to quit work when by so acting they do not knowingly endanger or destroy life or property. Such agreements or combinations by employes can no longer be enjoined or restrained. Therefore the employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, or of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad company, or of many others doing an interstate business, may combine or agree as a body, or in large bodies, to abandon the company in violation of their individual contracts to work for it if a trade dispute between the company and its employes be pending or even contemplated. Such combinations can not be enjoined or restrained, for the reasons: First, the agreement or combination, now a crime, is by the bill pronounced not a crime; second, "such agreement, combination or contract" is no longer to "be considered as in restraint of trade or commerce;" and third, "nor shall any restraining order or injunction be issued with relation thereto." The committee on the judiciary has reported the bill to the House with a strong recommendation that it be passed.

* * *

The proposed state, executive and judicial building will be one of the most costly federal buildings in Washington. According to present plans it will cost almost $7,000,000 exclusive of site and it will surprise no one if the limit is raised from time to time in course of its construction until the aggregate appropriation far exceeds that amount. The site selected is the square on Pennsylvania avenue opposite the War, State and Navy building and one of the finest in the city for a government building. The bill authorizing the construction of the new building was introduced early this session of congress, but it was not reported to the senate from the committee on public buildings and grounds until last Saturday. The delay of the committee in reporting it was caused by an uncertainty as to whether offices for the president should be provided. As reported to the senate, it not only makes provision for executive offices but for the holding of large official receptions by the president that would overtax the White House.

The White House was constructed and occupied in November, 1800. It was rebuilt in 1829. When first occupied the country had a population of 3,250,000. The fact that 100 years have elapsed and that the population is approximately fifteen times as great would seem to afford argument for giving to the president additional accommodations. The subject of enlarging the White House or providing space elsewhere in the vicinity for the force of clerks and an office for the president in which he might transact his official business, reserving to his family and to himself some measure of domestic privacy, has been a subject of official recommendation from time to time.

By providing for the state department in the new building, the war and navy departments will be enabled to occupy to good advantage the space thus to be vacated. The secretary of war recently sent to the senate committee a letter which directs attention to the overcrowded condition of the war department.

* * *

The independence of President Roosevelt in the making of federal appointments continues a subject of comment among members of congress. From the beginning of his administration Mr. Roosevelt has selected his appointees in accordance with his own views as to their qualifications and with a spirit of indifference as to whether they were or were not favored by the senators from their respective states. The president's most recent manifestation of this indifference was in the case of Eugene F. Ware, of Kansas, whom he selected as the successor of H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions. Mr. Roosevelt did not consult the Republican senator from Kansas, Mr. Burton, and then appoint Ware; instead he appointed Ware and then consulted Mr. Burton, much to the chagrin of the senator. Ware's name had not been mentioned for the commissionership and when the announcement that he would be appointed reached Mr. Burton the latter was amazed. Burton, who is a new senator, has a very exaggerated notion of the importance of his influence in the distribution of federal patronage in Kansas, and he has endeavored to arrogate to himself the selection of all Kansas appointees. That the president should appoint a Kansas Republican to the commissionership of pensions, by far the most important federal position that has gone to the state, without so much as even intimating that he intended to do so, was a surprise and a shock, from which the senator has not yet recovered. He acquiesced with as much grace as possible, however, and will not oppose confirmation of Mr. Ware's nomination when it comes before the senate. The president has also failed to consult other senators in the selection of officials and in some instances his thoughtlessness has created displeasure, which threatened complications, but which ended by the statesmen at the capitol swallowing their wrath and falling in with the president's program.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.
Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

New hats at Madame Warde's every Wednesday and Thursday through the season. 5 West Superior street.

REMODELED!
In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.
TURKISH BATH PARLORS,
210 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The Biggest Fish
Cannot break our Line this year. We have all kinds of Tackle.
We have a nice new line of Bicycles from $15 to $50.
Northern Hdw. Co.
222 W. Superior St.
WALLACE WELLS. R D. ANNIS.

Art Nouveau In WALL PAPER
Never before has Art been so handsomely exemplified in Wall Papers as in designs we are receiving for the present season.
Our designs and colorings are exclusively OUR OWN and our aim is to DECORATE your home.
We should be pleased to furnish you designs for INTERIOR FITMENTS of any style and with workmen to execute the same.
We are prepared to furnish workmen for Fresco, Relief and Wall Paper, Decorating, Hardwood and Floor Finishers.
Interior and Exterior Painting and Enamel Work. We guarantee all material furnished by us to be the best.
H. A. HALL & CO.
16 E. Superior St. 'Phone 534. DECORATORS.

PARTY OF IRON MEN

Go Up to the Mesaba to View Iron Properties.

Representatives of Deering Harvester Works Among Them.

Other Iron Companies Are Represented In the Party.

A distinguished party of iron and steel men arrived here this noon over the Omaha road. The members of the party were joined here by President L. W. Hill and Traffic Manager W. W. Broughton, of the Eastern Minnesota, who had provided a special train for them for passage over the range. As soon as the visitors could be transferred to the Union depot the special steamed out over the Eastern for the range.

Among the members of the party were Mr. Deering, the head of the great Deering Harvester works at Chicago, and General Manager Clark, of the same company; President Alex. Thompson, of the Republic Iron and Steel company; W. F. Hazelton, of Pickands, Mather & Co., and J. W. Rhodes and Mr. Ohl, well known iron men of Pittsburg.

Capt. Maitland, of Ishpeming, and C. H. Munger, manager of the mining interests of Pickands, Mather & Co., accompanied the party to the range.

The Deering people are generally accredited with the purchase or of obtaining control of the Kinney-Hawkins mine from the Eastern Minnesota. This deal involved over half a million dollars. The purchasers have had men at work on the property since the deal proving up the estimates of the former losses. It is supposed that the Deering people are going up to look over it for themselves. As the part the Eastern played in the deal will give it the ore traffic from the property, it was natural Mr. Hill and Mr. Broughton should join them.

It is supposed that Mr. Hazelton is interested in the acquisition of the Maitland properties on the Mesaba range, by the Youngstown Tube people. These two properties are also said to be in the process of being proved up.

It is also rumored that some other deals are pending in which the visitors are interested. It is said by others, however, that all properties that are in shape to be disposed of are already in strong hands.

NO STRING TO IT.

L. M. Willcuts Says Morris Letter Is Final.

L. M. Willcuts said this morning that the letter of Congressman Morris declining to run for congress again was bona fide and final, and that he has not the slightest intention of again running for congress. He said that Mr. Morris has had in mind for a couple of years his retirement from congress, and that he means to do it.

When Mr. Kinney's possible candidacy was referred to, Mr. Willcuts said:

"Mr. Kinney would make an excellent congressman. He is a man of large capacity, brainy and would be an effective man in the house. He is eminently qualified for the place in every way."

MANY TAKING FARMS

Settlers Filing On Lands In Little Fork Country.

There is something like a rush for farm lands along the valley of the Little Fork river. About twenty entries were made today at the local land office by a party of men from Minneapolis.

These lands are the pick of the agricultural section of the Rainy River country. The prevailing timber is hardwood, consisting of a very fair quality of oak and much yellow and black birch. Soft maple is also abundant and furnishes a very fair article of sugar. The woods also produce great quantities of wild plums. These are so plentiful that the earlier settlers along the river counted upon the plums as one of their regular crops and the small steamers plying between Fort Francis and Rat Portage were loaded to the guards with birch bark packages containing the fruit. Game of all kinds abounds in the valleys traversed by the Big and Little Fork rivers and fish are very abundant.

The completion of the railroad to Koochiching will undoubtedly witness a genuine stampede up the splendid agricultural region that it traverses.

"THE VIKING."

Minneapolis Young Men, Numbering a Hundred, Are Here.

One hundred young men, marching four abreast, emerged from the Union depot train shed this afternoon just after the arrival of the Eastern Minnesota train from Minneapolis. They marched up Fifth avenue to Superior street just as if they owned the thoroughfare.

They carried suit cases, some of them had been able to make the raise of two. Each of these suit cases bore a paster of some sort, printed in red ink. Until they came within reading distance there were numerous wagers as to what that paster meant. Some concluded that it was a bunch that had been over to break the bank at Monte Carlo. Others thought that they had been doing Paris, and so on all sorts of speculation were engaged in.

When the first rank got up close it was seen that the labels read "The Viking."

"Very Doubtful" Jones, city ticket agent of the Eastern Minnesota at Minneapolis, who acted as chaperone for this nice but large party, volunteered to explain, as the crowd went up Superior street, Third avenue west, First street and back to the Spalding by way of Fourth avenue west.

"They were billed to give their musical comedy in Minneapolis for three nights," he said. "For a week or ten days past the people have been falling over one another to get seats, but none were to be had. And I want to tell you that you never saw a better show than the boys put up. Many of them have appeared in college amateur theatricals at Harvard and other universities, and they're no beginners."

The party came up over the Eastern, occupying two sleepers and a chair car. Part of them will go back tonight after the performance and the rest will leave tomorrow.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Delighted crowds nightly

Judge Cant has filed his findings in the case of Cameron R. Rust against Albert Kitto, foreclosing a mortgage on two-thirds interest in lands in 62-15 and 61-15. Kitto was indebted, the court finds, to the Stone-Ordean-Wells company in the sum of $1346.60 and to the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company in the sum of $873.51, and he gave a mortgage to the plaintiffs to secure those claims, which the court has now foreclosed, giving judgment for $3166.51.

Rev. G. Campbell Morgan will address the Duluth Ministerial association in the First Methodist church Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Charles Walker has begun suit in district court against Mrs. S. E. Beach and others to foreclose a mortgage for $1158.96 on lot 2, block 13, town of Grant. I. Gretum is the attorney.

L. M. Bolter has sued H. J. Fleischer for $53.96 on promissory notes in district court. Adams & Miller are the attorneys.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Ulrick A. Morn, of Norway; Gust V. Hill, of Russia, and Uno Ivar Hugo Lofgren, of Sweden.

A gospel concert will be given this evening at the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street. The principal numbers on the program will be by Professor C. A. Health, of Philadelphia, assisted by Miss Myrtle Taber. The Baptist church choir will render several numbers and a duet by Mrs. Otto Carlson and Mrs. C. Hagburg.

New hat at Madame Warde's every Wednesday and Thursday through the season. 5 West Superior street.

M. A. Fedje today received the news of the death of his father-in-law, Samuel Weidmann, of Reedsburg, Wis. Mr. Weidmann was a pioneer of that city and has been a confirmed invalid for the past thirty years. He was 68 years of age and leaves a wife and grown up family. Mrs. Fedje was in attendance at her father's bedside when the end came.

The Barker estate will probably put three dipper dredges to work on government contract next week.

Parlor theater. Latest vaudeville.

The log-towing tug Keystone that left on Thursday night for Ashland, had to put back. The dynamo that runs the search light gave out. Repairs were made and she left again today.

The tugs Natt Stickney and Eliza Williams were inspected by the local steamboat inspectors today.

The Rebekahs and Odd Fellows of the city will go over to Superior tomorrow to assit the Superior lodges in celebrating the anniversary of the order. The members will leave Odd Fellows' hall at 1 o'clock tomorow afternoon. Next Sunday the Duluth Odd Fellows and Rebekahs will celebrate and the Superior members will come over here.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Hannaford's for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

PERSONALS.

Miss Edith Holett, who has been visiting her cousin Mrs. F. H. Gilbert, will leave for her home in Stillwater today.

Miss Jennie Crowley is attending the annual convention of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters in Chicago.

Professor C. H. Fay left yesterday for the East in a few days for a rest and vacation.

R. N. Marble will go to Chicago this afternoon over the fast mail.

G. R. Laybourn left this afternoon over the Eastern Minnesota for Minneapolis.

J. E. Woodworth, of Minneapolis, of the Woodworth Elevator company, is in the city today.

A. B. Wolvin expects to go East tomorrow.

Mrs. R. N. Marble is expected back from the East next week.

A. Jaedecke, of Ishpeming, who has been spending the day at the St. Louis, will leave over the South Shore this evening for home.

Miss Agnes Carroll has gone to St. Paul via the Northern Pacific.

HIT BY CAR.

John Cameron's Son Severely Injured on East Fourth Street.

A son of Mr. and Mrs. John Cameron, of 1611 East Fourth street was seriously injured by a street car late this afternoon. How seriously could not be ascertained at a late hour.

The boy, with two other children, was crossing the East Fourth street tracks, between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues east. The other two children saw the car coming, but the unfortunate boy stepped on the west-bound track directly in front of a swiftly moving car.

The motorman dropped the fender and picked him up carrying him for half a rod when the little body doubled over and went under the car.

The head was severely cut and one leg broken, it is also thought that the back was seriously injured.

WEATHER INQUIRIES.

Fishermen Anxious to Know the Outlook.

Weather Observer Richardson was kept busy yesterday answering the telephone inquiries of anxious trout fishermen as to the prospects for fine weather tomorrow.

"Partly cloudy and a little warmer tomorrow with perhaps a sprinkling or two of rain," was what he kept telling the receiver.

"The railroads are the most constant inquiries at this office," said he when the fishermen gave him a breathing spell, but they nearly always want to know about the weather of a year or six months ago. This is because they have many claims made upon them for nondelivery of freight, perishable and otherwise, and also for demurrage on cars. Very frequently a man will kick on demurrage, insisting that the elements prevented him from unloading the cars that were delayed. Then the railroad claim agent telephones to the weather bureau and Mr. Man's complaint has the government records to back up against or to support his claim.

"The weather bureau also has figures showing by what temperatures perishable articles suffer from cold, and many claims for this sort of damage between shippers and consignees, as well as the railroads, are settled upon the evidence furnished by the records of the bureau.

"Again the mail train must keep to their schedule time or pay a forfeit. Now the elements play an important part in railway transportation and here again the bureau records often prevent the imposition of a swingeing fine for delay."

Some Don'ts

We don't advertise "eyes tested free" and then make it up by charging an exorbitant price for glasses.

We don't charge you more for the same glasses than we do somebody else because we think we can get it.

We don't send to Chicago for our lenses and keep you waiting three days.

We don't sell cheap glasses.

We don't sell you gold-filled frames and pretend they are solid gold.

C. D. TROTT, Optician.

STRIKE SPREADS.

Copenhagen, April 19.—The strie of dock laborers is spreading. Upwards of 8000 men are now out.

WANTS ALL ADVANTAGES.

Berlin, April 19.—The German government designs firmly to request of the United States all of the advantages of reciprocity treaties, when they are ratified. The Imperial chancellor, Count Von Buelow, asked for and obtained for Germany such privileges, by provisional agreement, two years ago, with France.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

Senate Appoints Committee of Conference on Exclusion Bill.

Will Represent the Majority Views of the Senate.

Cuban Reciprocity Bill Is Referred to the Committee.

Washington, April 19.—At the opening of routine business in the senate today, a joint resolution postponing the payment of taxes on real estate in the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1903, from November, 1902 to May, 1903, was adopted.

The senate agreed to the conference asked for by the house on the Chinese exclusion bill. The chair Mr. Frye) said that he felt bound to appoint conferees who would represent the majority sentiment of the senate. He named Messers. Platt (Conn.), Dillingham (Vt.) and Clay (Ga.)

Among the other measures passed was one granting permission for the erection of a monument or statue in Washington, D. C., to the memory and in honor of the late Benjamin F. Stevens and founder of the G. A. R. To confer jurisdiction on the court of claims to render judgment for the principal and interest in arrears for customs duties collected by the military authorities of the United States, upon articles imported into Porto Rico from the several states between April 11, 1899 and May 1, 1900; to place Lieut. Col. and Brevet Maj. Gen. Alex Webb on the retired list of the army, to construe the dependent pension bill of 1890 so as to include all persons who served ninety days during the civil war and who were honorably discharged, but excluding the six companies of the Sixth regiment of the United States volunteer infantry, who previously served in the Confederate army; to provide an American register for the bark Homeward Bound; for the temporary detention of persons dangerously insane in the District of Columbia.

Mr. Frye gave notice that on Monday next, immediately after routine business, he would call up the rivers and harbors bill for consideration.

At 2 p. m. the unfinished business—the Philippines government bill —was called up, but laid aside at the suggestion of Mr. Lodge, in charge of the measure. The senate continued the consideration of unobjected bills, the following being passed: Appropriating $50,000 for a public building at Marblehead, Mass.

The Cuban reciprocity bill was referred to the committee on relations with Cuba on motion of Senator Platt (Conn.).

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, April 19.—There was a buzz of excitement on the floor of the house when the session began today and members gathered in groups to discuss the stirring incidents of the vote on Cuban reciprocity last night. The subject was not referred to in the opening proceedings, however, except in Chairman Payne's correcting the record of some of the excited parliamentary sparring and when the house turned to routine business.

A resolution was agreed to for the payment of the expenses incident to the McKinley memorial exercises. A bill providing for two additional associate justices in Oklahoma created rather lively discussion on the proposal that the appointees shall be residents of the territory for one year. The bill was passed.

Bills were passed for a monument marking the site of the Fort Phil Kearney massacre; establishing an additional land office in Montana; regulating the introduction of eggs of game birds for propagation; reserving from the public lands in Oregon a public park for the benefit of the people of the United States and the protection and preservation of the game, fish and timber and all other natural objects.

The senate amendments to an additional urgency deficiency bill were agreed to and the bill now goes to the president for his approval. Saturday, May 10, was set aside to pay tribute to the memory of the late Representative Polk of Pennsylvania.

The house then took up the fortifications appropriation bill. Mr. Hemenway, in charge of the bill, explaining that it carried an appropriation of $6,662,455, being $80,558 less than the current law.

Mr. Grosvenor (O.) took occasion to talk on the action of the house yesterday on the Cuban reciprocity bill. He said that the differential on refined sugar had been placed in the Dingley bill against the protests of the sugar trust and at the request of the beet sugar producers.

He said that the beet sugar men had overreached themselves. In order to accomplish the humiliation of certain members of the house, they had not only struck off the differential on sugar, but also the countervailing duty on bounty produced sugar. Referring to what might occur in the senate he said the action of the house by the vote of the Democrats and the controlling factor in the house (the beet sugar Republicans) had made it impossible for the senate to remove the differential amendment. Those who voted to strike out the Morris amendment would be accused of favoring the sugar trust.

Replying to Mr. Grosvenor, Mr. Weeks (Mich.) one of those prominent in opposing the ways and means committee, commented satirically on Mr. Grosvenor's recent references to the young an inexperienced members.

The telegrams of congratulation had been pouring in today, Mr. Weeks said, from the governor of Michigan and from those high in the councils of the Republican party on the success of the movement against the reciprocity bill. With this home support behind them, he and his associates did not propose to have the "iniquitous" read to them by the gentleman from Ohio, or any other leader.

"Our motive was to kill that bill—that is the plain English of it," exclaimed Mr. Weeks, "and we believe that it is killed and that if it ever comes back from the senate, its friends will not be able to recognize it."

The fortifications bill was passed. The conference report on the legislative appropriation bill was agree to.

At 3:30 the house adjourned.

OUTLOOK IS FINE.

Capt. Singer Finds Good Prospects For the Summer.

Capt. W. H. Singer has returned from a trip to Chicago and the copper country. He says he found excellent prospects everywhere for a prosperous season on Lake Superior. The copper country, especially, seems to be recovering from its temporary hard times, due to the depression in copper and copper stocks. The improvement in the market has made many feel better, and any way it is too rich a country to remain in the dumps long.

Capt. Singer says he will initiate the season of excursions from Duluth down the north shore as soon as the Iroquois arrives. He expects the Eastern Minnesota will send some excursion parties up here as early as the first part of next month. These parties will be routed through to north shore points as a general thing.

SHARP EARTHQUAKE.

San Francisco, April 19.—A sharp earthquake shock was felt here shortly after 8 a. m. today.

A COAL-MINER'S AWFUL PERIL

SAVED BY A MINISTER FROM A TERRIBLE DEATH.

The Story of the Rescue as Told by the Man Himself—To the Knowledge and Confidence of the Rev. Ernest Graves He Owes His Life.

David Collins, a coal miner, employed in one of the mines at New Straitsville, Ohio, had a narrow escape from a horrible death. He tells the story himself as follows:

"While I was at work in the mine," he says, "I began to notice a feeling of oppression. It came upon me very gradually, but steadily grew worse and worse until finally I became really sick. My stomach was most affected. It became very sensitive and would not retain food at all. My bowels also troubled me, my limbs were swollen and I had frequent hemorrhages of the teeth and gums and nose. For nine months I was under a physician's care, but I kept growing worse till I was obliged to stay in bed. After I had been in bed three days, six different physicians called and all pronounced my case incurable. They said I had pernicious anaemia—one of the most hopeless of diseases.

"Then, when the doctors acknowledged that they had done all they could, and I could not take their medicine, nor could they prescribe anything else, the Rev. Ernest Graves, pastor of the Baptist church here, suggested the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. My stomach retained the pills when the physicians medicines produced the greatest distress. As near as my nurses could judge, immediate relief followed.

"There is only this to add: My death was hourly expected, and upon taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills according to directions I left my bed in a few weeks and was on the way to recovery. I continued their use and was cured. Many others hereabouts are using this wonderful medicine with excellent results."

The Rev. Ernest Graves, pastor of the Baptist church, New Straitsville, to whom Mr. Collins refers, speaks of his case as follows:

"We have a striking example of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have done in this community at the present time, a case that borders on the miraculous. It is that of David Collins, a member of my church and a very valuable helper in it. A few months ago he was taken very sick and was given up to die by six doctors. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured him, and so thoroughly that now this man who the doctors said must die can be found any day working in the coal mine. I count it a great privilege to be able to say I advised, nay, rather I insisted upon his taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"I have great confidence in these pills and firmly believe them to be all that is claimed for them. This confidence has been brought about in various ways. In the first place, this remedy was brought especially to my notice by my wife's brother, who had suffered from anaemia and was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Since learning of the fact I have always deemed it my duty to advise the use of this medicine to all I meet who are suffering with that or kindred disorders."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will never fail to effect a cure if used persistently for a reasonable length of time. They may be had of all druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine company, six 50-cent boxes for two dollars and a half, postpaid on receipt of price.

MUCH GLOOM

Felt In Holland Over Illness of Queen Wilhelmina.

The Hague, April 1.—A bulletin issued this morning from Castle Loo announces that Queen Wilhelmina had a fairly quiet night; that the disease (typhoid fever) is following its normal course, and that no complications have supervened, although her majesty's strength is diminishing slightly in proportion to the duration of her illness.

In consequence of the queen's illness the birthday of her husband, Prince Henry of the Netherlands, passed practically unnoticed today.

Telegrams of sympathy with her majesty in her illness are pouring in from all parts of Europe.

The afternoon bulletin issued from Castle Loo reads: "During the day there has been nothing special to note in the course taken by the queen's illness. Her majesty sleeps at intervals and remains fully conscious."

New York, April 19.—Dispatches from Holland discloses that there is general gloom over the condition of Queen Wilhelmina, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune.

The heir presumptive to the throne is a German prince of the Orange blood, but the succession is undetermined. The Dutch constitution provides that, in default of a legal heir, the sovereign and states general shall designate a successor. This has not been done, and the states general will exercise the right of selection in case of the queen's death.

I. O. O. F. NOTICE

All Odd Fellows are requested to meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, 18 Lake avenue north, Sunday, April 20, at 1 o'clock sharp. By order of committee.

A. H. PAUL, Chairman.

ALUMINUM CLAY

Found on Land Owned By La Crosse Firm.

St. Paul, April 19.—A La Crosse, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: A find of aluminum clay valued at $15,000,000 is reported on the land of the Sawyer & Austin Lumber company, of this city, located at Pine Bluff, Ark. They have extensive land holdings around their mill there, and done day recently men were noticed digging on it. Inquiry brought out the fact that they were government geologists, and further inquiry at Washington disclosed their discovery of aluminum-bearing clay in great quantities. The company will erect a mill at once.

BUTLER IS INSTALLED

President of Columbia Before Distinguished Assemblage.

The President of United States One of the Guests.

Eminent Speakers Assisted In Impressive Exercises.

New York, April 19—Nicholas Murray Butler was today installed as president of Columbia university, in the presence of a large company of distinguished persons, headed by the president of the United States. Mr. Butler was graduated from Columbia in 1882. The exercises of the day were begun with a reception in the Avery library to the presidents and representatives of other universities and colleges, followed by an inspection of the university buildings. At 12:30 o'clock a luncheon was given by the university council to the visiting guests and representatives of other universities and colleges, and the day's program included a luncheon at 1 p. m. by the trustees of the university to President Roosevelt and those who were to speak during the exercises. The installation ceremonies were set for 2 p. m. in the gymnasium, and the list of speakers included the following:

Charles William Eliot, LL.D., president of Harvard university; Arthur Twining Hadley, LL.D., president of Yale university; Francis Landey Patton, D.D., LL.D., president of Princeton university; William Rainey Harper, D.D., LL.D., president of the University of Chicago; William Torrey Harris, LL.D., United States commissioner of education.

The university gymnasium was elaborately decorated for the ceremonies. The walls were covered with a ten-foot border of blue cloth surmounted by white rosettes. The columns and galleries bore the flags and shields of the various universities. A stage was erected in the gymnasium and over it was pendent bearing the seal of the university, supported on either side by the shields of Barnard and Teachers' colleges.

The weather was warm and clear. The university grounds were thrown open to the public at 10 o'clock, but before that hour they were thronged with students and the first arrivals of the thousands of guests. Among those invited to attend the installation was Lord Kelvin, the scientist, who arrived today on the Campania.

The president left the home of Mrs. James Roosevelt for Columbia university at 12:10 o'clock. He was accompanied by former Mayor Abraham S. Hewitt and Secretary Cortelyou. The president was escorted by Squadron A and a number of mounted city policemen.

During a reception held by the faculty in the university library a portrait of W. R. Ware, professor of architecture, was presented to the university by former students of the professor who studied under him at the Massachusetts institute of technology. The presentation speech was made by President Eliot of Harvard and Dr. Butler accepted the picture on behalf of Columbia.

President Roosevelt arrived at the university at 1 p. m. As the president walked up the stairs of the library building, he was greeted by loud cheers and the university glee club sang the college song. The president bowed repeatedly. President Roosevelt and Mr. Hewitt were met by Professor Seligman of the faculty. A few minutes after the presidents arrived, Governor Odell arrived, accompanied by his brother, C. C. Odell, who is a professor of English and a member of the faculty. They were received by Professor Schuyler. Mayor Low, the former president of the university, was enthusiastically welcomed by the students. Mayor Low was accompanied by W. C. Schermerhorn, president of the board of trustees. The visitors entered the library where luncheon was served.

TOMORROW!

3 p. m.

GRAND ITALIAN CONCERT

Given By

VALENZA-TYLER

AT ARMORY HALL.

Tickets can be obtained at door.

Second Auction Sale.

Barrett & Zimmerman held their second horse sale of the season today at their large stable on West First street. Some remarkably fine specimens of horseflesh were offered under the hammer, and judging from the spirited bidding, very few of the animals returned to their stalls unsold. A highly interested crowd filled the sidewalk in the vicinity of the barn, watching the steppers being put through their paces by the stablemen.

INVESTIGATING COYNE.

Chicago, April 19.—Investigation was begun today by Federal Civil Service Commissioner W. D. Foulke, of the alleged departures of Postmaster F. E. Coyne from the civil service rules.

BESIEGING NAN NING.

Canton, April 19.—The rebels are besieging Non Ning, an important city in the province of Kwang Si, and it is reported that the place has already fallen. The telegraph wires beyond Wu Chow, between Canton and Nan Ning, have been cut.

COMPLETES INVESTIGATION.

New Orleans, April 19.—Col. E. H. Crowder, United States army, charged with the investigation of the alleged British camp at Chalmette, has completed his investigation and last night quietly left the city, going direct to Washington and taking with him the results of his investigation here. The investigation has been secret throughout.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Lucania, New York; Sylvania, Boston.

New York—Arrived: St. Paul, Southampton; La Touraine, Havre; Minneapolis, London.

New hats at Madame Warde's every Wednesday and Thursday through the season. 5 West Superior street.

A PROTEST

Made to President Against Interference With Asphalt Company.

Washington, April 19.—The Warner-Quinlan Asphalt syndicate has lodged with the president, a protest against what they regard as the unwarrantable interference of the United States government in the legal proceedings now in progress in Venezuela, between the two asphalt companies, which interference is alleged to be in the interest of the Bermudese company. As the facts are known to the state department, the Warner-Quinlan syndicate obtained a victory in one of the lower Venezuelan courts over their opponents in the contest for the possession of La Felicidad asphalt lake. The Bermudese company being in possession, appealed to the Venezuelan supreme court, before which tribunal the case is now pending. Meanwhile the Warner-Quinlan syndicate secured an order from the lower court to give them possession of the lake. At this stage United States Minister Bowen, lodged a vigorous protest with the Venezuelan government, against arbitrary action of this kind, insisting that the status as to the possession of the asphalt lake should be maintained until the supreme court had decided the case. It is against this action that the Warner-Quinlan syndicate protests.

Mr. Bowen has been supplied by the state department with a copy of the protest and requested to make a statement as to what he has done.

DUMONT

Is at St. Louis and Talks Concerning His Airships.

St. Louis, April 19.—M. Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian aeronaut, accompanied by M. Emmanuel Aimee, secretary of the Aero club of Paris, arrived in St. Louis shortly after noon today.

After luncheon, Santos-Dumont was driven to the St. Louis club, where he met Charles W. Knapp and Nathaniel Frank, members of the special committee on aerial tournament and rules. From there the drive was resumed to the World's fair site.

In an interview, M. Santos-Dumont said: "At present I have no intention of building an airship for the World's fair contest. When the time comes I will probably bring over four or five of my best airships and choose the one best suited for the work. Thus you see I am all ready. If the fair should be held a year fall, I would enter one of my machines and next year will likely have five or six."

The aeronaut said he would require about four city blocks in extent for repair and practice ground. The aeronaut will remain in St. Louis about four days and then go direct to London, where he gives an exhibition in June.

DEATH LIST.

Milwaukee, April 19.—Sam Moy, a Chinaman of Chicago, and said to be very wealthy, died suddenty at a hotel in Milwaukee today of pneumonia. Moy came to this city about two weeks ago to investigate into the cause of death of a fellow countryman who was assaulted some time ago. Moy was a prominent Free Mason.

Chicago, April 19.—Gus Erickson, the local catcher, signed by McGraw for the Baltimore team this season, died at his home today. Water on the lungs and further complications were the causes given.

Washington, April 19.—Maj. Octavius L. Pruden, one of the assistant secretaries to the president, died at Garfield hospital shortly after 3 o'clock this morning from an affection of the heart. The deceased was well known to public men throughout the United States and had occupied a confidential position at the White House for a long number of years. He was about 60 years of age.

Greitz, Germany, April 19.—Henry XII, reigning prince of the federal states of Reyss-Greitz, died here this afternoon, of heart trouble. He was born at Greitz, March 22, 1846.

STRIKE AT BRAINERD.

Machinists in Northern Pacific Shops Go Out.

St. Paul, April 19.—A Brainerd, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Eighty-five machinists in the Northern Pacific shops went on strike at 10 a. m. today. The cause was the employment of helpers who had no knowledge of the business.

GORED BY BULL.

Stoddard, Wis., Man Probably Fatally Injured.

St. Paul, April 19.—A La Crosse special to the Dispatch says: G. S. Elstad, a farmer living near Stoddard, was attacked by a bull he was watering and so injured that he will probably die. He is 76 years old and was run through by one horn and besides being trampled on, had two ribs broken. His son drove off the bull.

CROOKED CLERK

Arrested Charged With Embezzlement of $25,000.

New York, April 19.—Bryan L. Rawson, credit clerk for F. H. Leggett & Co., wholesale grovers, was arraigned in police court today charged with the embezzlement of $25,000, and was released on $5000 bail. Rawson is charged with conspiracy with Max Borschardt and another employe by which the firm was robbed of $25,000 or more. Borschardt was arrested five months ago, and, it is said, turned state's evidence, implicating the other two. The third man is said to have disappeared. Rawson had been in the employ of the firm for twenty years.

ANARCHIST A CANDIDATE.

Milan, April 19.—For the first time in the parliamentary history of Italy, an avowed anarchist, Pietro Calcaigno, is a candidate for a seat in the chamber of deputies, with some chance of election.

ELECTED CHIEF RANGER.

Chicago, April 19.—Mrs. Elizabeth Rodgers was today elected chief ranger of the women's Catholic Order of Foresters, over Miss Annie E. Daly. The convention will continue Monday and possibly Tuesday.

CONGRESSMEN THANKED.

Washington, April 19.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor today adopted resolutions thanking senators and representatives who have stood by the labor interests in Chinese exclusion legislation and urging a continuance of such efforts.

Paine's Celery Compound

Permanently Cures all the Varied Forms of Rheumatism.

It Purifies the Blood and Removes Every Trace of Poisonous Acid.

The Great Medicine Has Cured More Rheumatic Sufferers Than All Other Combined Remedies.

Sufferers from the varied forms of rheumatism—articular, muscular, inflammatory, lumbago and gout—should bear in mind that there is a morbid principle in the blood when rheumatism is present. This morbid principle is uric acid, which circulates with the blood and acts upon the joints and muscles, causing the pains and agonies of rheumatism. Paine's Celery Compound is the only scientific remedy for the permanent banishment of every form of rheumatism. If your joints are painful; if the knees, wrists, elbows or ankles are swollen, a few bottles of Paine's Celery Compound will soon remove all your troubles and pains. If you have inflammatory or sciatic rheumatism accompanied with fever, acute, darting pains in the sciatic nerve from the hip down the leg, Paine's Celery Compound taken at once will soon drive out the disease and make you strong and active.

At this particular time, when rheumatism frequently lays the foundation for other incurable and grave troubles, we specially urge the honest use of at least one bottle of Dr. Phelps' life-giving medicine, Paine's Celery Compound. No case is too complicated or difficult for this king of medicines. Thousands of happy and grateful men and women sing its praises and continually recommend it. It is the only medicine that can rescue people from agony and death after physicians pronounce them incurable. Mrs. Louisa Rix, Wesley, Iowa, says:

"Some time ago my husband was taken down with inflammatory rheumatism, so that he was unable to get out of bed alone or to dress himself. We employed good doctors and used many kinds of medicines, but with no relief. We finally sent for a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before he had finished it, he was able to be at work. Another bottle entirely cured him."

SAVE MONEY by dyeing your faded garments with Diamond dyes, 10 cents.

STRIKE SETTLED.

Schnectady, N. Y., April 19.—The strike at the General Electric works was declared off at 2:15 p. m.

STEAMER IN COLLISION.

Plymouth, England, April 19.—The British steamer Jane Radcliffe, while passing the Lizzard, bound westward today signalled "Have been in collision with steamer Athesia (German, from New Orleans for Hamburg), stem seriously damaged."

Condensed Phosphorous Water will cure any case of RHEUMATISM by removing the cause. Apply to JOHN HOERR, 18th and Olive Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE-MARKS.

PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable nature. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Lowe Bros. Co.

"High Standard"

LIQUID PAINT

GIVES BEST RESULTS

ATTRACTIVE HOMES DURABILITY

GOOD SURFACE FOR REPAINTING

We are dealers in everything for exterior and and interior painting and varnishing.

THOMSON & DUNLOP,

226-228 W. Michigan Street

The BEST and only practical optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

For a Drink of Good Whisky

Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Stack Bedford and Mathilda Admondson, of Douglas county, Wis.

Thomas Lind, of Lake county, and Anna Olson, of St. Louis county.

George L. Broadwell and Maggie Miller.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.

FLOOD & BORGAN,

Undertakers and Embalmers,

730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ANY ROUGH, RED WIND-BURNED, tender smarting skin made fair and lovely by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

Are you neglecting your health?

THE PENALTY OF NEGLECT

IS THE SAME AS THE WAGES OF SIN. SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR SHOULD BE TAKEN PROMPTLY BY EVERY SUFFERER.

If you are merely existing, we want to have a few earnest words with you.

The numbers of people who really live is small compared with the vast number that merely exist.

Some people seem to think that if they feel able to get around and attend to their usual duties they ought to be thankful. As a matter of fact, it is the solemn duty of everybody to be entirely well—to feel the blood of health dancing in the veins and the vigor of perfect strength in every member of the body. Such a happy condition is possible only when every organ is doing its work properly and there is a consequent harmony of all the functions and a full supply of pure blood.

Any piece of mechanism, particularly one so delicate as the human body, will surely get clogged up at times and thrown completely out of gear.

You know very well what the symptoms are. You know, too, that troubles of the liver, kidneys and stomach are responsible for your condition. You know you need cleaning out and fixing up generally. **Smith's Green Mountain Renovator** is what you need. It will do the work better, quicker and keep you well longer than anything else.

This celebrated remedy is made solely of roots and herbs and is, therefore, perfectly harmless. It is the great body-builder of all medicines. Those who use it have strong nerves and muscles and never have to take any other kind of medicine.

In Vermont, where it comes from, it has been everybody's medicine for a quarter of a century, although never advertised until it was bought by its present owners and placed on the general market through agents.

Its former makers were satisfied with the steady custom of Vermonters—with the fact that no other medicine could take its place with those who knew its merits.

"I am telling all my friends about SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR. It has certainly done wonders for me. I have been completely run down, nervous and weak, besides suffering with a sore on my ankle—the result of impure blood. I am on my fourth bottle and feel like a new woman, and my ankle is healing finely. I know that the Renovator will do as much for others as for me, and I recommend it strongly to all who are weak and sick.

"MRS. C. REESE, 19 Park St., Norwalk, Conn."

Everybody is invited to try this medicine at our risk.

Give it a trial and note the results. If you are not benefited, you can have your money back.

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent.

AT THE HOTELS

C. P. Walker, of Winnipeg, is a guest at the Spalding. Mr. Walker is manager of what is known as the dinner pail theatrical circuit, comprising such towns as Winnipeg and Grand Forks. His circuit gets most of the good attractions that come into the Northwest, but is named because it is mostly composed of one-night stands.

• • •

P. E. Dowling, the Eveleth editor, whose candidacy for the lower house of the legislature in the Forty-ninth district, is just now attracting considerable attention, is at the St. Louis today.

• • •

Paul Stensland, of Chicago, arrived at the Spalding this morning. He is a Harvard alumnus and author of the libretto of "The Vikings," which will be played at the Lyceum this evening by members of the Roosevelt Marching club of Minneapolis.

• • •

B. E. Torinus, a Winton lumberman, arrived at the St. Louis this morning.

• • •

Oscar Vanderbilt, who succeeded Cal Stone as city passenger agent of the Northern Pacific at St. Paul, came to town last evening. He has succeeded to Mr. Stone's large acquaintance among theatrical people. He takes quite a part in the routing of companies through his part of the country, if they go out in Northern Pacific territory.

• • •

J. R. O'Malley, who is in the tavern business himself down at Aitkin, is stopping with Manager Butchart of the St. Louis.

• • •

At the McKay today are: A. B. Curtis, St. Paul; G. T. Winberg, Minneapolis; Ira Odgon, Soudan; H. G. Lytle, Ewen, Mich.; F. E. Laird, Minneapolis; W. H. Putnam, Wayne, Neb.; Clarence Dennis, Ashland; W. G. Brown, McKinley; W. A. Fairrain, George Hill, Ashland and A. E. McConnell, Chicago.

• • •

This morning's arrivals at the Spalding include: W. H. Anderson, Newark; W. T. Walker, Minneapolis; F. W. Mills, New York; B. F. Reach, Chicago; J. B. Trued, New York; J. F. Fairfax, Minneapolis; J. R. Ridgely, New York; C. W. Bailey, Winthrop, Mo.; Charles Espenschink, St. Louis, and J. P. Condon, Cincinnati.

• • •

At the St. Louis are: J. J. Fanning, New York; R. Cleminson, Marquette; B. G. Hardwicke, Minneapolis; Fred A. Palmer, Chicago; Th. Irgens, Grand Rapids; J. F. Martin, St. Paul; H. Newton, Mountain Iron; William Hulbert, Deer River; L. H. Wiggin and Max Zimmerman, St. Paul.

A Blessing of Old Age.

A set of sound teeth are a pride to the possessor at all times—much more so when advanced in years. The proper way to obtain them is to visit our modern parlors, where scientific methods and reasonable prices resign.

Set of Teeth From $5 to $50.

DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS

NEAR LAKE AVENUE.
3 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ARE KEPT MOVING

Knowledge of Baker Orphanage Is Spreading Through the State.

Two Women Solicitors Are Driven Out of Belle Plaine.

Chief Troyer Has Plan to Widely Advertise the Fraud.

Two women soliciting for the "Baker orphanage" of this city were driven out of the town of Belle Plain, Minn., on Thursday.

The widespread publicity of this scheme is apparently reaching the smaller towns in the southern part of the state, and in consequence the town and village authorities are on the lookout for the representatives of the so-called "orphanage."

At Belle Plain the two women solicitors began their campaign for money by visiting all the saloons. The mayor heard of it and sent for them giving them but a few house to leave the town.

The women intimated that they would disregard the order and started out collecting again but when the marshal showed up for the purpose of placing them under arrest their nerve went back on them and they agreed to leave.

Chief Troyer of the police department is considering a plan whereby he expects to be able to deal a telling blow at the base of the "orphanage" financial supply—the smaller towns and villages of the state.

The plan is to send the postmaster of every town and village in Minnesota a circular giving the "orphanage" the benefit of any good points that it might have but telling exactly what the institution is and how it is conducted.

With these circulars will be a request that the postmaster put all such information in as conspicuous a place as possible.

SPLENDID PROSPECTS.

A Company Which Is In Possession of Valuable Oil Property.

On another page of this issue will be found the advertisement of the Colorado Coal & Oil Co. The company owns 1240 acres of oil-bearing land, situated six miles north of Golden, Jefferson county, Colorado, and fourteen miles northwest of Denver. That the value of this land, and that held by option and under lease, will increase immensely in the near future is beyond question. Wells are already being sunk on the company's property and in the immediate vicinity. The famous McKenzie and Arnold wells are but a few miles north of the company's property, and are producing large quantities of the highest grade oil to be found in the United States. It is worth $2.50 a barrel compared with Texas oil at 17 cents and California oil at 28 cents per barrel. The company has also leased 640 acres of school land close to its own property, making a total of 1880 acres under its own control.

As far back as twenty-five years ago, on the Wagner Ranch, which is the company's property, a heavy black oil was encountered, which rendered the water unfit for use. As at that time the Wagner was looking for water and not oil, he merely abandoned the wells, bringing in his water supply from a spring a quarter of a mile distant. The company now uses the same spring for its own water supply.

The company has also on its property a fine ridge of lime stone, running a mile and a half across the property, which is used by the smelters in Denver. Another paying proposition on this property is the free clay, which is being shipped by railroad five miles away.

Arrangements are now being made for putting a switch into the property from this road.

George L. Woollen, 102 Palladio, represents the Colorado Coal and Oil Co., in connection with the Big Five Mining company, of Francis and Idaho Springs.

Birthday Party.

A pleasant birthday surprise party was given in honor of Mrs. Neal Baillie at her home last evening. The evening was spent in games and music. Those present were: Mesdames Neal Baillie, J. D. Campbell, Misses Catherine Peffer, Mary L. Miller, Frances I. Ness, Esther F. Ness, May V. Campbell, Inga Larson, Charissa Miller, M. M. Horton, Messrs. Charles E. Coombs, Werner Beckman, Harry H. Sommers, Frank Dardis, Duncan J. Campbell, Archie D. Campbell, William P. Campbell, Guy Webb, R. Seastedt.

CHIROPRACTIC

Cures Without Medicine or the Knife.

Every day proves more conclusively that the science of chiropractic is based on correct principles.

If nature is not obstructed there is no disease. Chiropractic removes the obstructions.

If the needle, which is the smallest part, is broken out of your sewing machine, the machine is useless till the needle is replaced.

So with the human machine. If a nerve, which is the smallest fiber, is pinched, the organ which nature supplies through that nerve, is out of order. Remove the pressure and nature rebuilds the crippled organ. Chiropractic removes that pressure.

Do not wonder whether Dr. Reesland can treat your case. He has cured hundreds as difficult as yours. He treats all diseases that flesh is heir to, and can show records for the cures he has made.

The doctor's office is at 206 East First street. Consultation and examination free.

Something to Secure.

A fine reproduction of the latest portrait of Pope Leo XIII, at the novel price of 10 cents each. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

OSTEOPATHY

Cures Children of United States Senator.

Mrs. J. B. Foraker, wife of Senator Foraker, of Ohio, says: "In addition to the benefits received in my own family, I have known of many other wonderful cures resulting from Osteopathy."

The Branch Minneapolis Institute and Infirmary of Osteopathy, 512-14 Torrey Building, is prepared to show most satisfactory results in Duluth to all who are interested, and will call or write them.

AUCTION SALE

Of Horses at Barrett & Zimmerman's Stables a Success.

The Barrett & Zimmerman second auction sale of horses is attracting much interest today at the company's stables, on West First street. The stables have been crowded all day, and a large number of fine drivers and heavy draft horses have been disposed of.

Foresters' Dance.

Given by Court Estern Star No. 86 and Phoenix No. 14, at the ARMORY, APRIL 24. Grand march led by Degree Team. Tickets, 75c. Flaaten's orchestra. Fisher, prompter.

IN NEW YORK.

President's Party Breakfasted With Mrs. J. W. Roosevelt.

New York, April 19.—President Roosevelt, who heads the list of special guests invited by Columbia university to attend the installation of President Nicholas Murray Butler, arrived here from Washington at 6:30 o'clock this morning. He was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Ethel Roosevelt, Secretary and Mrs. George Cortelyou, Surgeon General Rixey of the United States navy and Dr. John S. Urie. The party rode in two private cars which were part of the midnight train from Washington over the Pennsylvania road. Carriages met the train at Jersey City and the president and party were driven aboard the 7:15 o'clock boat for this city.

Mr. Roosevelt went to the home of Mrs. James W. Roosevelt, his aunt, where he breakfasted. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler also was Mrs. Roosevelt's guest with the president at breakfast. ater Douglas Robinson, the president's brother-in-law called.

SON OF A MISSIONARY.

Lausanne, Switzerland, April 19.—The American youth who, with the son of a Lausanne publisher, named Iner, was killed some days ago by falling to the bottom of a gorge in the Encel pass, near Evionnaz, was Dal Cott Chambers, 16 years old, the only son of a missionary, the Rev. Mr. Chambers, stationed at Adana, Anatolia, in Asia-Minor. Both of the victims were pupils at the normal school of Peseux, Canton of Neuchatel.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP
Keeps Lady and Baby Sweet as Roses.

Makes the skin soft as velvet, improves any complexion, keeps the skin free from pimples, wrinkles and all facial blemishes. Keep your digestion and blood in good order by using Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. It makes good, rich blood, enables you to eat what you like and all you like. Cures dizziness, constipation and all stomach troubles.

AT WEST DULUTH

Frank Gottwald, the butcher, whose slaughter house and rendering sheds at Ironton, were destroyed by fire on Thursday night, will demand an inquiry into what he claims was neglect on the part of the West Duluth firemen to respond to the calls made by telephone for them when the flames were first discovered. Mr. Gottwald asserts that Alderman Swenson called up the fire hall and informed the firemen of what was happening and that two other citizens did the same thing. He claims the only response made was the sending of a man on a bicycle to see if it was necessary to turn out the company. Mr. Gottwald declares that if the chemical engine had been sent then, instead of a bicycle, the main buildings could have been saved, even if the sheds and the fences were lost. He says he wants the proper authorities to determine why thousands of dollars' worth of property was allowed to be destroyed within a mile and a half of the fire station, with a graded road (Grand avenue) for the apparatus to run on and the St. Louis river within 200 feet of the scene of the fire.

The exact cause of the blaze will also be inquired into as rumors are afloat that it was the result of the wanton acts of some unruly boys who had been driven away from the vicinity of the scene of the conflagration.

Chief Black when seen today said that there was no chance to get any water in the neighborhood of the fire; that the engine could not be taken down to the edge of the river in any event. That for a fire engine to be able to draw water it must not be more than thirteen feet from the water and that the water must be at least three feet deep for the suction to draw it up. These conditions, he said, were not available at this particular fire and therefore the captain in charge at West Duluth decided that it was useless to send out the apparatus. The chief laughed at the idea of the chemical engine being of use.

"What good," said he, "would a hundred gallons of water been on such a fire as that. The plant was a mass of dry lumber, sheds and outbuildings and the chemical would have been of no avail whatever."

As to the origin of the fire, Chief Black says he has heard nothing up to the present time.

COMING IN MAY

DR. CHAS. A. HOAG,

The eminent Chicago specialist, will be in Ashland, Wis., May 8, and may be consulted at the Hotel Atherean. On May 9 and 10 he will be at West Superior, Wis., and may be consulted at the West Superior hotel.

Young Men.

Dr. Hoag is one of the most successful specialists in America in the cure of all nose affections, throat and stomach, catarrh, affections of the lungs, heart, liver and kidneys, cases of long standing given up by other physicians.

If you are troubled with nervous debility, unfitting you for work, business, study or pleasure, no matter what the cause, you should consult Dr. Hoag at once. Do not delay until too late.

Middle-Aged and Old Men.

There are thousands of men in the afternoon of life who are troubled with weak, aching back, just over the kidneys, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility. You know the cause. Many die of this difficulty, for sooner or later other complications arise which prove fatal. The most obstinate cases of this character yield to Dr. Hoag's specific treatment, and that where all other physicians have failed.

Complaining Ladies

who are suffering from persistent headache, backache, pain in the back of the head at the base of the brain, painful mensturation, uterine displacements, pains in the back, and feel it impossible to longer endure your trouble and attend to your household duties or social demands. There are many women whose days are a living death. Hundreds of women whose life is not worth the living have come to Dr. Hoag, heeded his wise counsel and taken treatment of him, who today are rejoicing in the complete return to health. He will encourage you and soon have you well on the road to a speedy and permanent recovery. What he has done for so many others he can do for you. Come and see him. He will open for you the door to health and happiness.

Each visit is attended by a large number of the sick, ailing and afflicted. Many of the best people in the community, people who have never thought of going to see a doctor at a hotel; men and women in all of the walks of life, for they value Dr. Hoag's opinion, and know his remarkable success.

Do not forget the dates—Ashland, Wis., Thursday, May 8, Hotel Atherean; West Superior, Wis., Friday and Saturday, May 9 and 10, West Superior hotel.

Those unable to call should write Dr. Charles A. Hoag, 6362 Minerva avenue, Chicago, Ill., for his home treatment, sent by mail or express. Write today and mention this paper.

COMMERCIAL CLUB

Considers Several Matters of Local Importance.

The West Duluth Commercial club held its first meeting last night at its room in the Phillips hotel. The gathering was largely of a social nature and was what might be called an "experience meeting." The principal topics discussed were the want of sewers in West Duluth, the gathering of garbage and the proposed street car extension.

The sewer question overtopped all others. It was stated to the assemblage by those having the matter in charge that the chief point at issue is the securing of an outfall for the trunk sewer. This is a matter of dollars—about 6000 of them—and is considerably tangled. As the charter now stands, this expenditure can only be made after a petition representing 10 per cent of the property-holders interested has been presented and accepted by the council.

Another phase of the question is as to how the money is to be provided, and this is by no means clear. Alderman Barnes was appointed to look the matter up, and the club will await his report before taking any steps in the premises.

The aldermen of the Seventh and Eighth wards were urged to attempt to secure a team from the city for the purpose of collecting and removing the garbage from these two wards, and the committee on health and sanitation will keep up the agitation and afford what support they can to their representatives at the city hall.

Last but not least, the street car service was discussed, but it was decided to make this a special order of business for the next regular meeting of the club.

These matters having been attended to, a good supply of cigars, presented by the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, was passed around, and between puffs many members made short talks upon live topics concerning the welfare of West Duluth. From the remarks made it would appear that the West Duluthians are very much in earnest about having their wants attended to by the city.

A MEMBER HONORED.

A regular meeting of Division No. 2, Ladies' auxiliary, A. O. H., was held Thursday evening in Gilley's hall. At the conclusion of the regular business of the society a pleasant event took place in the presentation to Mrs. Gavigan by the president, on behalf of the society, of a very neat present, on the eve of her departure from the city. Mrs. Gavigan has been a member of the order for years and has always taken an active part in all its work. She will leave next week for Alpena, Mich., and the members toook this occasion of showing their high esteem for her. It was a complete surprise to her, and after a short social session Mrs. Gavigan thanked the members one and all for their kind remembrance. A number of members of Division No. 1, L. A. of A. O. H., were present.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Judge Stone enjoyed a holiday today, not a single case coming before his court.

George C. Mott, state agent of the New York underwriters, was examining West Duluth risks today.

The sandstone rock for the foundation of the Wieland & Wade block is now beginning to be received.

L. S. Neuman, of the firm of Kastriner & Neuman, has returned from Eveleth, where he has been having closed out their store at that place. Mr. Neuman will once more become a permanent resident of West Duluth.

S. A. Brabant left this morning to resume his work for the Red Cliff Lumber company.

D. R. McKinley returned today from St. Ansgar, Ia.

Henry Gifford has returned from Minneapolis, where he has been in attendance at the school of pharmacy.

Rev. James Rowe, of Minneapolis, will preach tomorrow morning and evening at the Plymouth Congregational church in West Duluth.

Rev. S. A. Jamieson will preach at Westminster Presbyterian church at 10 o'clock in the morning. In the evening, at 7:30 o'clock, J. M. Burwick, the railroad evangelist, will preach.

The Irving school alumni will meet next Tuesday night.

The lumber pilers will meet at Victor hall, Grand avenue, tomorrow afternoon.

The third annual ball will be given by Court Earnest Workers, I. O. F., No. 28, Monday evening, April 21, at Gilley's hall. Ladies, bring baskets. Tickets, 25 cents. Music by Lanner's band.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Filiatrault, undertaker, West Duluth.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE. W & C DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Fishing Season Is On!

We supply everything except the fish—they are easily secured with Panton & White Co.'s tackle.

Remember we are agents for the famous "Orvis" tackle and can supply you with any of his goods. To introduce his high grade rods to Duluth anglers we offer for Monday only your choice of "Orvis'" regular $25.00 rods at—each ---------- **$18.95**

Sproat double or single gut trout hooks—each 4c, or per dozen	35c
Carlisle gut Trout hooks—our price—per dozen	15c
Reels—Manufacturers' sample line of high grade reels, includes all sizes and styles in single and double and quadruple multiplying at less than usually sold for—15c, 19c, 25c, 59c, $1.10 up to	$4.50
Tackle Boxes with compartments—our price only	59c
Tackle Boxes with compartments and tray—each only	69c
Tackle Boxes with compartments and two trays—each only	98c
Bait Boxes for pocket or belt use—our price—each	15c
The new black fish line—per card—only	10c
Spoon Hooks—assorted ashapes and styles at each	10c

Manufacturers' sample line of Fishing Rods—lot includes Bristol steel, split bamboo, lancewood, greenhart, cane and common wood, one of each style, first come, first pick.

5½ feet Greenhart Rod with cork grip, fine nickel plated reel seat, silk wound agate guides and two agate tips, 5½ feet long—at ---------- $8.95

Same rod without agate guides or tips at each ---------- $6.50

High grade Split Bamboo Rod with cork grip, best trumpet guides | silk wound and extra tips—5½ feet long, at ---------- $5.95

From these we have Split Bamboo or Lancewood, Greenhart or cane rods with cork or wound grips at $4.95, $4.25, $3.48, $3.25, $2.09, $2.25, $1.25 down to--- 15c

Special Notice.

For the benefit of Duluth anglers we have placed the two well known books—"Favorite Flies" and "Fishing With the Fly" at your disposal. Consult them when you please—tells you the proper fly to use and when to use them. You will find them at the tackle counter in the basement.

Sale of Porch Pillows.

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Covered in fine sateen with fine ruffle, in a most gorgeous array of colors—hardly two alike—filled with feathers and cotton down—on sale Monday ---------- **49c**

Special Announcement

WE HAVE opened a thoroughly equipped Optical Department, and have brought to Duluth the best Optical Expert to be procured.

We purpose giving the most thorough eye test known to modern science. No charge for testing. Prices in accordance with our established policy.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE. W & C DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Business University Happenings.

The Duluth Business University is to have a baseball team this summer. Officers were elected on Friday evening. There is sufficient material from which to select a good nine.

The following students left the college during the past week to accept the following positions:

John Scanlon, as stenographer for the Cusson-Madden Lumber company.

Arthur Gyllenburg, as billing clerk for Marshall-Wells company.

Susie Irvine, as assistant stenographer for Davis, Hollister & Hicks.

A. W. Robertson, as stenographer and bookkeeper for Harold Clark & Co., Winnipeg, Man.

Olive Olsen, stenographer for Hudson Produce company.

Fred Hall, billing clerk for Eastern Minnesota railroad.

Laura Henson, stenographer for Bridgeman & Russell.

Albert Carlberg, billing clerk for Armour Packing company.

Lillian Rosenblad, stenographer for Charles A. Stark, insurance agent.

Painting and Decorating.

Only the best of material used and most skilled workmen employed. Prompt attention to work. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE.

Second Meeting to Be Held Sunday Afternoon.

The second meeting of the recently organized branch of the United Irish league of this city will be held tomorrow afternoon in Catholic Association hall, at 3 o'clock.

It is expected that a large list of names will be added to the list of membership, as all the members have been working during the past two weeks to get members. The secretary will have some important communications to be presented to the meeting for consideration, touching upon the work of the league.

There is a possibility that William K. Redmond, M. P., who is in this country at present organizing branches of the league, may be brought to this city and the Duluth branch installed by him. Owing to his many engagements all over the United States, his time is very limited, as he will soon have to return to his work in parliament. However, if it can be possibly arranged Duluth friends of home rule for Ireland will try and have him visit the city and give an address on the aims and objects of the United Irish league.

PAUL REVERE DAY.

Boston, April 19.—The annual celebration of the historic achievement of Paul Revere in warning the farmers from Boston to Concord of the approach of the British army on April 19, 1775, and the opening of fight of the American revolution was generally observed in Massachusetts today.

Orders by Mail Solicited.

We carry a full line of Watches, Jewelry, Silverware and Clocks, and will promptly fill mail orders at lowest possible prices. We also do fine Watch Repairing, Jewelry Manufacturing and Engraving.

Give us a trial.

M. N. BERG, The Jeweler

2903 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, billousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

Oil, Copper and Iron Stock
Certificates. We make them.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.
Old Phone 166-5. Zenith Phone 336. **Moved to Providence Bldg.**

WALL PAPER SALE IS NOW ON IN FULL BLAST
SUTTON'S. 14 West Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

WAUGH, KEALY & CO.,
Expert Plumbers & Heating Contractors
Carry a complete line of high grade goods in their different lines at prices consistent with guaranteed goods and workmanship. None but licensed plumbers employed.
We have no bargain sale, but WE give to our customers exactly what they think they are getting.
Any defects in our work or material repaired without extra cost to owners.
OUR SPECIALTY—Repairing that will stay repaired.

IN MICHIGAN.

Arrangements For Annual Field Meeting of Upper Peninsula.

Menominee—The annual field meet of the Upper Peninsula Interscholastic Athletic association will be held at Ishpeming on Saturday, May 24. This is the greatest athletic event of the year in the Upper Peninsula. High school teams of Menominee, Ishpeming, Marquette, Sault Ste. Marie, Calumet, Hancock, Houghton, Lake Linden, Ironwood, Escanaba and Bessemer, it is expected will be represented. The events in their probable order are: Hundred-yard dash, 440-yard run, 120-yard hurdle, pole vault, putting 12-pound shot, high jump, 220-yard hurdle, half mile run, football contest—punt and drop kick, 220-yard dash, hammer throwing, mile run, running broad jump, discus throw, one-mile bicycle, one-mile relay. For all events except the relay a first will count 5; a second, 3, and a third, 1; the relay will be twice these figures. Each school will be entitled to three entries in each event, but only two of these may contest. The football contest will be introduced for the first time and will be conducted as follows: Each contestant will be allowed six trials in each event, and the six scoring the best average will be given three more trials. The length of the punts will be measured by the perpendicular distance from the line on which the contestant stands, not the point on which he stands. The drop kick will be made for goal posts from the 50-yard line.

Burglars effected an entrance at the residence of Dr. Hutton in Powers, and succeeded in getting $35 in currency. Several safes have been cracked lately in this section.

Morris Mallow, of this city, for whose arrest on a charge of grand larceny, a warrant was issued more than a year ago, returned to this place yesterday and, while attempting to avoid arrest, jumped into the Menominee river and started to swim to the Wisconsin side. The water was ice cold, and this, with the fact that the revolver of the chief of police was leveled at him, persuaded the culprit to return to shore where he was hauled out like a drowned rat and taken to jail.

Sault Ste. Marie—Soo merchants are organizing to oppose the Clerks' union, which has given notice that stores must close all day Sundays after April 20, and there is a merry war in sight. The merchants say every line of business covered by the state laws will be closed if the clerks persist in their attitude. The prosecution means a big loss to business men in the summer, as a large amount of transient trade of that day will be lost.

ITALIAN MURDERED.

New York, April 19.—Louis Trojn, a wealthy Italian saloonkeeper and real estate owner, was found murdered in his saloon on East Ninety-seventh street early today. The man's head had been crushed in, apparently with a heavy blunt instrument. It is supposed that robbery was the motive.

Catarrh
Invites Consumption

It weakens the delicate lung tissues, deranges the digestive organs, and breaks down the general health.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, and affects the voice.

Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Radically and permanently cures catarrh of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, and more delicate organs.

Read the testimonials.

No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's. Be sure to get Hood's.

"I was troubled with catarrh 20 years. Seeing statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla resolved to try it. Four bottles entirely cured me." WILLIAM SHERMAN, 1080 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

THE DAKOTAS.

Montana Ranchman Loses Five Horses North of Jamestown.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Five horses belonging to a ranchmen from Montana were drowned in the James river north of Jamestown. The ranchman had a narrow escape. The water was deeper than the man thought and the horses were soon tangled up and drowned. The loss is estimated at $1000.

Suit has been instituted by J. H. Ehlers against A. N. Belseker for $10,000 damages for an alleged libelous article published in the Minneapolis Times in which the allegation was made that Ehlers had been arrested for forgery, Belseker being a correspondent at Harvey.

George Weir was arraigned in Judge Pearson's court charged with having kicked and beaten his employer, Mrs. Theresa Weston. He entered a plea of not guilty and after hearing his story the judge ordered him to give bonds in the sum of $300 to keep the peace. Mrs. Weston refused to appear against him.

Fargo—The Stith divorce case has been decided by Judge Fisk of Grand Forks. Mrs. Stith was a Virginian and Col. Stith a North Carolinian. After a half a dozen years of married life Mrs. Stith came here and instituted proceedings for a divorce, which were bitterly contested. On the hearing Judge Fisk took the matter under advisement to read the voluminous depositions and has just announced his decision, which gives Col. Stith the decree and the mother the custody of the child. It is reported there will be an appeal to the supreme court. There is alleged to have been some rather racy evidence on the part of a detective for Col. Stith and some Southern depositions of emphatic nature in the interest of Mrs. Stith.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—George McElwain, of Gayville, has been sentenced to four years in the state penitentiary for the killing of John Gray in a saloon row in Gayville last fall. He has been tried twice and found guilty both times.

A postmortem examination of the body of Frank Dvorak, of Utica, determined that it was unnecessary to hold a coroners inquest and the body was buried.

Brookings—O. C. Wheaton died suddenly Thursday night at the home of his brother, Professor A. H. Wheaton. He recently arrived from Wisconsin, intending to work here this season. He was attacked with la grippe a few days ago, though not seriously, and was about the house, when he fell in a faint and died a few moments afterward.

SPARTA WON

In the Last Joint Debate With Reedsburg.

Sparta, Wis., April 19.—The last of the joint debates between Sparta, La Crosse, Winona and Reedsburg last night, was won by Sparta here. The question was "Resolved, that a system of primary elections for the nomination of candidates for public office, as outlined in the Stevens bill, known at No. 980, in the last session of the Wisconsin legislature, is preferable to the census and convention system now in operation in Wisconsin."

Affirmative, Sparta; negative, Reedsburg; debaters for Sparta, Raymond Smith, Lawrence Drake, Edward Strait. For Reedsburg, Riley Stone, Albert Fox, Arthur Kelly. Much interest is manifested by all in these debates. Sparta has won each contest she has entered. The judges for last night were from Winona.

DEWEY NOT COMING.

Denver, April 19.—The Rocky Mountain News prints this morning the following from Admiral Dewey:

"Washington, D. C., April 18.—News, Denver: Do not intend visiting Denver at this time. GEORGE DEWEY."

The above was in response to an invitation to Admiral Dewey to be present at a banquet to be given to Gen. Funston, May 1.

EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.

Mexico City, April 19.—A severe earthquake shock was felt here at 7:50 last evening. Its duration was a minute and a half, exceeding any experienced in recent years.

WILL BE FORMED

Organization of Fair Association to Be Perfected Tonight.

Obstacles to Leasing of Wheeler Park Have Been Overcome.

Belief That County Fair and Racing Will Be Successful.

A meeting will be held at Peachey & Lounsberry's office in the Providence building this evening at which it is expected arrangements will practically be perfected for a new St. Louis County Fair association. All obstacles to the use of the Wheeler grounds seem to have been surmounted, and those active in the project say that a season of good racing and an exhibition of St. Louis county products along thoroughly legitimate lines will be possible.

The promoters have been able to make arrangements with the owner of the tract of property on which the fair buildings and Driving park are situated and with the county and state authorities for a nominal taxation. This is conceded by the authorities on the ground that if the property were owned by the fair association it would be exempt from taxation altogether. It is believed by the officials that they would merely be subserving the intention of the law making this provision by extending its practical exemption to those that are courageous enough to start out anew under the discouragements that friction in the past few years has caused.

Under the terms of the double agreement, the organizers get the property for five years. They start out without debt, except such obligation as they assume for the rental of the grounds. The grounds, buildings and course can be put in good condition, it is said, with a moderate expenditure.

It is believed that the time is ripe for the reorganization of the driving and fair association. There are said to be fully twenty-five horses in Duluth, on the ranges and in Superior that will be driven over the fair grounds course this summer. Some exceptionally good horseflesh has been imported into the Duluth district during the past year or so, and especially during the past few months, and a great revival of interest has occurred among horsemen and admirers of horses.

The organizers realize that they will have to contend against the feeling engendered by former experiences with the fair grounds. They believe, however, that business men and people generally will early realize that they have no connection whatever with former managements or interests in control of the association; that they start out with clean books in every way, with no liabilities in the way of grievances or debts, or any relation to those that were interested.

INSPECTOR.

Mrs. M. R. Baldwin to Be Appointed By Health Department.

Mrs. Emma Baldwin, widow of the late M. R. Baldwin, will shortly be appointed deputy health inspector, and in that capacity will draw a salary of $65 a month.

She is recommended for this position by the Woman's council and members of the board of health have practically consented to appoint her.

Mrs. Baldwin will not be a health inspector in the general sense. The health inspectors, as an usual thing, have a weary job tramping around back alleys or tracing down cases of smallpox and other contagious disease, or fumigating houses in which contagious disease has been known to exist.

Mrs. Baldwin will be identified with the work of cleaning up more than anything else and her attention will be particularly directed toward the real estate agents.

Duluth has a great deal of unimproved property as well as a great many buildings that are owned by non-residents and controlled by real estate men. In the past the health authorities have found it difficult to get this property properly looked after with regard to sanitary conditions, and it will be the work of Mrs. Baldwin to inculcate an enthusiastic civic parade or something else, into the agents for this class of property.

Dr. MITCHELL
GREAT SUCCESS.

Many New Patients Come Under His Care Every Day.

Truly, Healer Mitchell is a wonder, and he has displayed that fact the past four years by the large number of people he has treated and cured in Duluth, and from other parts of the country. The doctor has been convincing the people of Duluth that his treatments are not a fake by any means. The people who have seen him perform his marvelous cures believe in him. The blind who have not seen the light of day for years are made to see, the deaf and dumb are made to hear and speak, the cripples throw away their canes and crutches; they give their names and addresses, and skeptical people go and see those who are cured. Many investigate the cures and say they are wonderful. Thousands in Duluth will tell you he has cured them, and when cured by him they stay cured.

Dr. Mitchell's wonderful success in curing difficult chronic cases of long standing that have baffled the skill of other physicians, has been demonstrated by testimonials from prominent and well-known citizens which have appeared in our columns during the years past, and which have been voluntarily given by patients who have been cured.

If you are suffering, do not be influenced by what some unprincipled person may say, but go and consult Dr. Mitchell personally he will tell you if he can benefit you or cure you, as he does not care to handle incurable cases. If anyone tries to discourage you by telling you these treatments are not what they are reported to be, investigate and you will find that they have either been misinformed or else do not know of what they are speaking. Consultation free by cutting this out and bringing it with you. Office at 17 East Superior street. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m. 'Phone 579.

DR. MORGAN.

Speaks on Exercise as a Condition of Growth.

G. Campbell Morgan continued his series of Bible talks at the First Methodist church yesterday afternoon and evening, speaking to two large audiences.

The subject for his evening sermon was "Exercise One of the Conditions of Growth," which he introduced by reading an account of the sending forth of the twelve apostles. He said that there can be no exercise without life; no vigorous exercise without health; no increasing vigor without growth. The first point must be emphasized. No man can work for God who is not born of God. What is Christian work? Look at Jesus, the source of Christian service. He was moved with compassion when he saw the multitudes, and it was the massiveness of his intellect that made the greatness of man. He saw no caste, but it was the man that attracted him everywhere. He saw the divinity and the degradation of man, and this gave him his divine compassion.

In the afternoon Mr. Morgan took up the Lord's prayer, which he considered, as given by Matthew, in its two natural divisions. The first half is a prayer for God's greeting, and the second half is a petition for the needs of man's probationary pilgrimage. The first part is a petition for the heavenly order to stay upon earth. The second part recognizes man's relations to God, to his fellow-men and to the underworld of evil.

Mr. Morgan will address meetings at the First Methodist church this evening and at 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. tomorrow, but he will not preach anywhere at the regular church hour.

A FORTUNE

Will Go to Winner of This Year's Futurity Race.

New York, April 19.—Announcement is made by the Coney Island Jockey club that this year's futurity will be worth $70,000. It is the most valuable race in America. On Saturday, Aug. 30, it will be decided and a fortune will be handed over to the owner of the winner.

When the entry to the stake closed on Jan. 2, 1900, the club had received 1241 nominations. Of this number 305 subsequently became void from various causes, 419 were declared out on payment of $10; 62 at $20; 10 at $60, and 12 at $70, leaving 433 youngsters eligible.

HEINRICH

A Candidate For Democratic Mayoralty Nomination at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 19.—Julius J. Heinrich has practically decided to enter the race for the Democratic mayoralty nomination. Several committees and delegations have waited on Mr. Heinrich during the past few weeks and urged him to seek the Democratic nomination. The principal pressure upon Mr. Heinrich comes from the Third ward, where he lives. It was stated last evening by men who are especially concerned in the matter that Mr. Heinrich would be one of a triumvirate to seek the nomination. These three ambitious men are former Mayor James Gray, former Alderman J. C. Haynes, who was defeated by William H. Eustis in 1892, and Mr. Heinrich. The latter was Governor Lind's oil inspector for this district.

TRIPLETS

Came And a Chicago Alderman Must Pay Parents $100.

Chicago, April 19.—When Alderman Tom Corey told the workmen in his brickyard that he would give substantial rewards to such of his employes as could increase his constituency through the birth of twins or triplets he did not expect to be taken up right away.

William Roach, who lives at 5404 Marshfield avenue, reported triplets to the office yesterday, and now he is waiting for the alderman to come forward with a check for $100, for that is the sum he is said to have offered. Twins were not rated so high, the prize for twins being $50.

"They are well worth the money," was the comment of the proud father last evening, as he rolled back the covers to the big soap box which had been improvised for a cradle. "Their combined weight is 23 pounds, and they are all as handsome and as well as can be. God has been good to us, I am sure, and the Alderman's check will help pay the doctor and the nurse."

The advent of triplets caused a wave of excitement over the neighborhood. The house was filled with visitors yesterday, and congratulations were lavished on the parents. Roach took a day off from his work in Alderman Carey's brickyard, at Robey and Forty-ninth streets, to receive the visitors, while his wife Mary voiced her pride to the women.

Roach was considering the plan of naming them after Alderman Carey. Two are boys and the third a girl, the latter being the heaviest. He thought of calling one boy Thomas and other Carey, but the naming of the girl worried him when he went to bed last evening. All the babies are well developed, and the nurse said they gave promise of being strong and healthy children. The mother was resting well. Two were sleeping soundly at 10 o'clock, but one of the boys was somewhat restless.

The Roaches already had four children, but all came singly. John is 10, Katie, 8; Annie, 5, and Bessie 3 years old. They already have been baptised in the Roman Catholic church, and in a few days the triplets will be christened. Alderman Carey will be asked to act as one of the sponsors.

Interest in the birth of unusual numbers of children started in the ward when the "Ormsby quads" became known. It is said that Alderman Carey's interest in the matter was started at the time, and he made the offer which was first claimed yesterday.

TO BE EXPECTED.

Foreign Newspapers Refer to Cruelty In Philippines.

Vienna, April 19.—The newspapers here are publishing dispatches referring to the charges made against the conduct of American soldiers in the Philippines.

The Vaterland says: "The American action appears to be doubly horrible when it is remembered that America waged war with Spain in the name of humanity."

PRIMROSE DAY

Observed By Very Many People In London.

London, April 19.—Judging from the extensive observance of Primrose day, admirers of LordBeaconsfield,who died April 19, 1881, are as numerous as ever. People thronged to the statute of the states-man at Westminster, which was adorned with the usual masses of primroses and a number of handsome floral trophies, including the customary tribute from Emanuel Bellilos, the well-known educator and merchant of Hong Kong. The various conservative headquarters were appropriately decorated and the residents of Hughendon, made a pilgrimage to Beaconsfield's grave, which was covered with floral tributes from all parts of the country.

"77"
Dr. Humphreys' "77" breaks up Grip and Colds that hang on and do not yield to treatment
—handy to carry—25 cts.—
COLDS

HOW TWO BEAUTIFUL WOMEN ESCAPED SPRING CATARRH BY USE OF PE-RU-NA.

Nothing Robs One of Strength Like Spring Catarrh—Spring Fever Is Spring Catarrh.

Mrs. Leone Dolehan, in a letter from the Commercial hotel, Minneapolis, Minn., writes:
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen:—"For two months my physician experimented with me trying to cure a hard cold which settled in my stomach, causing inflammation and catarrh. I then made up my mind he was simply unable to help me, and reading some of the flattering testimonials as to the value of Peruna in such cases, I thought I would try it.

"It was six weeks before I could eat a meal without unpleasant effects, but I have now been well for six months, and I give all the credit to Peruna."

MRS. LEONE DOLEHAN.

Have you got nerves? Well, you ought to have nerves. But they ought to be strong nerves, good nerves. Does your hand tremble? You are living too fast. Does your heart flutter at times? You had better call a halt. Americans live too fast. They crowd too much into a single day. They have too little leisure. The hospitals and insane asylums are filling up. The quiet, pastoral scenes of yore are becoming rare. It's time that we quit this sort of business.

How to Get Strong Nerves.

First, repair the injury already done to your nerves. The way to do this is to do exactly as did Mattie B. Curtis, secretary of Legion of Loyal Women, Hotel Salem, Boston, Mass. She said in a recent letter: "I suffered for over a year with general weakness and debility manifested in severe headache and backache. I took four bottles of Peruna, and for two months have been entirely free from these maladies."

Nervous Prostration.

Thousands of cases might be quoted in which Peruna has been used to rescue people from the perdition of deranged nerves, and put them on the good, solid foundation of health. The county auditor of Erie county, New York, Hon. John W. Neff, in a recent letter written at Buffalo, New York, stated: "I was persuaded by a friend to try a bottle of our great nerve tonic, Peruna, and the results were so gratifying that I am more than pleased to recommend it."

Miss Helen Whitman, 308½ Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

"There is nothing like Peruna for that tired feeling, which gives you an ambition to work or play. After a prolonged illness, about a year ago I felt unable to regain my health, but four bottles of Peruna made a wonderful change and restored me to perfect health. As long as you keep your blood in good condition you are all right, and Peruna seems to fill the veins with pure, healthful blood. I thoroughly endorse it."

MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

A Spring Tonic.

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain, and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question. Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter, made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is no better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicine more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

If you should not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

MISTAKE

Of a Clerk Makes Unwitting Bigamists of Chicago People.

Chicago, April 19.—The mistake of the clerk of Judge John Barton Payne's court in 1896 made unintentional bigamists of both Louis Simon and his wife, Mrs. Green Sallie Simon. Under the impression that they were divorced both took other life partners, and have children by their second marriages. Simon discovered late in January that an order for a decree of divorce never had been entered in court, and yesterday he appeared before Judge Chytraus and had the old divorce case, which he had thought settled long ago, reinstated on the calendar.

Simon is a small tailor on the West Side. He came to America in 1893, leaving a wife and five children at his former home in Merow, Hungary. At the end of three years his wife wrote to him stating that he was too old for her, and that she loved another man. On receipt of the letter Simon brought suit for divorce from her on grounds of desertion. Judge Payne ordered the evidence written up and a decree prepared. The clerk neglected to pass the decree to the judge for his signature. In consequence of no final order being entered the case was replaced on the calendar, and on general call June 15, 1897, was dismissed without the knowledge of Simon, his lawyer, or his wife.

After he had obtained a decree of divorce, as he thought, Simon wrote to his wife in Hungary and told her she was free now to marry the man with whom she had fallen in love, and a few months later he married again. Lazarus Simon, a child by the first marriage, now a young man 19 years old, came to Chicago last January to secure a copy of the decree of divorce in order to fix his mother's position in litigation over real estate in Hungary. It was then learned, for the first time, that no decree ever had been entered.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

$50 Round Trip San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Via the Great Northern railway, account Federation of Women's Clubs. Tickets on sale April 20 to 27, good returning until June 25. Tickets via circuitous routes at correspondingly low rates. Full information, through railroad and sleeping car tickets, at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel block.

WOLF AMERICAN and LACLEDE BIOYCLES
Two of the best wheels on the market—
$22 to $40.
ERSPAMER BROTHERS,
104 W. Superior St. All kinds of Bicycle repairing.

THE EVENING HERALD
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 320 W. Superior St.
Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

10c a Week
EVERY EVENING
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	.02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	$1.30
Six months (in advance)	$2.60
One year (in advance)	$5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 19.—Fair weather prevails this morning in practically all districts, but light showers fell during Friday or last night over the Ohio valley, Western lake region, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. The barometer is high off the Atlantic and Pacific coasts and over the Mississippi valley, and low over the Ohio valley and Alberta. Cooler weather prevails in the Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys and Western lake region, and warmer in Rocky mountain districts. Temperatures are generally moderate. The winds in the lake region are mostly fresh northerly.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	58	Medicine Hat	36
Bismarck	40	Memphis	58
Boston	40	Miles City	48
Buffalo	50	Milwaukee	38
Calgary	26	Minnedosa	26
Charleston	52	Modena	24
Chicago	46	Montgomery	58
Cincinnati	50	New Orleans	58
Davenport	40	New York	42
Denver	46	North Platte	34
Detroit	50	Oklahoma	52
Dodge City	42	Omaha	40
Duluth	30	Pittsburg	52
Edmonton	26	Port Arthur	24
El Paso	48	Portland	44
Escanaba	34	Qu' Appelle	44
Galveston	64	Rapid City	38
Green Bay	38	San Francisco	48
Havre	40	Santa Fe	50
Helena	40	Shreveport	60
Houghton	30	Spokane	44
Huron	30	St. Louis	50
Jacksonville	50	St. Paul	32
Kamloops	42	Sault Ste. Marie	36
Kansas City	46	Swift Current	30
Knoxville	48	Washington	44
La Crosse	36	Williston	20
Los Angeles	52	Winnemucca	50
Lander	30	Winnipeg	22
Marquette	32		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday; warmer tonight; moderate temperature Sunday; fresh easterly and southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 19.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Sunday; warmer west portion Sunday. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday with increasing cloudiness west portion Sunday; warmer west portion. The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Sunday; rising temperature. Upper lakes—Fresh and probably brisk north to northwest winds, probably decreasing Sunday; generally fair except possibly light showers this afternoon and tonight on Huron.

Peary Now a Naval Commander.

Usually a naval officer, or in fact any official of the United States, is about the first one to learn of his advancement. There is one case, however, where this is not so and it may be many months before Commander Peary, now wintering in the frozen north, will learn that he has been advanced on the naval register. This promotion is brought about by the recent death of Civil Engineer Wolcott, of the navy. Mr. Peary has been generally known as Lieutenant Peary, but Wolcott's death makes him a commander, equivalent in rank to a lieutenant colonel in the army. Since Peary's entry in the navy he has been principally engaged in his present work. He has been off on Arctic travels and research for several years and is marked on the naval register as unemployed about twelve years out of twenty years of service. His last naval duty was at Brooklyn. The vacancy created by Civil Engineer Wolcott's death will be filled by competitive examination from professional men. A naval civil engineer is paid at the rate of $2400 per year for the first five years of his term of service and is increased for each five years' term about $300, until fifteen years, when the maximum salary, $3500, is attained. But as a civil engineer is generally in charge of a department at a navy yard, he is provided with a house and furnishings in addition to his salary. Undoubtedly Commander Peary is doing his country as much or more good in his persistent Arctic research as if he was detailed at some point in the naval service, and he is to be congratulated on his advicement.

Row Over Dawes Commission Probable.

A spirited contest is likely to take place very soon in conference committee over the Indian appropriation bill, which has just passed the senate with amendments and attachments not at all satisfactory to the house. The consideration of the Cuban reciprocity bill has prevented a meeting of the conference committee but they will now get together at once. The first difference of importance will be over the Dawes commission. The house bill reduced the membership of the committee to three and limited its appropriation to $78,000. The senate restored the number of commissioners to four and the appropriation to $93,000. The members of the house committee will oppose this amendment. It was the sentiment of the members of the committee that the commission should be either abolished or thoroughly reorganized. They will oppose any plan that looks to the retention of the body in its present form. They would prefer that the commission be abolished and that its affairs be placed in the hands of the Indian commissioner. The house bill provided that until allotments are made the holdings of land by the five civilized tribes shall be as follows: Chickasaws and Choctaws, 320 acres each; Creeks, 160 acres, and Cherokee, 160 acres. The senate has amended the bill to allow the Creeks 160 acres each and the Cherokees 80 each, cutting out all provision for allotment to the Choctaws and Chickasaws. The object of the house bill providing for temporary allotments was to prevent the excess holdings in the Chickasaw and Choctaw nations. The house members will not consent to the elimination of this feature of the measure. The senate bill reduces the appropriation of the support of Haskell institute at Lawrence, Kan., by $9000; abandons all support for the school at Mandan, N. D., and provides for the establishment of a school at Elko, Nev., at a cost of $90,000. The house committee is opposed to the establishment of new schools and will object to any reduction of the appropriation for the schools already established. The senate bill provides that lands allotted to white men who have no Indian blood may be sold by them without the restrictions and limitations placed upon the allotments of the Indians. This provision will also be opposed by the house committee.

The senate bill provides for an appropriation of $10,000 for the maintenance of an Indian supply warehouse at St. Louis. There will undoubtedly be strong objection to this from Eastern interests which are now up in arms over the transfer of purchase of a majority of supplies from the East to the West and will want nothing further in that line. The manipulation of Indian affairs contains more or less mystery at best and perhaps some light may be thrown on the subject if a real lively row is started in the conference committee.

DULUTH'S PROSPERITY.

An interview in yesterday's Herald with Archdeacon Appleby points out that the East is very intelligently informed of the stable prosperity of Duluth and Northern Minnesota. The East knows very well that the prosperity of today is not the gaseous, anticipative, seeming prosperity of ten or a dozen years ago. Then fortunes were on paper, and their intrinsic value was represented by inflation. Today fortunes here are measured by cash or its equivalent, by property, in almost every case fully paid for, valued on a hard times basis. The situation here today may be properly described as most strongly representative of solid stability.

No more dream books are being written of Duluth's history. The eminent citizen "doesn't dine with the king of Spain" and shine in the golden light of false optimism. He is too busy making his fortune, as reckoned in the form of good, hard dollars. The man who is getting a small store laid by for a rainy day has a little surplus that he puts in a home of his own. With all classes there is evident that frugal, provident spirit of having laid by a little of the actual medium of value. It has not only become general, but universal. The bank deposits show it. The real estate transferred from non-resident owners to actual resident purchasers emphasize the fact.

Duluth is not yet a wealthy city as wealthy cities are reckoned in the East. Its people are largely young, just at the beginning of life's struggle. Prosperity has smiled on them again, however, and they have had such severe schooling in adversity that they are determined now to progress anew only along the straight and narrow path of business stability and solidity. Commerce is developing here to bear out the brightest promises of the early day dreamers, but it finds awaiting its coming a people better fitted to carry it on and reap its harvest. Already the evidence of this statement is found in the material prosperity and conservative investments and ventures of the people. Solidity is apparent on every hand as a foundation on which the great commerce of today and the future is building.

THE WOMEN'S CLUBS.

One of the most important questions that will come up for consideration, and perhaps a settlement at the coming convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs at Los Angeles, is the vexing problem of association with representatives of colored women's clubs. The clubs of the general federation, to be represented at Los Angeles, have a membership of about 240,000 women. This organization sent to Attorney General Knox the most unique question to solve, perhaps that he has yet had officially to consider. It was an appeal to him to decide two questions, considered by the women to be of vital importance in the proposed reorganization of the general federation, to be considered at Los Angeles. By the logic of events reorganization and the color line have come to be intertwined questions, if not practically the same question. Reorganization was voted down at the last biennial convention at Milwaukee. The color question first came into prominence there, in consequence of the exclusion by the executive committee of Mrs. Ruffin, the president of a Boston colored woman's club. The general federation was then operating under a New Jersey charter. Clubs may now hold membership in the general federation in two ways, either through membership in a state federation or individually. Two plans of reorganization are proposed; one is that membership can be had only in the first of these ways; the other plan insists upon the latter policy. This, originating in Georgia, represents the sentiments of the Southern white women's clubs, which threaten to withdraw if colored clubs are admitted, as might result through state federations of the North, in portions of which the sentiment is strong for "equal rights."

The questions submitted to the attorney general, briefly stated, were: Having a charter which says nothing of state federation, and specifies that the membership shall consist of women's clubs, can the general federation legally reorganize upon the state federation basis? Can it legally exclude representatives of colored women's clubs, and draw a color line not warranted by the constitution of the United States? Naturally, these queries come from Boston. Whatever the official answer, the practical answer would seem to be that the general federation can do as it pleases. Who ever heard of women being bound, at least in any such remote and technical way, by the constitution of the United States? Mr. Knox is not legally bound to answer at all, his business being to give advice only to the government and its officers; but perhaps he will feel that he should and cannot resist the appeal of 240,000 of his countrywomen for an opinion.

As to the general question involved, whether white women's clubs should draw the color line, the expression of a positive opinion might be indiscreet. It would seem that if there is any serious or considerable objection among white club women to associating with colored club women, the latter ought, in self-respect, and with a view to harmony and their own best interests, to refrain from pressing in where they are unwelcome, on account of their color and race, even if unwelcome only to a minority of white club women. The colored women can have their own clubs, their own state and general federations; and the women of both races—or the so-called Anglo-Saxon race on one hand, and of the Afro-American mixed-blood women on the other—can thus be far more harmonious, agreeable and useful than by pressing and insisting on this theory of club amalgamation or bi-color association. If the majority of white women desire or think it best to draw the color line, the colored sisters should cheerfully accept that decision and consider themselves just as good and be just as independent as their fairer-skinned sisters, by having their own clubs, and state and general federation. This would appear to be the best solution of the question.

A THEATRICAL PROBLEM.

Some one of the staff writers of Harper's Weekly suggests in an ostensibly humorous, but in reality half-serious vein, in this week's issue, that the theatrical managers be required to signify the type of play they are to produce by the use of a certain color. He would have designated such plays as Miss Bingham's "A Modern Magdalen," or Mrs. Patrick Campbell's "Magda" by the use of scarlet. Such plays as Mr. Bellew's "A Gentleman of France," he would put in the yellow category. Pieces like Miss Russell's "The Girl and the Judge," or Mr. Willard's "The Professor's Love Story," he would herald forth their virtues under a pink baner.

It is simply a bright and amusing treatment of an old theme. The censor in England has not obliterated the problem. Its results are coming to be seen in the life of today in large cities. One does not go among the less intelligent people to find it. It is palpable in the very best society, and among the brightest people. These consequences are chargeable to such productions as "The Girl From Maxim's," "Zaza" and other pieces that confuse lust with affection. They put before young women types of women that do not exist in the environment in which they are played. When women reach that stage, they usually find that their surroundings and associations fall to the same level as their character.

How to overcome the ignorance of playgoers as to the nature of these plays is a difficult, seemingly an impossible, thing to accomplish. It can be done by national legislation, and it is a question if the time has not almost come when some action should be taken looking toward that end. The humorous suggestion of Mr. Bangs is useful only because it strikingly points out that some remedy is needed, and in a general way perhaps the solution. If oleomargarine is to be branded, why not legislate that the fraudulent purity of these so-called emotional plays be printed on the advertising matter? The theatrical business has reached a purely commercial basis. It should not be permitted to have the liberty it once enjoyed, if that liberty has become a license. Why not have congress provide by statute that every play shall be designated in some way as to point to its general class of construction and its moral character? Make these managers and authors put their wares before the public in their true light and cease to do business under false representations.

Public sentiment may be relied upon to sicken of these impure plays, but it does not seem capable of judging as between them and the good plays. Some statesman can win everlasting fame by providing the remedy so much in need.

MALVAR'S SURRENDER.

The surrender of the Filipino general, Malvar, who has been at the head of a strong party of hostile Filipinos for the past two years, is a good thing, whether or not it terminates organized resistance in Northern Luzon, as is claimed by Gen. Chaffee. After the capture of Aguinaldo Malvar proclaimed himself dictator, and as he was popular with the insurgents he got a very large following. The difficulty in capturing Malvar has not been his bravery as a fighter, nor his ability as a commander, but has been due entirely to the fact that he is a born actor, an adept at disguise and an unwearying traveler, who never, except among tried friends, appeared as Malvar, the insurgent, and never stopped twice in one spot, nor then a whole day, or all of one night. He is a vigorous, indefatigable young man, with all the pertinacity that marks the strongest Tagalo character, with the cunning of a fox and the wildness and watchfulness of the antelope.

This shrewdness is well illustrated by two stories told by Maj. Bullard, who scattered Malvar's forces in 1900, but failed to get the general. He says: "One day on a scout I stopped a simple bare-footed countryman with a fighting cock under his arm, going, he pleasantly answered me, to the cock fight in a little town where my command was then stationed. He perfectly accounted for himself, and I allowed him to pass on. The next day the natives were all laughing at me for letting Gen. Miguel Malvar trick me with a game cock and attend the Sunday cock fight in my own camp, which was his own home and native town!" Again, the major says: "One of my young officers on a scout met on a mountain path a bare-footed, stoop-shouldered Filipino, who stopped, moved aside out of the path and gravely removed his little hard derby hat in respectful salutation as the officer passed. A little further on that officer nearly fainted to learn that his ordinary, innocent-looking fellow, with the funny little hard hat, was Gen. Malvar. Of course, the officer turned back and ran himself out of breath, but he never got another glimpse of the general."

It was such escapes as these that made Malvara a romantic hero to his people, who would protect him with their lives. It gives an illustration of the cunning and ability of the people who are so abused by some reports from the Philippines. It certainly does not show them to be an ignorant set. It is well that Malvar has surrendered. He was too smooth to be captured.

BELGIUM'S TROUBLES.

Affairs in Belgium seem to have reached a critical stage. Unless the government makes concessions at an early date to the revolutionists the outlook is that it will be finally overthrown and the monarchy ended. The trouble is due to the demand of the masses for universal suffrage, and the people are not likely to be satisfied with anything short of that demand. If they do not get it, the result may be the overturning of the monarchy and the establishment of a republic.

There are 6,000,000 people in Belgium. It is the most thickly populated country in Europe, the number of people averaging about 470 to the square mile. The kingdom is rich in minerals, has large manufacturing interests and is highly skilled in many industrial arts. There are three national languages in use. French is spoken by the educated classes, but Flemish and German are more in vogue among the common people. The government of Belgium is called a constitutional monarchy, but the rights of the people are limited by a complicated system of restrictions. Some of the suffrage qualifications are based upon property; others are educational. Certain electors are allowed one supplementary vote each; others two. A man of more than 35 years, who is married or widowed, who is of legitimate descent and pays at least 5 francs of personal tax, or a man of more than 25 years, who possesses realty worth 2000 francs or enjoys a yearly revenue from investment of 100 francs, may cast two votes; a citizen of 25 who has a college diploma or who has filled a public office or other position which justifies the presumption of superior education, may cast three. Further there is a special franchise which alone entitles citizens to vote for certain members of the upper house of parliament or the senate. The senators are divided into two classes. Twenty-six are elected by the provincial councils; the remainder, less than half of the whole number, by the votes of citizens paying at least 1200 francs annually in direct tax to the state, or possessing realty that yields a yearly revenue of at least 1200 francs.

These complex regulations keep a large proportion of the people from ever voting at all, and thus restrict their development in those qualities which constitute a strong and trustworthy body of citizenship. It is against this condition of things that the present revolutionary fight is being waged. The Socialists were the first to raise the cry for universal suffrage. They have succeeded in compelling the Liberals to adopt a platform to that effect. A Christian Labor party was formed, which, under the leadership of clever clerics, is now fighting for the same principle. Within the past year these heterogenous elements have joined forces and now are sweeping everything before them in the country. The leaders of this powerful movement are Huysmans, called the Belgian Mirabeau, a man of wonderful administrative and oratorical talents; Abbe Daens, a Jesuit father, who has espoused the cause of the laboring masses, and Furnement, a powerful Socialist, beside a host of other influential politicians.

The question of the value of a tael may make a handsome fortune for someone, or the possibility exists that that same someone may lose heavily by the fluctuations of that little piece of Chinese money. In arranging the payment of the Chinese indemnity a question has arisen over the disposal of the difference between the value of the tael, as published under the provisions of our statute, by the director of the mint, which is 66 cents and a fraction, and the valuation arbitrarily placed upon it for present purposes by the protocol providing for the indemnity, which is somewhat more than 74 cents, a difference of 8 cents, which, in a total payment of $25,000,000, means a pretty large sum to go into somebody's pocket. What treasury experts will have to decide is whether the bank will profit by this disparity or the government. Of course there is always the possibility that the mint value may rise so as largely to exceed the treaty valuation. Then the boot would be on the other leg. Somebody stands to lose or gain, a neat sum of money on the whole transaction, unless the contract is so shaped as to provide that the two parties shall split the difference.

The New York Mail and Express is right in declaring that United States senators do not represent numbers or population, but states. It is true that the equal representation of the states in the senate "gives that body a peculiar character and relation to the government of the nation, and it was regarded as so fundamental that a declaration was imbedded in the constitution that no single state would ever be deprived of that equality without its own consent." It would seem, therefore, that an amendment to the constitution, to provide for representation in the senate according to population could not become effective without being ratified by the legislatures of all the states.

An exchange says that if the government, as suggested, should put Martha Washington's portrait on an issue of postage stamps, it could no longer be charged that the government had never done anything to recognize the female sex. But a glance at a silver dollar will show that the government has already recognized the female sex.

A footpad who was sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment in a California penitentiary said that when he got out he would kill the officer who arrested him. It may be, says the Portland Telegram, that his criminal bump was over-developed at the expense of hus humorous bump.

"Congratulations on the appointment and commiserations on the job," was the telegram sent by Senator Hanna to Mr. Ware, the new pension commissioner. And he deserves sympathy. If he does his duty he will be attacked by the pension sharks, and if he fails to do his duty, the whole country will condemn him.

A Connecticut law limits the number of trout which a person may catch in any one day to thirty. But, of course, this does not debar a man from claiming he caught 500.

It is said that there is in Kentucky, a man who compels his wife and children to draw a plow while a negro drives them. That is, they call him a man, but he does not deserve the title.

Kaiser Wilhelm is so highly pleased with his brother's reception in this country that he is going to send his son, Adelbert, over for a visit. Why does he not come himself?

The great scarcity of houses in Duluth is again made evident by the inability to move the head offices of the South Shore road here, because the employes cannot find homes.

Criticism is sometimes heard regarding newspapers because they print accounts of so many crimes, but that they do so is not the fault of the papers, says the Topeka State Journal.

If anyone thinks there is no beef trust, let him start in business as an independent butcher with the purpose of slaughtering his own cattle. He will speedily learn something about the trust.

If you did not find it convenient to "clean up" your premises today, that is no reason for neglecting to do it next week.

And even the price of diamonds has gone up. Thus does the poor man find it harder than ever to obtain the necessaries of life.

The Lynn (Mass.) Item accounts for it in this way: "A Kansas man gets the pension commissionership. Kansas is only about forty miles from Iowa."

The whole country is shocked by the stories of the atrocities committed under the American flag in the Philippines.

If the president can force down the price of beef he will be able to capture a second term with ease.

John F. Bible, who is running for mayor of Ionia, Mich., ought to get the church vote.

Peace in South Africa has been postponed for another three weeks at least.

Proof accumulates that a British army post is being conducted in Louisiana.

Will Mr. Hanna be the workingmen's candidate for the presidency in 1904?

WHITTLED TO A POINT.

New York Sun: Mrs. Rounder—Uncle says that you entertained him delightfully.

Rounder—Oh, yes. I bought him a drink and then let him tell me the sad story of his life.

-:—:-

Washington Star: "De man dat plays de hosses reg'lar," said Uncle Eben, "is liable to do some great guessin' at de track. But dat ain' nuffin' to de guessin' he's li'ble to do when de lan'lord comes roun' foh de rent."

-:—:-

Boston Transcript: Barnes—But you think the fellow is honest don't you?

Howes—I hope he is, but he is so particular to return a lead pencil he has borrowed that really, you know, you can's help suspecting him just a little.

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: "My friends," said the orator, as he stood before the attentive audience, "I am full of uncertainty."

Here a number of boarding house people in the front rows looked at each other significantly and hoarsely whispered.

"He has been eating hash."

-:—:-

Chicago Tribune: "I often regret that I did not attend some good college," said the pert young man, "and acquire a little more polish."

"Well," suggested the tired young woman, "why don't you hire some gasfitter to rub you up a trifle now?"

-:—:-

Chicago Post: "If you were I," she said to her dearest friend, "would you be married in the spring or fall?"

"If I were you," was the unhesitating reply, "and had actually secured a man, I would set the wedding for the earliest date possible."

-:—:-

Baltimore American: "My dear boy, you should study self-repression. Don't let your emotions depict themselves so plainly in your face."

"Why not, uncle?"

"Because it isn't artistic to give away your story in the headlines.

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: "How devout Mrs. Ayres is becoming," said he, "I notice she stayed in church today for some time after the services ended."

"Yes," replied his wife, "as her pew is near the door her only opportunity to show off her new bonnet was when the people filed out."

THE MAN WHO WINS.

The man who wins is the man who works—
The man who toils, while the next man shirks;
The man who stands in his deep distress
With his head held high in the deadly press—
Yes, he is the man who wins.

The man who wins is the man who knows
The value of pain and the worth of woes—
Who a lesson learns from the man who falls
And a moral finds in his mournful wails;
Yes, he is the man who wins.

The man who wins is the man who stays
In the unsought paths and the rocky ways;
And perhaps, who lingers, now and then,
To help some failure to rise again.
Ah! he is the man who wins!

And the man who wins is the man who hears
The curse of the envious in his ears,
But who goes his way with his head held high
And passes the wrecks of the failures by—
For he is the man who wins.
—HENRY EDWARD WARNER in Baltimore News.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Cupid is a faster runner, but Midash as more staying power.

Woman clings to her Bible through belief; to man through hope.

A man is known by the company he keeps; a woman by the clothes she wears.

Little men are proud to have bigger men reach up to greatness by standing on their shoulders.

Theories are like the colonial china, all right to look at, but risky to put into everyday use.

Young Men Born Rich Handicapped for Success

By United States Senator CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW

The young man who is born rich is seriously handicapped for success in life. He hasn't the spur of necessity, and unless he is peculiarly trained and more than ordinarily organized he has little ambition. The world is too easy for him. Its temptations are about him on every side with bad habits which make him worthless, or laziness or idleness which makes him useless. Of course, there are a few sons of rich men who have successes in life, but they are so exceptional their cases are very marked and remarked.

On the other hand, by being born poor, I do not mean extreme poverty. Granted that with the advantages of the public schools the boy's parents can give him a first-class education, and then he has to make his own career, the spur of necessity will arouse every faculty which helps make success. With moderate success comes ambition, and as his spheres of activity enlarge, he acquires a sense of power. He learns the value of temperance and character. He knows by experience that health and industry can accomplish almost anything and carry its possessor almost anywhere. As he grows in position, wealth and influence he is the more thankful every day for the condition which compelled him to do his mightiest or drop out of sight.

Take a number of young men who are born rich, and if the statistics were available and it could be found how many of them reached 60 and how many in proportion accomplished anything for themselves or for the world, the story would be a ghastly one of untimely ends of failure in life.

On the other hand, the vast majority of those who start under the conditions that I have mentioned live long and prosper. From their number come those who move the world and govern it, who are its masters in business enterprises, its leaders in the professions, its statesmen and rulers, its men of thought and action.

Ireland Always For Freedom

By WILLIAM REDMOND, M. P.

The Irish members have fought the war policy of the British government all through. The Irish nation has been solidly on the side of the Boers. I honestly believe if the American people realized the horrors now being perpetrated in Africa by Britain, that the great heart of America would be moved and the American government would be compelled to step in and protect these two gallant little republics. Ireland is always for freedom, no matter what it costs her. We would not accept our own liberty at the price of sanctioning the oppression of the Boers or any other race. A few months ago I had an interview in Amsterdam with President Kruger. I was struck with his high hope and spirits. He said his people would fight for their independence to the end, and that they had resources no one dreamed of.

Cuba Will Support Her President

By General LEONARD WOOD, Governor of Cuba.

The island of Cuba is ready now to be turned over to the Cubans. Nothing remains to be done except the proving and auditing of the accounts. Affairs are in such condition that they could be turned over to the new government on a few days' notice.

I shall probably remain in Cuba a few weeks after the change in government, and we will probably keep a few troops on the island for a time after the change. It seems to be the wish of the Cubans that we do that. The Cuban government will be organized very soon, and the Cubans will have the finest opportunity to show what they can do that any people have ever had before them. They will come into a government with $500,000 in its treasury and with its people loyal and law-abiding, who will do all they can to support Estrada Palma and his cabinet.

The income of the island is fully equal to its financial demands at this time, and I believe the Cubans will keep it so. I think they are capable of governing themselves now, and it is a certainty that if they fail it will not be because they did not have the opportunity to show what they could do.

Unless a greater reduction in the Cuban tariff on sugar than 20 per cent is made, a crisis may soon be reached in the island's affairs.

The people are depending upon the United States giving them a market for their two principal crops, sugar and tobacco, and they have every reason to expect that this government will give them the relief.

But One Law For Man and For Woman.

By Rev. LOUIS ALBERT BANKS, of New York.

There cannot be one righteous law for men and another for women. A woman is under no more obligations to be moral and pure and chaste than is a man, and a woman who has been betrayed is as good a bride as her betrayer deserves, and oftentimes a much better one.

I am satisfied that many young men go wrong and become utterly immoral and profligate until they are ruined beyond redemption because a proud mother, untrue to her own womanhood, sustains her boy in counting the woman he has betrayed as a creature unfit for wifehood with him.

If the young man who falls into immorality was held strictly and justly to the same standard as the young woman, many boys and young men would be saved from moral disaster.

The place for such training is in the home and the time while boys are growing up. The boy that gets out of his knee breeches without honoring womanhood, and feeling himself under bonds to champion the weak rather than to make game of it and prey upon it, is on the road to ruin.

Bacon Did Not Write the Plays of Shakespeare

By Sir HENRY IRVING, Actor and Doctor of Letters, Cambridge University, Great Britain.

It is contended by the Baconians that Bacon at the same time wrote Shakespeare and Greene. Why, then do we find such wonderful writing in Shakespeare, and, on the other hand, such a poor quality in Greene? Bacon at the same time has been credited with Spenser's "Faerie Queene" and certain work of Marlowe and others. These latter, though, are the collaborators of Shakesperean history. Baconians say that there is no evidence that the young Shakespeare could write at all, that he could even spell, but the contemporary writers, such as Webster, the dramatist, have disproved this.

Ben Johnson asserts that Shakespeare could not even spell his own name correctly and must have been illiterate. But the name has been spelled six different ways by the state authorities. Raleigh spelled his name five different ways, Bacon himself spells his own name in two ways, so we may yet have to learn who wrote Bacon, judging from the claim of illiteracy.

I will defy any one to prove that Bacon had the dramatic power, the knowledge of the stage, to have written the Shakespearean plays. What did Bacon know of stage art? His whole life's history is well known, and there is no evidence that he ever knew anything of the stage or had anything to do with it.

The best writer in the world may not be able to write a play. "Othello" could only have been written by a stage craftsman. Shakespeare was an actor and knew the stage statesmanship as well as a watchmaker knows a watch. Bacon never had any experience on the stage.

The various hints contained in the plays, topics that would be discussed only by those interested in stage work, crop out in many cases. Shakespeare is always accurate in technicalities of the stage, while, on the other hand, his knowledge of legal terms, geography and navigation is often ludicrous. Shakespeare sprang from the country and grew up with the people. Falstaff is a typical instance of the kind-hearted country booby. Why did not Bacon say in his lifetime that he wrote Shakespeare? I do not shield Shakespeare. He does not need to be shielded against ignorance and malice.

How to Help the Negro

By ROSCOE CONKLING BRUCE, Harvard's Colored Orator.

The most effective way, if I see it, to reach the negro agriculturist, to emancipate him from ignorance and unthrift, is to distribute through the rural districts men and women trained in industrial schools. The moral enthusiasm which inspired the North in 1865 now inspires the North to join hands with the South to emancipate the negro by the economical progress of education that makes men carpenters and makes carpenters men.

Don't Forget Us...

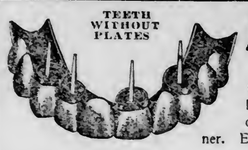
When You Want—

Fine Job Printing, Card Engraving, Rubber or Steel Stamps, Seals, or anything to stamp or mark with.

Consolidated Stamp and Printing Co.

BARKER & ORR, Proprietors,

323 West First St., Gound Floor. Zenith Phone 755.



JOHNSON & KAAKE
DENTISTS.

Our offices are equipped with all the latest electrical appliances for performing operations in a speedy and painless manner. Examination free and all work guaranteed.

Gold Crown (best quality)..... $7.00 | Gold Fillings, up from..... $1.50
Porcelain Fillings..... 75c | Silver Filling, up from..... 75c

MESABA BLOCK, 400-11 West Superior Street, DULUTH. OPEN SUNDAYS, 10 to 12. ZENITH PHONE, 168.

LET US SAVE YOU MONEY!

On Motors, Dynamos, Engines, Wiring, Lamps, Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures and Electric Repairing.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

J. H. McLaughlin & Co.

Zenith Phone 753 Bell 636-4

Electrical Contractors, Room F Palladio Bldg.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

We have just published a NEW MAP OF DULUTH—You need one.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

ALOPECIA

Has Deprived John D. Rockefeller of All His Hair.

New York, April 19.—"But the very hairs of your head are all numbered."

Literal application of this assurance from the gospel of St. Mathew cannot be made to John D. Rockefeller, for the last wisp of Mr. Rockefeller's hair has now been wafted away. The doctors say that nervousness, due to stomach trouble of long duration, has starved the hair nerves and that the Standard Oil magnate will never again have hairs upon either his head, over his eyes, or upon his face.

Mr. Rockefeller's great diversion is golf. He gives to this game, upon the Lakewood links, more time than he has ever given recreation of any sort in all his life. He is much stronger than he was a year ago, and drives off from his tee with all the vigor of an athlete.

But the ball he drives is not smoother or whiter than his own head. When his cap falls his hairless head fairly shines in the sun. Mr. Rockefeller seems very content. He enjoys his game. If his baldness annoys or humiliates him in the very least he gives no sign. He drives the ball with might and main, his cap flies off at the stroke, and he stands beheld by all who are around him. But he makes no haste to cover up. Recovering from the stroke, he stands and marks the ball down. It is time enough then to pick up smooth crown it is shielding from the the recreant cap and set it upon the sharp spring air.

The John D. Rockefeller of this day would not be recognized as the John D. Rockefeller of a year ago. Then he wore an iron gray mustache, and he had a head of hair. To lose both of these and his eyebrows, in addition, has been to alter wonderfully the appearance of the man. More than once this spring have friends of the modern Cresus met him upon the street and failed to recognize him because of his smooth head and face.

Physicians are quite agreed as the cause of Mr. Rockefeller's complete loss of hair. The hair follicles have been starved out. For years and years Mr. Rockefeller has been a sufferer with a weak stomach. He has eaten scarcely anything but milk and crackers. There has been none so poor as to subsist upon fare humbler than that of America's richest man. The rare dishes he might have, the tidbits of price and relishes of rare richness—all these have been denied him because he had no stomach to assimilate his food and must needs live, like the poet's barefoot boy, upon his bowl of bread and milk.

That Mr. Rockefeller has lost his hair does not imply that he is sick. He is quite robust. He plays a good game of golf. He gives his business several hours of vigorous management every day. He walks a good deal from his home down to his office. He is better, in fact, than he has been in a long time.

Alopecia is a disease much like the mange of foxes. Scientists have not fully agreed as to its origin, some attributing it to a vegetable parasite and others to a nervous disturbance. Physicians say it is quite uncommon, though not sufficiently so to be called rare.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Guage Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.

Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter.

There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rhoumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. Whenever in the opinion of our staff of specialists the wonderful curative and revitalizing forces of electricity will cure you we send you, free of all cost, one of these Supreme Electric Belts. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to the Physicians' Institute, at 2111 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.

"MICROBE"

Drove Cart Over a Woman and Was Severely Punished.

Indianapolis, April 19.—Douglass C. Jillson, a leading member of the Microbes, a club of young bloods who hold frequent sessions at the Hotel Dennison, was arraigned before Judge Stubbs of the city court for assault and battery, the literal offense consisting in driving his "trap" over Mrs. Leander Cox, and old woman of Irvington, as she was crossing a down-town street in this city. Jillson is a member of a very prominent family, and every "string" was pulled and a famous attorney was retained to fight the case, but so indifferent was Jillson at the time of the accident, and the high-handed manner in which he carried himself when the police placed him under arest, that the authorities determined to make an example.

Mrs. Cox had two ribs broken, and was unable to appear as a witness, but there was no lack of evidence, and the defense offered no testimony, thinking the penalty was a trifling matter of dollars and cents. The court terrified the young blood, however, by fining him $200 and costs and adding ten days in the workhouse. His attorney then appealed to the criminal court, and Jillson was released in bonds of $600.

The defense claimed that it was "an unfortunate accident," and that Jillson's family connections had aggravated the case, but the court held that it was a flagrant case of neglect and indifference. Civil actiba for damages will follow when Mrs. Cox recovers sufficiently to testify against Jillson.

"BURY ME

"In My Wedding Clothes," Her Last Request.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 19.—Amy Bales, who committed suicide by nanging because her returfied soldier lover, Ernest Clark, did not keep his engagement to elope with her wrote a farewell note, which has just been found. It is as follows:

"Life is very miserable, and everybody will sneer at me. Bury me in my wedding clothes. Place me where my love can be placed by my side. Yours in sorrow,

"AMY BALES."

THE WHIRL OF POLITICS

Things are getting to look more like business.

This has been the liveliest week of the campaign of 1902, and unless there is a sudden falling off all along the line very soon, matters ought to move rapidly now along the inclined plane that leads to next November. At that time some of these people will fall off, and others will shoot the chutes into comfortable berths.

* * *

It looks very much like—

Samuel R. Van Sant for the Republican nomination for governor;

Odin Halden for the Republican nomination for state auditor; and

J. Adam Bede for the Republican nomination for congress from the Eighth district, to succeed Judge Morris.

* * *

These are only a few of the indications that are beginning to appear, but of course it is very early for certainties, and so far as anybody knows there is no such thing as a certainty in the political field anyway. But just at present the three gentlemen mentioned above are feeling rather good, and all three of them have reason for that feeling. The Van Sant opposition seems to have withered and died for lack of a rallyping point. Mr. Halden's boom, which has been growing quietly for months, seems to be gaining ground at an ever-increasing rate every day. Mr. Bede's hopes and those of his friends have been elevated many per cent by the retirement of Judge Morris, leaving the field clear—temporarily, at least—to him.

* * *

While a few of the inner circle knew that Judge Morris was going to quit after this term, they managed to keep it bottled up for a long time, so it was a complete surprise to the rank and file and to many who considered themselves within the charmed circle. Even the day before Judge Morris' announcement appeared, and about the same instant that Judge Morris in Washington was handing his letter to the reporters, one of the men that knew all about it, was telling how popular Judge Morris was and what he was going to do in the way of sweeping the board during this coming campaign.

* * *

J. Adam Bede has the field to himself, at present, but he will not be lonely very long. The crowd that has been held in power with Judge Morris as a center, will not go contentedly out of power, and it will undoubtedly have a candidate. The people are interested in the matter to some extent, too, and there may be candidates yet to come that the Morris organization will have nothing to do with. Such a candidate would be O. D. Kinney, who is a strong figure, probably the strongest that has been named outside of J. Adam Bede and the strong position that Morris' retirement has left him in. Mayor Hugo is credited with being the "ring's" choice for the nomination, while the mayor anxiously inquires, when the subject is mentioned, whether the observer sees anything green in his eye.

Mr. Bede has not been idle for any length of time since the idea of becoming a candidate entered his head, and irrespective of Judge Morris, he had gained considerable strength throughout the district before the retirement of Morris was announced. Since then there has been a sudden rush to him. Many Duluth Republicans, and prominent ones, too, have been heard since to unqualifiedly announce their support of Bede. State Auditor Dunn has openly and definitely come out for him, and his paper, the Princeton Union, is an advocate of him as the logical successor to Morris. Altogether, at present, the Bede prespects are decidedly rosy.

Rumor is busy now disposing of Judge Morris' future for him. Whatever is said, alleged, charged or denied, people must insist on believing that there will soon be a new federal judgeship created in this state and that Judge Morris will be the appointee. A St. Paul paper makes the statement that he would not be eligible to a position created by the congress of which he is a member. This is a mistake. Judge Morris would not be eligible during his term, but he would immediately thereafter. The same paper publishes the report that Judge Morris will enter one of the prominent law firms of Duluth, mentioning the firm of Billson, Congdon & Dickinson as a possibility.

* * *

A number of names have been dragged into the discussion resulting from the Morris announcement, without any consent, formal or otherwise, by the owners. The published lists have been quite large, including Mayor Hugo, Senator Daugherty, W. L. Windom, F. E. Searle, Senator McCarthy, O. D. Kinney, W. H. Noyes, of Barnum, and others. A new name never before published in this connection since the discussion began has been handled more or less privately, and that is the name of W. E. Culkin, register of the land office. Mr. Culkin came here from Wright county, but he lives in Duluth now, votes here, and could just as well run for congress from here as not. The Herald's suggestion of running Lee M. Willcuts for the nomination, of making the king-maker a king, has also aroused great interest.

* * *

Nothing has been heard from any Democratic candidates as yet. It will be up-hill work for a Democratic candidate in the new Eigth district. Senator Daugherty says it is a "cute little district," and he ought to know, for he made it himself. He had more to do with carving out the new district than any other man, and in fact he was the father of the reapportionment bill, though he paid especial attention to the district that was going to have Duluth as its capital. He had to fight hard at one time to keep part of Hennepin county out of the district, which would have made a district with the two ends warring with each other for control.

* * *

The list of congressional possibilities is not yet exhausted by any means. J. B. Cotton is another. It has frequently been said that he might be a candidate about 1904, and the sudden withdrawal of Judge Morris has given many people the idea that he might be trotted out now. He is out of the city, and cannot, therefore, speak for himself just yet.

* * *

The Minneapolis Tribune yesterday morning published an editorial on the Morris announcement, in which the judge is discussed as a candidate for governor.

* * *

Later—What is this? Is that long, slender thing running back toward Washington from that Morris letter of retirement a string? Is it to be pulled? Is this all a bit of theatricals, designed to induce the populace of the Eighth district, when it heard of Morris' retirement, to rise and demand a reconsideration, with the demand blistered with scalding tears?

Just as the situation left by the Morris retirement had been reviewed for this column comes the morning paper, organ of Willcuts and the powers that be up in the federal building, and says that "the logic of events will compel Duluth's member to again become a candidate for congress," and says it in big letters, too. Isn't this rather sudden? Shouldn't a week at least have elapsed between the issuance of the retirement and the reconsideration? But this is bewildering. Events are coming so swiftly that one's head swims and one's brain reels, while reason totters on her throne. Was ist los?

It is an unfortunate thing that when the retirement was announced there were men that stuck their tongues in their cheeks and winked derisively. They said: "Oh, no! You can't fool your Uncle Dudley with chaff like that!" Now these same men are wildly uttering that irksome thing, "I told you so!" Many are saying that the name of O. D. Kinney was a name to conjure with, and that it woke Judge Morris up out of the dream that he was to retire. Many do not believe the story from Washington about the "logic of events." Many do not believe either story, or anything, or anybody. Dear, dear! But things are frightfully mixed today!

* * *

The Republicans would give a good deal to know whether John Lind can be induced to run for governor. The Minneapolis Tribune has figured it out that because he attended the Jefferson banquet there, and announced himself as a Simon-pure Democrat, that settles it that he will run. The Democrats hope that conclusion is well taken.

* * *

The date for the Republican state convention is now informally mentioned as early in July. This is the latest suggestion made yet, but it is probably near the true one.

"Sherm" Smith, of Minneapolis, dealer in fire hose and good fellowship, and a member of the house of representatives, has filed his certificate as a candidate for state senator in his district. Mr. Smith has been a good friend to Duluth. He has stuck by the Duluth members many times when his support was needed, and he will have the best wishes of the Duluth delegation in his fight.

* * *

C. B. Cheney in the Minneapolis Journal the other day eliminated J. F. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle, from the considerations on the state auditorship by announcing, semi-officially, that he was not to be a candidate. The article proceeded to say that "Jake" had taken State Auditor Dunn into his confidence in the matter, and that the two had buried the hatchet. Later Mr. Dunn denied that Jacobson had said anything to him about it, and expressed his belief that he would be a candidate just the same. The probabilities are that Jacobson and Iverson will divide up part of the counties in the southern part of the state, and that Odin Halden, of Duluth, will take a few of those counties and a good many from the northern and central parts of the state and win out the nomination.

* * *

The St. Peter Free Press has this to say about Mr. Halden and St. Louis county:

"O. Halden, of Duluth, a candidate for the Republican nomination for state auditor, takes exception to an editorial in a recent issue of the Free Press, in which it was pointed out that experience with legislators from the Zenith City for the past few years had demonstrated its too intimate relations with the interests of the steel trust and corporations generally to think of giving it a state auditor. Mr. Halden denies most emphatically that the iron companies dominate the politics of St. Louis county, and in proof of this statement cites his own election effected in spite of the opposition of that interest. The Free Press has no fault to find with Mr. Halden, whom it regards as a capable and conscientious official, but it submits in all seriousness that when Duluth's representative, Mr. Laybourn, gives his best efforts to corporative affairs in a way antagonistic to public policy, and then is assured a promotion to the senate for his services, the public have good reason to be on the alert before extending to that county further political recognition."

Mr. Laybourn will doubtless be pleased with the intelligence that his senatorship is guaranteed.

* * *

The Grand Rapids Magnet gets on the Halden hand wagon with this very true and concise statement:

"If there is to be any change in the state auditor's office this year, we are heartily in favor of the candidacy of O. Halden, of Duluth. As county auditor of St. Louis county for several terms he has shown himself to be a very capable and efficient officer and a man whom the great corporations have found it impossible to either scare or corrupt. His services and loyalty to the party are deserving of such recognition as he asks. By all means let it be Halden."

Here is a pleasant word from an opponent of Mr. Halden, A. N. Dare, of the Elk River Star News:

"The Minnesota Republicans are exceedingly fortunate in having two such good men to choose from to stand for state auditor as Sam Iverson and Odin Halden. We would like to see both of them auditor, but as that cannot be this section will probably favor Iverson, he being better known of the two."

* * *

Mr. Dare is a bit more harsh with Ray Jones, as follows:

"The fact that Hennepin county has been 'conceded' the Republican nomination for lieutenant governor—conceded by whom it is not stated—has led a young man named Ray Jones to make an active campaign for that position, and this leads to a general inquiry from all parts of the state as to who Ray Jones is anyway, and what has he done to make him conspicuously worthy of recognition? As there is usually no contest before the convention for this office, there is a further suspicion abroad that there is a hen on that will bear watching."

Ray Jones, however, seems to have rather a clear field just now, and his case is looking hopeful.

* * *

Here is one dissenting voice in the general chorus of plaudits that the country press is usually sending up to Bob Dunn from the Martin County Sentinel:

"A scheme is incubating to force Bob Dunn upon the Republican ticket for state auditor in order to help pull through Van Sant. Bob is a strong man, but this is asking too much. It cannot be, Dunn!

* * *

Says Peter Schaefer, of the Ely Miner:

"Robert Dunn announces for the 'steenth time that he is not in the race for governor nor state auditor. Van Sant will be the next governor and Odin Halden will be the next state auditor."

* * *

The Milaca Times took this view of Bede's candidacy before the Morris retirement:

"J. Adam Bede's candidacy for congress may be just one of his jokes, but it is doubtful if Hon. Page Morris can see anything humorous in it."

* * *

Judge Morris has added another bunch of pigweed to his crown of laurels by reporting the name of Jay M. Smith for reappointment as receiver of the land office here with his endorsement. This was in spite of many very vigorous protests that went in against Mr. Smith on business, personal and political grounds.

* * *

Apologies are due the esteemed Cass Lake Times, which was credited, through a mistaken paragraph caught floating the rounds, with having turned from Populism to Democracy. Having killed off the Democratic and People's party, one after another, and solemnly announced their demise, the Times came out as a strictly independent paper. That is the wisest course. The independent newspaper is unhampered in what it says, and, therefore, has many times the influence of the hide-bound party organ, whose every utterance is discounted in advance. The Times says very properly and very dignifiedly:

"We believe the time has come when the progressive newspaper must cut loose from all party ties; a publisher cannot do his duty to the community which reads his paper and be tied down to party dictation, right or wrong—we saw this necessity long ago, and in bringing the Times into line with our ideas of propriety have done no more than thousands of our now handicapped fellows must do to retain the respect and patronage of the people who read."

MERGER CASE

Removed From Ramsey County Court to Federal Court.

St. Paul, April 19.—Judge Otis, in the Ramsey county district court yesterday, signed an order removing the action brought by the state of Minnesota against the so-called railroad merger to the United States circuit court. The suit will, therefore, have to be tried in the federal court, unless the latter sees fit to remand it back to the state courts.

Shortly after the sate began its case in the district court by serving the summons and complaint on the Great Northern Railroad company, the Northern Pacific Railway company, the Northern Securities company and James J. Hill, individually, the attorneys for the Securities company served notice on the attorney general of a motion to set aside the service of the summons upon that company, which was made upon Mr. Hill as president, on the grounds that Mr. Hill was not present in the state as president of the Northern Securities company.

Yesterday, however, the attorneys for the Securities company decided to withdraw this motion and waive the question of service, and petition the district court for the removal of the case to the federal court. The grounds for this motion were allegations that the suit involved a construction of the federal statutes and of the constitution of the United States. This motion Judge Otis granted.

PRISON

More Attractive to a Wealthy Boy Than Army Life.

Marion, Ind., April 19.—Wyatt Leatherland, 28 years of age, son of wealthy parents, of Evansville, Ind., surrendered to the chief of police here. He said he enlisted in the volunteer service and served two years in the army in the Philippines, when he was discharged and returned to Evansville, where he was to have been established in business by his parents. While in an intoxicated condition on Aug. 27, 1901, he entered a recruiting office and enlisted in the regular army and before he realized what he had done was on his way to the Columbus, Ohio, barracks. From there he was taken to Ft. Hunt, Va., and assigned to the Forty-seventh company Coast Guards. On April 4 he deserted and made his way here. He said he was willing to serve six months in the federal prison rather than three years in the army.

HIS COLOR

Prevented Norcross From Getting Employment.

Ft. Wayne,, Ind., April 19.—Charles W. A. Norcross, colored, of Chicago, answered an advertisement for the Zimmer Carpet company, of Ft. Wayne, asking for a competent carpet layer. He wrote before coming, and says that when he went to the Zimmer people to begin work he was plainly told he could not be engaged on account of his color. He immediately employed attorneys to bring suit against the Zimmers for damages.

HUSBAND

Dismisses Suits and Mrs. Creighton Gets Alimony.

Hamilton, Ohio, April 19.—A surprise was sprung in the Creighton divorce case when Edward E. Creighton, on his own motion and at his own costs, dismissed his $50,000 damage suit against H. L. Morey, a leading attorney, for alleged alienation of his wife's affections. Mr. Creighton, also at his own motion, dismissed his answer and cross-petition in his wife's divorce case, charging her with infidelity.

The sequel to the above came when, before Judge Belden, Mrs. Katherine Creighton was given an absolute divorce from her husband, Edward E. Creighton. The grounds were gross neglect of duty. The divorced wife is given $1120 alimony and the possession of all the household goods at their former pretty home on Greenwood avenue.

This ends what promised to be a most sensational divorce suit among persons of high prominence, both socially and politically, in Southern Ohio. The hearing of the suit was very quiet and was held in Judge Belden's private room in the court house. There was no one present except the attorneys of Mr. and Mrs. Creighton and H. L. Morey.

Females of All Ages

find these Pills simply invaluable, as a few doses will restore free and regular conditions and effectually remove the causes of much suffering to the sex.

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere—In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Accurate Treatment Of

Men's Diseases

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

I guess at nothing. My understanding of men's diseases is so sufficient that I have no need to resort to guess work. To men's diseases alone I have devoted my entire attention for many years. I have closely studied them in every possible phase and complication. I believe there is no case that I cannot accurately diagnose. My diagnosis is the foundation of my treatment. It determines the course to pursue. As the cure progresses I carefully note developments and vary the remedies accordingly. I employ original and distinctive methods of treatment, but they are not set methods. They are pliable to meet the conditions in individual cases, and their use calls for the most delicate prescribing. That they are correct, scientific and rational methods is conclusively proven by the cures they produce.

"WEAKNESS"

That disorder commonly known as "weakness," has for years and generations baffled the efforts of physicians, yet to this very day a majority of doctors are attempting to overcome it by methods that have been in constant use and that have constantly failed for half a century. They dose the system with powerful stimulants and tonics calculated to restore nervous forces or strength that is not and never has been lacking, with a result that the functions are temporarily excited to the positive detriment of the patient. Weakness, we will call it such for convenience just now, is only a symptom resulting from a chronically swollen and inflamed prostate gland, and is curable by local treatment only. Either early dissipation or some improperly treated contracted disease is responsible for the inflammation in most instances, though accidental injury, strain, etc., may produce the same result. I have permanently cured thousands of cases of prematureness, loss of power, which demonstrates the absolute accuracy of my understanding and treatment of the disorder. In years I have not met with a single failure, and I have entire confidence in my ability to cure all cases that come to me for treatment other than that which I have perfected can completely and permanently restore strength and vigor.

CONTRACTED DISORDERS

To but partially cure a contracted disease is almost as dangerous as to allow it to go untreated. Unless every particle of infection and inflammation is removed, the probability exists that the disease will gradually work its way into the general system. All greater is the danger of the prostate gland becoming chronically inflammed, which always brings partial or complete loss of power. Perhaps 25 per cent of the cases of so-called "weakness' are a direct result of some improperly treated disease. During the past five years I have treated over 6500 cases of contracted disorders and have effected an absolutely thorough and safe cure in each instance. There have been no relapses or undesirable developments whatever and my patients have been cured in less time than other and less thorough forms of treatment require in producing even doubtful results.

VARICOCELE

Many men afflicted with varicocele are endangering their general health, their manly power and even life itself by allowing the disorder to remain uncured. Varicocele results from partial paralysis of the delicate nerve fibres that have a part in controlling local circulation of the blood. The muscular coating of the veins being deprived of nervous communication and control, become inactive, weaken and relax. The blood vessels expand from the pressure within, the circulation in the parts become sluggish, and frequently stagnant pools form in little nooks and pockets that constantly enlarge as the relaxation continues. The possibility exists that clots may form in these stagnant pools and then pass out into the general circulation. Should one find lodgment in the valve of the heart the result might be instant death, or should it be carried to the brain, general paralysis will follow.

I guarantee to cure varicocele in one week by a method that involves no cutting or ligature, or caustic. No other physician employs a like method, and so thorough is my work that there need not be the slightest fear of a relapse into the old condition. Those who have been long afflicted with varicocele will never realize the injury it has caused until they feel the vim, energy and buoyancy of spirts that a complete cure will bring.

STRICTURE

My treatment for stricture removes the necessity for surgical operations, even in severe cases of long standing. I do no cutting or dilating. No other physician employs my methous of overcoming this disorder, so the service I offer you is original and distinctive. Do not give up hope because others have failed. I will cure you and the cure will be a prompt and painless one. My treatment dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage, subdues all inflammation, relieves all irritation or congestion that may exist in the kidneys or bladder, reduces enlargement of the prostate gland and restores to health and tone all organs affected by the disease.

SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON

I permanently cure this most hideous of all blood diseases. I employ harmless, blood cleansing remedies that positively drive the very last taint of virus from the system, and every symptom vanishes to appear no more.

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully. Our home treatment by correspondence is always successful.

REFERENCES — **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City**

Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

EATS AND TALKS

Although Neck Is Broken and He Cannot Move.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 19.—John S. Gaughan, a patient at the Cleveland state asylum for the insane, who imagines that he is John D. Rockefeller, broke his neck three weks ago and lives. Not only that, but he eats and talks as before, but cannot move. The case has mystified Cleveland medical men, and though the asylum authorities tried to hush up the matter, many doctors have been to the institution in in the past few days.

Carleton College.

The annual catalogue of Carleton college, just published, presents the usual descriptive, historical and explanatory matter, courses of study, lists of instructors and students, and full-page cuts of four of its principal buildings. It is a co-educational college, originally established by the Congreagtional churches of the state, but in no sense a sectarian institution. It has half a million dollars' worth of property, a faculty of twenty-two professors and teachers, maintains a college, an academy and a school of music, and enrolled last year 336 students. About two-thirds of the students are from Minnesota, the remaining third from eleven other states, including Maine, Connecticut, Georgia, Alabama, Wyoming and Washington. Carleton makes it a special object to maintain a high standard of scholarship and to cultivate a superior type of character. Among items of exceptional interest during the past year have been the opening of the Laird athletic field, said to be the finest in the Northwest, and the winning, for the fourth time in four successive years, of the first place in the state inter-collegiate oratorical contest. The president of the college, who has served continuously since its establishment, thirty-two years ago, is the Rev. James W. Strong, D.D.

Something to Secure.

A fine reproduction of the latest portrait of Pope Leo XIII, at the novel price of 10 cents each. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

CANCER CURED.

I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know what the Herbaqueen Specific Remedies have done us. They have saved the life of my wife. She was afflicted with cancer through the whole system and was given up by doctors and friends as beyond any cure. She was suffering for a long time and got steadily worse, till at last she could hardly bear her surroundings. Then I heard of these wonderful cures and decided we would try them, and after treatment with them for some time she began to get better and is now all right and able to do her housework. I have full confidence in these treatments and recommend them to anyone suffering with cancer or tumor, as curing the same without operation. JOHN B. PETTERSON.

IF THEY'RE
BURROWS SHOES
THEY'RE PROPER

The hundreds of new wearers of Burrowes' footwear this spring promise the most successful season of our career.

An enormous demand has set in, but we're fully equal to it.

The stock and variety is the largest in Duluth — largest we've ever shown. The showing of Oxfords is especially large.

And such Oxfords! Such exclusiveness! Such daintiness! You won't find styles like them elsewhere, because no other store shows anything nearly like them.

Because this store shows such effects we have won the trade of about all the particular people of this city.

About the styles.

To go into particulars is really impossible.

To describe and convey to you the exclusiveness and beauty of these Oxfords would take a page of this paper. The window display will give you a fair idea — the showing inside, which accommodating salespeople will be pleased to show you will give you even a more comprehensive idea.

The prevailing effects are a rejuvenation of the footwear of the Colonial period, and so cleverly has the shoemaker combined the styles of those days with those of modern times that the ensemble is most effective.

Our showing of slippers for weddings, receptions, and all social occasions is especially appealing. In patent leather we have all of the choice new designs.

Boots for golfing, wheeling and all out-of-door sports are to be seen here in wide array.

We exercise our very best judgment in the filling of orders received by mail.

M. S. BURROWS,
HIGH GRADE FOOTWEAR.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

"Dan" Creedon quit at the end of the fifth round of a fight with "Young Peter" Jackson at Baltimore Friday. He claimed Jackson's stomach punches had made him sick at the stomach and he was unable to continue the fight.

The paper making department at the Wausau Paper Mills Company's plant at Brokaw, which was shut down April 5 owing to a strike among its skilled workmen, has resumed operations with one machine.

Before the Badger A. C. Friday night Charley Neary, of Milwaukee, finished Maurice Sayers, of Chicago, in the fifth round by a hard right punch on the jaw in the breakaway of a clinch. Neary had the better of his man in almost every round. It took Sayers two minutes to recover. The men fought a draw a month ago and great interest centered in Friday night's bout.

Governor Cummins has offered a reward of $250 for the murderers of the Peterson children, who were found dead in the suburbs of Des Moines a week ago, and will increase the amount if they are not apprehended within a week. The feeling has increased to the extent that the city has decided to purchase a pack of bloodhounds.

Dan McLeod, the Scotch wrestler, failed to fulfill his contract to throw Jim Parr, the English champion, three falls within an hour at catch-as-catch-can style before the Industrial Athletic club at Buffalo Friday night. The Scot was unable to gain even one fall.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; New York, 2.

At Cincinnati—Chicago, 5; Cincinnati, 2.

At New York—Brooklyn, 10; Boston, 4.

At St. Louis—Game postponed on account of rain.

Wall Paper.

We can show you a large variety in new and exclusive patterns. Engels & Co., 17-19 Third avenue west.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

The monthly assembly party was given at the Spalding last evening and the young people entered into it with their usual enthusiasm and delight. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
L. W. Powell, S. H. Rothermel,
E. F. Burg, J. G. Howard.
F. Engels,

Misses—
Hoopes, Fee,
Hartman, Porter,
Kate Piebiger, Tyler,
Gertrude Whalen,
Hutchart, Grace St. Clair,
Wentworth, Richards,
Letteau, Richards,
Pineo, Kennedy.

Messrs.—
Whyte, Coleman,
Graff, Moore,
Burg, E. E. Johnson,
Davis, George Smith,
Charles O'Donnell Ingalls,
Hall, Stewart,
Deetz, Cleland,
Letteau, Close.
Sheridan,

* * *

The Card club was entertained Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald, 225 Fifteenth avenue east. The head prize was won by Miss Frazer and the consolation prize by Miss Belle Simonds. The club will be next entertained by Miss Hirsch and Miss Smith Monday afternoon, April 28, at No. 2 Chester terrace. The following were present:

Mesdames—
R. H. Draper, J. C. Goggie,
F. R. Leslie, H. F. Williamson,
J. H. LaVaque, Jr.,
Mark Baldwin, R. B. Eyster.
W. F. Quayle,

Misses—
Ames, Frazer,
Davidson, Macdougall.
Hirsch, Belle Simonds,
Crowley, Smith.

* * *

The subscription party which was to have been given at the Spalding last Tuesday evening was abandoned because of a lack of interest.

* * *

The second annual charity ball for the benefit of St. Luke's hospital will be given at the Armory Monday evening, April 28. It will be given by the Young Ladies' club, which proposes to make this an annual feature.

* * *

The Matinee Musicale will meet Monday afternoon and the program has been arranged by Mrs. John Millen, Mrs. Charles P. Craig and Miss Crowley. It will be devoted to a continuation of the consideration of the romantic school. The program is as follows:

Paper .....
Mrs. John Millen.
"Symphony in A Minor"....Mendelssohn
"Andante con moto"
"Allegro con poco agitato" .....
Mrs. Millen, Miss Simonds, Mrs. McLean and Miss Crowley.
a. "Du bist wie eine Blume"..Rubinstein
b. "Since First I Met Thee"
Miss Frazer.
Piano duo—"Tarantelle" ..... Raff
Mrs. Millen and Miss Simonds.
"Good Night" ..... Rubinstein
Miss Frazer.
"Ballade, Op. 23" ..... Chopin
Mrs. Mena Hiegaard-Sheldon.
Vocal quartet—"Sanctus," from "Messe Solenelle" .....
Mrs. James McAuliffe, Miss West, Mr. Tyler, Mr. Weeks; accompanist, Miss Lynn.

* * *

Mrs. Mena Heegaard-Sheldon, of Minneapolis, who will play Chopin's Ballade in G minor, graduated from the Boston conservatory, receiving the highest honors of the class in the shape of a medal awarded her by a committee consisting of Arthur Foote, Professor Carl Baermann and C. L. Capen. Arthur Weld, the famous Boston critic, wrote of Mrs. Sheldon in the Boston Post as follows:

"She proved herself to be a born pianist, with great technique and intelligence."

* * *

The Twentieth Century club program for the coming week is as follows:

Monday, at 10 a. m., parliamentary law class.

Monday, at 8 p. m., Shakespeare class (by M. C. A. Hall).

In addition to the regular program of the parliamentary law class, work for the coming year will be decided upon and a class leader elected.

Monday evening, April 21, the evening Shakespeare class will meet at the Y. M. C. A. hall, it being the final meeting of the season. Clarence B. Miller will be in charge and his subject will be "Shakespeare's Man of Action." The characters that he will consider are Richard III, Othello and Coriolanus. The meeting will be free to club members, and others will be required to pay a small admission fee.

There was a misunderstanding over the place of holding the last meeting, and the attendance was unsatisfactory for that reason. It was decided to postpone the Shakespearean readings which were to have been given by Mrs. Charles d'Autremont, and they will probably form the opening feature of the Twentieth Century club next fall.

The annual meeting of the Twentieth Century club will be held on the evening of April 28. Reports from all departments for the past year and the program for the coming year will be submitted. Also the entire list of general officers will be elected. Every member of the club should consider it a personal duty to attend.

Tuesday afternoon the travel class closed its work for the year. The meeting was in charge of Mrs. F. D. Day. Papers bearing upon the most important features of Mexico were given by Mrs. G. H. Thompson. Mrs. Charles Merritt. Mrs. James McCahill, Miss Purle and Mrs. J. G. Harris.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Percy M. Shaw, Jr., have taken up their residence at the Spalding for the summer. Mrs. Shaw has been visiting in Florida during the winter, where she was joined by her husband about six weeks ago.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Helmain left yesterday for Chicago, from whence they will go to Appleton, Wis., to visit friends.

* * *

Mrs. J. B. Middlecoff and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hicken will leave this week for the Pacific coast on a pleasure trip.

* * *

Mrs. McLeod and son William, of San Francisco, are visiting Mrs. John McAlpine, of Sixth avenue west.

* * *

Greysolon du Lhut chapter D. A. R. will hold its April meeting next Friday with Mrs. A. D. Goodman. Mrs. Julia M. Barnes will lead the meeting.

* * *

The Lester Park Literary club will meet with Mrs. E. W. Burbank. The subject for the day will be: "Renaissance and Modern Art." Leader, Mrs. R. O. Sweeny, Jr.

* * *

Some of the pupils of Gerard Tonning, assisted by Miss Alice Cooley, soprano, and Miss Antoinette West, contralto, will give a recital at the Endion M. E. church on May 9, under the auspices of the church.

* * *

One of the conspicuous social events in fraternal circles will take place next Thursday evening at the Armory, when Court Eastern Star No. 86, and Court Phoenix No. 14, U. O. F., will give their annual ball. Flaaten's full orchestra has been engaged. The chairmen of the various committees are as follows: Reception, Harry Milnes; floor, Eugene Forcer; music, A. L. Foster; refreshments, M. Koehler. The United Order of Foresters is one of the new fraternal orders at the head of the lakes. Five years ago it was very little known here, but today it has a membership of 1200 or more in this jurisdiction, which is known as the jurisdiction of Superior. The supreme court will meet here in July and every member of the order at the head of the lakes is doing his or her utmost to have it make a good showing when the court comes.

* * *

The Woman's Relief corps of the G. A. R. will give a card party Tuesday evening at the hall in the Masonic temple.

* * *

A concert will be given during the first or second week in May by the music teachers of the city, who intend to take part in the state convention of music teachers to be held in St. Paul May 19 and 20. In the convention concerts a number of Duluth musicians will take part.

Monday evening, May 19, Gerard Tonning's song cycle will be sung by Mrs. James McAuliffe, Miss West, George Tyler and E. W. Prophet, with Mr. Tonning at the piano. Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd will also give 'cello numbers that evening.

Tuesday afternoon the Beethoven club, consisting of Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd, 'cello; F. G. Bradbury, violin, and Gerard Tonning, piano, will play.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Ordean returned Wednesday noon from a month's trip in the East and South.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sutton were in St. Paul this week for a short visit.

* * *

C. S. Pollock, formerly of Marquette, expects soon to remove his family here. They will reside at 1431 East Second street. Mr. Pollock is manager for the Standard Oil company in this district.

* * *

Mrs. Carlotte Stockwell has returned from a few weeks' visit in Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Booth has returned from a visit in Chicago.

* * *

Adolph Max Wirth has returned from Chicago.

* * *

Miss Sabin has returned from a visit in Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. G. G. Hartley has returned from a several weeks' visit in Boston.

* * *

Miss Robinson, of Detroit, Mich., arrived this week for a visit with her mother, Mrs. George L. Chesebrough.

* * *

Mrs. Anna McLean and Mrs. Sarah Grant left Thursday for a trip through the South.

* * *

Robert Alexander and family and Charles Johnson, of Carlton, will leave shortly for a trip to Europe.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hubbell have returned from their trip to the Pacific coast.

* * *

Mrs. D. G. Penny returned Thursday from an extended visit in Colorado and New Mexico.

* * *

Capt. Frank Maginnis left San Francisco Thursday for Manila, where he will rejoin his regiment.

* * *

Miss Nellie Sullivan and Miss Lizzie Sullivan, of Tower, were guests Thursday of Mrs. T. J. Walsh, of the McKay hotel.

* * *

Miss Jennie Crowley, Miss Emily Beavriage, Miss Margaret Marshall, Miss Annie Goushowirski, Miss Nellie F. Kearn, Miss Mary Wagner and Mrs. F. M. McDonald, were in Chicago this week attending a convention of the Women's Catholic Order of Foresters.

* * *

Mrs. McRae, a landscape artist, of Chicago, was in the city for a short visit this week. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss McRae.

* * *

Mrs. M. A. Reaney, of the La Fayette flats, entertained Mr. and Mrs. George Ring, of St. Paul, a few days this week.

* * *

R. D. O'Brien and W. S. Brisbin, of St. Paul, spent Sunday here with friends.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Miller have moved from 310 West Fourth street to Woodland.

* * *

Miss Julia Kelleher returned the first of the week from a visit at her former home in Green Bay, Wis.

* * *

Miss Flora Richardson was called to her home in Elgin, Minn., this week by the serious illness of her mother.

* * *

Mrs. J. H. McFadzean left Monday for a visit at Chicago and Jackson, Mich.

* * *

Mrs. C. G. Howard, of 503 West First street, is visiting friends in Minneapolis.

* * *

S. H. Bingham left this afternoon for Ashland, where Mrs. Bingham has been visiting relatives for a few weeks.

* * *

Mrs. John McNamara was called to Hibbing owing to the illness of her sister, Mrs. Tague.

* * *

Mrs. A. Johnson left Wednesday for a short visit at Oakes, N. D.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. H. Hall have returned from a three months' visit in California.

* * *

Miss Harris is visiting friends in Chicago.

* * *

Miss Mary McFadden has returned from a visit in Chicago.

* * *

Thomas Durann and family left Tuesday for Los Angeles, Cal., to remain for some weeks.

* * *

A very pretty wedding took place Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at the Second Presbyterian church, on West Superior street, when Miss Nettie Schulenburg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Schulenburg, and Joseph Twaddle were united in marriage. The church was prettily decorated for the occasion and the ceremony was witnessed by a large number of the friends of the bridal couple. The bride entered the church with her father and was preceded by Miss Margaret McDonald, maid of honor. At the altar she was met by the groom and his best man, Joseph Miller. The bride wore a gown of pale gray, with pink, wore a hat to match, and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid's gown was of brown and blue. She wore a hat to match and carried American Beauty roses.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents for the relatives and immediate friends. Mr. and Mrs. Twaddle will be at home to their friends after May 1, at the Esmond hotel, Twentieth avenue west.

* * *

Miss Bessie Manley and Alfred James Burke, both of West Duluth, were quietly married at the St. James church at high mass at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Feehely. Miss E. P. La Fortune was the bridesmaid and E. O. Olund acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Burke will make their home in West Duluth.

* * *

The F. L. C. C. met at the home of Miss Pearl Flood during the afternoon of Thursday last and the time was spent in sewing and music, followed by refreshments. Those present were:

Misses— uptheman in
Crissie Gram, Pearl Flood,
Johanna Behrens, Julia Eden.
Fanny Anderson, Il. Largerstedt.
Edythe Carlson,

* * *

Friday evening the club met at the home of Miss Crissie Gram, the afternoon being spent in a similarly pleasant and profitable manner.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Murphy, of 1113 West Michigan street, have been entertaining Mrs. G. T. Murphy and son, of Escanaba, Mich.

* * *

Mrs. G. T. Johns and son Albert left this week for Fort Wayne, Ind., to attend the funeral of Mrs. Johns' father.

* * *

Roy E. Hilton, of Kenyon, Minn., has arrived to make his home in Duluth. Mr. Hilton was recently appointed to a clerkship in the land office to fill a vacancy.

* * *

Monday evening, April 21, the Independent Order of Foresters will give a musical entertainment, followed by a dancing party, at the Armory. Following is the program:

Frank Crassweller, master of ceremonies .....
"In Absence" .....Buck
Temple quartet.
Solo—"Dreaming June" .....Lane
Mrs. R. L. Knebel.
Reading—"How the LaRue Stakes Were Lost" .....Hood
Miss Laura Frankenfield.
Piano—"Etude de Concert" .....Gorla
William Browne.
Solo—"Bedouin Love Song".....Pinsuti
Duet—"I Would That My Love" .....
.....Mendelssohn
Mrs. Knebel, Mrs. Black.
Reading—"A Telephone Conversation"
.....Gregg
Miss Frankenfield.
Solo—"My Dream of You".....Rodney
Mrs. Justine Shanno-Black.
Songs—
(a) "All Through the Night".Old Welsh
(b) "Loch Lomond".....Old Scotch
(c) "Off to Philadelphia".....Old Irish
C. W. Weeks.
Quartet—"The Old Canoe" .....Root
Temple quartet.

* * *

Miss Emma Aldeen and Otto Herman Leffler, both well-known young people of West Duluth, were united in marriage at the Third Swedish church Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in the presence of a large number of their friends. The ceremony was performed by the pastor, Rev. A. Aldeen, a brother of the bride. Music was rendered by the orchestra during the service. Mr and Mrs. Leffler have begun housekeeping at 603 Fifty-ninth avenue west.

* * *

Miss Katherine McDonald and Patrick Henry McGraw, both of West Duluth, were married Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock at the St. James church, Rev. Father Feehely officiating. The bride has made her home here several years with her cousin, Joseph Bellemuer, and the groom is a prominent member of the Longshoremen's union. Miss Belle Bellemuer acted as bridesmaid and William Godfrey was best man. Mr and Mrs. McGraw will reside at Ramsey street and Fifty-third avenue west.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Murnian, of 422 Fifty-second avenue west, entertained Saturday afternoon and evening in honor of the 13th birthday anniversary of their son Roy. About forty-five of his young friends were present and the time was passed with music, dancing and games.

* * *

Mrs. D. R. McKinley, of West Duluth, was called to St. Ansgar, Iowa, this week to attend the funeral of her brother.

* * *

Wallace Lovelace left Thursday for a visit at Appleton, Wis.

* * *

Victor Paradis, formerly of this city, now of Rice Lake, Wis., visited West Duluth friends Thursday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Chaffee, who have been visiting West Duluth friends, left Thursday for their home in Northern Michigan.

* * *

William Spencer left Monday for a two weeks' trip to Texas.

* * *

The opera "Pinlafore," which has been under rehearsal for some time, will be given May 13 and 14 at the Lyceum under the auspices of the ladies of the First Presbyterian church. It is promised that it will be the finest amateur production that Duluth has ever seen. The characters have all been well placed, the chorus is a very strong one, and the staging and dressing will be elaborate. A full rehearsal will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock, when all taking part are expected to be present.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William White and family will leave for Europe this summer, to be away for some time. Miss Annie White, who is attending school in the East, will graduate at the close of this year, and on June 4 the family will sail. They will visit the British isles, and later Mrs. White and Miss White will take the Mediterranean trip, returning to Duluth at about Christmas time. Mr. White, Miss Maud and Willie will return in the fall, the two young people to enter schools in the East.

* * *

A pleasant surprise party was given by the Black Diamond Baseball club in honor of a member, Charles Nelson, last evening, at his home, 1910 West Second street. Games and dancing were indulged in throughout the evening, and a dainty luncheon was served. Miss Chrissie Gram won the head prize in the flower-guessing contest, and Christian Clausen the consolation prize. The following composed the party:

Misses—
Minnie Nelson, Chrissie Gram,
Kate McGinnes, Anna Nelson,
Hulda Lagestadt, Lucy Flood,
Alma Lundgren, Marie Johnson,
Elsie Flood, Behrens,
Anna Lagestadt, Marie Nelson,
Ella Flood, Lucy Grotke.

Messrs.—
P. Burns, C. Dennis,
V. Fraser, A. Olson,
Charles Nelson, C. Clausen,
W. Peer, Earl Lowe,
J. Lindbeck, Dennis,
Knute Nelson, R. Nelson,
Earl Nelson, F. Zimmerman.
O. Olson,

TRIED TO GET TIRED.

In Order to Bring on Sleep.

When people are kept awake by coffee drinking and get into a nervous condition from it, they try all sorts of ways to overcome the trouble, but generally end eavor to stick to coffee.

A lady says in part of a long letter: "The only way I could get any sleep at all, at that time, was by walking at night in the yard until I got so tired I would fall asleep as soon as I touched the bed, but after a little I would commence rolling around and could not lie still or sit in one place for any length of time.

"I became despondent and unhappy. My stomach was all out of order and my nerves absolutely broken down. One day a lady friend when calling said, "My dear, I believe, it is coffee that makes you so sick and nervous.' I replied, 'I don't believe coffee hurts anyone. My physician knows that I use coffee and he has never said anything about its being hurtful.' She replied, 'I can't help that, they did not tell me either, but I found out myself when I quit coffee and began to use Postum that I got well.'

"I will never forget that October evening three years ago when I had my first cup of Postum. It was made right, and tasted, Oh, so good. In less than a week I could see a considerable improvement, and the second month I was well and happy and peaceful again. I have kept so ever since, and am now the picture of health, and do lots of hard work when I want to." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

...THE...
Ludwig
PIANO.
"Stands Every Test."

Heard at a distance, its tone attracts—go nearer and you admire. Play it and you are wholly satisfied. Yet, fine as it is, the cost is small.

You Can Pay by the Month
$10.00 at a Time

SEND for CATALOG

DULUTH MUSIC CO
Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.
Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos
Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.
Open Saturday Evenings.

DULUTH MATCHES!

Everybody uses them. Don't forget to order them from your grocer. They are cheaper, better in quality, and every time you use one, you help to build up a home industry.

DULUTH LABORERS NEED YOUR CO-OPERATION IN THIS WAY.

HARD WORK

Is What Made Paderewski, Says Andrew Carnegie.

New York, April 19.—Andrew Carnegie, in speaking to the young men of the school attached to the Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen at the mechanical institute, in this city, referred to Paderewski, the pianist and from his career drew a lesson for the benefit of the young men of today. The pianist, he said, was poor in his youth, had but an ordinary education and but ordinary musical talent. Hard work had made him what people today call a "genius."

Hard work, he said, made Shakespeare the greatest dramatic genius. He said young men should be willing to work overtime if it were to their employer's interest.

CONGRATULATIONS

Cabled By Henry to Police Captain Wendell.

New York, April 19.—Prince Henry of Prussia, has sent a cablegram of congratulation to Capt. Charles C. Wendell, of the Elizabeth street police station, upon the occasion of the marriage of his daughter.

Capt. Wendell was in command of the "Hohenzollern precinct" as the West Thirty-fourth street station was called when the imperial yacht was moored there during the prince's recent visit.

STONE VERY WEAK.

Watertown, Wis., April 19.—Lieutenant Governor Stone does not show the improvement which his friends hoped to see after he had returned home. He is very weak, due to severe attacks of vomiting. It is recognized that unless he can be relieved it is only a question of a short time when the lieutenant's vitality will be exhausted.

ITALIAN CONCERT.

Valenza-Tyler Concert at the Armory.

The Valenza-Tyler concert at the Armory tomorrow afternoon will be of unusual interest. It will be an Italian concert and Signor and Signora Valenza and George Tyler will be assisted by Miss Rena Smith, Miss Mildred Porter and Roy Prytz. This will be the first appearance of Miss Mildred Porter.

The program is as follows:

Harp solo—"Autumn-Fantasia" .....
..... J. Thomas
Signor S. R. Valenza.
Contralto solo—"Non conosci il bel
..... cmfwy vbgkqxz
suol," aria from "Mignon," A. Thomas

SIGNORA ELETTRA ARMISTA VALENZA.
Who will sing at the Armory tomorrow afternoon.

Signora Elettra Armista-Valenza.
Tenor solo—"M'apparl," aria from "Marta" ..... Flotow
George Tyler.
Soprano solo—"Non e ver!" .....Mattei
Miss Mildred Porter.
Duet—"Il Trovatore" ..... Verdi
Signora E. Armista Valenza and George Tyler.
Barytone solo—Recit and aria from "L'Ebreo" ..... Apolloni
Roy Prytz.
Duet—"La notte" ..... Milliotti
Signora E. Armista-Valenza and Miss M. Porter.
Tenor solo—a. "Non tornò" .....Mattei
b. "Vorrei morir" ..... Tosti
George Tyler.
Harp solo—"La danza delle Silfidi" ..
..... Godefroid
Signor Valenza.
Duet—Recit and aria from "La Traviata" ..... Verdi
Miss Rena Smith and George Tyler.
Quartet—"Il Rigoletto" ..... Verdi
Signora E. Armista Valenza, Miss Rena Smith, George Tyler and Roy Prytz.

SWITCHING

Will Be Done Free For Factories In the Future.

Chicago, April 19.—By an agreement entered into between the executive officials of all Eastern and Southern roads and the Northwestern and St. Paul, all local factories on these lines will in the future not have to pay switching charges.

The agreement goes into effect at once and gives hundreds of factories within a large radius the advantage of the "Chicago rates," whereas in the past they have been compelled to pay the "Chicago rates" plus whatever the switching charges might be. The advantage to the industries thus affected is large, as the average switching charges in the territory covered has been $5 per car. Under the new arrangement the switching char charges will be $3 per car and will be absorbed by the railroads parties to the agreement.

It is said that the move is a start toward abrogating to the shipper all switching charges within the limits of the city and manufacturing suburbs.

The roads thus far subscribing to the arrangement are the Baltimore & Ohio, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Illinois Central, Monon, Northwestern, St. Paul, Grand Trunk, Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Nickel Plate, Pan Handle, Pennsylvania and Wabash.

BIG PLANT

Of American Tin Plate Company Damaged By Fire.

Pittsburg, April 19.—The great Monongahela plant of the American Tin Plate company, on the South Side, was damaged by fire at an early hour this morning to the extent of about $10,000. The works, consisting of twenty mills, covers five acres between South Thirteenth and South Fifteenth streets and for a time it was feared the entire plant would be destroyed. When the fire broke out several hundred men were at work, and while no lives were lost, there were several narrow escapes.

Salient Points About Our Prescription Department.

We doubt if there is anywhere a drug store better prepared than this one to do high grade prescription work. We have practically everything that science has suggested or money can buy in the way of equipment. We have every needed utensil, we have a stock of the finest drugs obtainable, we are adequate reference library, and the prescription department is arranged in accordance with modern ideas.

No one who has a prescription to be filled should be satisfied with anything less than our perfect service.

S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST.

Horse and Rider Can Both Be Cured

By the Prompt Use of
Greene's Infallible Liniment
a universal remedy for every description of Wounds, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Bruises and Sprains. It is just what its name implies "infallible." It stops all pain, reduces inflammation and effects a speedy cure.

"I have used Greene's Liniment on my horses and shall never be without it.—Wm. A. Pinkerton, Chicago."

In cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sore Throat or Lame Back it gives instant relief. In the home, the farm or the stable Greene's Infallible Liniment should always be on hand.

Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you, the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, will, to prove its worth, send a large **free sample** in return for this Ad. and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. There is no substitute. Look for this trade mark

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE L. L. LINIMENT

For sale by Schulze Bros.; E. L. Toomey; G. H. Huseby; Clemetson Bros., West Duluth; James McMartin D. D. Mackey; Helmer Jentoft; S. M. Jensen Two Harbors, Minn.; and S. F. Boyce and Kenney & Watt, Duluth.

On every box. A Woman in Red.

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

never take another instead.

No other like it. It's best.—Grocers.

For Fine...
Wall Paper
and...
Decorating
go to
Wannebo & Aronson,
209 E. Sup. St. Zenith Phone 41

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Wheat Started Out Higher, Eased Off Slightly But Recovered.

Trading In Futures Was Light on the Duluth Board.

Reports of Crop Damage In Kansas and Nebraska.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 19.—The wheat market was strong and higher this morning. It opened with an advance, sold up, eased off a little but recovered and closed ⅝c higher than yesterday here and ⅞-7⅝c higher at Chicago for the May option. The weather conditions were again the chief factor, claims being made by reports from Kansas and Nebraska that the wheat crop there is suffering severely from lack of rain and the weather map showing no indications of rain there during the coming twenty-four hours. The Northwest receipts were also very small, and the cables were steady in the face of yesterday's decline in the American markets.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 103 cars, and at Chicago, 40, a total of 143, against 186 last week and 307 last year.

The Australian shipments for the week were 248,000 bus against 472,000 bus for the corresponding period last year.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ½d lower. Paris closed 1@¾c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 197,000 bus, last year 362,000 bus. Shipments 415,-000 bus, last year 502,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 773,000 bus.

Corn in the Chicago market was up ¼-⅜c and oats unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 240,000 bus, last year 270,000 bus. Shipments 418,000 bus, last year 417,000 bus. Clearances were 141,000 bus.

Trade in wheat on the Duluth board was light and the market steady. It opened ½c up at 74⅝c, sold at 75⅜c at 9:40 and at 74⅝c at 11:15. The close was at 74c⅝, an advance of ⅞c. Chicago advanced ⅞-⅞c and Minneapolis 1-1⅛c. The July option in Duluth advanced 1⅛c.

Cash sales were 10 bus at May price for No. 1 northern, 2½c under for No. 2 and 4½c under for No. 3.

May flax made a new high point today, selling at $1.78¾, and then closing at $1.78, an advance of 2c. Trading was active. Cash and to arrive sold also advanced 2c. The october option was 1½c lower.

Corn advanced ½c and oats fell ⅛.

Following are the closing prices on the Duluth board.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 74⅝c; No. 2 northern, 72¾c; No. 3 spring, 70⅝c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 77⅝c; No. 1 northern, 74⅝c; May, 74⅝c; July, 75⅜c; Manitoba No. 1 northern, cash, 75¾c; May, 73½c; No. 2 northern, 70⅝c. Oats, May, 35¾c, to arrive, $1.77½; cash, $1.77½; May, $1.78; September, $1.38; October, $1.32. Corn, 61½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 37; last year, 54; flax, 2; last year, 1.

Receipts—Wheat, 10,265; flax, 2360.

Shipments—Wheat, 291,500; corn, 1000; oats, 8726; barley, 196,368.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern, wheat, 1 car.....$0.74½
No. 2 northern, 1 car..... 73½
No. 2 northern spring, 1 car..... 72⅜
No. 3 spring, 1 car..... 70½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat and Corn Strong On the Weather Conditions.

Chicago, April 19.—Weather conditions ruled again at the opening of the grain pits today. Woeful complaints were coming in from Kansas and Nebraska that the wheat crop was deteriorating rapidly for want of rain and the weather bureau promised nothing in those states for Sunday. Minneapolis pressed the price of May wheat up 1c; Northwestern receipts were very small, and cables were steady, considering yesterday's local break. May wheat opened 5⅝@⅝c to ⅞@⅝c higher at 74⅝c to 74⅝c and quickly advanced to 74¾c. Trade was very broad the first few minutes; but there were some bears who were taking into consideration yesterday's slow cash business and they offered stuff liberally. Prices gradually eased off to 74⅛c and steadied. Local receipts were 40 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 103 cars, making a total for the three points of 143 cars, against 186 last week and 307 a year ago. Australian shipments were 248,000 bus for the week compared with 472,000 bus the same week last year.

Bullish theories in wheat, and the session closed with May strong, ¾@⅞c up, at 74⅝c.

Corn started strong with wheat, May ⅝c to ¾c up at 62⅝c to 62¼c and soon advanced to 62⅝c. Shorts covered freely and there was little stuff offered. The early market looked as if it were sold out. Cables were steady and trade was only moderately active. The strength in oats helped somewhat. Gradually as wheat eased from its strong position May corn sold off to 62¼c. Receipts were 79 cars.

Prospects of better movement in corn eased prices for May to 62c, but the wheat strength aided in a slight rally and May closed firm, ⅜@¼c up, at 62⅜@½c.

Dry weather frightened oats bears early and produced a strong early market. Traders were all saying that dryness at this time of the year was more detrimental to oats than to any of the grains. Commission houses were the best buyers, though the crowd was generally bullish. Wheat and corn were bullish factors. May oats opened ¾c higher at 43¾c and sold at 43⅝c. Receipts were 143 cars.

Provisions showed the effects of a weak hog market. The grain strength was some offset and packers supported the market to some extent. Prices, however, slid back badly. May pork opened unchanged at $16.80 and declined to $16.62½; May lard unchanged at $9.75, and May ribs 5@7½c down at $8.15.

Closing: April, 74¾c; May, 74⅝c; July, 75⅝@¾c; September, 74¾@75c; December, 76¼c. Corn, April, 62½c; May, 62⅜@½c; July, 62⅜@⅝c; September, 61⅝@⅞c; December, 43⅝c. Oats, April, 42½c; May, 43c; July, 35¾c; new, 37½c; September, 31⅜c; new, 33⅜; December, new, 34¼c. Pork, April, $16.69; May, $16.60; July, $16.80; September, $16.87½. Lard, April, $9.75; May, $9.75; July, $9.85; September, $9.95. Ribs, April, $9.12½; May, $9.12½; July, $9.25; September, $9.35. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.80; May, $1.69; September, $1.88. Rye, May, 56c; July, 57c. Barley, cash, 62@68c. Timothy, April, $6.85. Clover, cash, $8.00. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 82¼@82c; No. 3 red, 81@82¼c; No. 2 hard winter, 69½@71½c; No. 3 hard winter, 75¼@76½c; No. 1 northern spring, 75½@77½c; No. 2 northern spring, 74½@75½c; No. 3 spring, 70@74½c. Corn, No. 3, 61¼@62c. Oats, No. 2, 43¾@44c; No. 3, 43½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York
May—				
Open	74¼B	73⅜	74⅜-⅝	89⅜-½
High	74⅝	73⅞	74¾	89¾
Low	73¾	73¼-⅜	74⅛	89⅛-⅜
Close	74⅝B	73¾-⅞	74¾A	*90⅛B
July—				
Open	74¼B	75	75¾-⅞	80⅜
High	75⅛	75	76⅛	80⅝-81
Low	74⅛B	74¼	75⅛-¼	80-⅛
Close	75⅛	75	75⅞-¾A	*80⅜

* 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	43¾	62⅜@62½	$16.30
High	43¾	62⅝	16.80
Low	43	62	16.60
Close	43	62⅜-¼	16.60B

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Record-Herald.—The hay crop varies from around 45,000,000 to 50,000,000 tons and the hay area varies from about 40,000,000 to 75,000,000 acres. This hay crop pays the farmer annually from about $400,000,000 to $500,000,000 according to farm prices.

The farmer usually gets more out of his hay crop than he does out of his wheat, sometimes $100,000,000 more and sometimes he gets more out of it than out of his wheat crop. So that there is a direct reason why a favorable or unfavorable start to the hay crop is of a great deal of importance to everybody. There are indications which say that the condition of the hay crop is of especial importance to the grain speculator. A hay failure now would make drafts on the coarse grain supply and would mean higher prices for coarse grain. A very favorable hay crop promise and good hay results later would alleviate in an important way the shortage in corn this summer and fall. There is reasonably sound logic in the importance which some influential grain people are attaching to the hay crop situation at the present time.

• • •

Broomhall estimates the world's shipments on Monday next at 8,000,000 bus, of which quantity Europe will take about 7,000,000 bus. He predicts some increase in the quantity of breadstuffs on passage. Arrivals of breadstuffs into the United Kingdom during the past week were about 2,000,000 bus, compared with 5,200,000 bus a year ago.

• • •

Stevens, of Minneapolis.—One of the largest elevator men here tells me that there will be 30 per cent less what seeded in the three Northwest states than last year.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 19.—Close: Wheat, spot, steady; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 3d; No. 1 California, 6s 4d; futures, quiet; May, 6s 5¾d; July, 5s 11½d. Corn, spot, steady; American mixed, new, 5s 6¼d; American mixed, old, 5s 7d; futures, inactive; July, 5s 5¾d; September, 5s; October, 5s.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 72¾c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 75c.
Curb, May wheat, 73¾-⅞c asked.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, April 19.—There was a fairly large trade in wheat today and the market ruled firm on covering by shorts owing to continued dry weather (yesterday's showers did not amount to anything) unfavorable crop reports from the Southwest and very light receipts at primary markets. Close was firm, ¾c to ⅞c higher than yesterday. Foreign markets were generally quiet. Liverpool closed ¼d lower for the day in sympathy with our lower market of yesterday. There was a fairly good cash demand for wheat by local millers, but export demand at the seaboard was quiet. As we said before wheat is a weather market and if we do not get rain soon prices will go higher. Estimated receipts for Monday, 45 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in corn today and the market ruled firm in sympathy with wheat and the weather, also a general fear regarding the hay crop. The close was firm, ¼@⅜c higher than yesterday. Foreign markets were steady, Liverpool closed unchanged. Country offerings were moderate, and the cash demand quiet. Future course of the market will depend a good deal on the weather. The visible supply Monday is expected to show a moderate decrease. Estimated receipts for Monday, 100 cars.

Trade in oats was light today, but the market ruled firm on continued dry weather. There was good buying for both July and September for long account. The market closed May unchanged, July ½c and September ⅝c higher than yesterday. Country offerings moderate, cash demand fairly good. September oats look cheap around present prices, and if we do not get rain soon, they will sell considerably higher. Estimated receipts for Monday, 190 cars.

Provisions opened firm, although hogs were weak and lower, but soon gave way under heavy selling of ribs attributed to leading operators and aggressive selling by locals of pork, causing stop loss orders to be executed, later rallying some on covering by shorts. Strength in grain had no effect and the whole market closed very heavy. We believe the market must be given constant support or long selling may be the result. May liquidation and settlement may be expected from now on, and chances favor widening of carrying charges. Estimated receipts for Monday 32,000 hogs, and for next week 140,000 hogs.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 19.—Close: Wheat, May, 80½c; July, 80⅝c. Corn, May, 67¾c; July, 67¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 19.—Close: Wheat, May, 73⅝@74c; July, 73c. On track, No. 1 hard, 77⅛c; No. 1 northern, 75¼@75⅞c; No. 2 northern, 73⅞c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 200 head; steady; good to prime steers, $6.50@7.25; poor to medium, $4.60@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.50@5.75; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@5.25; calves, $2.50@5.50; Texas steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 12,000 head; Monday, 20,000; left over 8077; 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.25; good to choice heavy, $7.20@7.35; rough heavy, $6.95@7.15; light, $6.70@6.90; bulk of sales, $6.90@7.20. Sheep—Receipts, 1500 head; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.20; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@6.50; Western sheep, $4.75@6.20; native aimbs, $4.75@6.50; Western lambs, $5.50@6.30. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 1139 head; hogs, 18,568; sheep, 2700. Shipments—Cattle, 1990 head; hogs, 4760; sheep, 2143.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett on good grades of all kinds. Team horses and delivery horses moving the most and delivery horses moving them cost freely. Farm mares and mules had a moderate disposal today. Values:

Drafters, extra	$160@225
Drafters, choice	140@160
Drafters, common to good	125@140
Farm mares, extra	120@135
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	31	@ 32
Creamery, tubs	31	
Dairies, fancy	27	@ 28
Packing stock	22	
EGGS.		
Fresh	17	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	13	
Twins, full cream, young	10	@ 11
Full cream, young America	13	@ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15	
Brick cheese, No. 1	13½	
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy white, 24 cover	15	@ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@ 13
Golden rod	13	@ 14
Dark honey	12	@ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, hand picked, bus	1 90	@ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 80	@ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	@ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@ 60
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@ 8
FRUITS.		
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50	@ 8 00
Apples, per bbl	4 75	@ 5 50
Apples, per box	2 50	@ 2 00
Aples, N. Y. varieties	5 50	@ 6 50
California figs, per box	90	@ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	4 00	
California lemons	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 75	@ 2 00
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00	
Sugar walnut dates	1 25	
Navel oranges	3 50	@ 3 75
Cranberries, Jersey, boxes	2 50	@ 2 60
Strawberries, Florida, qts	43	
Strawberries, Louisiana, pts per case	2 25	@ 2 40
VEGETABLES.		
Mushrooms	45	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 50	
Seeds, per 100	1 40	
Carrots, per 100	1 35	
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60	@ 1 75
Potatoes, fresh bus	70	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65	@ 2 75
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50	
Spanish onions, per crate	2 00	
Turnips, per bu	70	@ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75	
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@ 65
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
California celery, per bunch	70	
Lettuce	1 00	
Green onions, per doz	25	
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 25	
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	30	
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	65	@ 75
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50	@ 60
Parsley, per doz	30	
Pie plant, per pound	4	
New beets, doz bunches	85	
New carrots, doz bunches	85	
Shallots, doz bunches	65	
Water cress, doz bunches	65	
Spinach, per doz	1 00	
Asparagus, doz bunches	1 50	
New potatoes	2 75	@ 3 00
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50	
Fruit juices	4 00	
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@ 4
Choice, per lb	3½	@ 4
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	12	@ 12½
Spring chickens	13	
Geese	10	
Turkeys	14	@ 15
Ducks	10	
MEATS.		
Mutton	10	
Lamb	13	
Veal, good	8	
Veal, fancy	8½	
Dressed beef	8½	@ 10
Hogs	9	
Pork loins	13	
Lard	10½	
Lard, compound	8½	

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 19.—Butter—Receipts, 2810 packages; unsettled; state dairy, 27@30c; state creamery, 27½@31c; renovated, 25@30c; factory, 25@28c; imitation creamery, 25@29½c. Cheese—Receipts, 1111 packages; firm; state full cream, small early made, fancy colored and white, 13@13½c; do large, 12@12¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 8929 packages; steady; state and Pennsylvania, 17½c; Western at mark, 17@17¼c; Southern at mark, 16½@16c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 19.—Butter steady; creamery, 25@30c; dairy, 25@28c. Cheese, steady; twins, 12@12¼c; daisies, 12¼c; young Americas, 13c. Eggs, firm; at mark, cases included, 15¾@16c.

NOT GENERAL.

Enthusiasm Over Cleaning Day Not Great But Much Is Done.

The city cleaning movement is not stirring up much dust today.

Hundreds of families are campaigning against filth, but it was expected that thousands would join the movement.

Owing to the fact that all city offices are closed on account of the cleaning day no reports were received at the city hall, but the health inspectors working in various parts of the city said that the movement was not as general as it might have been.

However, as a result of the day's work the city will look much improved. Ash heaps are disappearing and tin cans are being removed from the back yards.

The school children are very prominent in the work of cleaning.

APPROVED EMBASSY.

Rome, April 19.—The chamber of deputies today approved, without discussion, the purchase of a building in Washington to be occupied by the members of the Italian embassy.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

A. J. CUMMINGS, Dealer in Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. Local Office—106 West Superior St.
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
408 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel).
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Copper Stocks a Specialty!
Leased wires to New York and Boston.
F. M. Crouch, Manager. Both 'Phones.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul. 3 Chamber of Commerce Minneapolis, Duluth, Minn., Room A Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

BONDS, ALSO **Mortgages** FOR SALE.
Bearing 5 and 5½% INTEREST.
W. M. Prindle & Co., First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey Building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	66	64¼	64⅜
Anaconda M. Co.	112	112	112
Atchison	83⅜	82⅝	83½
do pfd	98½	98½	100
Baltimore & Ohio	103¾	102½	103¾
Brooklyn Transit	66½	66⅛	66½
Chesapeake & Ohio	48¼	48	48¼
Chicago & Alton	39¼	39	39¼
Col. Fuel and Iron	109	108	108⅜
Chicago Great Western	26⅜	26	26⅛
Erie common	39½	39	39⅜
do 1st pfd	79¾	79¾	79¾
do 2d pfd	55⅝	55½	55½
Louisville & Nashville	127¼	126¼	126½
Leather pfd	84⅝	84½	84⅝
Manhattan Con	134⅞	133⅜	133⅝
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	61¼	60¾	61¼
do pfd	122	121	121¾
Mo. Pacific	103	102	103
New York Central	160	159	159⅞
Norfolk & Western	58⅞	58½	58⅝
do pfd	91	90⅝	90⅝
Ontario & Western	34¼	34	34⅛
Pennsylvania Ry	151¾	151¼	151⅝
Pacific Mail	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞
People's Gas	104⅝	104⅛	104½
Republic Iron & Steel	18⅜	18	18⅛
do pfd	74⅝	73½	73½
Reading	62⅞	62	62⅜
do 1st pfd	84	83⅜	84
do 2d pfd	71¼	70⅝	70⅝
Rock Island	174⅞	174½	174⅞
Southern Railway	37½	36⅞	37⅛
do pfd	96	95½	95⅝
Southern Pacific	68⅝	67¾	68⅛
Smelting	47⅝	46⅞	47⅜
Sugar	130	122	123⅞
St. Paul	172½	171½	172⅜
S. C. and I.	72¾	71¾	72
Texas Pacific	44⅞	43⅝	44⅝
Union Pacific	107½	105	107½
do pfd	89½	88⅜	89
U. S. Steel	42⅜	42⅛	42⅜
do pfd	93¼	92⅝	93¼
Wabash	25½	24⅞	25⅜
do pfd	44⅞	44¼	44⅜
Western Union	94⅝	93⅝	94¼
Wisconsin Central	26¾	26	26⅛
do pfd	48¾	48	48
American Ice	17¼	16⅝	16⅞
Metropolitan	154⅜	153	153⅜

The total sales were 882,000 shares.

• • •

STOCK GOSSIP.

Harris, Gates & Co.—There has been a broadening out of the stock market this week and there is every indication of still further expansion and strength next week. The public is coming into the market on a scale that would have been regarded almost impossible a short time since, and foreign financial circles are beginning to show a lively interest here. The very good bank statement today will probably be a very potent factor with foreigners, as many expressions have been heard from that side which indicate their knowledge that there will be interest and dividend disbursements of nearly $70,000,000 this month. Meanwhile the flow of money from the West and South to New York is increasing in volume and there is every reason to look for a good bull market.

The interest of the most influential people of the street has been largely directed this week toward Union Pacific and St. Paul, and it is extending into Colorado Fuel and Iron, Tennessee Coal and Iron and a few others. We believe these stocks will show very substantial improvement next week.

Call money was given a flurry up to 6oz per cent early in the week, but came down to 4½ per cent at the close. There is a belief that the little flurry was largely engineered for the purpose of enabling banks to get out some time loans. Time money was to be had as low as 4¼ per cent.

• • •

Town Topics—The bull market is now under way and much higher prices will be established before the end of the month. It is always good policy to row with the tide rather than against it, and the profits will now be made on the long side. We look for a strong market today and for a favorable bank statement as the banks have gained $2,500,000 from the cash movement, and it is expected that the loan account will not show any great changes. The improvement in the foreign bull card, and the settlement of the Louisville & Nashville deal has been followed by pool activity in a number of stocks.

• • •

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—Men who have been in close touch with the bull movement since it started on April 1 say tonight that things are shaping for a bigger market next week. The bull interests seem to be all powerful and to be in perfect harmony. They take up and advance one stock or group of stocks after another. The stocks that are laggards today may be the leaders of tomorrow and all the time public buying orders are multiplying. As is invariably the case in a bull market bad news is ignored. Hence indifference to less favorable advices from the winter wheat crop. But everyone knows that there has been a large increase in acreage. Besides a day or two of heavy rains would put the crop, the damage to which is not general as yet, in a fair condition. Unless accident intervenes, it looks as if the best dividend paying stocks to buy are S. Paul, Union Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio and Missouri Pacific. The floating supply of St. Paul, owing to recent absorption by the Moore interest which is believed to be in close harmony with J. P. Morgan, is the smallest since it was listed. Friends of that stock say that on its earnings alone it will sell higher on this movement than it did in the boom of 1901 when it touched 188. They further contend that it is worth as much as Northwestern common which is quoted at 250 and that it will be taken from the street in the same way.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Paine, Webber & Co., Duluth.—There was no market for the copper shares in Boston today, the stock exchange having adjourned over Saturday in observance of a local holiday. Local interest is largely centered in Calumet and Arizona, which advanced 10 points yesterday, selling at 50 and today sales were recorded as high as 50⅝. The floating supply of this stock is small and the reports from the property, which are growing more favorable daily, have caused a demand which may carry the stock materially higher. Pittsburg wires today that the showing at the Calumet and Arizona warrants the prediction that this stock will sell well above 100 before many weeks. The outlook for the other coppers, listed in Boston is also bright and next week promises to bring better prices for the better class of stocks.

• • •

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The investigating committee appointed at the solicitation of Osceola stockholders to report on the action of the management in disposing of last year's supply of copper at a lower figure than was expected reported yesterday their conclusions as follows: The fact that the operations of the Osceola company in 1901 resulted in a loss is due to a combination of circumstances; first to the withholding from the market of the greater part of the year's output, in the belief that the metal market could be maintained at 17 cents which was not realized; second, to increased mining expenses over former years caused by the increased cost of labor and materials and the development of new ground; third, to the sinking and equipments of new shafts, an expenditure of $483,000, which have practically made a new mine. The management is responsible for what proved to be bad judgment in its sale of copper, but find that in other respects the management has been efficient and that the affairs of the company have been honestly conducted and the accounts have been properly kept.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 19.—Close: Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85@4.85½ for demand and at $4.85@4.85½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85½; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 42c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, steady.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, April 19.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today, which covers seven days, is as follows: Loans $894,491,400; decrease $5,890,400; deposits $952,774,200, decrease $4,587,200; circulation $30,976,900, increase $56,900; legal tenders $72,439,800, increase $335,600; specie $172,332,400, increase $336,600; reserves $244,772,200, increase $890,-100; reserve required $238,193,550, decrease $1,146,800. Surplus $6,578,650, increase $2,-556,800.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, April 19.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $179,650,039; gold, $91,446,107; silver, $18,684,781; United States notes, $8,333,743; treasury notes of 1890, $90,408; national bank notes, $9,505,013; total receipts this day, $1,458,-559; total receipts this month, $29,779,755; total receipts this year, $448,781,654; total expenditures this day, $1,230,000; total expenditures this month, $26,905,000; total expenditures this year, $354,749,901; deposits in national banks, $120,570,743.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 19.—Cotton opened easy with prices 3 to 9 points lower in response to weak Liverpool cables and large port receipts but immediately rallied. May to 9.14, July to 9.11 and August to 8.88. The first buying was a liberal one of July on the break and the room trade as a general thing adopted the bull side for a turn.

Spot cotton closed dull with prices unchanged on the basis of 9 7-16 for middling uplands and 9 11-16 for middling gulf. Sales on the spot. Futures closed steady in tone, with prices net 1 to 6 points lower. April, 9.17; May, 9.16; June, 9.19; July, 9.12; August, 8.90; September, 8.36; October, 8.12; November, 8.03; December, 8.02; January, 8.04.

BOUND OVER.

Alexander Tifer Held to Grand Jury---Other Police Matters.

The long-delayed examination of Alexander Tifer, the bartender that struck John Greenwald over the head with a canthook on March 31, was finally pulled off in police court this morning.

Greenwald has been in St. Luke's hospital ever since the day after the canthook was broken over his head.

This morning it was thought he could be taken to court to testify, but when it came to a test of strength Greenwald gave out completely.

The examination was conducted without him and Tifer was held to await the action of the grand jury.

John Holleran, proprietor of the saloon in which Greenwald was assaulted, put up $500 cash bail for the bartender's appearance before the grand jury.

• • •

Several boys were arrested this afternoon for playing baseball on Nineteenth avenue west.

Residents in that neighborhood have been complaining frequently of the nuisance and particularly of the profanity used during close games. One window was reported broken. The police say ball-playing on the streets will have to cease or other arrests will be made.

• • •

Several sticks of dynamite were found this afternoon under a log near the corner of Fifteenth avenue east and Fourth street. The discovery was made by youngsters and an officer was sent out to handle the explosive carefully.

• • •

The aged mother of Henry McMillan or Henry Kelly, was at police headquarters this morning asking aid in locating her son. He is said to be working in this city. He left Rat Portage eight years ago, and his mother, not hearing from him for so long, decided to come to Duluth in search of him.

• • •

Carrie Landt was found guilty of conducting a disorderly house, in police court yesterday afternoon. She was fined $50 and costs, but a stay of twenty days was granted.

Big Demand.

Owing to the large demand for spring suits, B. J. Cook, proprietor of the Eagle Clothing store, leaves today for the Eastern markets to purchase a larger stock of spring goods, finding his trade much larger than anticipated.

LEADING FACTOR

In Stock Market This Week Was Louisville & Nashville Deal.

A Rush to Buy Union Pacific at the Opening.

Price Movement Became Erratic But Close Was Firm.

New York, April 19.—Loutsville & Nashville railroad affairs have been the dominant influence in the stock market this week. The demonstration of the prowess of the Gates group of operators in stocks and the continuance of their aggressive activity have kept the market animated and broad. The money market has yielded resources to meet the speculative demands and has even grown easier, thus leaving the speculation free from check on that account. The misgivings over the crops reflected in the grain markets and the reduction of the Amalgamated Copper company's dividend were ignored. Occasional irregularity from profit-taking did not check the speculative activity. The demand for bonds decreased owing to the diversion of interest to stocks.

The rush to buy which has been a feature of the opening stock market for several days past centered in Union Pacific this morning, of which 10,000 shares sold at 106¼ to 106⅞, compared with 104⅞ last night. The general market was irregular, some of yesterday's strong stocks yielding small fractions. On the sale of 3000 shares Sugar was forced down from 130 to 122, compared with 131⅛ last night. The stock was sold on the action of the house of representatives in voting to rescind the differential duty on refined sugar. Generl Electric lost a point.

The price movement became more erratic on heavy selling of recent strong stocks. St. Paul yielded a point below the opening and Atchison, Colorado Fuel and Louisville & Nashville were 1@1¼ under yesterday's close. There were large offerings of the Readings, but Union Pacific rose above 106. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville broke 3⅜ to 63⅝, but made a full recovery. Many strong points were developed. Canada Southern, Canadian Pacific, Illinois Central, Chicago & Alton, Linseed, Chicago Terminal Transfer pfd., Minneapolis & St. Louis pfd., Minneapolis, St. Louis & Sault Ste. Marie pfd., Fort Worth & Denver stamped, New York Air Brake and Kansas City Southern pfd running from 1 to 3 and Minneapolis & St. Louis, International Power jumped 5½ and fluctuated in an erratic manner. American Snuff com., and pfd., rose 9½ and 2 points respectively. Sugar rallied to 130⅜ and Amalgamated Copper rose strongly a point over last night.

There was a rise among the Southwestern stocks which carried Texas Pacific up 1⅜, Colorado & Southern, 1½, and Missouri Pacific a point. New York Central gained a point, Canadian Pacific, 3⅜, U. S. Reduction, 2½, American Cable, 2. The bank statement apparently aroused mixed opinions and the market became irregular again. Amalgamated reacted 1⅜, Snuff and Northwestern, 2; General Electric, 3½, Minneapolis & St. Louis, 2½, and others a point or more. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville and Power were erratic. Union Pacific made a fresh advance to 107½ and steadied the market, but without causing other strong advances. The closing was active and firm.

• • •

Harris, Gates & Co.—There has been a broadening out of the stock market this week and there is every indication of still further expansion and strength next week. The public is coming into the market on a scale that would have been regarded almost impossible a short time since, and foreign financial circles are beginning to show a lively interest here. The very good bank statement today will probably be a very potent factor with foreigners, as many expressions have been heard from that side which indicate their knowledge that there will be interest and dividend disbursements of nearly $70,000,000 this month. Meanwhile the flow of money from the West and South to New York is increasing in volume and there is every reason to look for a good bull market.

The interest of the most influential people of the street has been largely directed this week toward Union Pacific and St. Paul, and it is extending into Colorado Fuel and Iron, Tennessee Coal and Iron and a few others. We believe these stocks will show very substantial improvement next week.

Call money was given a flurry up to 6oz per cent early in the week, but came down to 4½ per cent at the close. There is a belief that the little flurry was largely engineered for the purpose of enabling banks to get out some time loans. Time money was to be had as low as 4¼ per cent.

• • •

Town Topics—The bull market is now under way and much higher prices will be established before the end of the month. It is always good policy to row with the tide rather than against it, and the profits will now be made on the long side. We look for a strong market today and for a favorable bank statement as the banks have gained $2,500,000 from the cash movement, and it is expected that the loan account will not show any great

NEWS OF THE LAKES

A Chicago Tunnel Is Playing Havoc With Navigation.

Two Vessels Ground on Same Spot Same Day.

Several Vessels Are Coming Up Light After Ore.

Chicago, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Washington street tunnel is playing havoc with navigation on the south branch of the Chicago river. The steamer City of Venice, which was released by a rise of water early today, was immediately succeeded by the steamer Wallula which fetched up in the same spot. During the forenoon the Wallula was also released and continued on her way down the river. Vesselmen say that loads for the south branch will have to be still further cut down unless there is a marked improvement in the stage of the water

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

BARGAINS!

$4500 Will buy No. 1627 East Superior street, eight rooms, bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, etc.; in prime condition throughout. At the price offered is the biggest bargain in East End; $1800 cash, balance $700 due June 1st, 1904, at 5 per cent. Let us show you this house. Lot 50x150.

$2200 Will buy an eight-room dwelling in East End. City water, closet, with sewer connections, and plumbing all in for bath room; full basement, furnace heat, hardwood finish; $1000 cash; balance at 6 per cent.

$2500 Will buy a seven-room dwelling on Third street, East End. Furnace heat, city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, etc. House in good repair. Corner lot, 25x140; $1000 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$2200 Will buy a seven-room dwelling in East End near Eleventh avenue east. Stone foundation, handsome floors, water. House in good repair. Good barn in rear of lot. Size of lot 50x140. This is a bargain. Look it up.

$3000 Will buy an eight-room dwelling. Centrally located. Stone foundation, full basement, city water, sewer, bath, electric light, etc.

$3200 Will buy an eight-room dwelling on Fifteenth avenue east. Stone foundation, full basement, furnace heat, city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, grate, and in first class repair throughout.

$3000 Will buy an eight-room dwelling in East End. Stone foundation, hot water heat, city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, hardwood finish; storm windows and screens.

$3000 Will buy a two-flat building on West Fourth street. Each flat has five rooms, bath and closets, city water, sewer, hardwood floors. Rents to good tenants for $30 per month. Pays 10 per cent net; $1500 cash, balance on or before three years at 6 per cent.

Why continue to pay rent when you can buy any one of the above dwellings on easy terms and be your own landlord. Or, if you already have your own home, buy another for an investment.

You will never see the day when you can buy Duluth real estate cheaper than now and you want to get in and pick up some of the bargains we are now offering before they are all gone. There are not many left and they are going fast.

Take your money out of the bank, where it is drawing only 2½ per cent and put it into Duluth real estate, where it will double in the next year or two and in the meantime pay you 5 per cent to 10 per cent net.

If you are looking for a home or an investment come and see us. W are always glad to show you our properties, for they show up better than we represent them.

5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
516 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

Whitney Wall's List

I have 100 feet frontage on the south side of Michigan street near Thirteenth avenue west, that can be bought at a low figure or leased for a terms of years.

I also have 50 feet frontage on West First street near Third avenue west for lease. Owner will build to suit tenant. Location a fine one.

WEST END

$1800 Will buy a six-room house on Nineteenth avenue west; hardwoodfloors floors on first floors, stone foundation and furnace heat.

$2000 Buys a well built and comfortable eight-room house, well located and in the best of repair, near Nineteenth avenue west. Best bargain offered in West End.

$1000 Will buy a seven-room house near Twenty-first avenue west. Has stone foundation and is in the best of repair.

$2700 Will buy 50 feet on West Superior street by 140 feet deep to an alley, near Twenty-third avenue west. A splendid location for business and a very decided bargain.

$1200 Buys 75 feet on West Twenty-seventh avenue west. Lays nicely; street is graded and sidewalk down; neighborhood a pleasant one. This is a great bargain. Will sell 25 feet for $400 or 50 feet for $800.

$300 For nice laying lots near West Third street and Bryant school. Location a good one. Will sell on easy terms.

$375 Will buy a six-room house on West Tenth street, near Twenty-third avenue west. Avenue is graded. This is charging you nothing for the lot and giving you the lumber in the house at half price.

If you want property in the West End call and see me. If you have a house or lot for sale do not fail to see me, because I want to see you. I have customers who call daily who are anxious to buy.

EAST END

$1800 Will buy a six-room house on East Fifth street near Fourth avenue east. All improvements in street and avenue paid for. House is a new one. Has sewer, water, toilet room, full basement. Hardwood floors first floor.

$2100 Buys an eight-room house on the north side of Jefferson street, near Nineteenth avenue east. Has sewer, water and toilet room. Lot 50x150.

$1350 Will buy a seven-room house on Nineteenth avenue east, near London Road. Stone foundation, good basement, water, storm windows, screens, etc. Everything in good repair.

I have houses in all parts of the East End at all kinds of prices. If you are considering buying, it would pay you to see me.

$1900 Will buy the prettiest corner, 100x150, offered for sale in the East End. Location is south of East Third street and west of Nineteenth avenue east. Lays nicely. Is covered with a fine growth of trees and is a great bargain at price offered. Will sell for twice the money within a year.

$2100 Will purchase 100 feet front on East Fourth street, near Fourteenth avenue east. All improvements in the street and paid for. This is a remarkably cheap piece of property and worth looking up, but it will not last. The location is a fine one, it commands a fine view and borders on what will be our prettiest and most popular park.

I want more property to sell. Have you anything to offer?

Money to loan at lowest rates.

Whitney Wall,
Room 3 Trust Bldg. 'Phones 201-3. Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

S. Weir Mitchell
Has Lots for Sale in all parts of the City through his Duluth Agent,
WENDELL P. MOSHER, 102 and 103 Providence Bldg.

These Are Cheap:
Eleven-room house on First avenue east, with water and sewer $3200
Twelve-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $2250
Eight-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $1600
Seven-room house on Seventeenth avenue east, with water and sewer $1500

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

$3000 Takes a seven-room house and corner lot on Ninth avenue E.
$3000 Takes seven-room modern on Twelfth avenue east.
$2600 Takes house and lot on Third street; down town.
A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio Building.

The Normal School
Will offer exceptional advantages for the schooling of your children. You should secure these by making your home in that vicinity. That locality is already supplied with water and sewer and is so controlled that only a desirable class of houses will be permitted.

We Offer Great Inducements
To those who will build good homes.
Examination will convince you that this is destined to be the

Cholcest Residence District in the City.

We loan money and buy mortgages.

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

ACTIVE WEEK IN REALTY MARKET

Considerable Number of Good Sales Reported---Row on West Third Street and Double Brick on West Second Street Sold.

The largest part of the real estate trade of the week has been pretty well concentrated. Transactions were largely made by comparatively few dealers, whose business was exceptionally large. The majority of offices reported that their trades were mostly in the formative stage. The net result, on the whole, may be said to represent a great improvement over the week earlier. Several good-sized deals are practically closed, including one of somewhat unusual dimensions, and made for the purpose of a notable improvement. Trades that are made public represent a week of good activity for the whole market. There are some sizeable transfers, made as investments. Among the pieces of property involved are the John Brown row at Sixth avenue west and Third street, a double brick on Second street near Lake avenue, a First street lot and a West End lot at prices ranging from $14,000 to $6000.

* * *

The outlook for new business is more generally reported as bright. Nearly everybody has faith in negotiations that are now under way. Local people are more and more coming to regard Duluth property as the best opportunity for investment offered, both as to chances for appreciation of values and stability, as well as to prospect for activity. Local people are more and more becoming interested in the possibilities of their own city's realty, and are investing their capital at home.

* * *

It has been another dull week with the architects, as far as consummation of new business is concerned. There are indications, however, that there will be some early developments. It has been known for some time that quite a number of citizens have had plans drawn for new homes, and have simply been holding them in abeyance until the building situation could be a little better investigated. It is expected that from now on during the summer at least some of these people will decide to go ahead with their projects. As far as actual building is concerned, operations are going forward busily all over the city.

* * *

Lakeside property is especially active, something is doing in Hunter's Park and Glen Avon, and a new suggestion of activity is found in a revival of interest in residence property well upon the hill. Two good homes are now building on the Boulevard, not far from the incline railway, and it is said that considerable and quite general interest has been shown in inquiry as to good residence property on the hill.

* * *

W. M. Prindle & Co. report a week of great activity both in actual transactions and prospective deals. Some sizeable trades are not in a position to quote, but inquiry has been especially brisk, and the number of deals closed is shown by the following list:

John Brown, row of Sixth avenue west and Third street, to outside party, $14,000.

House, West End, $3000.

House, on Fourth street, near Twelfth avenue east, to Louis Helbing, $2500.

Two First street lots, $10,000 and $3000.

Quarter section in 31-51-14, $2200.

Three lots below Superior street, near Twenty-third avenue east, $2200.

Lot on Second street, near Fifteenth avenue east, $1500.

Lot on Superior street, near Twelfth avenue east, $1650.

Twelve lots on Minnesota Point, $150 each.

Nine lots on First street, near Twenty-fourth avenue east, to different parties.

* * *

M. J. Lyons, with Prindle & Co., reports the following transactions:

House on Fourth street, near Twelfth avenue east, to Alexander Anderson, $2500.

House at 505 West Third street, $4200.

House, West End, $3000.

* * *

J. D. Howard: It has been a very busy week with us in all lines. We have closed several good deals and have made a number of sizeable loans for these times. We are also gratified with the outlook for new business in the real estate market. Transfers for the past week include:

Improved lot on West First street, 517, to C. A. Leland, from J. W. Long, Easton, Pa., $9000.

Lots 9 and 10, block 47 Portland, improved, Leon E. Lum to John Miller, $3750.

Lot 416 Fifteenth avenue east from Eastern people to J. W. Cargill, $4000. Known as the Gearhart house.

313 West First street, $1000. E. A. Achorn, of Boston, to local parties.

House and lot in West Duluth and a lot in the East End.

* * *

Whitney Wall: Business has been good with me. I have just closed the sale to Thomas A. Merritt of the double brick at 19 and 11 West Second street for $11,000, and expect to finish up another deal of good proportions before the day is over. Several small transactions are practically closed up, and new business is looking up well.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck: We have no reason to be dissatisfied with the market this week. There has been good activity in all phases, actual and prospective. We have sold among other things:

One piece of West End business property for $6000.

Residence site on Second street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east, to Duluth party, $1260.

Frame house and lot on East Fifth street, betwen Fifth and Sixth avenues, to John H. Gowan, $2000.

* * *

A. R. Macfarlane: Business continues to have moderate activity in all locations. There is growing interest in the Hunter's Park and Glen Avon district, but we are not looking for it to reach its climax until water and gas reach us.

* * *

N. J. Upham: There has been considerable improvement the past week with us. We have made three residence property sales of good amount, but are not ready to announce them just yet. Other business in hand, and we feel very confident.

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Ole J. Johnson to Mrs. Gina Anderson, lot 22, block 79, Duluth proper, Third division ..... $ 700

Remy F. Belleperche et ux to Walter Courtney et al, part of lots 33 and 35, East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division 850
Gust Gudeen to Lottie Paulson, part of lot 7, block 2, rearrangement of block 78, Duluth proper, Third division 1,000
Edward H. Burger, Jr., to Thomas H. Sexton, se¼ sw¼ section 1-51-14 1,000
Richard Whiteside et ux to Gust Johnson, lot 10, block 5, Fall Lake 175
John M. Longyear et ux to A. P. Silliman, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block 9, Hibbing 395
Edward Sharp to John B. Greenfield, lot 9, block A, London addition 1,000
Anna P. Hillebrand to Patrick P. Casey, e½ of lot 184, block 65, Duluth proper, Third division 150
Anton Koneczny et al to James P. Ryan, part of lots 331 and 333, block 104, Duluth proper, Second division 300
Arthur P. Silliman et al to Martin J. Hayes, lots 10 and 11, block 16, Hibbing 1
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Samuel Perrault, lot 32, block 29, Eveleth 165
Sophronia Richards to Mary Malnelio, part of lots 178 and 180, block 98, Duluth proper, Second division 1,150
Patrick R. Vall et ux to Jennie Blumenson, lot 3, block 8, Ely 300
Crown Lumber company to Cloquet Lumber company timber on lot 4, section 18-55-15 647
Charles L. Geehan et ux to F. A. Brewer, timber on se¼ se¼ section 2-60-15 400
F. R. Webber et ux to Edward P. Alexander, undivided 1-3 lot 30, block 19, Marine division 1
Andrew Johnson to John Lundgren et al, lots 3, 4 and 5, section 29-62-14 100
David Burr et ux to Mary Kerr, lot 24, block 6, Chandler Park addition 175
Western Land association to Charles A. Britts, lots 321, 323, block 15, Duluth Proper, Second division 1,500
Karl J. Hagberg et ux to John O. Strand, e½ of lot 326, block 53, Duluth Proper, Second division 825
Union Building and Loan association to Charles Peterson, lot 9, block 5, Macfarlane's Grassy Point addition 500
Charles F. Ruggles to Johnson-Wentworth company, lot 2, section 30-55-13 1,500
Robert Whiteside et ux to Axel Hegfors, lot 5, block 4, Ely 160
W. W. Billson to Edw. R. Rhenack, lots 82 and 84, West First street, Duluth proper, First division, and fractional lot 84, block 18, Duluth proper, Third division 40,000
Chisholm Improvement company to Henry Pugere, lots 31 and 35, block 9, Chisholm 600
Robert Whiteside et ux to Casper Rom, lot 6, block 4, Ely 160
O. T. Wick to John McAlpine, lot 4, section 19; lots 2 and 5, section 20-65-20; lot 3, section 9, and lot 1, section 3-61-20 815
A. C. Seip to J. B. Adams, lot 4, block 53, Endion 2,500
John Peterson to M. E. T. Massey, lot 27, block 5, Hibbing 80
Midland company to Eva B. Spink, w½ of lot 437, block 118, Duluth proper, Second division 300
E. A. Coffin to M. E. T. Massey, nw¼ of ne¼ section 31-58-21 1
Franklin Lumber company et al to Duncan, Brewer & Co., timber on ne¼ of ne¼ section 23, n½ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼ section 24, se¼ of se¼ section 14-62-13 1,800
S. M. Jensen et ux to Tower Lumber company, timber on e½ of ne¼ section 10, sw¼ of nw¼ section 11-60-14 700
John Lundgren et ux to Leon E. Lum, und ½ of lots 3, 4, 5 and nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ section 29-62-14 1
Duluth Banking company to F. R. Webber, lot 29, block 19, Marine division 132
George B. Spencer, receiver, to E. H. Barnes, Jr., w½ of sw¼, n½ of se¼, sw¼ of se¼ section 25-54-14, s½ of ne¼ section 3-54-14, sw¼ of sw¼ section 18-55-15, se¼ of sw¼ section 26-54-14 1
Isaac A. Baum, as trustee, to Henry E. Barnes, same as above and se¼ section 21-28-67 1
John H. Murphy et ux to J. B. Murphy, lot 391, block 170, Duluth proper, Second division 400
Pear Bundy et mar to John P. Murray, lot 16, block 8, Proctorknott 425
Andrew Shalahlch to Frank Faber, lot 8, section 13-63-14 10
David A. Duncan et al to Robert A. Lowe, lots 1 to 4, block 26, West Park division, part of lots 1, 2, block 27, same 1,000
Thomas Boon et ux to Isaiah H. McCullum, lot 6, block 1, Proctorknott 400
Richard Whiteside et ux to Henry Meyer, lot 2, block 1, Fall Lake .. 150
Isaiah H. McCollum to Carolyn A. Blackmarr, lot 6, block 1, Proctorknott 400
Chisholm Improvement company to Edwin Johnson, lot 10, block 13, Chisholm 250
Bessie S. Clark et mar to Alfred W. Kuehnow, sw¼ of nw¼ section 19-52-15 55
Alfred W. Kuehnow to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, same 60
Chisholm Improvement company to Rosa Shapero, lot 11, block 15, Chisholm 250
Laconia Savings bank to Michael Burns, lot 12, block 127, West Duluth, Fifth division 600
Richard Cullen to Marion Douglas, und 1-32 of ne¼ of se¼ section 5-62-14 1
Same to E. C. Liedel, und 1-3 same 1
Louis Olson et ux to Fred Guntheroth et al, part of lots 7 and 8, block C, Endion division 750
Mary Kotchmon to Frank Socck, lot 10, block 9, Ely 4
P. R. Vall et ux to William R. Opie, e½ lot 5, block 19, Ely 200
C. N. Bell to C. B. Lemont, lots 31, 32, block 24, Virginia 575
D. Britto et ux to Julius Gross, lot 26, block 10, Chisholm 267
C. H. Petutt et al to Thomas Thompson, und 2-5 of lot 14, block 52, McKinley 50
McKinley Townsite company to same, und 3-5 of same 75
P. R. Vail et ux to Joseph Fortin, w½ lot 5, block 19, Ely 200
Midland company to R. R. Forward, lot 433, block 118, Duluth proper, Second division 850
Interstate company to E. G. Swanstrom, und ½ of lots 446 and 448, block 46, Duluth proper, Second division 1,175
Minnesota Loan and Trust company to E. G. Swanstrom et al, lot 4, section 23-51-15 700
Frank Faber to Oliver Iron Mining company, timber on lot 8, section 16-63-14 450
David A. Duncan et al to Robert A. Lowe, lots 1, 2, 3, block 27, lots

(Continued on page 11.)

$1200 House and lot on Fifth avenue east.
$500 35x150-foot lot on East Fifth street.
$650 50-foot lot on West Piedmont avenue.
$125 Small lot on Sixth street.
$800 Good eight-room house on Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.
And several others, besides acre property.

O. G. OLSON,
415 Burrows' Building.

FOR SALE
$3800 —9-room house, East End.
$7000 —9-room steam heat, &c., East End.
$1250 — 8-rooms centrally located.
Farm Lands in Northern Minnesota Cheap.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.,
305 Providence Building.

Buy Lands
now while they are cheap. They are sure to advance and will prove a most profitable investment. I have them in all directions and at low prices.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

HOMESTEADS
We can locate you on government land; close to railroads, navigable streams and the rapidly growing city of Koochiching. These claims will all be taken up this summer, so write at once to

GIBSON, HULBERT & CO.,
Koochiching, Minnesota.
Timber and farm lands for sale. Estimates and reports for non-residents.

HOUSES AT LAKESIDE
Several good ones that are genuine BARGAINS. You must be quick.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,
395 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR RENT.
Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

Park Point
Cottage and lot for sale, located four blocks this side of Oatka Beach Pavilion, on bay side. Five rooms, wide piazas, well built, fine rustic fence. If quick sale—
$750.
See photo of above at our office.

Little & Nolte.

COTTAGES
ON PARK POINT
FOR SALE OR RENT
4½, 5 and 5½ Per Cent
Money to Loan.

O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,
209-210 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE.
Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—
$7500.
R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

Stryker, Manley & Buck's Exlcusive Bargains.

$5250 For a centrally located residence of ten rooms, steam heat, hardwood on first floor, three mantels, gas and electric light. Cost $8000.

$7000 For fine double house on East Third street, eight and nine rooms, with all conveniences, in a very desirable location. Rental value $70 per month.

$1600 For good seven-room house on Fourth street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west, hardwood floors in dining room and kitchen. Small barn. All in good condition.

$2300 For a fine home at Hunter's Park, eight rooms, furnace, electric light, grate and mantel. House could not be duplicated for less than $3500. Large lot. Can sell on monthly payments if desired.

WE HAVE OTHER GOOD BARGAINS IN NICE, COMFORTABLE HOMES IN THE BEAUTIFUL SUBURB OF HUNTER'S PARK.

$2300 For lot on Fifth street, with two-story house containing two flats of five rooms each; city water and sewer. Also another six-room house; rentals from this property are $30 per month. A good investment.

$2250 For good eight-room house on Fifth street, in center of city, with city water and sewer.

$2150 For a ten-room house on Third street, stone foundation, cement floor in cellar, nice grate and mantel. A well built, comfortable house in first rate condition. Nice 50-foot lot. Good barn.

$3300 For eight-room house with bath, furnace, gas and electric light on Second street, two blocks from Board of Trade building.

$12000 For a large tract of well located dock property—350 feet water front. We also have some good 50-foot dock lots at low prices or for lease on very easy terms.

$2100 For a handsome residence site on upper side of Second street, near Twenty-second avenue east, 100x140 feet.

A Couple of Snaps.
Two lots in Merchants Park, only $75
A lot on Twenty-fourth avenue east, 25x90, for $50

4½, 5 and 6 per cent money to loan. We have some good houses for rent. Also a good store on Michigan street, in central location.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

4½% ON OR BEFORE 4½%
and Building Loans.
Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.
5% W. M. Prindle & Co 5½%
1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg

Crosby's List:

$12,000 Well now, if you are looking for a fine home, this will buy it—it's on the upper side of First street in Endion—it has hot water heat, open plumbing—a beautiful place.

$8000 Will buy one of the best nine-room houses in Endion; finished in hardwood upstairs and down. It's strictly modern, large lot and good barn.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room modern house near 12th avenue east on Third street; $1000 cash, balance to suit. This house has hardwood floors, stone foundation, furnace heat—and it's new.

$4000 Will take a fine double corner on East First street; street and avenue paved, stone sidewalk. It's on First street. In addition to this we have many fine building sites in Endion.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106-7-8 Providence Bldg., Duluth.
Fire Insurance and Loans.

FLAT TO RENT.
The swellest eight-room Flat in the city. Hot and cold water, electric light, gas, telephone, separate laundry room, beautiful lake and harbor view. Price $52.00

House and Barn.
1018 East Third street, eight rooms, modern. Price $33.00

John A. Stephenson,
Providence Building.
Telephone 406.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
$2250 Takes thirteen-room house on Sixth avenue west, near Fourth street.
$950 Takes house and lot near Ninth avenue east.
$250 Takes corner lot on Seventeenth avenue east.
$250 Takes a lot near Ninth avenue east.
$1400 Takes seven room house near Eighteenth avenue east.
G. A. JOHNSON 515 Burrows Building.

NICE RESIDENCE and valuable corner, lot 70x100, in HEART OF CITY —229 Fifth avenue west $6000
Eight rooms and bath, stone foundation, furnace; $2500 cash, balance to suit.
E. D. FIELD CO.,
204 Exchange Bldg.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
Lots In all parts of these suburbs
Dead Cheap
Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR RENT.
Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.
Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x456 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5 Trust Building.

I have option on a tract of 3500 acres choice farming land in Douglas county, Wis, at $3 per acre if taken before May 1. This includes timber.

A. W. Hepworth,
212 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE!
Modern eight-room house in East End.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

FOR SALE.
Good 80-acre tract at Maple Ridge, near Bemidji, Minn., for sale. Black loam soil. Five acres cleared and buildings. Price $440
Large tract 32,000 acres north of Cass Lake—$3 per acre. Easy terms.
Surveyor General's Scrip for offered government lands. Give immediate title.

J. H. SHARP,
406 Palladio Building, Duluth.
Zenith Telephone No. 750.

HOUSES—LOTS—ACREAGE—FARMS

Many Opportunities For Those Who Would Buy, Sell, Exchange or Rent Any Kind of Real Estate Are Offered in The Herald Today

ACTIVE WEEK IN REALTY MARKET

(Continued from page 10.)

3, 4, 5, block —, West Park division 1
Francis Peabody, as guardian to William B. Layton, lots 9 to 14, block 6, lots 1, 2, 13, 14, block 5, Willard's addition 900
A. L. Crasswelder, assignee, to L. E. Markus, lots 117 and 119, block 61, Duluth proper, Third division, $500 order confirming sale of same and directing conveyance.
Clarendon D. Marble to William H. Burris, und 3-5 of ne¼ nw¼, section 19-58-12 10,000
Mary Ruh et mar to Amelia Maria Blair, lot 15, block 62, London addition 1,000
Charles A. Nelson et ux to John L. Troisdal, lot 335, block 125, Duluth proper, Second division 1,350
Carrie Ramer to J. Henry Gruber, lots 15 and 16, block 64, London addition 525
Hans Lakke et ux to John Benson et al, lot 6, block 111, Portland.. 500
Andrew Roberts et ux to Peter Sturgeon, nw¼ se¼, section 13-57-21 150
Harvey Johnson to Thomas Peterson, lot 11, block 12, West Park division 1,350
M. F. Skala et mar to Agnes Lezar, lot 6, block 3, Ely 200
John D. Ackerman et ux to C. H. Maginnis, lot 1 and se¼ nw¼, section 8; ne¼ sw¼, section 9; ne¼ ne¼, section 17; se¼ ne¼, section 29; ne¼ nw¼, section 21-67-18; lot 6, section 3-68-18; lot 2, section 3-68-17, and lot 5, section 1-68-19 500
Chisholm Improvement company to Andrew Parvinen, lot 29, block 8, and lot 13, block 15, Chisholm. 500
Leander Kero et ux to Walter Arjola, lot 3, block 22, Ely 850
Bridget Lynott et mar to J. J. Schlitz, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 76, Harrison's Brookdale division.. 200
Thomas Duggan to Emil Berglund, lot 3, block 5, Sharp's addition.. 75
George Mingus et al to N. W. Smart, lot 12, block 107, Portland. 1,550
Minnesota Loan and Trust company, as trustee, to Iver G. Aschim, lot 38, East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division.... 1,150
John H. Upham et ux to Eaton Heath: part of lot 27, block 118, Duluth proper, Third division.... 600
R. S. Munger et al to T. B. Casey, und 1-3 of lots 1 and 2, and 25 feet south of lot 1, block 5, Munger's sub-division 1
Charles A. Brttis et ux to L. M. Johnson, lots 321 and 323, block 15, Duluth proper, Second division.. 1,600
Soppel Johnson to Harvey Johnson, lots 11, 12, block 2, West Park division 1
Western Land association of Minnesota to First Norwegain Danish Evangelic Lutheran church, lot 335, block 125, Duluth proper, Second division 1

John Argill et ux to Charles Nelson, lot 35, block 25, Duluth proper, Second division 1
Armour Packing company to Franklin Lumber company, se¼ se¼, section 14-63-15 .....
Francis Peabody, guardian to H. M. Miller, w½ of lot 30, East First street, Duluth proper, First division 5,700
Albert Adams et ux to Leander Kero, lot 3, block 22, Ely..... 200
Mary J. Kenna et mar to Ellen Ryan, und ½ in e½, ne¼ of sw¼, section 29-50-15..... 500
St. George R. Fitzhugh to Fred E. Bardwell, lot 16, block 24, Harrison's division 250
Severin Sivertson to Timothy Vaughan, e½ of lot 357, block 123, Duluth Proper, Third division.... 1,000
A. B. Buell et mar to E. T. Nugent, lots 4, 10, section 6-53-16.... 499
Virginia Improvement Co. to Mary Mirit..... 200
H. P. Berger to G. A. Eaton, lot lot 5, section 20-70 18..... 525
N. L. Summerfield et ux to B. J. Summerfield, lot 313, block 54, Duluth Proper, Second division.. 1,600
Charles H. Maginnis et ux to Frank L. Buell, sw¼ sw¼ section 27-52-13 217
Florence A. Coffin to Dan Haley, w½ se¼, section 11-54-21, and se¼ ne¼ section 8-61-20..... 440
Frank L. Buell to F. A. Brewer, timber on sw¼ sw¼ section 25-52-13..... 250
James W. Sherman et ux to Duluth & Iron Range Railway Co., part of sw¼ ne¼ section 8-51-15.. 128
Frances E. Dayton to J. L. Washburn, lots 19 to 36, block 4; lots 17 to 32, block 5, and lots 13 to 24, block 6, London Park addition .. 1
Same parties, und ½ of port of lot 2, section 26-51-13..... 1
Maggie Lanigon et mar to R. M. Stevens, lot 4, block 28, Endion.. 850
Andrew Shaw to John Shoults, part lot 60, block 51, Duluth Proper, Third division 2,500
Sakrios Operg et ux to Alex Johnson, lots 1, 2, block 30, Virginia.. 1,375
L. A. Wentworth et mar to Lawrence Case, lots 37, 39, West Second street, Duluth Proper 13,000
Mesaba Improvement company to August Knuti, lot 9, block 10, Sparta 200
Robert A. Benson et ux to Nai Costanguoy, w½ lot 404, block 78, Duluth Proper, Second division 600
Robert A. Benson et ux to William W. Brooke, e½ sw¼ se¼, s½ se¼ nw¼ se¼ section 21-51-12..... 1,250
Same to Charles L. Grannis, lot 102, block 93, Duluth Proper, Second division 1,800
William H. Konkler et ux to H. K. Moore, lot 19, block 11, Virginia.. 700
H. K. Moore et mar to Hercules Powder company, same..... 800
Charles Chauncey et ux to Andrew Bergquist, lot 8, block 24, Endion 900

DOES IT PAY TO OWN A THOUSAND SHARES OF STOCK IN A MILLION DOLLAR COMPANY? YES.

Richard Ellis bought $100 worth of oil stock a little over a year ago, which he has since sold for $31,629. This is a sample of how people make money in oil stocks.

The best and safest investment in Colorado today is offered by the Colorado Coal and Oil company, which now offers a limited amount of its TREASURY STOCK, proceeds to be used for development purposes, at TEN CENTS PER SHARE. PAR VALUE ONE DOLLAR; FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

This company absolutely owns 1240 acres of land and controls by long time lease 960 additional acres within fourteen miles of Denver. Drilling now being vigorously prosecuted. Producers on all sides of us and we are SURE TO GET OIL. BUY NOW BEFORE THE PRICE ADVANCES.

References by permission: First National bank, Denver; Denver National bank, Western bank, Denver.

Hon. C. E. Stubbs, Pres. **W. H. Combs, Sec'y and Treas.**
EQUITABLE BUILDING, DENVER, COLO.

$14,000 For a brick row, East End; five dwellings, netting about 9 per cent.

$10,000 For a first class modern double house, ten rooms each; best location in East End.

$1750 No. 2422 West First street, seven-room house, barn; full 66-foot lot.

$1900 Seven-room house, city water; well located in Lakeside.

$350 For full 50-foot lots. Sixth street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west.

Farm lands in Minnesota and Dakota.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

Money Loaned
on improved city property at
Lowest Rates
with our invaluable
"On or Before"
privilege.
Building Loans a Specialty.
R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

HOUSE FOR RENT, FURNITURE FOR SALE.

Fine modern house in the East End, beautifully and newly furnished. The house is modern in every way and conveniently located. The furniture is new and rich and includes a number of Oriental rugs. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 1, Trust Building.

BARGAINS.

$1400.00 Will buy a 20-acre farm with the following: One small house, one frame barn, shingled, 24x30; one-horse barn, 16x24; one horse, two wagons, plow, harrow and farming tools; 15 acres cleared; 5 acres in wood; 11 acres in hay. This farm is only a short distance from Superior street, with good road.

W. F. LEGGETT, 513 Burrows Bldg.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

BARGAINS IN FARM LANDS, CARLTON county—160 acres with 5000 cords birch and maple, three miles from five brick yards, $8 per acre; 40 acres for truck farm, one mile from railroad, two miles from Wrenshall, $8 per acre; 80 acres partly cleared with house and barn, $950, part on time; 640 acres first-class land, with $1500 worth of timber, $6.50 per acre. Tracts of 40, 80, 120 or 160 acres good land, well watered and timbered, and in well settled neighborhood, $5 per acre, $1 per acre cash, balance on time; 120 acres partly cleared, good house, barn and root cellar, fine spring, $500, $250 cash, balance easy terms.
GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

The United State Installment Realty association of Minneapolis will buy or build you a home or farm of your own choosing on the following terms:
$1000 home.....$ 7.50 per month
$2000 home.....$15.00 per month
$4000 home.....$22.50 per month
This is not rent or interest, but a direct payment on the home. Call for further particulars. Duluth office, 101 Torrey building. Open evenings.
101 Torrey Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

BARGAINS BARGAINS

$750 Good house and lot on Eighth street, near Fourth avenue east.
$450 Good five-room house on graded street in center of West Duluth.
$1200 Splendid farm of 80 acres practically all under cultivation; house, barn, etc. Near Duluth. Good school adjoining farm.
$1650 Splendid house and lot at the West End. Look this up. A BARGAIN.
T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building

Best Bargain in Town.
$775 For eight-room house in good condition, 25-foot lot, good clean barn, coal and wood shed. On small payment down and easy monthly payments.
CALL 518 MANHATTAN BUILDING.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE!

East End.
$1200 Upper corner on London road and Nineteenth avenue, 50x150 feet in area.
$1600 Fifty-foot lot on upper side of Second street.
$2200 100x150 feet on upper side of Second street, near Twenty-first avenue east. Beautiful lots.

West End.
$1300 Nine-room house on Piedmont avenue. This is cheap.

Central.
$3500 Double dwelling within four and half blocks of Superior street and Third avenue west. Rents for $280.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Nine-room house in the West End; arranged for two families; house and lot can be bought for less than house cost to build. Price..... **$1300**

The best vacant corner lot on Third street, centrally located, can be bought below its market value.

Lot on upper side of Superior street, near Fifth Ave. E., for..... **$2000**
50-foot lot on South street, near Endion depot, for..... **$400**
Lot on Thirty-first avenue west and First street, for..... **$175**
50-foot lot on Fifth street near Twentieth avenue east, water and sewer in the street. Price..... **$450**

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

WHAT!

A good, full-sized lot in Endion for less than the street assessments? Yes. The lot is 50x150 feet in size. Street assessments, $385; price of lot, $300, with all assessments and taxes paid. If there is any value in real estate this is a bargain.

C. E. LOVETT. 703 Palladio Building.

GAMBLING DEBT.

Patrick Sheedy Begins Suit For Large Amount.

New York, April 19.—The sequel to a gambling game for high stakes played at Naples, Italy, in January, 1900, and participated in by several Americans, has just become known, when, through his attorneys, Patrick F. Sheedy, known as a professional gambler, filed papers for a suit to recover from C. Frederick Kohn, of Philadelphia, $28,000 on a promissory note made by Kohn in favor of Martin J. Walsh, and assigned by Walsh to Sheedy.

Sheedy in his complaint says that on Jan. 27, 1900, Kohn made, executed and delivered to Martin J. Walsh his promissory note for $28,000, payable in twelve months at Philadelphia. He says that before maturity he acquired this note from Walsh for valuable consideration, and that upon the note becoming due Kohn refused to pay it and that it is still unpaid. He therefore demands judgment for the full amount. Kohn's lawyers have filed an answer in which their client admits making the note, but says it was without legal consideration and is therefore illegal and void.

MAY LOSE JOBS.

Nineteen Gotham Police Captains May Be Removed.

New York, April 19.—George McAneny, secretary of the municipal civil service commission, sent to Police Commissioner Partridge a letter stating that the appointments of the nineteen sergeants to the rank of captain by the York-Sexton board shortly before it went out of office are invalid and must be revoked. Col. Partridge has transmitted a copy of the communication to Corporation Counsel Rives, with a letter asking his advice as to his powers to carry out the suggestions of the commission.

Among the captains affected are Foody, in whose precinct the excise revolt first took place, and Gannon, against whom charges have been made. The appointments were made on Dec. 27, 1900, and two days later the Civil Service Reform association sent a letter to the state civil service commission charging gross irregularity and violation of the civil service law and rules in the promotions, and asking for an investigation.

Mr. McAneny said he did not think, in the event of the removal of the nineteen captains, that the city could recover the difference in salary paid them since December, 1900. The present commission had unanimously decided against the promotions on March 7, 1902, but delay in transmitting a decision to the police commissioner was caused by a discussion of details.

EDITORS' CONGRESS

Will Be Held In St. Louis During the World's Fair.

Special Building Is to Be Provided For the Press.

It Will Be Built and Arranged For "Solid Comfort."

St. Louis, April 19.—There will be a world's congress of editors at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis.

Five hundred members of the National Editorial association, in session at Hot Springs, Ark., April 16, unanimously passed a resolution, introduced by R. M. White, corresponding secretary of the Missouri Press association, providing for the appointment of a special committee of seven members from the National Press association, to arrange with the exposition officers the details of the international congress of editors.

The resolution provides that Hon. Walter Williams, of Columbia, Mo., ex-president of the National Press association, who is now traveling in the old world as the representative of the World's fair, shall be a member of the committee. The president has named Mr. White as chairman of the special committee, and T. Sambo Jones, of the Baton Rouge, La., Advocate, as one of the other members. The other four members will be named later.

In contemplation of the action taken by the National Press association, Mr. White has had, during the past month, several conferences with President Francis and Secretary Stevens of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, and had every assurance of their hearty support and deep interest in the project. Through those conferences Mr. White learned from President Francis that it was the intention of the exposition company to provide a special building on the fair grounds, at no expense to the editors, to be devoted to the uses of the members of the press and their families. It is in this building that the world's congress of editors will meet and be entertained during the progress of the great international exposition. It is the purpose to have the building supplied with billiard and pool tables, a restaurant and reception rooms, cosy corners, with couches, where the tired and weary sight-seeing editor, his wife and daughter, can rest in a cool and quiet place. In fact, it will be built and arranged for what the Missouri editor would call "solid comfort."

PHYSICIAN SUES

Wealthy Girl For $425 For Professional Services.

New York, April 19.—Dr. R. H. Humphries is suing Miss Lena Kopper for $425 for professional services in restoring her mind to a normal condition, and Miss Kopper refuses to pay the amount demanded on the plea that she was not responsible when Dr. Humphries was engaged, and cannot therefore be held for the bill. Dr. Humphries says that Miss Kopper became insane while she was traveling in Italy, where she became so violent she had to be restrained. She was taken to an asylum and her aunt, Miss Jenkins, with whom she had been living, was notified. Miss Jenkins, the doctor says, wrote to him, and upon his advice brought Miss Kopper back to New York, where he took charge of the case.

Dr. Humphries says he rendered his bills regularly, but the family ignored them until he felt forced to sue for the amount.

Miss Kopper is one of several sisters, all wealthy and popular in society. The suit of Dr. Humphries gave the first intimation to the public that Miss Kopper had ever been mentally affected.

SUDDEN DEATH.

William J. O'Brien of St. Paul Found Dead.

St. Paul, April 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—William J. O'Brien was found dead at 5 o'clock this morning, at his home, St. Paul Park. Mr. O'Brien had not been well for some time, but his death was wholly unlooked for. Mr. Tibbets, who assisted Mr. O'Brien in his business went to his room at an early hour to see if he was awake and found his employer dead. He had apparently been dead for some hours.

Mr. O'Brien was well known and popular. He came to St. Paul Park thirteen years ago to pursue the vocation of barber, an occupation in which he had since continued. The deceased was 36 years old. Besides a wife, he is survived by two sisters and a brother at Hammond, Wis., and two brothers at West Superior, one of whom is Dr. H. J. O'Brien.

CUTTING ASTONISHED

That House Should Vote To Remove Differential.

New York, April 19.—W. Bayard Cutting, president of the American Beet Sugar company, expressed great astonishment when told of the action taken by the house of representatives on the Cuban reciprocity bill.

"I am taken completely by surprise," he said, "as no such radical step as the abolition of the sugar differential has been expected. It comes so suddenly that I hardly know what to think of its possible effect on the beet sugar industry."

BAYHA & CO.,

Lowest Price Housefurnishers in the city of Duluth.

Parlor Tables.

Biggest assortment in the city. The above table, solid oak—from—
75c to $35.00.

This Chiffonier for only.....$8.00

Iron, Brass Beds

100 different styles from $1.50 to $100—The above bed for..... **$1.50**

This solid oak dresser, well made, golden finish, bevel plate, and is usually sold for $15— our price is only..... **$10.50**

Your Credit Is Good

Our Terms Are Easy

Our Goods the Best

This beautiful solid oak Chiffonier, has 12x18 French bevel plate, 5 large drawers, well made and worth double what we ask for it. Price, **$8.50**

Come in and examine our line of Carpets and Rugs. The largest assortment in this city, and at prices that will astonish you. Special Sale on Lace Curtains this week also. Great big variety. Special low prices on everything. We are your money savers.

BAYHA & CO.

24-26 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

EARLY MARRIAGES.

A New York Magistrate Expresses His Views.

New York, April 19.—Magistrate Brann, sitting in the Essex Market police court gave his views on early marriages and also marriages in general. The occasion was the arraignment of "Tony" Marobita, 21 years, living at 401 Keep street, Brooklyn, who is desperately in love with his pretty 16-year-old first cousin, Josephine Marobita. Magistrate Brann called Josephine and asked her how old she was.

"Sixteen, sir," she said.

"Only 16 years old," said the magistrate in surprise. "Why, you don't want to be married for some years. If you are married at 16 you will have nothing to do but nurse babies and your life will be drudgery. Twenty-five is a seasonable age for marriage. At 30 a woman is not so particular whom she marries and at 45 she will marry any one."

In reply to a question, Marobita said he had no money.

"What do you expect to get married on, then?" asked the magistrate. "Wh on then?" asked the magitrate. "Why, it would take you two years to earn enough money to buy a hat like the one she wears. She doesn't want to marry a barber; she ought to marry a banker."

SIOUX CITY MUST PAY.

Loses Suit On Bonds Amounting to $150,000.

Sioux City, April 19.—J. H. Quick, special master in chancery in the United States circuit court has been found for O. A. Vickery and Farson, Leach & Co., of Chicago, in the suit on bonds brought by them against Sioux City. The decision means payment by the city of $150,000.

The bonds were issued on special assessment funds for public improvements between the years of 1886 and 1891. The city, after refunding nearly all, claimed they were illegally issued. Master Quick found the bondholders were entitled to the face value on the original bonds and for the collections in the funds for the refunding bonds.

TO MOVE HEADQUARTERS.

Kansas City, April 19.—Western league headquarters will be moved to Rock Island, and Mr. Sexton, the new president, is preparing to move the leagues office furniture, papers and other fixtures to that city. He says: Between the presidency of the Western and the "Three I" leagues I think I have enough to do. I am confident of success for the Western, because it is representative organized baseball.

LEPROSY

Is Increasing to an Alarming Extent In Nicaragua.

Managua, Nicaragua, March 19.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The Commerca, a daily newspaper published here, declared in a recent issue that leprosy had been developed to such an alarming extent among the people of Western Nicaragua, particularly in Leon and Chinendega, as to cause a prominent newspaper of Leon to warn parents against permitting their children to go on the streets of the towns for fear of unknowingly coming into contact with lepers, all of whom are licensed to go where they please and beg. About fifteen years ago it was estimated that the number of leperous persons in Nicaragua was about 200. At the present time their number beyond the secondary stage of the disease is placed at from 1500 to 2000.

TROUBLE

Between Brewers and Their Employes May Be Protracted.

Cincinnati, April 19.—The conferences today indicate that the protracted trouble between the brewers and employes of Cincinnati, Covington and Newport will not be adjusted until President Gompers or some one representing the executive council of the American Federation arrives next week to aid in carrying out the decision rendered at Washington last Thursday. While the question of jurisdiction was decided in favor of the engineers, they were ordered not to furnish steam for non-union men. The brewers say they must stand by their new men who were employed during the long lockout and they want them all taken into the union of the United Brewery Workers, so as to comply with the decision. This would prevent the reinstatement of all the 1200 men who have been out and it may cause delay in settling the lockout and boycott.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE AND APOSTLE ISLANDS.

Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursday's at 9:00 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur.

Steamer Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton and all intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt. Lyceum Bldg. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr., Lake Ave. and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ...Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:28	7:28	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:58	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 8:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks	* 6:45 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.	Montana, Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*8 55 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:55 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 9:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:00 a m
a 6:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily, b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Bld. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.
*8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. *7:25 p. m
Marquette & Copper Country.
*Daily. † Except Sunday

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Buildings May Be Lower, But Land Will Be Higher.

BARGAINS IN LOTS!

$600 Lot on London road, near Twenty-first avenue east—50x140 feet.

$1200 Lot on lower side Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east—50x100 feet.

$1700 Lot on lower side First street, west of Eighteenth avenue east—50x150 feet.

$1500 Lot on upper side Second street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenue east—50x140 feet.

$1350 Lot on southeast corner Fifteenth avenue east and Fourth street—50x140 feet. Easy terms.

$1200 Lot on Third street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth avenues east—50x150 feet.

$1500 Lot on Third street, west of Sixteenth avenue east—50x150 feet.

$1300 Northeast corner of Sixteenth avenue east and Fourth street—50x150 feet.

HOUSES.

$2300 Centrally located, eight-room house with bath.

$5800 Double house on East Third street. Bath and furnace. Rent $60.

$650 Lot on Helm street, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenue west—40x125 feet.

$1450 Lot on Third street, near Twenty-sixth avenue west, facing park—50x140 feet.

$1500 Corner Twenty-fourth avenue west and Fourth street—50x90 feet.

$1250 Lot between Twenty-second and Twenty-third avenue west, upper side First street—50x140 feet.

$7500 75 feet on West Superior street, fronting on Superior and Michigan streets.

WEST END SNAPS.

$1800 Eight-room house, Piedmont avenue west, north of Fourth street; water. Rent, $22. Will sell for $300 cash, balance $25 monthly. No interest.

$3000 Corner lot and two-story store building on West Superior street.

$4000 Lot and store building on West Superior street.

For Sale Exclusively By **W. M. Prindle & Co.**
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

For Rent Offices in Lyceum
Fire-proof Building, from $6.00 per month up.
LITTLE & NOLTE, Agents,
Under American Exchange Bank.

Bargains in Houses in the East End.
Call and See us—
Forgy & Jacoby,
Real Estate, Loans and Stocks.
200 Trust Building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$25.00 AND UPWARD INSURES, WEEKly dividend paying investment, on original and approved plan, bearing strictest investigation. Write for booklet. Roxdale Stock association, (Incorporated) St. Louis, Mo.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 322 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPERior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1202.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING; FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Hnakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

LARGEST SELECTION OF WALL paper; best and cheapest work; painting or papering. F. A. Thorwall, 620 East Sixth street, Zenith 'phone 1232.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!
No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg

WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

MILLINERY.

LADIES, THE BEST PLACE TO BUY hats is at Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st Ave. W. 'Phone 1068.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

OPTICIAN.

THOROUGH AND ACCURATE TESTS. Latest improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey Bldg.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 628 West Second street.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4359-3.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—IF HOPELESS, WORRIED OR discouraged, write us for our regulator: one treatment guaranteed to relieve abnormal case of suppression, any cause. Dr. Mead Rem. Co., 21 Quincy street, Chicago.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRADle to grave. What I tell you comes true. Send dime and birthdate. Professor J. Myers, Drawer 704, Chicago.

LADIES—USE OUR HARMLESS REMedy for delayed or suppressed period; it cannot fail; trial free. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Juven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. 17
This is $5 worth of medicine for one dollar.
Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

LADIES! $100 REWARD FOR ANY case that Dr. Hilbon's monthly regulator fails to relieve. A sure, safe and harmless remedy, absolutely guaranteed. Enough to last six months sent prepaid upon receipt of $1. Dr. Hilbon, P. O. Box 321, St. Paul.

ATTRACTIVE, CHILDLESS, OWNING valuable income-paying property, with $20,000 cash, desires husband's advice and companionship. Sincere, Room D, 404 Vine, Cincinnati, O.

AN ELDERLY GENTLEMAN WHO visits Duluth occasionally, wishes to meet a respectable and neat working girl. Please address A. N. 47, Evening Herald, Duluth, Minn.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.

IF YOU WANT RELIABLE WORK IN awning, tent or any kind of canvas work, go to Poirier & Nordstrom, 104 East Superior St. Telephone 735—New.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

We have for sale a three-story business block on West Superior street that will pay more than 10 per cent net on the entire investment, and in five years the lot alone will be worth more than the entire property now costs you.

$3000 Buys ten-room house; city water, sewer, bath, electric lights, stone foundation, cellar under whole house, two grates with fine mantels; large lot, in Endion.

PARK POINT.

3 COTTAGES Each has four bed rooms, large sitting room and kitchen has refrigerator, pump and sink; large porch. Will sell cheap if taken at once.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payn't	Monthly Payn't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

$850 Will buy fine six-room house, fine mantel and grate and finest double corner on Duluth Heights. One-third cash; balance to suit.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY, HOUSE AND lot, between Third avenue west and Tenth avenue east; must be cheap; state terms. Address J 15, Herald.

DRIVING HORSE; MUST BE SOUND and safe for a lady to drive. Address K, Herald.

WANTED — TO BUY, 2000 OR 2500 pound fire-proof safe at once. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WE WILL BUY GOOD DRAFT MARES that are in foal. Must be young and sound. The Jean Du-Luth company, 103 Herald building.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, April 21, 1902. Work, Third degree. William H. Holt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, April 28, 1902. Work, Third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting April 23, 1902. Work ——. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave April 22, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the First Tuesday evening, April 22. Refreshments. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W.E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street. Thursday, April 24, election of delegates to Grand Aerie.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. and S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K. 124 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—BAY MARE, 8 YEARS OLD, weight 1550; good single or double. 311 East First street.

FOR SALE — SMALL CAMP ON PARK Point, cheap. Address C 75, Herald.

FERNS HOUSES FULL OF PLANTS of all kinds. Special sale. Car fare both ways on every dollar purchase. Pansies, five dozen for $1.00. Lindsay's Greenhouses, Lester Park.

FOR SALE — WHAT HAVE YOU TO trade for a new piano of standard make. H 17, Herald.

DON'T PAY RENT WHEN $1300 BUYS house; $500 cash; another $800, $100 cash. Possession May 15. 627 Manhattan.

FOR SALE — A 4-ROOM HOUSE, TO be moved. Inquire 714 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNIture, including bedroom suit. Address 2418 West First street.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY STORE and four rooms overhead, 714 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—SIDEBOARD, RUG, BEDroom set, bath cabinet, little used. Cheap. 322 East Third street.

WILL SELL 550 ACRES OF DESIRAble lands in 51-17, 52-16, 52-19, 52 and 53-20, for $1000 cash. These lands contain over $1000 worth of cedar and tamarack timber, no reservations made whatever in the lands. Parties desiring to purchase these lands will call at 403 Palladio building for further details.

FOR SALE—OAK LUNCH COUNTER and table cheap. S. Selleck.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, COMplete, for sale cheap. 1201 West Third street, upstairs.

FOR SALE — $700 STOCK OF TAILORing cloth, trimmings, etc. A great bargain if taken at once. Also about $900 worth of men's furnishing goods and store fixtures; first-class location. This is a great opportunity for a person with a small capital. Address C 81, Herald.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, HOUSEHOLD furniture complete, of 9-room house. 9 West Second street.

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING; silver grey Dorkings exclusively; book orders in advance; $1.50 per 15. G. Hood Thompson, Glen Avon, Duluth.

FOR SALE—INDIAN BLOOD REMedy. Readings free. 411 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FINE STEEL RANGE, folding bed and square piano. Mrs. Wentworth, 211 West Second street.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—AN OAK BOOK CASE. Inquire 31 West Fifth.

$2500 WILL HANDLE ONE OF THE very best paying residence properties in the East End. Good location. Address Owner, Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE — THREE LOTS, 25 BY 140 feet, for sale cheap. Fine lots ready for building. Call at 329 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — STORE WITH SEVEN rooms above, on Main street in Eveleth; will sell or exchange for Duluth property. Address 614 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows just arrived. Will exchange for fat cattle. I. Levine, 521 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; 40 baths. 531 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND boiler, good as new, 5x14 feet. Inquire at Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., Twenty-ninth avenue west and Helm street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR load fresh milch cows. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOT OF LIGHT cedar row boats. Patterson boat house, Sixth avenue west, near depot.

PARK POINT—SOME CHOICE LOTS IN the camping district for sale cheap for the next few days. W. F. Leggett, 513 Burrows' building.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,00 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 26½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters. 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 244-5. New phone 418.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior St. Old Tel. 743-5.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works. 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL AS ASSISTANT IN pantry. Apply to steward, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL OR WOMAN to help with light housework; small family; good wages. 1410 Jefferson street.

WANTED — A GOOD SECOND GIRL at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1123 East First street.

WANTED—25 LADIES TO TRAVEL with Theatrical company; no experience needed. Also good piano player. Call between 7 and 9 p. m., 17 Second avenue east.

$9 TO $15 WEEKLY, NO CANVASSING; if now employed an hour or two evenings will add $5 to $6 to your weekly income. Enclose stamp. Work mailed on application. Twentieth Century Mfg. Co., Toledo, O.

LADIES COPY LETTERS AT HOME. $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Supply Co., Department 32, Chicago.

WANTED — CHAMBER GIRL, ONE not afraid of work; either white or colored; $5 per week; one living at home preferred. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED — COOKS, $25 AND $40 PER month; dining room girls, kitchen girls, girls for general housework. Mrs. P. H. Kiely, Employment office 225 East Superior street, Duluth.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, good wages. 1421 East Second street.

WANTED — A NURSE, 16 years. 117 West Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2321 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 609 East First street.

WANTED—NEAT DINING ROOM GIRL. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of children and assist with housework. 212 Eleventh avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in private boarding place. 313 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK; ALSO reliable nurse maid. Mrs. N. J. Upham, 1523 East Third street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT THE Colson house.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL FOR GENeral housework, or nurse girl, 616 East Sixth street.

GOOD WAGES PAID TO GOOD GIRL to help with housework. 2106 East Water street. Mrs. Sterling.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. 222 West Second street.

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED flannel washers. Lutes' laundry.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK. 526 WEST First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Totman, 1415 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, AN EXPERIenced nurse maid. Apply 1619 East First street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED HARDWOOD WORKERS!
Good wages to right men year round — none but good men need apply.
PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESmen, to call on all kinds of business houses, manufacturers, wholesale and retail stores and banks, to introduce and sell our magnificent advertising calendars, comprising over 200 different styles, all original, late, handsome patterns, nothing like them ever seen before. Customers want and buy at once on seeing them; really no competition; wonderful works of art. We pay largest commission. Those giving exclusive time to the work readily make $100 to $150 every week. We guarantee them to be the best side line for traveling men ever heard of. Write at once with references. All commissions paid promptly. Success assured. American Novelty company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED — TWO GOOD, STRONG boys for helpers. Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company.

WANTED—BAND SAWYER, APPLY Mitchell & McClure, West Duluth.

WANTED—MAN TO TAKE CHARGE of office here in Duluth. Address, with reference, at once, A. T. Morris, wholesaler, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED — HUSTLING SALESMAN for Minnesota by well-established wholesale house. High commission contract with $25 weekly advance, while traveling. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

TRAVELING SALESMAN OF ABILITY to open new accounts with best trade on very strong and new proposition. We take back unsold goods, but pay commission in full at once. Splendid opportunity to right man. Box 175, Cleveland, O.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn barber trade with us. Only short time required by our method, free clinic, expert instructions, etc. Special offer first fifteen days in May. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MAN TO travel in Minnesota for established manufacturing company. Distributing and special work, $936 per year to start, and all expenses. Address Distributer, 203 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED — BOY TO LEARN PRESSwork. North-Land Printery.

WANTED — MAN EXPERIENCED IN real estate and insurance business; good inducements offered to right party. Inquire 101 Torrey building.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS FURNIture salesman. Address Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn., P. O. Box M.

WANTED — TINSMITH, ONE WHO can clerk. Good wages and steady work to the right man. Use of intoxicants strictly prohibited. E. M. Osborn, Eveleth, Minn.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED—Continued.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND general office assistant; young man preferred. Address 106 West Michigan St.

WANTED — QUARRYMEN AND LAborers; wages $1.75. Kettle River Quarries company, Sandstone, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN BOOKKEEPer or stenographer. Apply to R. M. Newport, 302 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—SOME FIRST CLASS HARDwood finishers. Will pay 35 cents per hour to the right men. Armour Packing company.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers, 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINists and electricians. New 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers. Sent free. George A. Zeller, publisher, St. Louis, Mo.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to
W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

AGENTS WANTED.

$75 PER MONTH AND EXPENSES; NO experience needed; position permanent; self-seller. Pease Mfg. Co., Box 34, Cincinnati O.

WANTED — RIDER AGENTS TO RIDE and exhibit sample 1902 model bicycle and distribute 1000 catalogues in payment for it; write for catalogue and particulars. T. W. Mead Cycle Co., Chicago.

TALMAGE—AUTHENTIC LIFE OF the great preacher, author, lecturer. By far the largest, most complete and best illustrated book published. Sells on sight. Competition outstripped and outdone. The only book to sell. Profits unequalled; 100 per cent to agents. Write for free outfit and exclusive territory today. Freight paid. Credit given. Chicago Bible House, 56 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED — LIFE OF REV. T. DeWitt Talmage. Official memorial edition; large book, 50 per cent discount to agents. Outfit free. Address the Wholesale company, 385 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS— FOR THE BEST SELLER ever made. Used by families, dressmakers, tailors, hotels, laundries, the Perfection Self-Heating Flat Iron. Is absolutely safe. No dirt, no hot stove. Work done in half the time. Costs only 1 cent per day. Good commission. Exclusive territory. Write today. Western Agent, Self-Heating Flat Iron company, 431 First avenue, No., Minneapolis, Minn.

THE ONLY AUTHORIZED LIFE OF Talmage; introduction by his son, Rev. Frank DeWitt Talmage, D.D.; contains over 500 pages; magnificently illustrated; retail price, $2. Highest commission; freight paid; credit given. No capital required; experience unnecessary. Anyone can make $10 to $25 per day easily. Beware of All Other Talmage Books. The people want "The Only Authorized Life" and will have no other. Outfit free for 15 cents to cover postage. Order outfit today. Address, The John C. Winston Co., 718 Arch Street, Philadelphia, or 334 Dearborn street, Chicago.

MAN OR WOMAN IN EVERY CITY and county as general agent; life position, and exceedingly remunerative. Nancy Hanks Suspender and Belt Co., 17 Crosby street, Augusta, Me.

LIFE OF TALMAGE, BY HIS SON. Large. Fully illustrated. Low prices. Best terms. Freight paid. Credit given. Outfit free. P. W. Ziegler & Co., 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—500 AGENTS TO HANDLE a good seller. Can make $5 a day and half work. 394 Lake avenue south.

AGENTS WANTED—LIFE OF DE Witt Talmage. Largest, best authentic, official book; 500 pages, profusely illustrated. Retail, $1.50. Price to agents 50 cents. Outfit free. Now ready. Credit given. Profit $12 per day. Enormous demand. The Bible house, 21 Plymouth Place, Chicago.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED BY WOMAN, HOUSEcleaning by the day. Mrs. Golka, No. 7 North Sixty-sixth avenue west.

WANTED — SITUATION BY FIRSTclass woman cook; hotel or restaurant. 115 West Second street, third floor.

WANTED — WOMAN WOULD LIKE to go out working or scrubbing by the day. 521 West Fifth street.

WANTED — BY GOOD GIRL, PLACE to do housework. Address A 80, Herald.

GIRL WANTS TO DO HOUSEWORK IN small family. Address 118 Park avenue west.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER would like position. Can give good references. Address P 70, Herald.

WANTED — A SITUATION BY MAN and wife; man a good meat cook; woman good on pastry; also a first-class laundress. Address S 84, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS TIMEKEEPer, or could assist in office, by steady sober man of 36. S 82, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS MEAT COOK. Best of references. Address P 54, Herald.

EXPLORATION WORK ON IRON properties will be done by undersigned for share in property. Outfit now near Ely-mik. Address S 81, Herald.

WANTED—WORK FOR THREE GOOD teams. 1402 West Superior street.

WANTED — SITUATION BY A NO. 1 engineer; has had fifteen years' experience and is strictly temperate, holding first-class steamboat papers. Also Minnesota papers. Adress W 35, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art lettered glass. St. Germain Bros. 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ON PARK POINT, A good 6-room cottage for the summer. Address P 71, Herald.

FOR RENT—AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, hardwood floors, furnace heat, all conveniences, in Endion. Chas. P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, modern, electric light, furnace, bath, harwood finish down stairs. Call at 507 First avenue west.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be resodded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 405.

FOR RENT — PARK POINT, 5-ROOM cottage for season. Inquire Camp Dellwood, near Thirtieth street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN ROOMS, STEAM heat, furnished, hot and cold water, gas range, modern conveniences, centrally located. Will rent from May 1 until Sept. 1. S 83, Herald.

FOR RENT — SEVEN ROOM, FURnished house with large yard. $37 per month. Call 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — A 3-ROOM HOUSE WITH barn on Seventh street and Thirteenth avenue east. Call at 511 East Fourth street. Carl Hoval.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND FLATS IN Park Terrace; possession May 1. No. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 109 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, all conveniences. 110 First avenue west. Inquire 316 Lowell building.

FOR RENT — ONE OR TWO FRONT rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Board if desired. 1818 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 230 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 1125 West Michigan street, top floor.

FOR RENT—OFFICES SUITABLE FOR physicians and all purposes. Chas. P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for small family. No. 6, 1403 East Third street.

FOR RENT — ROOM AT 10 WEST First street; gentleman, with or without board. Apply at 15 Lake avenue north.

FOUR OR FIVE ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping, with or without range; modern improvements. For rent to family without children. 1201 West Third street, upstairs.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM FOR man and wife or two ladies. Light housekeeping allowed. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS IN MODERN house. Will allow light housekeeping. Inquire 508 West Third street.

UNFURNISHED ROOM, DOWN STAIRS. C 79, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished rooms all modern conveniences. Gentlemen preferred. 312 Third avenue east.

FO. RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 126 East First, with bath.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 909 WEST Fourth street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT WITH bath. 118 West Fourth, $22; no children. Sherwood, Torrey building.

FOR RENT — A STEAM-HEATED 8-room flat, centrally located. R. B. Knox & Co., 1 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS SEVEN rooms each, strictly first-class and modern; centrally located; possession May 1. Chas. P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE FIVE-ROOM FLAT, modern conveniences, on Fourth street. Chas. P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT

YOUNG GENTLEMEN DESIRES board and room; private family preferred; central. Address C 72, Herald.

WANTED — BY GENTLEMAN, FURnished room, front preferred; modern, between Seventeenth and Twenty-second avenue west. State price. Address A 81, Herald.

A SMALL HOUSE OR FLAT; NO CHILdren; possession wanted May 1. Address Professional, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR ONE OR two; board if desired. First class, private, centrally located. Address X 38, Herald.

WANTED — A FEW MORE STEADY boarders at 424 Lake avenue south. Canal hotel.

LOST.

LOST — MARTEN BOA, NEAR HIGH school. Return to 329 West Second street and receive reward.

LOST — BLACK FUR GALLOWAY robe. Return to H. R. Patterson, West Duluth and receive reward.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

WE HAVE ONE MORE WEEK TO quit. Temple Art Store, 211 East Superior street. Open evening till 10 o'clock.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinta, Jeweler, 204 West Superior St.